

**2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES**

2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

**2006 ENGINE****Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer****GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The 4G69 (2.4L) engine is an in-line four cylinder engine. The cylinder numbers are assigned as 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 from the front of the engine (timing belt side). This engine is fired in the order of the 1, 3, 4 and 2 cylinders.

**ITEM SPECIFICATION**

ITEM			SPECIFICATION
Type			In-line SOHC
Number of cylinders			4
Bore mm (in)			87 (3.43)
Stroke mm (in)			100.0 (3.94)
Total displacement cm <sup>3</sup> (cu in)			2,378 (145.1)
Compression ratio			9.5
Firing order			1 - 3 - 4 - 2
Counterbalance shaft			Equipped
Valve timing	Intake valve	Opens (BTDC)	6° < Low speed cam >
			20° < High speed cam >
		Closes (ABDC)	38° < Low speed cam >
			72° < High speed cam >
	Exhaust valve	Opens (BBDC)	60°
		Closes (ATDC)	16°
Lubrication system			Pressure feed, full-flow filtration
Oil pump type			Involute gear type

**ENGINE DIAGNOSIS****SYMPTOM AND POSSIBLE CAUSE CHART**

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Compression is too low	Blown cylinder head gasket	Replace the gasket
	Worn or damaged piston rings	Replace the rings
	Worn piston or cylinder	Repair or replace the piston and/or the cylinder block
	Worn or damaged valve seat	Repair or replace the valve and/or the seat ring
	Engine oil level is too low	Check the engine oil level
	Malfunction of engine oil pressure switch	Replace the engine oil pressure switch
	Clogged oil filter	Install a new filter

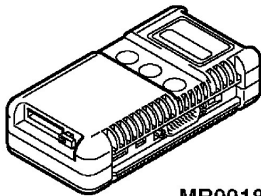
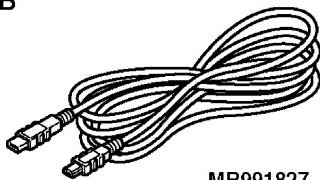
## 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

Drop in engine oil pressure	Worn oil pump gears or cover	Replace the gears and/or the cover
	Thin or diluted engine oil	Change the engine oil to correct viscosity
	Stuck (opened) oil relief valve	Repair the relief valve
	Excessive bearing clearance	Replace the bearings
Engine oil pressure too high	Stuck (closed) oil relief valve	Repair the relief valve
Noisy valves	Incorrect valve clearance	Adjust valve clearance
	Thin or diluted engine oil (low engine oil pressure)	Change the engine oil
	Worn or damaged valve stem or valve guide	Replace the valve and/or the guide
Connecting rod noise/main bearing noise	Insufficient oil supply	Check the engine oil level
	Low engine oil pressure	Refer to engine oil pressure drop symptoms above
	Thin or diluted engine oil	Change the engine oil
	Excessive bearing clearance	Replace the bearings

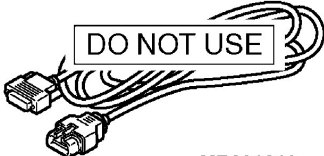
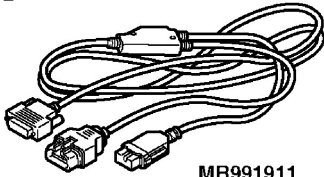
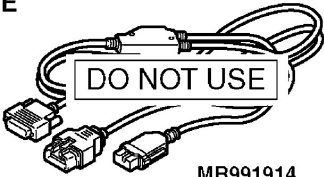
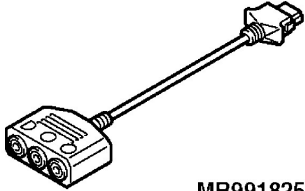
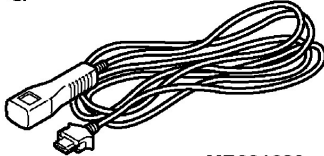
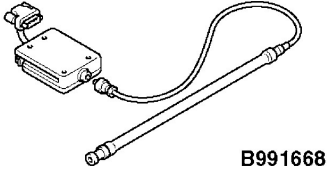
## SPECIAL TOOLS

### SPECIAL TOOLS

TOOL	TOOL NUMBER AND NAME	SUPERSESSION	APPLICATION
<b>A</b>  <b>MB991824</b>	MB991958 MUT-III sub assembly		
	A. MB991824  Vehicle communication interface (V.C.I.)		
	B. MB991827  MUT-III USB cable		
<b>B</b>  <b>MB991827</b>	C. MB991910  MUT-III main harness A (Vehicles with		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drive belt tension check</li> <li>• Ignition timing check</li> <li>• Curb idle speed</li> </ul>

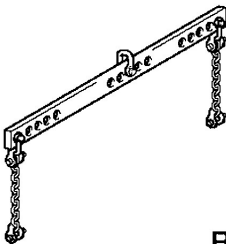
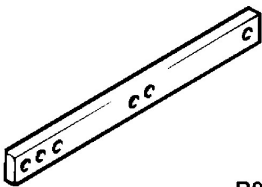
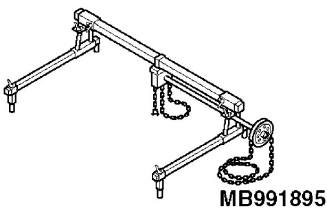
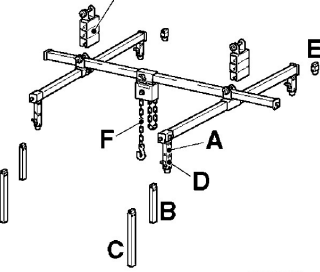
# 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

<p>C</p>  <p>MB991910</p> <p>C</p> <p>D</p>  <p>MB991911</p> <p>D</p> <p>E</p>  <p>MB991914</p> <p>E</p> <p>F</p>  <p>MB991825</p> <p>F</p> <p>G</p>  <p>MB991826 MB991958</p> <p>G</p>	<p>CAN communication system)</p> <p>D. MB991911</p> <p>MUT-III main harness B (Vehicles without CAN communication system)</p> <p>E. MB991914</p> <p>MUT-III main harness C (for Daimler Chrysler models only)</p> <p>F. MB991825</p> <p>MUT-III measurement adapter</p> <p>G. MB991826</p> <p>MUT-III trigger harness</p>	<p>MB991824-KIT</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> G: MB991826 MUT-III trigger harness is not necessary when pushing V.C.I. ENTER key.</p>	<p>check</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Idle mixture check</li> </ul> <p><b>CAUTION:</b> If you connect MUT-III main harness A to a vehicle without CAN communication system to use the MUT-III, a pulse signal may interfere with the simulated vehicle speed lines, thus causing the MUT-III inoperative. Therefore, use the MUT-III main harness B (MB991911) instead.</p>
 <p>B991668</p>	<p>MB991668</p> <p>Belt tension meter set</p>	<p>Tool not available</p>	<p>Drive belt tension check [used together with scan tool (MUT-III sub assembly)]</p>

# 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

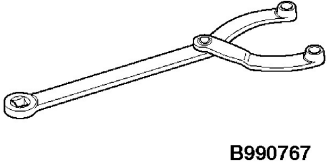
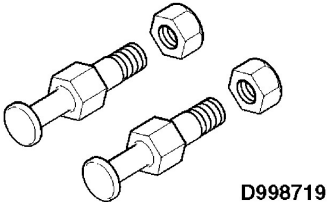
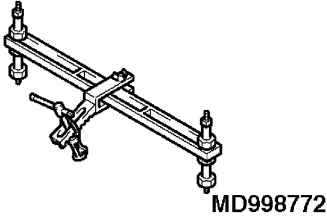
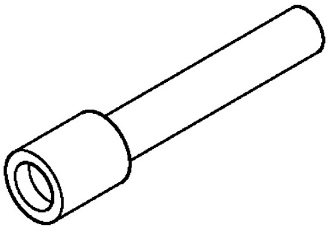
2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

TOOL	TOOL NUMBER AND NAME	SUPERSESSION	APPLICATION
 <p><b>B991454</b></p>	<p>MB991454 Engine hanger balancer</p>	<p>MZ203827-01</p>	
 <p><b>B991527</b></p>	<p>MB991527 Hanger</p>	<p>Tool not available</p>	
 <p><b>MB991895</b></p>	<p>MB991895 Engine hanger</p>	<p>Tool not available</p>	<p>When the engine hanger is used: Supporting the engine assembly during removal and installation of the transaxle assembly</p>
<p>SLIDE BRACKET</p> <p>SLIDE BRACKET (HI)</p>  <p><b>B991928</b></p> <p>(HI)</p>	<p>MB991928 Engine hanger</p> <p>A. MB991929 Joint (50) x 2</p> <p>B. MB991930 Joint (90) x 2</p> <p>C. MB991931 Joint (140) x 2</p> <p>D. MB991932 Foot (standard) x 4</p>	<p>Tool not available</p>	<p><b>NOTE:</b> Special tool <b>MB991454</b> is a part of engine hanger attachment set <b>MB991453</b>.</p>



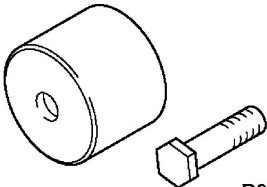
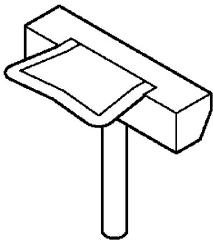
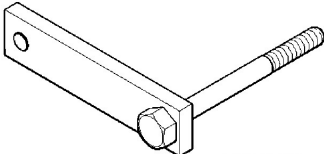
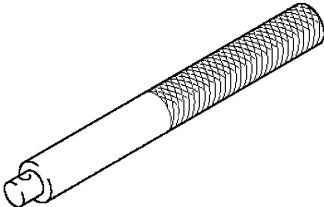
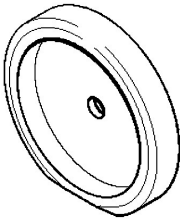
# 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

	<p>E. MB991933</p> <p>Foot (short) x 2</p> <p>F. MB991934</p> <p>Chain and hook assembly</p>		
 <p>B990767</p>	<p>MB990767</p> <p>Front hub and flange yoke holder</p>	MB990767-01	
 <p>D998719</p>	<p>MD998719</p> <p>Pin</p>	MIT308239	Holding the camshaft sprocket
 <p>MD998772</p>	<p>MD998772</p> <p>Valve spring compressor</p>	General service tool	Compressing valve spring
TOOL	TOOL NUMBER AND NAME	SUPERSESSION	APPLICATION
	<p>MB991999</p> <p>Valve stem seal installer</p>	-	Valve stem seal installation
	<p>MD998713</p> <p>Camshaft oil seal installer</p>	MD998713-01	Camshaft oil seal installation

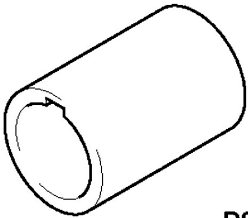
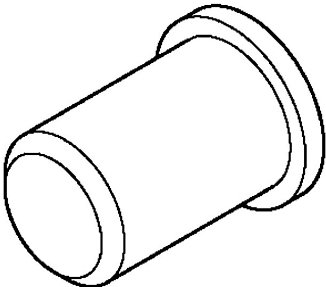
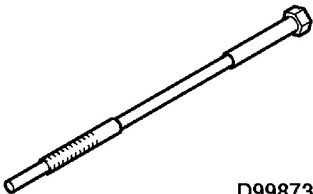
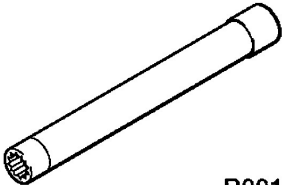
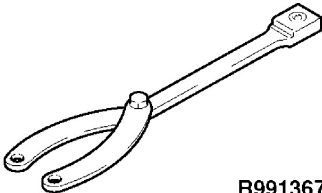
# 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

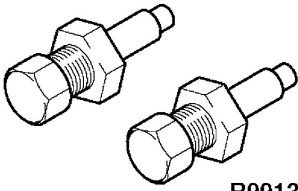
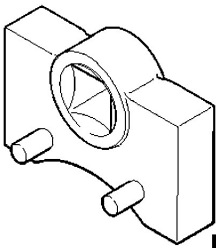
2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

 <p>D998713</p>			
 <p>D998727</p>	<p>MD998727 Oil pan FIPG cutter</p>	<p>MD998727-01</p>	<p>Oil pan removal</p>
 <p>D998781</p>	<p>MD998781 Flywheel stopper</p>	<p>General service tool</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supporting the flywheel assembly &lt; M/T &gt;</li> <li>Supporting the A/T drive plate &lt; A/T &gt;</li> </ul>
	<p>MB990938 Installer bar</p>	<p>MB990938-01</p>	
 <p>D998776</p>	<p>MD998776 Crankshaft rear oil seal installer</p>	<p>MD998776-01</p>	<p>Crankshaft rear oil seal installation</p>
	<p>MD998285 Crankshaft front oil seal guide</p>	<p>MD998285-01</p>	

# 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

 <p><b>D998285</b></p>			
	<p>MD998375 Crankshaft front oil seal installer</p>	<p>MD998375-01</p>	<p>Crankshaft front oil seal installation</p>
TOOL	TOOL NUMBER AND NAME	SUPERSESSION	APPLICATION
 <p><b>D998738</b></p>	<p>MD998738 Adjusting bolt</p>	<p>MD998738-01</p>	<p>Supporting the timing belt tensioner arm and timing belt tensioner adjuster</p>
 <p><b>B991654</b></p>	<p>MB991654 Cylinder head bolt wrench (12)</p>	<p>General service tool</p>	<p>Removal and installation of cylinder head bolt</p>
 <p><b>B991367</b></p>	<p>MB991367 Special spanner</p>	<p>MB991367-01</p>	<p>Holding the crankshaft camshaft drive sprocket</p>

 <p>B991385</p>	<p>MB991385 Pin</p>	<p>MIT217213</p>	
 <p>D998767</p>	<p>MD998767 Tensioner wrench</p>	<p>MD998752-01</p>	<p>Valve timing belt tension adjustment</p>

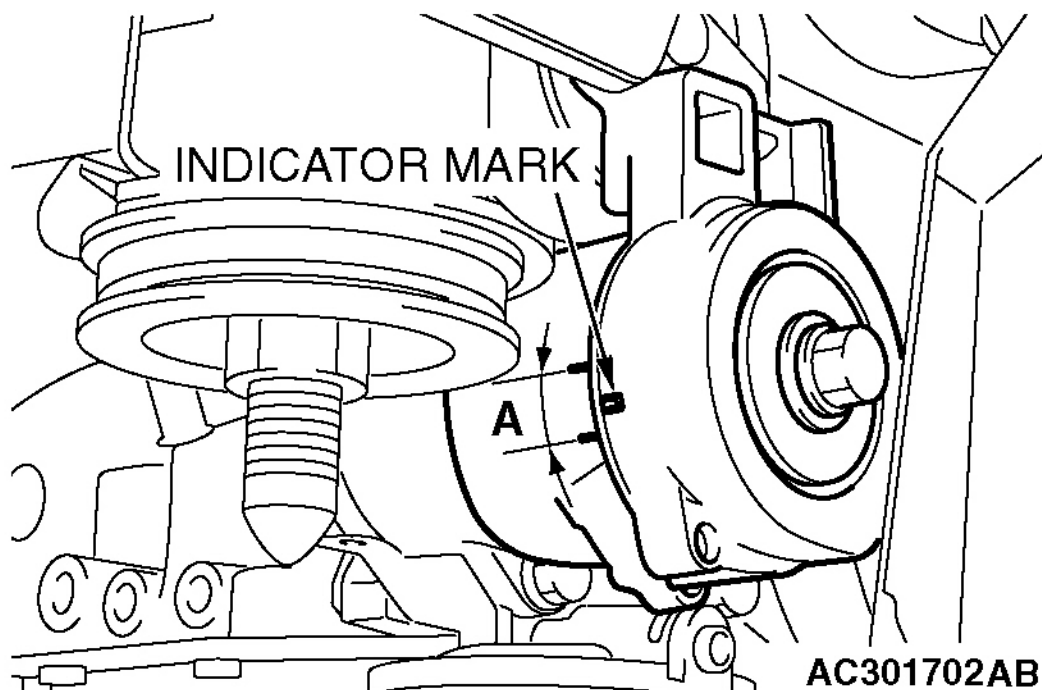
## ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

### DRIVE BELT TENSION CHECK

**CAUTION:** Check the drive belt tension after turning the crankshaft clockwise one turn or more.

1. Make sure that the indicator mark is within the area marked with A in the illustration.
2. If the mark is out of the area, replace the drive belt. (Refer to << A >> **DRIVE BELT REMOVAL** ).

**NOTE:** The drive belt tension adjustment is not necessary as auto-tensioner is adopted.



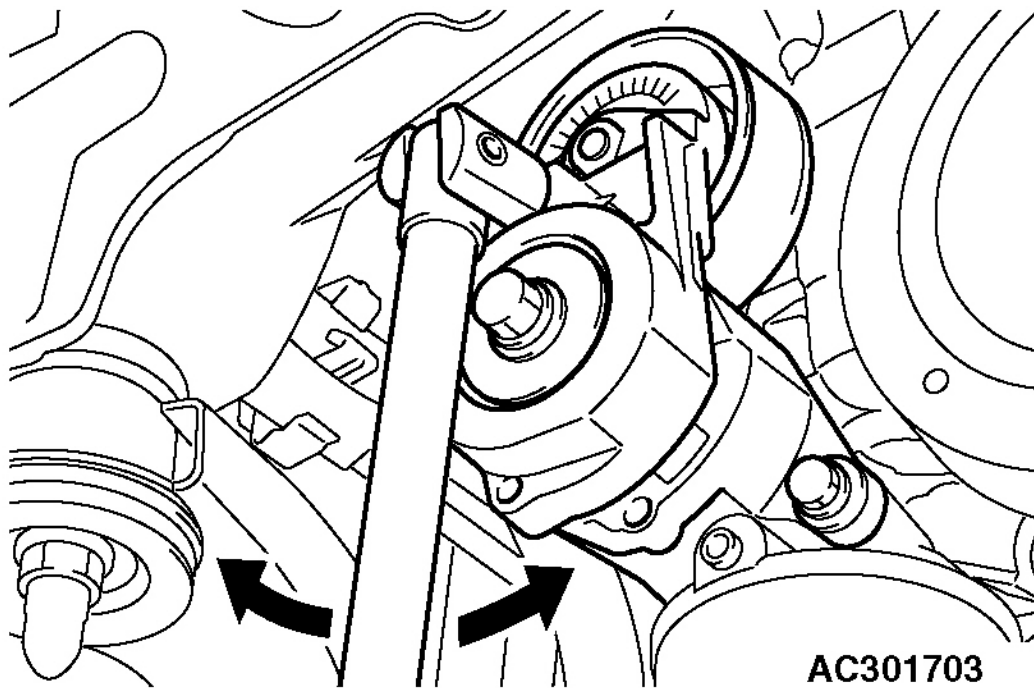
**Fig. 1: Identifying Indicator Mark**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

## AUTO-TENSIONER CHECK

### OPERATION CHECK

1. Turn OFF the engine from the idle state then check to see that the drive belt is not protruding from the pulley width of the auto-tensioner.
2. Remove the drive belt. (Refer to << A >> DRIVE BELT REMOVAL ).
3. Securely insert the spindle handle or ratchet handle with a 12.7 mm (1/2-inch) insertion angle into the jig hole of the auto tensioner. Turn the auto-tensioner to the left and right to check and see that there is no threading.
4. If there are any problems in the procedure 1 or 3, replace the auto-tensioner. (Refer to TIMING BELT).
5. Install the drive belt. (Refer to << A >> DRIVE BELT REMOVAL ).



**Fig. 2: Inserting Spindle Handle Or Ratchet Handle Into Jig Hole Of Auto Tensioner**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

#### FUNCTION CHECK

You can verify if the auto-tensioner is defective or not by checking the drive belt tension.

**When using scan tool MB991958**

#### Required Special Tools:

- MB991668: Belt Tension Meter Set
- MB991958: Scan Tool (MUT-III Sub Assembly)
  - MB991824: V.C.I.
  - MB991911: MUT-III Main Harness B

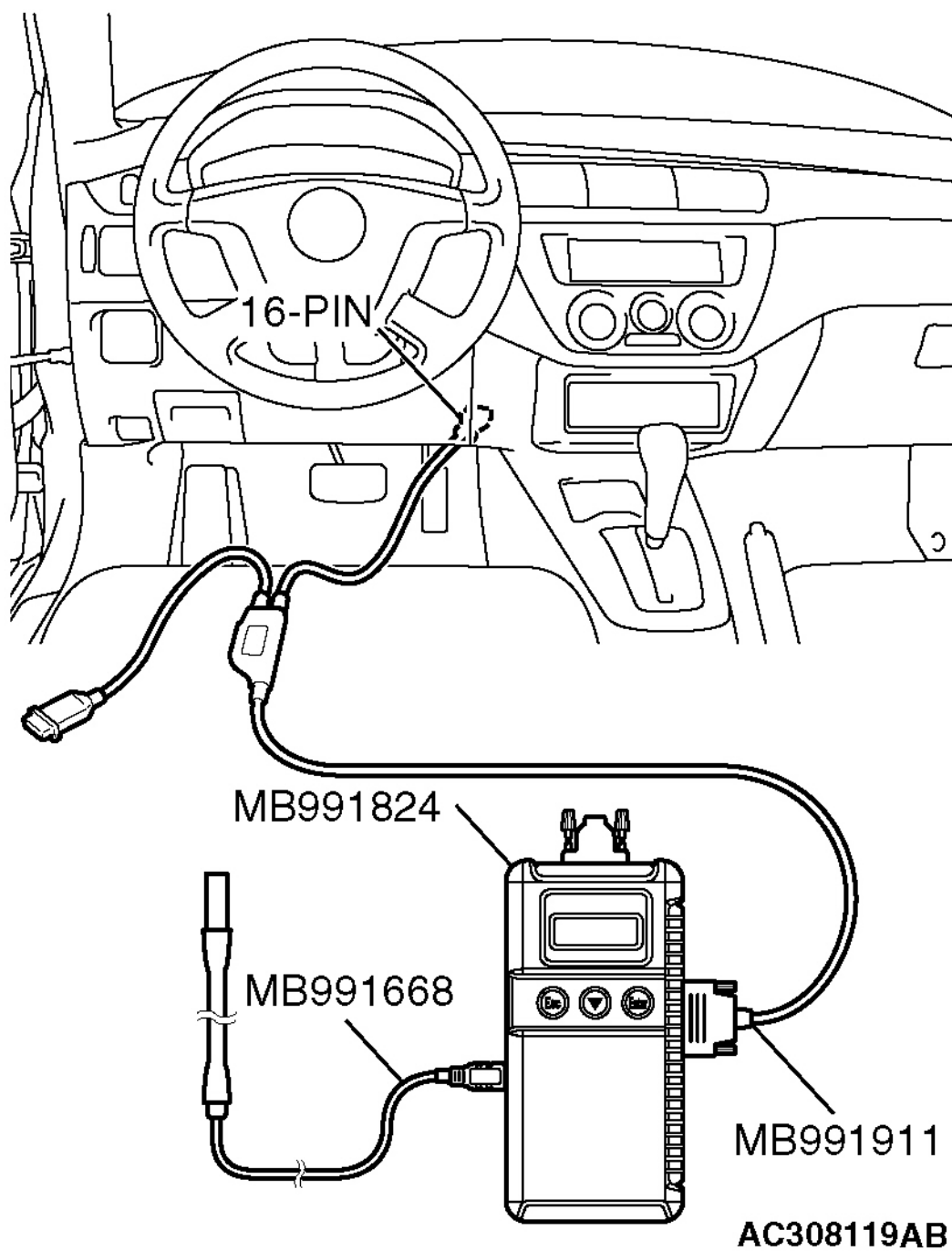
1. Check the drive belt tension. (Refer to **DRIVE BELT TENSION CHECK** ).
2. Measure the drive belt tension vibration frequency by the following procedures:

**CAUTION:** To prevent damage to scan tool MB991824, always turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" (OFF) position before connecting or disconnecting scan tool MB991824.

## 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

### 2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

1. Connect special tool MB991668 to scan tool MB991824.
2. Connect scan tool MB991911 to scan tool MB991824.
3. Connect scan tool MB991911 to the data link connector.
4. Turn the ignition switch to the "ON" position and select "Belt Tension" from the menu scan tool MB991824 screen.



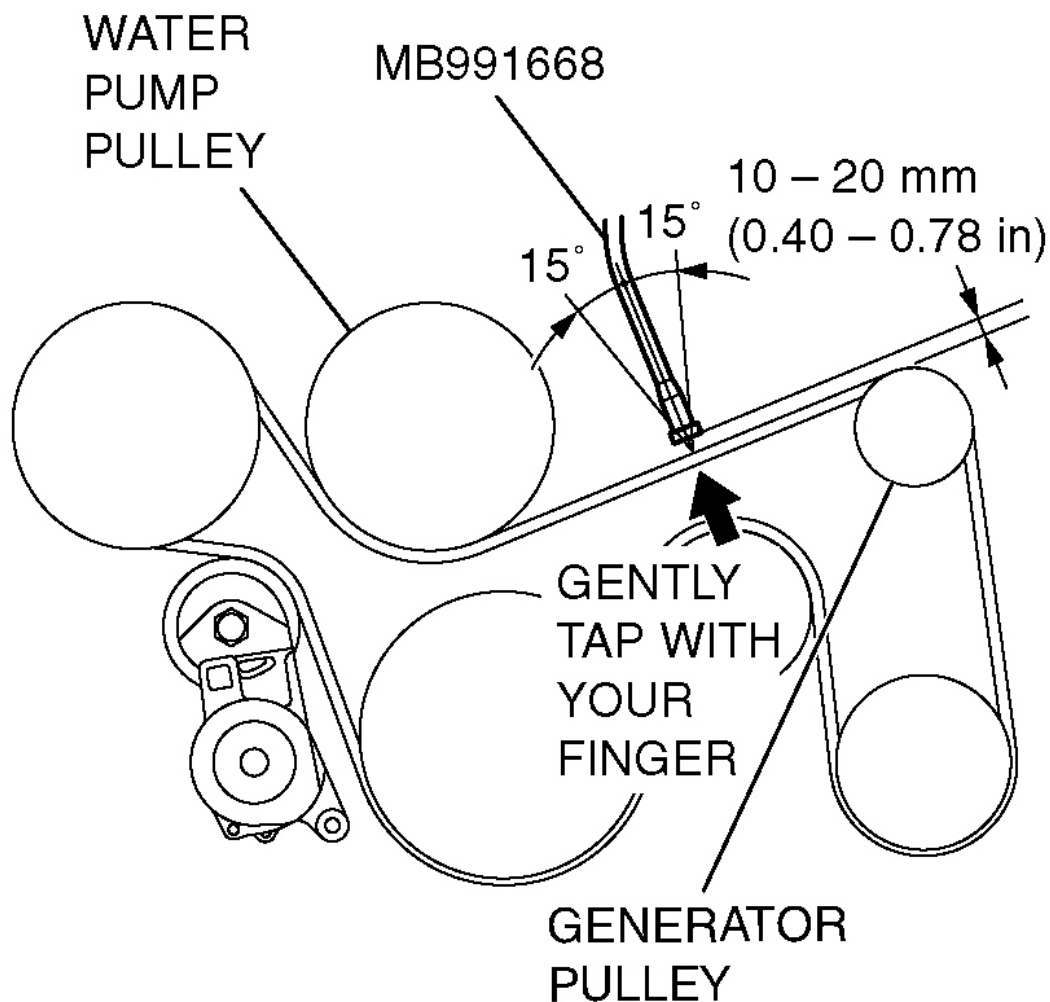
**Fig. 3: Connecting Scan Tool MB991958 To Data Link Connector**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**CAUTION:** • The temperature of the surface of the belt should be as



**close to normal temperature as possible.**

- **Do not allow any contaminants such as water or oil to get onto the microphone.**
  - **If strong gusts of wind blow against the microphone or if there are any loud sources of noise nearby, the values measured by the microphone may not correspond to actual values.**
  - **If the microphone is touching the belt while the measurement is being made, the values measured by the microphone may not correspond to actual values.**
  - **Do not take the measurement while the vehicle's engine is running.**
5. Hold special tool MB991668 to the middle of the drive belt between the pulleys (at the place indicated by arrow), approximately 10 - 20 mm (0.40 - 0.78 inch) away from the rear surface of the belt so that it is perpendicular to the belt (within an angle of +/- 15 degree).
  6. Gently tap the middle of the belt between the pulleys (the place indicated by the arrow) with your finger as shown in the illustration, and measure that the vibration frequency of the belt is within the standard value.



AC301266AB

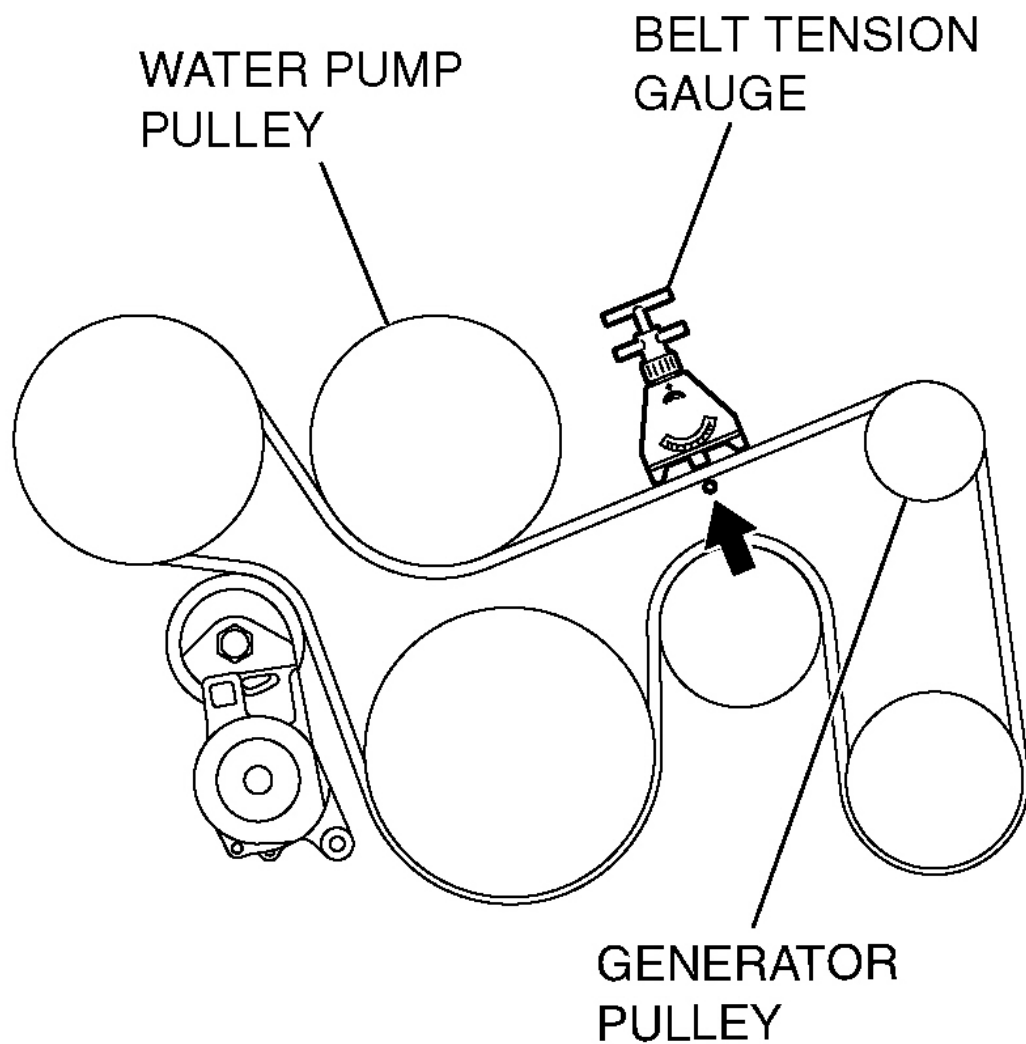
**Fig. 4: Holding Special Tool MB991668 To Middle Of Drive Belt**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

Standard value: 120 - 154 Hz

3. If not within the standard value, replace the auto-tensioner. (Refer to **TIMING BELT**).

**When using a tension gauge**

1. Check the drive belt tension. (Refer to **DRIVE BELT TENSION CHECK** ).
2. Use a belt tension gauge in the middle of the belt between the pulleys (at the place indicated by the arrow) to measure that the belt tension is within the standard value.



AC301267AB

**Fig. 5: Using Belt Tension Gauge In Middle Of Belt**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Standard value: 340 - 560 N (76 - 126 lb)**

3. If not within the standard value, replace the auto-tensioner. (Refer to **TIMING BELT**).

## **VALVE CLEARANCE CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT**

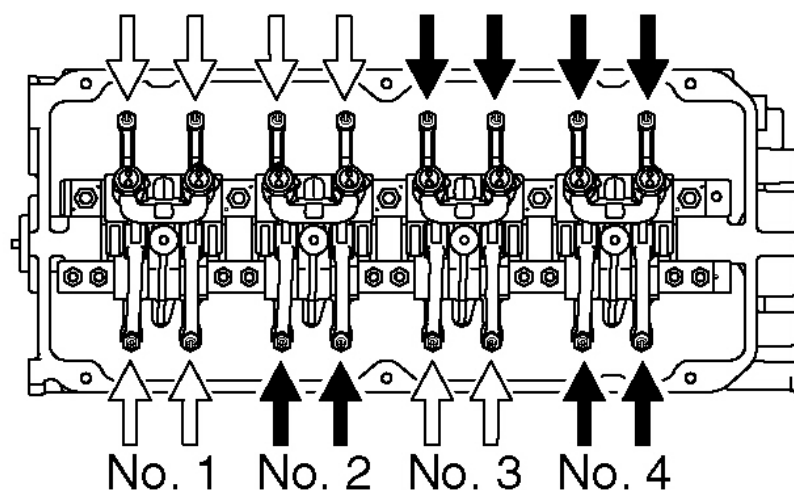
1. Before checks, check that the engine oil, starter and battery are normal. Also, set the vehicle in the following condition:
  - Engine coolant temperature: 80 - 95°C (176 - 203°F)
  - Lights and all accessories: OFF
  - Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)

**NOTE:**        **Vehicles for Canada, the headlight, taillight, etc. remain lit even when the lighting switch is in "OFF" position but this is no problem for checks and adjustment.**

2. Remove all of the ignition coils.
3. Remove the rocker cover.
4. Turn the crankshaft clockwise until the notch on the pulley is lined up with "T" mark on the timing indicator.
5. Move the rocker arms on the No.1 and No.4 cylinders up and down by hand to determine which cylinder has its piston at the top dead center on the compression stroke.

If both intake and exhaust valve rocker arms have a valve lash, the piston in the cylinder corresponding to these rocker arms is at the top dead center on the compression stroke.

## INTAKE VALVE SIDE



## EXHAUST VALVE SIDE

AK204362AD

**Fig. 6: Checking Valve Clearance**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

6. Valve clearance inspection and adjustment can be performed on rocker arms indicated by white arrow mark when the No.1 cylinder piston is at the top dead center on the compression stroke, and on rocker arms indicated by black arrow mark when the No.4 cylinder piston is at the top dead center on the compression stroke.
7. Measure the valve clearance.

If the valve clearance is not as specified, loosen the rocker arm lock nut and adjust the clearance using a thickness gauge while turning the adjusting screw.

**Standard value (hot engine):****Intake valve: 0.20 mm (0.008 inch)****Exhaust valve: 0.30 mm (0.012 inch)**

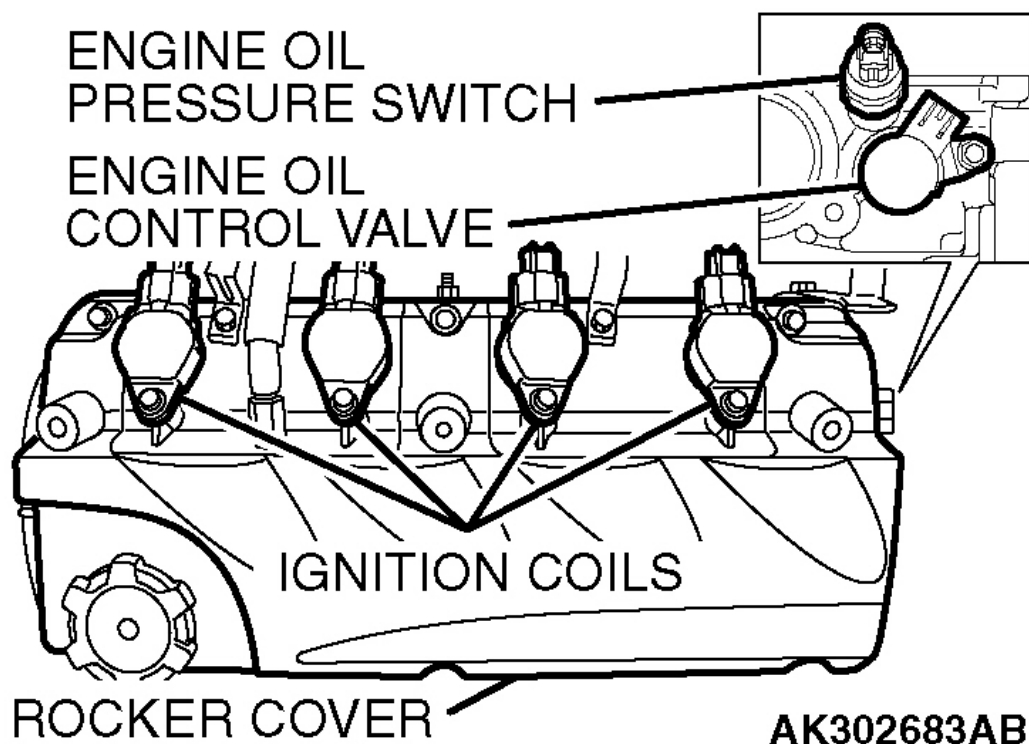
8. While holding the adjusting screw with a screwdriver to prevent it from turning, tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque: 9 +/- 1 N.m (80 +/- 9 in-lb)**

9. Turn the crankshaft through 360 degree angle to line up the notch on the crankshaft pulley with the "T" mark on the timing indicator.
10. Repeat steps (7) and (8) on other valves for clearance adjustment.
11. Install the rocker cover.
12. Install the ignition coils.

### ROCKER ARM PISTON OPERATION CHECK

1. Remove all of the ignition coils.
2. Remove the rocker cover.
3. Remove the engine oil control valve.
4. Remove the engine oil pressure switch.
5. Turn the crankshaft clockwise until the notch on the crankshaft pulley is lined up with "T" mark on the lower cover of timing belt.



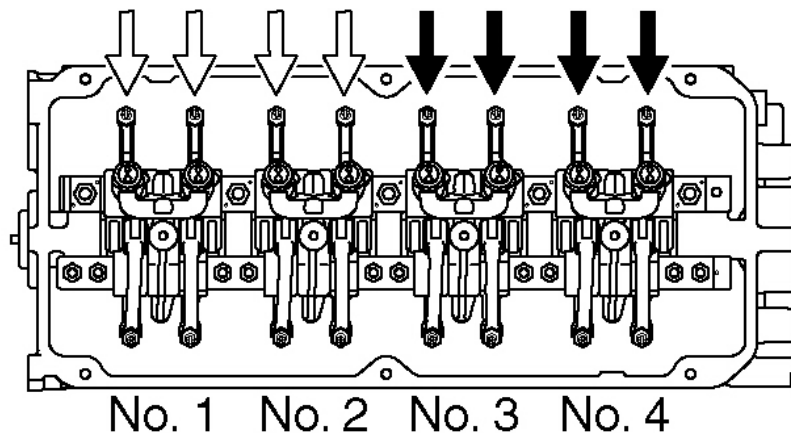
**Fig. 7: Removing Engine Oil Pressure Switch**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

6. Move the rocker arms on the No.1 and No.4 cylinders up and down by hand to determine which cylinder

has its piston at the top dead center on the compression stroke.

**NOTE:** The rocker arm piston operation check can be performed on rocker arms indicated by white arrow mark when the No. 1 cylinder piston is at the top dead center on the compression stroke, and on rocker arms indicated by black arrow mark when the No.4 cylinder piston is at the top dead center on the compression stroke.

## INTAKE VALVE SIDE



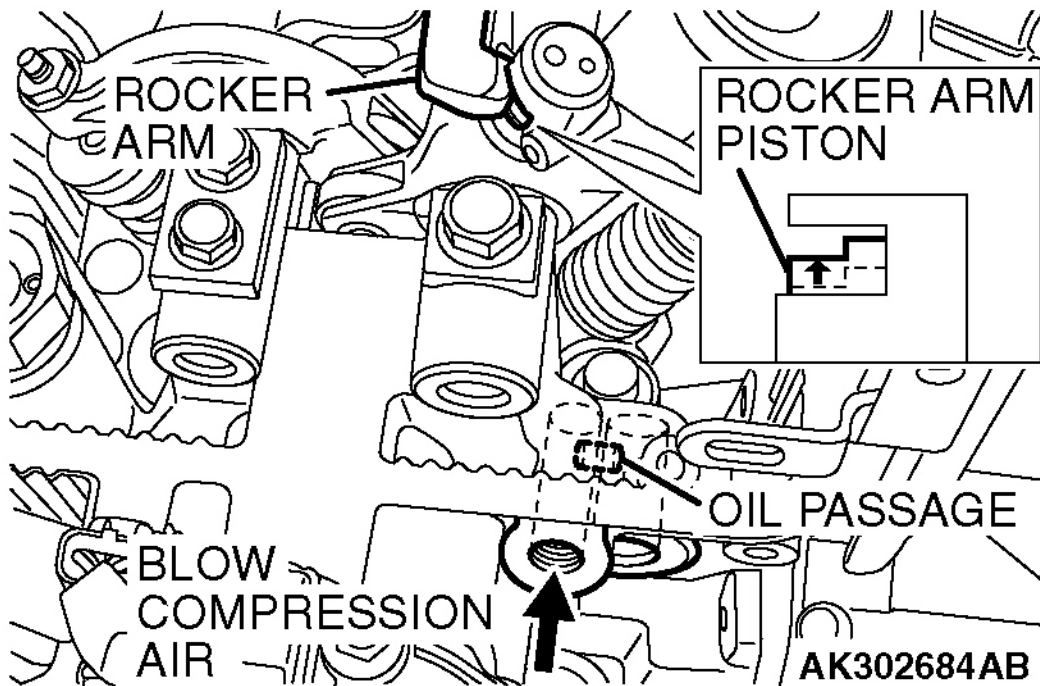
## EXHAUST VALVE SIDE

AK204362AH

**Fig. 8: Moving Rocker Arms On No.1 And No.4 Cylinders Up And Down**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

7. While shutting up the oil passage hole at the depth of the engine oil control valve's installation hole by finger not to leak air, blow compression air into the engine oil pressure switch's installation hole by air blowgun. At this time, confirm that the rocker arm piston can operate.





**Fig. 9: Identifying Rocker Arm Piston**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**NOTE:** To fully confirm the check, prevent the compression air from leaking as much as possible by installing the O-ring to the end of air blowgun.

8. Turn the crankshaft clockwise until the notch on the crankshaft pulley is lined up with "T" mark on the lower cover of timing belt.
9. Confirm the rest of the rocker arm pistons under the procedure 7.
10. When the rocker arm piston does not operate, replace the rocker arm assy.
11. Install the engine oil pressure switch and the engine oil control valve. (Refer to Camshaft and Valve Stem Seal - **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION** .)
12. Install the rocker cover.
13. Install all of the ignition coils.

## IGNITION TIMING CHECK

### Required Special Tool:

MB991958: Scan Tool (MUT-III Sub Assembly)

- MB991824: V.C.I.
- MB991827: MUT-III USB Cable
- MB991911: MUT-III Main Harness B

1. Before inspection, set the vehicle in the following condition:

- Engine coolant temperature: 80 - 95°C (176 - 203°F)
- Lights and all accessories: OFF
- Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)

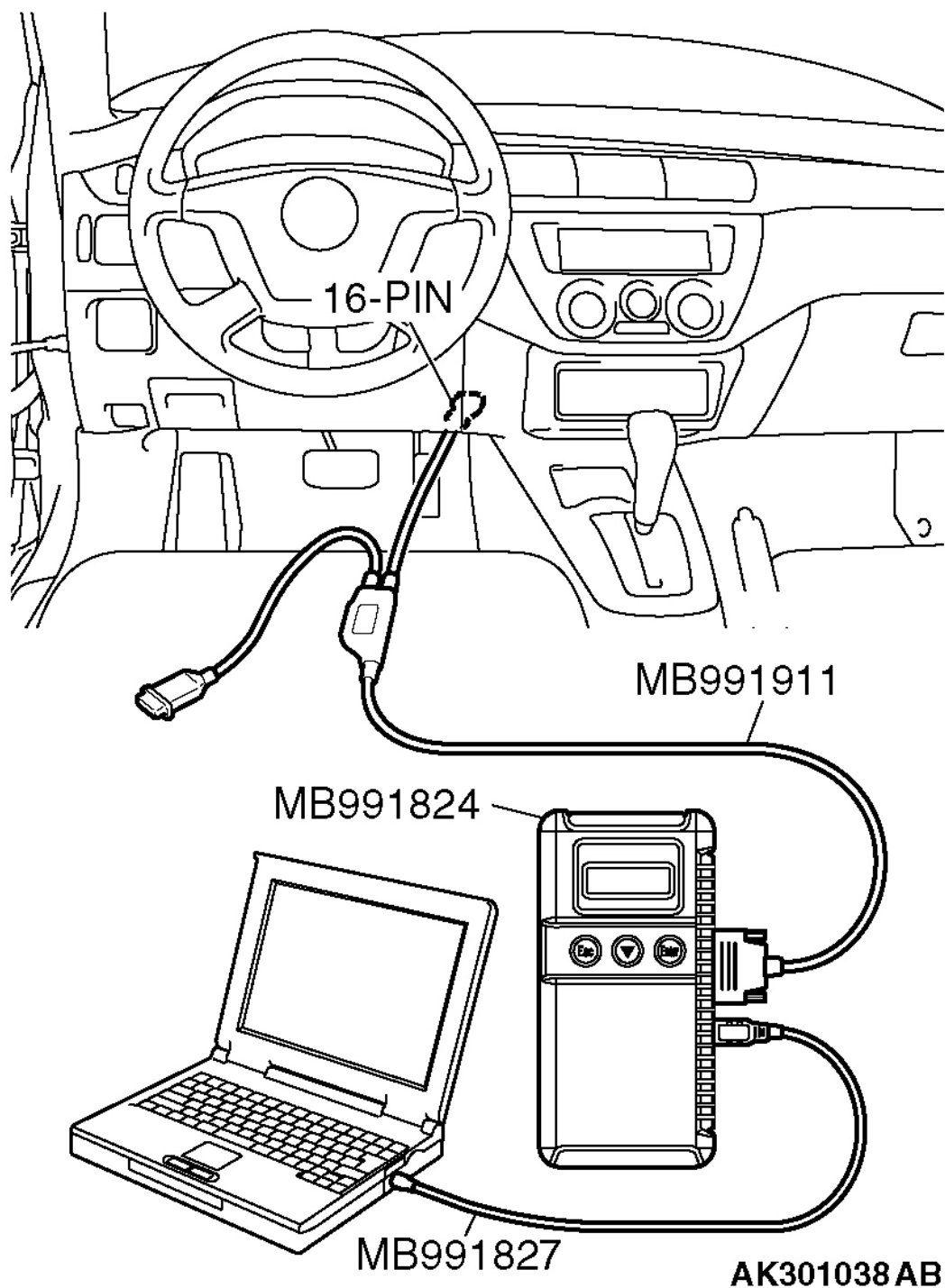
**NOTE:** Vehicles for Canada, the headlight, taillight, etc. remain lit even when the lighting switch is in "OFF" position but this is no problem for checks.

**CAUTION:** To prevent damage to scan tool MB991958, always turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" (OFF) position before connecting or disconnecting scan tool MB991958.

2. Connect scan tool MB991958 to the data link connector.
3. Set the timing light to the power supply line (terminal No.1) of the ignition coil No.1.

**NOTE:** The power supply line is looped and also longer than the other ones.

4. Start the engine and run it at idle.
5. Check that the idle speed is approximately 750 r/min.
6. Select scan tool MB991958 actuator test "item number 17".
7. Check that basic ignition timing is within the standard value.



**Fig. 10: Connecting Scan Tool To Data Link Connector**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Standard value: 5° BTDC +/- 3°**

8. If the basic ignition timing is not within the standard value, check the following items:

- Diagnostic output
- Timing belt cover and crankshaft position sensor installation conditions
- Crankshaft sensing blade condition

**CAUTION: If the actuator test is not canceled, the forced drive will continue for 27 minutes. Driving in this state could lead to engine failure.**

9. Press the clear key on scan tool MB991958 (select forced drive stop mode), and cancel the actuator test.

10. Check that the actual ignition timing is at the standard value.

**Standard value: Approximately 10° BTDC**

**NOTE: Ignition timing fluctuates about +/- 7° Before Top Dead Center, even under normal operating condition.**

**NOTE: It is automatically further advanced by about 5° to 10° Before Top Dead Center at higher altitudes.**

## **IDLE MIXTURE CHECK**

### **Required Special Tool:**

MB991958: Scan Tool (MUT-III Sub Assembly)

- MB991824: V.C.I.
- MB991827: MUT-III USB Cable
- MB991911: MUT-III Main Harness B

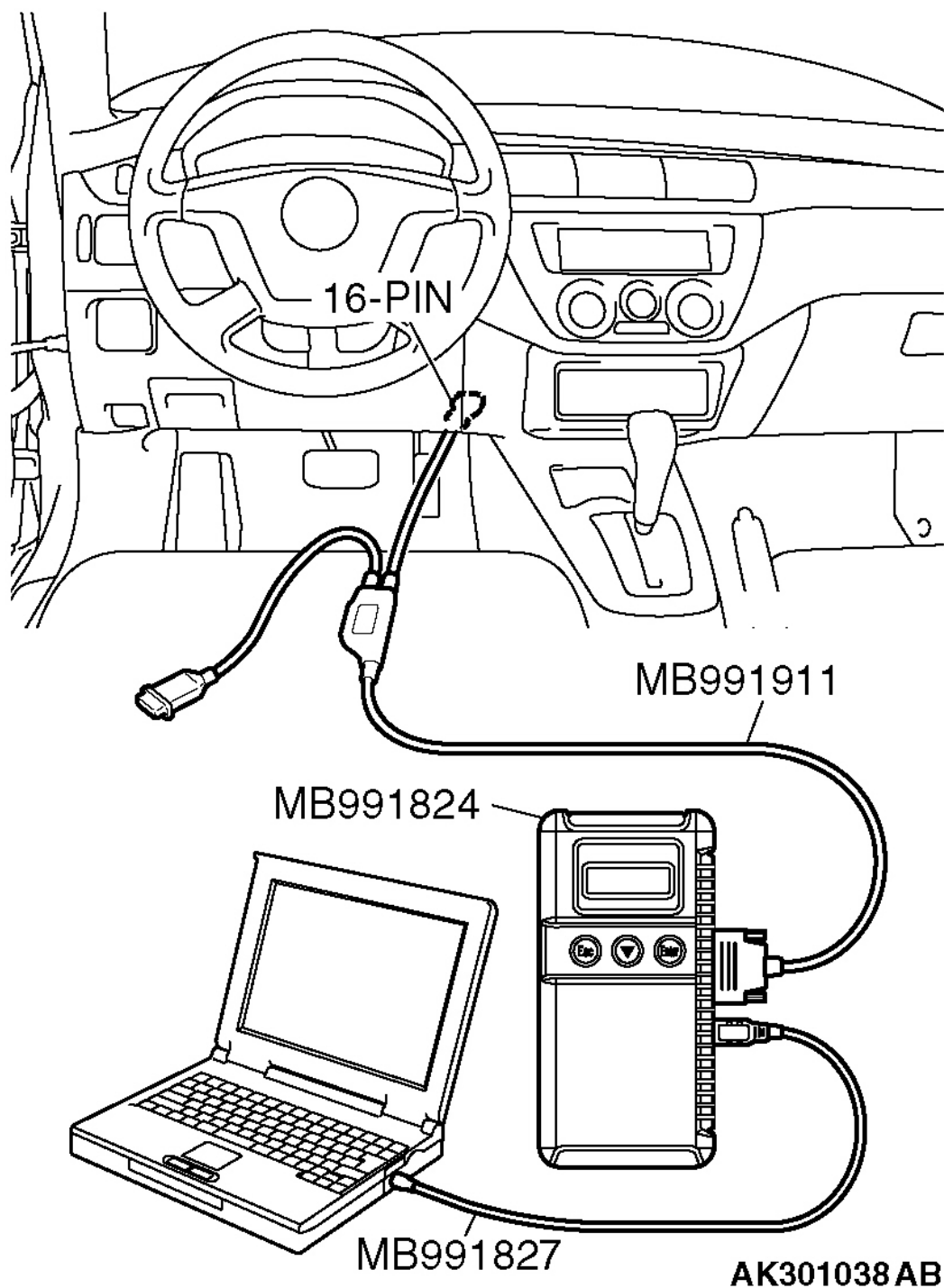
1. Before inspection, set the vehicle in the following condition:

- Engine coolant temperature: 80 - 95°C (176 - 203°F)
- Lights and all accessories: OFF
- Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)

**NOTE: Vehicles for Canada, the headlight, taillight, etc. remain lit even when the lighting switch is in "OFF" position but this is no problem for checks.**

**CAUTION: To prevent damage to scan tool MB991958, always turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" (OFF) position before connecting or disconnecting scan tool MB991958.**

2. Connect scan tool MB991958 to the data link connector.
3. Check that the basic ignition timing is within the standard value.



**Fig. 11: Connecting Scan Tool To Data Link Connector**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Standard value: 5° BTDC +/- 3°**

4. Start the engine and increase the engine speed to 2,500 r/min for 2 minutes.
5. Set the CO, HC tester.
6. Check the CO contents and the HC contents at idle.

**Standard value:**

**CO contents: 0.5 % or less**

**HC contents: 100 ppm or less**

7. If the CO and HC contents do not remain inside the standard value, check the following items:

**NOTE:**        **Replace the catalytic converter when the CO and HC contents do not remain inside the standard value, even though the result of the inspection is normal for all items.**

- Diagnostic output
- Closed-loop control (When the closed-loop control is carried out normally, the output signal of the heated oxygen sensor changes between 0 - 400 mV and 600 - 1,000 mV at idle.)
- Fuel pressures
- Injector
- Ignition coil, spark plug
- EGR system
- Evaporative emission system
- Compression pressure

## **CURB IDLE SPEED CHECK**

### **Required Special Tool:**

MB991958: Scan Tool (MUT-III Sub Assembly)

- MB991824: V.C.I.
- MB991827: MUT-III USB Cable
- MB991911: MUT-III Main Harness B

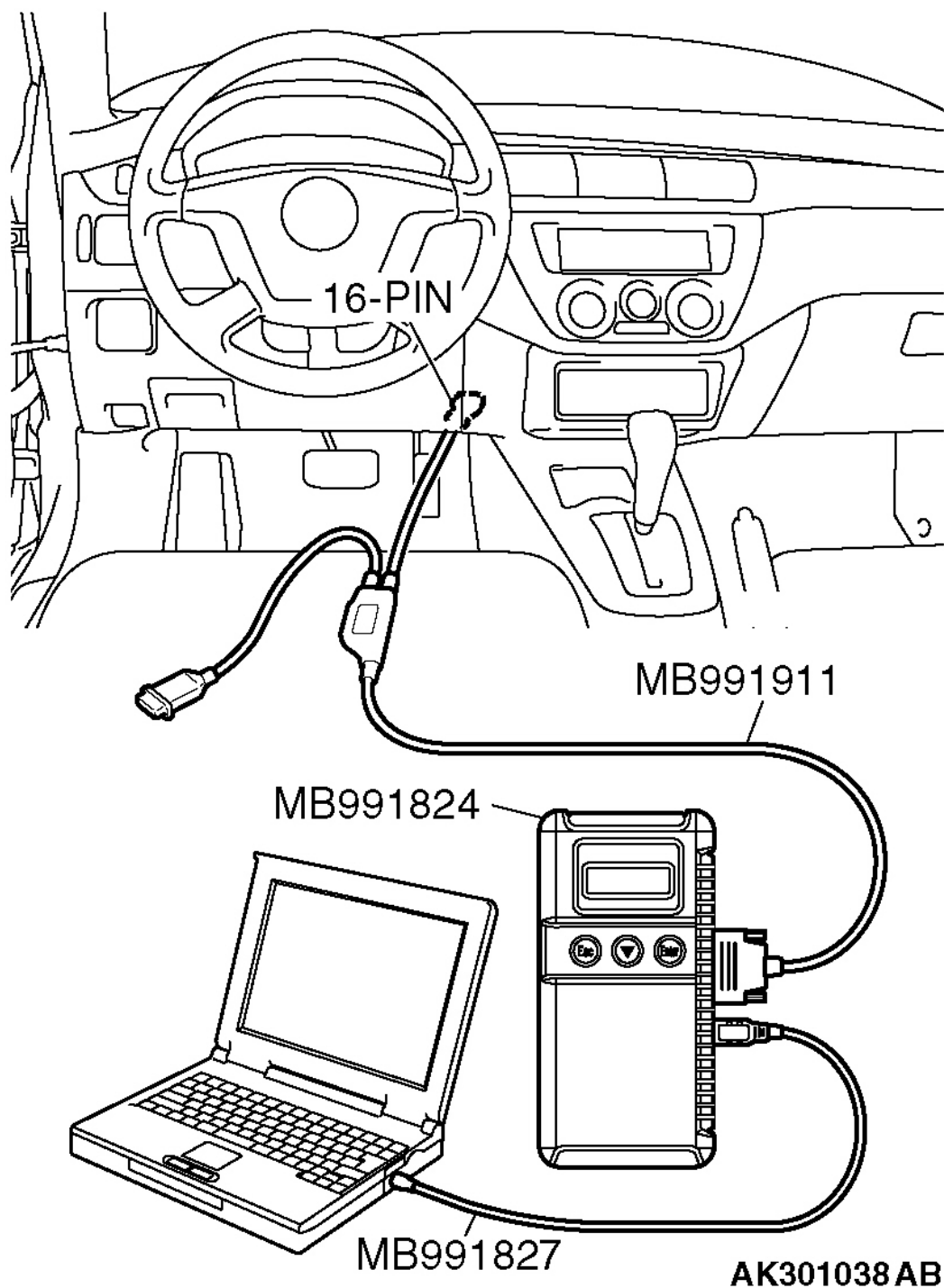
1. Before inspection, set the vehicle in the following condition.
  - Engine coolant temperature: 80 - 95°C (176 - 203°F)
  - Lights and all accessories: OFF
  - Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)

**NOTE:** Vehicles for Canada, the headlight, taillight, etc. remain lit even when the lighting switch is in "OFF" position but this is no problem for checks.

**CAUTION:** To prevent damage to scan tool MB991958, always turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" (OFF) position before connecting or disconnecting scan tool MB991958.

2. Connect scan tool MB991958 to the data link connector.
3. Check the basic ignition timing.





**Fig. 12: Connecting Scan Tool To Data Link Connector**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Standard value: 5° BTDC +/- 3°**

4. Start the engine.
5. Run the engine at idle for 2 minutes.
6. Check the idle speed. Select item number 22 and take a reading of the idle speed.

**Curb idle speed: 750 +/- 100 r/min**

**NOTE:**        **The idle speed is controlled automatically by the idle air control system.**

7. If the idle speed is outside the standard value, refer to **SYMPTOM CHART** .

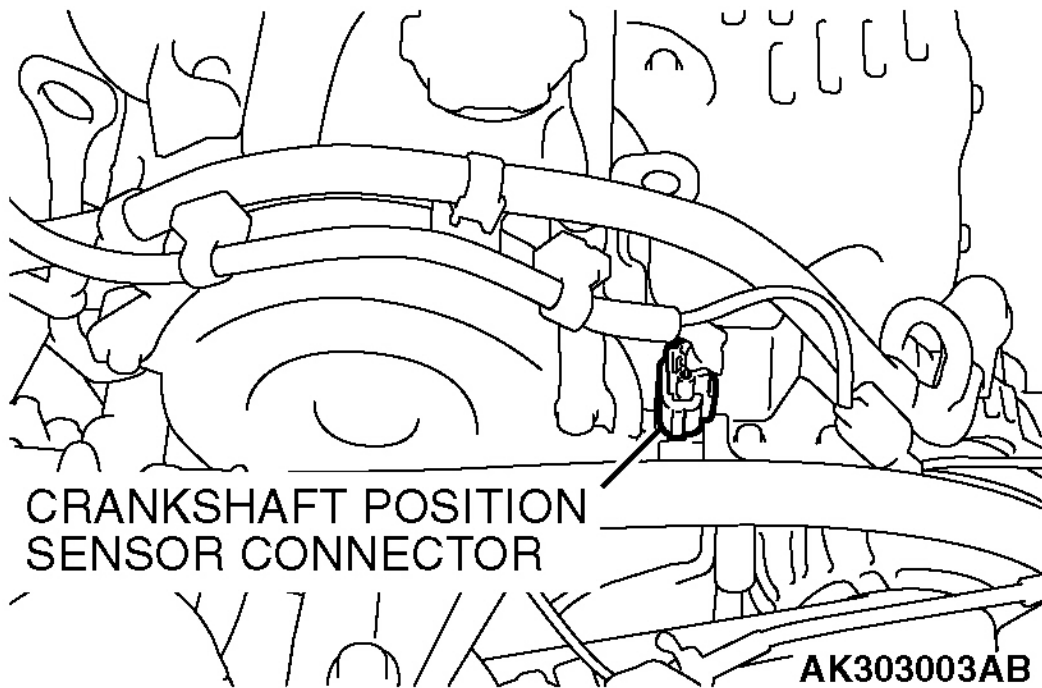
## **COMPRESSION PRESSURE CHECK**

### **Required Special Tool:**

- MB991958: Scan Tool (MUT-III Sub Assembly)
    - MB991824: V. C. I.
    - MB991827: MUT-III USB Cable
    - MB991911: MUT-III Main Harness B
1. Before inspection, check that the engine oil, starter and battery are normal. Also, set the vehicle in the following condition:
    - Engine coolant temperature: 80 - 95°C (176 - 203°F)
    - Lights and all accessories: OFF
    - Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)

**NOTE:**        **Vehicles for Canada, the headlight, taillight, etc. remain lit even when the lighting switch is in "OFF" position but this is no problem for checks.**

2. Remove all of the ignition coils and spark plugs.
3. Disconnect the crankshaft position sensor connector.

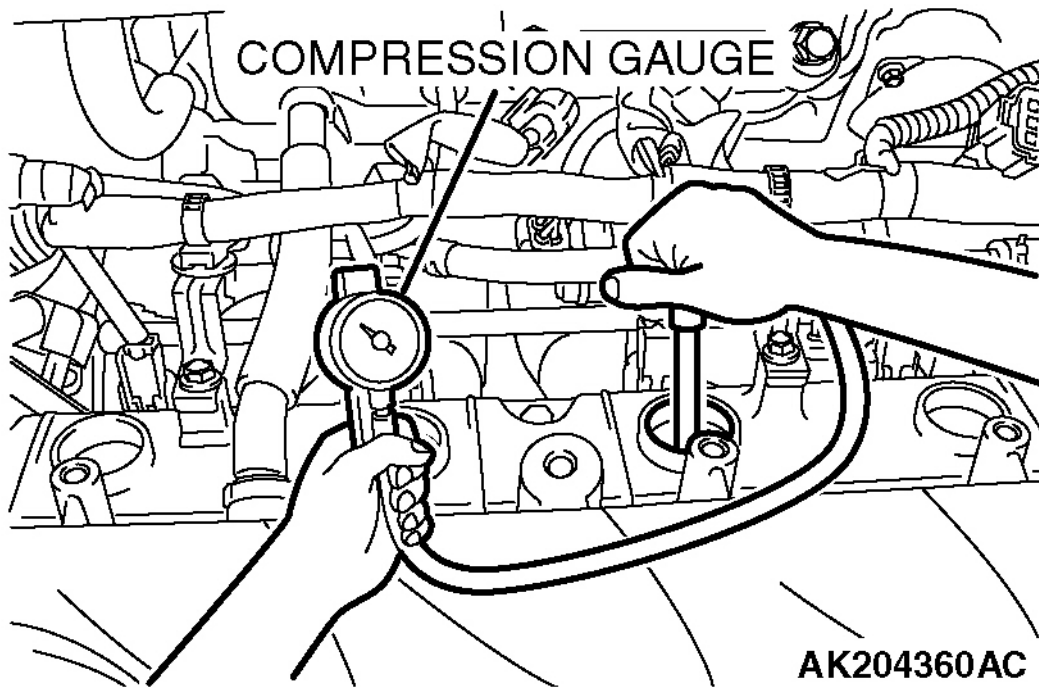


**Fig. 13: Disconnecting Crankshaft Position Sensor Connector**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**NOTE:** Doing this will prevent the engine control module from carrying out ignition and fuel injection.

**WARNING:** Keep your distance from the sparkplug hole when cranking. Oil, fuel, etc., may spray out from the spark plug hole and may cause serious injury.

4. Cover the spark plug hole with a shop towel etc., during cranking. After the engine has been cranked, check for foreign material adhering to the shop towel.
5. Set a compression gauge to one of the spark plug holes.
6. Crank the engine with the throttle valve fully open and measure the compression pressure.



**Fig. 14: Setting Compression Gauge To One Of Spark Plug Holes**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Standard value (at engine speed of 200 r/min): 1,560 kPa (226 psi)**

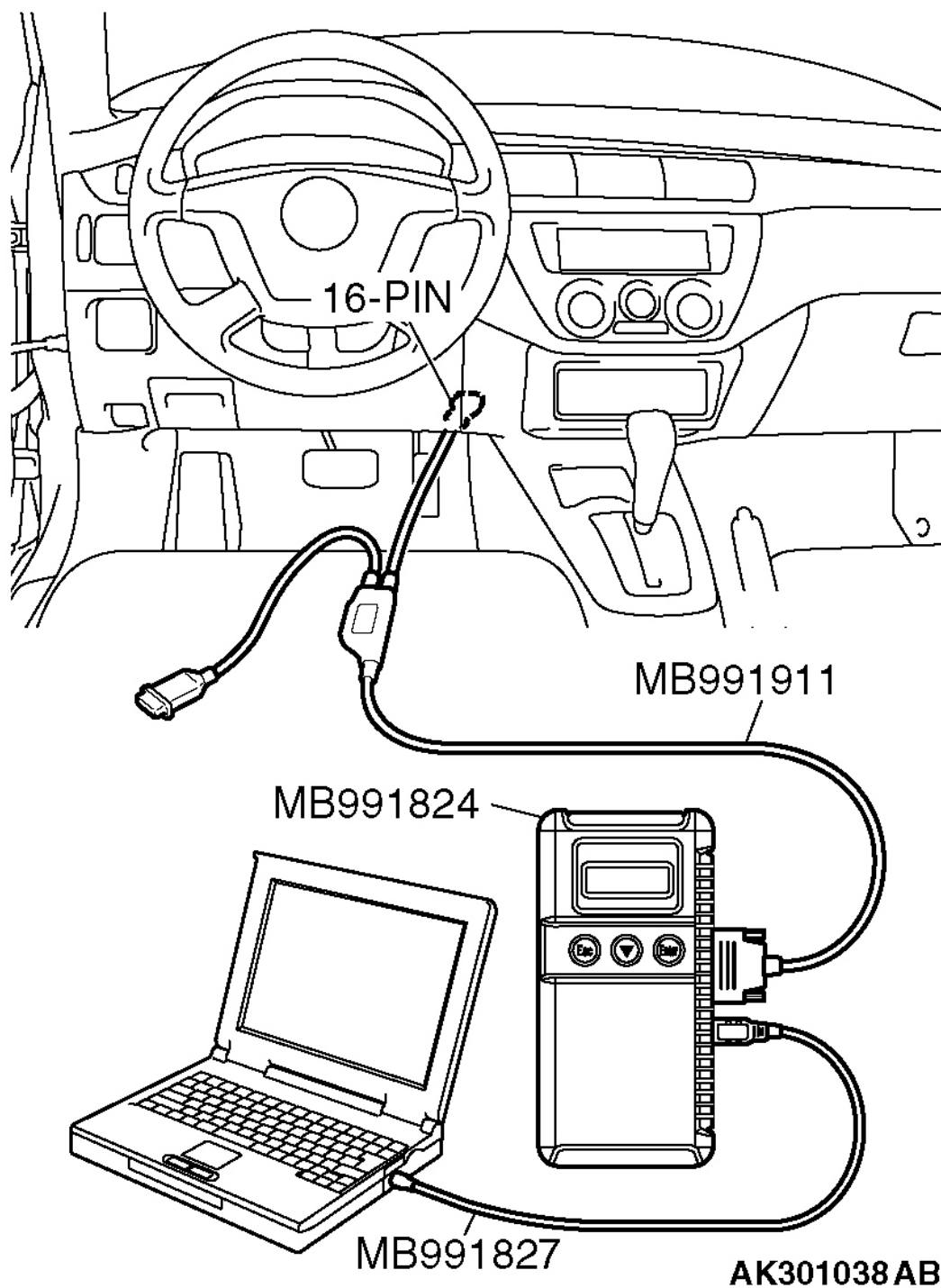
**Minimum limit (at engine speed of 200 r/min): 1,130 kPa (164 psi)**

7. Measure the compression pressure for all the cylinders, and check that the pressure differences of the cylinders are below the limit.

**Limit: 98 kPa (14 psi)**

8. If there is a cylinder with compression or a compression difference that is outside the limit, pour a small amount of engine oil through the spark plug hole, and repeat the operations in steps 6 to 8.
  1. If the compression increases after oil is added, the cause of the malfunction is a worn or damaged piston ring and/or cylinder inner surface.
  2. If the compression does not rise after oil is added, the cause is a burnt or defective valve seat, or pressure is leaking from the gasket.
9. Connect the crankshaft position sensor connector.
10. Install the spark plugs and ignition coils.
11. Use the scan tool MB991958 to erase the diagnostic trouble codes.

**NOTE:** This will erase the diagnostic trouble code resulting from the crankshaft position sensor connector being disconnected.

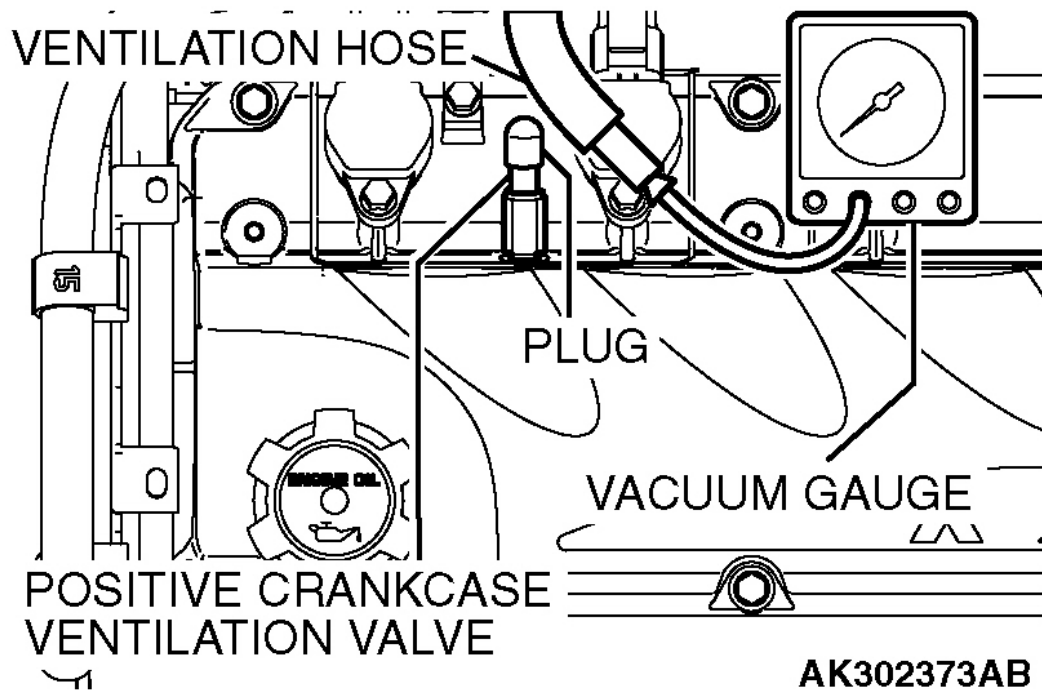


**Fig. 15: Connecting Scan Tool To Data Link Connector**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**MANIFOLD VACUUM CHECK**

1. Start the engine and allow it to warm up until the temperature of the engine coolant reaches 80 - 95°C (176 - 203°F).
2. Connect an engine tachometer.
3. Disconnect the ventilation hose from the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve, and connect a vacuum gauge to the ventilation hose.
4. Plug the PCV valve.
5. Start the engine and check that idle speed is within specification. Then check the vacuum gauge reading.

**Fig. 16: Disconnecting Ventilation Hose From Positive Crankcase Ventilation Valve**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

Idle speed: 750 +/- 100 r/min

Minimum limit: 60 kPa (18 in Hg)

**ENGINE ASSEMBLY**

**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION****CAUTION:**

- When the engine assembly replacement is performed, use scan tool MB991958 to initialize the learning value (Refer to INITIALIZATION PROCEDURE FOR LEARNING VALUE IN MFI ENGINE ).
- \*: indicates parts which should be temporarily tightened, and then fully tightened with the engine weight applied on the vehicle body.

# 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

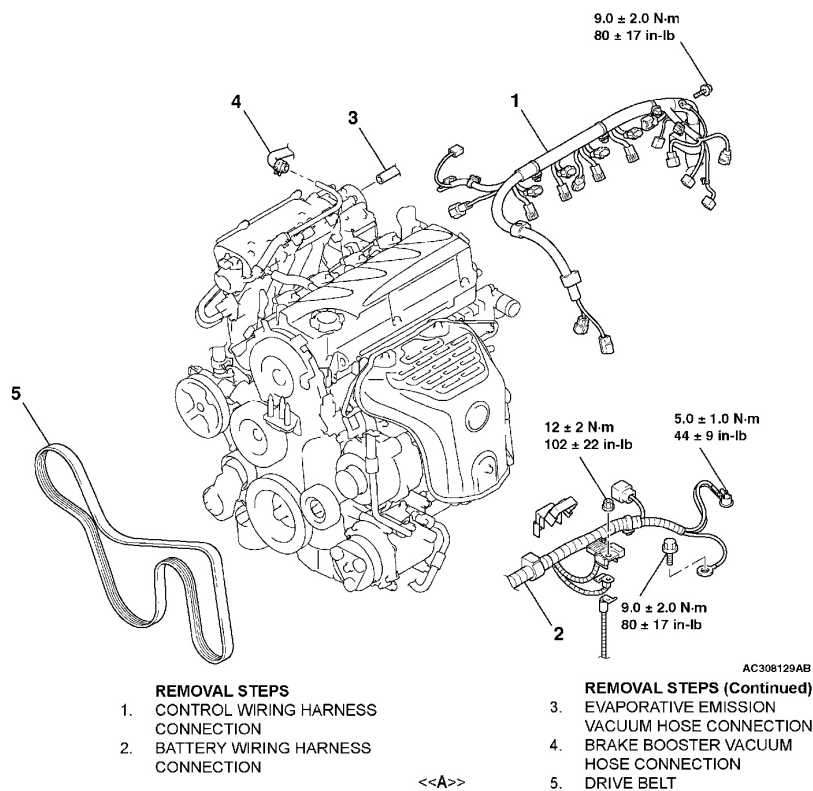
## 2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

### Pre-removal Operation

- Under Cover Removal.
- Fuel Line Pressure Reduction
- Engine Oil Draining
- Engine Coolant Draining
- Transmission Oil Draining <M/T>
- Transmission Fluid Draining <A/T>
- Hood Removal
- Strut Tower Bar Removal
- Engine Cover Removal
- Air Cleaner Removal
- Battery and Battery Tray Removal
- Accelerator Cable Removal
- Radiator Assembly Removal
- Front Exhaust Pipe Removal
- Exhaust Pipe and Main Muffler

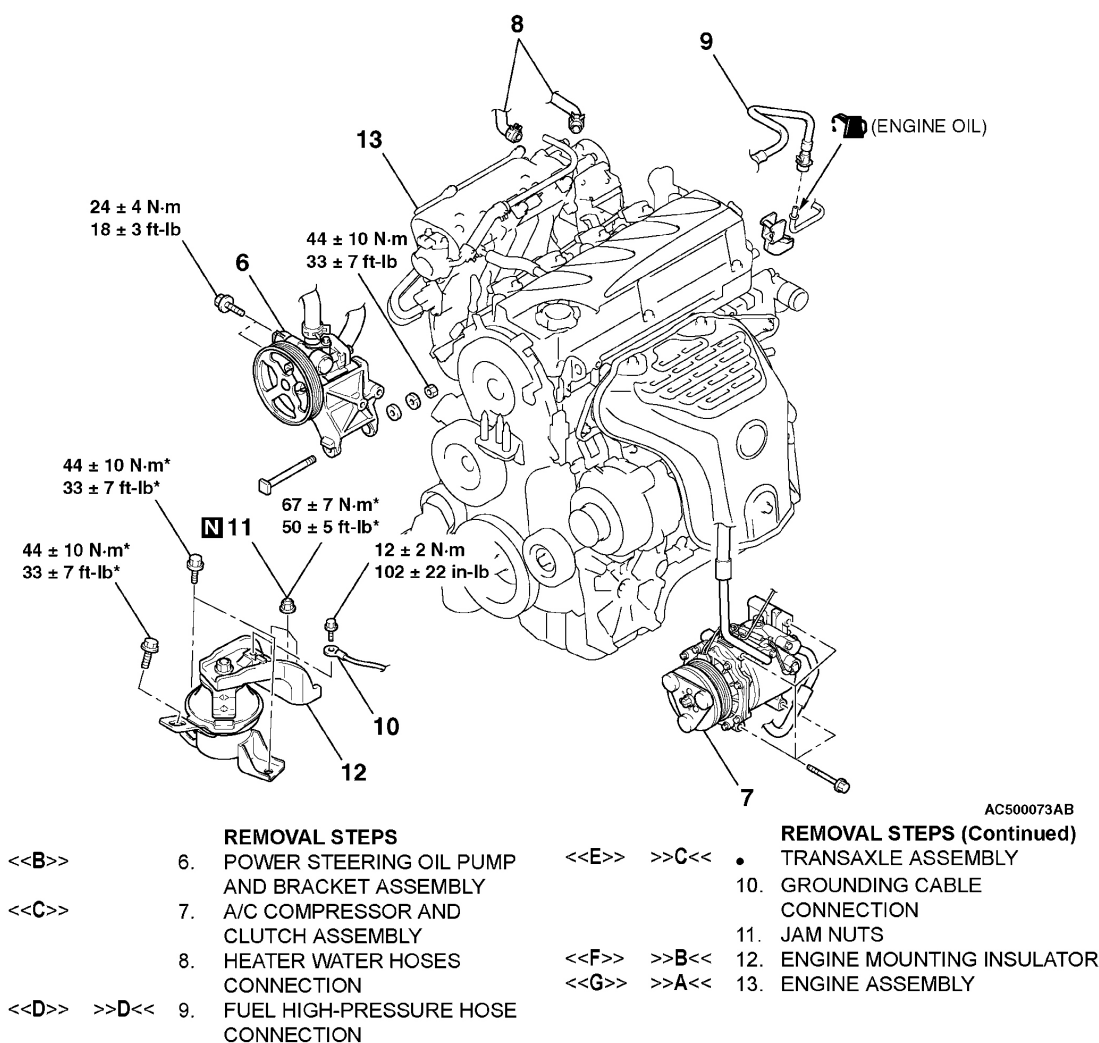
### Post-installation Operation

- Front Exhaust Pipe Installation
- Radiator Assembly Installation
- Accelerator Cable Installation
- Battery and Battery Tray Installation
- Air Cleaner Installation
- Engine Cover Installation
- Strut Tower Bar Installation
- Hood Installation
- Transmission Fluid Refilling <A/T>
- Transmission Oil Refilling <M/T>
- Engine Coolant Refilling
- Engine Oil Refilling
- Accelerator Cable Adjustment
- Fuel Leak Check
- Drive Belt Tension Check
- Under Cover Installation.
- Front Wheel Alignment Check and Adjustment



**Fig. 17: Identifying Engine Assembly Components (1 Of 2)**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.





**Fig. 18: Identifying Engine Assembly Components (2 Of 2)**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

### Required Special Tools:

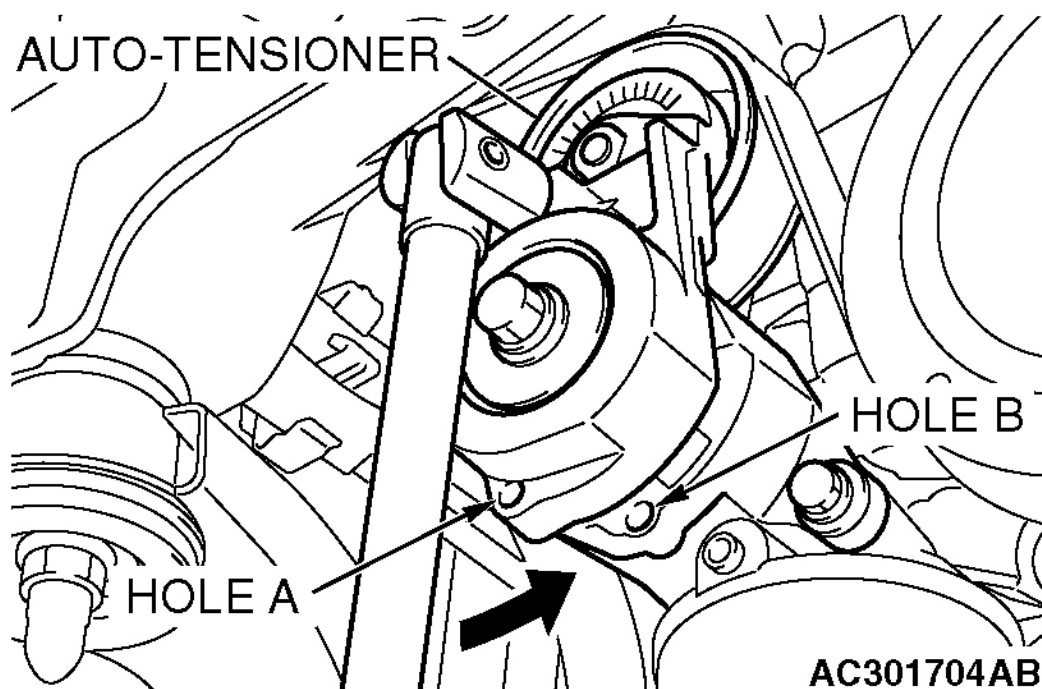
- MB991454: Engine Hanger Balancer
- MB991527: Hanger
- MB991895: Engine Hanger
- MB991928: Engine Hanger

### REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

#### << A >> DRIVE BELT REMOVAL

The following operations will be needed due to the introduction of the serpentine drive system with the drive belt auto-tensioner.

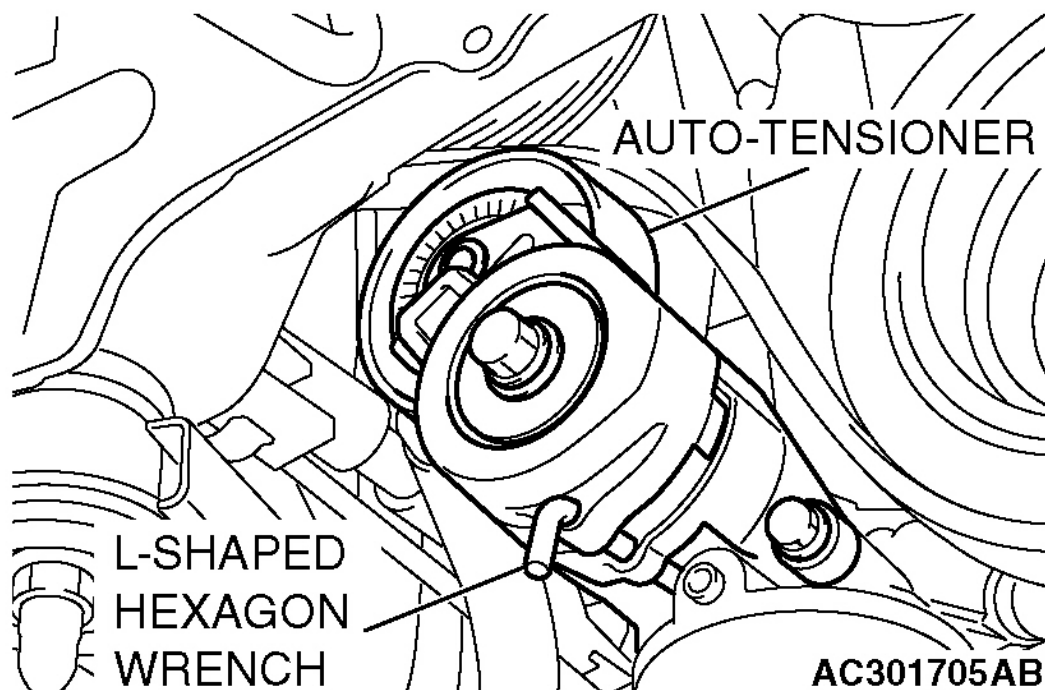
1. Securely insert the spindle handle or ratchet handle with a 12.7 mm (1/2-inch) insertion angle into the jig hole of the auto-tensioner.
2. Rotate the auto-tensioner counterclockwise and align hole A with hole B.



**Fig. 19: Rotating Auto-Tensioner Counterclockwise And Aligning Hole A With Hole B**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**CAUTION:** To reuse the drive belt, draw an arrow indicating the rotating direction (clockwise) on the back of the belt using chalk, etc.

3. Insert an L-shaped hexagon wrench, etc. into the hole to fix and then remove the drive belt.



**Fig. 20: Inserting L-Shaped Hexagon Wrench, Into Hole To Fix**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**<< B >> POWER STEERING OIL PUMP AND BRACKET ASSEMBLY REMOVAL**

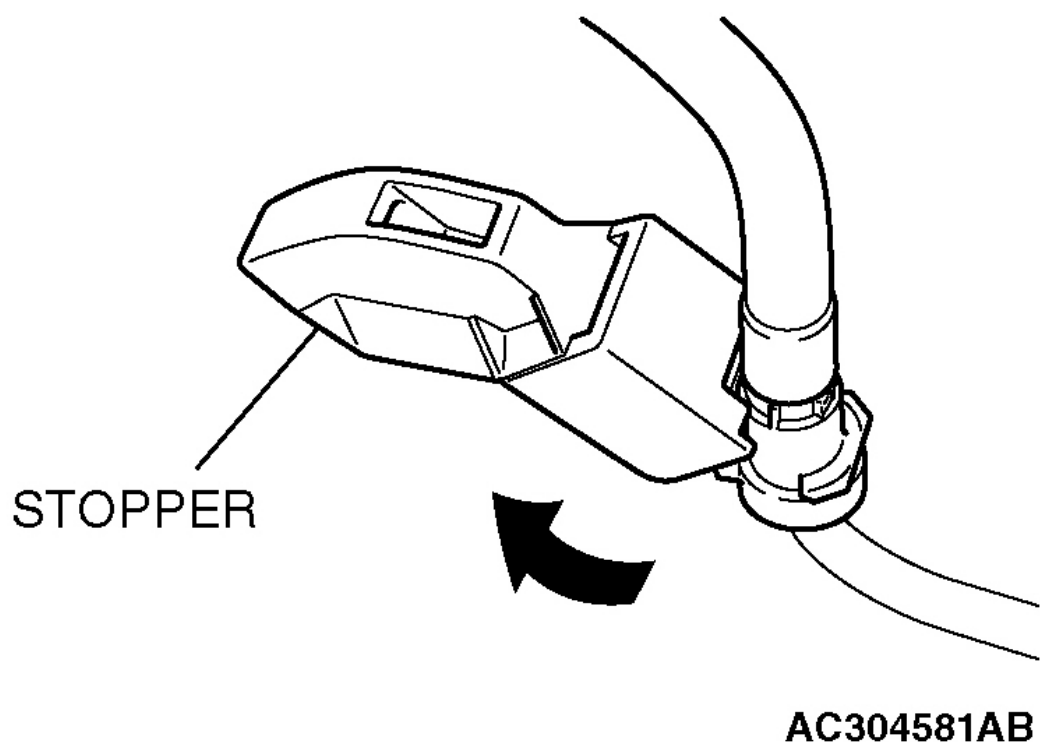
1. With the hose installed, remove the power steering oil pump and bracket assembly from the engine assembly.
2. After removing the power steering oil pump and bracket assembly, secure it with a cord in the location where the removal and installation of the engine assembly cannot be hindered.

**<< C >> A/C COMPRESSOR AND CLUTCH ASSEMBLY REMOVAL**

1. With the hose installed, remove the A/C compressor and clutch assembly from the bracket.
2. After removing the A/C compressor and clutch assembly, secure it with a cord in the location where the removal and installation of the engine assembly cannot be hindered.

**<< D >> FUEL HIGH-PRESSURE HOSE REMOVAL**

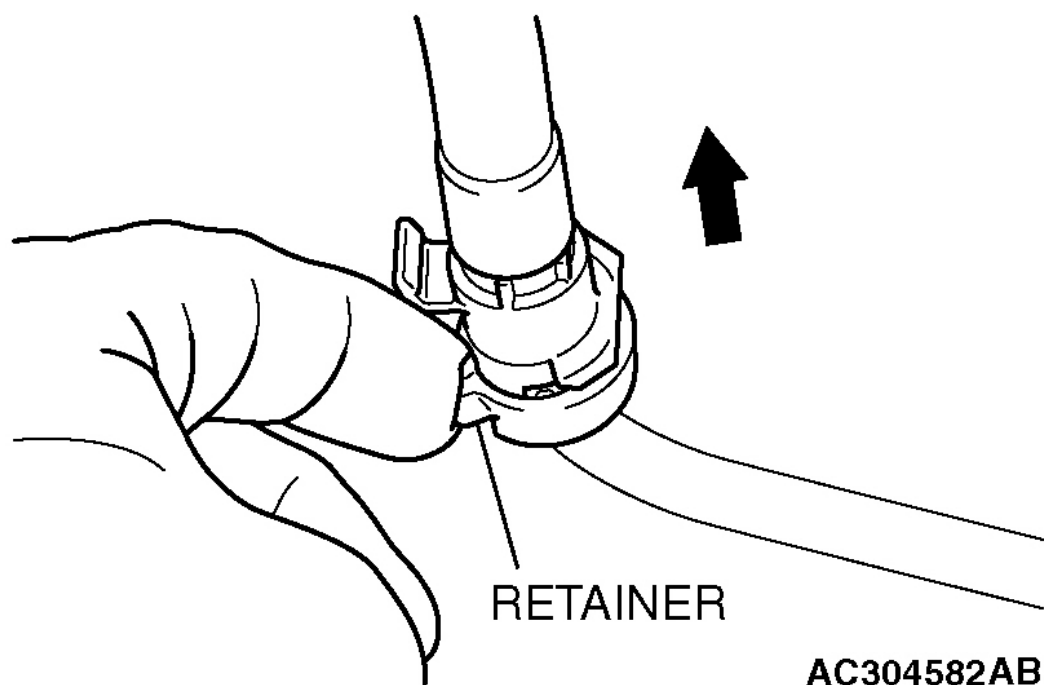
1. Remove the fuel high-pressure hose stopper.



**Fig. 21: Identifying Fuel High-Pressure Hose Stopper**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

2. Remove the fuel high-pressure hose in the direction shown in the figure while the retainer is pulled up.

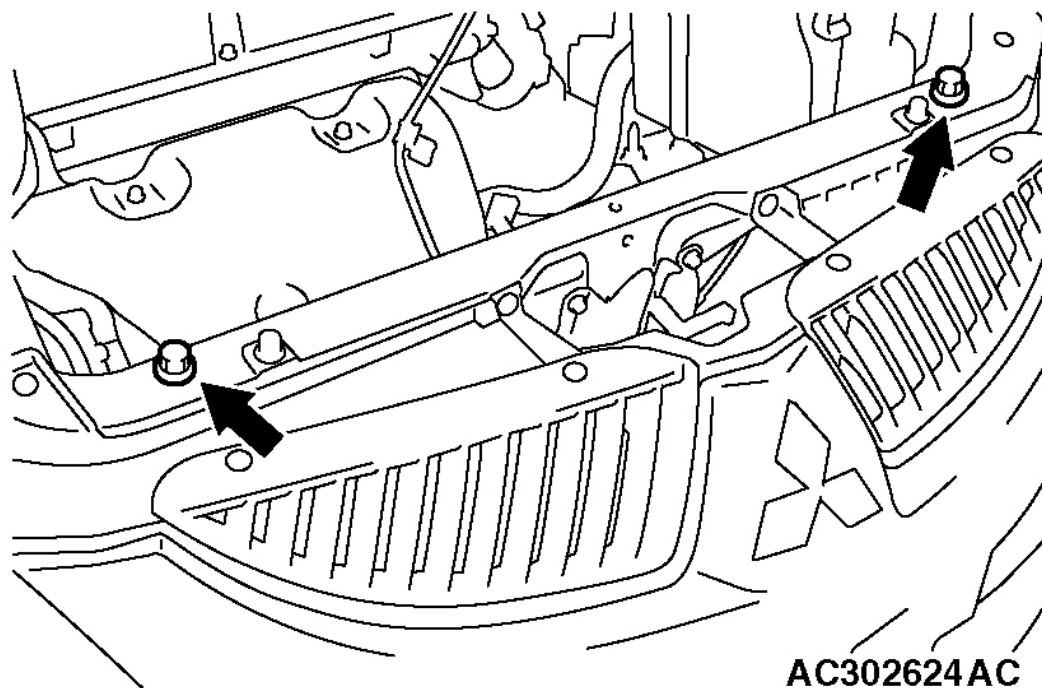
**NOTE:** If the retainer is released, install it after removing the fuel high-pressure hose.



**Fig. 22: Pulling Up Retainer And Removing Fuel High-Pressure Hose**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

<< E >> TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

1. Pre-tighten the two bolts on the car to assemble the radiator support upper insulator to set special tool MB991895 or MB991928.
2. Remove the transaxle assembly. (M/T: Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY , A/T: Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY ).

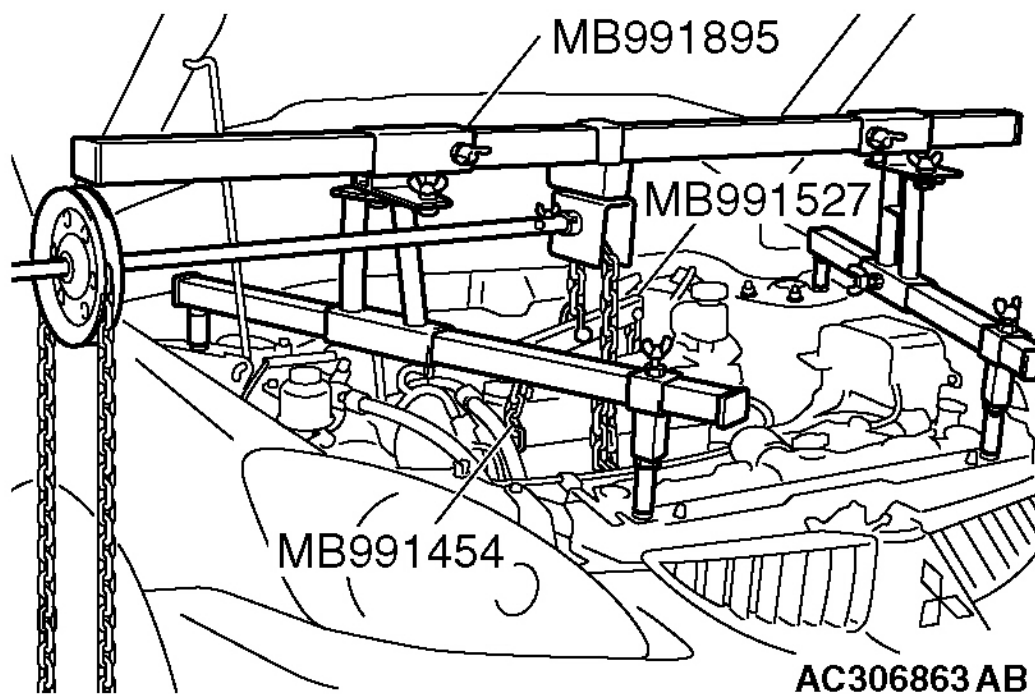


**Fig. 23: Tightening Two Bolts On Car To Assemble Radiator Support Upper Insulator**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**<< F >> ENGINE MOUNTING INSULATOR REMOVAL**

1. Support the engine with a garage jack.
2. Remove the following special tool.
  1. < Special tool MB991895 is used >

Remove special tool MB991895.

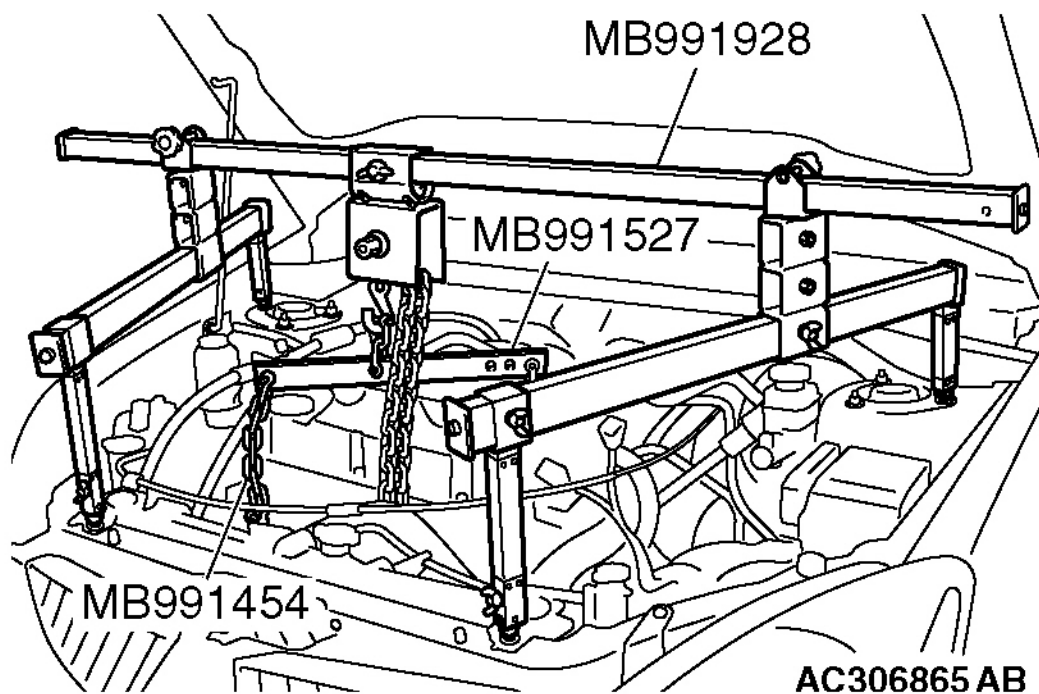


**Fig. 24: Removing Special Tool MB991895**

**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

2. < Special tool MB991928 is used >

Remove special tool MB991928.

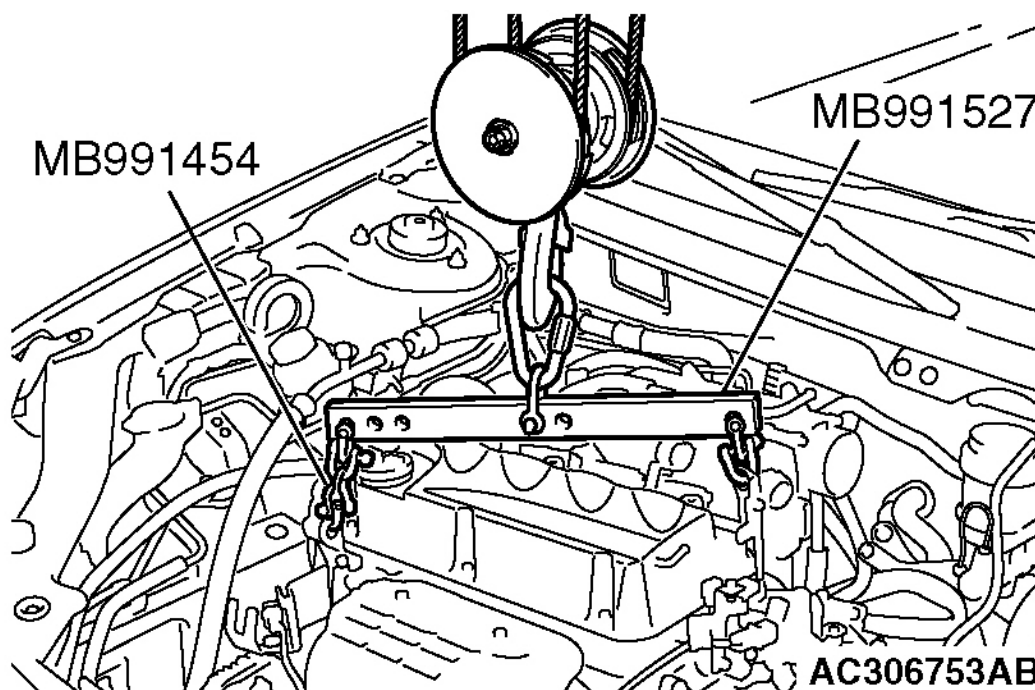


**Fig. 25: Removing Special Tool MB991928**

**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

3. Hold the engine assembly with a chain block, etc.
4. Place a garage jack against the engine oil pan with a piece of wood in between so that the weight of the engine assembly is no longer being applied to the engine mounting insulator.
5. Loosen the engine mounting insulator mounting nuts and bolts, and remove the engine mounting insulator.





**Fig. 26: Holding Engine Assembly With Chain Block**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

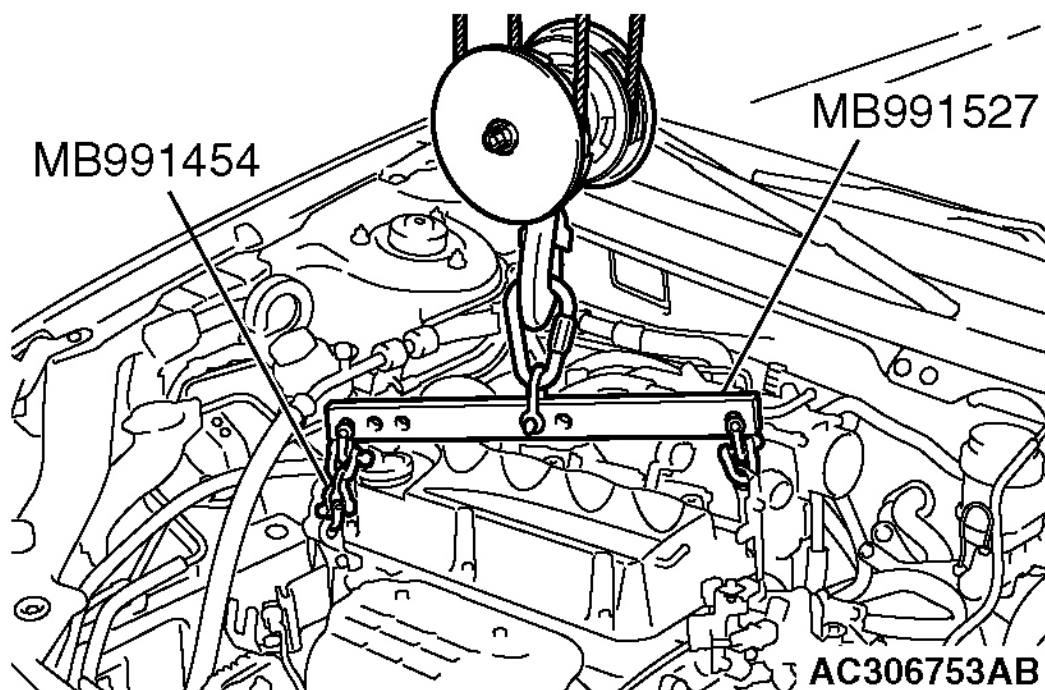
#### << G >> ENGINE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

After checking that all cables, hoses and wiring harness connectors and so on are disconnected from the engine, lift the chain block slowly to remove the engine assembly upward from the engine compartment.

#### INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

##### >>A<< ENGINE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

Install the engine assembly, being careful not to pinch the cables, hoses or wiring harness connectors.

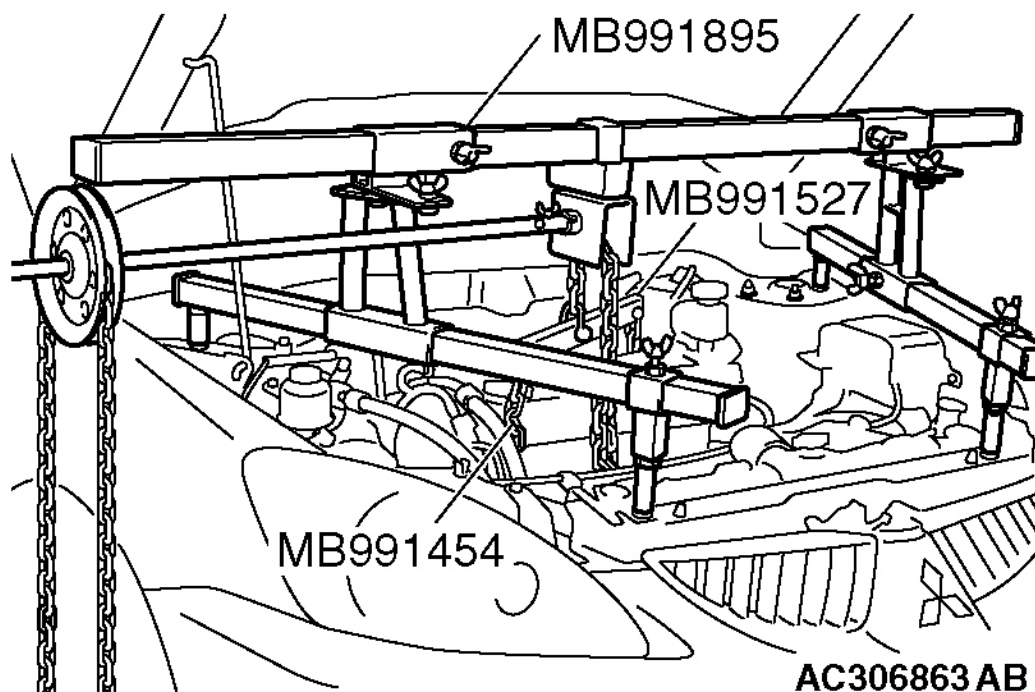


**Fig. 27: Installing Engine Assembly**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>B<< ENGINE MOUNTING INSULATOR INSTALLATION**

1. Place a garage jack against the engine oil pan with a piece of wood in between, and install the engine mounting insulator while adjusting the position of the engine.
2. Support the engine assembly with a garage jack.
3. Remove the chain block.
4. Use the following special tool as during removal to support the engine.
  1. < Special tool MB991895 is used >



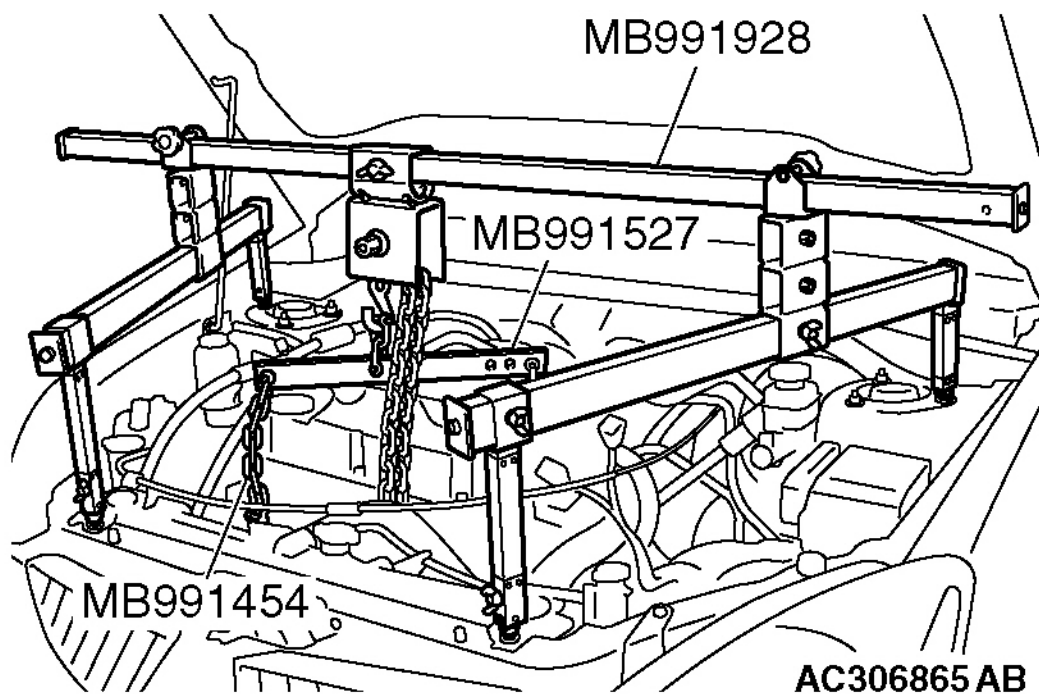
**Fig. 28: Setting Special Tool MB991895**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

Set special tool MB991895. (M/T: Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY , A/T: Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY ).

2. < Special tool MB991928 is used >

Set special tool MB991928. (M/T: Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY , A/T: Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY ).

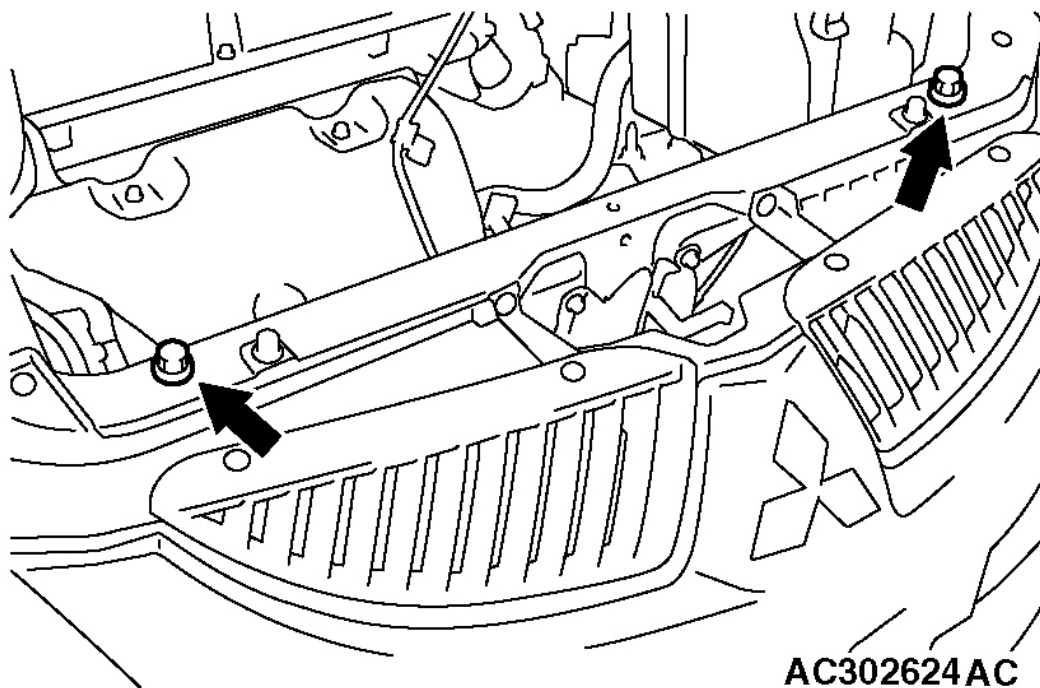


**Fig. 29: Setting Special Tool MB991928**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

>>C<< TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

1. Install the transaxle assembly. (M/T: Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY , A/T: Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY ).
2. Remove from the car the two bolts, to assemble the radiator support upper insulator.

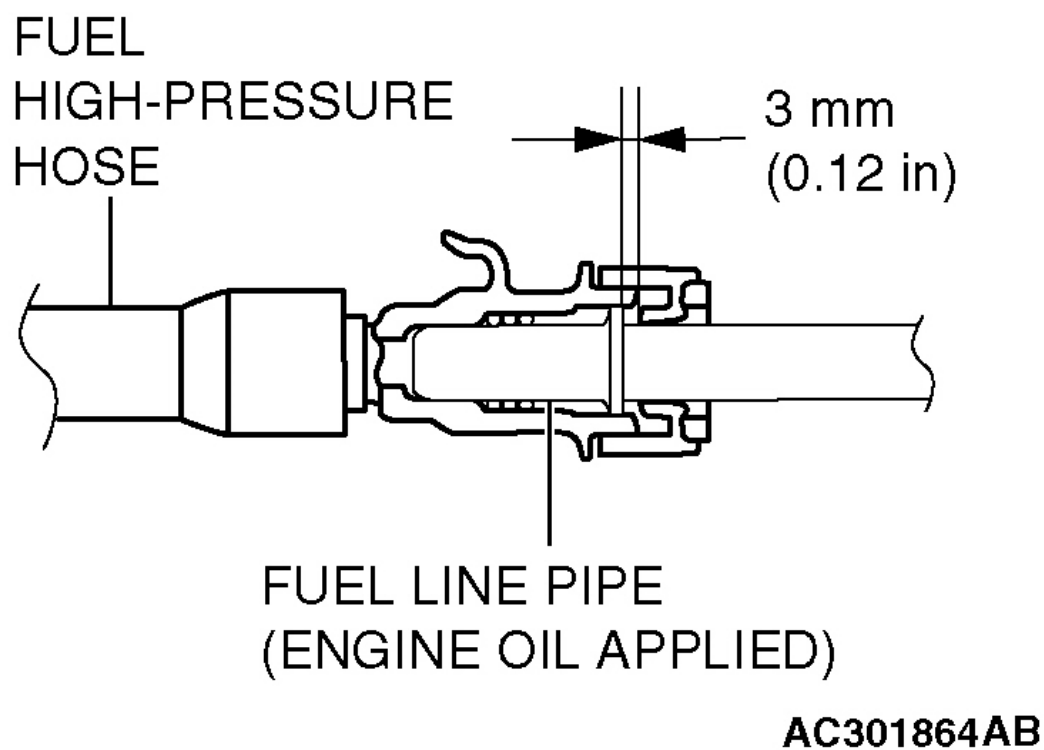


**Fig. 30: Removing From Car Two Bolts, To Assemble Radiator Support Upper Insulator**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

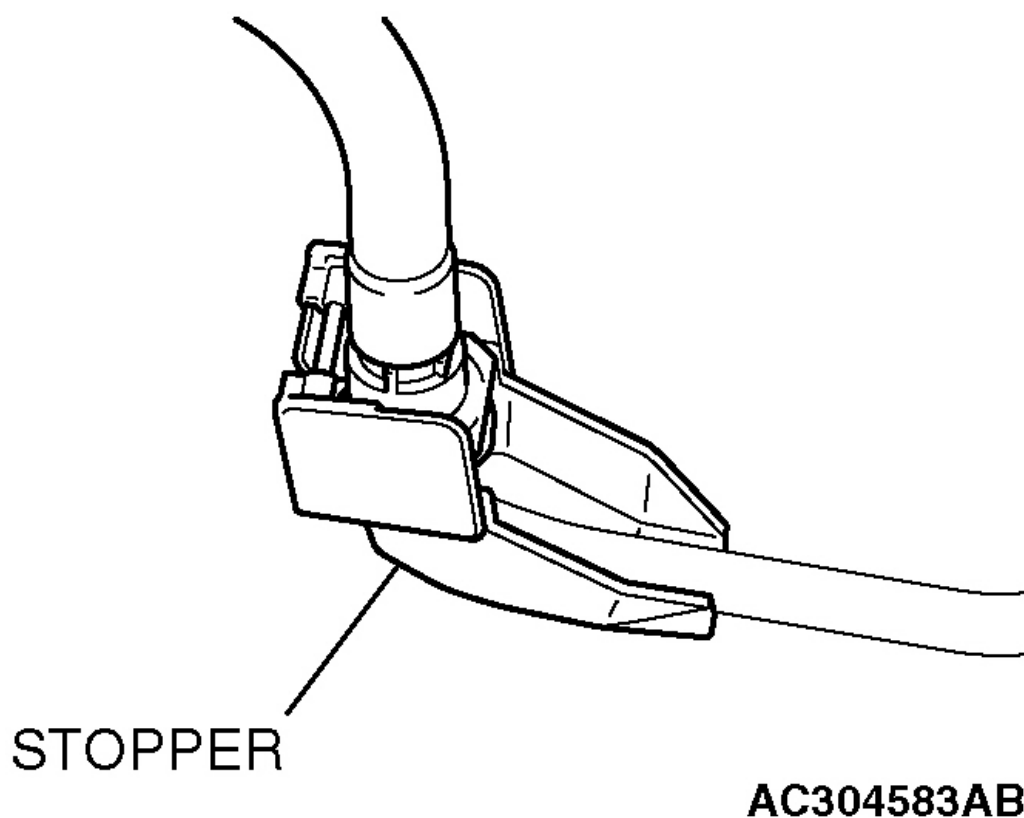
**>>D<< FUEL HIGH-PRESSURE HOSE INSTALLATION**

**CAUTION:** After connecting the fuel high-pressure hose, slightly pull it to ensure that it is installed securely. Also confirm that there is a play approximately 3 mm (0.12 inch). Then install the stopper securely.

Apply a small amount of engine oil to the fuel line pipe and then install the fuel high-pressure hose.



**Fig. 31: Ensuring Fuel High-Pressure Hose Is Installed Securely & Measuring Its Play**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.



**Fig. 32: Identifying Stopper**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

## CRANKSHAFT PULLEY

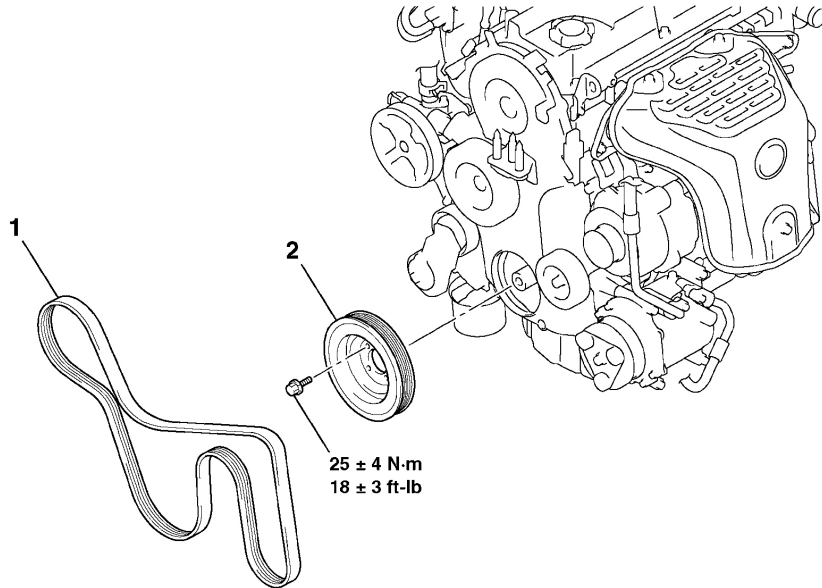
### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

### Pre-removal Operation

- Under Cover Removal.

### Post-installation Operation

- Drive Belt Tension Check
- Under Cover Installation.



AC304386AB

<<A>>

### REMOVAL STEPS

1. DRIVE BELT
2. CRANK SHAFT DAMPER PULLEY

**Fig. 33: Identifying Crankshaft Pulley Components**  
**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

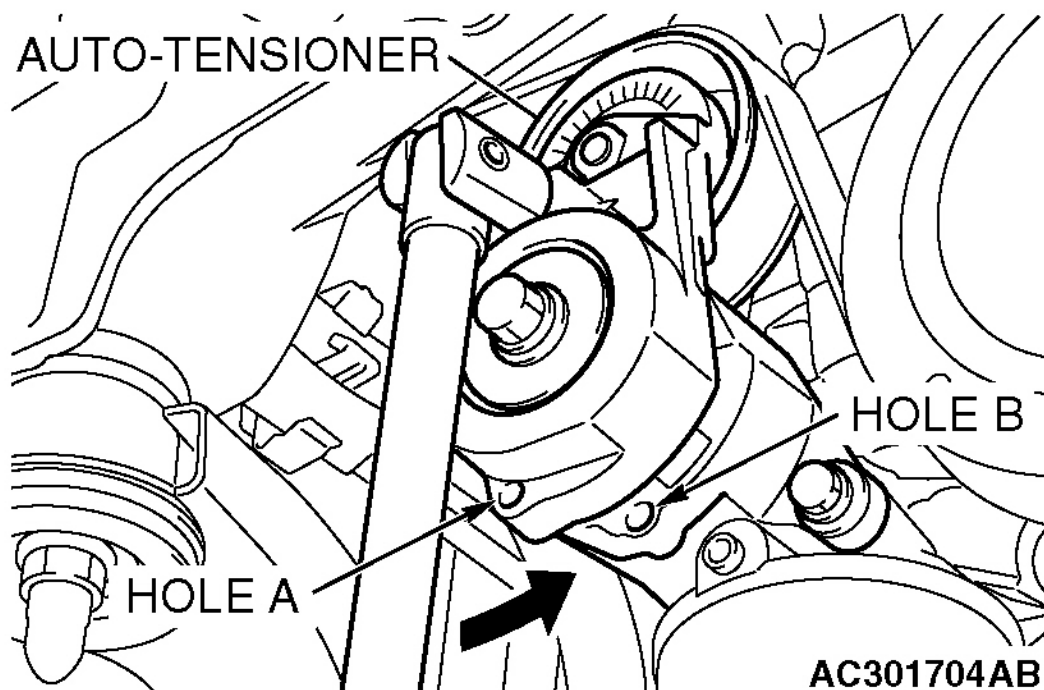
### REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

#### << A >> DRIVE BELT REMOVAL

The following operations will be needed due to the introduction of the serpentine drive system with the drive belt auto-tensioner.

1. Securely insert the spindle handle or ratchet handle with a 12.7 mm (1/2-inch) insertion angle into the jig hole of the auto-tensioner.
2. Rotate the auto-tensioner counterclockwise and align hole A with hole B.

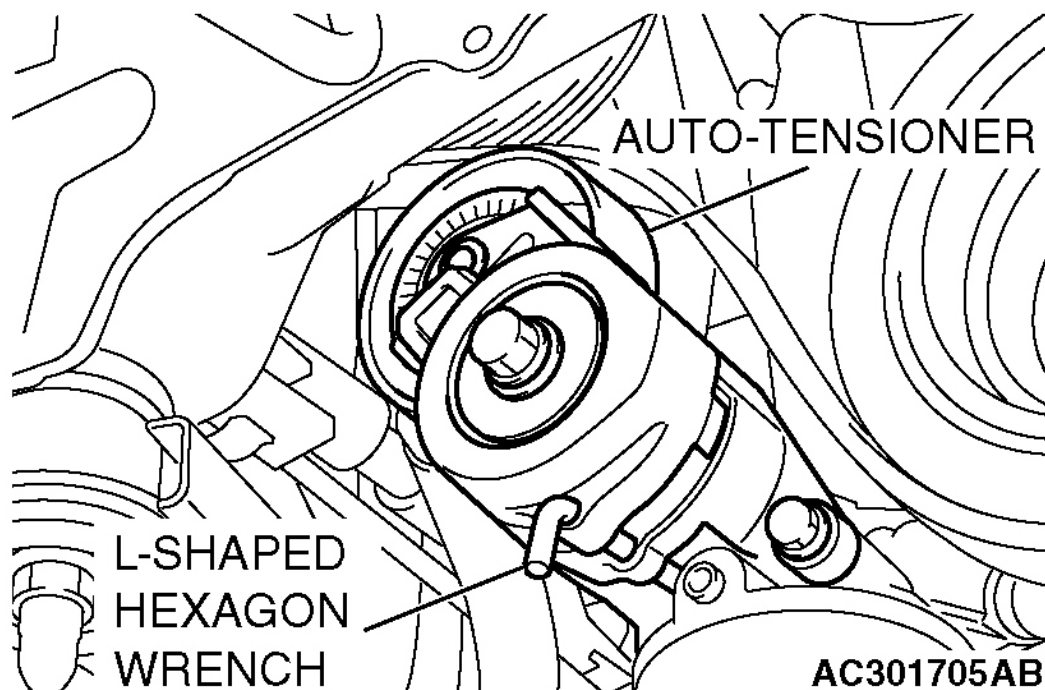




**Fig. 34: Rotating Auto-Tensioner Counterclockwise And Aligning Hole A With Hole B**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**CAUTION:** To reuse the drive belt, draw an arrow indicating the rotating direction (clockwise) on the back of the belt using chalk, etc.

3. Insert an L-shaped hexagon wrench, etc. into the hole to fix and then remove the drive belt.



**Fig. 35: Inserting L-Shaped Hexagon Wrench, Etc. Into Hole To Fix And**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

## **CAMSHAFT AND VALVE STEM SEAL**

### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**

**CAUTION:** \* Remove and assemble the marked parts in each cylinder unit.

# 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

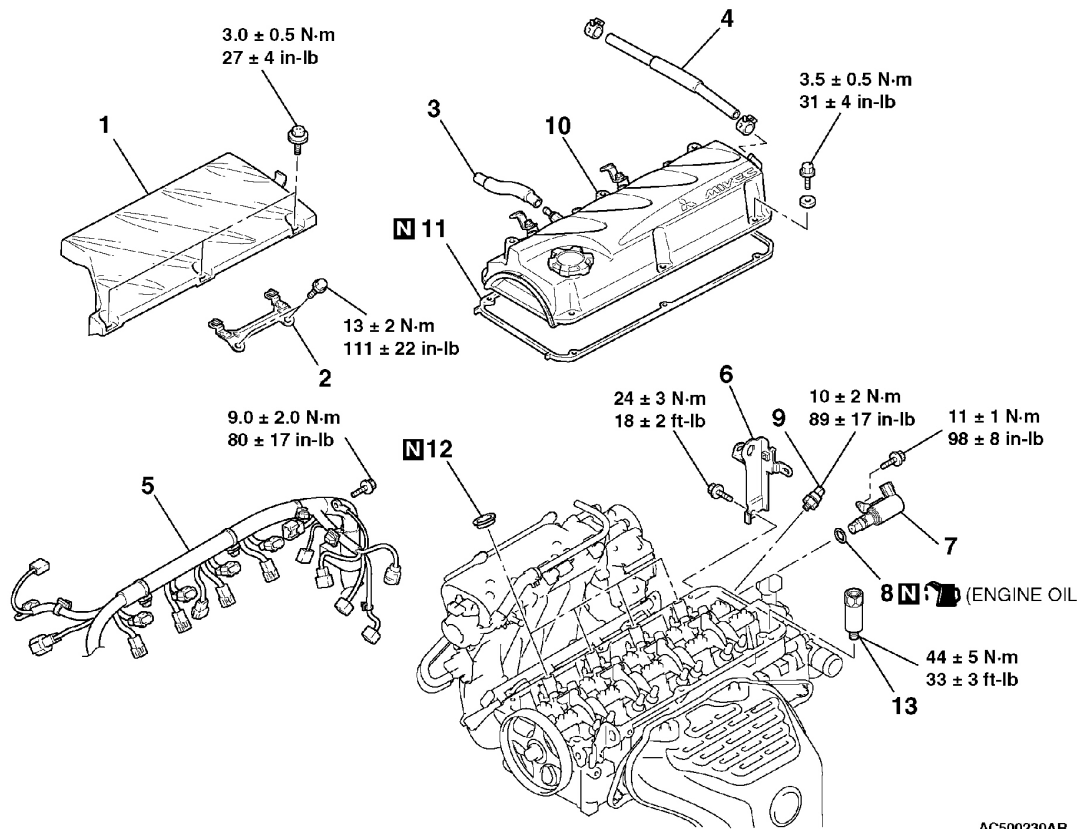
## 2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

### Pre-removal Operation

- Timing Belt Upper Cover Removal

### Post-installation Operation

- Timing Belt Upper Cover Installation
- Drive Belt Tension Check
- Valve Clearance Check and Adjustment



AC500230AB

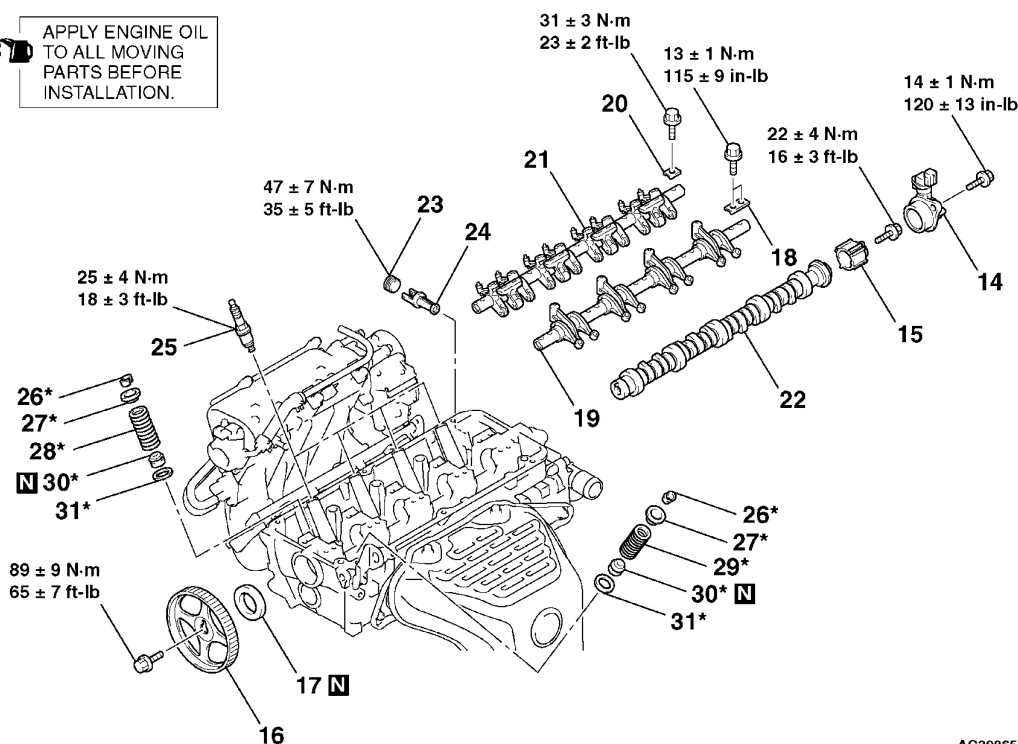
- >>L<<
- CAMSHAFT REMOVAL STEPS**
1. ENGINE COVER
  2. ENGINE COVER BRACKET
  3. ROCKER COVER PCV HOSE
  4. ROCKER COVER BREATHER HOSE
- AIR CLEANER

- >>K<<
- CAMSHAFT REMOVAL STEPS**
- IGNITION COILS
- >>K<<
- >>J<<
5. CONTROL WIRING HARNESS CONNECTION
  6. ENGINE HANGER
  7. ENGINE OIL CONTROL VALVE
  8. O-RING
  9. ENGINE OIL PRESSURE SWITCH
  10. ROCKER COVER ASSEMBLY
  11. ROCKER COVER GASKET
  12. SPARK PLUG GUIDE OIL SEALS
  13. ACCUMULATOR ASSEMBLY
- VALVE TIMING BELT

**Fig. 36: Identifying Camshaft And Valve Stem Seal Components (1 Of 2)**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

APPLY ENGINE OIL  
TO ALL MOVING  
PARTS BEFORE  
INSTALLATION.



AC308656AB

**CAMSHAFT REMOVAL STEPS**

- >>I<< 14. CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR SUPPORT  
15. CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSING CYLINDER  
<<A>> >>H<< 16. CAMSHAFT SPROCKET  
>>G<< 17. CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL  
>>F<< 18. EXHAUST ROCKER ARM SHAFT CAPS  
<<B>> >>F<< 19. EXHAUST ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY  
>>E<< 20. INTAKE ROCKER ARM SHAFT CAPS  
<<B>> >>E<< 21. INTAKE ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY  
>>D<< 22. CAMSHAFT  
• WATER INLET FITTING AND THERMOSTAT CASE ASSEMBLY  
23. CYLINDER HEAD PLUG  
24. ENGINE OIL CONTROL VALVE FILTER

**VALVE STEM SEAL REMOVAL STEPS**

- >>L<< 1. ENGINE COVER  
2. ENGINE COVER BRACKET  
3. ROCKER COVER PCV HOSE  
4. ROCKER COVER BREATHER HOSE

**CAMSHAFT REMOVAL STEPS**

- AIR CLEANER  
• IGNITION COILS  
5. CONTROL WIRING HARNESS CONNECTION  
6. ENGINE HANGER  
10. ROCKER COVER ASSEMBLY  
11. ROCKER COVER GASKET  
12. SPARK PLUG GUIDE OIL SEALS  
>>F<< 18. EXHAUST ROCKER ARM SHAFT CAPS  
<<B>> >>F<< 19. EXHAUST ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY  
>>E<< 20. INTAKE ROCKER ARM SHAFT CAPS  
<<B>> >>E<< 21. INTAKE ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY  
<<C>> >>C<< 25. SPARK PLUGS  
26. VALVE SPRING RETAINER LOCKS  
27. VALVE SPRING RETAINERS  
>>B<< 28. INTAKE VALVE SPRINGS  
>>B<< 29. EXHAUST VALVE SPRINGS  
>>A<< 30. VALVE STEM SEALS  
31. VALVE SPRING SEATS

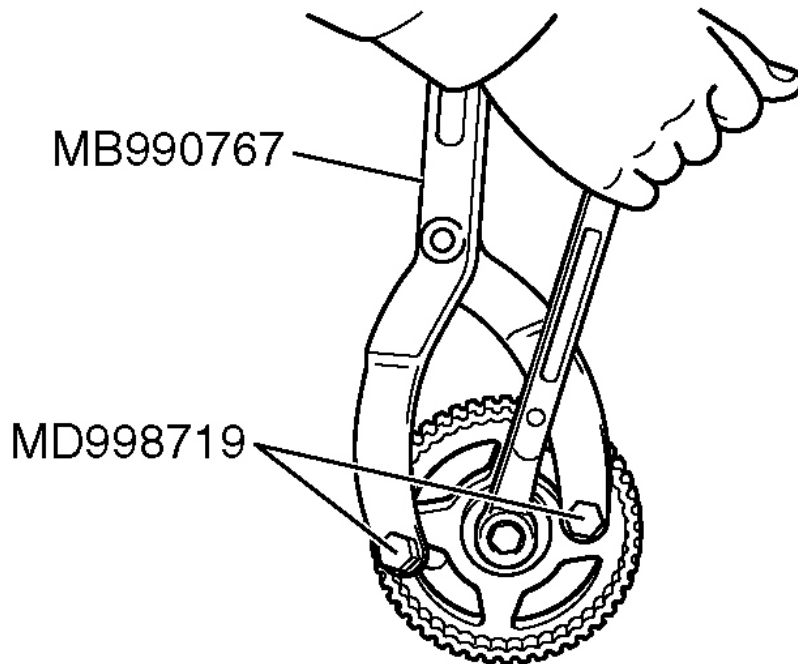
**Fig. 37: Identifying Camshaft And Valve Stem Seal Components (2 Of 2)**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Required Special Tools:**

- MB990767: Front Hub and Flange Yoke Holder
- MD998713: Camshaft Oil Seal Installer
- MD998719: Pin
- MD998772: Valve Spring Compressor
- MB991999: Valve Stem Seal Installer

**REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS****<< A >> CAMSHAFT SPROCKET REMOVAL**

1. Hold the camshaft sprocket with special tools MB990767 and MD998719.
2. Loosen the camshaft sprocket mounting bolt and remove the camshaft sprocket.

**AC102532AB**

**Fig. 38: Holding Camshaft Sprocket With Special Tool**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

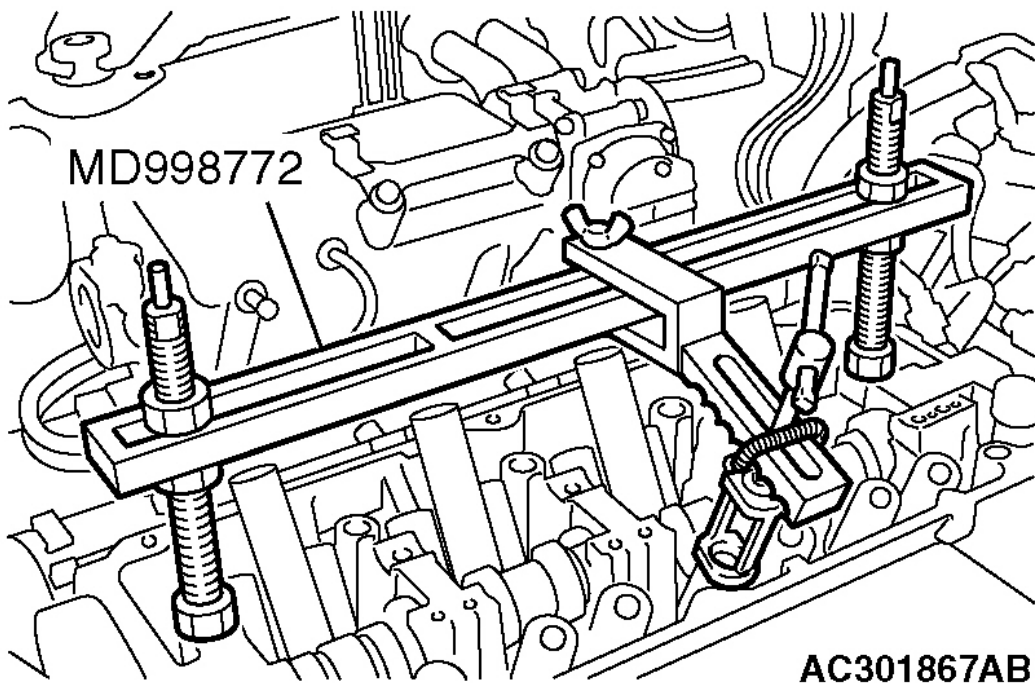
**<< B >> EXHAUST ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY/INTAKE ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY REMOVAL**

**CAUTION:** Never disassemble the exhaust rocker arm and shaft assembly, and intake rocker arm and shaft assembly.

## &lt;&lt; C &gt;&gt; VALVE SPRING RETAINER LOCKS REMOVAL

**CAUTION:** When removing valve spring retainer locks, leave the piston of each cylinder in the TDC (Top Dead Center) position. The valve may fall into the cylinder if the piston is not properly in the TDC position.

Use special tool MD998772 to compress the valve spring and then remove the valve spring retainer locks.



**Fig. 39: Compressing Valve Spring Using Special Tool MD998772**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

## INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

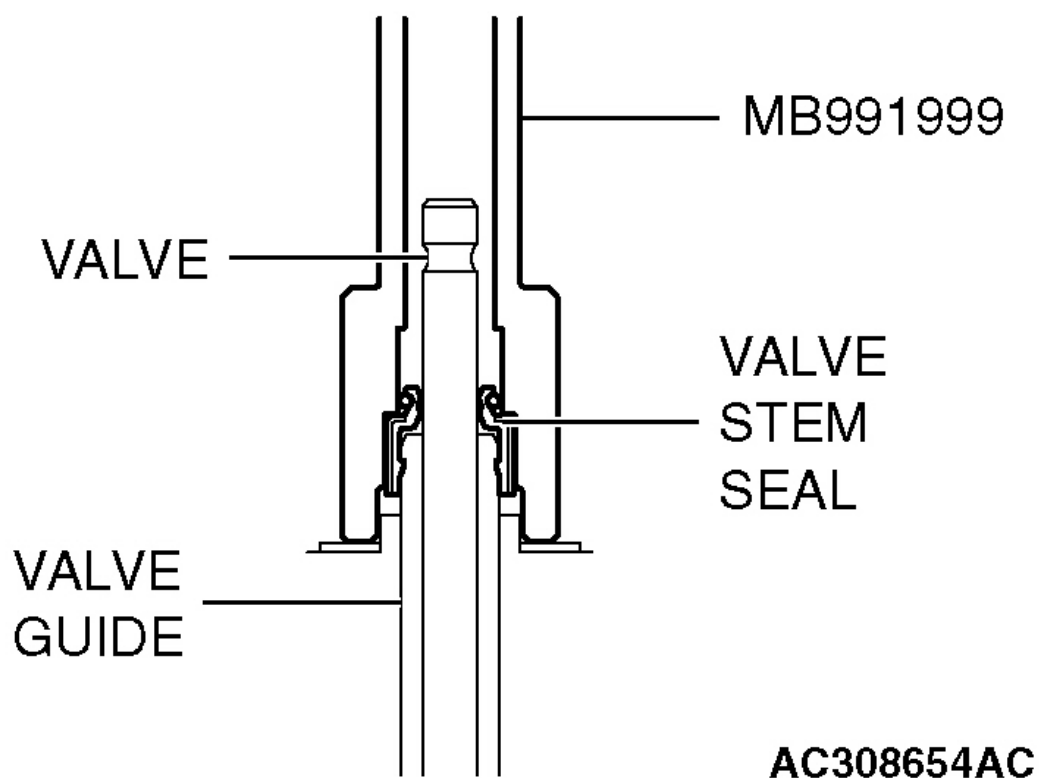
## &gt;&gt;A&lt;&lt; VALVE STEM SEALS INSTALLATION

1. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the valve stem seals.

**CAUTION:**

- Do not re-use the valve stem seal.
- The special tool MB991999 must be used to install the valve stem seal. Improper installation could result in oil leaking past the valve guide.

2. Use special tool MB991999 to fill a new valve stem seal in the valve guide using the valve stem area as a guide.

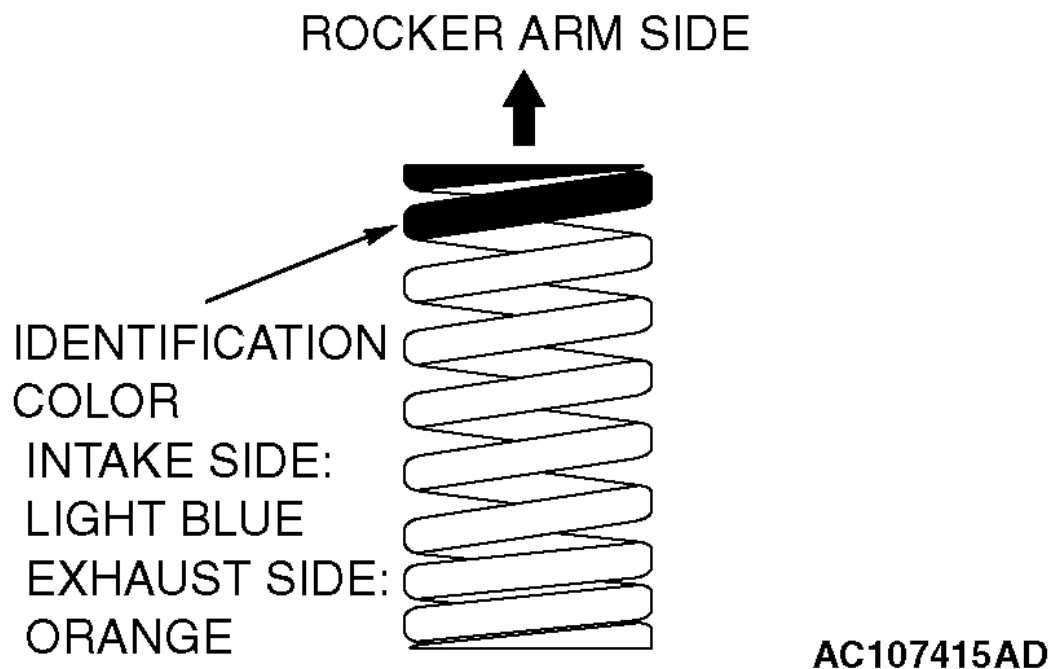


**Fig. 40: Installing Valve Stem Seals**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>B<< EXHAUST VALVE SPRINGS/INTAKE VALVE SPRINGS INSTALLATION**

Install the valve springs with its identification color painted end facing the rocker arm.

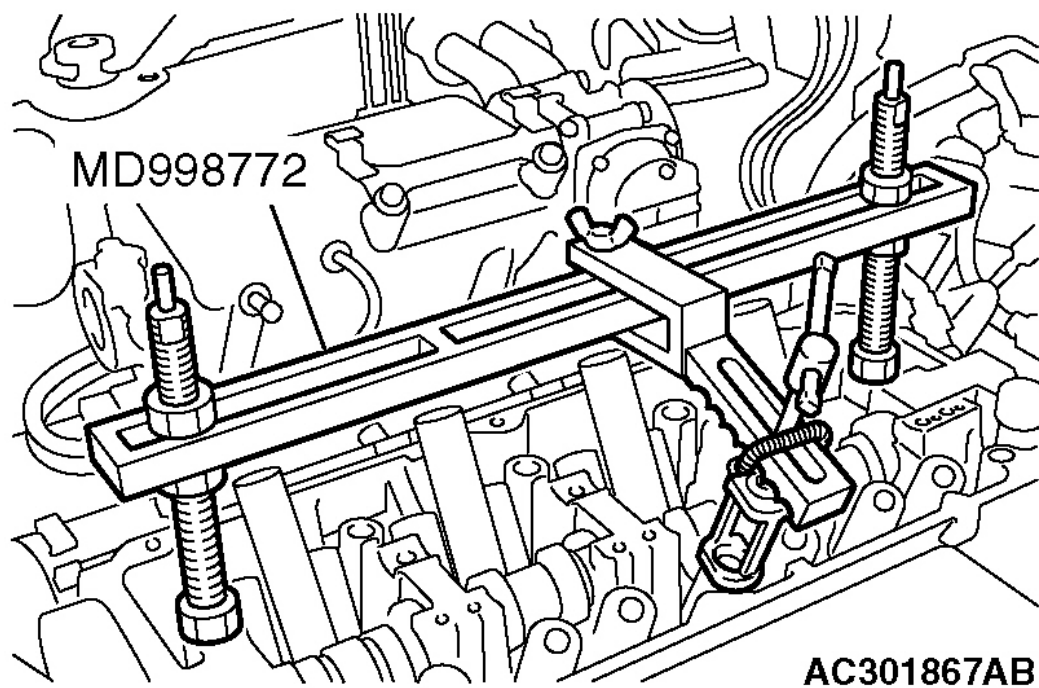


**Fig. 41: Installing Valve Springs With Identification Color Painted End Facing Rocker Arm**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>C<< VALVE SPRING RETAINER LOCKS INSTALLATION**

Use special tool MD998772 to compress the valve spring and then install the valve spring retainer lock in the same manner as removal.

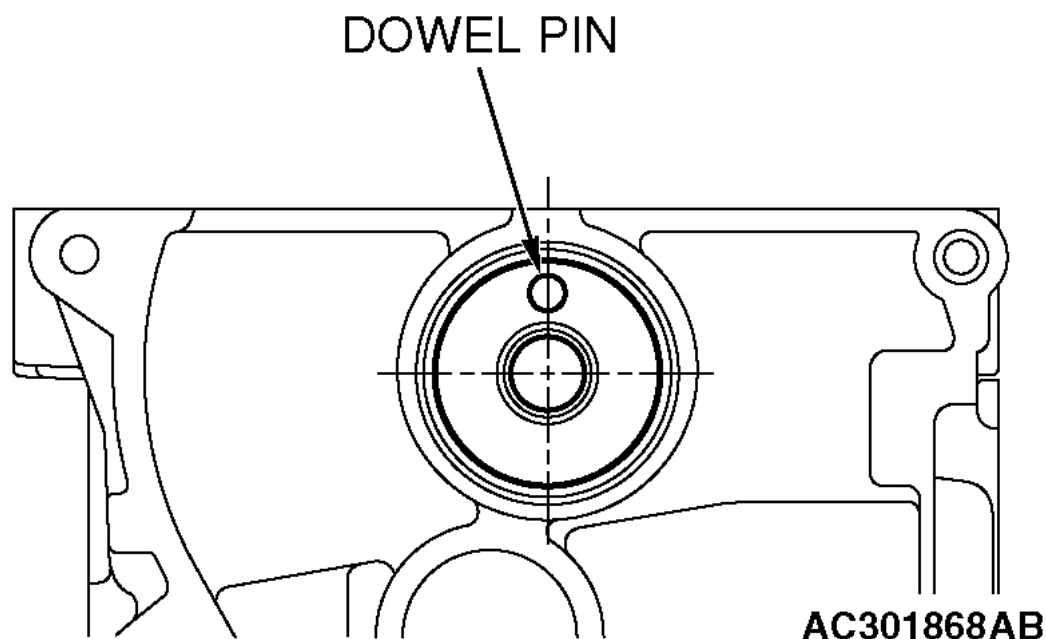




**Fig. 42: Installing Valve Spring Retainer Locks**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>D<< CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION**

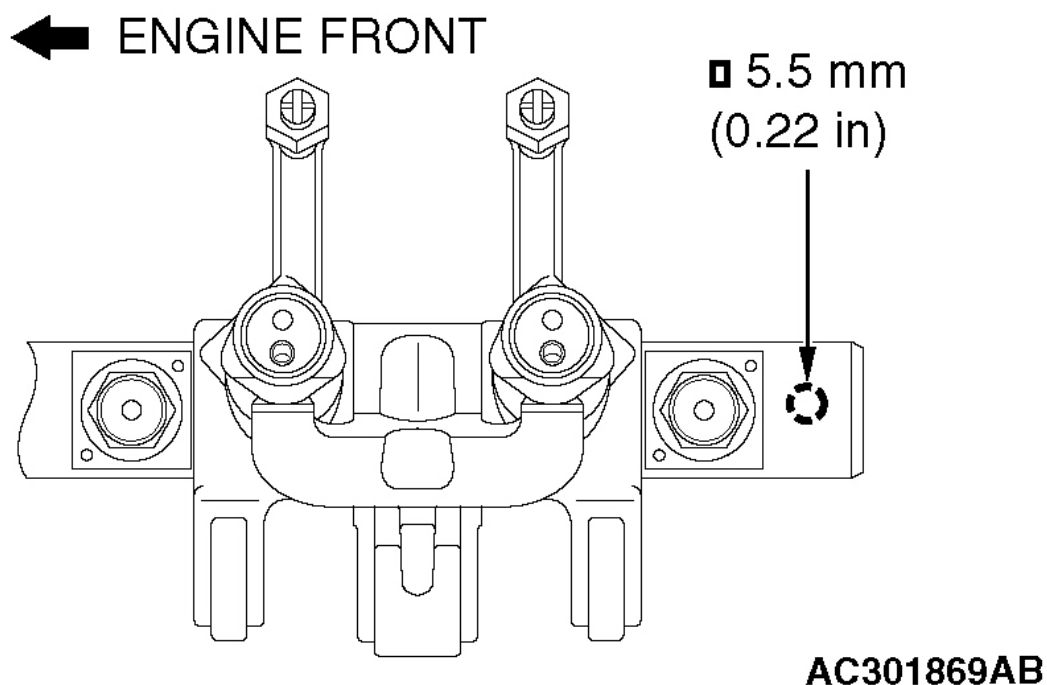
Set the dowel pin of the camshaft in the position shown in the figure.



**Fig. 43: Setting Dowel Pin Of Camshaft In Position**  
**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

**>>E<< INTAKE ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY/INTAKE ROCKER ARM SHAFT CAPS INSTALLATION**

1. Place the intake rocker shaft so that its 5.5 mm (0.22 inch) hole faces toward the cylinder head.
2. Install the intake rocker arm shaft caps.
3. Tighten the intake rocker shaft mounting bolts to the specified torque.

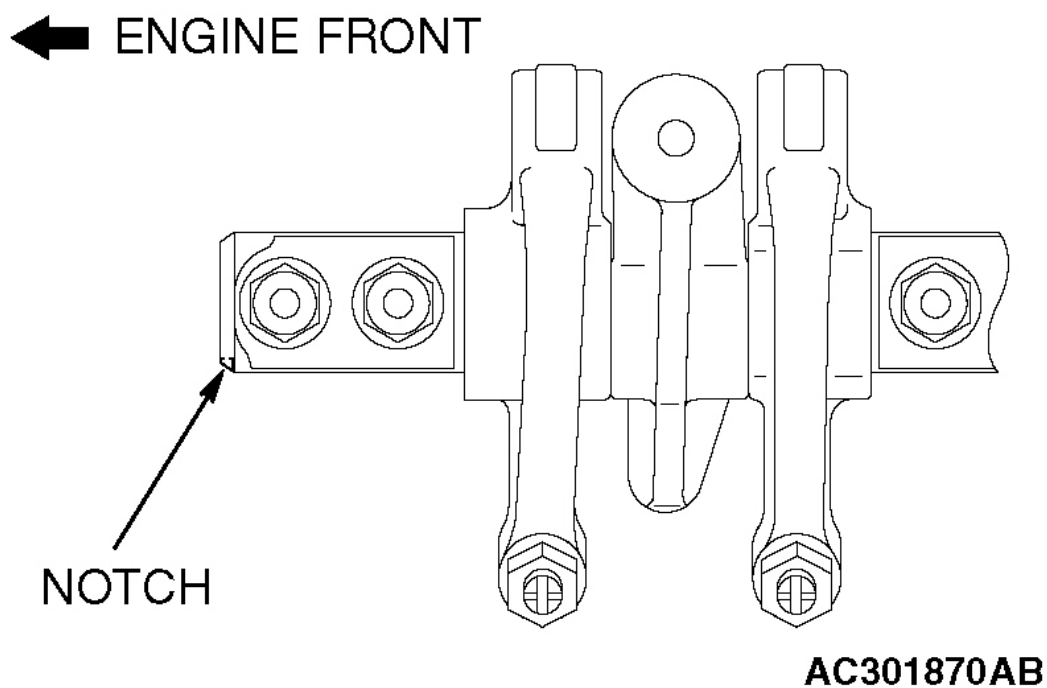


**Fig. 44: Installing Intake Rocker Arm Shaft Caps**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Tightening torque: 31 +/- 3 N.m (23 +/- 2 ft-lb)**

**>>F<< EXHAUST ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY/EXHAUST ROCKER ARM SHAFT CAPS INSTALLATION**

1. Install the exhaust rocker shaft so that its notch is positioned as shown.
2. Install the exhaust rocker arm shaft caps.
3. Tighten the exhaust rocker shaft mounting bolts to the specified torque.



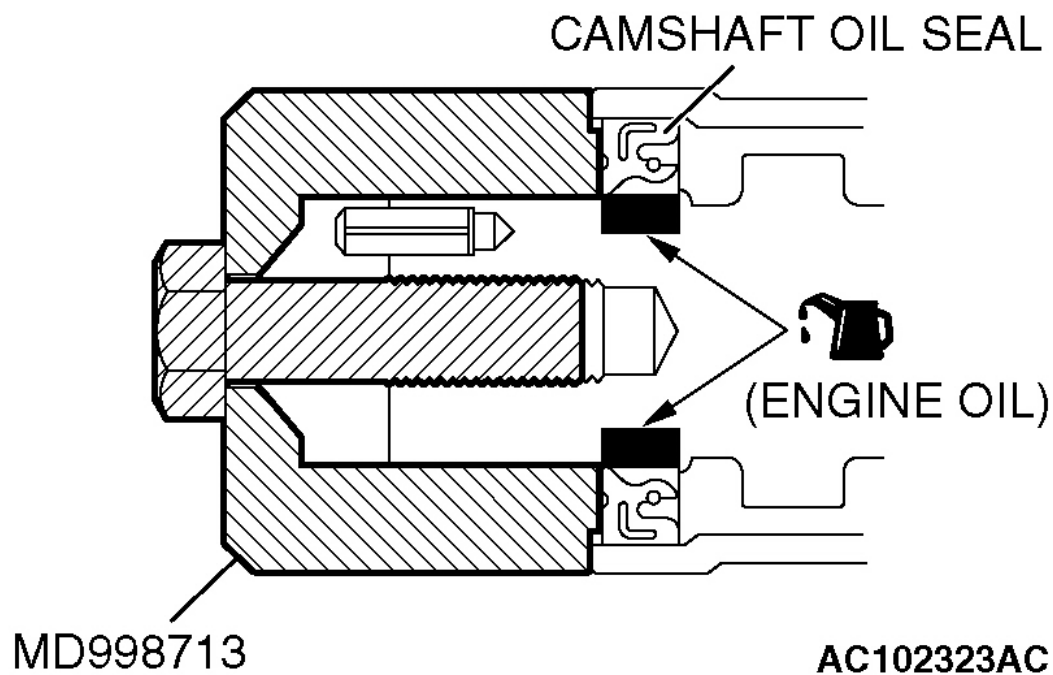
**Fig. 45: Installing Exhaust Rocker Arm Shaft Caps**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Tightening torque: 13 +/- 1 N.m (115 +/- 9 in-lb)**

**>>G<< CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL INSTALLATION**

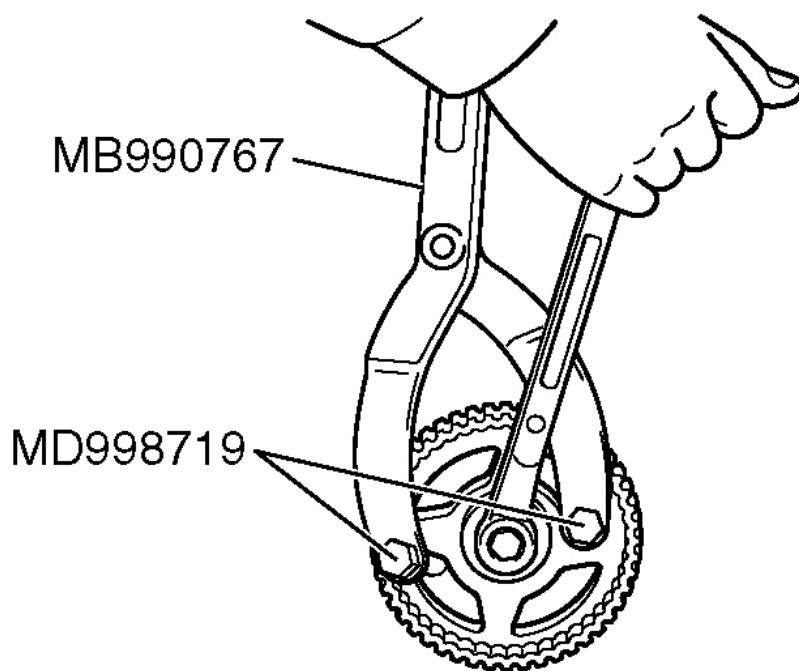
1. Apply engine oil to the entire inner diameter of the oil seal lip.
2. Use special tool MD998713 to press-fit the oil seal as shown.



**Fig. 46: Applying Engine Oil To Entire Inner Diameter Of Oil Seal Lip**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>H<< CAMSHAFT SPROCKET INSTALLATION**

1. Hold the camshaft sprocket with special tools MB990767 and MD998719 in the same manner as removal.
2. Tighten the camshaft sprocket mounting bolt to the specified torque.



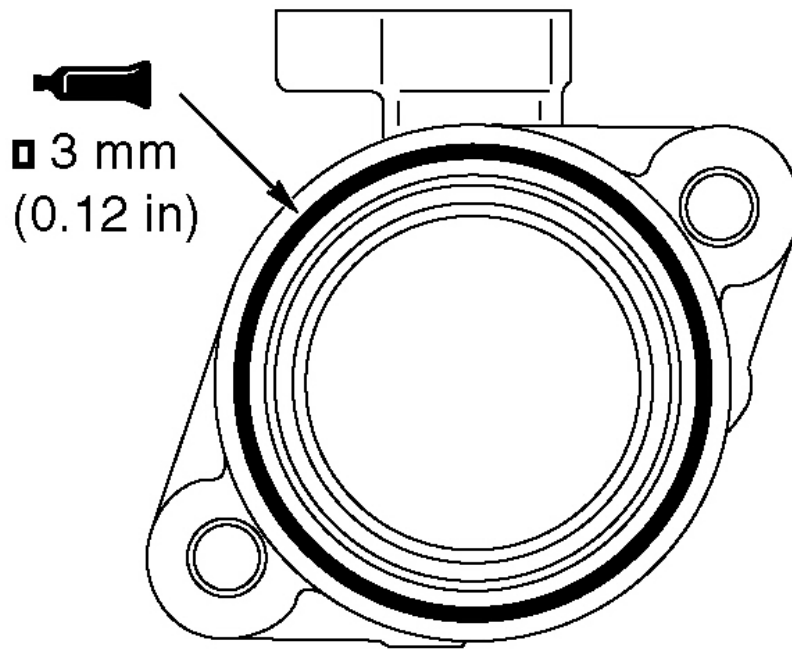
AC102532AB

**Fig. 47: Holding Camshaft Sprocket With Special Tool**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Tightening torque: 89 +/- 9 N.m (65 +/- 7 ft-lb)**

**>>I<< CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR SUPPORT INSTALLATION**

1. Remove sealant from the camshaft position sensor support and cylinder head surfaces.
2. Apply the sealant to the camshaft position sensor support flange in a continuous bead as shown in the illustration.



**AC301268AB**

**Fig. 48: Applying Sealant To Camshaft Position Sensor Support Flange**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

Specified sealant: 3M™ AAD Part No.8672, 8679/8678 or equivalent

**NOTE:** Install the camshaft position sensor support within 15 minutes after applying the sealant.

3. Install the camshaft position sensor support to the cylinder head.

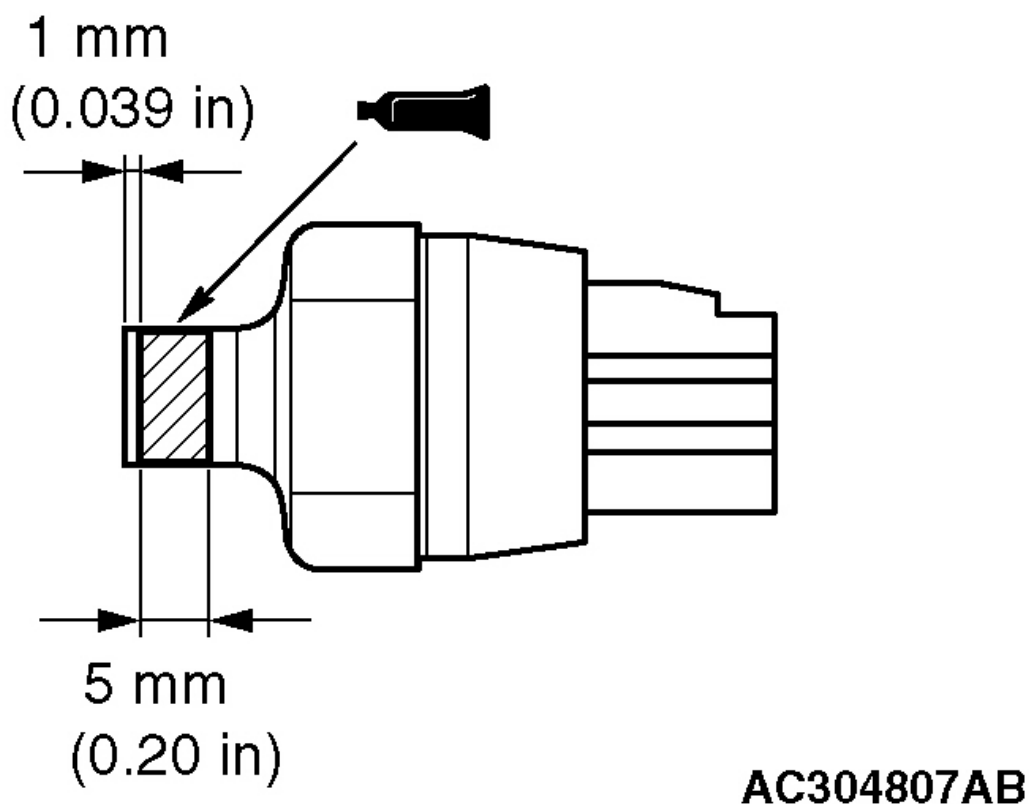
**CAUTION:** Wait at least one hour. Never start the engine or let engine oil or coolant touch the adhesion surface during that time.

4. Tighten the camshaft position sensor support mounting bolts to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque: 14 +/- 1 N.m (120 +/- 13 in-lb)**

#### >>J<< ENGINE OIL PRESSURE SWITCH INSTALLATION

1. Remove sealant from the engine oil pressure switch and cylinder head surfaces.
2. Apply sealant to the thread of the engine oil pressure switch as shown.



**Fig. 49: Applying Sealant To Thread Of Engine Oil Pressure Switch**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

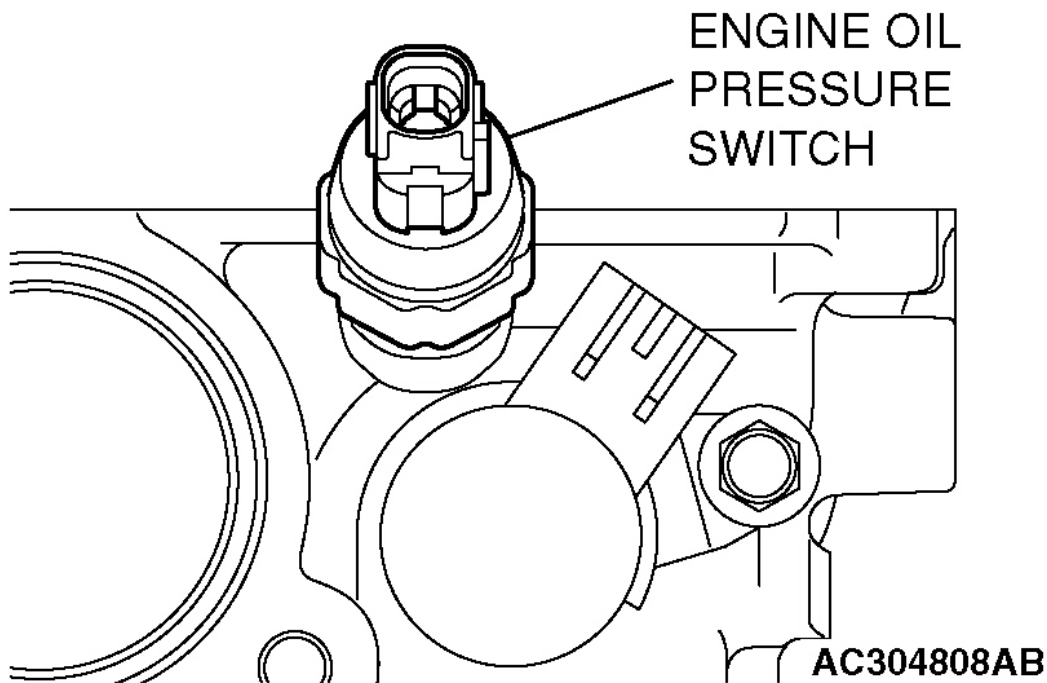
Specified sealant: 3M™ AAD Part No.8672, 8679/8678 or equivalent

**NOTE:** Install the engine oil pressure switch within 15 minutes after applying the sealant.

**CAUTION:** Wait at least one hour. Never start the engine or let engine oil or coolant touch the adhesion surface during that time.

3. Tighten the engine oil pressure switch to the specified torque as shown.





**Fig. 50: Tightening Engine Oil Pressure Switch To Specified Torque**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

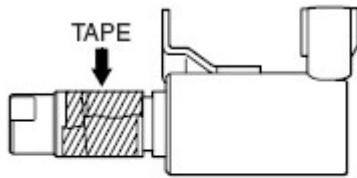
**Tightening torque: 10 +/- 2 N.m (89 +/- 17 in-lb)**

**>>K<< O-RING/ENGINE OIL CONTROL VALVE INSTALLATION**

**CAUTION:**

- **Never re-use the O-ring.**
- **Before installing O-ring, wind the tape with the soft adhesion (sealing tape) around the oil passages cut-out area of engine oil control valve to prevent the damage. If the O-ring is damaged, it can be the cause of oil leak.**

1. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the O-ring and then install it to the engine oil control valve.
2. Assemble the engine oil control valve to the cylinder head.
3. Tighten the engine oil control valve mounting bolt to the specified torque.



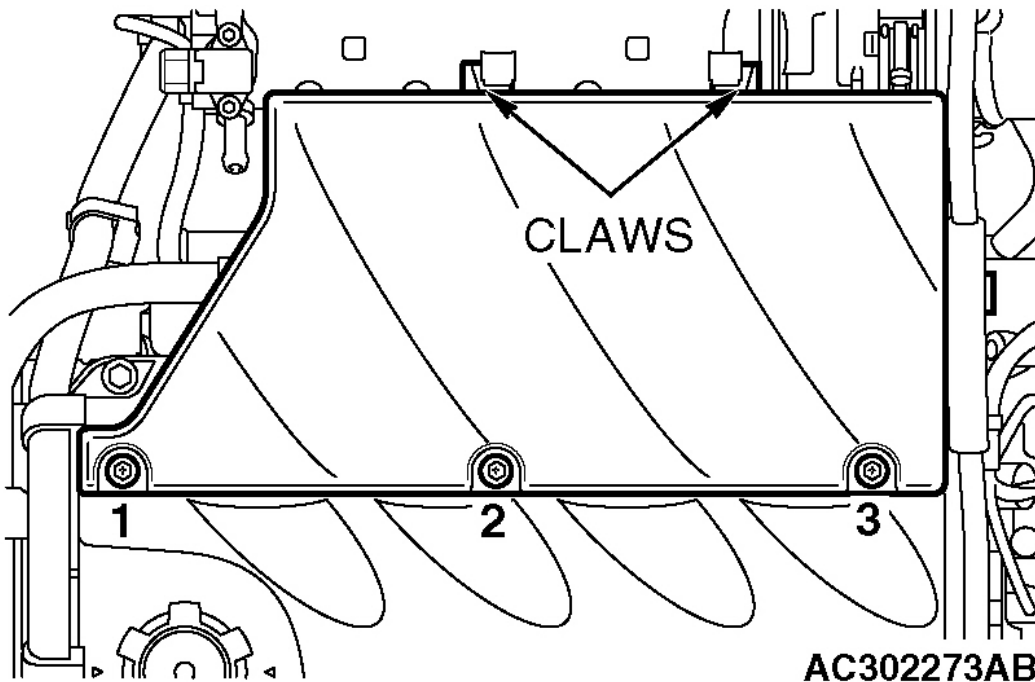
AK303651AD

**Fig. 51: Applying Sealing Tape Around Cut-Out Area Of Control Valve**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Tightening torque: 11 +/- 1 N.m (98 +/- 8 in-lb)**

**>>L<< ENGINE COVER INSTALLATION**

1. Engage the engine cover claws in the engine cover bracket.
2. Finger-tighten the engine cover mounting bolts in the order shown in the figure so that the engine cover can be moved by hand.
3. Tighten the engine cover mounting bolts to the specified torque in the order shown.



**Fig. 52: Tightening Engine Cover Mounting Bolts To Specified Torque**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Tightening torque: 3.0 +/- 0.5 N.m (27 +/- 4 in-lb)**

## OIL PAN

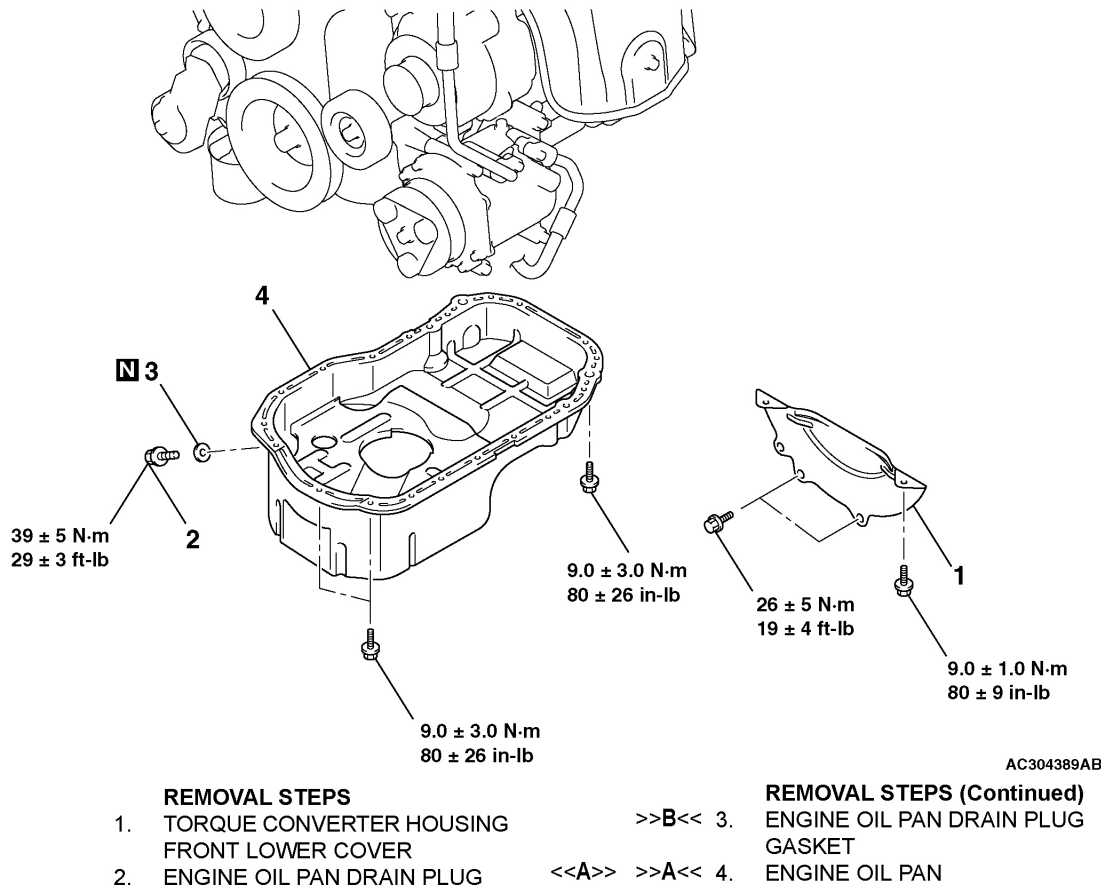
### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

#### Pre-removal Operation

- Under Cover Removal.
- Engine Oil Draining
- Front Exhaust Pipe Removal

#### Post-installation Operation

- Front Exhaust Pipe Installation
- Engine Oil Refilling
- Under Cover Installation.



**Fig. 53: Identifying Oil Pan Components**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

#### Required Special Tool:

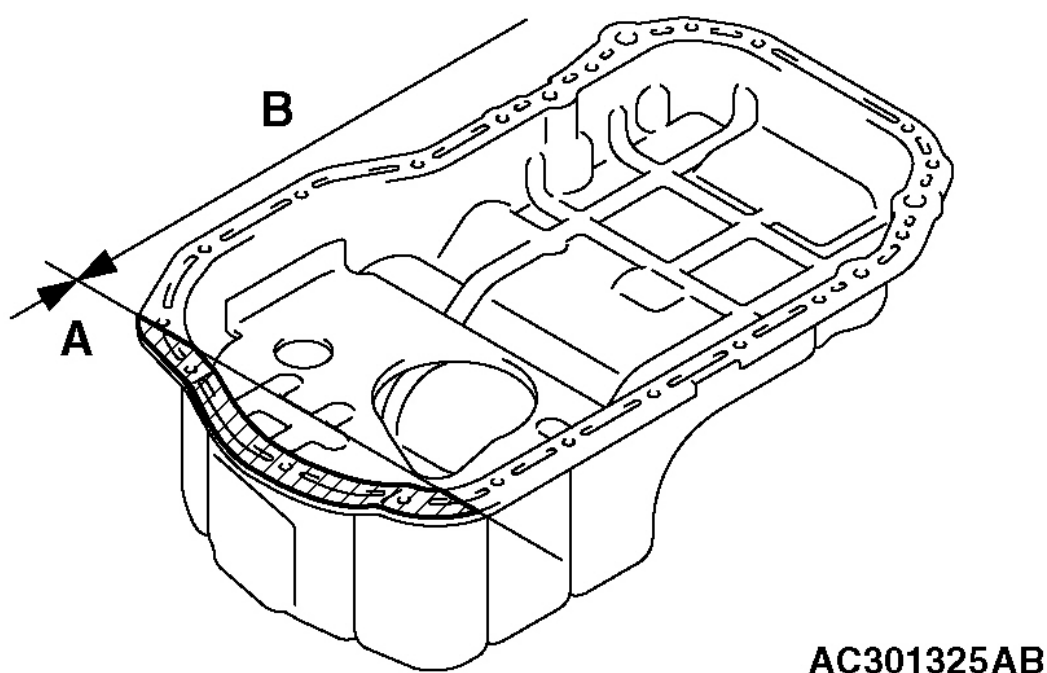
- MD998727: Oil Pan FIPG Cutter

## REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

## &lt;&lt; A &gt;&gt; ENGINE OIL PAN REMOVAL

1. Remove the engine oil pan mounting bolts.

**CAUTION:** Do not use special tool MD998727 in area A of the engine oil pan. Using the special tool in area A may cause deformation of the front case because the front case is made of aluminum.



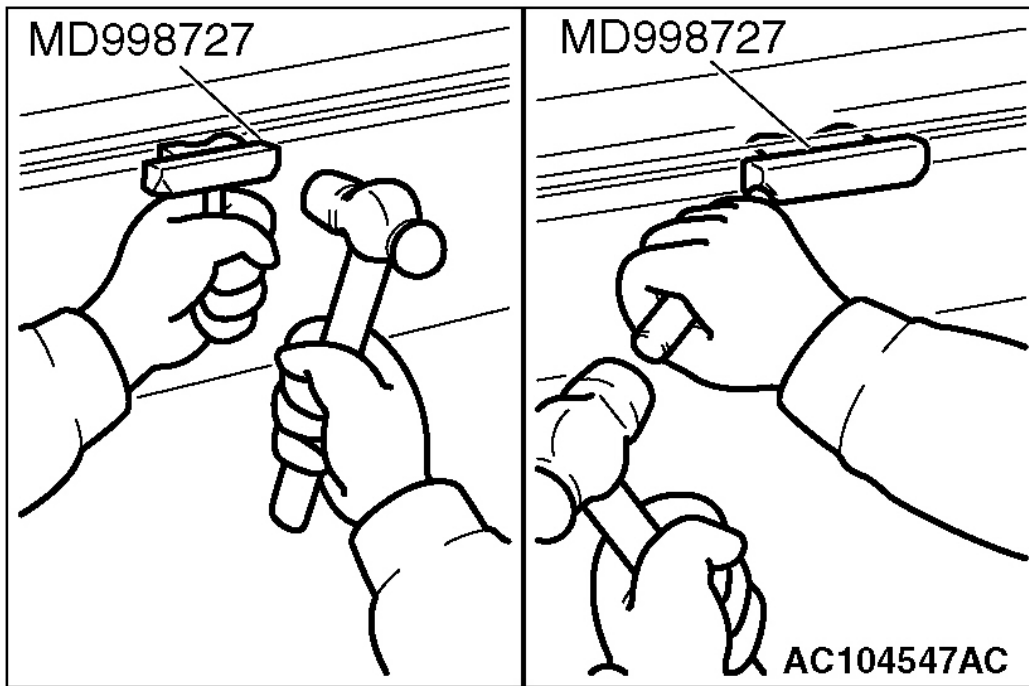
**Fig. 54: Removing Engine Oil Pan**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

2. Tap special tool MD998727 into the range (B) between the cylinder block and the engine oil pan, and then slide the tool sideways.

**NOTE:** If any sounding parts interfere with the removal, there is no need to use special tool MD998727.

3. Remove the engine oil pan.



**Fig. 55: Taping Special Tool MD998727 Into Range (B) Between Cylinder Block And Engine Oil Pan**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

## INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

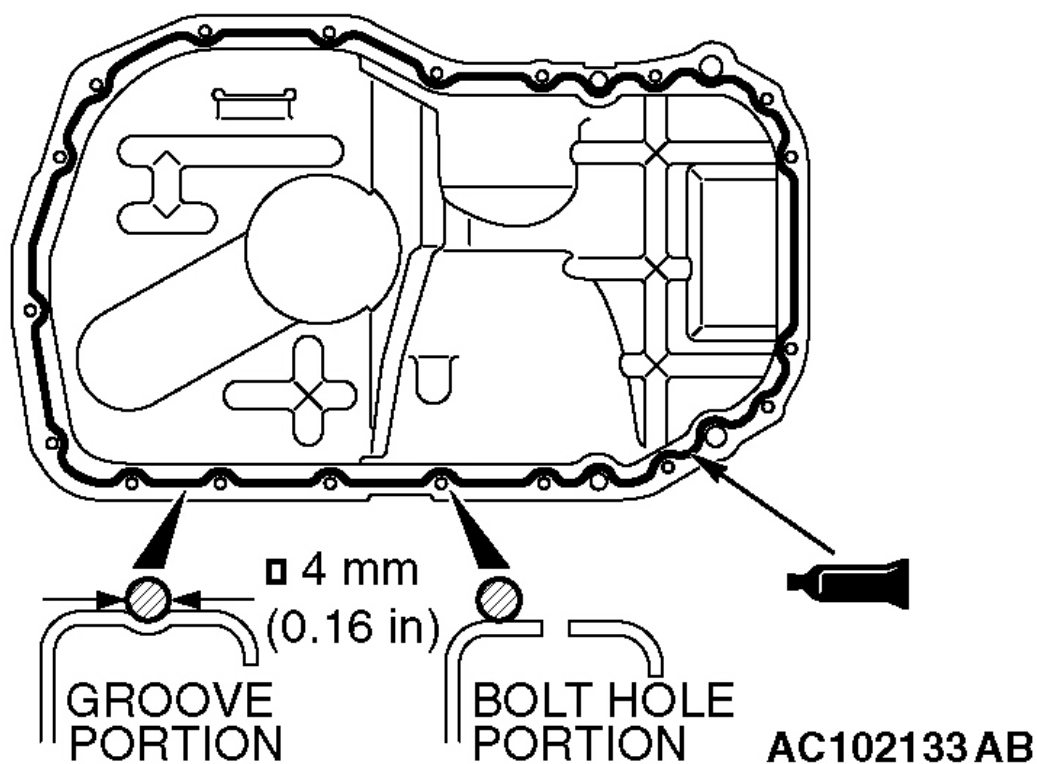
### >>A<< ENGINE OIL PAN INSTALLATION

1. Remove sealant from the engine oil pan, front case and cylinder block surfaces.
2. Apply a bead of the sealant to the cylinder block mating surface of the engine oil pan as shown.

**Specified sealant: 3M™ AAD Part No.8672, 8704, 8679/8678 or equivalent**

**NOTE: Install the engine oil pan within 15 minutes after applying sealant.**

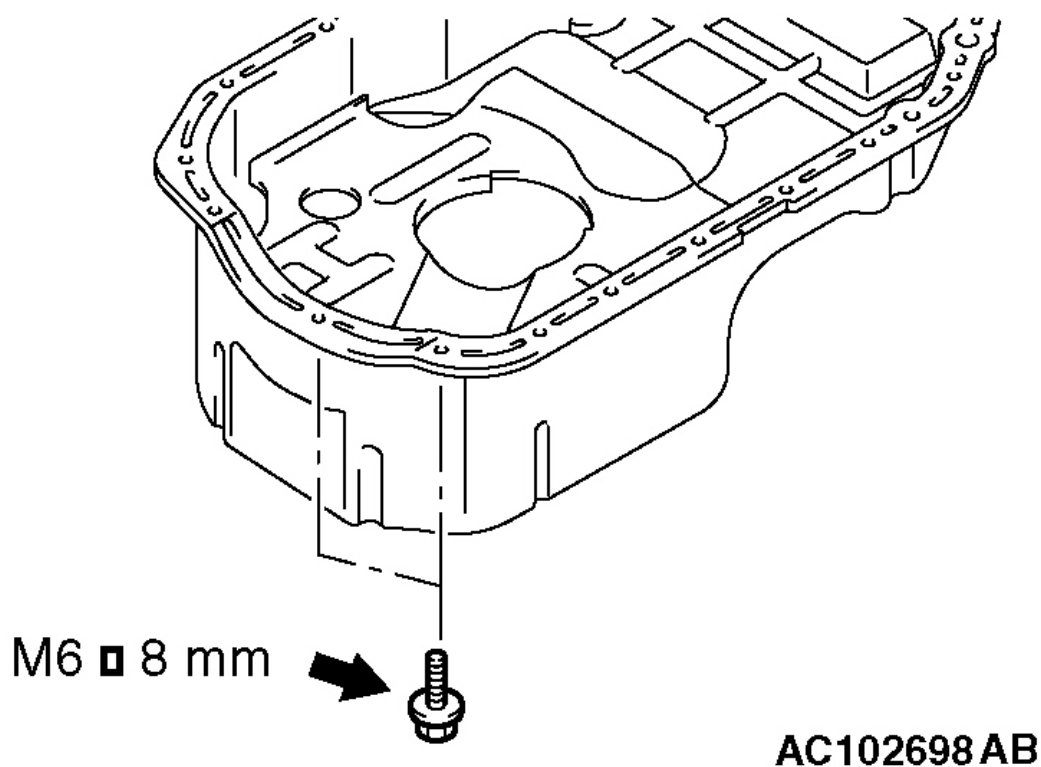
3. Assemble the engine oil pan to the cylinder block.



**Fig. 56: Applying Bead Of Sealant To Cylinder Block Mating Surface Of Engine Oil Pan**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**CAUTION:** Wait at least one hour. Never start the engine or let engine oil or coolant touch the sealant surface during that time.

4. Tighten the engine oil pan mounting bolts to the specified torque. Be careful when installing, as the bolts indicated in the illustration have different lengths from the other bolts.

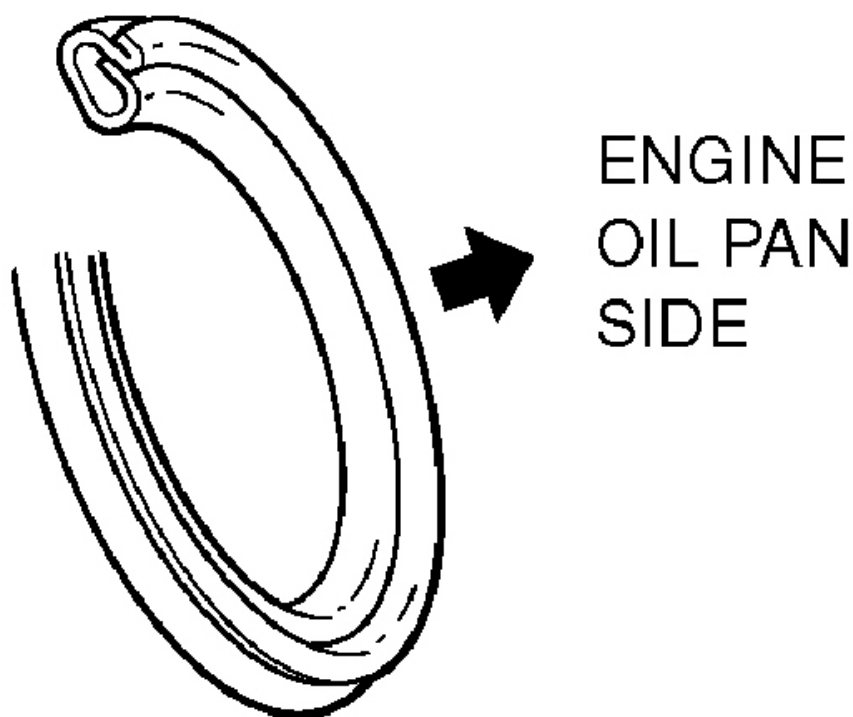


**Fig. 57: Tightening Engine Oil Pan Mounting Bolts To Specified Torque**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Tightening torque: 9.0 +/- 3.0 N.m (80 +/- 26 in-lb)**

**>>B<< ENGINE OIL PAN DRAIN PLUG GASKET INSTALLATION**

Replace the gasket with a new gasket. Install the new gasket in the direction shown in the illustration.



**AC102325 AE**

**Fig. 58: Installing Engine Oil Pan Drain Plug Gasket**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

#### **INSPECTION**

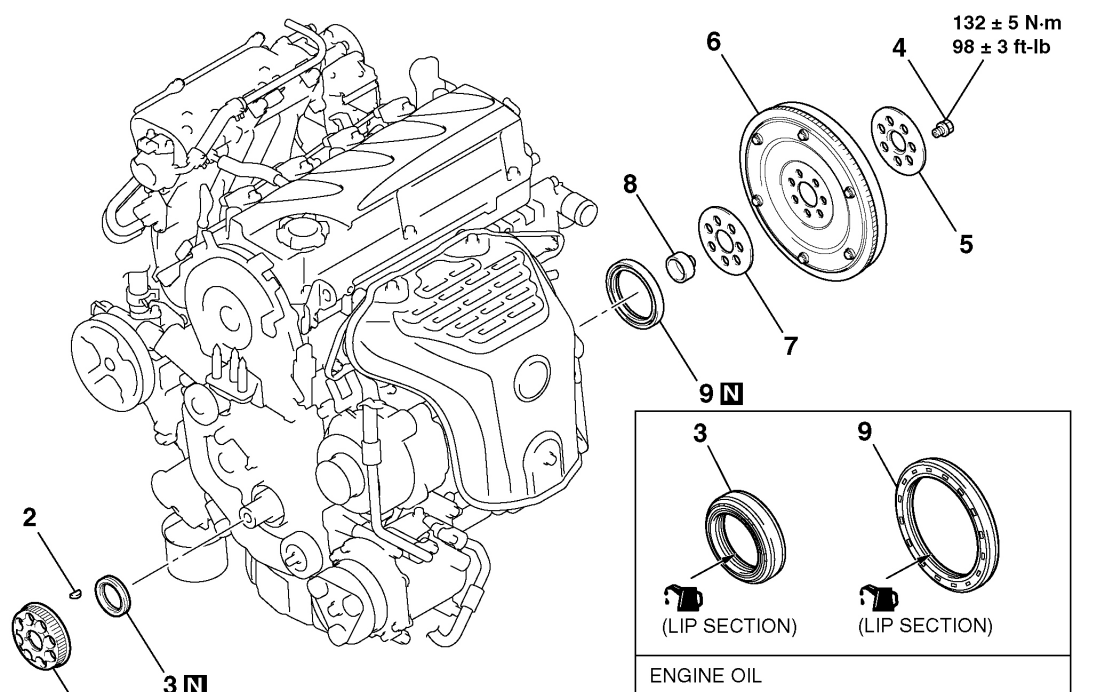
- Check the oil pan for cracks.
- Check the oil pan sealant-coated surface for damage and deformation.

#### **CRANKSHAFT OIL SEAL**

#### **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**

< M/T >





AC308698AB

### CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL REMOVAL STEPS

- VALVE TIMING BELT AND BALANCER TIMING BELT <<A>>
- >>D<< 1. CRANKSHAFT BALANCER SHAFT DRIVE SPROCKET <<B>> >>B<<
- 2. CRANKSHAFT KEY
- >>C<< 3. CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL >>A<<

### CRANKSHAFT REAR OIL SEAL REMOVAL STEPS

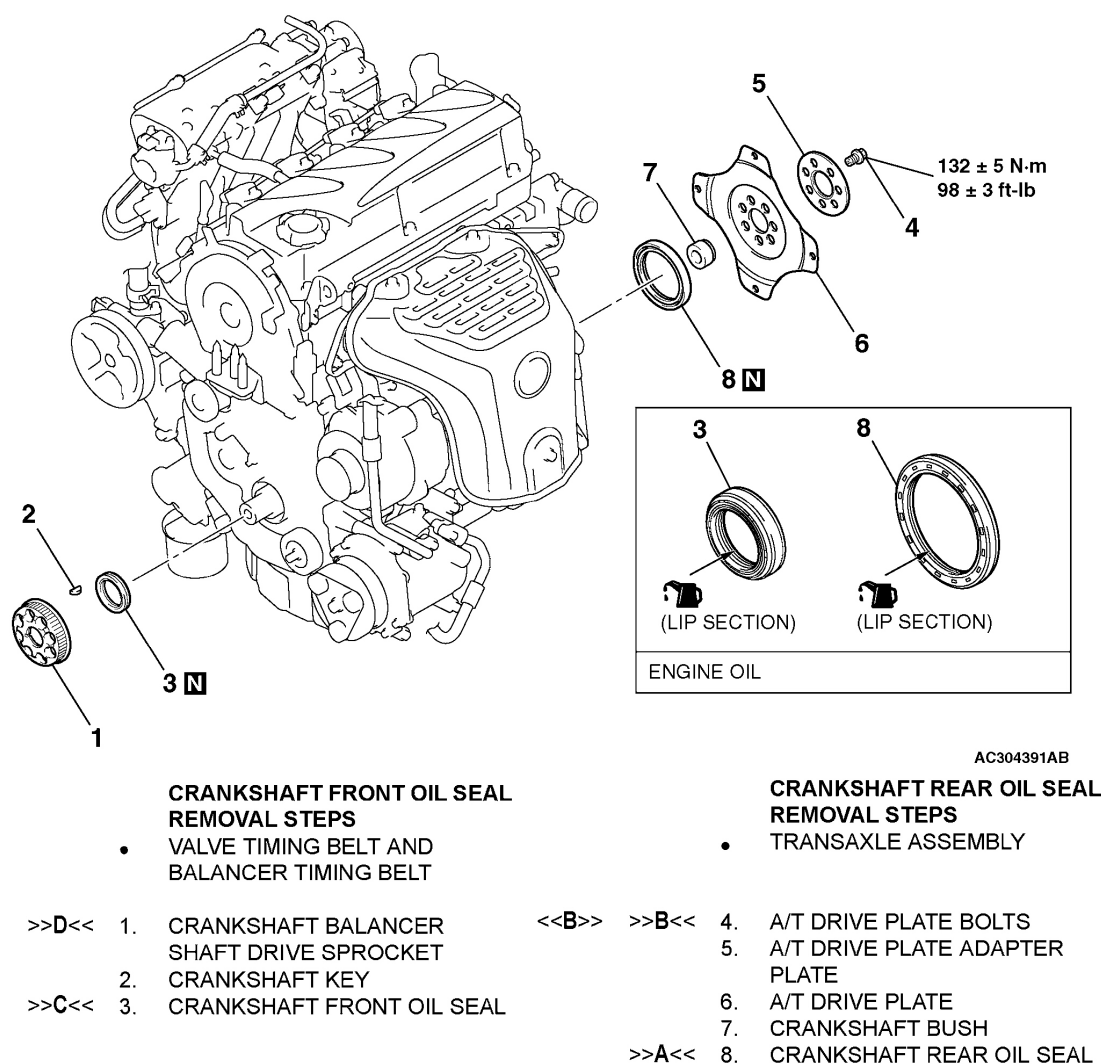
- TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY
- 4. FLYWHEEL BOLTS
- 5. FLYWHEEL ADAPTER PLATE
- 6. FLYWHEEL ASSEMBLY
- 7. FLYWHEEL ADAPTER PLATE
- 8. CRANKSHAFT BUSH
- 9. CRANKSHAFT REAR OIL SEAL

**Fig. 59: Identifying Crankshaft Oil Seal Components - M/T**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

### Required Special Tools:

- MB990938: Installer Bar
- MD998285: Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Guide
- MD998375: Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Installer
- MD998776: Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Installer
- MD998781: Flywheel Stopper

< A/T >



**Fig. 60: Identifying Crankshaft Oil Seal Components - A/T**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

### Required Special Tools:

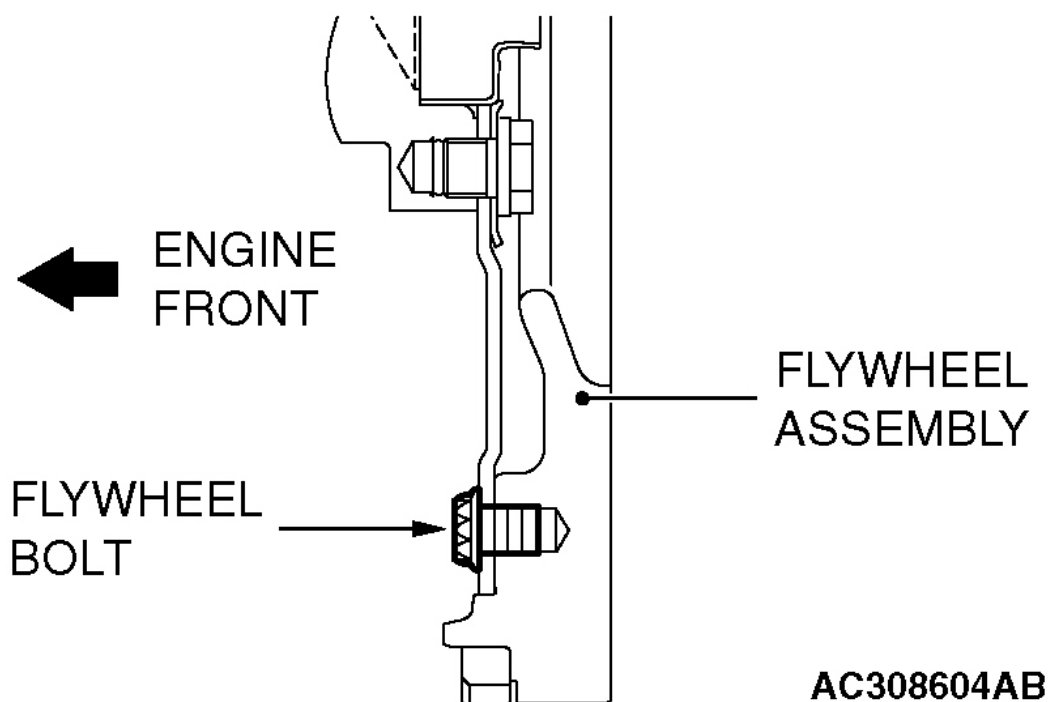
- MB990938: Installer Bar
- MD998285: Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Guide
- MD998375: Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Installer
- MD998776: Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Installer
- MD998781: Flywheel Stopper

### REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

#### << A >> TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

**CAUTION:** Do not remove the flywheel bolt shown by the arrow. If this bolt is removed, the flywheel assembly will become out of balance and damaged.

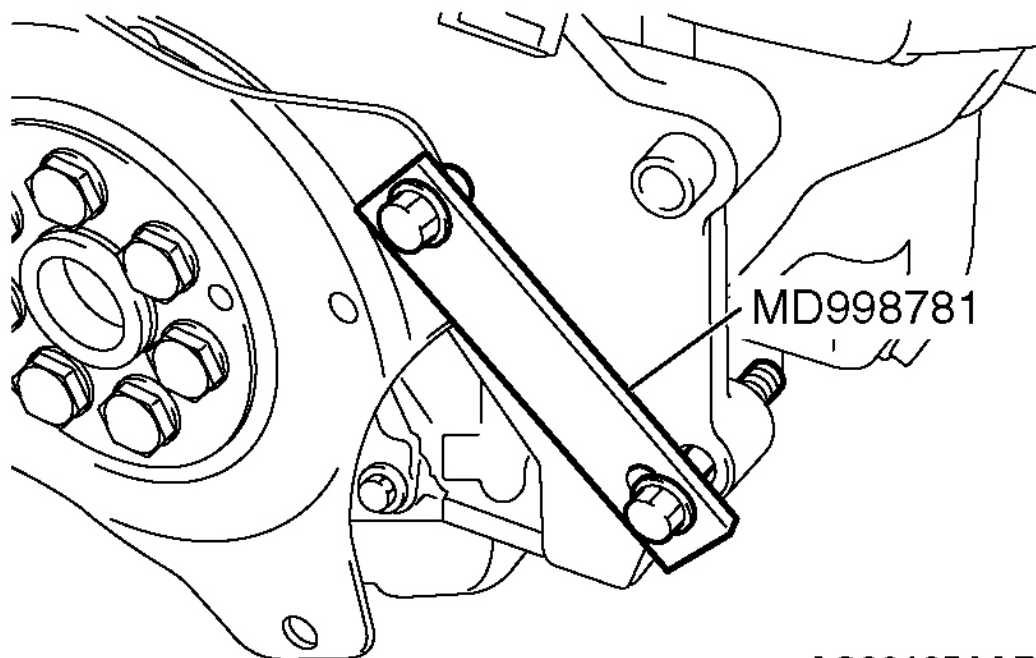
Refer to , TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY .



**Fig. 61: Precaution Do Not Remove Flywheel Bolt Shown By Arrow**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**<< B >> FLYWHEEL BOLTS/A/T DRIVE PLATE BOLTS REMOVAL**

1. Use special tool MD998781 to secure the flywheel assembly or A/T drive plate.
2. Remove the flywheel bolts or A/T drive plate bolts.



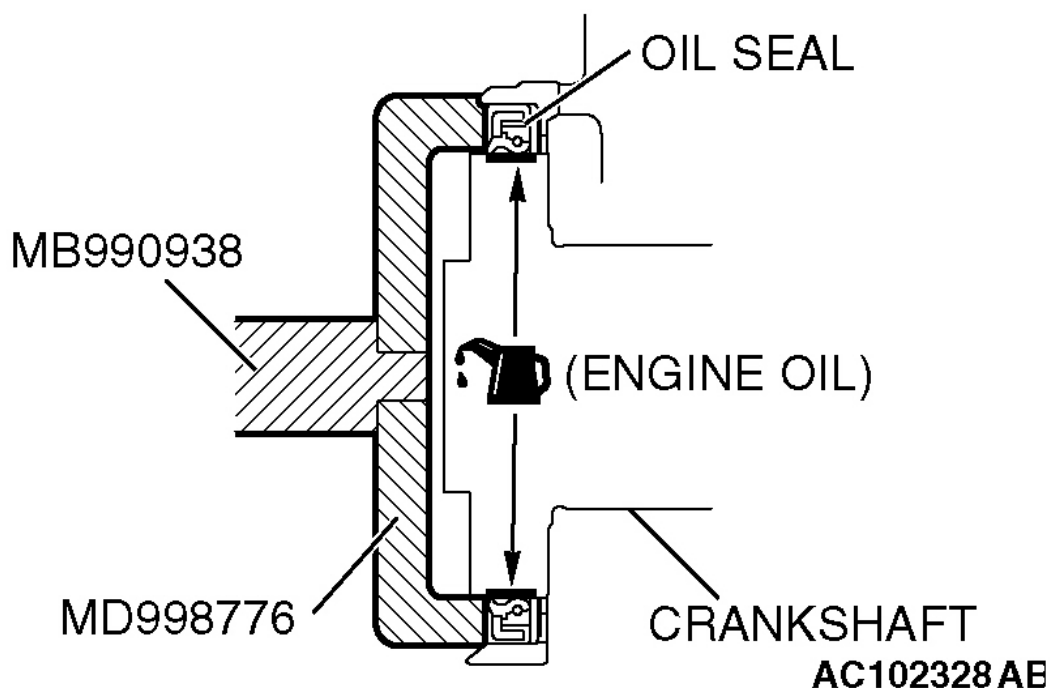
AC301854AB

**Fig. 62: Removing Flywheel Bolts Or A/T Drive Plate Bolts**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

#### INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

##### >>A<< CRANKSHAFT REAR OIL SEAL INSTALLATION

1. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the entire inner diameter of the oil seal lip.
2. Use special tools MB990938 and MD998776 to press-fit the oil seal.

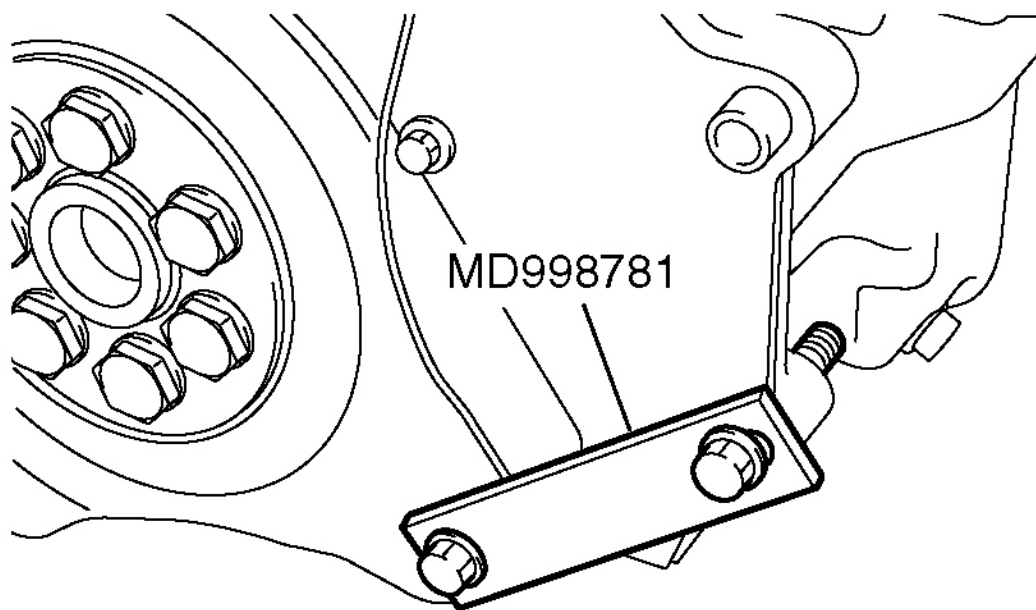


**Fig. 63: Applying Small Amount Of Engine Oil To Entire Inner Diameter Of Oil Seal Lip**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>B<< FLYWHEEL BOLTS/A/T DRIVE PLATE BOLTS INSTALLATION**

1. Use special tool MD998781 to secure the flywheel assembly or A/T drive plate in the same manner as removal.
2. Tighten the flywheel bolts or A/T drive plate bolts to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque: 132 +/- 5 N.m (98 +/- 3 ft-lb)**

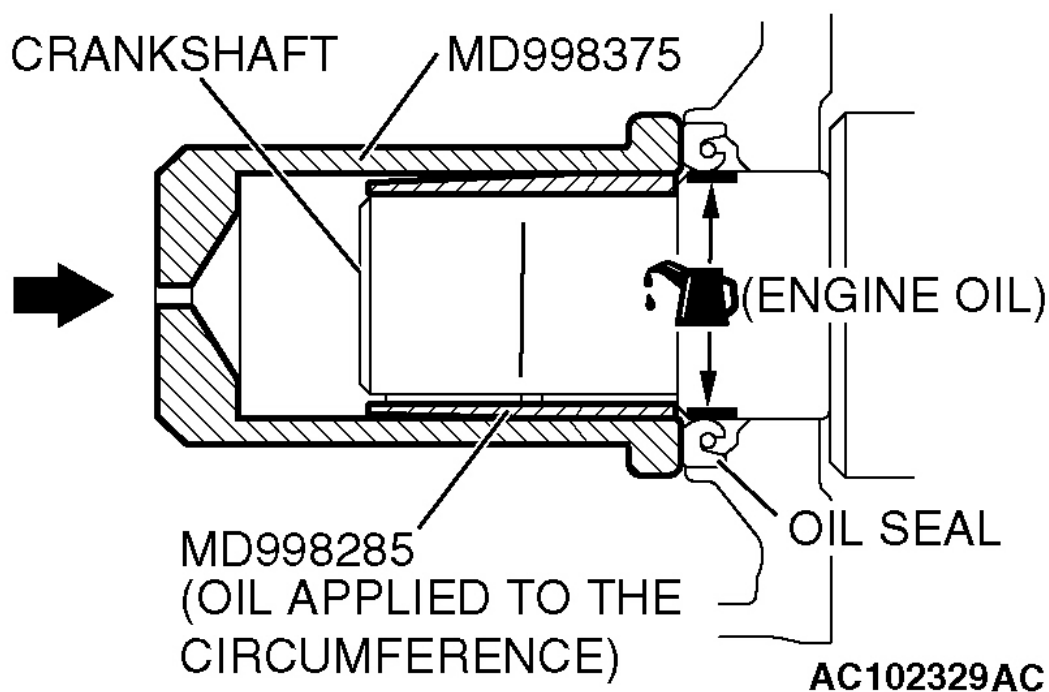


**AC301855AB**

**Fig. 64: Securing Flywheel Assembly Or A/T Drive Plate Using Special Tool MD998781**  
**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

**>>C<< CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL INSTALLATION**

1. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the outer diameter of special tool MD998285 and install it to the crankshaft.
2. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the entire inner diameter of the oil seal lip.
3. Use special tool MD998375 to press-fit the oil seal.



**Fig. 65: Applying Small Amount Of Engine Oil To Entire Inner Diameter Of Oil Seal Lip**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

>>D<< CRANKSHAFT BALANCER SHAFT DRIVE SPROCKET INSTALLATION

1. Clean or degrease the front case, the crankshaft and the crankshaft balancer shaft drive sprocket as shown.

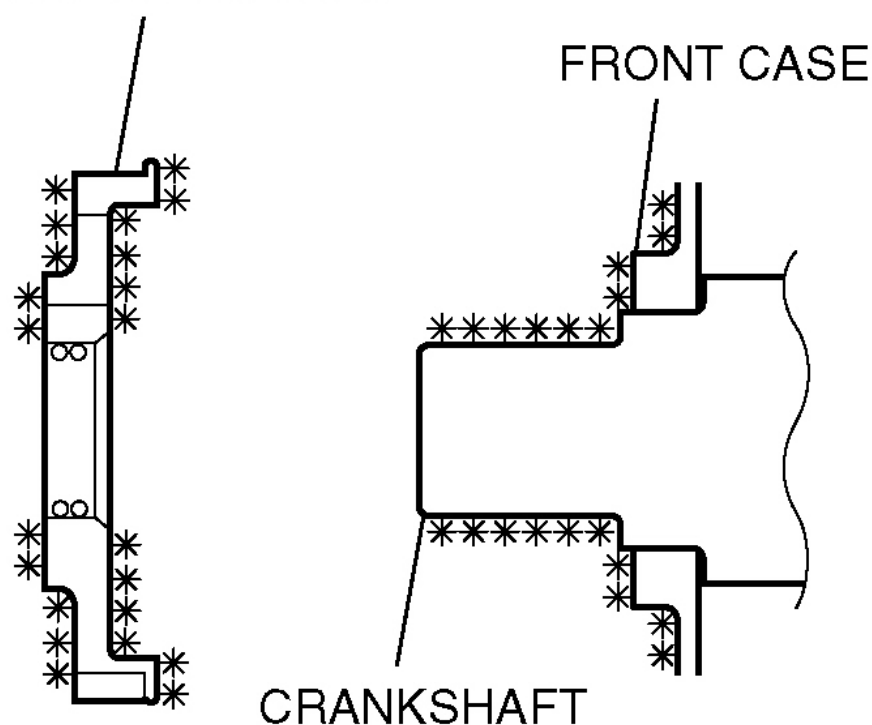
**NOTE:** Also clean the degreased surfaces.

2. Install the crankshaft balancer shaft drive sprocket in the direction shown in the illustration.

○ : CLEAN

\* : CLEAN AND DEGREASE

CRANKSHAFT  
BALANCERSHAFT  
DRIVE SPROCKET



← ENGINE FRONT

AC301346AB

**Fig. 66: Installing Crankshaft Balancer Shaft Drive Sprocket**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.



# CYLINDER HEAD GASKET

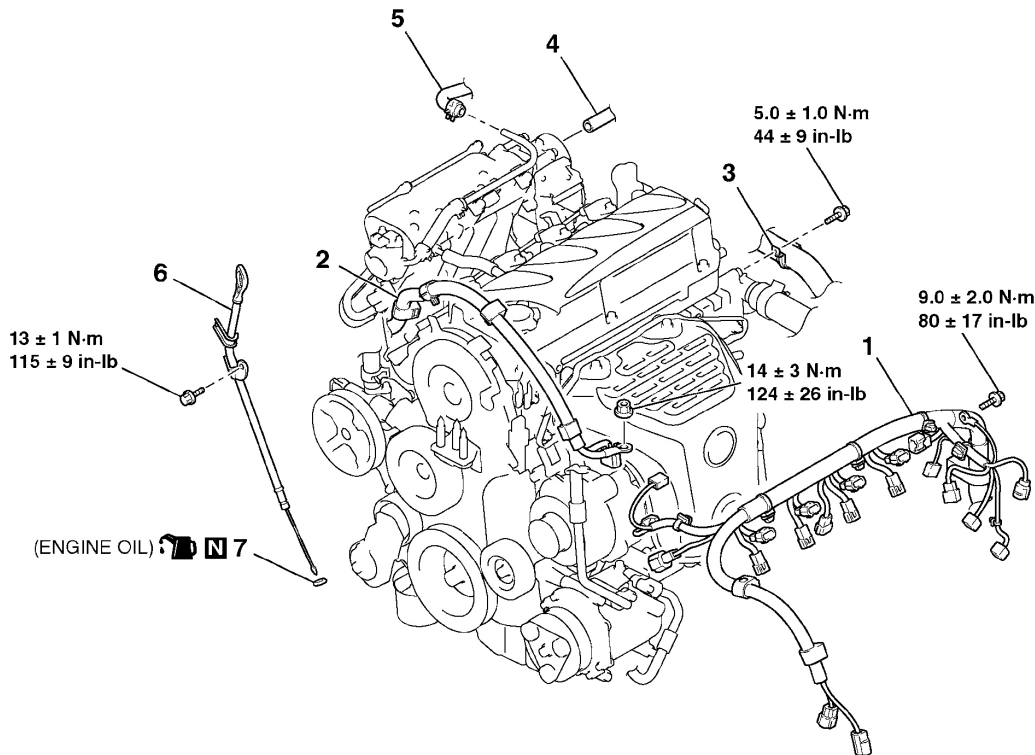
## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

### Pre-removal Operation

- Fuel Line Pressure Reduction
- Engine Coolant Draining
- Strut Tower Bar Removal
- Engine Cover Removal
- Air Cleaner Removal
- Accelerator Cable Removal

### Post-installation Operation

- Accelerator Cable Installation
- Air Cleaner Installation
- Engine Cover Installation
- Strut Tower Bar Installation
- Engine Coolant Refilling
- Accelerator Cable Adjustment
- Fuel Leak Check



AC308132AB

### REMOVAL STEPS

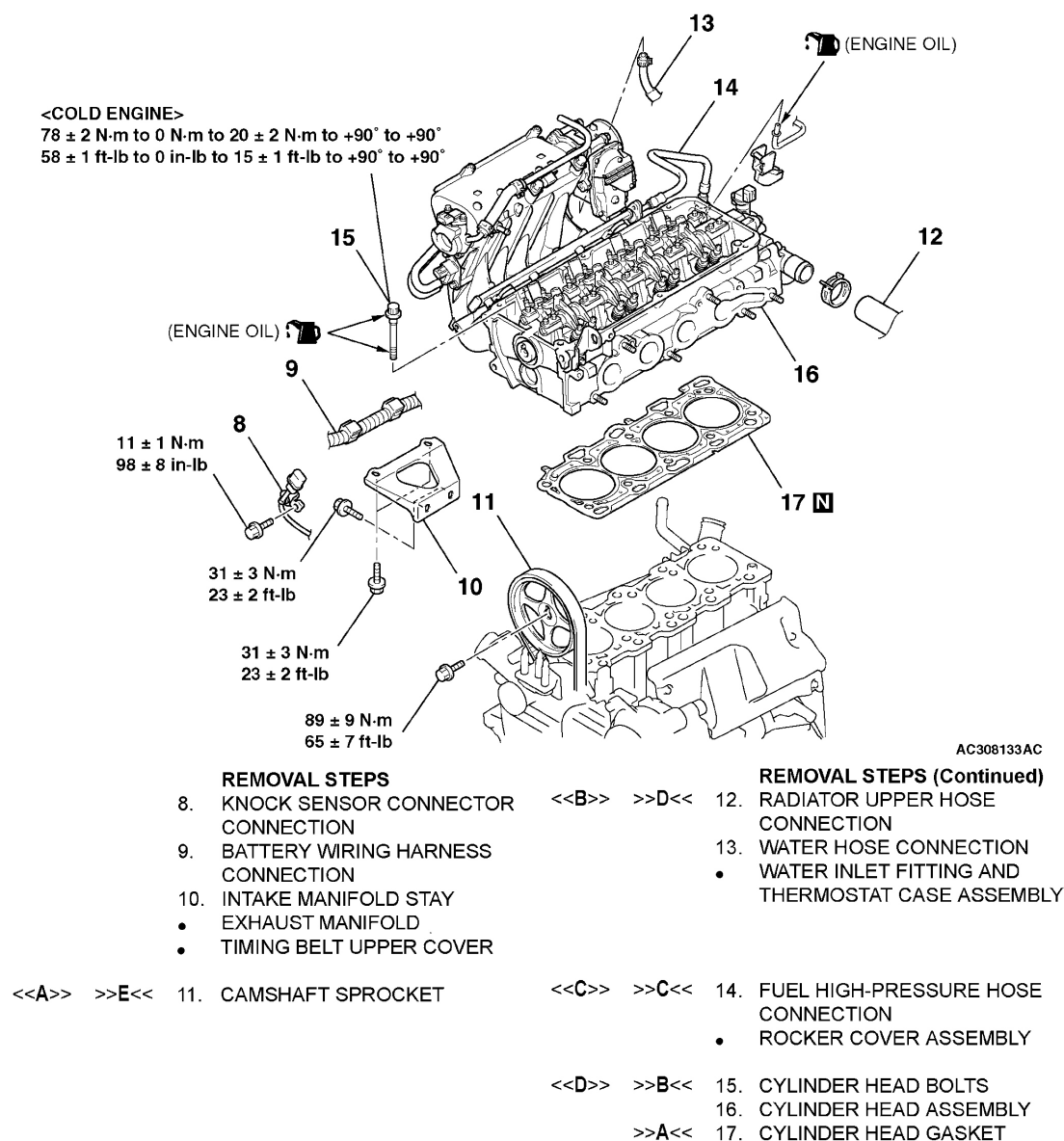
1. CONTROL WIRING HARNESS CONNECTION
2. BATTERY WIRING HARNESS CONNECTION
3. RADIATOR LOWER HOSE CLAMP

### REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

4. EVAPORATIVE EMISSION VACUUM HOSE CONNECTION
5. BRAKE BOOSTER VACUUM HOSE CONNECTION
6. ENGINE OIL DIPSTICK AND DIPSTICK GUIDE
7. O-RING

**Fig. 67: Identifying Cylinder Head Gasket Components (1 Of 2)**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.



**Fig. 68: Identifying Cylinder Head Gasket Components (2 Of 2)**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

### Required Special Tools:

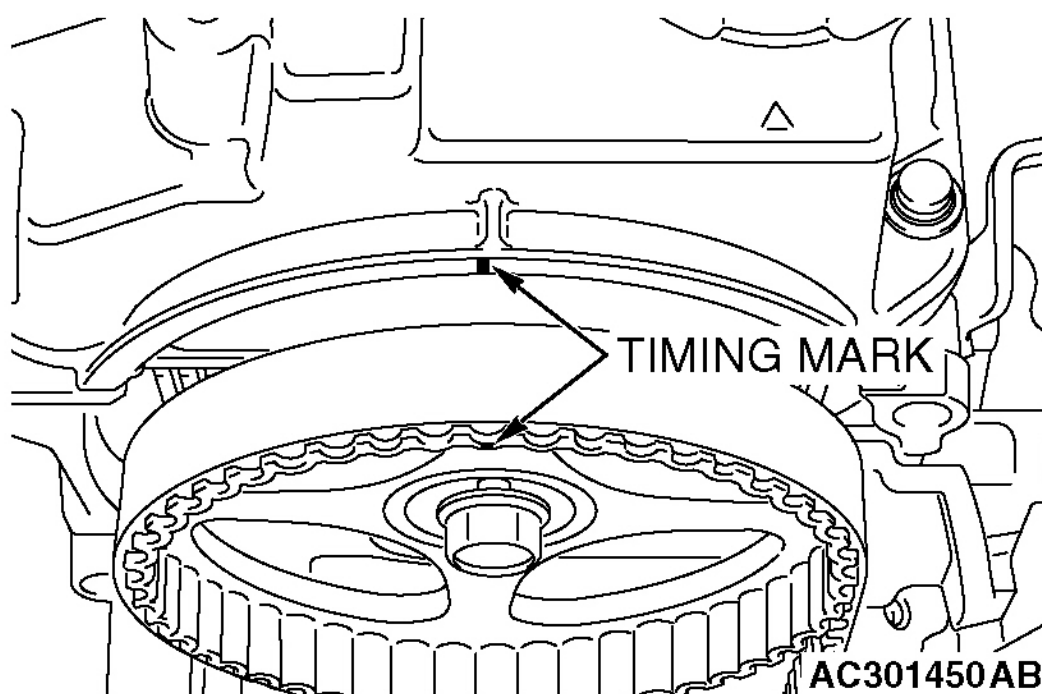
- MB990767: Front Hub and Flange Yoke Holder
- MB991654: Cylinder Head Bolt Wrench (12)
- MD998719: Pin
- MD998738: Adjusting Bolt

### REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

## &lt;&lt; A &gt;&gt; CAMSHAFT SPROCKET REMOVAL

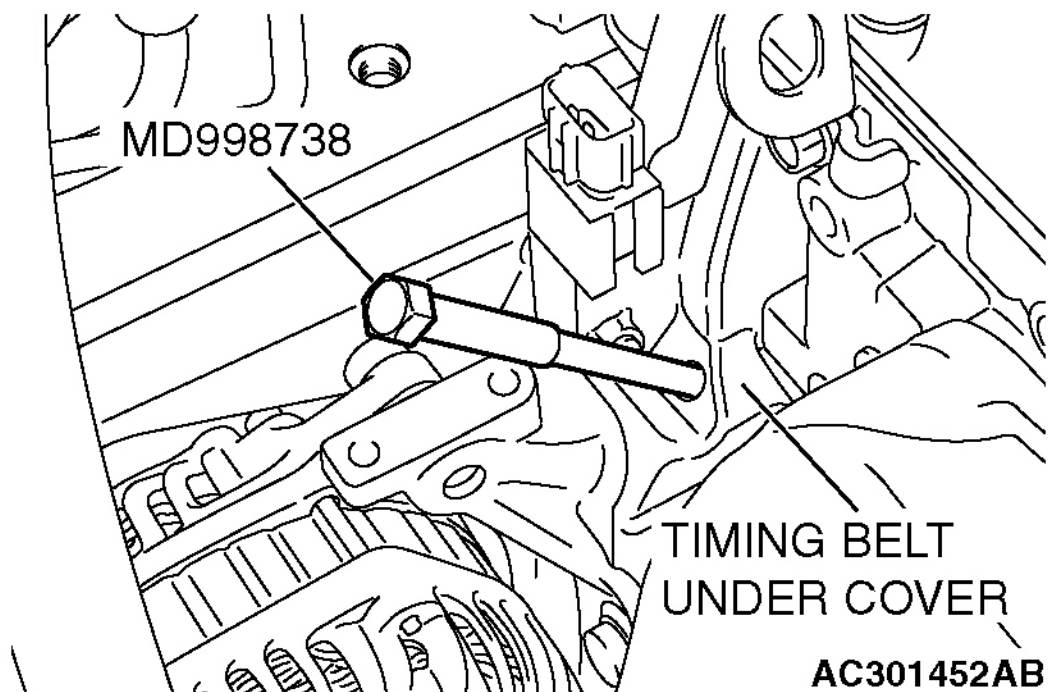
**CAUTION:** Never turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.

1. Turn the crankshaft clockwise, align the timing marks on the camshaft sprocket to set number 1 cylinder to TDC of its compression stroke.



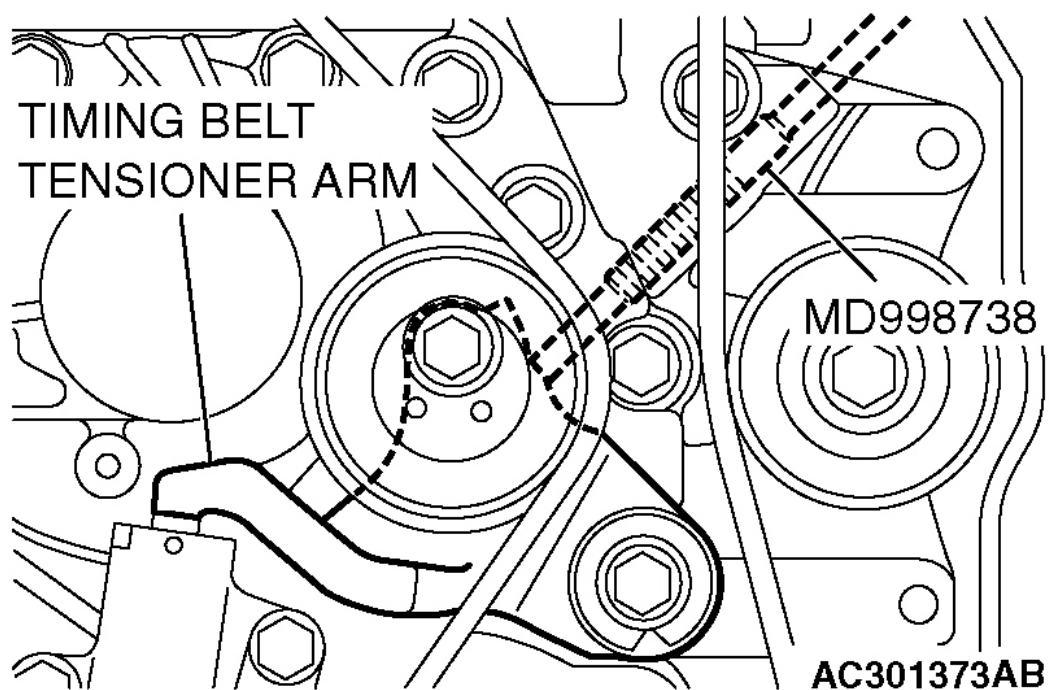
**Fig. 69: Aligning Timing Marks On Camshaft Sprocket**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

2. Remove the timing belt under cover rubber plug and then set special tool MD998738.



**Fig. 70: Identifying Timing Belt Under Cover And Special Tool MD998738**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

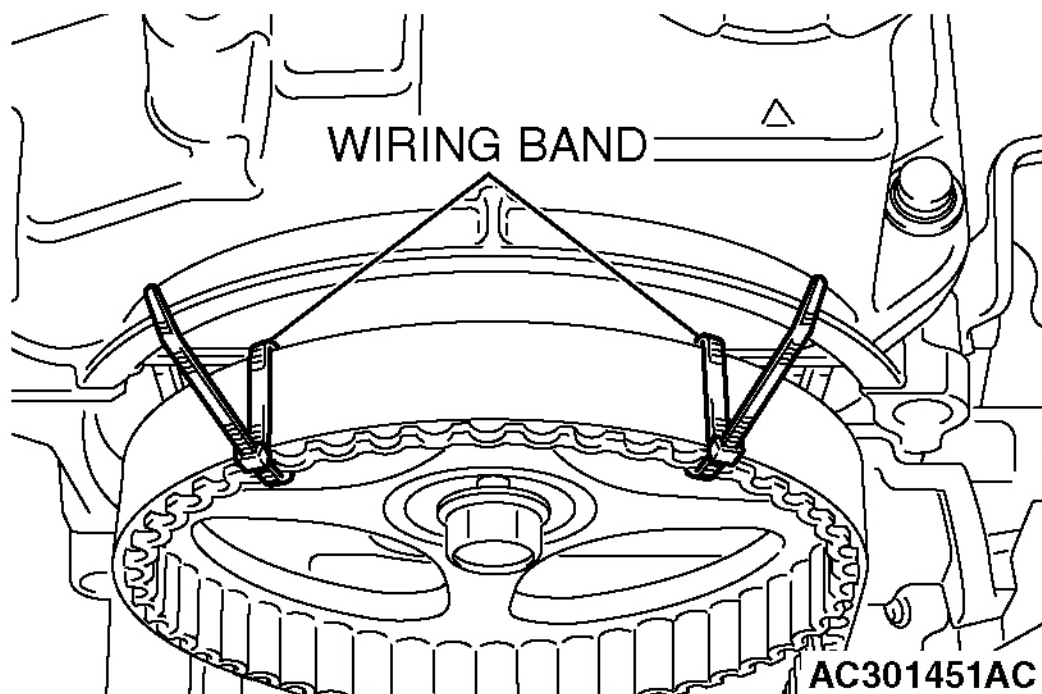
3. Screw in special tool MD998738 until it contacts the timing belt tensioner arm.



**Fig. 71: Screwing In Special Tool Md998738**

**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

4. Secure the camshaft sprocket and valve timing belt with wiring bands and so on to prevent slippage between the camshaft sprocket and valve timing belt.

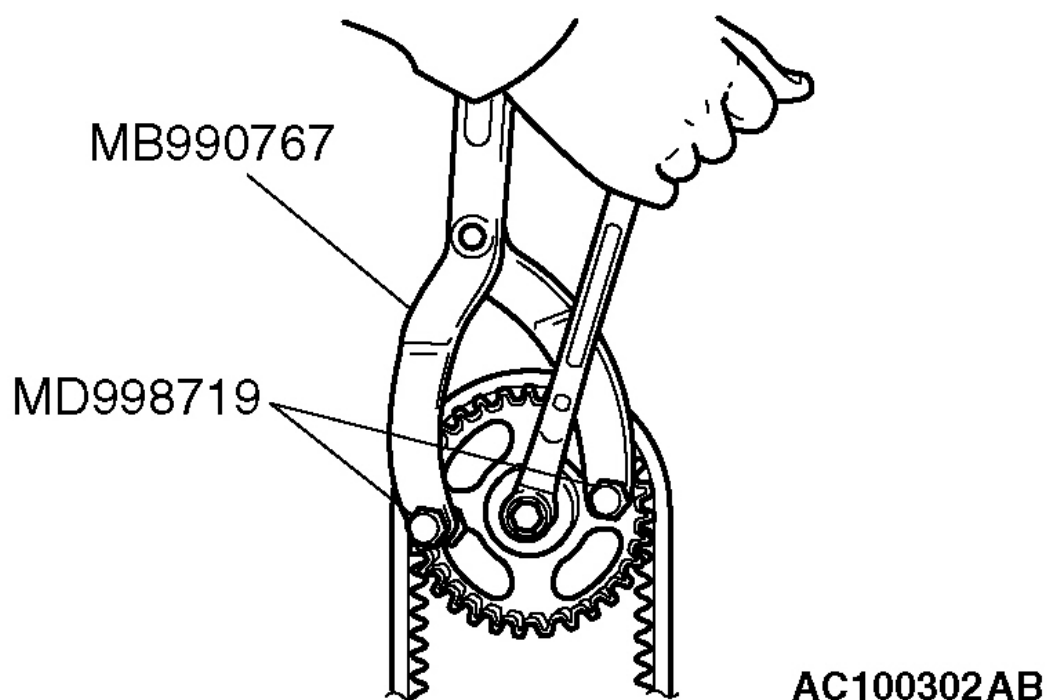


**Fig. 72: Securing Camshaft Sprocket And Valve Timing Belt With Wiring Bands**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

5. Hold the camshaft sprocket with special tools MB990767 and MD998719.

**CAUTION: Do not rotate the crankshaft after camshaft sprocket removal.**

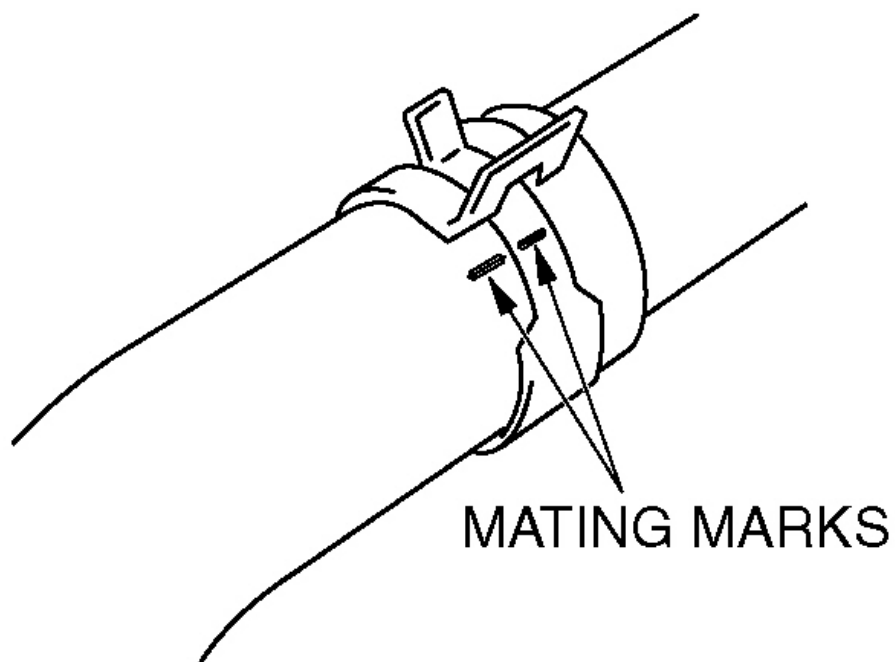
6. Remove the camshaft sprocket with the valve timing belt and place it on the timing belt lower cover.



**Fig. 73: Holding Camshaft Sprocket With Special Tools**  
**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

**<< B >> RADIATOR UPPER HOSE DISCONNECTION**

Make mating marks on the radiator upper hose and the hose clamp. Disconnect the radiator upper hose.



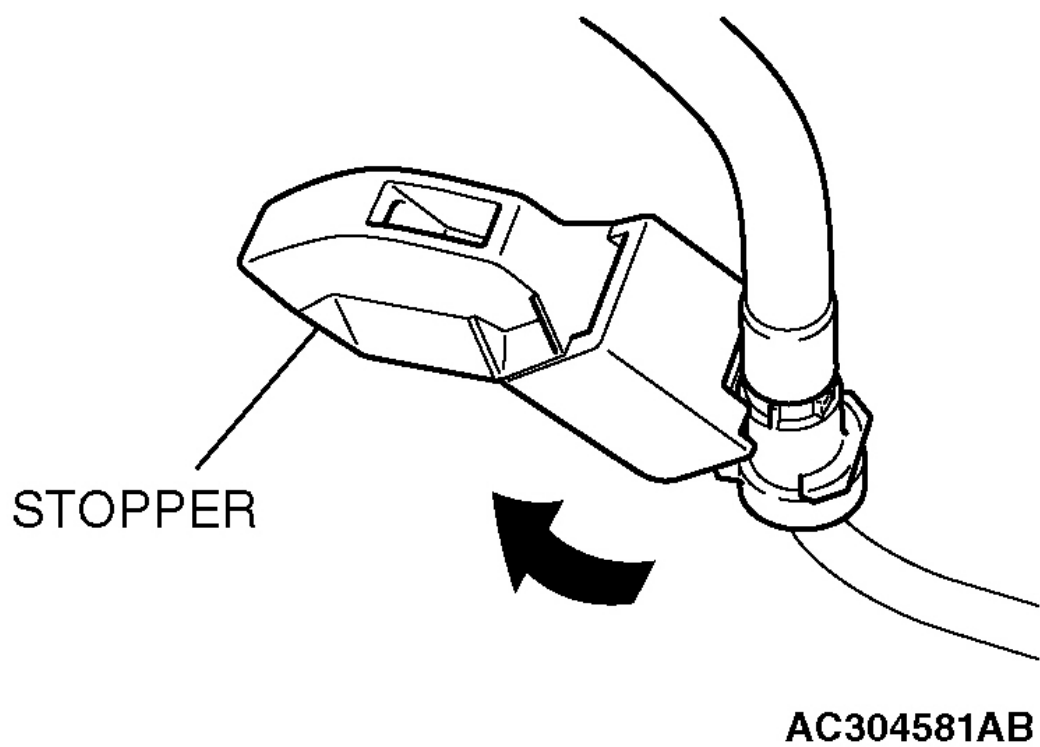
AC200641AB

**Fig. 74: Aligning Mating Marks On Radiator Hose**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**<< C >> FUEL HIGH-PRESSURE HOSE REMOVAL**

1. Remove the fuel high-pressure hose stopper.

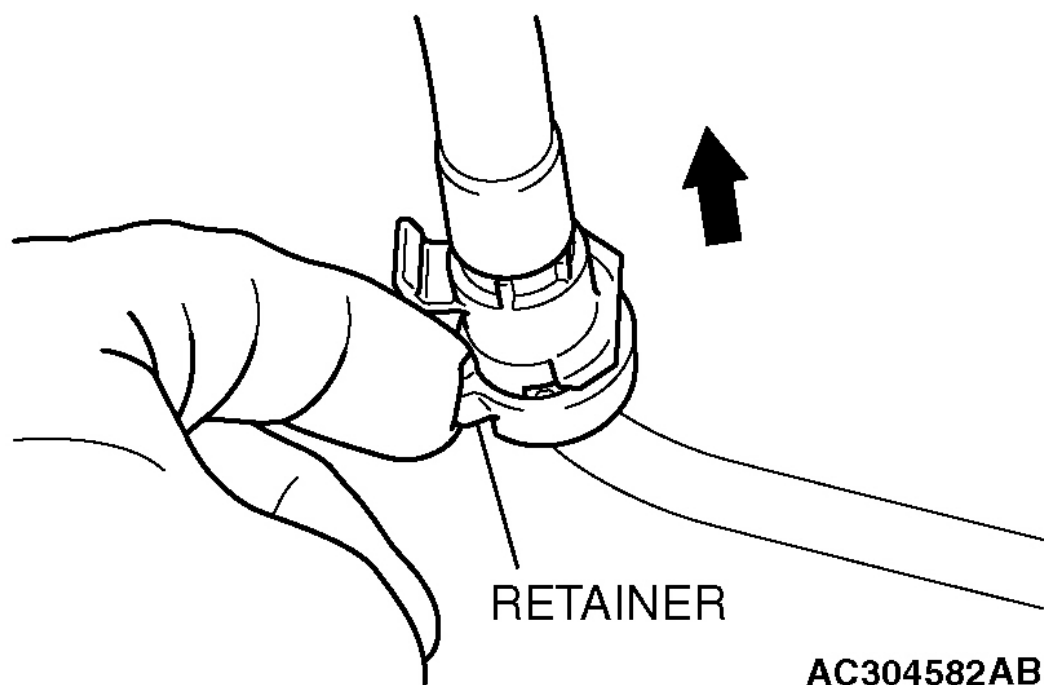




**Fig. 75: Identifying Fuel High-Pressure Hose Stopper**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

2. Remove the fuel high-pressure hose in the direction shown in the figure while the retainer is pulled up.

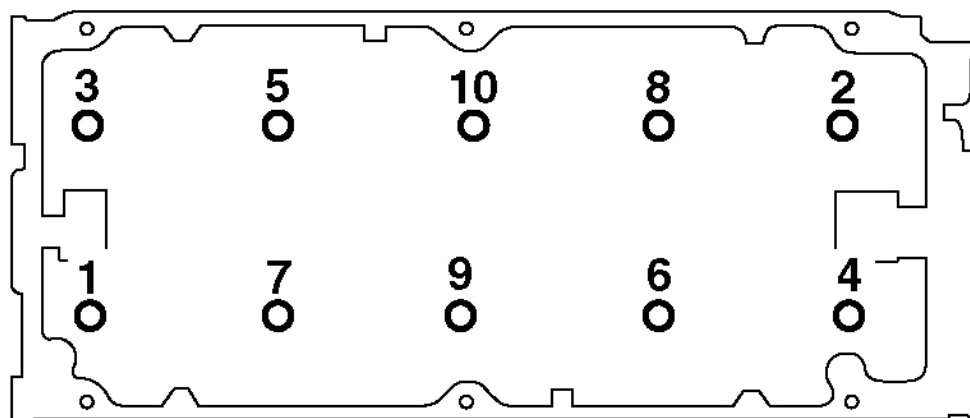
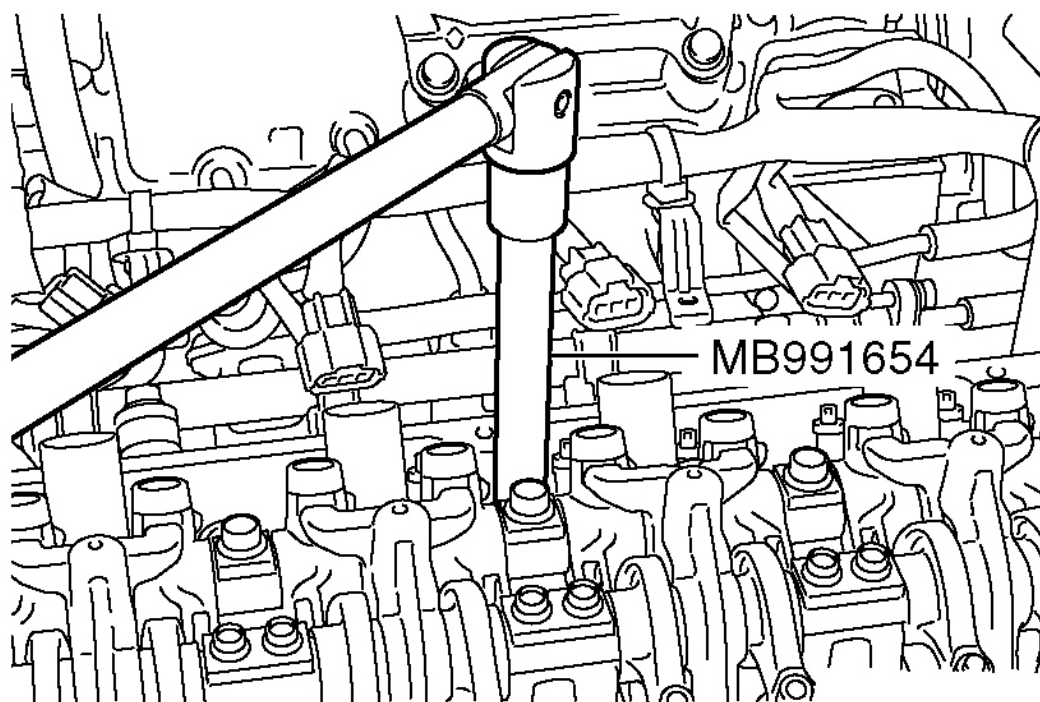
**NOTE:** If the retainer is released, install in after removing the fuel high-pressure hose.



**Fig. 76: Pulling Up Retainer And Removing Fuel High-Pressure Hose**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

#### << D >> CYLINDER HEAD BOLTS REMOVAL

Use special tool MB991654 to loosen the cylinder head bolts in two or three steps in the order of the numbers shown in the illustration. If the cylinder head bolts cannot be pulled out due to the washer being trapped in the valve spring, raise the bolt slightly, then remove it while holding it by using a magnet.



AC301454AB

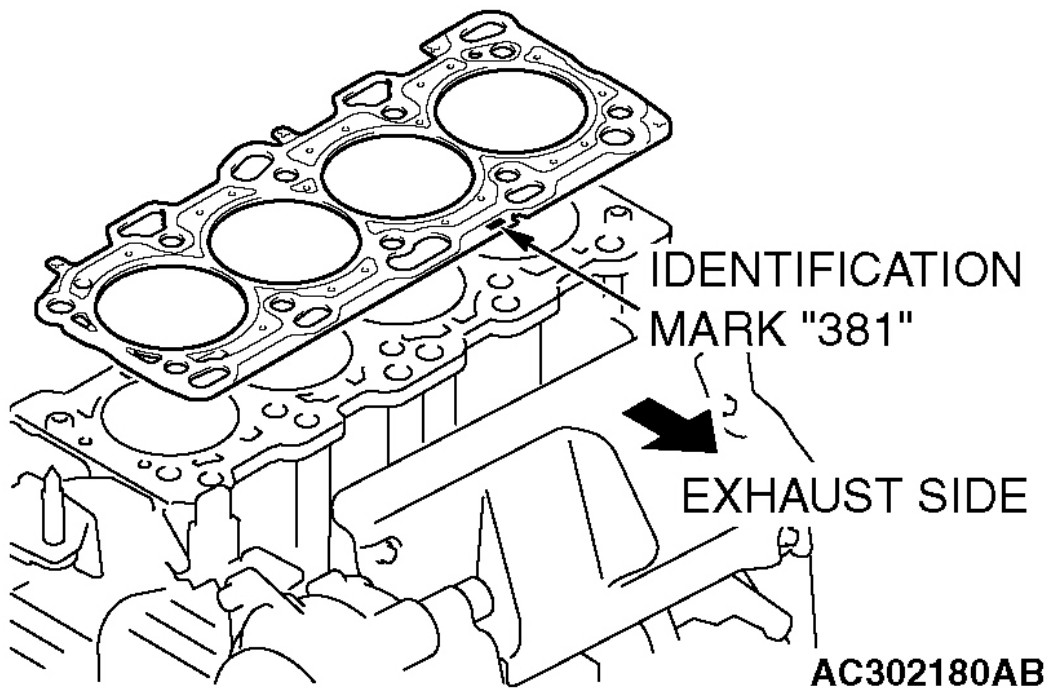
**Fig. 77: Identifying Cylinder Head Bolts Removal Sequence**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

## INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

## &gt;&gt;A&lt;&lt; CYLINDER HEAD GASKET INSTALLATION

**CAUTION:** Do not allow any foreign materials get into the coolant passages, oil passages and cylinder.

1. Degrease the cylinder head gasket mounting surface.
2. Assemble to the cylinder block so the cylinder head gasket identification mark of "381" is at the top surface and on the exhaust side.



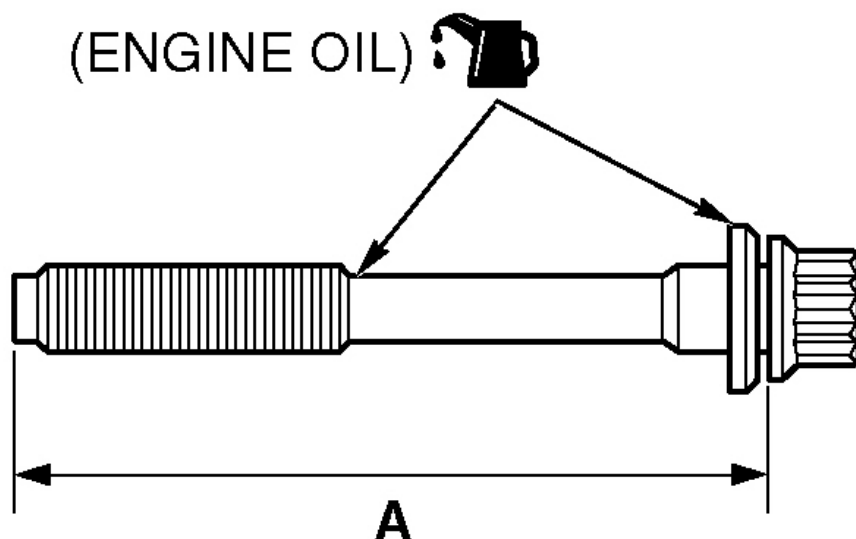
**Fig. 78: Identifying Cylinder Head Gasket Identification Mark Of "381"**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

## &gt;&gt;B&lt;&lt; CYLINDER HEAD BOLTS INSTALLATION

1. Check that the nominal length of each cylinder head bolt meets the limit. If it exceeds the limit, replace the bolts with a new one.

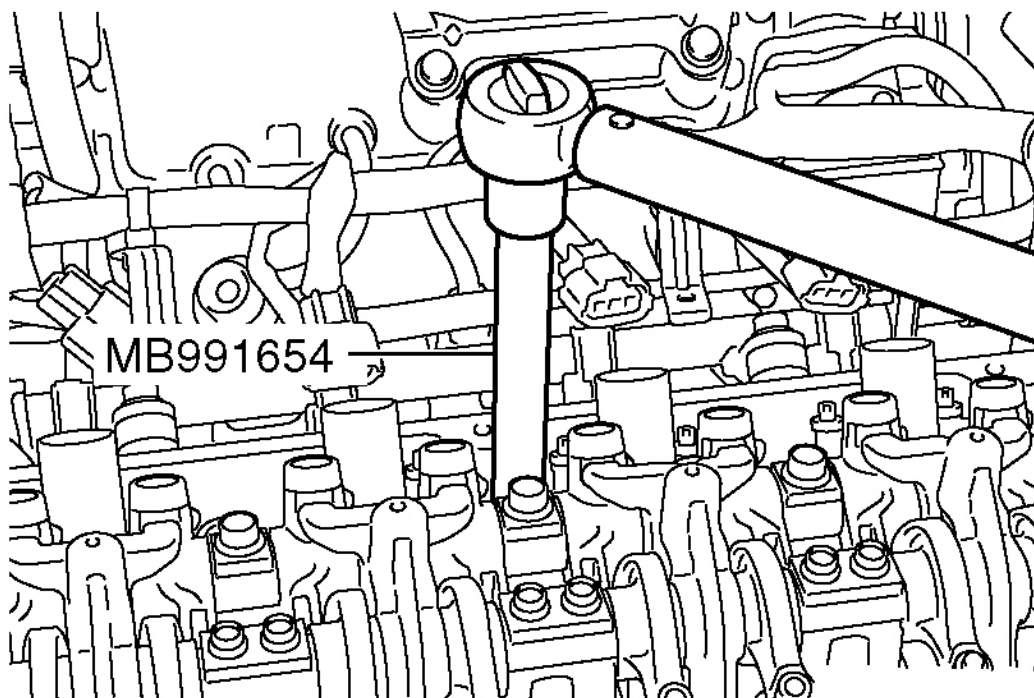
**Limit (A): 99.4 mm (3.91 inches)**

2. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the thread of the bolts and to the washers.

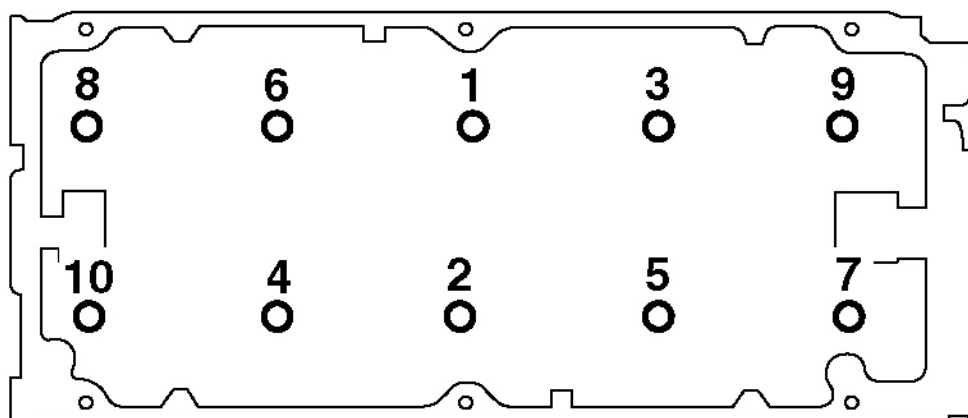
**AC102537AC**

**Fig. 79: Applying Small Amount Of Engine Oil To Thread Of Bolts**  
**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

3. Use special tool MB991654 to tighten the cylinder head bolts in the following procedures.
  1. Tighten the bolts to  $78 \pm 2$  N.m ( $58 \pm 1$  ft-lb) in the order shown.
  2. Loosen the bolts fully in the reverse sequence to that shown.
  3. Tighten the bolts to  $20 \pm 2$  N.m ( $15 \pm 1$  ft-lb) in the order shown.



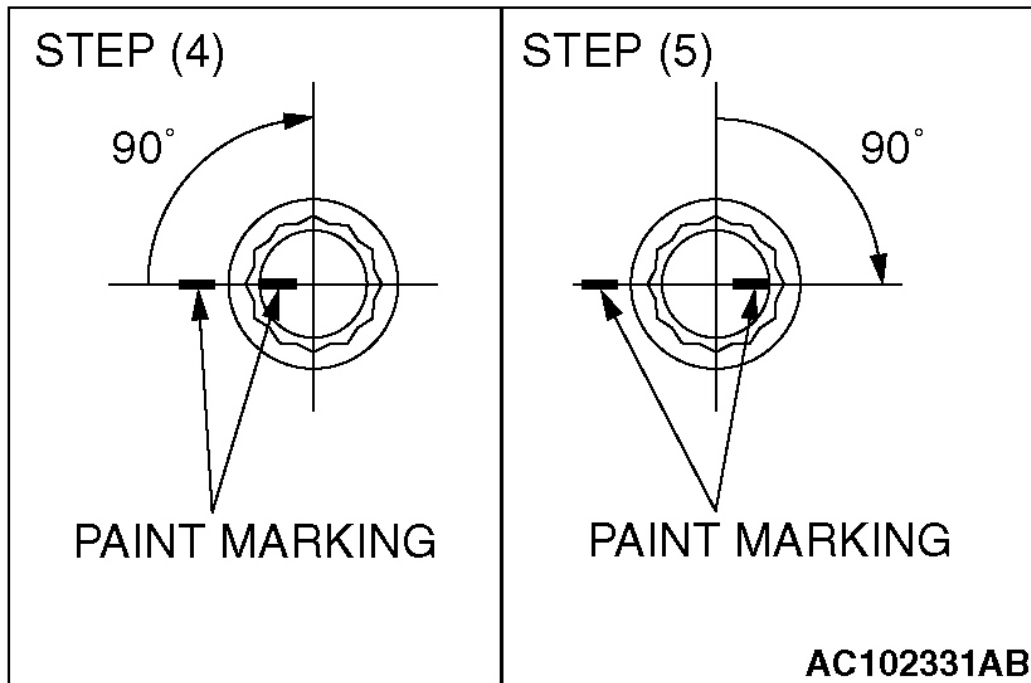
← ENGINE FRONT



AC301456AB

**Fig. 80: Identifying Tightening Sequence Of Cylinder Head Bolts**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

4. Apply a paint mark to the heads of the cylinder head bolts and cylinder head, then tighten 90 degree angle as shown.



**Fig. 81: Applying Paint Mark To Heads Of Cylinder Head Bolts**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**CAUTION:**

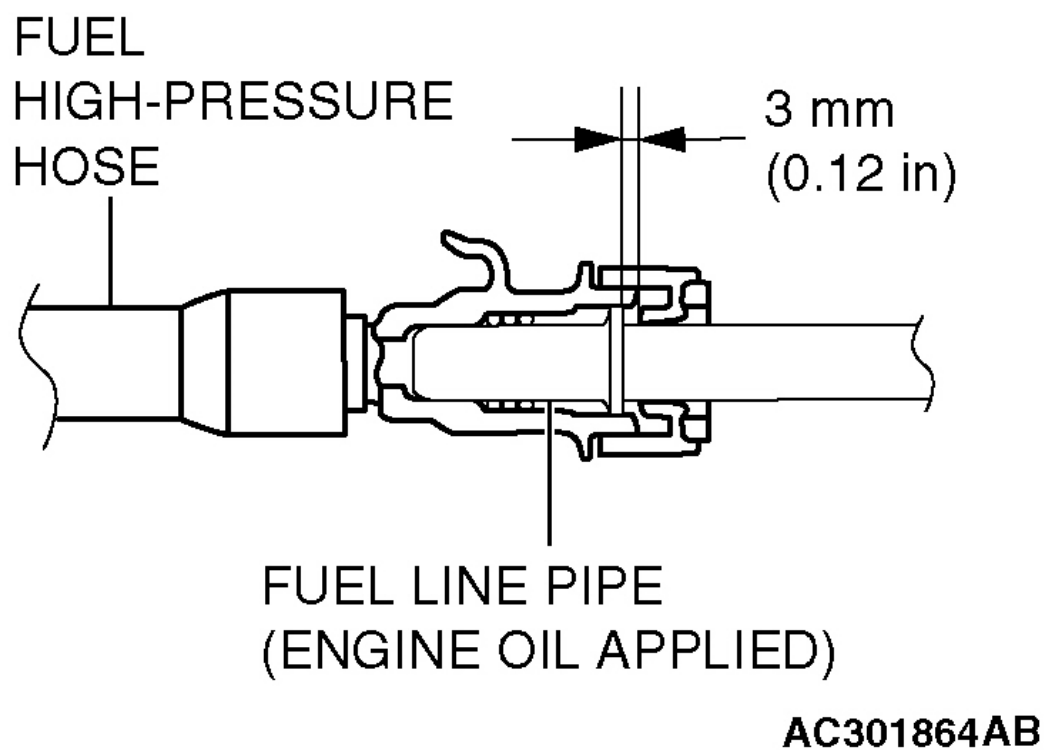
- The bolt is not tightening sufficiently if the tightening angle is less than a 90 degree angle.
- If the tightening angle exceeds the standard specification, remove the bolt and start over from step 1.

5. Tighten in a 90 degree angle as shown in the instructions of the figure, then check to see that the paint mark on the head of the cylinder head bolts and the paint mark on the cylinder head is on a linear line.

**>>C<< FUEL HIGH-PRESSURE HOSE INSTALLATION**

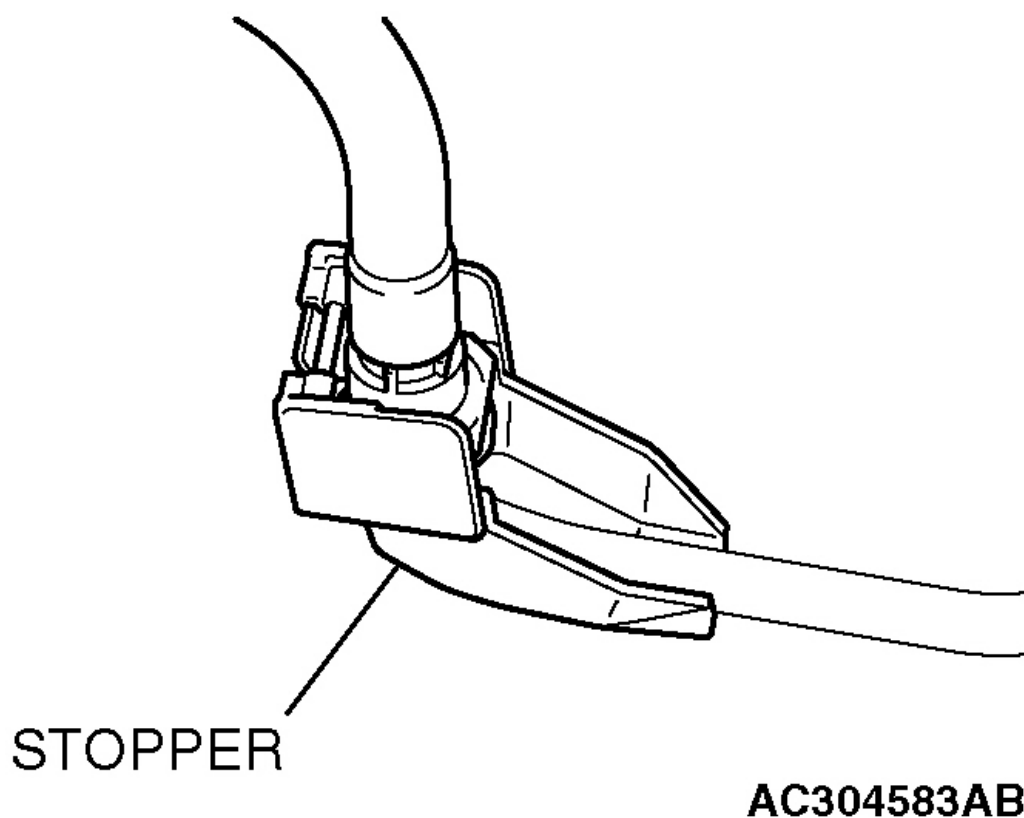
**CAUTION:** After connecting the fuel high-pressure hose, slightly pull it to ensure that it is installed securely. Also confirm that there is a play approximately 3 mm (0.12 inch). Then install the stopper securely.

Apply a small amount of engine oil to the fuel line pipe and then install the fuel high-pressure hose.



**Fig. 82: Ensuring Fuel High-Pressure Hose Is Installed Securely & Measuring Its Play**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.



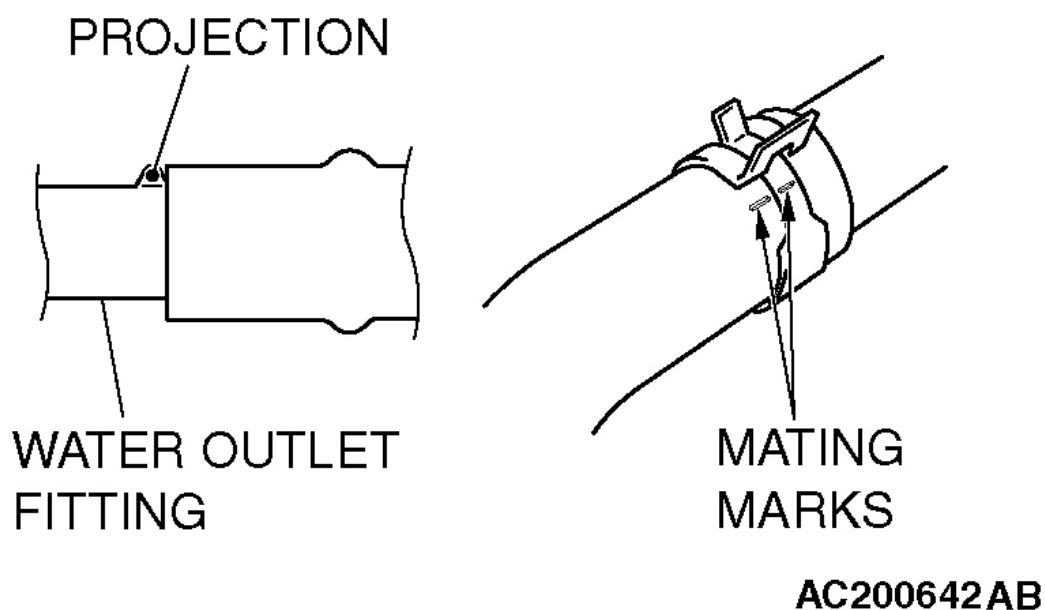


**Fig. 83: Identifying Stopper**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>D<< RADIATOR UPPER HOSE CONNECTION**

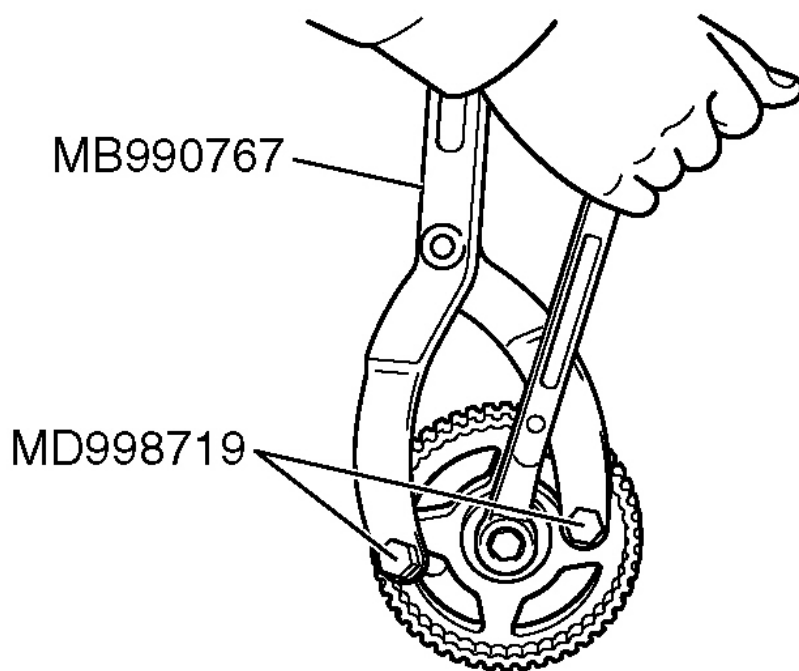
1. Insert radiator upper hose until it contacts the projection on the water outlet fitting.
2. Align the mating marks on the radiator upper hose and hose clamp, and then secure the radiator upper hose.



**Fig. 84: Aligning Mating Marks On Radiator Hose & Hose Clamp**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>E<< CAMSHAFT SPROCKET INSTALLATION**

1. Hold the camshaft sprocket with special tools MB990767 and MD998719 in the same manner as removal.
2. Tighten the camshaft sprocket mounting bolt to the specified torque.



AC102532AB

**Fig. 85: Holding Camshaft Sprocket With Special Tool**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

Tightening torque: 89 +/- 9 N.m (65 +/- 7 ft-lb)

## TIMING BELT

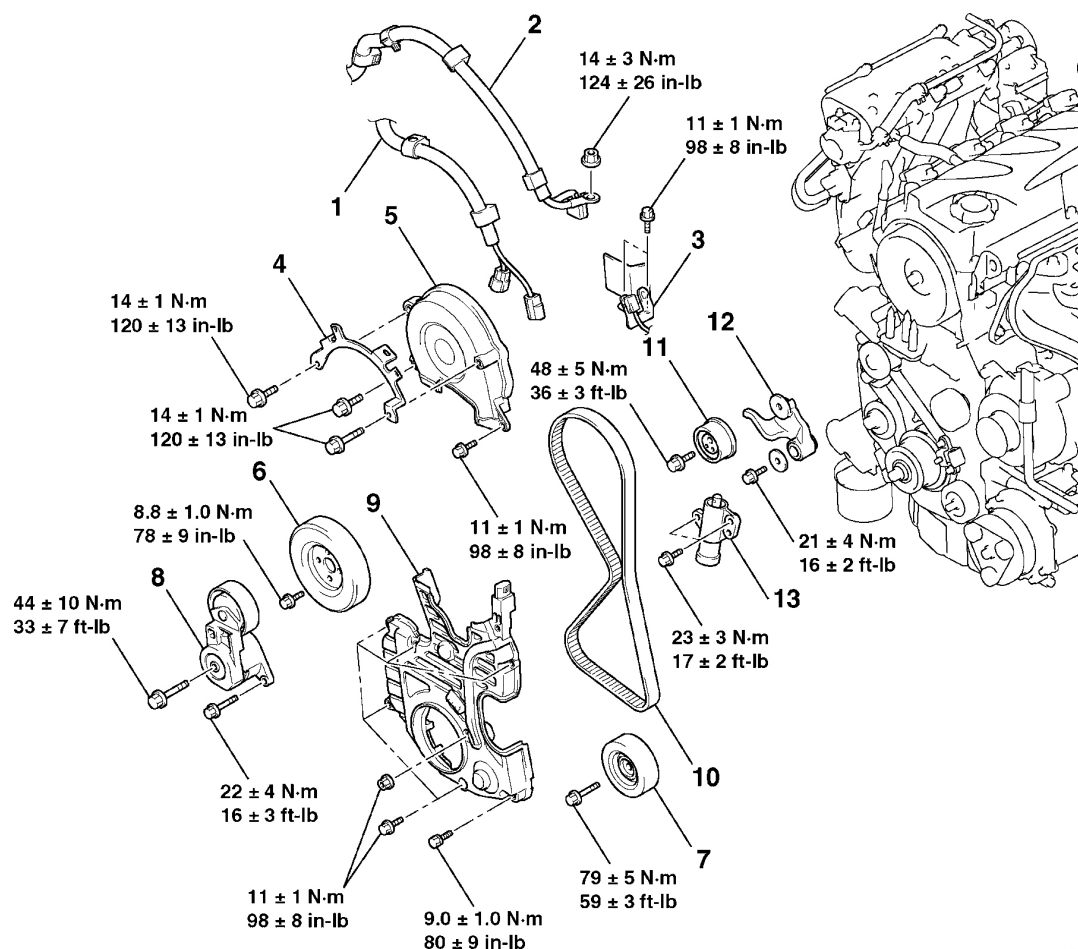
### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

### Pre-removal Operation

- Under Cover Removal.
- Crankshaft Shaft Damper Pulley Removal

### Post-installation Operation

- Crankshaft Shaft Damper Pulley Installation
- Drive Belt Tension Check
- Under Cover Installation.



AC304394AB

### REMOVAL STEPS

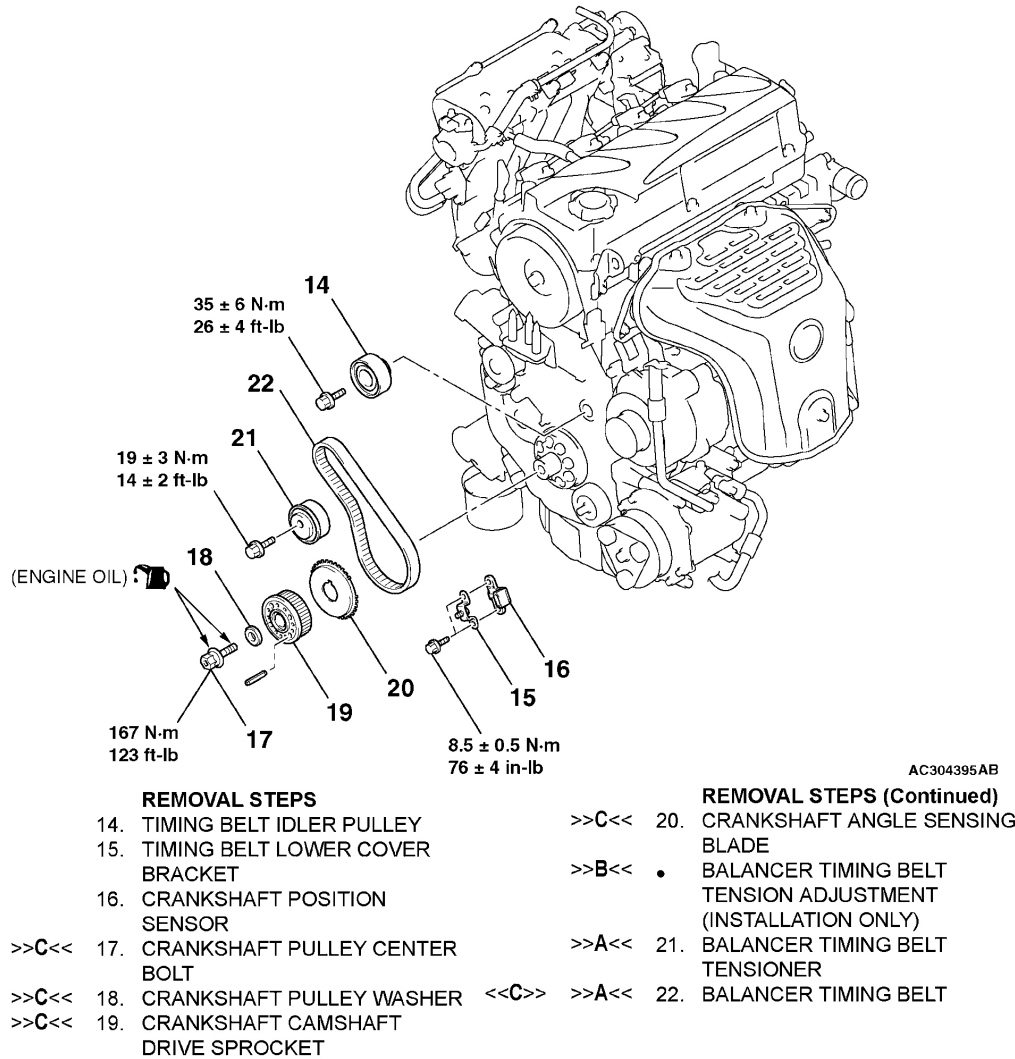
1. CONTROL WIRING HARNESS CONNECTION
2. BATTERY WIRING HARNESS CONNECTION
3. CONNECTOR BRACKET
  - ENGINE MOUNTING INSULATOR
4. HARNESS BRACKET
5. TIMING BELT UPPER COVER
6. WATER PUMP PULLEY

### REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

7. IDLER PULLEY
8. AUTO-TENSIONER
9. TIMING BELT LOWER COVER VALVE TIMING BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT (INSTALLATION ONLY)
  - VALVE TIMING BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT (INSTALLATION ONLY)
10. VALVE TIMING BELT
11. TIMING BELT TENSIONER PULLEY
12. TIMING BELT TENSIONER ARM
13. TIMING BELT TENSIONER ADJUSTER

**Fig. 86: Identifying Timing Belt Components (1 Of 2)**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.



**Fig. 87: Identifying Timing Belt Components (2 Of 2)**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**Required Special Tools:**

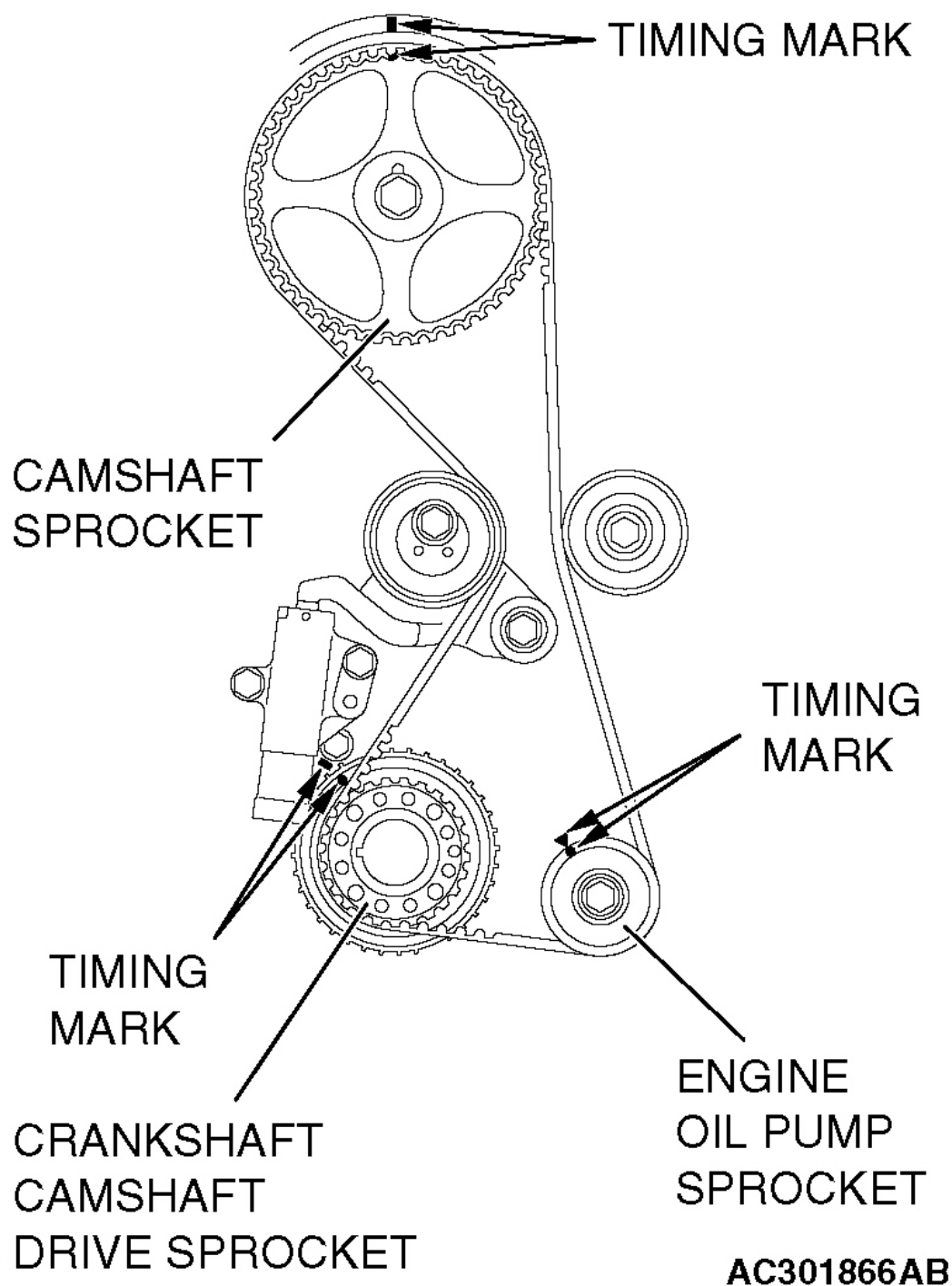
- MB991367: Special Spanner
- MB991385: Pin
- MD998738: Adjusting Bolt
- MD998767: Tensioner Wrench

**REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS**

**<< A >> VALVE TIMING BELT REMOVAL**

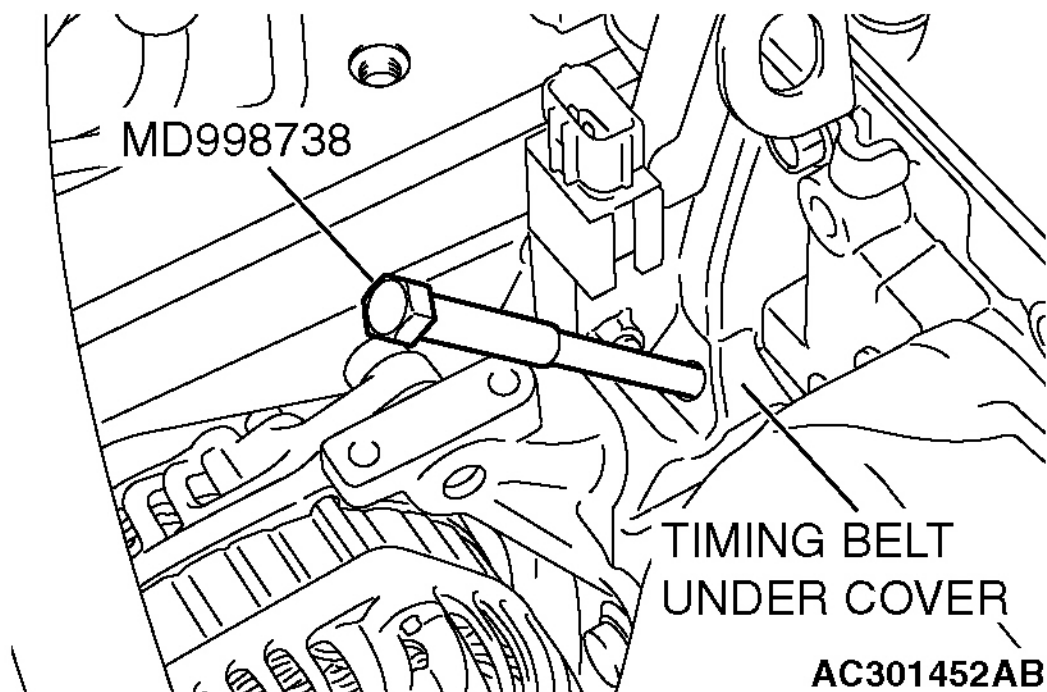
**CAUTION:** Never turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.

1. Turn the crankshaft clockwise, align each timing mark to set number 1 cylinder to TDC of its compression stroke.



**Fig. 88: Turning Crankshaft Clockwise To Aligning Each Timing Mark**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

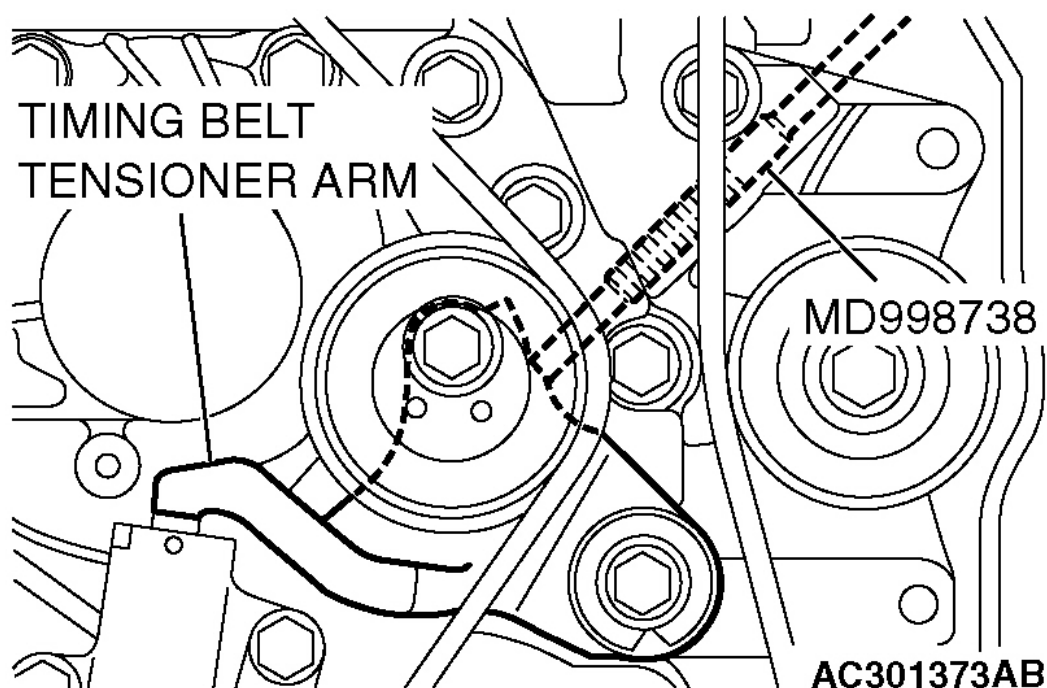
2. Remove the timing belt under cover rubber plug and then set special tool MD998738.



**Fig. 89: Identifying Timing Belt Under Cover And Special Tool MD998738**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

3. Screw in special tool MD998738 with hands until it contacts the timing belt tensioner arm.

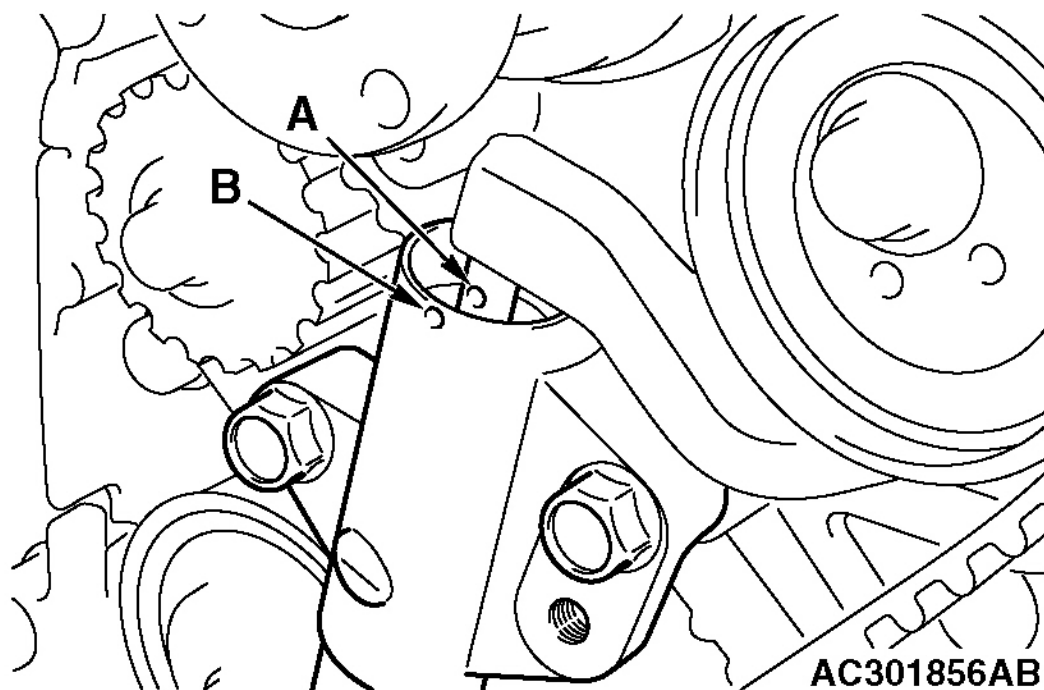




**Fig. 90: Screwing In Special Tool MD998738 With Hands**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**CAUTION:** Special tool MD998738 can be gradually installed at a rate of a 30 degree turn per second. If it is screwed in all at once, the timing belt tensioner adjuster rod will not easily retract and special tool MD998738 may bend.

4. Gradually screw in special tool MD998738 and then align the timing belt tensioner adjuster rod set hole A with the timing belt tensioner adjuster cylinder set hole B.



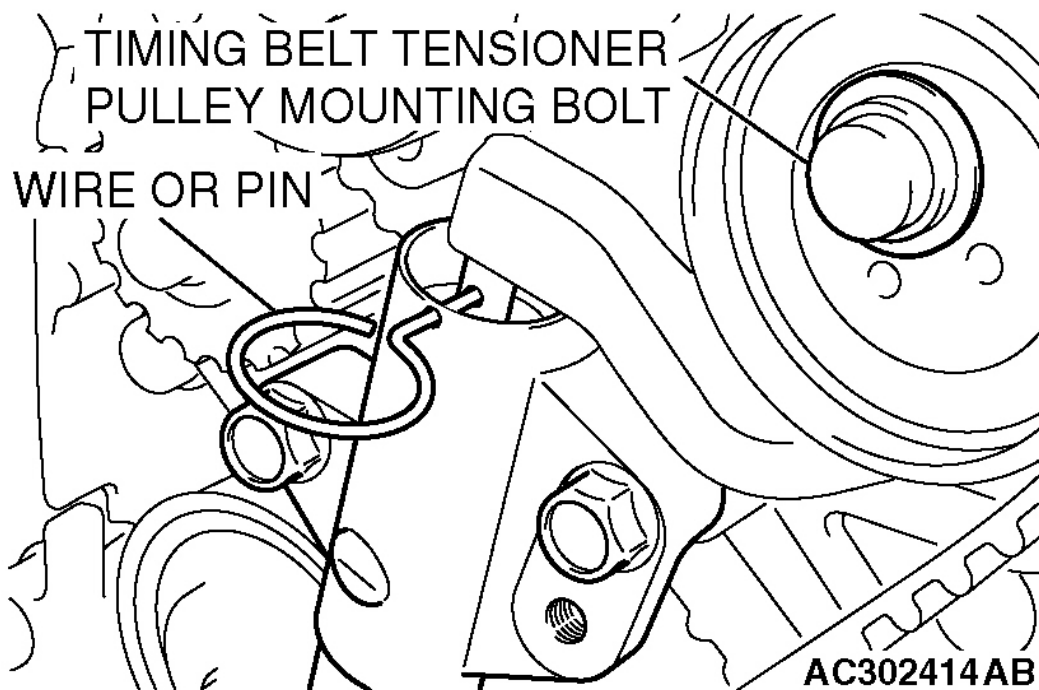
**Fig. 91: Aligning Timing Belt Tensioner Adjuster Rod Set Hole A With Timing Belt Tensioner Adjuster Cylinder Set Hole B**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

5. Insert a wire or pin in the set hole aligned.

**CAUTION:** To reuse the valve timing belt, draw an arrow indicating the rotating direction (clockwise) on the back of the belt using chalk, etc.

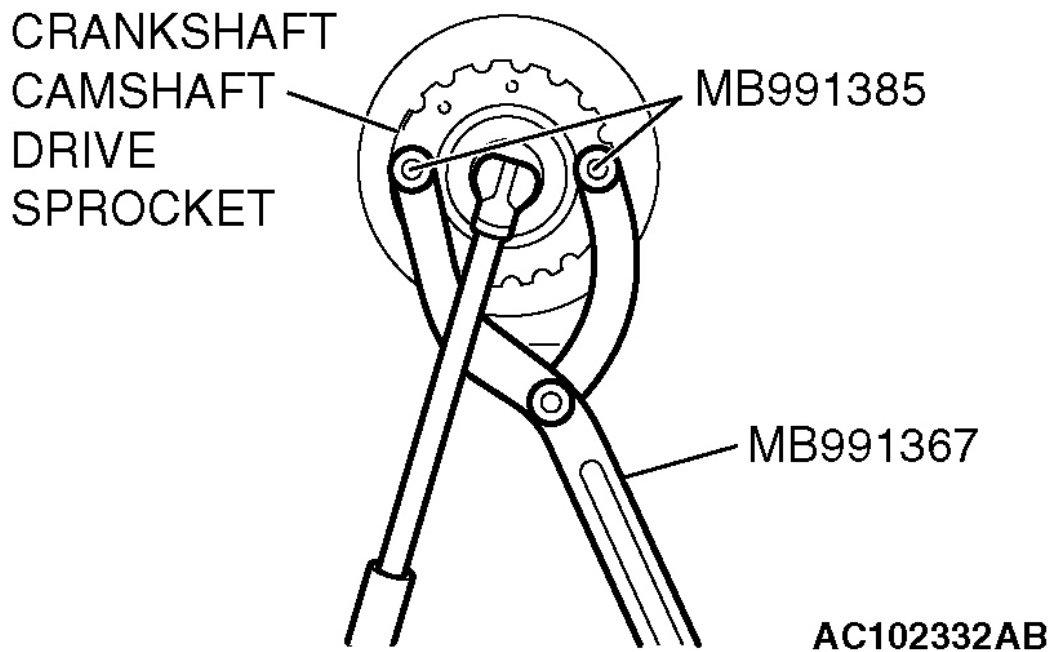
6. After removal of special tool MD998738, loosen the timing belt tensioner pulley mounting bolts and remove the valve timing belt.



**Fig. 92: Inserting Wire Or Pin In Set Hole Aligned**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**<< B >> CRANKSHAFT PULLEY CENTER BOLT/CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WASHER/CRANKSHAFT CAMSHAFT DRIVE SPROCKET REMOVAL**

1. Hold the crankshaft camshaft drive sprocket with special tools MB991367 and MB991385.
2. Loosen the crankshaft pulley center bolt and remove the crankshaft pulley washer and crankshaft camshaft drive sprocket.



**Fig. 93: Holding Crankshaft Camshaft Drive Sprocket With Special Tools**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

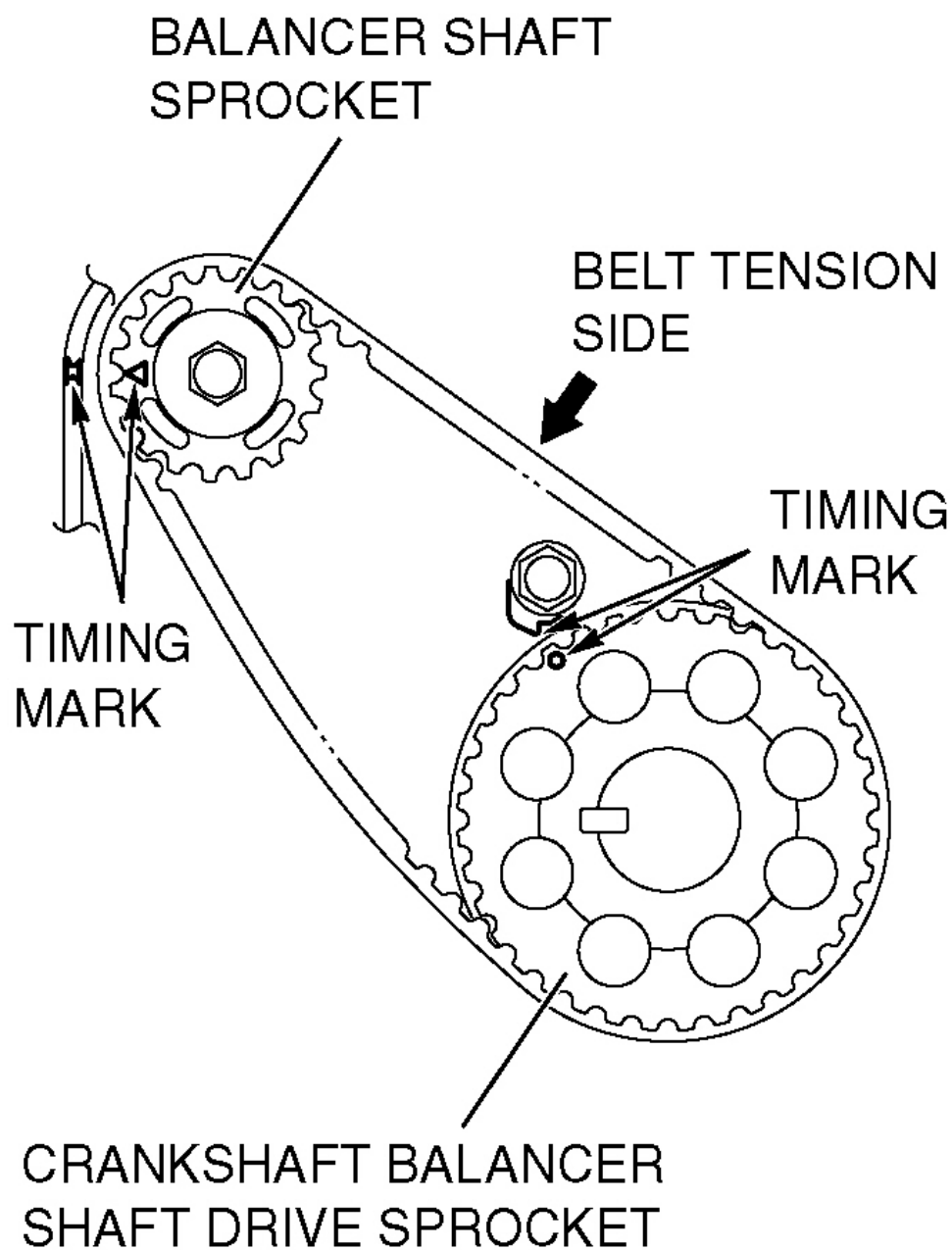
<< C >> BALANCER TIMING BELT REMOVAL

**CAUTION:** To reuse the balancer timing belt, draw an arrow indicating the rotating direction on the back of the belt using chalk, etc.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< BALANCER TIMING BELT/BALANCER TIMING BELT TENSIONER INSTALLATION

1. Ensure that the crankshaft balancer shaft drive sprocket timing marks and balancer shaft sprocket timing marks are aligned.
2. Install the balancer timing belt on the crankshaft balancer shaft drive sprocket and balancer shaft sprocket. There should be no slack on the tension side.



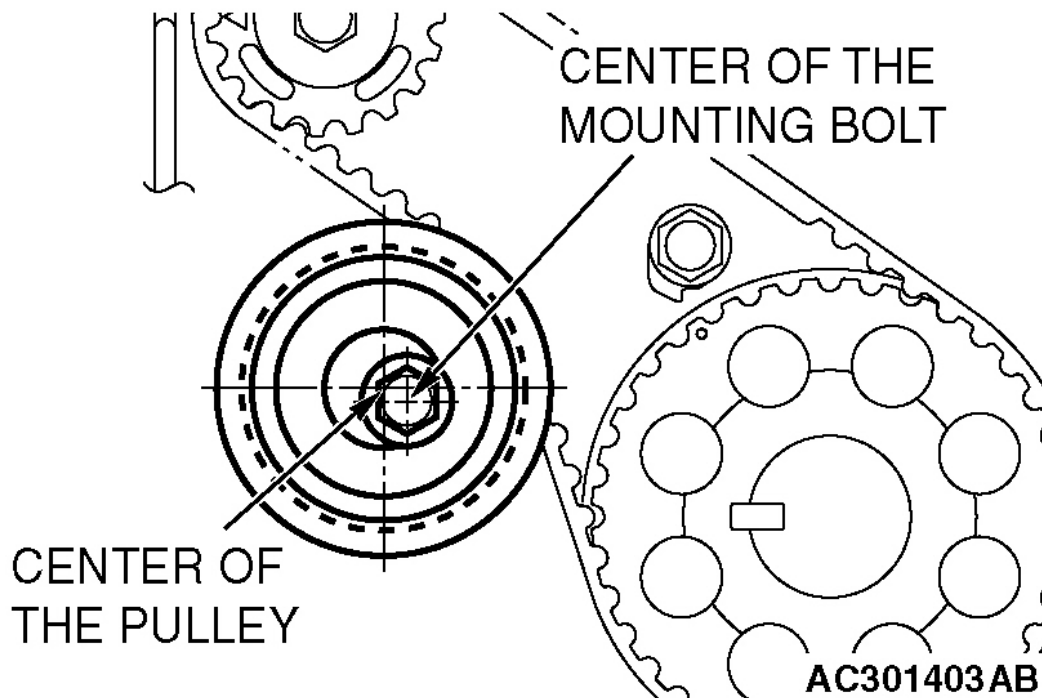
**AC301402AB**

**Fig. 94: Installing Balancer Timing Belt On Crankshaft Balancer Shaft Drive Sprocket And**

**Balancer Shaft Sprocket**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

3. Assemble and temporarily fix the center of the pulley of the balancer timing belt tensioner so that it is at the top left from the center of the assembling bolt, and the pulley flange is at the front-side of the engine.
4. Adjust the balancer timing belt tension.



**Fig. 95: Fixing Center Of Pulley Of Balancer Timing Belt Tensioner**

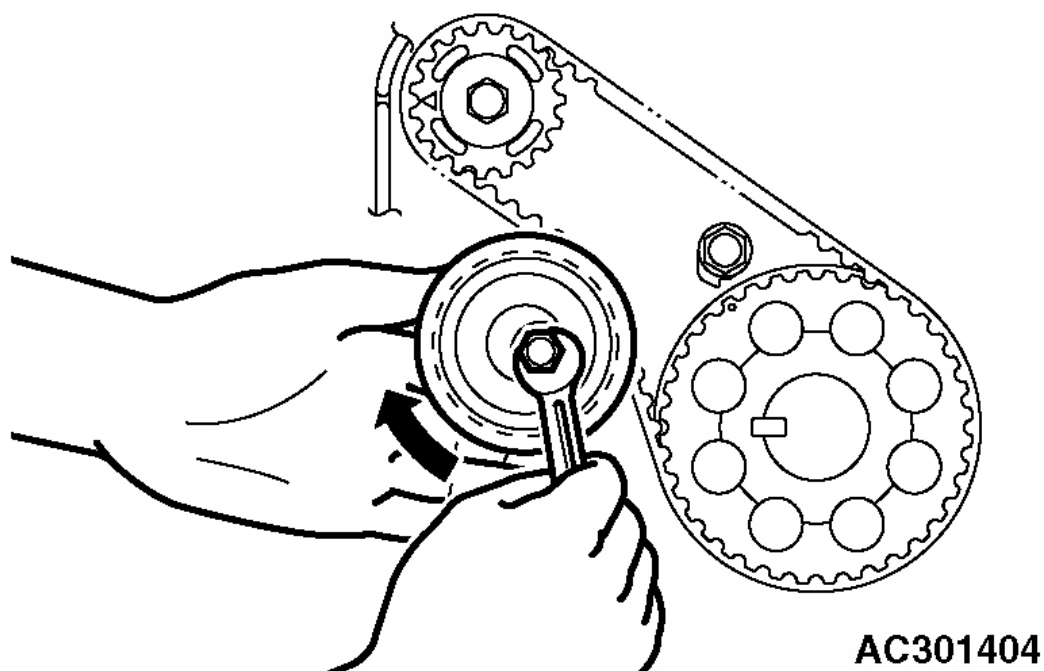
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>B<< BALANCER TIMING BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT**

**CAUTION:** When tightening the mounting bolts, ensure that the tensioner does not rotate with the bolts. Allowing it to rotate with the bolts can cause excessive tension of the belt.

1. Lift with your fingers the balancer timing belt tensioner in the direction of the arrow. Apply a tensile torque of [3.0 +/- 0.4 N.m (26 +/- 4 in-lb)] to the balancer timing belt so the belt is tense without any looseness. Tighten the assembling bolt to the specified torque in this state. Then, fix the balancer timing belt tensioner.

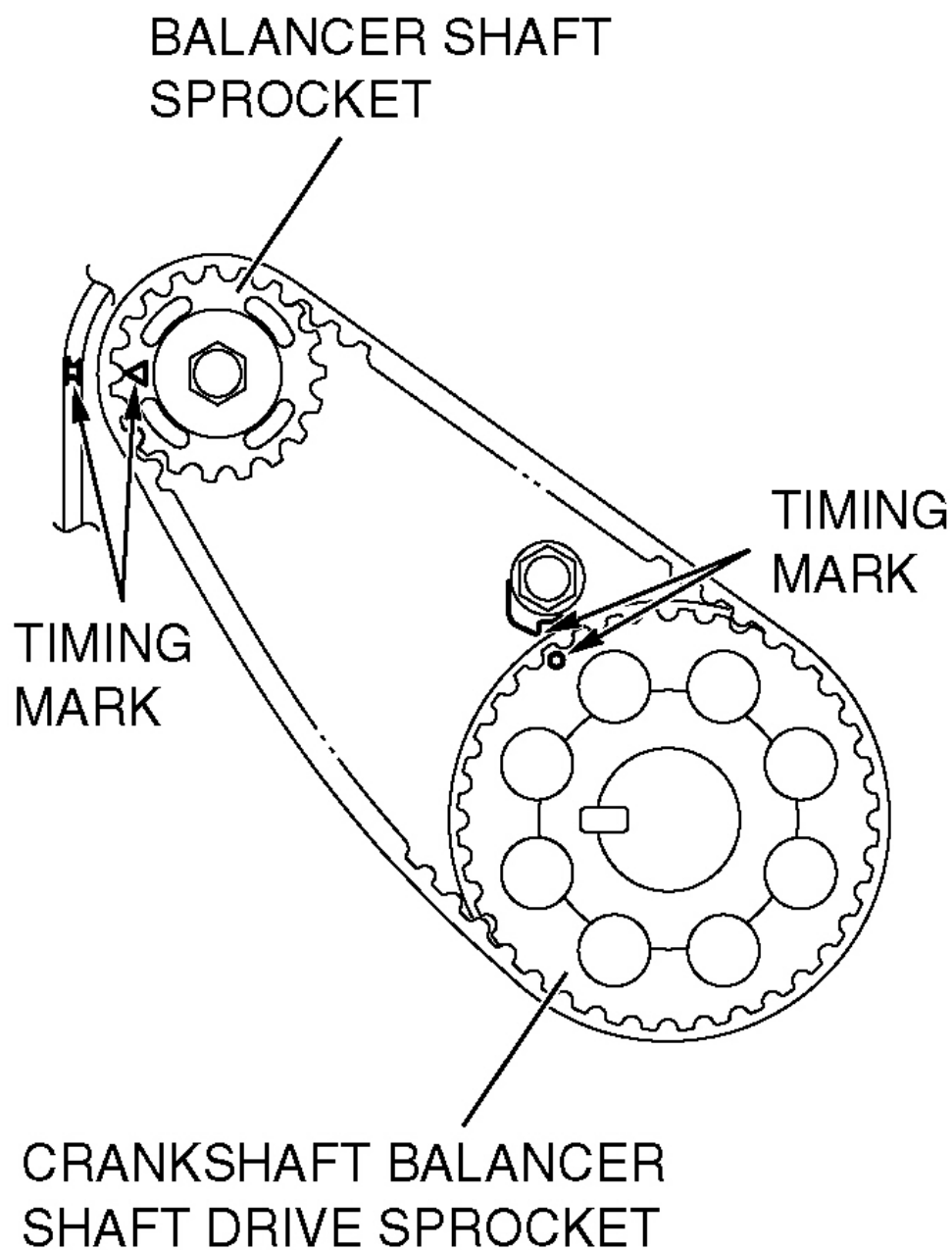
**Tightening torque: 19 +/- 3 N.m (14 +/- 2 ft-lb)**



**Fig. 96: Adjusting Balancer Timing Belt Tension**

**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

2. Turn the crankshaft clockwise two turns to set number 1 cylinder to TDC of its compression stroke and check that sprocket timing marks are aligned.



AC301402AC

**Fig. 97: Turning Crankshaft Clockwise Two Turns**



Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

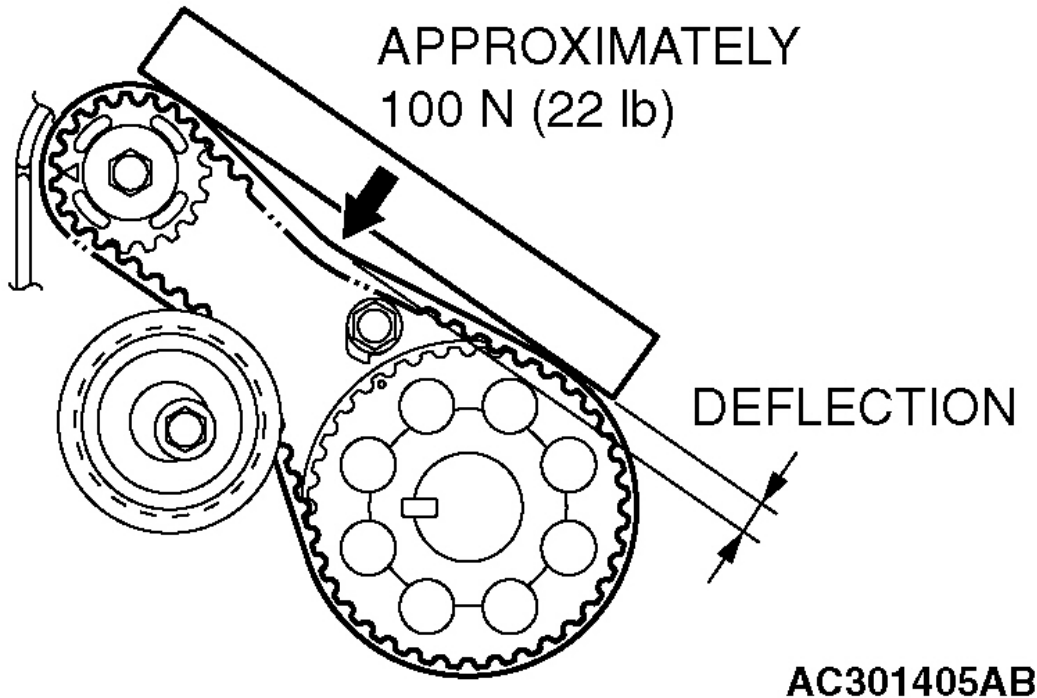
3. Apply a pressure of approximately 100 N (22 pounds) at the center (arrow area) between the sprocket as shown in the figure, then inspect whether the belt deflection is within the standard value.

**Standard value:**

< When adjusting > 5 - 7 mm (0.20 - 0.27 inch)

< When replacing > 5 - 7 mm (0.20 - 0.27 inch)

4. If not within the standard value, adjust the belt tension again.



**Fig. 98: Applying Pressure At Center (Arrow Area) Between Sprocket**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

>>C<< CRANKSHAFT ANGLE SENSING BLADE/CRANKSHAFT CAMSHAFT DRIVE SPROCKET/CRANKSHAFT PULLEY WASHER/CRANKSHAFT PULLEY CENTER BOLT INSTALLATION

1. Clean or degrease the crankshaft, the crankshaft angle sensing blade, the crankshaft camshaft drive sprocket and crankshaft pulley washer as shown.

**NOTE:**        **Also clean the degreased surfaces.**

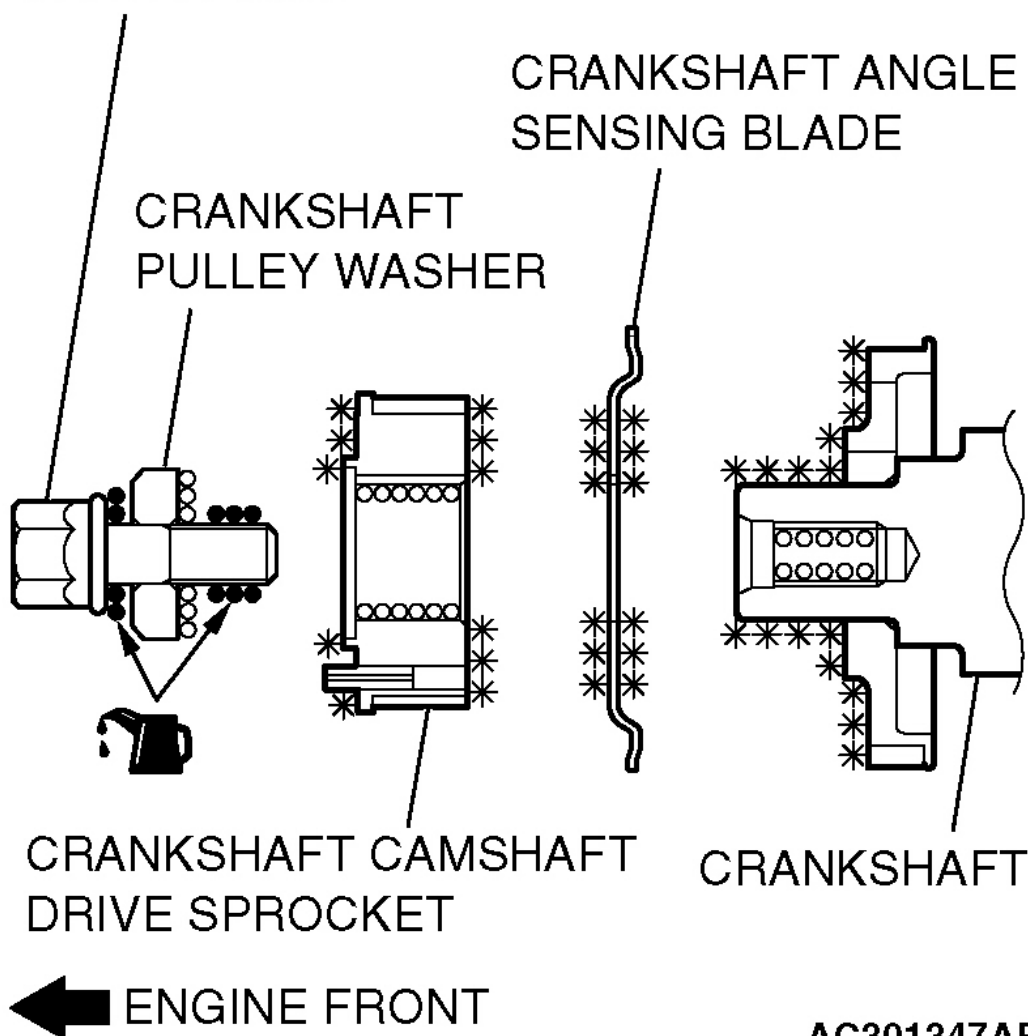
2. Install the crankshaft angle sensing blade and crankshaft camshaft drive sprocket in the direction shown.
3. Place the larger chamfer side of the crank shaft pulley washer in the direction shown in the Figure and then assemble on the crank shaft pulley center bolt.
4. Apply a small of engine oil to the crank shaft pulley center bolt bearing surface and screw.

- : CLEAN
- \* : CLEAN AND DEGREASE
- : APPLY ENGINE OIL

CRANKSHAFT PULLEY  
CENTER BOLT

CRANKSHAFT ANGLE  
SENSING BLADE

CRANKSHAFT  
PULLEY WASHER



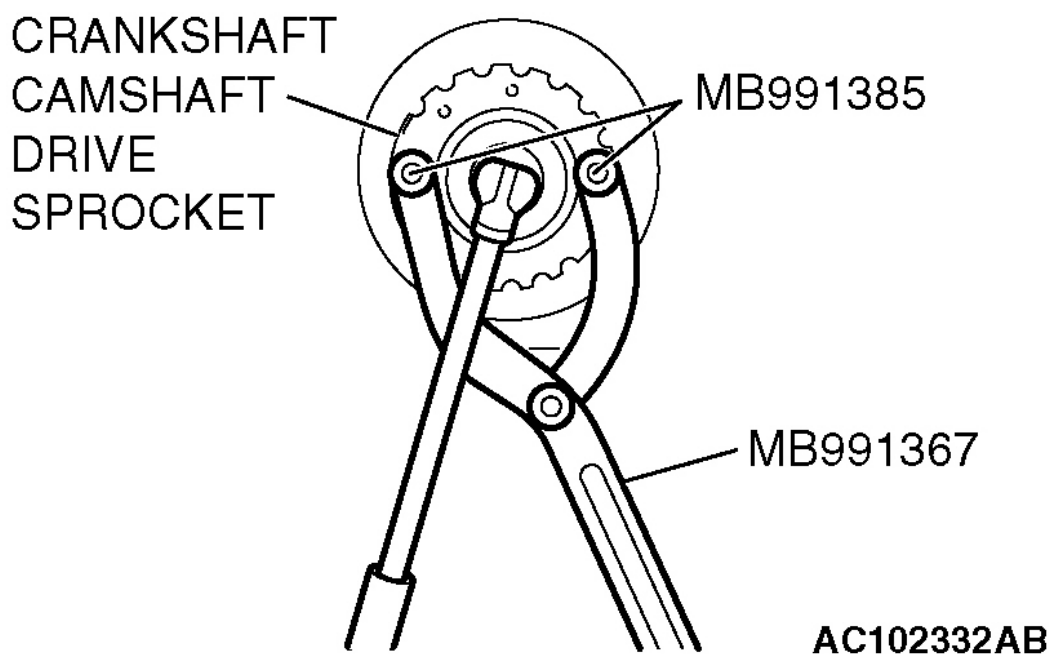
AC301347AB

**Fig. 99: Applying Small Of Engine Oil To Crank Shaft Pulley Center Bolt Bearing Surface And Screw**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

5. Hold the crankshaft camshaft drive sprocket with special tools MB991367 and MB991385 in the same manner as removal.
6. Tighten the crankshaft pulley center bolts to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque: 167 N.m (123 ft-lb)**



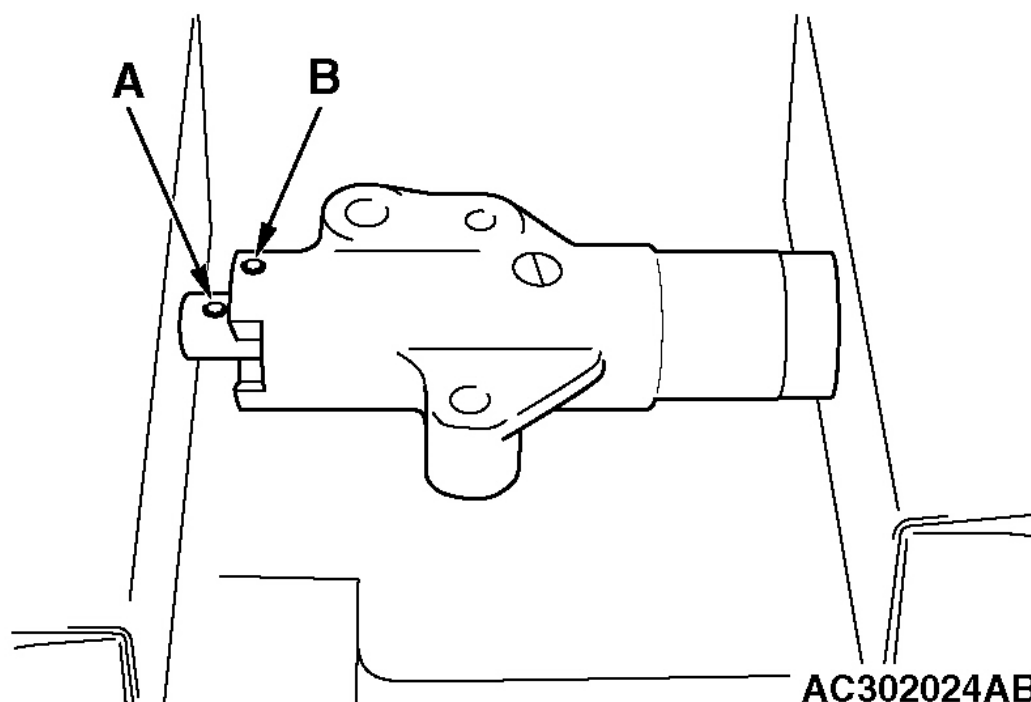
**Fig. 100: Holding Crankshaft Camshaft Drive Sprocket With Special Tools**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

#### >>D<< TIMING BELT TENSIONER ADJUSTER INSTALLATION

1. Set according to the following procedures when the timing belt tensioner adjuster rod is fully extended.

**CAUTION: If the compression is too fast the procedure may damage the rod.  
Make a point to slowly and thoroughly compress.**

1. Slowly compress the timing belt tensioner adjuster rod using a press or vice, then align the set hole A of the rod with set hole B of the timing belt tensioner adjuster cylinder.



**Fig. 101: Aligning Set Hole A Of Rod With Set Hole B Of Timing Belt Tensioner Adjuster Cylinder**

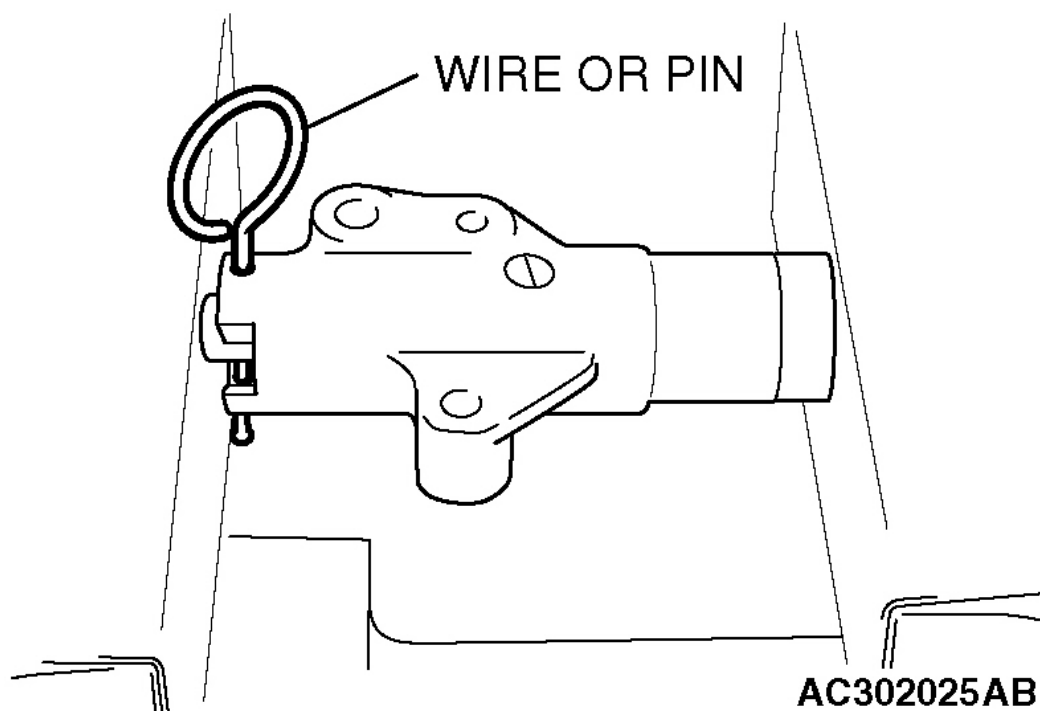
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

2. Insert a wire or pin in the set hole aligned.

**NOTE:** When replacing the timing belt tensioner adjuster with new parts, the timing belt tensioner adjuster is set with a pin.

2. Install the timing belt tensioner adjuster to the engine and then tighten the mounting bolt to the specified torque. Do not remove the wire or pin until the tension of the valve timing belt is adjusted.

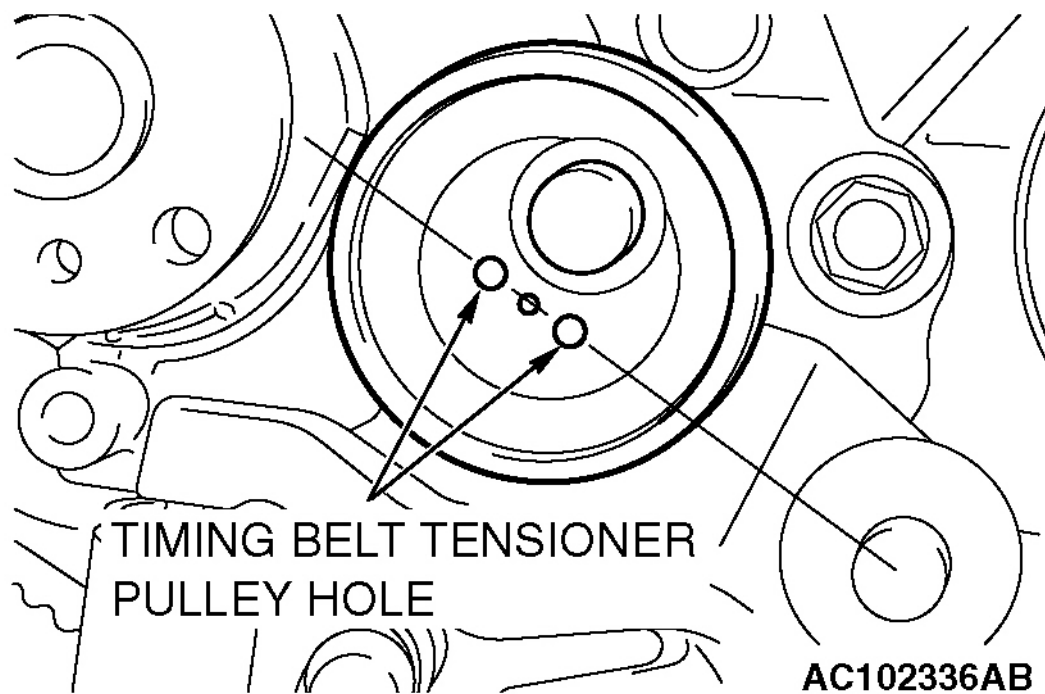
**Tightening torque: 23 +/- 3 N.m (17 +/- 2 ft-lb)**



**Fig. 102: Inserting Wire Or Pin In Set Hole Aligned**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>E<< TIMING BELT TENSIONER PULLEY INSTALLATION**

Temporarily tighten the timing belt tensioner pulley as shown.

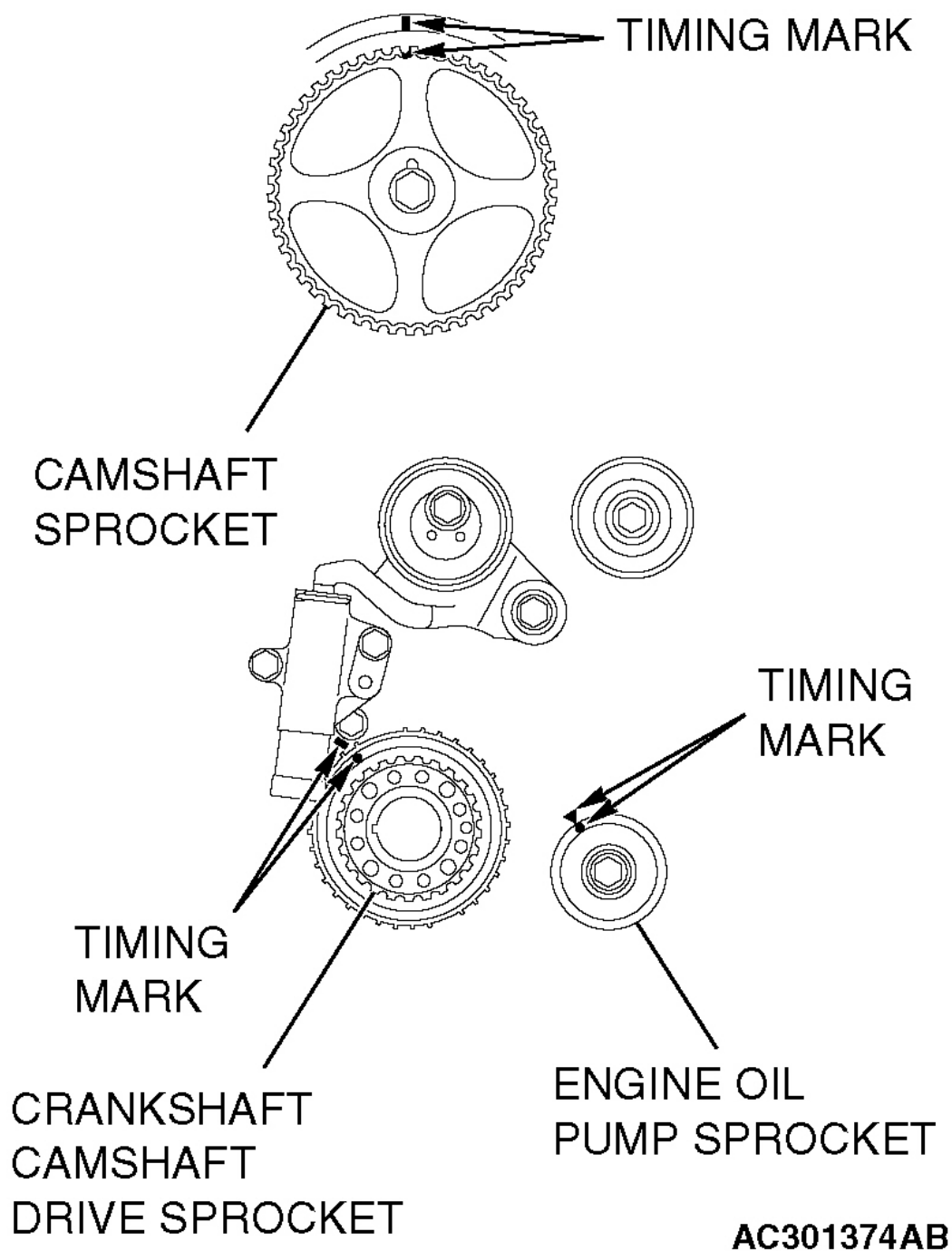


**Fig. 103: Tightening Timing Belt Tensioner Pulley**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>F<< VALVE TIMING BELT INSTALLATION**

1. Align the timing marks on the camshaft sprocket, crankshaft camshaft drive sprocket and engine oil pump sprocket.



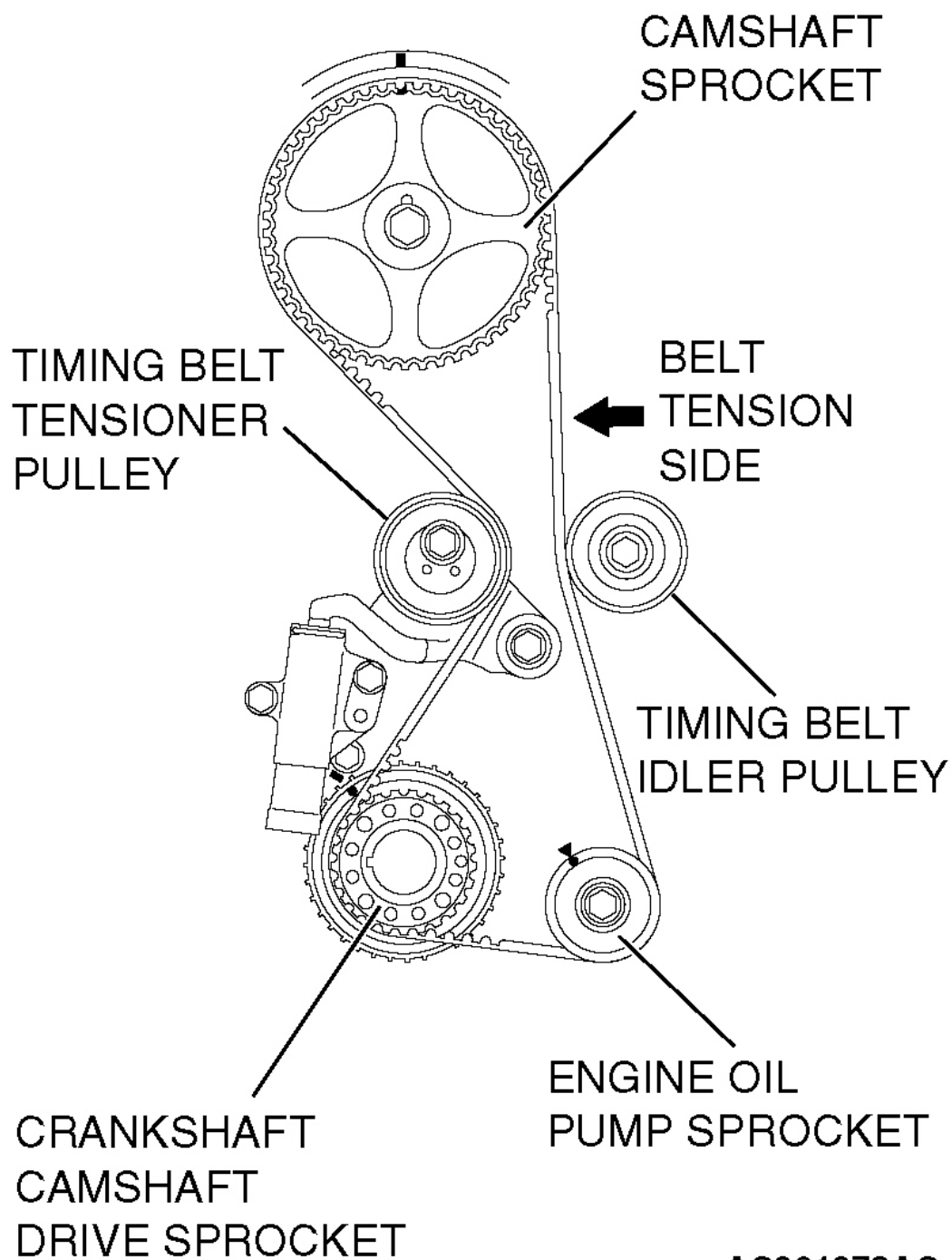
**Fig. 104: Aligning Timing Marks On Camshaft Sprocket, Crankshaft Camshaft Drive Sprocket And Engine Oil Pump Sprocket**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.



2. Adjust the timing mark of the engine oil pump sprocket. Unplug the cylinder block plug. Insert a bolt (M6, section width 10 mm, nominal length 45 mm) from the plug hole. If the bolt comes in contact with the balancer shaft, turn the engine oil sprocket one rotation. Re-adjust the timing mark and then check to see that the bolt fits. Do not remove the bolt until the valve timing belt is assembled.
3. Incorporate the valve timing belt in the following manner so that the tensile force of the belt is not lax.
  1. Place the valve timing belt on the timing belt tensioner pulley and crankshaft camshaft driver sprocket and then support it with your left hand so it does not slide.
  2. Place the valve timing belt on the engine oil pump sprocket while pulling it with the right hand.
  3. Place the valve timing belt on the timing belt idler pulley.

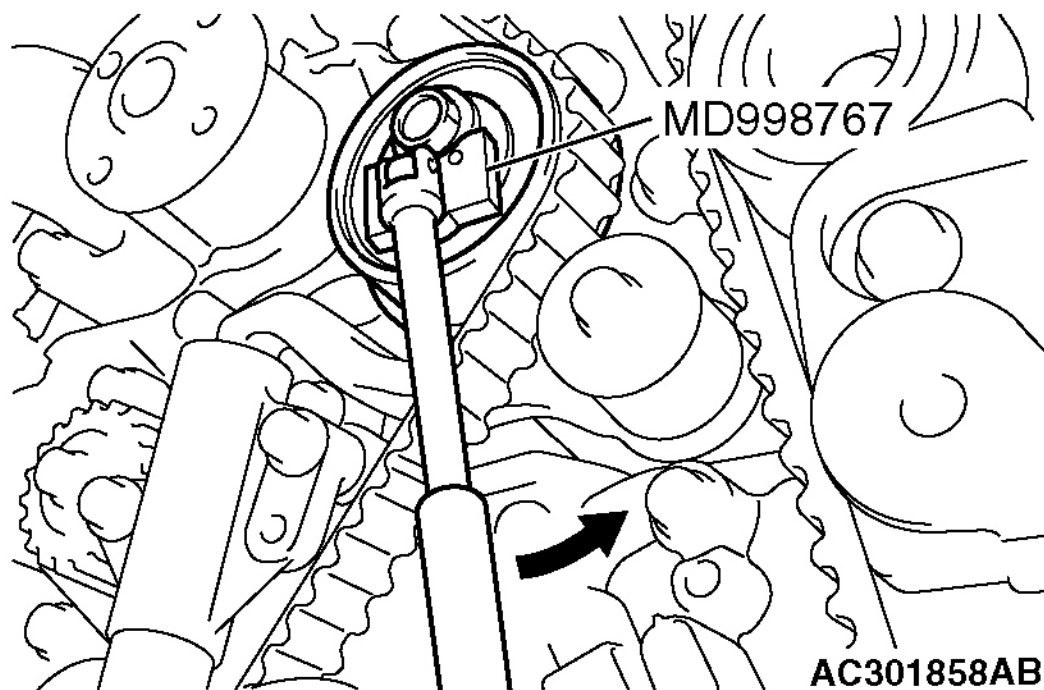
**CAUTION: Incorporate the valve timing belt. Then apply reverse rotation (counterclockwise rotation) pressure to the cam shaft sprocket. Re-check to see that each timing mark is aligned while the tension side of the belt is right.**

4. Place the valve timing belt on the camshaft sprocket.



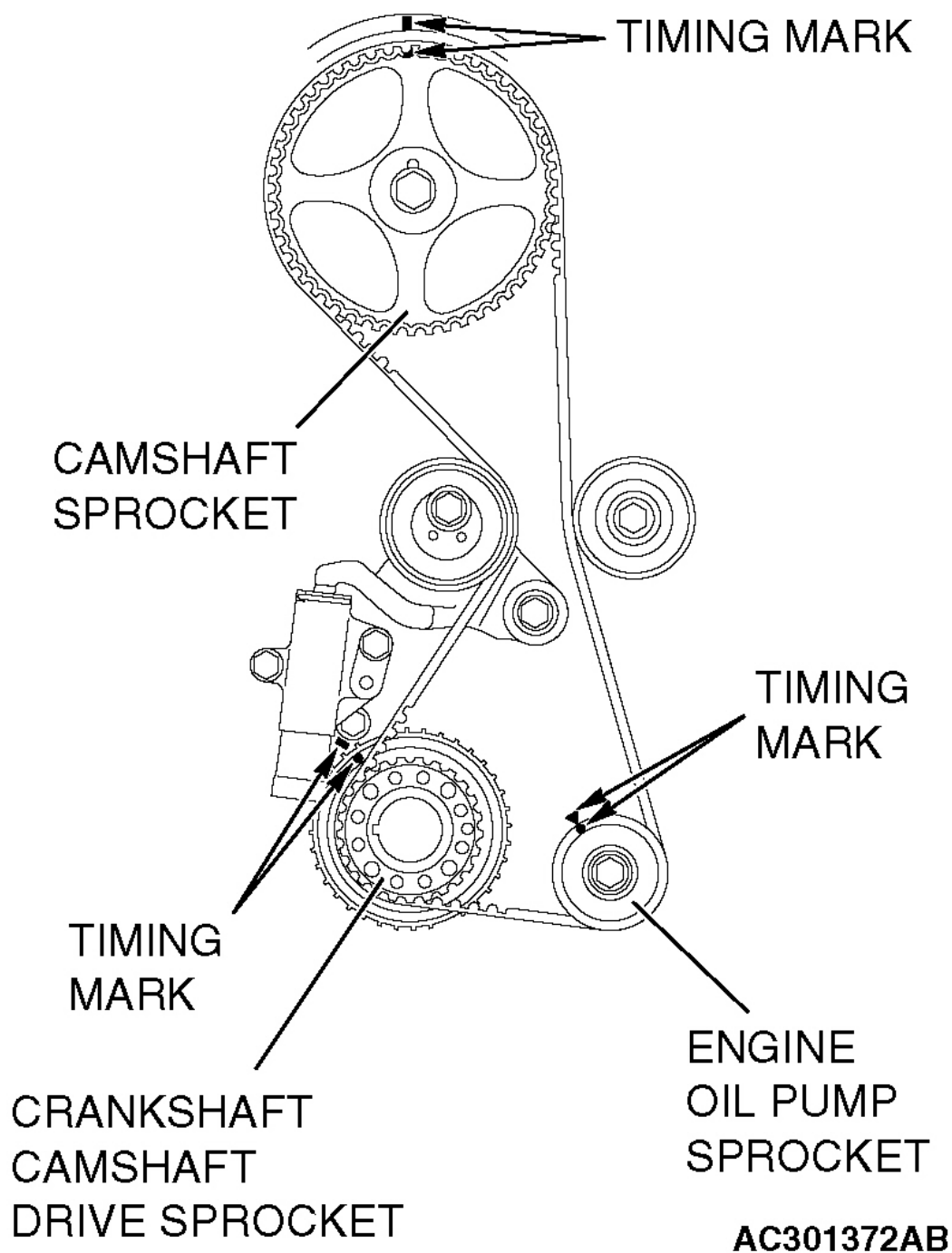
**Fig. 105: Placing Valve Timing Belt On Camshaft Sprocket**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

4. Turn the timing belt tensioner pulley in the direction shown in the figure using special tool MD998767 to apply tension to the valve timing belt. Then temporarily tighten and fix the timing belt tensioner pulley mounting bolt.



**Fig. 106: Turning Timing Belt Tensioner Pulley Using Special Tool**  
**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

5. Check that the timing marks are aligned.



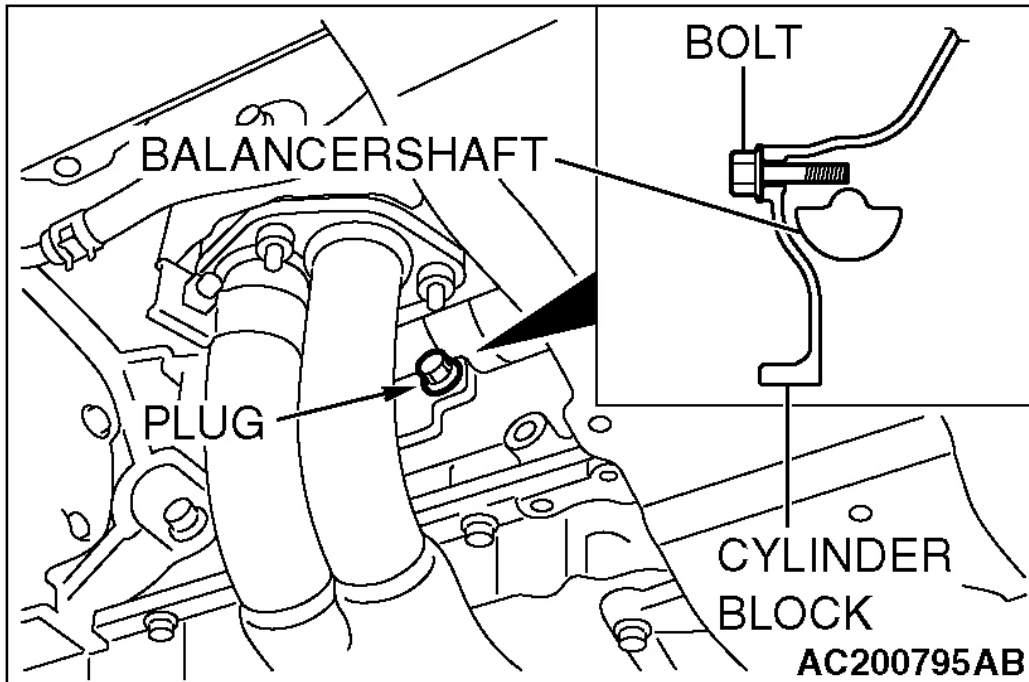
**Fig. 107: Identifying Timing Marks Aligned**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

6. Remove the bolt inserted in Step 2 above, then assemble the cylinder block plug.

7. Tighten the cylinder block plug to the specified torque.

**Tightening torque: 30 +/- 3 N.m (23 +/- 2 ft-lb)**

8. Adjust the valve timing belt tension.



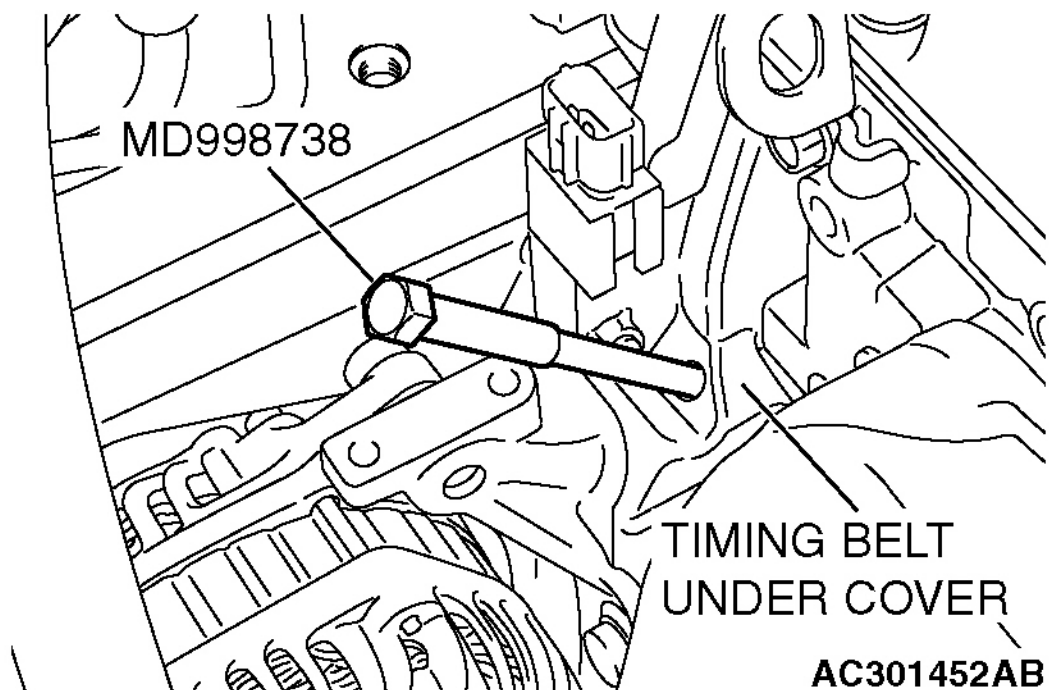
**Fig. 108: Tightening Cylinder Block Plug To Specified Torque**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**>>G<< VALVE TIMING BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT**

1. Set special tool MD998738 used when removing the valve timing belt.

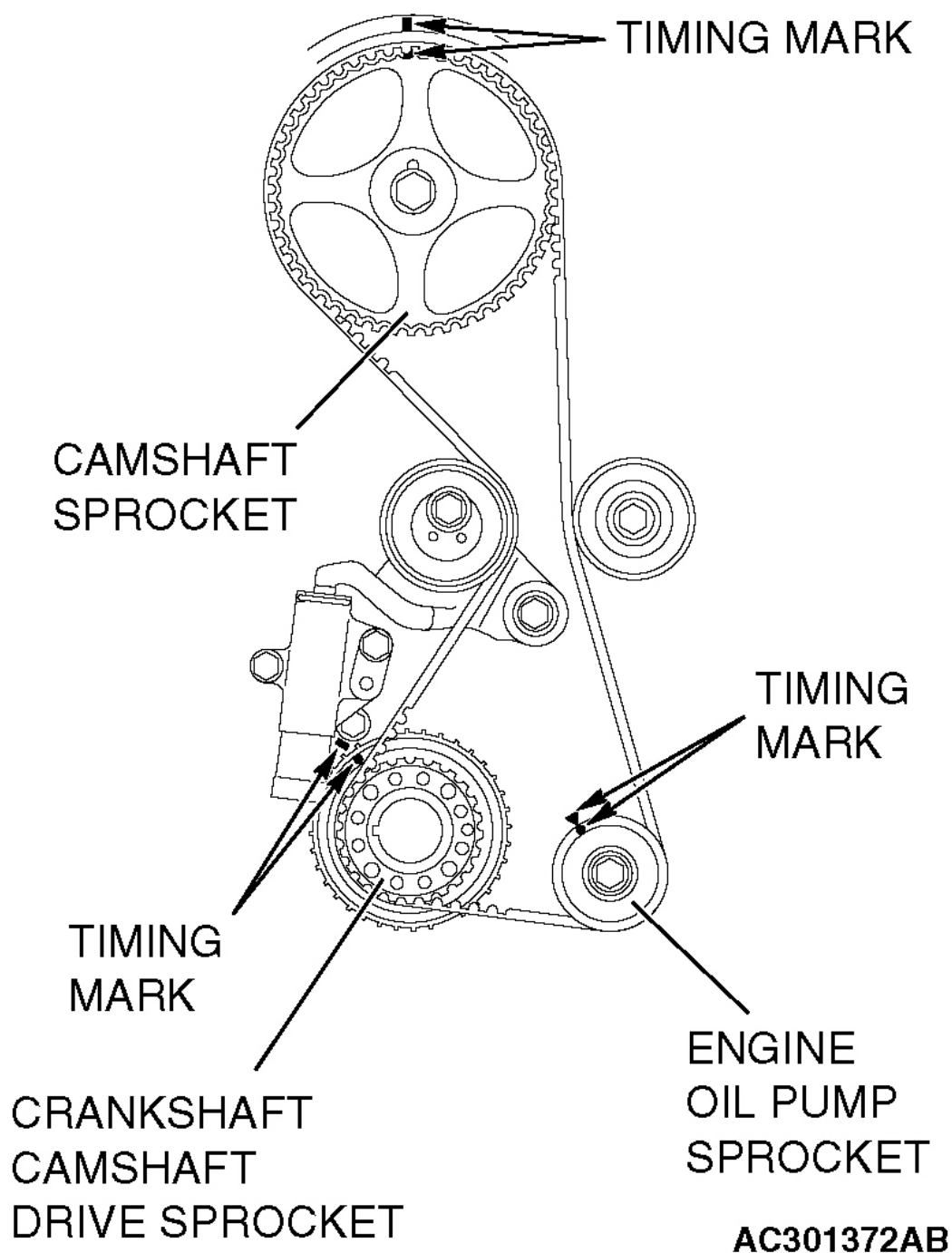
**CAUTION:** Always screw in special tool MD998738 in with your hands, since use of a spanner or other tools may damage the wire or pin inserted in the timing belt tensioner adjuster.

2. Gradually screw in special tool MD998738 to a position in which the wire or pin inserted in the timing belt tensioner adjuster lightly moves.



**Fig. 109: Identifying Timing Belt Under Cover And Special Tool MD998738**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

3. Turn the crankshaft 1/4 of a revolution in the counterclockwise direction.
4. Turn the crankshaft in the clockwise direction, align each timing mark to set number 1 cylinder to TDC of its compression stroke.
5. Loosen the timing belt tensioner pulley mounting bolt.



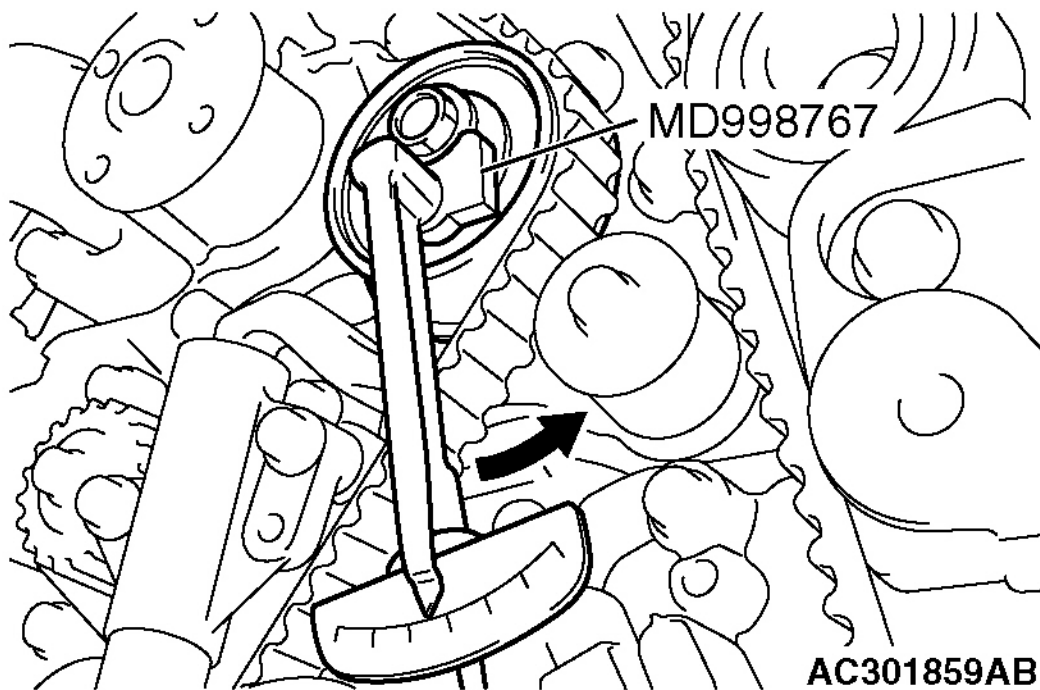
**Fig. 110: Turning Crankshaft In Clockwise Direction**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**CAUTION:** When tightening the mounting bolt, ensure that the timing belt

**tensioner pulley does not rotate with the belt. Allowing it to rotate with the bolt can cause deficient tension of the belt.**

6. With special tool MD998767 and torque wrench, apply tension torque [3.5 N.m (31 in-lb)] to the valve timing belt, and tighten the timing belt tensioner pulley mounting bolt to the specified torque.

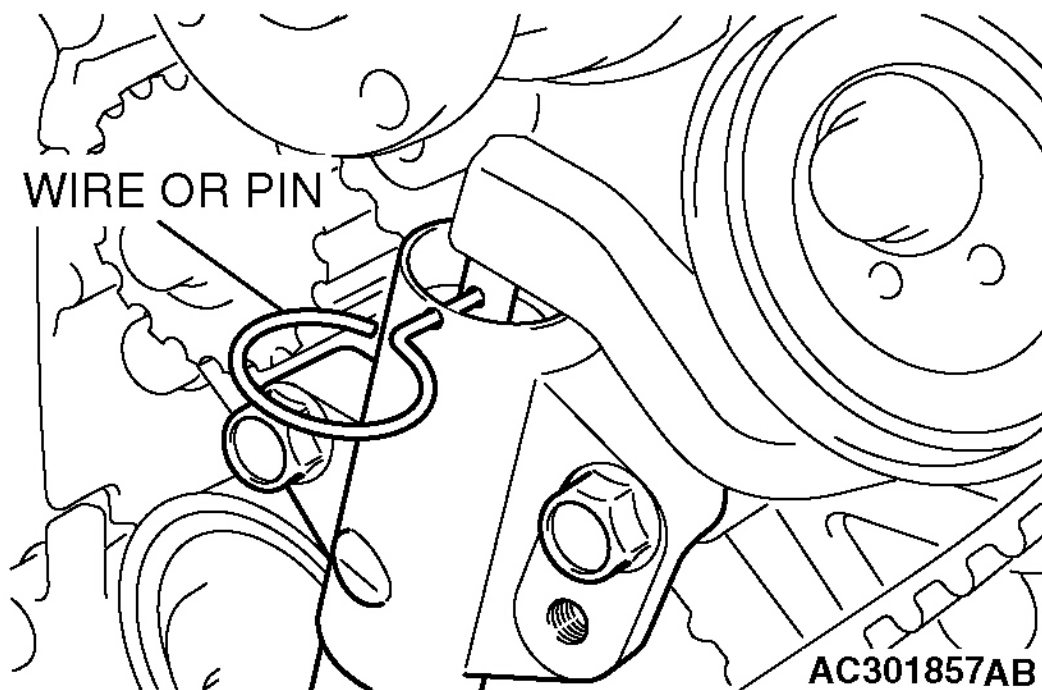
**Tightening torque: 48 +/- 5 N.m (36 +/- 3 ft-lb)**



**Fig. 111: Applying Tension Torque To Valve Timing Belt**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

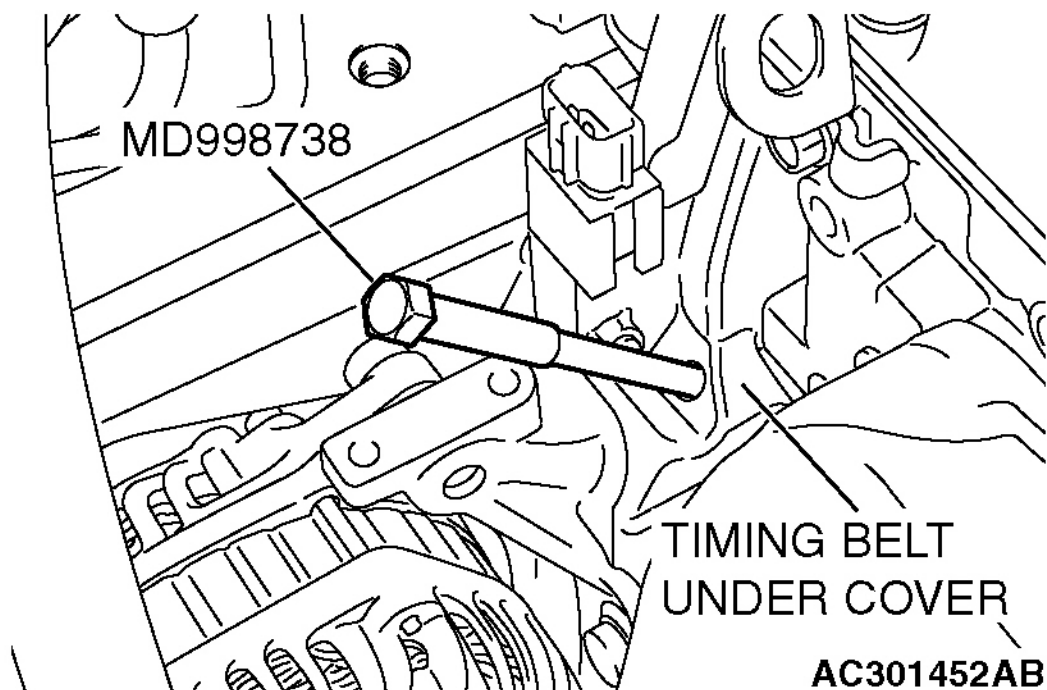
7. Remove wire or pin inserted to timing belt tensioner adjuster.





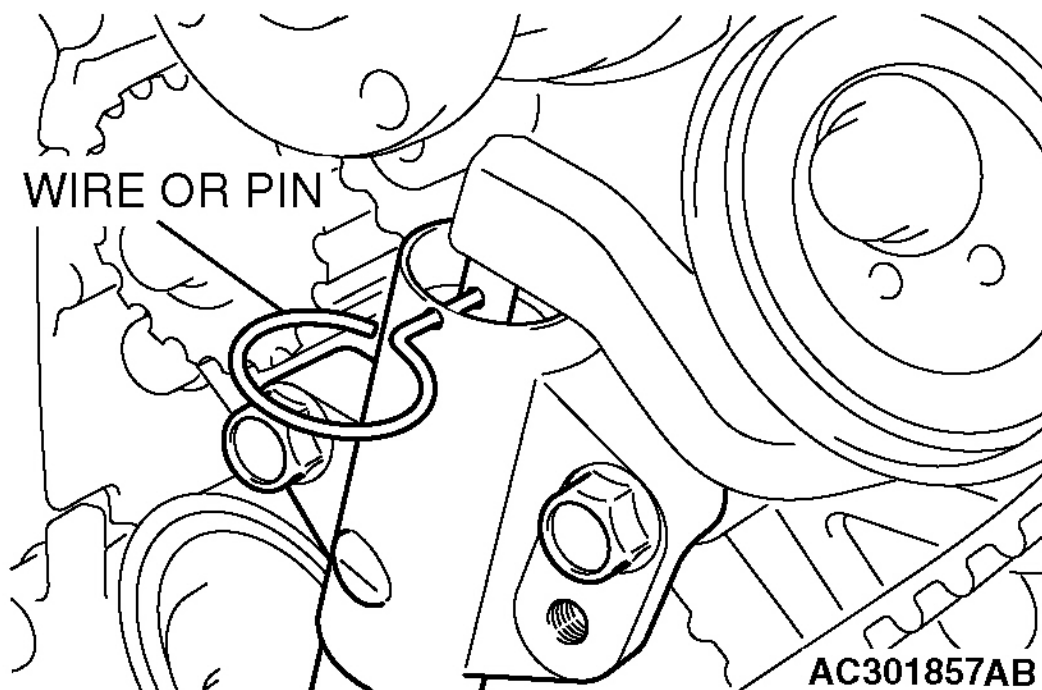
**Fig. 112: Removing Wire Or Pin Inserted To Timing Belt Tensioner Adjuster**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

8. Remove special tool MD998738, and install the rubber plug to the timing belt under cover.
9. Rotate crankshaft clockwise two turns, and leave it for about 15 minutes.



**Fig. 113: Identifying Timing Belt Under Cover And Special Tool MD998738**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

10. Insert wire or pin removed in Step 7 again, and ensure that it can be pulled out with a light load. When wire or pin can be lightly removed, appropriate tension is applied on timing belt. In this case, remove wire or pin.



**Fig. 114: Inserting Wire Or Pin**

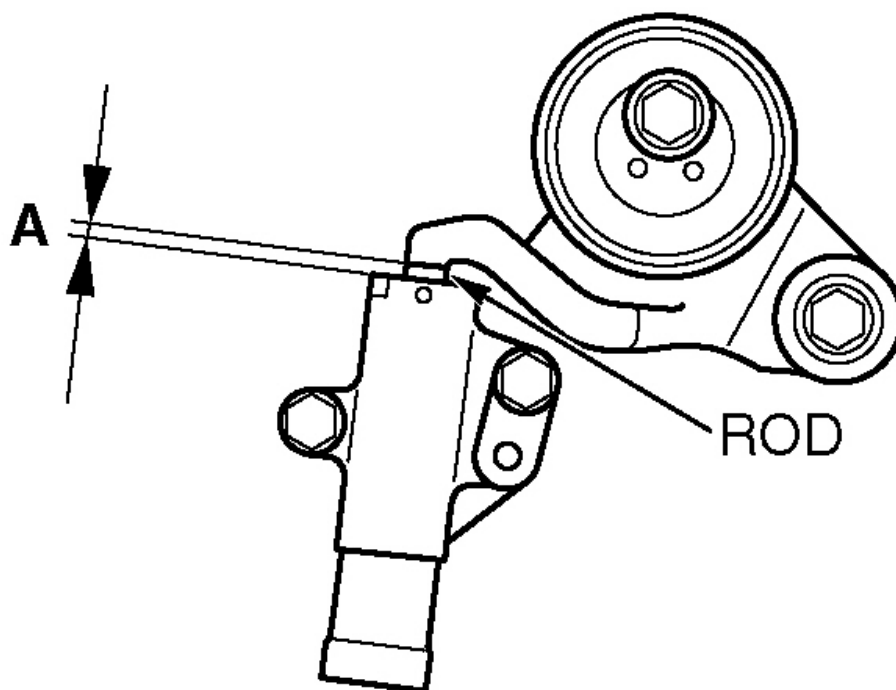
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

Also the projection of timing belt tensioner adjuster rod (A) is within the standard value, appropriate tension is applied.

**Standard value (A): 3.8 - 4.5 mm (0.15 - 0.17 inch)**

11. If wire or pin cannot be easily pulled out, repeat Step 1 through Step 9 to reach proper valve timing belt tension.

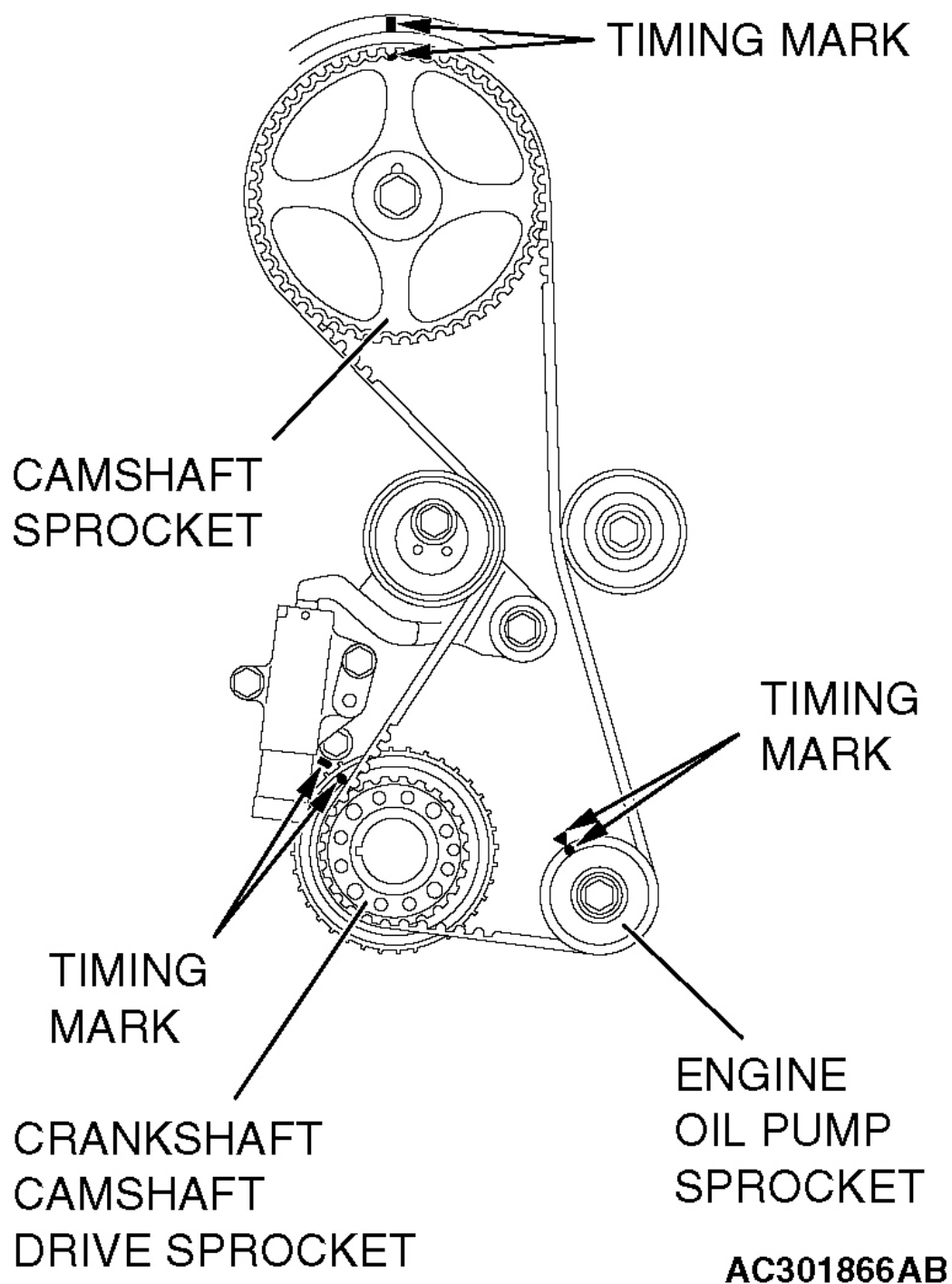
**CAUTION:** Always check the tightening torque of the crank shaft pulley center bolt when turning the crank shaft pulley center bolt counterclockwise. Re-tighten if it is loose.



**AC301375AB**

**Fig. 115: Identifying Timing Belt Tensioner Adjuster Rod (A)**  
**Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.**

12. Check again that the timing marks on sprockets are aligned.



**Fig. 116: Identifying Timing Marks On Sprockets Aligned**  
Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**INSPECTION****TIMING BELT TENSIONER ADJUSTER CHECK**

1. Check for oil leak from seal, and replace it if leak is detected.
2. Check for wear or damage at the top of the rod. Replace it, if required.
3. Hold the timing belt tensioner adjuster by hand, and press top end of the rod onto the metal (e.g. cylinder block) under a pressure of 98 - 196 N (22 - 44 pounds) to measure the movement of the rod.

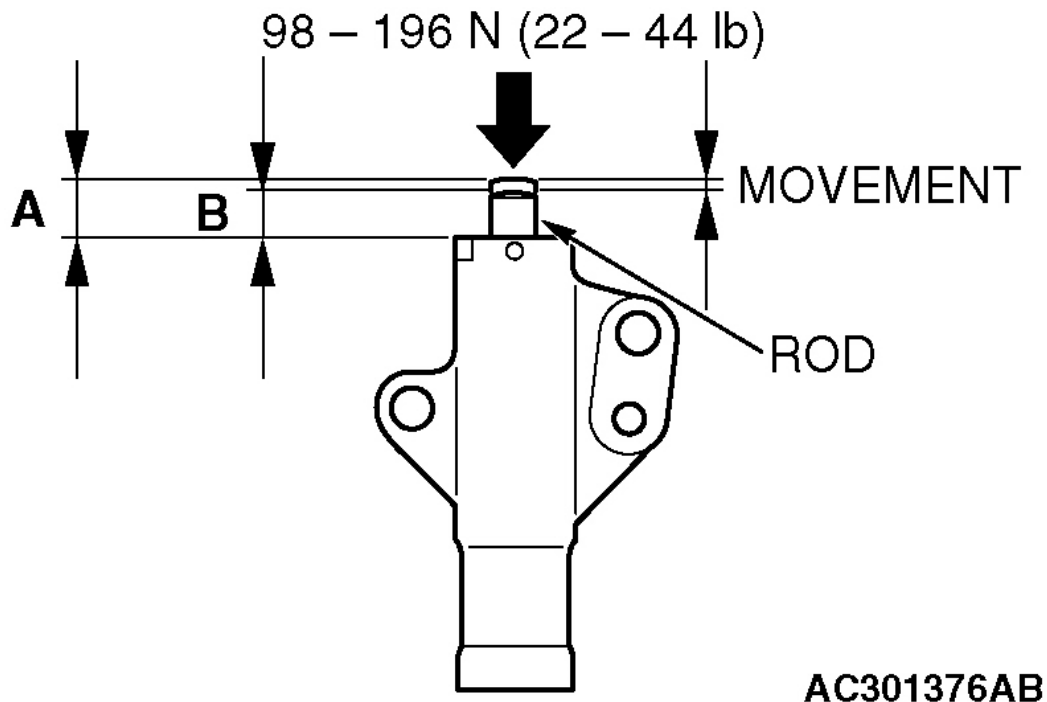
**Standard value: Within 1 mm (0.039 inch)**

**A: Length when it is free (not pressed)**

**B: Length when it is pressed**

**A - B: Movement**

4. If the measured value is out of the standard value, replace the timing belt tensioner adjuster.



**Fig. 117: Measuring Movement Of Rod**

Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

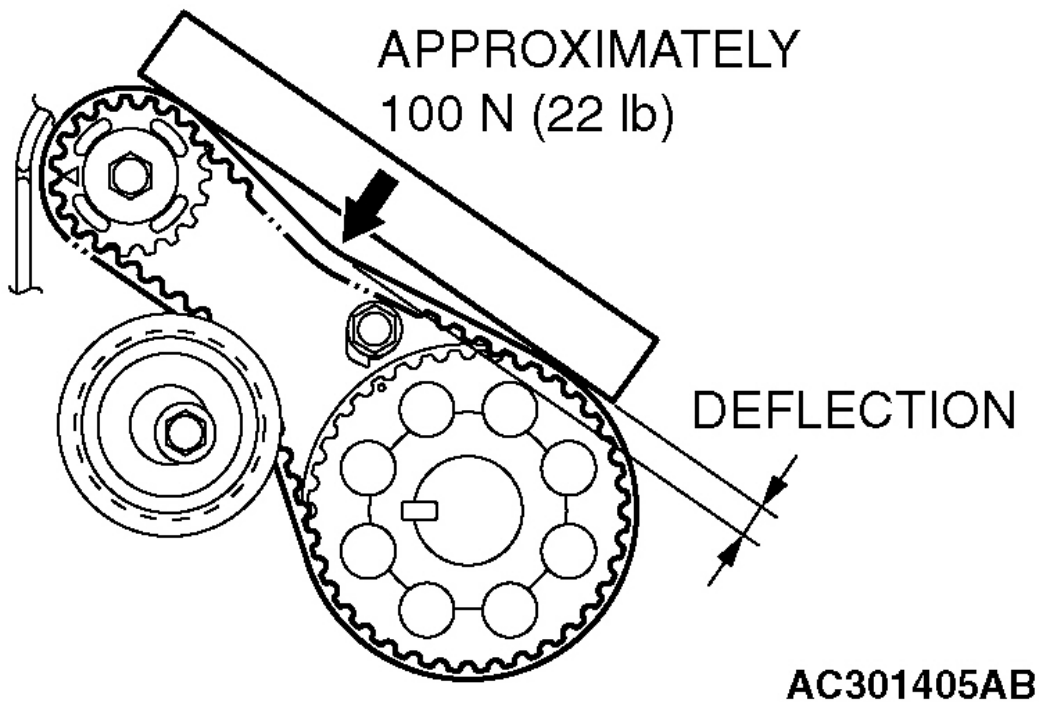
**BALANCER TIMING BELT TENSION CHECK**

Check the balancer timing belt tension in the following procedures.

1. Apply a pressure of approximately 100 N (22 pounds) at the center (arrow area) between the sprocket as shown in the figure, then inspect whether the flexure is within the standard value.

**Standard value: 5 - 10 mm (0.20 - 0.39 inch)**

2. If not within the standard value, adjust the belt tension. (Refer to **TIMING BELT** ).



**Fig. 118: Applying Pressure At Center (Arrow Area) Between Sprocket**  
 Courtesy of MITSUBISHI MOTOR SALES OF AMERICA.

**SPECIFICATIONS****FASTENER TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS****FASTENER TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS**

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Camshaft and valve stem seal	
Accumulator assembly	44 +/- 5 N.m (33 +/- 3 ft-lb)

## 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

### 2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

Camshaft position sensing cylinder bolt		22 +/- 4 N.m (16 +/- 3 ft-lb)
Camshaft position sensor support bolt		14 +/- 1 N.m (120 +/- 13 in-lb)
Camshaft sprocket bolt		89 +/- 9 N.m (65 +/- 7 ft-lb)
Control wiring harness bolt		9.0 +/- 2.0 N.m (80 +/- 17 in-lb)
Cylinder head plug		47 +/- 7 N.m (35 +/- 5 ft-lb)
Engine cover bolt		3.0 +/- 0.5 N.m (27 +/- 4 in-lb)
Engine cover bracket bolt		13 +/- 2 N.m (111 +/- 22 in-lb)
Engine hanger bolt		24 +/- 3 N.m (18 +/- 2 ft-lb)
Engine oil control valve bolt		11 +/- 1 N.m (98 +/- 8 in-lb)
Engine oil pressure switch		10 +/- 2 N.m (89 +/- 17 in-lb)
Exhaust rocker arm shaft bolt		13 +/- 1 N.m (115 +/- 9 in-lb)
Intake rocker arm shaft bolt		31 +/- 3 N.m (23 +/- 2 ft-lb)
Rocker cover assembly bolt		3.5 +/- 0.5 N.m (31 +/- 4 in-lb)
Spark plug		25 +/- 4 N.m (18 +/- 3 ft-lb)
<b>Crankshaft oil seal</b>		
A/T drive plate bolt < A/T >		132 +/- 5 N.m (98 +/- 3 ft-lb)
Flywheel bolt < M/T >		132 +/- 5 N.m (98 +/- 3 ft-lb)
<b>Crankshaft pulley</b>		
Crankshaft damper pulley bolt		25 +/- 4 N.m (18 +/- 3 ft-lb)
<b>Cylinder head gasket</b>		
Battery wiring harness nut		14 +/- 3 N.m (124 +/- 26 in-lb)
Camshaft sprocket bolt		89 +/- 9 N.m (65 +/- 7 ft-lb)
Control wiring harness bolt		9.0 +/- 2.0 N.m (80 +/- 17 in-lb)
Cylinder head bolt < Cold engine >		78 +/- 2 N.m to 0 N.m to 20 +/- 2 N.m to +90° to +90° (58 +/- 1 ft-lb to 0 in-lb +/- 15 +/- 1 ft-lb to +90° to +90°)
Engine oil dipstick guide bolt		13 +/- 1 N.m (115 +/- 9 in-lb)
Intake manifold stay bolt		31 +/- 3 N.m (23 +/- 2 ft-lb)
Knock sensor connector bracket bolt		11 +/- 1 N.m (98 +/- 8 in-lb)
Radiator lower hose clamp bolt		5.0 +/- 1.0 N.m (44 +/- 9 in-lb)
<b>Engine assembly</b>		
Battery terminal nut	M6	5.0 +/- 1.0 N.m (44 +/- 9 in-lb)
	M8	12 +/- 2 N.m (102 +/- 22 in-lb)
Battery wiring harness bolt		9.0 +/- 2.0 N.m (80 +/- 17 in-lb)
Control wiring harness bolt		9.0 +/- 2.0 N.m (80 +/- 17 in-lb)
Engine front mounting bracket bolt		44 +/- 10 N.m (33 +/- 7 ft-lb)
Engine front mounting bracket nut		67 +/- 7 N.m (50 +/- 5 ft-lb)
Grounding cable bolt		12 +/- 2 N.m (102 +/- 22 in-lb)
Power steering oil pump bracket bolt		24 +/- 4 N.m (18 +/- 3 ft-lb)
Power steering oil pump bracket nut		44 +/- 10 N.m (33 +/- 7 ft-lb)
<b>Oil pan</b>		



## 2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES

2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

Engine oil pan bolt		9.0 +/- 3.0 N.m (80 +/- 26 in-lb)
Engine oil pan drain plug		39 +/- 5 N.m (29 +/- 3 ft-lb)
Torque converter housing front lower cover bolt (bolt, flange)	M10	26 +/- 5 N.m (19 +/- 4 ft-lb)
Torque converter housing front lower cover bolt (bolt, washer assembled)	M6	9.0 +/- 1.0 N.m (80 +/- 9 in-lb)
<b>Timing belt</b>		
Auto-tensioner bolt (bolt, washer assembled)	M8	22 +/- 4 N.m (16 +/- 3 ft-lb)
	M10	44 +/- 10 N.m (33 +/- 7 ft-lb)
Balancer timing belt tensioner bolt		19 +/- 3 N.m (14 +/- 2 ft-lb)
Battery wiring harness nut		14 +/- 3 N.m (124 +/- 26 in-lb)
Connector bracket bolt		11 +/- 1 N.m (98 +/- 8 in-lb)
Crankshaft pulley center bolt		167 N.m (123 ft-lb)
Cylinder block plug		30 +/- 3 N.m (23 +/- 2 ft-lb)
Idle pulley bolt		79 +/- 5 N.m (59 +/- 3 ft-lb)
Timing belt idler pulley bolt		35 +/- 6 N.m (26 +/- 4 ft-lb)
Timing belt lower cover bolt (bolt, flange)	M6	11 +/- 1 N.m (98 +/- 8 in-lb)
Timing belt lower cover bolt (bolt, washer assembled)	M6	9.0 +/- 1.0 N.m (80 +/- 9 in-lb)
Timing belt lower cover bracket bolt		8.5 +/- 0.5 N.m (76 +/- 4 in-lb)
Timing belt lower cover nut		11 +/- 1 N.m (98 +/- 8 in-lb)
Timing belt tensioner adjuster bolt		23 +/- 3 N.m (17 +/- 2 ft-lb)
Timing belt tensioner arm bolt		21 +/- 4 N.m (16 +/- 2 ft-lb)
Timing belt tensioner pulley bolt		48 +/- 5 N.m (36 +/- 3 ft-lb)
Timing belt upper cover bolt (bolt, flange)	M6	11 +/- 1 N.m (98 +/- 8 in-lb)
	M8	14 +/- 1 N.m (120 +/- 13 in-lb)
Water pump pulley bolt		8.8 +/- 1.0 N.m (78 +/- 9 in-lb)

### SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

### SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM		STANDARD VALUE	LIMIT
Drive belt tension (Reference)	Vibration frequency Hz	120 - 154	-
	Tension N (lb)	340 - 560 (76 - 126)	-
Valve clearance (hot) mm (in)	Intake valve	0.20 (0.008)	-
	Exhaust valve	0.30 (0.012)	-
Actual ignition timing at idle		Approximately 10° BTDC	-
Basic ignition timing at idle		5° BTDC +/- 3°	-
CO content%		0.5 or less	-
HC contents ppm		100 or less	-

**2006 Mitsubishi Lancer ES**

2006 ENGINE Mechanical (2.4L) - Lancer

Curb idle speed r/min	750 +/- 100	-
Compression pressure (200 r/min) kPa (psi)	1,560 (226)	Minimum 1,130 (164)
Intake manifold vacuum at curb idle kPa (in Hg)	-	Minimum 60 (18)
Cylinder head bolt nominal length mm (in)	-	99.4 (3.91)
Balancer timing belt tension (When adjusted)	Deflection mm (in)	5 - 7 (0.20 - 0.27)
Balancer timing belt tension (When replaced)	Deflection mm (in)	5 - 7 (0.20 - 0.27)
Balancer timing belt tension (When checked)	Deflection mm (in)	5 - 10 (0.20 - 0.39)
Timing belt tensioner adjuster rod protrusion amount mm (in)	3.8 - 4.5 (0.15 - 0.17)	-
Timing belt tensioner adjuster rod movement mm (in)	Within 1 (0.039)	-

**SEALANTS****SEALANTS SPECIFICATION**

ITEM	SPECIFIED SEALANT
Camshaft position sensor support	3M™ AAD Part No.8672, 8679/8678 or equivalent
Engine oil pressure switch	
Engine oil pan	3M™ AAD Part No.8672, 8704, 8679/8678 or equivalent