PRIVATE CARS CITROËN C5 - CITROËN C8

2005

«The technical information contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the motor vehicle repair trade. In some instances, this information could concern the security and safety of the vehicle. The information is to be used by the professional vehicle repairers for whom it is intended and they alone would assume full responsibility to the exclusion of that of the manufacturer».

«The technical information appearing in this brochure is subject to updating as the characteristics of each model in the range evolve. Motor vehicle repairers are invited to contact the CITROËN network periodically for further information and to obtain any possible updates».



CAR 000.020 Volume 3

	CORRESPONDENCE TABLE FOR PETROL ENGINES								
		E	W		ES				
Engine	7	10 12			,	9			
families	J4	Α	J	4	Α	J4			
	1.8i 16V	2.0i	16V	2.2i 16V HPi	3.0i	24V			
Engine types	6FZ	RFJ	RFN	3FZ	XFU	XFW			
C5	X	х			х				
C8			х	х		х			

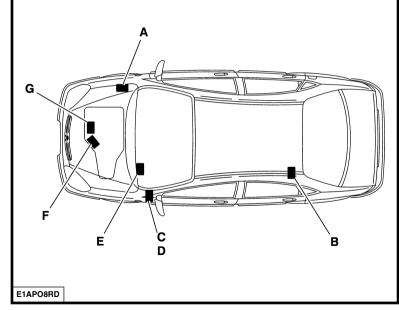
	CORRESPONDENCE TABLE FOR DIESEL ENGINES									
	DV			D	W					
Engine families	6			10			13	2		
Lingine families	TED4		TED4		ВТ	ED4	TED	ATED4		
	1,6 16V HDi		2,0 16VHDi				2,2 16			
Engine types	9HZ	RHM	RHT	RHW	RHL	RHR	4HX	4HW		
C5	х				х	Х	х			
C8		х	Х	х				х		

VERY IMPORTANT

As the booklet is constantly re-edited, this one only covers vehicles for this particular model year.

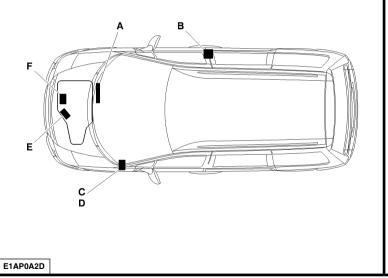
It is therefore necessary to order a new booklet each year and RETAIN THE OLD ONES.

IDENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES



- **A -** Chassis stamp (cold stamp on bodywork).
- **B** Manufacturer's data plate (under the rear bench seat).
- **C** A-S/RP No. and RP paint code (label on front pillar close to driver's door).
- **D** Inflation pressures and tyre references (label on front pillar close to driver's door).
- **E** Serial no. on bodywork.
- **F** Gearbox reference Factory serial no.
- **G** Engine legislation type Factory serial no.

C 5			IDENTIFICATION	ON OF	VEHI	CLES					
	Type approval										
	Struc	ture			Ve	rsion (4)					
	D	Family (1)					Depollu	ıtion leve	ls		
DC	С	Bodywork (2)	<u> </u>	L3	L4	Euro IV	US	Other	K	Alc	ohol
RFNC/IF	RFN	Engine (3)		W3	L4	Euro IV	83/87	Other	K'	L3/L4	Euro IV
1110/	С	Version (4)	Manual 5-speed gearbox	Α	В	С	Р	V	5	8	1
	/IF	Variant (5)	Manual 4-speed gearbox		Е	F	R	W	6	9	2
	Family (1) Manual 6-speed gearbox		Manual 6-speed gearbox ts		G	Н	S	Х			3
D		C5	Automatic 6-speed gearbox		D	J	Ν				U
	Body shape (2) Axle and/or gearbo				K	L	Т	Υ	7	0	4
С	5-	door saloon	Other possible combinations		М						
E		Estate	No gearbox		Z						
	F i	oo (0)			1/-	······ (E)					
CEZ I		ne (3)	Cotuanuia a conventible	$\overline{}$	va	riants (5)		_			
6FZ	EW7J4	1.8i 16V	Entreprise convertible	1)							
RFJ	EW10A	2.0i 16V	Integral alternator-starter (ADIN	1)				AD			
XFU	ES9A	3.0i 24S	Without FAP					SF			
9HZ	DV6TED4	1.6i 16 HDi	Fiscal incentives					<u>IF</u>			
RHL	DW10BTED	4 2.0i 16V HDi	Piloted manual gearbox	_				<u>P</u>			
RHR	DWAOTED	0.0407/110:	Downgraded depollution					D			
4HX	DW12TED4	2.2 16V HDi	LPG dual fuel					GL			
			STT2 (stop and start)					S			



- A Chassis stamp (cold stamp on bodywork).
- **B** Manufacturer's data plate (under RH centre pillar).
- C A-S / RP No. and RP paint code (label on front pillar).
- **D** Inflation pressures and tyre references (label on front pillar).
- **E** Gearbox reference Factory serial no.
- **F** Engine legislation type Factory serial no.

IDENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES

C8			IDENTIFICATION	ON OF	VEHI	CLES					
	Type approval										
	Struc	ture			Ve	rsion (4)					
	E	Family (1)					Depollu	ution leve	els		
EA	Α	Bodywork (2)	_	L3	L4	Euro IV	US	Other	K	Alc	ohol
XFWF/IF	XFW	Engine (3)		W3	L4	Euro IV	83/87	Other	K'	L3/L4	Euro IV
70. 11.711	F	Version (4)	Manual 5-speed gearbox	Α	В	С	Р	V	5	8	1
_	/IF	Variant (5)	Manual 4-speed gearbox		Е	F	R	W	6	9	2
	Family (1) Manual 6-speed gearbox ts		Manual 6-speed gearbox ts		G	Н	S	Х			3
Е	C8		Automatic 6-speed gearbox		D	J	N				U
	Body shape (2) Axle and/or gearbox gears				K	L	Т	Υ	7	0	4
Α	Monospace 7 seats maximum Other possible combination		Other possible combinations		М						
В	Monospac	e 8 seats maximum	No gearbox	Z							
	F.,!	- (0)	Verlanta (F)								
RFN	Engin		Establish a second this		va	riants (5		-			
	EW10J4	2.0i 16V	Entreprise convertible	1							
3FZ	EW12J4	2.2i 16V Hpi	Integral alternator-starter (ADIN	1)				AD			
XFW	ES9J4	3.0i 24S	Without FAP					SF			
RHM	DWARTEDA	0.0:40//110:	Fiscal incentives					<u>IF</u>			
RHT	DW10TED4	2.0i 16V HDi	Piloted manual gearbox	_				<u>P</u>			
RHW	DIMMONTED	1 0 0: 40// HD:	Downgraded depollution					D			
4HW	DW12ATED4	1 2.2i 16V HDi	LPG dual fuel					GL			
			STT2 (stop and start)					S			

CAPACITIES (in litres) **Draining methods** Oil capacities are defined according to the following methods Draining of the engine lubrication system by GRAVITY Draining of the engine lubrication system by **SUCTION** Place the vehicle on horizontal ground (in the high position if Place the vehicle on horizontal ground (in the high position if hydropneumatic suspension). hydropneumatic suspension). The engine should be hot (oil temperature 80°C). The engine should be hot (oil temperature 80°C). Remove the oil by suction through the dipstick tube. Drain the sump by gravity. Remove the oil filter cartridge. Remove the oil filter cartridge (time for draining and drip-drip = 15Maintain the suction of oil in the sump (15 minutes approx.). minutes approx.). Refit a new oil filter cartridge. Refit the cap with a new seal. Refill the engine with oil (see table for oil capacity). Refit a new oil filter cartridge. Start the engine to fill the oil filter cartridge. Refill the engine with oil (see table for oil capacity). Stop the engine (allow to stabilise for 5 minutes). Start the engine to fill the oil filter cartridge. Stop the engine (allow to stabilise for 5 minutes).

ESSENTIAL: Systematically check the oil level using the oil dipstick.

WARNING: Remove the suction container before starting the engine.

	CA	PACITIES (in litres	s)				
		C	5				
		Pe	trol				
	1.8i 16V	2.0i	16V	3.0i 2	24\$		
		AUTO.			AUTO.		
Engine type	6FZ	R	FJ	XF	:U		
Engine with filter change	4,25		5	5,25			
Between Min. and Max.		1,7			2		
5-speed gearbox	1,8	1,8		1,8			
Automatic gearbox			6		7		
After oil change			3		4		
Braking circuit							
Hydraulic circuit		4	l,3				
Cooling system	8,8						
Fuel tank capacity		65					
IMPERATIVE: Systematica	lly check the oil level using the	oil dipstick.					

·		CAPACITIES	(in litres)			
			C5			
			Diesel			
	1.6 16V HDi	2.0 16	SV HDi	2.2 16	V HDi	
				AUTO		
Engine type	9HZ	RHL	НХ			
Engine with filter change	3,75	5,25		4,75		
Between Min. and Max.	1,55	1,9		1	,5	
5-speed gearbox		1,8		1,8		
Automatic gearbox					8,3	
After oil change					5,3	
Braking circuit						
Hydraulic circuit	<u>-</u>		4,3			
Cooling system		10,5 11,7	7 (with additional heating	1)		
Fuel tank capacity	65					

CAPACITIES (in litres)									
					C8				
		Petrol					Diesel		
	2.0i 16v	2.2i 16V	3.0i 24V		2.0 16V HDi			2.2 16	V HDi
				AUTO.					AUTO.
Engine type	RFN	3FZ	Х	FW	RHM	RHT	RHW	41	łW
Engine with filter change	4,2	25	5,25		4,75		4,75		
Between Min. and Max.	1,	7	2		1,9			1	,5
5-speed gearbox	1,8	2	1				2		
Automatic gearbox				8,3					6
After oil change				5,3					3
Hydraulic circuit					0,66				
Cooling system	7	7,2		10,5		10			11,3
Fuel tank capacity					80				

EVOLUTIONS (YEAR 2004).

CITROËN C4

Petrol engine versions except 2.0 i 16V 180 hp (132 kW):

- Normal maintenance interval: 30 000 km (20 000 miles).
- Severe maintenance interval: 20 000 km (12 000 miles).

Petrol engine version 2.0L i 16V 180 hp (132 kW):

- Normal maintenance interval: 20 000 km (12 500 miles).
- Severe maintenance interval: 15 000 km (10 000 miles).

Diesel engine versions.

WARNING: Vehicles HDi FAP (*) do not accept the energy economy oil TOTAL ACTIVA FUTUR 9000 5W30 for France, TOTAL QUARTZ FUTURE 9000 5W30 outside France.

DV6 engines:

- Normal maintenance interval: 20 000 km (12 500 miles).
- Severe maintenance interval: 15 000 km (10 000 miles).

DW engines:

- Normal maintenance interval: 30 000 km (20 000 miles).
- Severe maintenance interval: 20 000 km (12 000 miles).

New Look CITROËN C5

Petrol engine versions:

- Normal maintenance interval: 30 000 km (20 000 miles).
- Severe maintenance interval: 20 000 km (12 000 miles).

Diesel engine versions.

WARNING: Vehicles HDi FAP (*) do not accept the energy economy oil TOTAL ACTIVA FUTUR 9000 5W30 for France, TOTAL QUARTZ FUTURE 9000 5W30 outside France.

DV6 engines:

- Normal maintenance interval: 20 000 km (12 500 miles).
- Severe maintenance interval: 15 000 km (10 000 miles).

DW engines:

- Normal maintenance interval: 30 000 km (20 000 miles).
- Severe maintenance interval: 20 000 km (12 000 miles).

ESSENTIAL: For all vehicles with a 30 000 km (20 000 miles) maintenance interval, use exclusively TOTAL ACTIVA/QUARTZ 7000 or 9000 or any other oils offering identical specifications to these.

These oils offer specifications that are superior to those defined by norms ACEA A3 OR API SJ/CF.

Failing this, it is essential to adhere to the maintenance programmes covering severe operating conditions.

Use of oil grade 10W40.

It is possible to use the semi-synthetic oil $7000\ 10W40$ on HDi and HDi FAP vehicles.

WARNING: To avoid difficulties when starting from cold (< 20° C), use 5W40 oil.

For more details, see the oil usage table (paragraph 3.3).

Commercial description for energy economy oil.

TOTAL ACTIVA FUTUR 9000 5W30 (France only).

TOTAL QUARTZ FUTUR 9000 5W30 (except France).

The exclusions for use of this oil are the following:

- XSARA VTS 2.0 16V (XU10J4RS).
- JUMPER/RELAY 2.8 HDi and 2.8 TDi (SOFIM engine).
- HDi FAP vehicles.
- CITROËN C3 HDi 16V (DV4TED4).
- CITROËN C8 2.2i (EW12J4).
- CITROËN C4 and C5 2.0i (EW10A).
- CITROËN C4 (EW10J4S).

Engine oil norms.

Current norms.

The classification of these engine oils is established by the following recognised organisations:

- S.A.E : Society of Automotive Engineers. - API : American Petroleum Institute.
- ACEA : Association des Constructeurs Européens d'Automobiles.

S.A.E. Norms - Table for selection of engine oil grade.

Selection of engine oil grades recommended for climatic conditions in countries of distribution (see table, paragraph 3.3).

Evolution of the norms to 01/01/2003.

ACEA 2003 norms.

The meaning of the first letter has not changed, it still corresponds to the type of engine:

- A: petrol and dual fuel petrol / LPG engines.
- B: diesel engines.

The figure following the first letter corresponds to the type of oil:

- 3: high performance oils.
- 4: oils specifically for direct injection diesel engines.
- 5: very high performance oils permitting lower fuel consumption, specific to direct injection diesel engines.

Example:

- ACEA A3: high performance oils specifically for petrol and dual fuel petrol/ LPG engines.
- ACEA A/B: blended oils giving very high performance for all engines, also permitting better fuel economy, specifically for direct injection diesel engines.

NOTE: From 01/01/2003 there is no longer any reference to the year of creation of the norm (example : ACEA A3/B3 98 becomes ACEA A3/B3).

API Norms:

The meaning of the first letter has not changed, it still corresponds to the to be lubricated with oils adhering to the norms: type of engine:

- S: petrol and dual fuel petrol / LPG engines.
- C: diesel engines.

The second letter corresponds to the degree of evolution of the oil (ascending order).

Example: Norm **SL** is more severe than norm **SJ**, corresponding to a higher level of performance.

Recommendations.

ESSENTIAL: To preserve engine performances, all engines fitted in CITROËN vehicles must be lubricated with high quality oils (synthetic or semi-synthetic).

CITROËN engines are lubricated at the factory with TOTAL oil of grade S.A.E 5W-30

TOTAL oil of grade S.A.E 5W-30 allows improved fuel economies (approx 2.5%).

The **oil 5W30** is used only for the following engines (year 2004):

- XU10 J4RS : XSARA VTS 2.0i 16V (3-door).

- SOFIM : JUMPER / RELAY 2.8 TDi and 2.8 HDi.

- HDi : With particle filter (FAP). - DV4 TED4 : CITROËN C3 1 4 16V HDi.

- EW 12J4 : CITROËN C8 2.2i.

- EW 10A : CITROËN C4 and C5 2.0i.

: CITROËN C4. - EW10J4S engine

WARNING: CITROËN engines prior to model year 2000 do not have

- ACEA AI-98 and API SJ/CF EC or current norms ACEA A5/B5.

Denomination of **TOTAL** oils according to country of marketing:

- TOTAL ACTIVA (France only).
- TOTAL QUARTZ (outside France).

Summary.

Norms to be respected for engine oils (*vear 2004*).

Year	Engine types concerned	ACEA Norms	API Norms
2003	Petrol and LPG dual fuel engines	A3 or A5 (*)	SJ or SL
	Diesel engines	B3, B4 or B5 (*)	CF

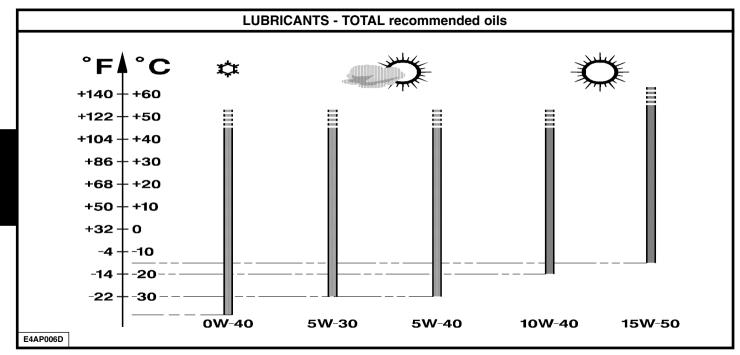
(*) It is essential not to use engine oils respecting these norms for XU10J4RS, SOFIM 2.8 TDi and SOFIM 2.8 HDi engines, HDi engines with particle filter EW10A. EW12J4. DV4TED4.

	L	UBRICAN	TS - TOTA	AL recommended oils			
Classes and grades of TOTAL real The oils distributed in each country conditions. Blended oils for all engines (petropetrol/LPG):	Oils specifically for diesel engin	es:					
	S.A.E. norms	ACEA norms	API norms		S.A.E. norms	ACEA norms	API norms
TOTAL ACTIVA 9000 TOTAL QUARTZ 9000	5W40	A3/B3/ B4		TOTAL ACTIVA DIESEL 7000 TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL 7000	10W40	В3	CF
TOTAL ACTIVA FUTUR 9000 (*) TOTAL QUARTZ FUTUR 9000 (*)	5W30	A5/B5	SL/CF	TOTAL ACTIVA DIESEL 7000	15W50		
TOTAL ACTIVRAC	10W40	A3/B3					
(*) Blended oils for all engines giving Oils for petrol, diesel and dual fuel							
	S.A.E. norms	ACEA norms	API norms				
TOTAL ACTIVA 7000 TOTAL QUARTZ 7000	10W40						
TOTAL QUARTZ 9000	0W40	А3	SL				
TOTAL ACTIVA 7000 TOTAL QUARTZ 7000	15W50						

Oil usage table

			TOTA	L ACTIVA QU	JARTZ	
			Synthetic 900	0	Semi-synthetic 7000	
	Engine types	0W40	5W30	5W40	10W40	15W50
					Hot countries	•
				perate coun	tries	
		Cold countries				
	EW10J4S (CITROËN C4)	X		X		
Detrol engines	EW12J4 (CITROËN C8 2.2i 16V)	X		Χ	X	X
Petrol engines	EW10A (CITROËN C4 and C5)	Х		Χ	Х	Х
	Others petrol engines	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Χ
	HDi engines with FAP (*)	Х		Χ	X (*)	Χ
	Others HDi engines	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ
Diesel engines	SOFIM 2.8 HDi and 2.8 TDi (RELAY)			Х	Х	Х
	DV4 TED4 (C3 1.6 16V HDi)	Х		Х	Х	Х
	Indirect injection diesel engines		Х	Х	Х	Χ

(*) Do not use this oil in cold climatic conditions (temperature less than - 20°C). See the table below for the choice of **TOTAL** engine oil grades to be used according to the climatic conditions in the country of marketing.



LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils								
FRANCE		ENGINE	OILS					
FRANCE	ines, supplied i	n bulk						
Metropolitan FRANCE	TOTAL ACTIVRA	TOTAL ACTIVRAC Norms S.A.E: 10W40						
	TOTAL	TOTAL ACTIVA DIESEL						
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines		Oils specifically for diesel engines				
Metropolitan FRANCE	9000 5W40 FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*)	7000 10W40		7000 10W40 9000 5W40				
New Caledonia								
Guadeloupe								
Saint martin								
Reunion	9000 5W40	7000 15W		7000 15W50				
Martinique Guyana	1	7000 10W	40	7000 10W50				
Tahiti	1							
Mauritius	1							
Mayotte	1							
(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fuel	economy.							

	LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils								
		ENGINE OILS							
EUROPE	TOTAL	QUARTZ	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL						
	Blended oils for all engines Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines		Oils specifically for diesel engines						
Germany		7000 10W40 9000 0W40							
Austria		7000 10W40							
Belgium	7000 10W40 9000 0W40								
Bosnia	9000 5W40 FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*)	7000 10W40 9000 0W40	7000 10W40						
Bulgaria		7000 10W40							
Cyprus		7000 10W40 9000 15W40							
Croatia		7000 10W40							
(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fuel	economy.								

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils					
	ENGINE OILS				
EUROPE	TOTAL	QUARTZ	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL		
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines		
Denmark		7000 10W40 9000 0W40			
Spain		7000 10W40 7000 15W40			
Estonia		7000 10W40			
Finland	9000 5W40 - FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*) -	9000 0W40	7000 10W40		
Great Britain		7000 10W40			
Greece		7000 10W40 7000 15W40			
Holland		7000 10W40 9000 0W40			
(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fue	l economy.				

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils				
ENGINE OILS				
EUROPE	TOTAL	QUARTZ	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL	
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines	
Hungary		7000 10W40 9000 0W40		
Italy				
Ireland		7000 10W40		
Iceland	9000 5W40 FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*)		7000 10W40	
Latvia		7000 10W40		
Lithuania		9000 0W40		
Macedonia		7000 10W40		
(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fuel	economy.			

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils				
ENGINE OILS				
EUROPE	TOTAL	QUARTZ	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL	
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines	
Malta		7000 10W40 7000 15W50		
Moldavia		7000 10W40		
Norway		7000 10W40 9000 0W40		
Poland	9000 5W40 FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*)		7000 10W40	
Portugal		7000 10W40		
Slovakia				
Czech Republic		7000 10W40 9000 0W40		
(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fuel	economy.			

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils				
	ENGINE OILS			
EUROPE	TOTAL	TOTAL QUARTZ TOTAL QUAR		
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines	
Romania		7000 10W40 7000 15W50 9000 0W40		
Russia		7000 10W40 9000 0W40	7000 10W40	
Slovenia	9000 5W40			
Sweden	FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*)		7000 10W40	
Switzerland		7000 10W40		
Turkey		7000 10W40 9000 15W50 9000 0W40		
(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fuel	economy.			

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils				
ENGINE OILS				
EUROPE	TOTAL QUARTZ TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL Blended oils for all engines Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines Oils specifically for diesel engines			
Ukraine	9000 5W40	7000 10W40	- 000 400440	
Serbia-Montenegro	FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*)	9000 0W40	7000 10W40	

(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fuel economy.

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils				
ENGINE OILS				
OCEANIA	TOTAL	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL		
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines	
Australia New Zealand	9000 5W40 FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*)	7000 10W40		
AFRICA				
AFRICA	TOTAL	QUARTZ	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL	
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines	
Algeria, South Africa, Ivory Coast, Egypt, Gabon, Ghana, Kenya, Madagascar, Morocco, Nigeria, Senegal, Tunisia	9000 5W40	7000 10W40 7000 15W50	7000 10W40	

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils				
	ENGINE OILS			
CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA	TOTAL	QUARTZ	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL	
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines		
Argentina				
Brazil		7000 10W40 7000 15W50	7000 10W40	
Chile				
Cuba	9000 5W40			
Mexico				
Paraguay				
Uruguay				

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils					
	ENGINE OILS				
SOUTH-EAST ASIA	TOTAL	QUARTZ	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL		
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines		
China		7000 10W50 7000 15W50			
South Korea	9000 5W40 FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*)	7000 10W40			
Hong Kong		7000 15W50			
India - Indonesia	9000 5W40		7000 10W40		
Japan	9000 5W40 7000 10W40 FUTUR 9000 5W30 (*) 7000 15W50				
Malaysia	9000 5W40	7000 15W50			
Pakistan	3333 81140	. 333 101100			
(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fue	l economy.				

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils ENGINE OILS SOUTH-EAST ASIA TOTAL QUARTZ TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL Oils specifically for diesel Oils specifically for petrol and Blended oils for all engines dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines engines **Philippines** 7000 15W50 Singapore 7000 10W40 9000 5W40 Taiwan 7000 10W40 7000 15W50 Thailand 7000 15W50 Vietnam

(*) Blended oils for all engines, giving fuel economy.

LUBRICANTS - TOTAL recommended oils				
ENGINE OILS				
MIDDLE EAST	TOTAL	QUARTZ	TOTAL QUARTZ DIESEL	
	Blended oils for all engines	Oils specifically for petrol and dual-fuel petrol/LPG engines	Oils specifically for diesel engines	
Saudi Arabia - Bahrain Dubai United Arab Emirates		7000 15W50		
Iran	9000 5W40	7000 10W40 7000 15W50	7000 10W40	
Israel - Jordan - Kuwait - Lebanon Oman - Qatar - Syria - Yemen		7000 15W50		

GEARBOX OILS

Manual and piloted manual gearboxes		TOTAL TRANSMISSION BV Norms S.A.E: 75W80 Part No.: 9730 A2
MB3 automatic gearbox		TOTAL FLUIDE ATX TOTAL FLUIDE AT 42 Special oil distributed by CITROËN Part No.: 9730 A6
4HP20 and AL4 autoactive automatic gearboxes	All countries	Special oil distributed by CITROËN Part No.: 9736 22
AM6 autoactive automatic gearbox		Special oil distributed by CITROËN Part No.: 9980 D4
Transfer box and rear axle		TOTAL TRANSMISSION X4 Part No.: 9730 A7

POWER STEERING OILS

Power steering all vehicles (except CITROËN C4 and C5)		TOTAL FLUIDE ATX
Power steering C4 and C5	All countries	TOTAL FLUIDE LDS Special oil distributed by CITROËN Part No.: 9979 A3
Power steering	Very cold countries	TOTAL FLUIDE DA Special oil distributed by CITROËN Part No.: 9730 A1

ENGINE COOLANT FLUID

		Packs	CITROËN Part No.	
	'		GLYSANTIN G33	REVKOGEL 2000
All countries CITROËN fluid Protection: -35C°	2 Litres	9979 70	9979 72	
	CITROËN fluid	5 Litres	9979 71	9979 73
	Protection: -35C°	20 Litres	9979 76	9979 74
		210 Litres	9979 77	9979 75

BRAKE FLUID Synthetic brake fluid

		Packs	CITROËN Part No.
All countries	CITROËN fluid	0,5 Litre	9979 05
		1 Litre	9979 06
		5 Litres	9979 07

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

All countries	Norm		Packs	CITROËN Part No.
TOTAL FLUIDE LDS		Orange	1 Litre	9979 A3
TOTAL LHM PLUS	Colour	lour		9979 A1
TOTAL LHM PLUS Very cold countries	00.00.	Green		9979 A2

WARNING: TOTAL FLUIDE LDS fluid cannot be blended with TOTAL LHM PLUS.

WARNING: CITROËN C5: Use exclusively TOTAL FLUIDE LDS suspension fluid.

All countries TOTAL HYDRAURINCAGE

SCREEN WASH FLUID

	Packs		CITROËN Part No.		
All countries	Concentrated: 250 ml		9980 33	ZC 9875 953U	9980 56
	Fluid ready	1 Litre	9980 06	ZC 9875 784U	
	to use	5 Litres	9980 05	ZC 9885 077U	ZC 9875 279U

GREASING

	General use	Norms NLGI
All countries	TOTAL MULTIS 2	2
	TOTAL SMALL MECHANISMS	

Note: NLGI = National Lubrificating Grease Institude.

ENGINE OIL CONSUMPTION

- I Oil consumption depends on:
 - the engine type.
 - how run-in or worn it is.
 - the type of oil used.
 - the driving conditions.
- II An engine can be considered RUN-IN after:
 - 3,000 miles (5,000 km) for a PETROL engine.
 - 6,000 miles (10,000 km) for a DIESEL engine.
- III MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE oil consumption for a RUN-IN engine:
 - 0.5 litres per 600 miles (1,000 km) for a PETROL engine.
 - 1 litre per 600 miles (1,000 km) for a DIESEL engine.
 - DO NOT INTERVENE BELOW THESE VALUES.

 - IV OIL LEVEL: The level should NEVER be above the MAX. mark on the dipstick after changing or topping up the oil:
 - This excess oil will be used up rapidly.
 - It will reduce the engine output and adversely affect the operation of the air circuits and gas recycling.

C5 - C8	ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS						
	Engines: 6FZ - RFJ - RFN - 3FZ - XFU - XFW						
	Petrol						
	1.8i 16V	2.0i 16V		2.2i 16V	3.0i 24S		
Engine type	6FZ	RFJ	RFN	3FZ	XFU	XFW	
Cubic capacity (cc)	1749	1997		2230	2946		
Bore/stroke	82,7/81,4	85/88		86/96	87/82,5		
Compression ratio	10,8/1	11/1 10,8/1 10,9/1		,9/1			
Power ISO or EEC (KW - rpm)	85-5500	103-6000	100-6000	116-5650	152-6000		
Torque ISO or EEC (m.daN - rpm)	16-4000	20-4000	19-4100	21,7-3900	28,5-3750		

	ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS							
		Engines: 9HZ - RHM - RHT - RHW - RHL - RHR - 4HX - 4HW						
				Diesel				
	1.6 16V HDi			2.0 16V HDi			2.2 16	V HDi
Engine type	9HZ	RHM	RHT	RHW	RHL	RHR	4HX	4HW
Cubic capacity (cc)	1560		1997			21	79	
Bore/stroke	75/88,3		85/88			85	/96	
Compression ratio	18/1	17,3/1 18/1			/1	17,	,6/1	
Power ISO or EEC (KW - rpm)	80-4000	79-4000 80-4000		80-4000	93-4000	100-4000	98-4000	94-4000
Torque ISO or EEC (m.daN - rpm)	24-1750	25-1750	27-	1750	32-2	000	31,4-	2000

ENGINE	COMPRESSION RATIO	MAX. DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CYLINDERS
	In b	pars
DV6 DW12	20 ± 5	_
DW10	30 ± 5	5

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)				
A 1		Engines: 6FZ - RFJ		
	1		4,5 ± 0,5	
	2		6 ± 0,6	
	3		6 ± 0,6	
	4		5,5 ± 0,5	
10	5		4,5 ± 0,4	
	6		6 ± 0,6	
3	7		2,8 ± 0,2	
	8		4,5 ± 0,4	
	9		6 ± 0,6	
2	10		6 ± 0,6	
	11		$6 \pm 0,6$	
8 B B	Fittin	g of the LH support.		
7 5 3	A = E	W10A and EW7J4 engines with BE4 gearbox.		
	B = E	W10A engine with AL4 gearbox.		
B1BP32ZP				

	Engines: 6				
	Crank	shaft			
		6FZ	RFJ		
Accessories di	rive pulley				
Tightening		$4 \pm 0,4$	4 ± 0.4		
Angular tighteni	ing	53° ± 4°	$40^{\circ} \pm 4^{\circ}$		
Con rod cap so	crews				
Pre-tightening		1 ± (1 ± 0,1		
Tightening			2,3 ± 0,2		
Angular tighteni	ing	46° ± 5°			
	Cylinder	block			
Sump		0,8 ±	0,2		
Timing belt gui	ide roller	3,7 ±	0,3		
Timing belt ten	nsioner roller	2,1 ±	0,2		
Accessories di	rive belt guide roller				
Pre-tightening		1,5 ± 0,1			
Tightening		$3,7 \pm 0,3$			
Accessories di	rive belt tensioner roller	2 ± 0	0,2		

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)					
Engines: 6FZ - RFJ					
Cylin	nder block				
	6FZ	RFJ			
Camshaft bearing covers	0,9 ± 0,1				
Exhaust manifold	$3,5 \pm 0,3$				
Valve cover	1,1 ± 0,1				
Camshaft pulley					
Pre-tightening	3 ± 0,5				
Tightening	8,5 ± 0,5				
Inlet camshaft pulley					
Pre-tightening Pre-tightening		$2 \pm 0,2$			
Tightening		11 ± 1			
Exhaust camshaft pulley					
Pre-tightening Pre-tightening		$3 \pm 0,5$			
Tightening		8,5 ± 0,5			
Сар		1,1 ± 0,1			
Flywh	neel/clutch				
Flywheel					
Pre-tightening	2.5 ± 0.2				
Angular tightening	21° ± 3°				
Clutch mechanism	2 ± 0,2				
	,				

Engines: 6FZ - RFJ 6FZ Lubrication circuit Oil pump Injection circuit Common injection rail fixing screw	RFJ 0,9 ± 0,1
Cil pump Injection circuit	
Oil pump Injection circuit	0,9 ± 0,1
Injection circuit	0,9 ± 0,1
Common injection rail fixing scraw	
Common injection rail fixing screw	0,9 ± 0,1
Cylinder block	
Coolant pump	1,4 ± 0,1
Coolant outlet housing 0.9 ± 0.1	
Coolant outlet housing	
Tightening the screws to:	0,3 ± 0,1
Tightening the nuts to:	1 ± 0,1

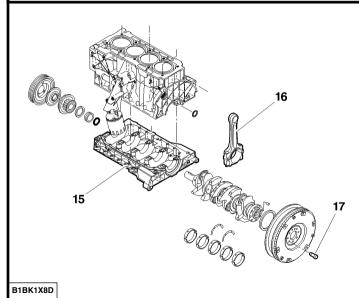
SPECIAL FEATURES: POWER UNIT SUSPENSION					
Upper RH engine support		Engines: RFN -	3FZ		
₽ 1		Ref. Description		RFN	
	nei.	Gearbox type	BE4/5	AL4	ML5C
2	(1)	Rod/body fixing screw	5 ± 0,5		
3	(2)	Engine support/torque reaction rod flexible stop pin		4,5 ± 0,4	
6	(3)	Upper support/intermediate support fixing screw	6,5 ± 0,6		
	(4)	Upper support/body fixing screw		3 ± 0,3	
Intermediate engine support	(5)	Upper support/flexible support fixing nut		4,5 ± 0,4	
intermediate engine support	(6)	Support			
8 7	(7)	LH flexible support/LH engine support fixing nut		6,5 ± 0,6	
	(8)	LH flexible support/body fixing screw		3 ± 0,3	
	(9)	Intermediate engine support/gearbox casing fixing screw		4,5 ± 0,4	
9-10	(10)	LH intermediate support/gearbox fixing screw	6 ± 0,6		4,5 ± 0,4
B1BK1X6D	(11)	Flexible support pin		5 ± 0,5	

C8	SPECI	AL FEAT	L FEATURES: POWER UNIT SUSPENSION						
Intermediate engine support Engines: RFN - 3FZ									
		Ref.	Description	RF	N	3FZ			
		nei.	Gearbox type	BE4/5	AL4	ML5C			
			Lower RH rod/subframe fixing screw	9 ± 0,9					
		(13)	Lower RH engine support/cylinder block fixing screw		4,5 ± 0,4				
		(14)	Lower rod/lower RH engine support fixing screw		6,5 ± 0,6				
13 B1BK1X7D	12								
B1BK1X7D									

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

C8

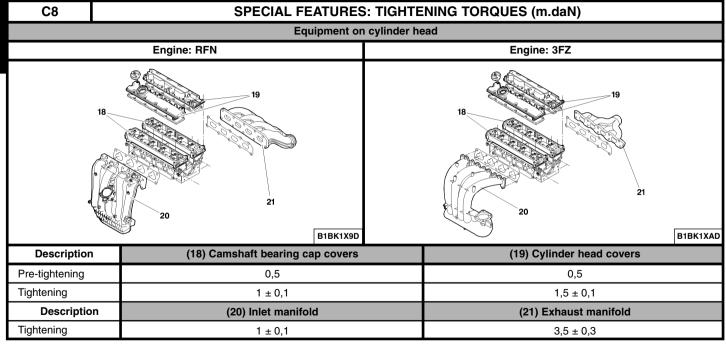
Engines: RFN - 3FZ



Crankshaft bearing cap cover (15)					
Description	M11	M6			
Pre-tightening	1 ± 0,1	0,5			
Slackening	Yes	No			
Re-tightening	1 ± 0,1 then 2 ± 0,2	1 ± 0,1			
Angular tightening	70° ± 5°				

Description	(16) Con rod caps	(17) Crankshaft flywheel fixing
Pre-tightening	1 ± 0,1	2,5 ± 0,2
Slackening	Yes	18° ± 1°
Re-tightening	$2,5 \pm 0,2$	1 ± 0,1
Angular tightening	46° ± 5°	22° ± 2°

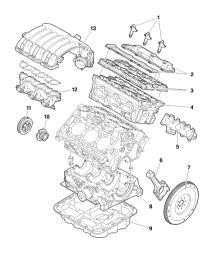
Crankshaft



SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)					
	Engine: XFU				
		Lower RH engine support/torque reaction rod			
*	1		6 ± 0,5		
3	2		1 ± 0,1		
2 10	3		$6 \pm 0,5$		
1 \		LH engine support			
	4		3 ± 0,3		
	5		6,5 ± 0,6		
	6		5 ± 0,5		
	7		4,5 ± 0,4		
12	RH engine support				
7	8 and 9		6 ± 0,6		
1	10		4,5 ± 0,4		
9 5	11		$6 \pm 0,6$		
8 6	12		$6 \pm 0,6$		
11 0 4					
10 9					
B1BP32YP					

B1BP27DP

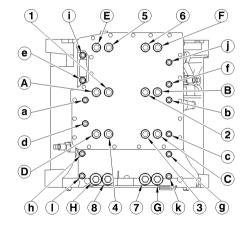
C5 SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)



Engine: XFU				
1	Pencil type ignition coil	0,8 ± 0,3		
	Sparking plug Pre-tightening Angular tightening	1 ± 0,1 90° ± 5°		
2	Valve cover Pre-tightening Tightening	0,5 ± 0,1 1 ± 0,1		
3	Camshaft bearing cap cover Pre-tightening Tightening	0,2 ± 0,1 1 ± 0,1		
4	Cylinder block Pre-tightening Slackening Tightening Angular tightening	2 ± 0,2 Yes 1,5 ± 0,1 225° ± 5°		

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)			C5
Engine: XFU			_
	5	Exhaust manifold (with a new gasket) Pre-tightening (sequence from 1 to 10) Tightening (sequence from 1 to 10)	1 ± 0,1 3 ± 0,3
9 5 2 3 6 10	6	Con rod caps Pre-tightening Angular tightening	2 ± 0,2 74° ± 5°
8 1 4 7	7	Flywheel Pre-tightening Angular tightening	2 ± 0,2 60° ± 5°
9 5 2 3 6 10			
8 1 4 7			
B1JP02LD			

C5 SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)



	g
8	Crankshaft bearing

NOTE: Maximum length under heads for screws M11 = 131,5 mm.

NOTE: Maximum length under heads for screws M8 = 119 mm.

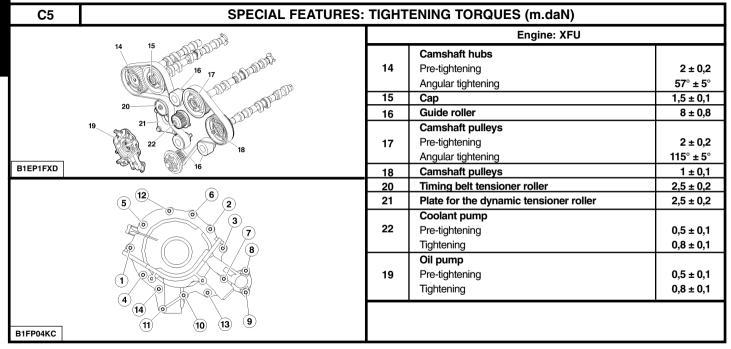
Engine: XFU

Perform the following operations:

- Brush the screw threads.
- Refit the screws having first pre-coated them with **«MOLYKOTE G RAPID PLUS»** grease on the threads and under heads.

Check the presence of the eight centring pins Pre-tighten the screws M11 (sequence from 1 to 8) Pre-tighten the screws M8 (sequence from A to H) Tighten the screws M6 (sequence from a to 1) Slacken the screws M11 and M8	3 ± 0,3 1 ± 0,1 1 ± 0,1 Yes
Proceeding screw by screw Tighten the screws M11 (sequence from 1 to 8) Angular tightening Tighten the screws M8 (sequence from A to H) Angular tightening	3 ± 0,3 180° 1 ± 0,1 180°

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)			C 5
		_	
8 18 9 19 10 20	9	Sump Pre-tightening (sequence from 1 to 20) Tightening (sequence from 1 to 20)	0,5 ± 0,1 0,8 ± 0,1
(17)	10	Crankshaft pinion Pre-tightening Angular tightening	4 ± 0,4 80°± 5°
	11	Crankshaft pulley	2,5 ± 0,2
7 — 11 16 — 2 6 — 0 0 0 0 12	12	Inlet distributor (with new seals) Pre-tightening Tightening	0,4 ± 0,1 0,8 ± 0,1
	13	Air inlet manifold Pre-tightening Tightening	0,4 ± 0,1 0,8 ± 0,1
15 5 14 4 13 3			



SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)					
	Engin	e: XFW			
	Power unit	suspension			
RH engine support (suspension)		Gearbox suspension			
	B1BK24RD	10 8 11 12 9b 9	B1BK24SD		
(2) Link rod fixing (3) Link rod fixing (4) Fixing of upper PH applies support	: 5 ± 0,5 : 4,5 ± 0,4	(8) Fixing of gearbox support on LH flexible mounting (9) Shaft	: 6,5 ± 0,6 : 6,5 ± 0,6		
 (4) Fixing of upper RH engine support on intermediate engine support flexible mounting (5) Fixing of RH engine support on flexible mounting (6) Fixing of flexible mounting (7) Fixing of RH intermediate engine support on cylinder block 	: 6 ± 0,6 : 4,5 ± 0,4 : 3 ± 0,3 : 6 ± 0,6	(10) Fixing of flexible mounting on suppor(11) Fixing of flexible mounting support on body(12) Fixing of flexible mounting support on body	: 3 ± 0,3 : 2,5 ± 0,2 : 2,5 ± 0,2		

C8	SPECIAL FE	ATURES:	TIGHTENING TO	RQUES (m.daN)			
	Engine: XFW						
Po	wer unit suspension - Engine support (lower)		Crankshaft			
	15	B1BK24TD	18	20	19 B1BK24UD		
(13) Torque re	action link rod fixing	: 9 ± 0,9	(17) Bearing plug	Tightening Angular tightening	: 2 ± 0,2 : 74° ± 7°		
(14) Fixing of	link rod on torque reaction flexible mounting	: 6,5 ± 0,6	(18) Timing pinion	Tightening Angular tightening	: 4 ± 0,4 : 80° ± 8°		
(15) Fixing of	torque reaction flexible mounting	: 4,5 ± 0,4	(19) Fixing of starter of	gear support flange, plus cranksh Tightening	aft converter support : 2 ± 0,2		
(16) Fixing of	heat shield on torque reaction flexible mounting	: 1 ± 0,1	(20) Accessory pulley	Angular tightening	: 60° ± 6° : 2,5 ± 0,2		

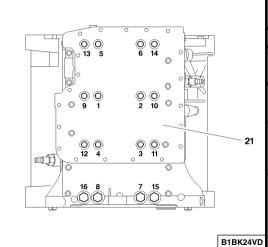
C8

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

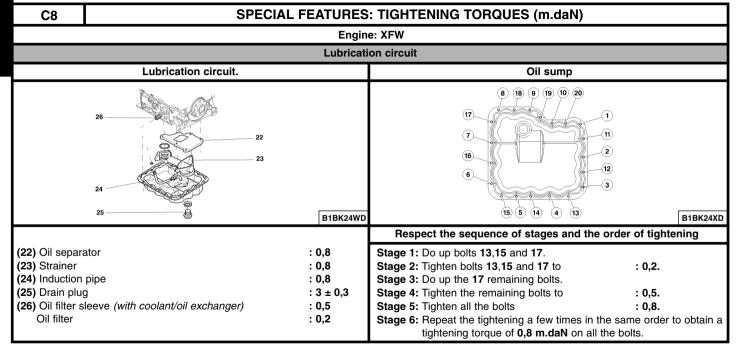
Engine: XFW

Crankshaft

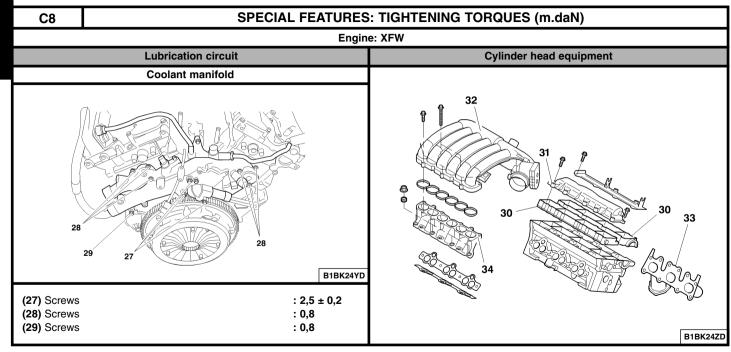
Bearing cap cover



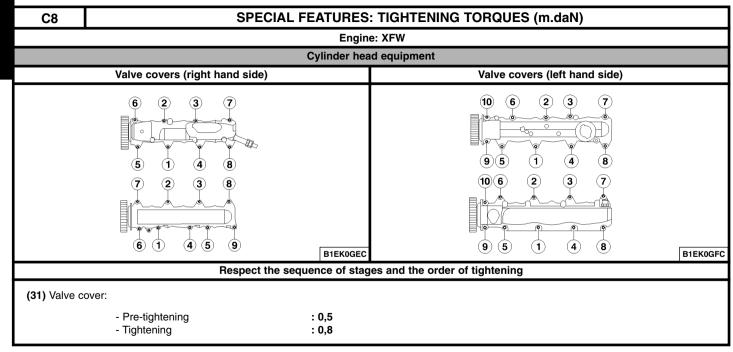
Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening						
Ref./description	M11 (bolts from 1 to 8)	M8 (bolts from 9 to 16)	М6			
(21) Fixings of bearings/plug covers or bearings/plugs	Stage 1 3 ± 0,3	<u>Stage 2</u> 1 ± 0,1	<u>Stage 3</u> 1 ± 0,1			
21) Fixings of bearings/plug covers or bearings/plugs (slacken to zero torque)	<u>Stage 4</u> YES	<u>Stage 4</u> YES	NO			
(21) Fixings of bearing plug cover or bearing plugs (tighten bolt by bolt) Tightening + Angular tightening	Stage 5 3 ± 0,3 180°	Stage 6 1 ± 0,1 180°				



SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN) C8 **Engine: XFW** Lubrication circuit Cooling circuit Oil pump Coolant pump 5 (10) B1BK3B6D B1BK3B7D Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening Stage 1: Position the screws and do them up by hand. Stage 1: Position the screws and do them up by hand. Stage 2: Pre-tighten the screws : 0.5. Stage 2: Pre-tighten the screws : 0,5. **Stage 3:** Tighten the screws : 0,8. Stage 3: Tighten the screws : 0,8. **Stage 4:** Repeat the tightening a few times in the same order to obtain a Stage 4: Repeat the tightening a few times in the same order to obtain tightening torque of **0,8 m.daN** on all the screws. a tightening torque of 0,8 m.daN on all the screws.



C8 SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN) **Engine: XFW** Cylinder head equipment Camshaft bearing cap cover (right hand side) Camshaft bearing cap cover (left hand side) (8) (4) (3) (8) (10) 4 (5) **(2**) (12) 5 2 5 (8) (9)(8)**(3**) **(2)** (4) (7) (10) B1EK0GCC B1BK3B8D Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening (30) Camshaft bearing cap cover or camshaft bearing: - Pre-tightening : 0,2 - Tightening : 1

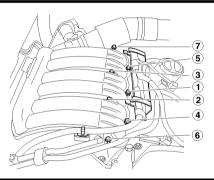


SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

Engine: XFW

Cylinder head equipment

Inlet manifold



B1BK251D

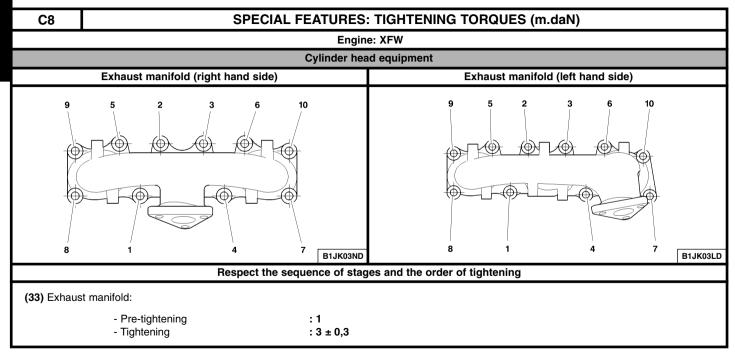
C8

Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening

(32) Inlet manifold:

- Pre-tightening : 0,4

- Tightening : 0,8

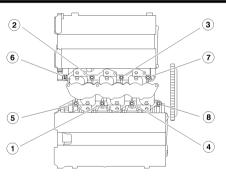


SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

Engine: XFW

Cylinder head equipment

Inlet distributor



B1BK252D

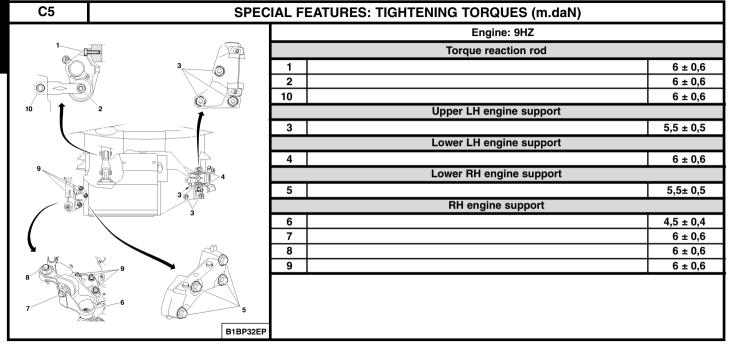
C8

Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening

(34) Inlet distributor:

- Pre-tightening : 0,4 : 0,8

- Tightening



SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)	C 5
Engine: 9HZ	
Crankshaft	
Bearing cap fixing screws Pre-tightening Slackening	1 ± 0,2 180° ± 5°
Tightening Angular tightening Con rod screws	3 ± 0,3 140° ± 5°
Pre-tightening Angular tightening Accessories drive belt pulley	1 ± 0,1 100° ± 5°
Pre-tightening Angular tightening	3,5 ± 0,3 190° ± 5°
Cylinder block	
Sump Timing belt guide roller Timing belt tensioner roller	1,3 ± 0,1 3,7 ± 0,3 2,7 ± 0,2
	· · ·

C 5	SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)	
	Engine: 9HZ	
	Cylinder block	
Camshaft b	pearing covers	
Pre-tighteni	ng	$0,5 \pm 0,1$
Tightening		1 ± 0,1
Oil trap		1 ± 0,1
Air inlet ma	anifold	
Tightening		1 ± 0,1
Pre-tighteni	ng	0,1
Tightening		0,9 ± 0,1
Exhaust ma	anifold	$3 \pm 0,3$
Camshaft p		
Pre-tighteni		2 ± 0,2
Angular tigh	-	50° ± 5°
Cylinder bl		
Pre-tighteni	ng	2 ± 0,2
Tightening		$4 \pm 0,4$
Angular tigh		260° ± 5°
Exhaust ga	as recycling (EGR) electrovalve	1 ± 0,1
		_

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.d	aN) C5
Engine: 9HZ	
Flywheel	
Double damping flywheel	
Pre-tightening Pre-tightening	3 ± 0.3
Angular tightening	90° ± 5°
Clutch mechanism	2 ± 0,2
Lubrication circuit	
Oil pump assembly	
Pre-tightening Pre-tightening	0,5 ± 0,1
Tightening	0.9 ± 0.1
Oil/coolant heat exchanger	1 ± 0,1
Lubrication pipe for turbocharger	3 ± 0,3

C 5	SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)			
	Engine: 9HZ			
	Diesel injection circuit			
Pre-tightenin		0,4 ± 0,1		
Angular tight	ressure common injection rail on engine block	65° ± 5° 2,2 ± 0,2		
Unions on f Pre-tightenin Tightening	uel high pressure common injection rail	2 ± 0,2 2,5 ± 0,2		
Union on di	Union on diesel injector Pre-tightening			
Diesel injection pump on support		2,2 ± 0,2 5 ± 0,5		
	Diesel injection pump pulley Union on diesel high pressure pump			
Pre-tightenir Tightening		2 ± 0,2 2,5 ± 0,2		
	Cooling circuit			
Coolant pur Pre-tightenin Tightening	ng dia na	0,3 ± 0,1 0,9 ± 0,1		
Coolant out Pre-tightenir Tightening	l et housing g	0,3 ± 0,1 0,7 ± 0,1		

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)			
	Engines: RHL - RHR		
2	1		6 ± 0,6
	2		6 ± 0,6
7	3		6 ± 0,6
8	4		5,6 ± 0,5
	5		4,5 ± 0,4
	6		5 ± 0,5
2 3	7		5 ± 0,5
	8		5 ± 0,5
	9		5,5 ± 0,5
	10		6 ± 0,6
	11		5 ± 0,5
4			
6 4			
5			
10 B1BP337P			

C 5	SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING	TORQUES (m.daN)
	Engines: RHL RHR	
	Crankshaft	
Bearing cap	fixing screws	
Pre-tightenin		$2,5 \pm 0,2$
Angular tight	ening	60° ± 5°
Con rod nut	s	
Pre-tightenin	g	1 ± 0,1
Slackening		180° ± 5°
Tightening		2,3 ± 0,2
Angular tight	ening	45° ± 5°
Accessories	drive pulleys	
Pre-tightenin	g	7 ± 0,7
Angular tight	ening	60° ± 5°
	Cylinder block	
Piston skirt	spray jet (renovation)	1 ± 0,1
Sump		1,6 ± 0,1
Timing belt	guide roller	2,5 ± 0,2
Timing belt	tensioner roller	2,1 ± 0,2
1		

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)		
Engines: RHL RHR		
Cylinder block		
Camshaft bearing covers	1 ± 0,1	
Exhaust manifold	3 ± 0,3	
Inlet valve cover	0,9 ± 0,1	
Camshaft pinion	$4,3 \pm 0,4$	
Cylinder head Pre-tightening Tightening Slackening (1 turn) Tightening Angular tightening	2,2 ± 0,2 6 ± 0,6 360° 6 ± 0,6 220° ± 5°	
Flywheel/clutch		
Flywheel Pre-tightening Tightening Clutch mechanism	1,5 ± 0,1 4,8 ± 0,4 2 ± 0,2	

C 5	SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQU	UES (m.daN)
	Engines: RHL - RHR	
	Lubrication circuit	
Oil pump		1,3 ± 0,1
Oil/coolant h	neat exchanger	5,8 ± 0,5
Lubrication p	pipe for turbocharger	
Engine end		4.7 ± 0.4
Turbocharger	rend	$2,2 \pm 0,2$
	Diesel injection circuit	
Diesel injecto	or	
Tightening by	y hand	yes
Tightening		0.4 ± 0.1
Angular tighte	ening	45° ± 5°
Union on inje	ection rail	2,5 ± 0,2
Injection pun		2 ± 0,2
Union on die	esel injector	2,5 ± 0,2
Union on inje	ection pump	$2,5 \pm 0,2$
	Cooling circuit	
Coolant pum	np	1,6 ± 0,1
	t housing	2 ± 0,2

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)	C5
Engines: RHL - RHR	
Diesel injection circuit	
Injector fixing flange nut Pre-tightening Angular tightening	0,4 ± 0,1 65° ± 5°
Fuel high pressure common injection rail on engine block Unions on fuel high pressure common injection rail Pre-tightening Tightening	2,2 ± 0,2 2 ± 0,2 2,5 ± 0,2
Injection on diesel injector Pre-tightening Tightening	2 ± 0,2 2,5 ± 0,2
Diesel injection pump on support Diesel injection pump pulley	2,2 ± 0,2 5 ± 0,5
Union on diesel high pressure pump Pre-tightening Tightening Cooling circuit	2 ± 0,2 2,5 ± 0,2
Coolant pump	
Pre-tightening Tightening	0,3 ± 0,1 0,9 ± 0,1
Coolant outlet housing Pre-tightening Tightening	0,3 ± 0,1 0,7 ± 0,1

C8 SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW

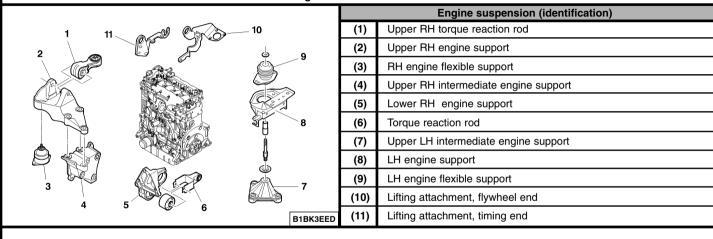
		Crankshaft	
2 4	(1)	Pulley screw M14x150-70 Pre-tightening Angular tightening	5 ± 0,5 62°
	(2)	Screws M7x100-20 (x 4) Pre-tightening Tightening	0,7 ± 0,1 1,5 ± 0,1
3	(3)	Screws M7x100-40 (x 2) (*) Pre-tightening Tightening	0,7 ± 0,1 1,5 ± 0,1
6	(4)	Plug CHC M12x150-16 (x 1)	2,5 ± 0,2
	(5)	Plug M15x150 (x 1)	2,5 ± 0,2
	(6)	Plugs M15x150 (x 2)	4 ± 0,4
	(7)	Screws M9x100-24 (+loctite FRENETANCH) (x8)	$4,8 \pm 0,5$
	(8)	Screws M12x150-81 (x10)	
	, ,	Pre-tightening	2,5 ± 0,2
10		Angular tightening (**)	60°
	(9)	Nuts M9x100 (x8)	
® ── 9		Pre-tightening `	2 ± 0,2
		Angular tightening	70°
B1BK3EPD	(10)	Screws M16x10-16 (x4)	1 ± 0,1
(*) = Re-use prohibited.			

^{(**) =} Tighten in a spiral commencing from the inside.

C8

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW

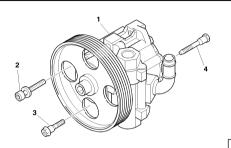


C8 SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN) Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW Engine suspension (tightening torques) Spherical-base screw M10x150-75 (x 1) (12) $5 \pm ,05$ (13)Shaft screw (x 1) 4.5 ± 0.4 (14)Nut M10x150 (x 1) 28 4.5 ± 0.4 12 (15)Screws M10x150-60 (x 3) 6 ± 0.6 27 (16) Screws M8x125-25 (x 2) 3 ± 0.3 26 (17) Shouldered shaft screw M8x125-15 (x 1) 2 ± 0.2 (18)Locking screw M10x125-85 (x 1) 4.5 ± 0.4 26 16 (19) 4.5 ± 0.4 Locking screw M10x125-70 (x 2) (20)Spherical-base screw M10x150-35 (x 3) 4.5 ± 0.4 (21)Spherical-base screw M10x150-72 (x 1) $6,5 \pm 0,6$ (22)Spherical-base screw M12x175-60 (x 1) 9 ± 0.9 (23)Nut M10x150 (x 1) 4.5 ± 0.4 25 (24)Screws M10 x150-55 (x 2) $4,5 \pm 0,4$ 24 (25)Support shaft (x 1) 5 ± 0.5 (26)Screws M8x125-25 (x 4) 2.5 ± 0.2 19 (27)Screws M8x125-25 (x 2) 3 ± 0.3 (28) Locking nut M12x175-18 (x 1) $6,5 \pm 0,6$ (29)Screws M8x125-25 (x 1) $1,5 \pm 0,1$ (30)Screws M6x100-20 (x 2) $1,2 \pm 0,1$ B1BK3EDD

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

C8

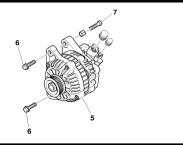
Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW



		Power steering pump	
ı	(1)	Power steering pump	
	(2)	Screws M8x125-30 (x 1)	2,5 ± 0,2
	(3)	Shouldered shaft screw M8x125-22 (x 1)	2,2 ± 0,2
	(4)	Shouldered shaft screw M8x125-48 (x 1)	2,2 ± 0,2

NOTE: Tightening the fixings (2) and (3) before the fixing (4), to ensure that the auxiliary drive belt is correctly aligned.

B1BK3E8D



Alternator			
(5)	Alternator		
(6)	Spherical-base screw M10 x150-50 (x 2)	4,1 ± 0,4	
(7)	Screws M10x150-40 (x 1)	3,9 ± 0,4	

NOTE: Tightening the fixings (6) before the fixing (7), to ensure that the auxiliary drive belt is correctly aligned.

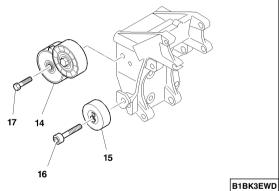
B1BK3E7D

C8	C8 SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)			
	Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW			
	Air conditioning compressor			
		(8)	Air conditioning compressor	
		(9)	Spherical-base screw M10x150-60 (x 1)	4 ± 0,4
		(10)	Shouldered shaft screw M10x150-52 (x 2)	4,2 ± 0,4
			: Tightening the fixing (9) before the fixing (10) , to erry drive belt is correctly aligned.	nsure that the
	8 B1EK3E9D			
	Accessories support			
	11	(11)	Power steering pump support	
	13	(12)	Spherical-base screw M8 x125-35 (x 2) (*) Pre-tightening Tightening	1 ± 0,1 2 ± 0,2
	13	(13)	Screws M8x125-80 (x 1) (*) Pre-tightening Tightening	1 ± 0,2 2 ± 0,2
B1EK3EAD (*) = In the order indicated (1 to 5).				

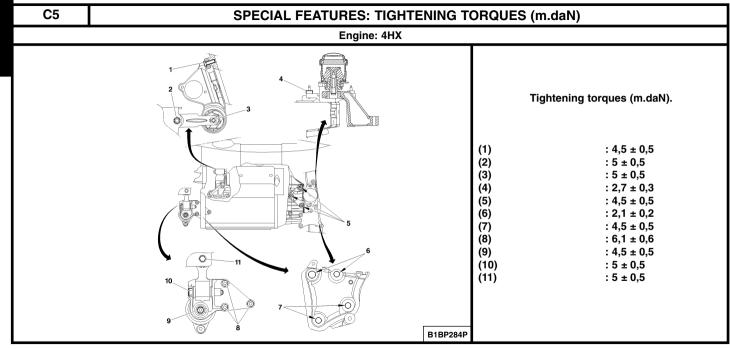
C8

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW



	Guide roller	
(14)	Dynamic tensioner roller	
(15)	Eccentric guide roller	
(16)	Screws M10x150-50 (x 1) Pre-tightening Tightening	1 ± 0,1 4,3 ± 0,4
(17)	Screws M8x150-60 (x 1) Pre-tightening Tightening	2 ± 0,2 4,5 ± 0,4



	G TORQUES (m.daN)	C5
Engine:	4HX	
Cranks	haft	
Crankshaft bearing cap screws Pre-tightening Angular tightening	2,5 ± 0,2 60°	
Con rod cap screws Tightening Slackening Tightening Angular tightening	1 ± 0,1 180° 2,3 ± 0,1 46° ± 5°	
Accessories drive pulley Tightening Angular tightening	7 ± 0,25 60° ± 5°	

C 5	SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)	
	Engine: 4HX	
	Cylinder block	
Piston skirt s	rt spray jets	1 ± 0,1
Sump Pre-tightening Tightening		1 ± 0,1 1,6 ± 0,3
Pre-tightening Tightening		1,5 ± 0,1 4,3 ± 0,4
	It tensioner roller	2,5 ± 0,2
Tightening the	the screws Ø 8 the screws Ø 10	1 ± 0,1 2 ± 0,2 4,5 ± 0,2

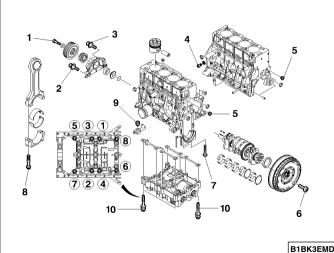
SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)		
Engine	e: 4HX	
Cylinde	r block	
Camshaft bearing cap cover		
Tightening	1 ± 0,1	
Pre-tightening the 28 screws Ø 6	6 ± 0,5	
Tightening the 28 screws Ø 6	1 ± 0,1	
Exhaust manifold		
Pre-tightening the 8 nuts	1,5 ± 0,1	
Tightening the 8 nuts	Tightening the 8 nuts 0.3 ± 0.3	
Valve cover		
Pre-tightening the 13 screws 0,5 ± 0,15		
Tightening the 13 screws	9 ± 0,1	
Camshaft pulley hub	$4,3 \pm 0,4$	
Pulley on hub	2 ± 0,2	
Flywheel	- Clutch	
Flywheel		
Pre-tightening 1,5 ± 0,1		
Tightening 4.7 ± 0.4		
Clutch mechanism 2 ± 0,2		·

C5	SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)		
	Engine: 4HX		
	Lubric	ation circuit	
Oil pump			
Pre-tightening		0,7	
Tightening		0,9 ± 0,1	
Oil/coolant he	eat exchanger	5,8 ± 0,5	
Turbocharger	lubrication tube		
Engine end		3 ± 0,3	
Turbocharger	end	2 ± 0,2	
	Diesel in	jection circuit	
Diesel injecto			
Do up the 2 n	uts	By hand	
Tightening		$4 \pm 0{,}3$	
Angular tighte	ning	45° ± 5°	
Union on inje	ction rail	2 ± 0,2	
Injection pur	p on support	2,25 ± 0,3	
Union on dies	sel injector	2 ± 0,2	
Injection pur	Injection pump pulley 5 ± 0.5		
Union on inje	Union on injection pump 2 ± 0,2		
	Cooling circuit		
Coolant pum	•	1,6 ± 0,3	
Coolant inlet	housing	2 ± 0,2	

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

C8

Engine: 4HW



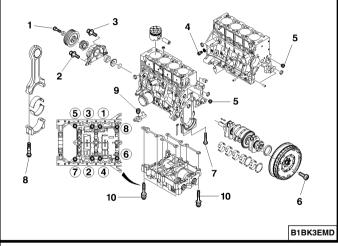
_"	ngme. 4mw				
	(1)	Pulley screw M14x150-70			
		Pre-tightening	$7 \pm 0,5$		
		Angular tightening	82°		
	(2)	Screws M7x100-40 (x 2) (*)			
		Pre-tightening	0.7 ± 0.1		
		Tightening	1,5 ± 0,1		
	(3)	Screws M7x100-20 (x 4)			
		Pre-tightening	0.7 ± 0.1		
		Tightening	1,5 ± 0,1		
	(4)	Plug CHC M12x150-16 (x 1)	2,5 ± 0,2		
	(5)	Plugs M15x150 (x 2)	4 ± 0,4		
	(6)	Screws M9x100-24 (+loctite FRENETANCH) (x8)			
		Pre-tightening	1,5 ± 0,1		
		Tightening	$5 \pm 0,5$		
	(7)	Screws M12x150-81 (x10) (**)			
		Pre-tightening	1 ± 0,1		
		Tightening	2,5 ± 0,2		
D		Angular tightening	60°		
_					

(*) = Re-use prohibited.

(**) = Tighten in a spiral commencing from the inside.

C8 SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

Engine: 4HW



	Crankshaft (continued)				
(8)	Screws M7x100-20 (x8) (*) (screw by screw	·			
	and part stage)				
	Stage 1: Tightening	1			
	Stage 2: Slackening	180°			
	Stage 3: Tightening	2,3 ± 0,2			
	Stage 4: Angular tightening	46°			
(9)	Screws M9x100-45 (x4) (*)	1 ±			
(10)	Screws M8x125-60 (x8) (***)				
	Pre-tightening	0,5			
	Tightening	1 ± 0,1			
	Angular tightening	60°			

*) = Re-use prohibited.

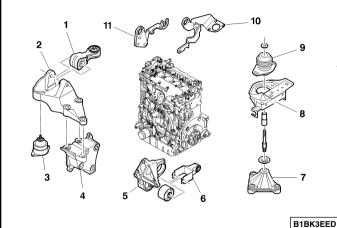
= Tighten in a spiral, commencing from the inside.

(***) = Tighten in the order indicated 1 to 8.

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

C8

Engine: 4HW



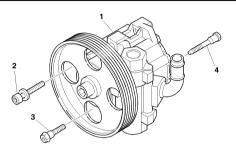
l		Engine suspension (identification)								
	(1)) Upper RH torque reaction rod								
L	(2)	Upper RH engine support								
	(3)	RH engine flexible support								
I	(4)	Upper RH intermediate engine support								
	(5)	Lower RH engine support								
	(6)	(6) Torque reaction rod								
	(7)	Upper LH intermediate engine support								
	(8)	LH engine support								
	(9)	LH engine flexible support								
	(10)	Lifting attachment, flywheel end								
	(11)	Lifting attachment, timing end								
9	Ī									

C8	SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)							
	Engine: 4HW							
	Engine suspension (tightening torques)							
		(12)	Spherical-base screw M10x150-75 (x 1)	5 ± ,05				
		(13)	Shaft screw (x 1)	$4,5 \pm 0,4$				
	A 8 30 28	(14)	Nut M10x150 (x 1)	4,5 ± 0,4				
12 -		(15)	Screws M10x150-60 (x 3)	$6 \pm 0,6$				
14	29 27 27	(16)	Screws M8x125-25 (x 2)	3 ± 0,3				
			Shouldered shaft screw M8x125-15 (x 1)	2 ± 0,2				
16 26		(18)	Locking screw M10x125-85 (x 1)	$4,5 \pm 0,4$				
		(19)	Locking screw M10x125-70 (x 2)	4,5 ± 0,4				
		(20)	Spherical-base screw M10x150-35 (x 3)	$4,5 \pm 0,4$				
		(21)	Spherical-base screw M10x150-72 (x 1)	6,5 ± 0,6				
	13	(22)	Spherical-base screw M12x175-60 (x 1)	9 ± 0,9				
17 -	20 23 25	(23)	Nut M10x150 (x 1)	4,5 ± 0,4				
	<u>a</u> 22	(24)	Screws M10 x150-55 (x 2)	$4,5 \pm 0,4$				
18	21 21 24	(25)	Support shaft (x 1)	$5 \pm 0,5$				
19		(26)	Screws M8x125-25 (x 4)	2,5 ± 0,2				
1 .9		(27)	Screws M8x125-25 (x 2)	3 ± 0,3				
		(28)	Locking nut M12x175-18 (x 1)	6,5 ± 0,6				
		(29)	Screws M8x125-25 (x 1)	1,5 ± 0,1				
	B1BK3EDD	(30)	Screws M6x100-20 (x 2)	1,2 ± 0,1				

C8

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

Engine: 4HW

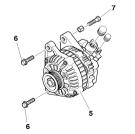


	Power steering pump								
(1)	Power steering pump								
(2)	Screws M8x125-30 (x 1)	2,5 ± 0,2							
(3)	Shouldered shaft screw M8x125-22 (x 1)	2,2 ± 0,2							
(4)	Shouldered shaft screw M8x125-48 (x 1)	2,2 ± 0,2							

NOTE: Tightening the fixings **(2)** and **(3)** before the fixing **(4)**, to ensure that the auxiliary drive belt is correctly aligned.

B1BK3E8D

B1BK3E7D



	Alternator						
(5)	Alternator						
(6)	Spherical-base screw M10 x150-50 (x 2)	4,1 ± 0,4					
(7)	Screws M10x150-40 (x 1)	3,9 ± 0,4					

NOTE: Tightening the fixings **(6)** before the fixing **(7)**, to ensure that the auxiliary drive belt is correctly aligned.

C8 SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN) **Engine: 4HW** Air conditioning compressor Air conditioning compressor (8) (9) Spherical-base screw M10x150-60 (x 1) 4 ± 0.4 (10)Shouldered shaft screw M10x150-52 (x 2) 4.2 ± 0.4 **NOTE:** Tightening the fixing (9) before the fixing (10), to ensure that the auxiliary drive belt is correctly aligned. B1EK3E9D **Accessories support** (11)Power steering pump support (12)Spherical-base screw M8 x125-35 (x 2) (*) Pre-tightening 1 ± 0.1 Tightening $2 \pm 0,2$ (13) Screws M8x125-80 (x 1) (*) Pre-tightening 1 ± 0.2 Tightening $2,3 \pm 0,2$ (*) = In the order indicated (1 to 5). B1EK3EAD

SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN) C8 Engine: 4HW Guide roller (14) Dynamic tensioner roller (15) Eccentric guide roller (16) Screws M10x150 (x 1) Pre-tightening $1,5 \pm 0,1$ Tightening 3 ± 0.3 (17) Screws M8x150-60 (x 1) Pre-tightening $2 \pm 0,2$ Tightening $4,5 \pm 0,4$ 17 14 15 B1BK3EBD

Engines all types

Cleaning to be carried out just prior to refitting the cylinder head

WARNING: Clean the contact faces with the approved CITROËN cleaning product.

Do not use abrasives or cutting tools on the contact faces.

The contact faces must not bear any traces of impact or scratching.

Insert a tap in the threads of the holes in the cylinder block receiving the cylinder head bolts.

Brush the threads of the cylinder head bolts.

Oil the threads and under the heads of the bolts, using MOLYKOTE G RAPID PLUS.

	Engines	Tightening (m.daN)		Cylinder head bolts (Max. reusable length in mm)
	6FZ	Pre-tightening Tightening Slackening	1,5 ± 0,1 5 ± 0,5 360°	147
8 4 1 5 9	RFJ	Tightening Angular tightening	2 ± 0,2 285° ± 5°	129,5
7 3 2 6 10	RFN	Pre-tightening Tightening Slackening Tightening Angular tightening	1,5 ± 0,1 5 ± 0,5 360° 2 ± 0,2 285° ± 5°	147
B1DP05BC	3FZ	Pre-tightening Tightening Slackening Tightening Angular tightening	1,5 ± 0,1 5 ± 0,5 360° 2 ± 0,2 270° ± 5°	129,5
NOTE: Tightening of the cylinder head after a	repair is prohibit	ted.		

Engines all types

Cleaning to be carried out just prior to refitting the cylinder head WARNING: Clean the contact faces with the approved CITROEN cleaning product.

Do not use abrasives or cutting tools on the contact faces.

The contact faces must not bear any traces of impact or scratching.

Insert a tap in the threads of the holes in the cylinder block receiving the cylinder head bolts.

Brush the threads of the cylinder head bolts.

Oil the threads and under the heads of the bolts, using MOLYKOTE G RAPID PLUS.

RHM RHT RHW RHL RHR 4HX 4HW Pre-tightening Tightening Slackening Pre-tightening Tightening Slackening Pre-tightening Tightening Slackening Pre-tightening Tightening Angular tightening 2 ± 0,2 6 ± 0,6 220° ± 5° Pre-tightening Tightening 2 ± 0,2 6 ± 0,6 220° ± 5° Pre-tightening Tightening 2 ± 0,2 4 ± 0,4 230° ± 5° B1DP1CLC 9 5 1 4 8		Engines	Tightening (m.daN)		Cylinder head bolts (Max. reusable length in mm)
9HZ Pre-tightening Tightening Angular tightening Pre-tightening 2 ± 0,2 4 ± 0,4 230° ± 5°	7 3 2 6 10	RHW RHL RHR	Tightening Slackening Pre-tightening Tightening	6 ± 0,6 360° 2 ± 0,2 6 ± 0,6	134,5
		9HZ	Tightening	4 ± 0.4	147

Engines all types

Cleaning to be carried out just prior to refitting the cylinder head

WARNING: Clean the contact faces with the approved CITROEN cleaning product.

Do not use abrasives or cutting tools on the contact faces.

The contact faces must not bear any traces of impact or scratching.

Insert a tap in the threads of the holes in the cylinder block receiving the cylinder head bolts.

Brush the threads of the cylinder head bolts.

Oil the threads and under the heads of the bolts, using MOLYKOTE G RAPID PLUS.

A ③ ⑦ ⑥ ②	Engines	Tightening (m.daN)		Cylinder head bolts (Max. reusable length in mm)		
	XFU	Pre-tightening Slackening Pre-tightening Angular tightening	2 ± 0,2 360° 1,5 ± 0,2 225° ± 5°	149,5		
B1DP1KCC 4 8 5 1	A = Front cylinder head.					
B 6 2 3 7	B = Rear cylinder head.					
6 5 4 1						
B1DP1KHC						
NOTE: Tightening of the cylinder head after a	repair is prohibit	ed.	•			

Engines all types

Cleaning to be carried out just prior to refitting the cylinder head

WARNING: Clean the contact faces with the approved CITROËN cleaning product.

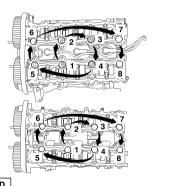
Do not use abrasives or cutting tools on the contact faces.

The contact faces must not bear any traces of impact or scratching.

Insert a tap in the threads of the holes in the cylinder block receiving the cylinder head bolts.

Brush the threads of the cylinder head bolts.

Oil the threads and under the heads of the bolts, using MOLYKOTE G RAPID PLUS.



Engines	Tightening (m.daN)		Cylinder head bolts (Max. reusable length in mm)
XFW	Pre-tightening Slackening Pre-tightening Angular tightening	2 ± 0,2 360° 1,5 ± 0,2 225° ± 5°	149,5

B1EK0XAD

NOTE: Tightening of the cylinder head after a repair is prohibited.

B1EP135D

BELT TENSION/SEEM UNITS CORRESPONDENCE TABLE **Tools 4122-T** (C.TRONIC.105.5) **↓ ↓ 4099-T** (C.TRONIC.105) **←** 1 daN = 1 Kg 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 100 | dan TYPE DE COURROIES TYPE DE COURROIES 18 28 36 44 51 58 64 70 76 82 88 94 100 106 112 18 28 36 44 51 58 64 70 76 82 88 94 100 106 112 18 23 27 31 34 37 40 43 46 49 52 54 56 58 25 32 39 45 50 54 58 62 66 70 74 78 81 84 86 88 89 90 91 32 41 48 55 62 69 76 83 90 96 102 108 114 120 126 132 138 144 150 27 36 43 49 55 61 66 71 76 80 84 **A** 32 41 49 57 63 69 75 81 87 93 99 E6 26 | 35 | 42 | 48 | 53 | 58 | 63 | 68 | 73 | 78 | 82 ā 30 40 47 54 61 68 75 81 87 93 99 45 | 55 | 65 | 74 | 83 | 89 | 95 | 101 | 107 | 113 | 119 36 49 52 64 73 80 86 92 98 104 110 28 34 39 44 48 52 56 60 64 68 71 34 | 41 | 48 | 55 | 62 | 69 | 76 | 83 | 89 | 96 | 102 E8 32 39 45 51 56 61 66 71 76 79 81 37 | 43 | 51 | 59 | 66 | 73 | 80 | 86 | 92 | 98 | 104 E9 52 | 60 | 67 | 74 | 81 | 88 | 94 | 100 | 106 | 110 | 114

49 57 63 69 75 81 87 93 99 105 111

AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT														
	Petrol Diesel													
		Е	W		Е	S	DV				DW			
	7	1	0	12	·	9	6			10			1	2
	J4	Α	,	J4	Α	J4		TE	D4		ВТ	ED4	TED	ATED4
Engine type	6FZ	RFJ	RFN	3FZ	XFU	XFW	9HZ	RHM	RHT	RHW	RHL	RHR	4HX	4HW
C 5	1.8i 16V	2.0i 16V			3.0i 24S		1.6 16V HDi				2.0 1	6V HDi	2.2 16V HDi	
C8				2.2i 16V HPi				2	.0 16V H	HDi			2.2 16V HDi	
See pages:	95	96	9	7	98	99	100 to 101		102 to 10	3	10	04	105 to 106	107 to 108

AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT

Engines: All types Petrol and Diesel

Tools.

Belt tension measuring instrument : 4122-T .(C.TRONIC 105.5).

WARNING: If using tool 4099-T (C.TRONIC 105), refer to the correspondence table on page 93.

Essential.

Before refitting the auxiliary equipment drive belt, check that:

- 1 / The roller(s) rotate freely (no play or stiffness).
- 2 / The belt is correctly engaged in the grooves of the various pulleys.

	AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT C5								
Without aircon	With a	aircon							
	Tool. [1] Pliers for removing plastic pegs : 7504-T Remove the belt. Detension the belt (3) by turning the tensioner roller (1), by the screw (2) (anti-clockwise). WARNING: the screw (2) has a left hand thread. Remove the belt (3), while keeping the tensioner roller (1) tensioned.		2						
1 4 6 5 5 5	Refit the belt. Compress the tensioner roller (1). Fit the belt (3). Release the tensioner roller (1). Tightening torques (m.daN). Tensioner roller screw (4) : 2 ± 0,2 Guide roller screw (5) : 3,5 ± 0,3		5						

C5 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT Engine: RFJ Tool. : (-).1608.E [1] «Junior» T extension Removing. Engage tool [1] in the notch «a». Exert on the roller (1) an effort upwards to hold it at maximum. Remove the auxiliaries drive belt. Carefully release the tensioner roller (1) to reach its minimum. Remove tool [1]. IMPERATIVE: Check that the roller (1) turns freely (without play and without tight spots). **B1EP1FUD** Refitting. If removing the auxiliaries drive belt tensioner roller, tighten the screws 2 ± 0.2 m.daN. Engage tool [1] in the notch at «a». Exert on the roller (1) an effort upwards to hold it at maximum. Position the (new) auxiliaries drive belt, in the following sequence: - Auxiliaries drive pulley (4), aircon compressor pulley (3), tensioner roller (1) and alternator pulley (2). IMPERATIVE: Make sure that the auxiliaries drive belt is correctly positioned in the grooves of the various pulleys. Release the tensioner roller (1). Remove tool [1]. Check the tension of the auxiliaries drive belt: - Mark «b» at the level of mark «c», new belt. - Mark «b» at the level of mark «d», belt to be changed. B1EP1FVC

AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT C8 Engines: RFN - 3FZ Tool. [1] Peg for dynamic tensioner roller : (-).0189-E Removing. Remove: - The front RH wheel. - The front RH splash-shield. - Detension the auxiliary drive belt by actioning the screw (1). BXXK08DD - Peg the dynamic tensioner roller (2), using tool [1]. Remove the auxiliary drive belt. ESSENTIAL: Check that the rollers (3) and (4) turn freely (no tight spot). Refitting. Refit the auxiliary drive belt. Check that the auxiliary drive belt is correctly positioned in the grooves of the various pulleys. Remove tool [1]. Continue the refitting operations in reverse order to removal. **BXXK0AUD**

C5 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT

Engine: XFU



[1] Ratchet spanner S.171 FACOM (1/2" square) : S 171

[2] Reduction box S.230 FACOM (1/2" - 3/8" square) : S 230



Remove the engine cover.

Pivot the tensioner roller bracket (1) clockwise, until it locks, using tools

[1] and [2] at «a».

Remove the auxiliary equipment drive belt.

ESSENTIAL: Check that the guide rollers are turning freely (no play and no tightness).

Refit.

Refit the auxiliary equipment drive belt.

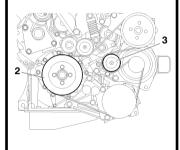
Respect the following order of assembly:

- The crankshaft pulley (2).
- The tensioner roller (3).

Release the tensioner roller bracket (1), by turning it anti-clockwise, using tools [1] and [2].

grooves of the various pulleys.

ESSENTIAL: Make sure that the belt is correctly positioned in the



B1BP27EC

B1BP27FC

C8

1

AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT

Engine: XFW

Tools.

- [1] Ratchet spanner FACOM (1/2" square)
- [2] Reduction box FACOM S.230 (1/2" 3/8" square)

Removing.

Move aside the power steering oil low pressure pipe flange.

Pivot the support (1) of the tensioner roller clockwise, as far as it will go, using tools [1] and [2]. Remove the auxiliary drive belt.

IMPERATIVE: Check the operation of the rollers (no play, no tight spot).

Refitting.

B1EK0VAD

Position the auxiliary drive belt.

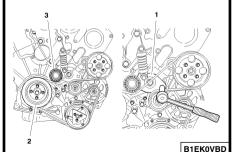
Commence with the crankshaft pulley (2).

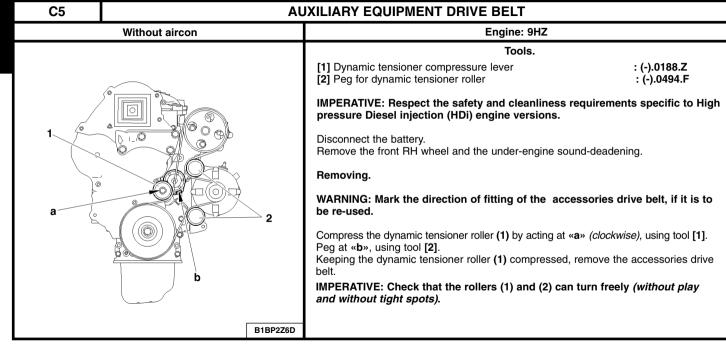
Finish with the tensioner roller (3).

Free the support (1) of the tensioner roller, pivoting it anti-clockwise, using tools [1] and [2].

ESSENTIAL: Check that the belt is correctly positioned in the grooves of the various pulleys.

Continue the refitting operations in reverse order to removal.

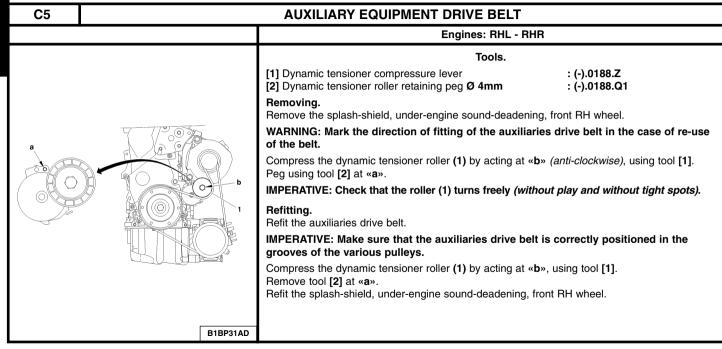




AUXILIAR	Y EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT	C5
With aircon	Engine: 9HZ	
	Refitting. WARNING: Belt to be re-used, mark the direction of fitted Refit the auxiliaries drive belt. Compress the tensioner roller (1) by acting at «c» (clockwing Remove tool [2]. IMPERATIVE: Make sure that the auxiliaries drive belt in the grooves of the various pulleys. Proof. Refit: - the front RH wheel, the sound-deadening under the engineration.	se), using tool [1]. s correctly positioned in
	IMPERATIVE: Carry out the operations that are necessary of the battery (see corresponding operation).	y following a reconnectio

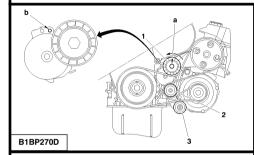
C8 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW [1] Tools. [1] Tensioning lever : (-).0188-J2 [2] Peg for dynamic roller Ø 4 mm : (-) 0188-Q1 [2] [3] Peg for dynamic roller Ø 2 mm : (-).0188-Q2 [4] Dynamic roller compressure lever : (-).1888-Z (A) Pegging hole **(B)** Belt wear check mark (fixed on engine) (C) Zero wear mark (D) Maximum wear mark E5AK0E9C This marking system permits checking of the belt wear; if the marks (D) and (B) coincide, it implies that the belt requires replacing. Tighten the screw (1) to 4.5 ± 0.4 m.daN. Removing. Remove: - The front RH wheel. - The front RH splash-shield. - The under-engine shield. IMPERATIVE: Mark the direction of rotation of the belt if to be re-used. B3EK0DHD

AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT C8 Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW Removing (continued). Slacken the fixing (2). Action the roller (3), using tool [1], until the tool [2] is positioned in the pegging hole (A). Bring the roller (3) back towards the rear. Gently tighten the screw (2). Remove the belt. 3 ESSENTIAL: Check that the rollers (3) and (4) turn freely (no play, no tight spot). Refitting. IMPERATIVE: If re-using the belt, refit it respecting the direction of rotation marked on removal. Refit the belt, finishing with the tensioner roller (4). Action the roller (3), using tool [1] (clockwise) to free the tool [2]. Tighten the fixing (2) to 4.5 ± 0.5 m.daN, without altering the position of the roller. [1] ESSENTIAL: Check that the belt is correctly positioned in the grooves of the various pulleys. Remove the tool [1]. Rotate the engine four times. Check that the marks (B) and (C) coincide. Tool [3] should be able to engage freely, if not, repeat the adjustment. Complete the refitting. B1BK1A4C



AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT

Engine: 4HX



Without air conditioning

Tools.

[1] Dynamic tensioner compressure lever : (-).0188.Z
[2] Peg Ø 4 mm : (-).0188.Q1

Remove.

WARNING: Mark the direction of fitting in case the belt is to be reused.

Compress the tensioner roller (1) by action at «a» (anti-clockwise), using tool [1]. Peg at «b», using tool [2].

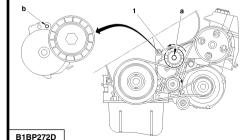
Remove the auxiliaries drive belt.

Refit.

Refit the auxiliaries drive belt.

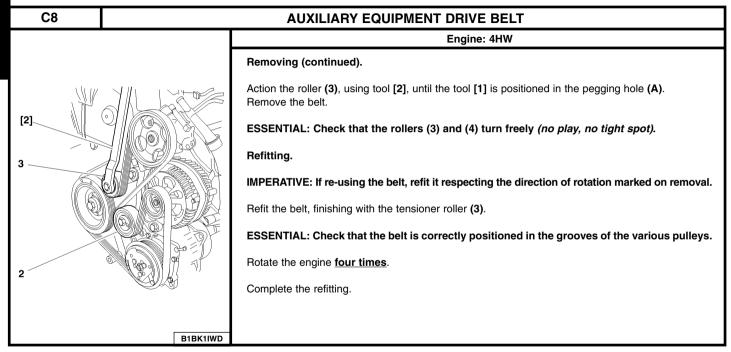
Compress the tensioner roller (1) by action at «a» (anti-clockwise), using tool [1].

Remove the tool [2] at ${\bf ^{*b}}$.



C5 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT Engine: 4HX Without air conditioning Tools. [1] Dynamic tensioner compressure lever : (-).0188.Z [2] Peg Ø 4 mm : (-).0188.Q1 Remove. WARNING: Mark the direction of fitting in case the belt is to be reused. B1BP271D Compress the tensioner roller (4) by action at «c» (anti-clockwise), using tool [1]. Peg at «d», using tool [2]. Remove the auxiliaries drive belt. Refit. Refit the auxiliaries drive belt. Compress the tensioner roller (4) by action at «c» (anti-clockwise), using tool [1]. Remove the tool [2] at «d». B1BP273D

	AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT		C8
	Engine: 4HW		
	Tools.	D B	C A
[1] /	[1] Peg for dynamic roller : (-) 0188-Q1 [2] Dynamic roller compressure lever : (-).1888-Z		
E5AK0EDC	 (A) Pegging hole (B) Belt wear check mark (fixed on engine) (C) Zero wear mark (D) Maximum wear mark 		1 B3EK09PC
	This marking system permits checking of the belt wear; if the marks (D) and (B) coincide, it implies that the belt requires replacing. Tighten the screw (1) to 4,5 ± 0,4 m.daN.		
[2]	Removing. Remove: - The front RH wheel The front RH splash-shield The under-engine shield. IMPERATIVE: Mark the direction of rotation of the belt if to be re-used.		
	IMPERATIVE. MAIN the direction of foldlion of the belt if to be re-used.		
E5AK0E8C			



CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING														
	Petrol ES						Diesel							
							DV	DW						
	7 10 12			9		6	10				12			
	J4	A J4		Α	J4		TED4			BTED4		TED	ATED4	
Engine type	6FZ	RFJ	RFN	3FZ	XFU	XFW	9HZ	RHM	RHT	RHW	RHL	RHR	4HX	4HW
C5	1.8i 16V	2.0i 16V			3.0i 24S		1.6 16V HDi				2.0 16V HDi		2.2 16V HDi	
C8			2.0i 16V	2.2i 16V HPi		3.0i 24S		2.0 16V HDi					2.2 16V HDi	
See pages:	110 to 115	116 to 122	123 to 130	131 to 138	139 to 144	145 to 152	153 to 163	180 to 187		164 to 173		174 to 179	180 to 187	

C5 CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: 6FZ Tools. [1] Camshaft setting peg : (-).0189.A [2] Crankshaft setting peg : (-).0189.B Checking the setting of the timing. Removing. Disconnect the battery negative terminal. Raise and support the vehicle, front wheels hanging. Remove the front RH wheel, the splash-shield and the upper timing cover. Turn the engine by means of the crankshaft pinion screw (1), clockwise, to bring it to the pegging position. B1BP27JC Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2]. Peg the camshaft pulleys, using tool [1]. **NOTE:** The peg [1] should go in without effort. WARNING: If the pegs go in only with difficulty, repeat the operation for fitting and tensioning the timing belt (see corresponding operation). Refitting. Remove the pegs [1] and [2]. Refit the upper timing cover, the splash-shield, the plastic pins and the front RH wheel. B1BP25PC

B1BP2V4C

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: 6FZ

Tools.

[1] Camshaft setting peg: (-).0189.A[2] Crankshaft setting peg: (-).0189.R[3] Timing belt retaining pin: (-).0189.K

[4] Adaptor for angular tightening : 4069-T
[5] Tool for moving and locking the tensioner roller : (-).0189

[5] Tool for moving and locking the tensioner roller : (-).0189.S [5a] : (-).0189.S1 [5b] : (-).0189.S2

Removing.

Disconnect the battery negative terminal.

Raise and support the vehicle, front wheels hanging.

Remove the accessories drive belt (see corresponding operation).

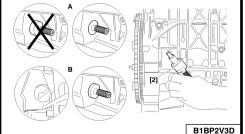
Remove the upper timing cover (1).

Turn the engine by means of the screw (3) of the crankshaft pinion (2), to bring it to the pegging position.

A: Pegging on the manual gearbox.

B: Pegging on the automatic gearbox.

Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2].

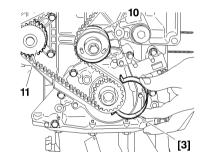


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C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: 6FZ Peg the camshaft pulleys (5) and (6), using tool [1]. Remove: - The screw (3). - The crankshaft pulley (2). - The lower timing cover (4). IMPERATIVE: Never remove the crankshaft pulley (2) without pegging the crankshaft and camshafts. B1EP1BBD Slacken the screw (9) of the tensioner roller (8). Turn the tensioner roller (8) clockwise. Remove the timing belt (7). [5a] Refitting. Turn the tensioner roller (8), using tool [5a], to go past the slot «b». Position the tool [5b] to lock the index «a» and remove the tool [5a]. B1EP1BCD

C5





Reposition the timing belt (7) on the crankshaft pulley (1).

Hold the timing belt (7) in place using tool [3].

Fit the timing belt (7) in place, respecting the following order:

- The guide roller (10), the inlet camshaft pulley (6), the exhaust camshaft pulley (5), the coolant pump (11), the tensioner roller (8).

NOTE: Make so that the belt **(7)** is as flush as possible with the exterior face of the various pinions and rollers.

Remove:

- Tool [3].
- Tool [1] from the exhaust camshaft pulley.
- Tool [5b] from the tensioner roller (8).

Refit:

- The lower timing cover (4).
- The crankshaft pulley (2).
- Screw (3) of the crankshaft pulley.

Tightening : 4 ± 0.4 m.daN.

Angular tightening : $53 \pm 4^{\circ}$.

Using tool [4].

B1EP1BDC

B1EP1BFC

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: 6FZ Tensioning the timing belt. Turn the tensioner roller (8) in the direction of the arrow «c», by means of a hexag. spanner at «d». Place the index «a» in position «f». IMPERATIVE: The index «a» should go past the slot «g» by an angular value of 10°. If it does not, replace the tensioner roller or the timing belt and tensioner roller assembly. Next bring the index «a» to its adjusting position «g», by turning the tensioner roller in the direction of the arrow «e». WARNING: the index «a» should not pass the slot «g». B1EP1BEC Otherwise, repeat the operation to tension the timing belt. IMPERATIVE: The tensioner roller should not turn during the tightening of its fixing. If it does, repeat the operation to tension the timing belt. Tighten the screw (9) of the tensioner roller (8) to 2.1 ± 0.2 m.daN. IMPERATIVE: The hexagonal tensioner roller drive should be approx. 15° below the level of the cylinder head gasket «h». If it is not, replace the tensioner roller or the timing belt and tensioner roller assembly. 15° Refitting. Remove the tools [1] and [2]. Rotate the crankshaft ten times (normal direction of rotation).

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **C5** Engine: 6FZ IMPERATIVE: No pressure or outside force should be brought to bear on the timing belt. Peg the inlet camshaft pulley, using tool [1]. Checks. Tension of the timing belt. ESSENTIAL: Check the position of the index «a», which should be opposite the slot «g». If the position of the index «a» is not correct, repeat the operations to tension the timing belt. B1EP1BEC Refitting. Refit the upper timing cover (1). Clip the fuel delivery hose on the timing cover. Refit the accessories drive belt (see corresponding operation). Lower the vehicle. Reconnect the battery (see corresponding operation).

B1EP1BFC

CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING **C5** Engine: RFJ Tools. [1] Camshaft pinion peg : (-).0194.A [2] Crankshaft setting peg : (-).0189.R [3] Engine lifting crossmember Removing. Disconnect the battery negative terminal. Raise and support the vehicle, front wheels hanging. Remove: - The front RH wheel - The plastic pins holding the splash-shield (press on the central axis to release them). - The splash-shield. A: Pegging on the manual gearbox. **B:** Pegging on the automatic gearbox. Turn the engine by means of the crankshaft pinion screw, to bring it to the pegging position. Peg the crankshaft, using the peg [2]. Position tool [3]. Suspend the engine. Remove: - The RH engine support. - The upper timing cover. B1BP2V3D

CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING C5 **Engine: RFJ** Peg the camshaft pulleys, using tool [1]. **NOTE:** The pegs [1] should go in without forcing. WARNING: If the pegs go in only with difficulty, repeat the operation for fitting and tensioning the timing belt (see corresponding operation). Refitting. Remove the pegs [1] and [2]. Refit: - The upper timing cover. - The RH engine support. Remove tool [3]. Refit: - The splash-shield. - The plastic pins. - The front RH wheel. B1BP32GC

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: RFJ Tools. [1] Camshaft setting peg : (-).0194.B [2] Crankshaft setting peg : (-).0189.R [3] Timing belt retaining pin : (-) 0189.K [4] Adaptor for angular tightening : 4069-T [5] Hub immobilising tool : (-).0189.S [5a] : (-).0189.S1 [5b] : (-).0189.S2 [6] Engine lifting crossmember Removing. B1BP310C Disconnect the negative terminal of the battery. Raise and support the vehicle, front wheels hanging. Remove the auxiliaries drive belt (see corresponding operation). Unclip and move aside the fuel supply hose from the timing cover. Remove the upper timing cover (1). Position the tool [6]. Suspend the engine. Remove the RH engine support and the upper timing cover (1). Turn the engine by means of the screw (3) of the crankshaft pinion (2) to bring it to the pegging position. A: Pegging on the manual gearbox. **B:** Pegging on the automatic gearbox. Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2]. B1BP2V3D

Engine: RFJ

Peg the camshaft pulleys (5) and (6), using tool [1].

IMPERATIVE: Never remove the crankshaft pulley (2) without pegging the crankshaft and the camshafts.

Remove:

- The screw (3).

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

- The crankshaft pulley (2).
- The lower timing cover (4).

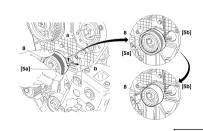
Slacken the screw (9) of the tensioner roller (8). Turn the tensioner roller (8) clockwise. Remove the timing belt (7).

Refitting.

Turn the tensioner roller (8), using tool [5a], to go past the slot «b».

Position the tool [5b] to lock the index «a» and remove the tool [5a].





B1EP1EVD

12

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING



NOTE: Check the presence of the keyway (12).

Reposition the timing belt (7) on the crankshaft pulley (1).

Hold the timing belt (7) in place using tool [3].

Fit the timing belt (7) in place, respecting the following order:

- The guide roller (10), the inlet camshaft pulley (6), the exhaust camshaft pulley (5), the coolant pump (11), the tensioner roller (8).

Engine: RFJ

NOTE: Make so that the belt **(7)** is as flush as possible with the exterior face of the various pinions and rollers.

Remove:

- Tool [3].
- Tool [1] from the exhaust camshaft pulley.
- Tool [5b] from the tensioner roller (8).

Refit:

- The lower timing cover (4).
- The crankshaft pulley (2).
- Screw (3) of the crankshaft pulley

Tightening : 4 ± 0.4 m.daN

Angular tightening : $53 \pm 4^{\circ}$ using tool [4].

B1EP1EWC

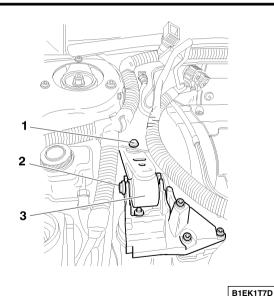
[3]

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **C5 Engine: RFJ** Tensioning the timing belt. Turn the tensioner roller (8) clockwise, using a hexagonal spanner at «c». Place the index «a» in position «e». IMPERATIVE: The index «a» should go past the slot «f» by an angular value of 10°. If it does not, replace the tensioner roller or the tensioner roller and timing belt assembly. Then bring the index «a» to its adjustment position «f», by turning the tensioner roller in the direction of the arrow «d». WARNING: The index «a» must not go past the slot «f». If it does, restart the operation to tension the timing belt. B1EP1EXC IMPERATIVE: The tensioner roller must not turn during the tightening of its fixing. If it does turn, restart the operation to tension the timing belt. Tighten the screw (9) of the tensioner roller (8) to 2.1 ± 0.2 m.daN. IMPERATIVE: The hexagonal tensioner roller drive should be at approx. 15° below the level of the cylinder head gasket «g». Otherwise, replace the tensioner roller or the tensioner roller and timing belt assembly. Refitting. Remove the tools [1] and [2]. Rotate the crankshaft **ten times** (normal direction of rotation). **B1EP1EYC**

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **C5** Engine: RFJ IMPERATIVE: No exterior pressure or action should be applied on the timing belt. Peg the inlet camshaft pulley, using tool [1]. Checking. Timing belt tension. IMPERATIVE: Check the position of the index «a», it should be opposite the slot «f». If the position of the index «a» is not correct, repeat the operations to tension the timing belt. B1EP1EXC Refitting. Refit the upper timing cover (1). Refit the RH engine support. Remove tool [6]. Clip the fuel supply hose on the timing cover. Refit the auxiliaries drive belt (see corresponding operation). Lower the vehicle. Reconnect the battery (see corresponding operation). B1EP1EYC

C8





Tools.

[1] Camshaft setting peg : (-) 0189.A [2] Crankshaft setting peg : (-).0189.R [3] Timing belt retaining pin : (-).0189.K

: 4069-T [4] Adaptor for angular tightening [5] Tool for moving and locking the tensioner roller : (-).0189.S

[5a] : (-).0189.S1 [5b] : (-).0189 S2

[6] Peg for positioning the dynamic tensioner roller

: (-).0189.J

Removing.

Disconnect the battery.

Remove:

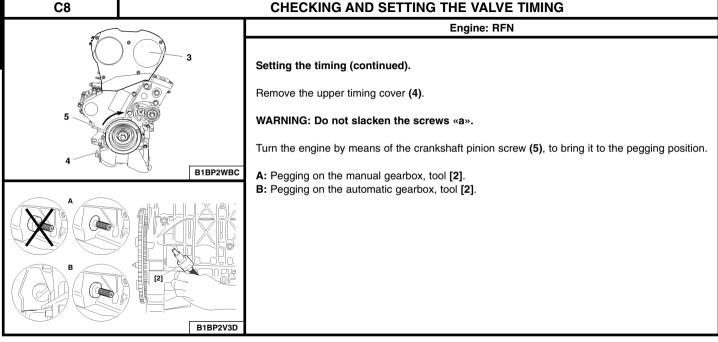
- The under-engine shield.
- The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Move aside:

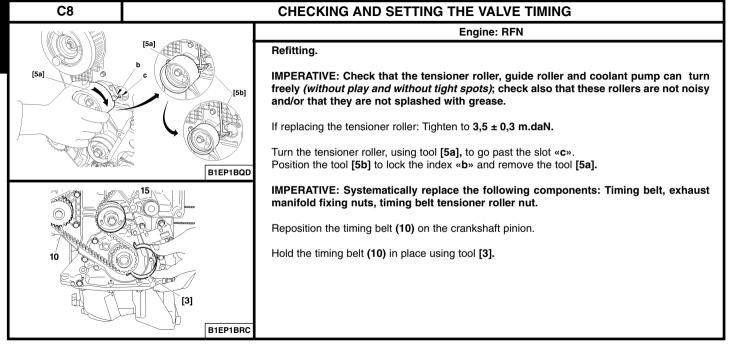
- The fuel delivery pipe.
- The canister purge electrovalve.
- The expansion chamber.

Remove:

- The screws (1) and (2).
- The torque reaction rod (3).



C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **Engine: RFN** Setting the timing (continued). Peg the camshaft pulleys (8) and (9), using tool [1]. The screw (13). The crankshaft pulley (12). The timing cover (6). IMPERATIVE: Never remove the crankshaft pulley without pegging the crankshaft and camshafts. Slacken the screw (7) of the tensioner roller. Turn the tensioner roller (clockwise). Remove the timing belt (9). B1EP1BWD



CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: RFN

Fit the timing belt (10) in place, respecting the following order:

- Guide roller (11).
- Inlet camshaft pulley (9).
- Exhaust camshaft pulley (8).
- Coolant pump.
- Tensioner roller.

NOTE: Make so that the belt (10) is as flush as possible with the exterior face of the various pinions and rollers.

Remove:

- Tool [2].
- Tool [3].
- Tool [1] from the exhaust camshaft pulley.
- Tool [5b] from the tensioner roller.

Refit:

- The lower timing cover.
- The crankshaft pulley (12).
- The screw (13).
- Tighten screw (13) to 4 \pm 0,4 m.daN, then angular tighten to 53° \pm 4°, tool [4].



Tensioning the timing belt.

IMPERATIVE: This operation must be one with the engine cold.

«e» Max. position

«d» Nominal tension position

Using the hexagonal bracket «f», turn the hub of the tensioner roller (14) (anti-clockwise), to bring the index «b» to position «e» to tension the belt to the maximum.

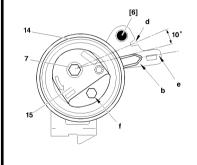
Turn the eccentric hub (15) of the roller (14) (clockwise), until the cursor (b) comes into gentle contact with the peg [6].

IMPERATIVE: Never turn the eccentric hub (15) by a complete rotation when the tool [6] is in position.

NOTE: This operation enables you to position the index **«b»** in the nominal position **«d»**.

Tighten screw (7) to 2 m.daN, holding the roller by means of the hexagonal bracket «f».

Remove the pegs [1], [2] and [6].



B1EP1BXD







Make two rotations of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

IMPERATIVE: Never turn the crankshaft backwards.

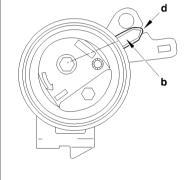
Make sure that the timing is correctly set, by refitting the camshaft and crankshaft setting pegs.

Remove the setting pegs.

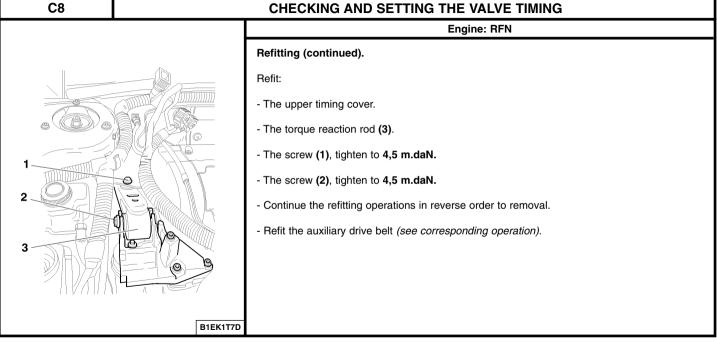
Make <u>ten rotations</u> of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

Check the position of the index (15).

If the index (15) is not in its adjustment position «e», recommence the operations to tension the timing belt.



B1EP1BTC



C8

Engine: 3FZ

Tools.

[1] Camshaft setting peg

[2] Crankshaft setting peg
[3] Timing belt retaining pin

[4] Adaptor for angular tightening

[5] Tool for moving and locking the tensioner roller

[5a]

[5b]

[6] Peg for positioning the dynamic tensioner roller

[7] Camshaft setting peg

: (-) 0189.A

: (-).0189.R : (-).0189.K

: 4069-T : (-).0189.S

: (-).0189.S1 : (-).0189 S2

: (-).0189.J

: (-).0189.L

Removing.

Disconnect the battery.

Remove:

- The under-engine shield.
- The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Move aside:

- The fuel delivery pipe.
- The canister purge electrovalve.
- The expansion chamber.

Place a jack under the vehicle to support the engine.

C8 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: 3FZ Remove: - The screws (1) and (6). - The torque reaction rod (3). - The nut (4). - The three screws (3). B1EP1BMC - The RH engine support (2). IMPERATIVE: Uncouple the exhaust line to avoid any damage to the flexible pipe caused by twisting, pulling and bending it while removing one of the power unit supports. A: Pegging on the manual gearbox, tool [2]. **B:** Pegging on the automatic gearbox, tool [2]. B1BP2V3D

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING B1EP1BNC

Engine: 3FZ

Remove the timing cover (7).

WARNING: Do not slacken the screws (a).

Rotate the engine by means of the screw (8) of the crankshaft pinion to bring it to the pegging position.

Peg the camshaft pulleys (13) and (14), using tools [1] and [7].

Remove:

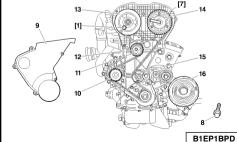
- The screw (8).
- The crankshaft pulley (16).
- The timing cover (9).

IMPERATIVE: Never remove the crankshaft pulley without pegging the crankshaft and camshafts.

Slacken the screw (12) of the tensioner roller (11).

Turn the tensioner roller (11) (clockwise).

Remove the timing belt.



C8 Refitting. [5a] [5b] B1EP1BQD B1EP1BRC

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: 3FZ

IMPERATIVE: Check that the tensioner roller, guide roller and coolant pump can turn freely (without play and without tight spots); check also that these rollers are not noisy and/or that they are not splashed with grease.

If replacing the tensioner roller (15): Tighten to 3,5.

Turn the tensioner roller, using tool [5a], to go past the slot «c». Position the tool [5b] to lock the index «b» and remove the tool [5a].

IMPERATIVE: Systematically replace the following components: Timing belt, exhaust manifold fixing nuts, timing belt tensioner roller nut.

Reposition the timing belt on the crankshaft pinion.

Hold the timing belt in place using tool [3].

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING C8 **Engine: 3FZ** Fit the timing belt in place, respecting the following order: - Guide roller (15). - Inlet camshaft pulley (14). Exhaust camshaft pulley (13). 10 - Coolant pump (10). - Tensioner roller (11). NOTE: Make so that the belt is as flush as possible with the exterior face of the various pinions and rollers. Remove: B1EP1BRC - Tool [3]. - Tool [1] from the exhaust camshaft pulley. - Tool [5b] from the tensioner roller. Refit: - The lower timing cover (9). - The crankshaft pulley (16). - The screw (8) of the crankshaft pulley. - Tighten screw (8) to 4 ± 0.4 m.daN, then angular tighten to $53^{\circ} \pm 4^{\circ}$, tool [4]. B1EP1BPD



Tensioning the timing belt.

IMPERATIVE: This operation must be done with the engine cold.

«e» Max. position

«d» Nominal tension position

Using the hexagonal bracket «f», turn the hub of the tensioner roller (18) (anti-clockwise), to bring the index «b» to position «e» to tension the belt to the maximum.

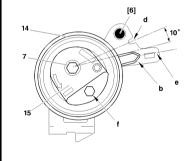
Turn the eccentric hub (17) of the roller (18) (clockwise), until the cursor (b) comes into gentle contact with the peg [6].

IMPERATIVE: Never turn the eccentric hub (8) by a complete rotation when the tool [4] is in position.

NOTE: This operation enables you to position the index **«e»** in the nominal position **«d»**.

Tighten screw (12) to 2 m.daN, holding the roller by means of the hexagonal bracket «f».

Remove the pegs [7], [2] and [4].



B1EP1BXD

C8





Make two rotations of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

IMPERATIVE: Never turn the crankshaft backwards.

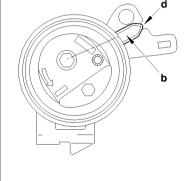
Make sure that the timing is correctly set, by refitting the camshaft and crankshaft setting pegs.

Remove the setting pegs.

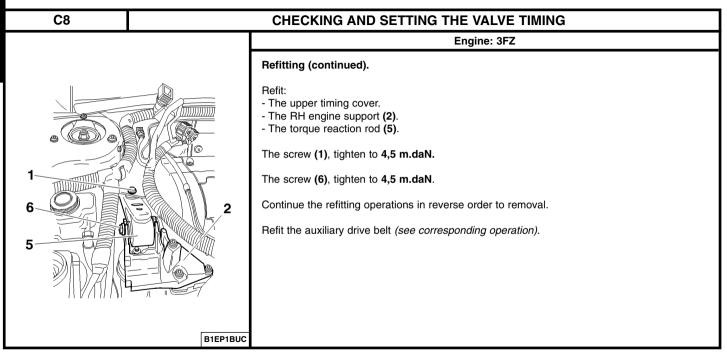
Make <u>ten rotations</u> of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

Check the position of the index (b).

If the index **(b)** is not in its adjustment position **«e»**, recommence the operations to tension the timing belt.



B1EP1BTC



: (-).0187.B

: (-).0187.A

: (-).0187.J

: (-).0187.F

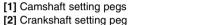
: (-).0187.F

: 4192-T

CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: XFU





[3] Fuel pressure take-off union

[4] Belt retaining pin

[5] Exhaust camshaft hubs immobilising tool

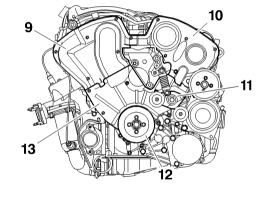
[6] Inlet camshaft hubs immobilising tool

Remove the auxiliaries drive belt (see corresponding operation).

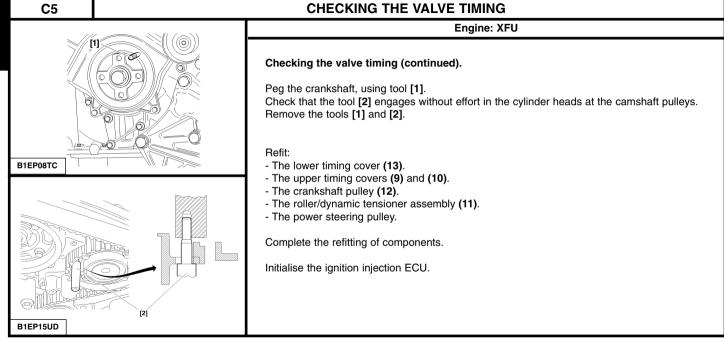
Checking the valve timing.

Remove:

- The power steering pulley.
- The roller/dynamic tensioner assembly (11).
- The crankshaft pulley (12).
- The upper timing covers (9) and (10).
- The lower timing cover (13).



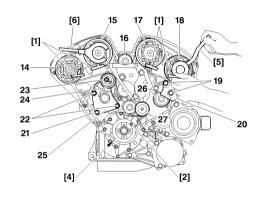
B1BP2BKC



CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

C5





B1EP15VD

Setting the valve timing.

Remove the components as necessary for the operation.

Remove the screws (19) and the plate (20).

Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2].

NOTE: Damp the rotation of the camshafts (15) and (17), using tool [6].

Untighten the camshaft pulley screws (15) and (17).

NOTE: Damp the rotation of the camshafts (14) and (18), using tool [5].

Untighten the camshaft pulley screws (14) and (18).

NOTE: Lubricate the tools [1], with grease G6 (TOTAL MULTIS).

Peg the camshafts, using tools [1], [5] and [6].

Remove the screw (21) of the panel (25).

Untighten the nut (23) of the tensioner roller (24).

Untighten the screws (22) of the panel (25).

Remove the guide roller (16).

WARNING: Mark the direction of fitting of the timing belt, in case the belt is to be reused.

Remove the timing belt.

C5 23 24 B1EP15VD [1]< B1BP2BLC

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: XFU

Setting the valve timing (continued). Refitting.

Check that the camshafts and the crankshaft are correctly pegged.

Check that the rollers and the water pump pulley are turning freely (no tightness).

Loosen the camshaft pulley screws by a 1/4 turn.

Make sure that the pulleys are turning freely on the camshaft hub.

Turn the camshaft pulleys in a clockwise direction, to end of slots.

WARNING: Respect the direction of fitting of the belt: facing the timing, the inscriptions on the belt should be readable the correct way up.

Fit the timing belt on the crankshaft pinion.

Position the tool [6].

Position the timing belt in the following sequence (belt well tensioned):

- The roller (26), the pulley (18), the pulley (17).

Keep the timing belt well tensioned:

- Refit the guide roller (16), tighten to 8 ± 0.8 m.daN.

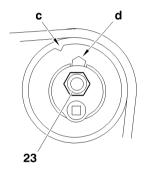
Position the timing in the following sequence:

- The camshaft pulley (15), the camshaft pulley (14), the tensioner roller (24), the water pump pulley and the guide roller (27).

NOTE: When positioning the belt on the camshaft pulleys, turn these clockwise so as to engage the next tooth. The angular displacement of the pulleys should not be more than the equivalent of one tooth.

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING C5 **Engine: XFU** Setting the valve timing (continued). Adjusting the timing belt tension. Pivot the plate (25) of the tensioner roller (24), using a spanner (type FACOM S.161). Engage the screw (21) on the plate (25). Tighten the screws (21) and (22), tighten to 2.5 ± 0.1 m.daN. Position the belt under maximum tension; pivot the tensioner roller (24), using a spanner (type FACOM R 161). B1FP15WC Tighten the nut (23) of the tensioner roller (24), tighten to 1 ± 0.1 m.daN. Check that the camshaft pinion screws are not at the end of slots (by loosening one screw). Otherwise, restart the operation of positioning the timing belt. Tighten at least 2 screws per camshaft pulley to 1 ± 0.1 m.daN. Remove the tools [1], [2] and [4]. Rotate the crankshaft 2 turns in a clockwise direction. IMPERATIVE: Never turn it back. Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2], and the camshaft pulleys, using tool [1]. Untighten the nut (23) of the tensioner roller (24). Adjust the belt tension, pivoting the roller (24) using tool (type FACOM S.161). B1EP15XC

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING



Setting the valve timing (continued).

Align the marks **«c»** and **«d»**, without detensioning the timing belt *(failing this, restart the operation of adjusting the belt tension).*

Engine: XFU

Hold the tensioner roller (24).

Tighten the nut (23), tighten to 1 ± 0.1 m.daN.

Check the position of the tensioner roller.

Remove the tools [1], [2] and [4].

Turn the crankshaft **2 rotations** in the direction of engine rotation.

IMPERATIVE: Never turn it back.

Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2].

Check the roller position (24) (the alignment of the marks $^{\prime\prime}c^{\prime\prime}$ and $^{\prime\prime}d^{\prime\prime}$ should be correct).

Peg the camshaft pinions, using tool [1].

If the peg [1] goes in, loosen the camshaft pulley screws by 45°.

If the peg [1] does not go in, then loosen the camshaft pulley screws by 45° and manœuvre the hub using tool [5] until pegging is achieved.

WARNING: Check that the camshaft pinion pulleys are not at the end of slots. Otherwise, restart the operation of positioning the timing belt.

Tighten the camshaft pinion screws to 1 ± 0.1 m.daN.

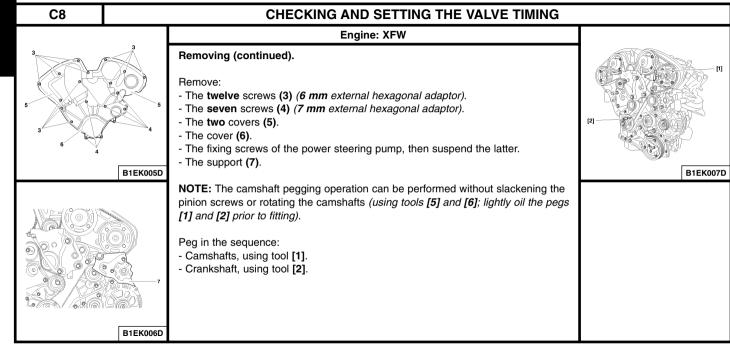
Remove the tools [1] and [2].

Refit the panel (20), the screws (19) and tighten to 4 ± 0 , m.daN.

Complete the refitting of all components.

B1EP15XC

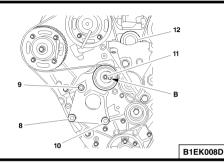
CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING			
	Engine: XFW		
	Tools.		
	[1] Camshaft setting pegs: (-).0187-[2] Crankshaft setting peg: (-).0187-[3] Belt retaining pin: (-).0187-[4] Peg for checking camshaft settings: (-).0187-[5] Tool for immobilising inlet camshaft hubs: (-).0187-[6] Tool for immobilising exhaust camshaft hubs: (-).0187-[7] Instrument for measuring belt tension: (-).0192	A J CZ C	
	Removing. Remove: - The front RH wheel - The RH wheelarch The front RH tie-bar The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation) The tensioner roller assembly (1) The crankshaft pulley (2).		
	Support the engine using a stand. Remove: - The upper RH torque reaction rod The RH engine support.		
B1EK004D			



ENGINE

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING





Removing (continued).

Remove screw (8).

Slacken screws (9) and (10) and nut (11).

Pivot the tensioner roller eccentric (clockwise), using tool FACOM R 161 at «B».

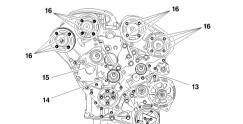
Remove the guide roller (12).

Remove the timing belt, commencing with the tensioner roller and the coolant pump.

Refitting.

1

B1EK009D



Make sure that the camshafts, as well as the crankshaft, are correctly pegged.

Check that the rollers (13) and (14), as well as the coolant pump (15) turn freely (no tight spots).

If replacing the belt, tighten the rollers (13) and (14) to 8 ± 0.8 m.daN.

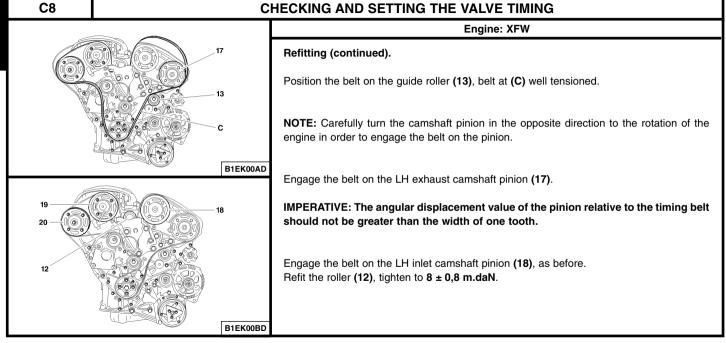
Slacken screws (16) by a 1/4 turn.

Ensure that the camshaft pinions rotate freely on their hubs.

Turn the four camshaft pinions (clockwise), to end of slots.

Engage the timing belt on the crankshaft pinion.

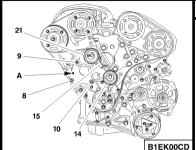
Immobilise the belt, using tool [4].



CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

C8





Engage the belt on: - The roller (13).

Refitting (continued).

- The camshaft pinions, inlet (19) then RH exhaust (20), as before for the camshafts.

Simultaneously engage the belt on:

- The roller (21).
- The pump (15).
- The roller (14).

Using tool FACOM S.161, at «A», pivot the plate to be able to engage the screw (8).

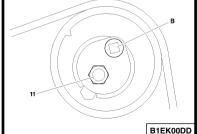
Tighten screws (8), (9) and (10) to 2.5 ± 0.2 m.daN.

Pivot the tensoner roller to tension the belt to the maximum (anti-clockwise), using tool FACOM R.161 at «B»:

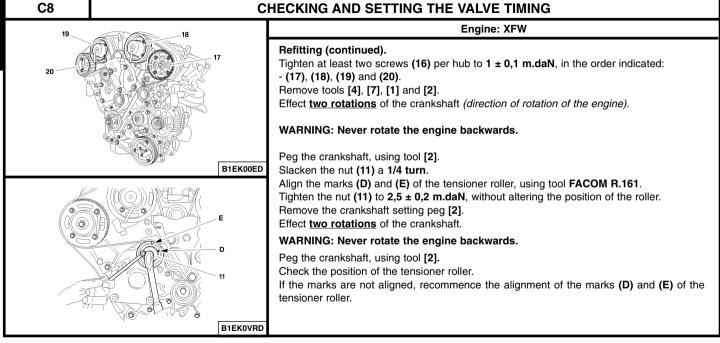
IMPERATIVE: Check that the camshaft pinions are not at end of slots (by removing a screw).

- SEEM CTI 901-1: 440 ± 15 SEEM units.
- SEEM CTG 105.5: 83 ± 2 SEEM units.
- SEEM CTG 105.6: 86 ± 2 SEEM units.

Tighten the nut (11) of the tensioner roller to 1 ± 0.1 m.daN.

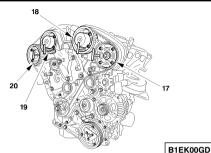


If they are, repeat the operation to refit the belt.



ENGINE

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING



Engine: XFW

Refitting (continued).

Peg the camshaft hubs, starting with LH exhaust (17) then (18) and (20), using tool [1], proceeding in the following way:

- The peg goes in: slacken by 45° the fixing screws of the pinion on the camshaft hub.
- The peg does not go in: slacken by **45°** the fixing screws of the pinion on the camshaft hub until the peg will go in.

ESSENTIAL:

- Check that the camshaft pinions are not at end of slots (by removing a screw).

If they are, repeat the operation to refit the belt.

Tighten the pinions in the sequence below:

- Pinions (17), (18), (19), (20) tighten to 1 ± 0.1 m.daN.

Remove tools [1] and [2].

Checking the setting of the timing.

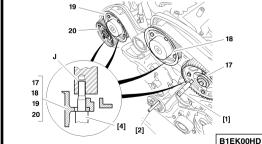
Effect two rotations (normal direction of rotation of the engine).

Imperative: Never turn the engine backwards.

Refit the crankshaft peg [2].

Check that the peg for checking the camshaft settings [4] engages freely in the cylinder heads (J), as far as the camshaft pinions.



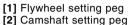


C8 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **Engine: XFW** Checking the setting of the timing (continued). Should this not be the case, repeat the operation to refit the belt. Remove the crankshaft peg [2]. Refitting (continued). Refit: - The power steering pump. - The support (7). - The tensioner roller assembly (1). Tighten: 24 - Screw (22) to 2.5 m.daN + LOCTITE FRNETANCH. - Screw (23) to 4.0 m.daN + LOCTITE FRNETANCH. - Screw (24) to 2,5 m.daN + LOCTITE FRNETANCH. - Screw (25) to 6,0 m.daN + LOCTITE FRNETANCH. Tighten the crankshaft pulley screws to 2.5 ± 0.2 m.daN. Refit the auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation). Complete the refitting operations in the opposite order to removal. B1EK00JD

CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: 9HZ





: (-).0194.C : (-).0194.B

[3] Crankshaft setting peg

: (-).0194.A

Removing.

IMPERATIVE: Respect the safety and cleanliness requirements specific to High pressure Diesel injection (HDi) engine versions.

Raise and support the vehicle, wheels hanging. Disconnect the positive and negative terminals of the battery.

Remove:

- The front RH wheel

- The front RH splash-shield.

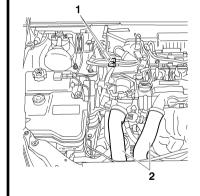
- The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Uncouple:

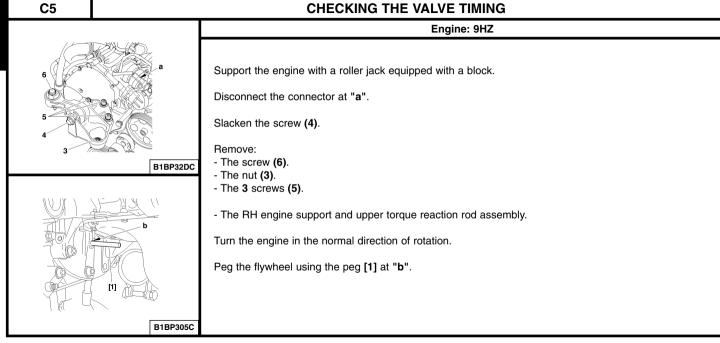
- The fuel supply unions (1).

- The air/air heat exchanger inlet and outlet pipes (2).

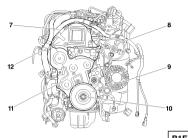
- The exhaust line (at the flexible pipe).



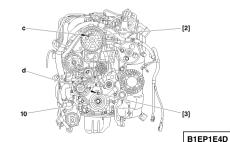
B1BP32CC



ENGINE



B1EP1E3D



Engine: 9HZ

Move aside the electrical harness (7).

Remove:

- The engine support (8).
- The screw (10).
- The accessories drive pulley (9).
- The lower timing cover (11).
- The upper timing cover (12).
- The tool [1].

Refit the screw (10).

Rotate the crankshaft **six times** (clockwise).

IMPERATIVE: Never turn it backwards.

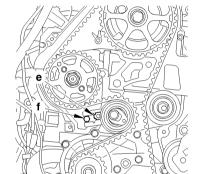
Peg the camshaft at «c», using tool [2] (oil the pegs).

WARNING: The magnetic track should not show any sign of damage and should not be approached by any other magnetic source.

Peg the crankshaft at «d», using tool [3].

ESSENTIAL: Should it not be possible to peg the camshaft, check that the offset between the camshaft pinion hole and the pegging hole is not more than 1 mm. If it is more, repeat the operation to position the timing belt (see corresponding operation).

C5 CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING



Engine: 9HZ

NOTE: The index «e» of the dynamic tensioner roller should be centred in the interval «f».

Check the correct positioning of the index «e».

If it is not correct, repeat the operation to tension the timing belt (see corresponding operation).

Remove tools [2] and [3].

Refitting.

Refit tool using tool [1] at «b».

Remove the screw (10).

Refit the upper timing cover (12), lower timing cover (11), the accessories drive pulley (9), the screw (10).

Tightening method for the screw (10):

- Pre-tightening : 3 ± 0.3 m.daN.

- Angular tightening : $180^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$.

Remove the tool [1].

B1EP1E5C

CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: 9HZ

Refit:

- The engine support (8), tighten to : 5.5 ± 0.9 m.daN.

- The RH engine support and upper torque reaction rod assembly.

- The nut (3), tighten to : 4.5 ± 0.5 m.daN.

- The three screws (5), tighten to : 5.5 ± 0.8 m.daN.

- The screw (6), tighten to : 6 ± 0.6 m.daN.

- The screw (4), tighten to : 6 ± 0.6 m.daN.

- The electrical harness (7).

Couple:

- The exhaust line, tighten to : $2,5 \pm 0,3$ m.daN.

- The fuel supply unions (1).

- The air/air heat exchanger inlet and outlet pipes (2).

Connect the connector at "a".

Refit:

- The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

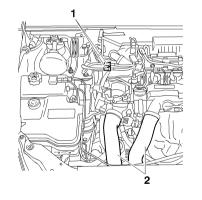
- The front RH splash-shield.

- The front RH wheel.

Reconnect the positive and negative terminals of the battery.

IMPERATIVE: Carry out the operations that are necessary following a reconnection of the battery (see corresponding operation).

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING



Engine: 9HZ

Tools.

[1] Flywheel setting peg : (-).0194.C
[2] Camshaft setting peg : (-).0194.B
[3] Crankshaft setting peg : (-).0194.A

Removing.

IMPERATIVE: Respect the safety and cleanliness requirements specific to High pressure Diesel injection (HDi) engine versions.

Raise and support the vehicle, wheels hanging.

Disconnect the positive and negative terminals of the battery.

Remove:

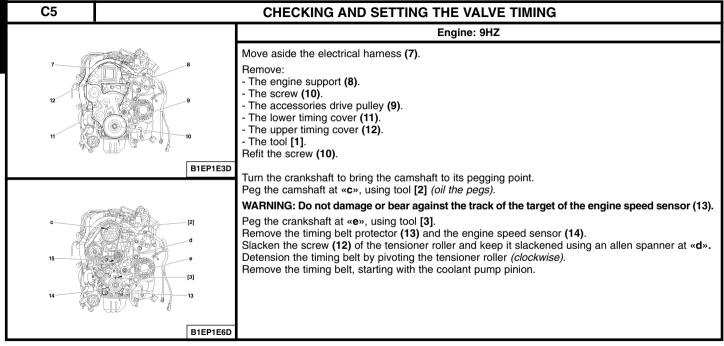
- The front RH wheel.
- The front RH splash-shield.
- The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Uncouple:

- The fuel supply unions (1).
- The air/air heat exchanger inlet and outlet pipes (2).
- The exhaust line (at the flexible pipe).

B1BP32CC

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **Engine: 9HZ** Support the engine with a roller jack equipped with a block. Disconnect the connector at "a". Slacken the screw (4). Remove: - The screw (6). B1BP32DC - The nut (3). - The 3 screws (5). - The RH engine support and upper torque reaction rod assembly. Turn the engine in the normal direction of rotation. Peg the flywheel using the peg [1] at "b". B1BP305C



CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

C5





Checks.

ESSENTIAL: Just prior to refitting, proceed to the checks as below.

Check:

- That the rollers and the coolant pump pulley turn freely (without play and without tight spot).
- That there are no signs of oil leaks (at the crankshaft and camshaft seals).
- That there are no leaks of coolant fluid (at the coolant pump).
- That the track of the target of the engine speed sensor **(14)** is not damaged or scratched. Replace any components that are defective *(if necessary)*.

B1EP1E6D

Refitting.

Fit the timing belt on the crankshaft pinion.

Position the belt on the guide roller, belt well tensioned.

Refit:

- The timing belt protector (13).
- The engine speed sensor (14).

Reposition the timing belt, strip **«f»** well tensioned, in the following sequence:

- Guide roller (16).
- Camshaft pulley (20).
- Fuel high pressure pump pulley (19).
- Coolant pump pulley (17).
- Tensioner roller (18).



B1EP1E7D

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: 9HZ

Adjusting the timing belt tension.

Act on the tensioner roller (18) to align the marks «g» and «h», avoiding detensioning the timing belt, using an allen spanner at «d».

Should this fail, repeat the operation to tension the timing belt.

Hold the tensioner roller (18).

Tighten the tensioner roller fixing nut to 3.7 ± 0.3 m.daN.

Check the position of the tensioner roller (the alignment of the marks «g» and «h» has to be correct).

Remove tools [2] and [3].

Rotate the crankshaft six times (clockwise).

IMPERATIVE: Never rotate the engine backwards.

WARNING: Do not touch or damage the track of the target of the engine speed sensor (14).

Peg the crankshaft, using tool [3].

Check the position of the tensioner roller (the alignment of the marks **"g"** and **"h"** has to be correct). If this is not the case, repeat the operation to tension the timing belt.

Peg the camshaft pulley, using tool [2].

IMPERATIVE: Should it be impossible to peg the camshaft, check that the offset between the camshaft pinion hole and the pegging hole is not more than 1 mm. If the value is not correct, repeat the operation.

Remove the tools [2] and [3].

B1EP1E8C



ENGINE

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

Engine: 9HZ

 $: 3 \pm 0.3 \text{ m.daN}.$

 $: 5.5 \pm 0.9 \text{ m.daN.}$

 $: 4.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ m.daN.}$

 $: 5.5 \pm 0.8 \text{ m.daN.}$

 $: 6 \pm 0.6 \text{ m.daN.}$

 $: 6 \pm 0.6 \text{ m.daN.}$

 $: 2.5 \pm 0.3 \text{ m.daN.}$

: 180° + 5°

Remove the screw (10).

Refit the upper timing cover (11), the lower timing cover (12), the pulley (9) and the screw (10).

Tightening method for the screw (10):

- Pre-tighten to

- Angular tighten

Remove tool [1].

Refit:

- The engine support (8), tighten to

- The RH engine support and upper torque reaction rod assembly.

- The nut (3), tighten to

- The **three** screws **(5)**, tighten to

- The screw **(6)**, tighten to - The screw **(4)**, tighten to

- The electrical harness (7).

Couple:

- The exhaust line, tighten to

- The fuel supply unions (1).

- The air/air heat exchanger inlet and outlet pipes (2).

Connect the connector at «a».

Refit:

- The accessories drive belt (see corresponding operation).
- The front RH splash-shield, the front RH wheel.

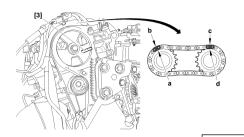
Reconnect the positive and negative terminals of the battery.

IMPERATIVE: Perform the operations that are necessary following a reconnection of the battery (see corresponding operation).

C5 CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING **Engines: RHL - RHR** Tools. [1] Kit of plugs : (-).0188.T [2] Double flywheel setting peg : (-).0188.X [3] Camshaft setting peg : (-).0188.M IMPERATIVE: Respect the safety and cleanliness requirements specific to High pressure Diesel injection (HDi) engine versions Remove the engine cover and the battery. Disconnect the negative terminal of the battery. Raise and support the front of the vehicle. B1BP31DC Remove the under-engine sound-deadening and the front RH splash-shield (see corresponding operation). Uncouple, plug and move aside, using tool [1], the fuel supply (1) and fuel return (2) pipes. Suspend the engine, using a workshop hoist. Remove the torque reaction rod (3) and the RH engine support (4). Move aside the electrical harness (5). Remove: - The camshaft position sensor. - The inlet cylinder head cover (6). - The upper timing cover screws. - The upper timing cover (6). B1EP1FMC

CHECKING THE VALVE TIMING

Engines: RHL - RHR



Checks.

Turn the crankshaft in the normal direction of rotation.

Line up the black markings **"b"** and **"c"** on the chain with the teeth **"a"** and **"d"** of the camshaft drive pinions (40 turns of the camshafts maximum).

IMPERATIVE: If it is impossible to line up the markings on the chain with the camshaft drive pinions, repeat the setting of the camshafts (see operation: removing-refitting of camshafts).

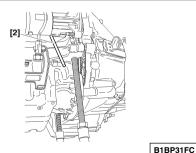
B1EP1FND Peg:

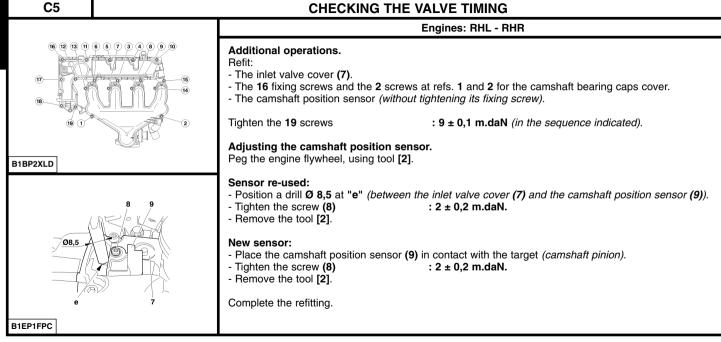
- The crankshaft, using tool [2].
- The camshaft pinion, using tool [3].

IMPERATIVE: Should it be impossible to peg the camshaft, check that the offset between the camshaft hole and the pegging hole is not more than 1 mm (use a screw 7 mm in dia.).

If the offset is more than 1 mm, repeat the operation to set the timing (see corresponding operation).

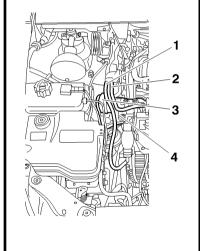
Remove tools [1] and [3].





CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

C5



Engines: RHL - RHR

Tools.

[1] Kit of plugs : (-).0188.T

[2] Double flywheel setting peg : (-).0188.X

[3] Camshaft setting peg : (-).0188.M [4] Belt clamp : (-).0188.AD

[5] Pinion centrer : (-).0188.AH

[6] Flywheel lock : (-).0188.F [7] Pulley extractor : (-).0188.P

Removing.

IMPERATIVE: Respect the safety and cleanliness requirements specific to High pressure Diesel injection (HDi) engine versions.

Slacken the front RH wheel bolts.

Raise and support the front RH side of the vehicle.

Disconnect the negative terminal of the battery.

Remove the under-engine sound-deadening, the front RH wheel, the front RH splash-shield, the engine cover.

Remove the auxiliaries drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Uncouple, plug and move aside, using tool [1]:

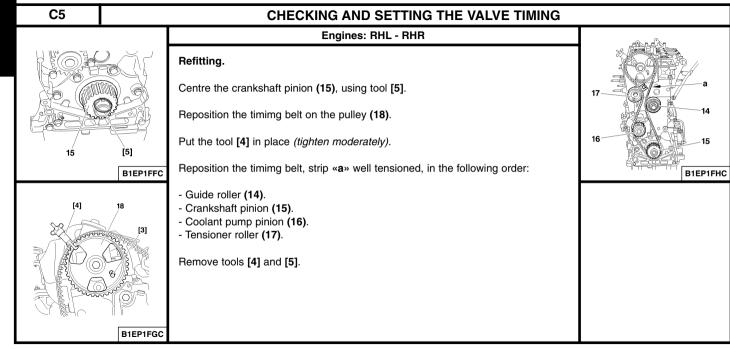
- The fuel delivery pipe (1).
- The fuel return pipe (2).

Suspend the engine, using a workshop hoist.

Remove the torque reaction rod (3) and the RH engine support (4).

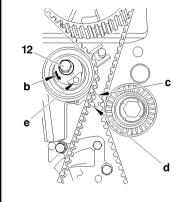
C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **Engines: RHL - RHR** Move aside the electrical harness (5). Remove: - The upper timing cover screws. - The upper timing cover (6). Rotate the engine by means of the auxiliaries drive pulley. Orient the camshaft pinion in the pegging position, use a mirror if necessary. B1EP1FAC B1BP31EC Peg the camshaft, using tool [3]. Peg the engine flywheel, using tool [2]. Lock the flywheel, using tool [6]. B1EP1FBC

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING			C5
The Total Control of the Control of	Remove: - The screw (8) and the auxiliaries drive pulley (7) The crankshaft position sensor (11).	12	[3]
B1EP1FCC	The lower timing cover (9). The target of the crankshaft position sensor (10), using tool [7]. The lower torque reaction rod. The tool [6]. Slacken the screw (12) of the tensioner roller (17). Remove the timing belt (13).	16 15	14 B1EP1FEC
11 10	Checks. IMPERATIVE: Just before refitting, carry out the checks below. Check: - That the rollers (14) and (17) turn freely (without play and without any tight spot) That the coolant pump pulley (16) turns freely (without play and without any tight spot) That there are no signs of oil leaks from the crankshaft and camshaft seals, etc That the crankshaft pinion travels freely on the keyway (15). Replace defective components if necessary.		·
B1EP1FDC			



CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING





Bring the index **«d»** outside the plate at **«c»**, by turning the tensioner roller in the direction of the arrow **«b»**, using a hexagonal spanner at **«e»**.

Tighten screw (12) of the tensioner roller (17) to $2,1 \pm 0,2$ m.daN.

Lock the flywheel, by means of tool [6].

Refit the auxiliaries drive pulley (7).

Tighten the screw (8) to 7 ± 0.7 m.daN.

Remove tools [6], [2] and [3].

Rotate the crankshaft **ten times** (in the direction of rotation of the engine).

Peg:

- The crankshaft, using tool [2].
- The camshaft drive pinion, using tool [3].

Lock the flywheel, using tool [6].

Slacken:

- The screw (8) of the auxiliaries drive pulley (7).
- The screw (12) of the tensioner roller (17).

B1EP1FJC

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **Engines: RHL - RHR** Turn the tensioner roller (clockwise), using a hexagonal spanner at «e». Position the index «d» opposite the notch «f». Tighten: 12 - The screw (12) of the tensioner roller (17) to $2,1 \pm 0,2$ m.daN. - The auxiliaries drive pulley to 7 ± 0.7 m.daN. Remove tools [3] and [6]. Rotate the crankshaft **two times** (in the direction of rotation of the engine).

Refit tools [2] and [3].

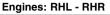
Check the position of the index «d», it should be opposite the notch «f».

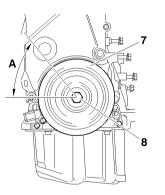
IMPERATIVE: If the position of the index «d» is not correct, restart the operations to tension the timing belt (for this, slightly slacken the screw (12) of the tensioner roller).

B1EP1FKC

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING







Refit tool [6].

Remove the auxiliaries drive pulley (7).

Refit the crankshaft position sensor target (10), the lower timing cover (9), the crankshaft position sensor (11), the torque reaction rod on the lower engine support.

Take away the workshop hoist.

Coat the screw (8) with Loctite FRENETANCH.

Refit the auxiliaries drive pulley (7) and the screw (8) with its washer.

Tighten the screw (8) to 7 ± 0.7 m.daN, then angular tighten by $A = 60^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$.

Remove tools [2], [3] and [6].

Refit the upper timing cover (6).

Reposition the electrical harness (5).

Refit the RH engine support (4), the torque reaction rod (3).

Reclip the fuel supply and return pipes.

Connect the fuel supply pipe (1), the fuel return pipe (2).

Refit:

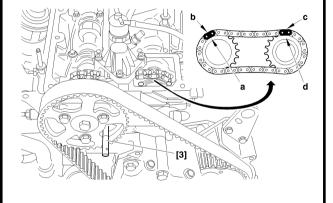
- The auxiliaries drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Complete the refitting.

B1EP1FLC

B1EP159D

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING



Engine: 4HX

Tools.

: 4122-T [1] Belt tension measuring instrument [2] Engine flywheel peg : (-).0188.X

[3] Tension lever : (-).0188.Y

[4] Belt compressure spring : (-).0188.K

[5] Camshaft pinion peg : (-).0188.M : (-).0188.F

[6] Engine flywheel lock

[7] Set of blocking plugs : (-).0188.T

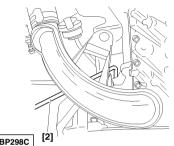
IMPERATIVE: Respect the safety and cleanliness recommendations specific to high pressure diesel injection (HDi) engines.

Checking the setting of the valve timing.

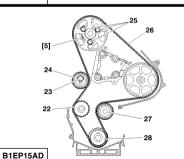
Turn the crankshaft (normal direction of rotation) and line up the black markings on the chain (b) and (c) with the teeth marked (a) and (d) of the camshaft drive pinions (40 turns max. of the camshaft).

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING





B1BP298C



Checking the setting of the valve timing (continued).

IMPERATIVE: If it is impossible to line up the marks on the chain and on the camshaft drive pinions, restart the camshaft setting (see operation for removing and refitting camshafts).

If the marks on the chains and pinions are coinciding, continue the checking operations.

Peg:

- The crankshaft, using tool [2].
- The camshaft pinion, using tool [5].

IMPERATIVE: Should it be impossible to peg the camshaft, check that the offset between the camshaft pinion hole and the pegging hole is not more than 1 mm (use a screw 7 mm in dia.). If the offset is more than 1 mm, restart the setting of the valve timing (see corresponding operation). Remove the tools [2] and [5].

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: 4HX Setting the valve timing. Turn the crankshaft to bring camshaft to its pegging point. Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2]. Peg the camshaft, using tool [5]. Slacken: - The three screws (25). - The screw (23) of the tensioner roller (24). Remove the timing belt (26). B1BP298C Checks. IMPERATIVE: just prior to refitting, carry out the checks below. Check: [5] - That the rollers (24) and (27) and the coolant pump (22) are turning freely (without play and without tightness). - Absence of traces of oil leaks (crankshaft and camshaft sealing rings). - Absence of leaks of coolant fluid (coolant pump). NOTE: Replace defective components (if necessary). 23 B1EP15AD

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **Engine: 4HX** Setting the valve timing (continued). Refit. Retighten the screws (25) by hand. - Turn the pinion (29) (clockwise) to the bottom of the buttonhole. Refit the belt on the crankshaft (28). - Hold the belt, using tool [4]. Reposition the timing belt, keeping the belt tight at «a», in the following order: - Guide roller (27). B1EP15BD Fuel high pressure pump pinion (30). Camshaft pinion (29). 22 Water pump pinion (22). - Tensioner roller (24). NOTE: If needed, slightly turn the pinion (29) anti-clockwise (not by more than one tooth). [4] - Remove the tool [4]. [4] B1EP15CC B1EP15DD

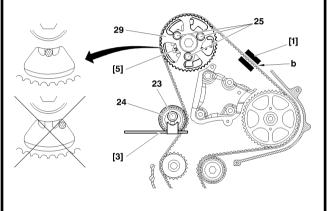
B1EP15ED

C5 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: 4HX Setting the valve timing (continued). Position tool [1] on the belt at «b». Turn the tensioner roller (24) (anti-clockwise) using tool [2] to attain a tension of: 106 ± 2 SEEM units. Tighten screw (23) of the tensioner roller, tighten to 2.5 m.daN. Remove one screw (25) from the pinion (29) (to check that the screws are not against the end of the buttonhole). Tighten the screws (25) to 2 m daN. Remove tools [1], [2], [3] and [5]. Rotate the crankshaft 8 times (normal direction of rotation). Fit the tool [3]. Loosen screws (25). Fit tool [5]. Loosen screw (23) (to free the tensioner roller (24)). [3] Fit tool [1]. Turn the tensioner roller (24) (anti-clockwise), using tool [3], to attain a tension of: 51 ± 3 SEEM units. Tighten: - The screw (23) of the tensioner roller (24) to 2.5 ± 0.2 m.daN. - The screws (25) to 2 ± 0.2 m.daN.

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING







B1EP15ED

Setting the valve timing (continued).

Remove the tool [1].

Refit the tool [1].
Tension value should be:

51 ± 3 SEEM units.

IMPERATIVE: If value is incorrect, restart the operation.

Remove tools [1], [2] and [5].

Rotate the crankshaft <u>2 times</u> (normal direction of rotation).

Fit the tool [3].

IMPERATIVE: Should it be impossible to peg the camshaft, check that the offset between the camshaft pinion hole and the pegging hole is not more than 1 mm. In the case of an incorrect value, recommence the operation.

Remove the tool [2].

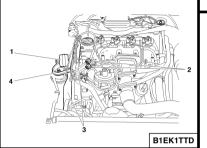
Complete the refitting of components.

C8	CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING			
	Engines: RHM -	RHT - RHW - 4HW		
	Т	ools.		
[2] Crankshaft se [3] Camshaft pe [4] Belt retainin [5] Engine flywl [7] Tensioning le [8] Pulley extraction [9] Crankshaft se [10] Crossmem [11] Tie-bar sup [12] Retaining se	g pin neel stop ever ctor setting peg (engine DW10ATED4) ber oport support th adjustable screw	: (-).0192 : (-).0188-X : (-).0188-M : (-).0188-F : (-).0188-J2 : (-).0188-P : (-).0188-Y : 4090-T : 4176-T : (-).0911-J : (-).0911-H : (-).0188-T		
Removing. Remove: - The front RH s - The under-end - The auxiliary of	•			

	CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING		C8
	Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW - 4HW		
[5]	Removing. Remove: - The closing panel of the clutch casing (block the engine flywheel, tool [5]) The auxiliary drive pulley screw. Refit the screw without the washer.	[2]	
B1EK0TVC	Remove: - The auxiliary drive pulley, using tool [8] The tool [5].		B1EK0TUC
	Turn the crankshaft.	[9]	
	Peg: - The engine flywheel, tool [2] (engine DW12TED4). - The engine flywheel, tool [9] (engine DW10ATED4).		
			B1EK1T4D

C8 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING





Removing (continued).

Disconnect the battery.

Move aside the header tank

Position the tools for supporting the engine [10], [11], [12] and [13].

Remove:

- The scuttle panel grille.
- The torque reaction rod (1).
- The fuel unions (2).

IMPERATIVE: Plug the apertures using tool [13].

Remove:

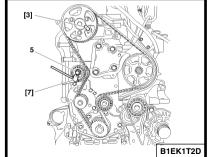
- The RH engine support (4).
- The timing covers (3).
- The lower timing cover.

Peg the camshaft pulley, using tool [3].

Slacken the tensioner roller fixing (5).

Retighten the fixing to the position of maximum de-tension (tighten to 0,1 m.daN). Remove the timing belt.

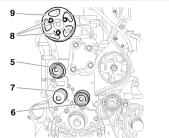
Protect the radiator harness with strong cardboard cut out to the dimensions of the radiator.



CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING

C8





B1EK0TXC

B1EK0TYC

5 0 0 10 7 6 6 [4] Refitting.

IMPERATIVE: Check that the rollers (5) and (6) as well as the coolant pump (7) turn freely (no play, no tight spot), check also that these rollers are not noisy and/or that they are not throwing out grease. In the event of replacement, tighten the roller (6) to 4.3 ± 0.4 m.daN.

Slacken the screws (8).

Check that the pulley (9) turns freely on its hub.

Tighten the screws (8) by hand.

Slacken the screws (8) by a 1/6 turn.

Turn the pulley (9) (clockwise), to end of slots.

Refit the timing belt, well tensioned, in the following order:

- Crankshaft (immobilise the belt, using tool [4]).
- Guide roller (6). Engage the timing belt on the pulley (10).

Carefully turn the camshaft pinion in the opposite direction to the rotation of the engine in order to engage the belt on the pinion.

WARNING: The angular displacement «a» of the pulley relative to the belt should not be greater than the width of one tooth.

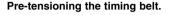
Engage the belt on the tensioner roller (5) and on the coolant pump pinion (7).

Turn the tensioner roller (5) (anti-clockwise), so as to put the tensioner roller (5) in contact with the belt. Pre-tighten the fixing screw of the tensioner roller to 0,1 m.daN.

Remove the tool [4].

C8 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING





Position the tool [1].

NOTE: Check that the tool is not in contact with anything else around it.

Turn the roller (5) (anti-clockwise), using tool [7] to obtain a tension of: 98 ± 2 SEEM units.

Tighten the screw (11) to 2.3 ± 0.2 m.daN (without modifying the position of the roller). Remove the tool [1].

IMPERATIVE: By removing one of the screws (8) on the pulley (9), make sure that these screws (8) are not at end of slots (if they are, repeat the operation to refit the timing belt).

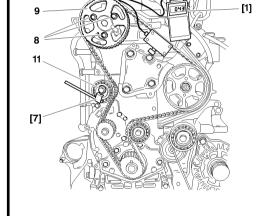
Bring the screws (8) into contact with the pulleys.

Tighten the screws (8) to 2 ± 0.2 m.daN.

Remove the setting pegs [3] and [2].

Effect eight turns of the engine in the normal direction of rotation.

IMPERATIVE: Never turn the crankshaft backwards.

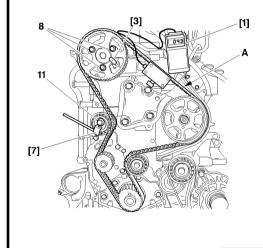


B1EK1TSD

C8

CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING





Tensioning the timing belt.

Refit the pegs [2] and [3].

Slacken the screws (8).

Tighten the screws (8) by hand.

Slacken the screws (8) by a 1/6 turn.

Slacken screw (11).

Place tool [1] on the belt at (A).

Turn the roller (anti-clockwise), using tool [7] to obtain a tension of: 51 ± 2 SEEM units.

Tighten screw (11) to 2.3 ± 0.2 m.daN (without modifying the position of the roller).

Tighten the screws (8) to 2 ± 0.2 m.daN.

Remove tool [1] to release the internal forces.

Refit the tool [1].

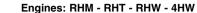
The tension value should be between 48 and 55 SEEM units.

IMPERATIVE: Value noted outside the tolerance: detension the belt and recommence the operation.

Remove tools [1], [2] and [3].

B1EK1T1D

C8 CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING



Checking the timing setting.

Effect two turns of the engine in the normal direction of rotation, without turning the engine backwards.

Refit the peg [2].

IMPERATIVE: Check visually that the offset between the hole in the camshaft hubs and the corresponding pegging hole is not more than 1 mm.

Remove the peg [2].

Refit:

- The lower timing cover.
- The elements (3) of the timing cover.
- The engine support (4).
- The screws (13), tighten to 6.1 ± 0.6 m.daN.
- The nut (12), tighten to 4.5 ± 0.4 m.daN.

IMPERATIVE: Apply an opposite torque at (A).

Refit:

- The torque reaction rod (1).
- Screw (14), tighten to 5 ± 0.5 m.daN.
- Screw (15), tighten to 5 ± 0.5 m.daN.



CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING





Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW - 4HW

Refit:

- The tool [5].
- The auxiliary drive pulley.

Clean the threads of the pulley screw going into the crankshaft ($tap\ M16x150$). Brush the screw threads.

Tightening torque for the screw:

- Tighten to : 7 ± 0.7 m.daN (+ LOCTITE FRENETANCH).

- Angular tighten : $60^{\circ} \pm 6^{\circ}$ (Tool FACOM D360).

Check the tightening: 26 ± 2,6 m.daN.

Refit the auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Remove tool [5].

Refit the closing plate, tighten to **0,7 m.daN**.

Tighten the wheel bolts to 10 m.daN.

Complete the refitting in reverse order to removal.

Initialise the various ECUS.

B1EK0TVC

CHECKING THE OIL PRESSURE						
	То	be read with the Pe	trol and Diesel corr	espondence tables		
Engine type 6FZ RFJ RFN			RFN	3FZ	XFU	XFW
Temperature (°C)			80	°C		
Pressure (bars)		1,5		3,4	2	1,2
Rpm		10	00		900	650
Pressure (bars)	5					5
Rpm	3000				30	00
Pressure (bars)				6,9		
Rpm				4000		
2279-T.Bis				K		
4103-T.B			2	K		
7001-T	Х		Х			
4202-T				Х		Х
(-).0710.F1		X				
(-).0710.B1		Х			Х	
NOTE: Oil pressure sl	hould be checked with	n the engine cold, after	er checking the oil lev	rel.		

	CHECKING THE OIL PRESSURE							
		To be read	with the Petrol	and Diesel corr	espondence ta	ables		
Engine type	9HZ	RHM	RHT	RHW	RHL	RHR	4HX	4HW
Temperature (°C)				80	°C			
Pressure (bars)	1,3		2		1	1,9		2
Rpm				10	00			
Pressure (bars)					4			
Rpm		2000						
Pressure (bars)	3,5							
Rpm	4000							
2279-T.Bis		X						
4103-T.B		Х						
7001-T					Х	X		
4202-T		Х	Х	Х			Х	Х
(-).1503.J	Х							

NOTE: Oil pressure should be checked with the engine cold, after checking the oil level.

VALVE CLEARANCES

The valve clearances must be checked with the engine cold.

All types

● Inlet	8	Exhaust
Hydraulic a	adjustn	nent

POSSIBLE PROCEDURES For engines with 4 cylinders in a line (1-3-4-2).

Roc					ng		
Rocking					Ad	just	t
1	•	8	1	4	•	8	4
3	•	\otimes	3	2		\otimes	
4		\otimes				\otimes	
2	•	8	2	3	•	8	(

			'9		.00	•	
		just	Ad		g	kin	Roc
•							
Inlet	4	8	•	4	1	8	•
_	2	\otimes	•	2	3	\otimes	•
⊗ Exhaust	1	\otimes	•	1	4	\otimes	•
	3	\otimes	•	3	2	8	•

Fully	oper oper	ı (exh	aus	st)
Val fu op		Ad	just		
8	1	3	•	8	4
⊗	3	4	•	\otimes	2
⊗	4	2	•	\otimes	1
⊗	2	1	•	\otimes	3

Engines without hydraulic adjustment: The clearance (J) should be checked opposite the cam.

B1DP13QC

CHECKS: LOW PRESSURE FUEL SUPPLY CIRCUIT

C5

Engines: RHL - RHR



[1] Ø 10 mm low pressure connector : 4215-T

[2] Pressure gauge for testing boost pressure : 4073-T.A Toolkit 4073-T

IMPERATIVE: Respect the safety and cleanliness specific to high pressure diesel injection engines.

Link tools [1] and [2] in series between the fuel high pressure pump and the fuel filter.

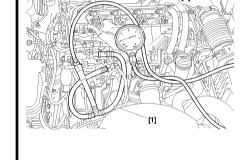
ESSENTIAL: Check that the tool [2] is clean.

Normal vacuum values.

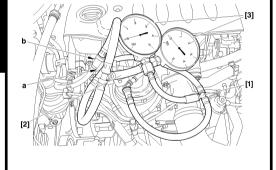
Engine driven by the starter motor $: 10 \pm 0.5$ cmHg. Engine running under full load $: 20 \pm 10$ cmHg.

Abnormal vacuum values.

Supply circuit obstructed (full tank strainer, piping, fuel filter) : 60 ± 20 cmHg.



C5 CHECKS: LOW PRESSURE FUEL SUPPLY CIRCUIT



Engine: 4HX

Tools.

[1] Ø 10 mm low pressure connector : 4215-T
[2] Ø 8 mm low pressure connector : 4218-T

[3] Pressure gauge for testing boost pressure : 4073-T Kit 4073 -T

[4] Extension : 4251-T

Connect the tool [1] between the booster pump and the fuel filter (white mark at "a" on the fuel supply pipe).

Connect the tool [2] downstream of the diesel injectors, between the high pressure fuel pump and the fuel filter (green mark at "b" on the fuel return pipe).

WARNING: Any check of pressure downstream of the fuel filter is PROHIBITED.

NOTE: To check the pressures while the vehicle is being driven, insert tool [4] between tool [3] and tools [1] et [2].

Checks on pressure: static.

Switch on ignition.

For **3 seconds** (normal functioning):

- Fuel supply pressure shown by the pressure gauge [3] = 2.6 ± 0.4 bar.
- Fuel return pressure shown by the pressure gauge [3] = 0.6 ± 0.4 bar.

B1BP27BD

CHECKS: LOW PRESSURE FUEL SUPPLY CIRCUIT

C5

Engine: 4HX

Checks on pressure: dynamic.

Engine running, at idle (normal functioning):

- Fuel supply pressure shown by the pressure gauge [3] = 2 ± 0.4 bar.

- Fuel return pressure shown by the pressure gauge [3] = 0.8 ± 0.4 bar.

Abnormal functioning.

Fuel supply pressure	Fuel return pressure	Checks
Between 3.3 and 4 bar	0.8 ± 0.4 bar	Check the condition of the diesel filter
More than 4 bar	Less than 0.8 bar	Check the low pressure regulator incorporated in the filter (locked shut): replace.
More than 4 bar	More than 0.8 bar	Check the fuel return circuit (pipe pinched or trapped)
Between 0.8 and 1.5 bar	Less than 0.8 bar	Check the fuel suppy circuit: - Booster pump (low pressure), piping

Impossible to start the engine:

Fuel supply pressure less than 0.8 bar:

- Check the low pressure regulator incorporated in the filter (locked open).

- Check the high pressure pump distribution valve (locked shut).

Check: diesel injector return flow (table below).

Uncouple the diesel injector return pipe.

Checks	Observe
The flow should be drop by drop	Diesel injector functioning correctly
Excessive fuel return	Diesel injector locked shut

C 5	CHECKS: TURBO PRESSURE
	Engine: 9HZ

Preparation.

IMPERATIVE: Respect the following test conditions:

- Engine at operating temperature.
- Vehicle in running order.
- Engine under full load.

Connect the diagnostic tool to the vehicle's diagnostic socket, carry out parameter measures.

Mode of operation.

Start the engine.

Engage first gear, start the vehicle.

Engage the gears up to third gear.

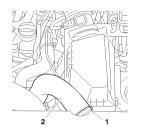
Decelerate to an engine speed of 1000 rpm.

Check the pressure: 0.6 ± 0.05 bar (1500 rpm).

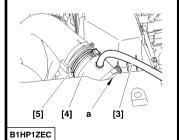
Accelerate freely (change from 4th gear to 3rd gear).

Check the pressure: 0.9 ± 0.05 bar (between 2500 and 3500 rpm).

CHECKS: TURBO PRESSURE



B1BP33PC



Engines: RHL - RHR

Tools.

[1] Pressure gauge for checking the pressure

[2] Pressure take-off extension

[3] Pressure take-off union and hose [4] Sleeve for checking the turbo pressure

[5] Adaptor sleeve

: 7073-T

: 8607-T.A : 8607-T.B

: 4185-T : 4219-T

: 1 ± 0,2 bar.

Checks.

IMPERATIVE: Respect the safety and cleanliness specific to high pressure diesel injection engines.

Preliminary operations.

Slacken the clip (1).

Uncouple the air supply duct (2).

Fit tool [1] on tool [2].

Checking.

Insert the tools [4] and [5] between the air duct (2) and the turbo air cooler outlet at «a».

Fit the tool [3] on tool [4].

Position tool [1] inside the vehicle.

Start the engine.

Accelerate the engine to 4000 rpm.

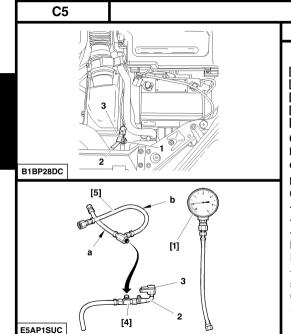
The pressure should be

Returning the vehicle to conformity

Remove tools [1], [2], [3], [4] and [5].

Recouple the air duct (2) on the turbo air cooler.

Tighten the clip (1).



CHECKS: TURBO PRESSURE

Engine: 4HX

Tools.

[1] Pressure gauge for checking pressure : 7073-T.A

[2] Extension cable for taking pressure : 8607-T.A

[3] Union and hose for taking pressure : 8607-T.B

[4] Adaptor for taking pressure : 8607-T.C

[5] Unions and hoses for taking pressure : 4088-T

Checks

ESSENTIAL: Respect the safety and cleanliness requirements specific to high pressure diesel injection (HDi) engines.

Preliminary operations.

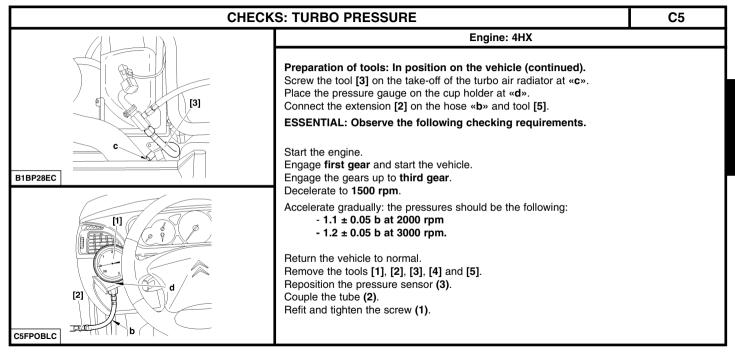
Carry out the following operations:

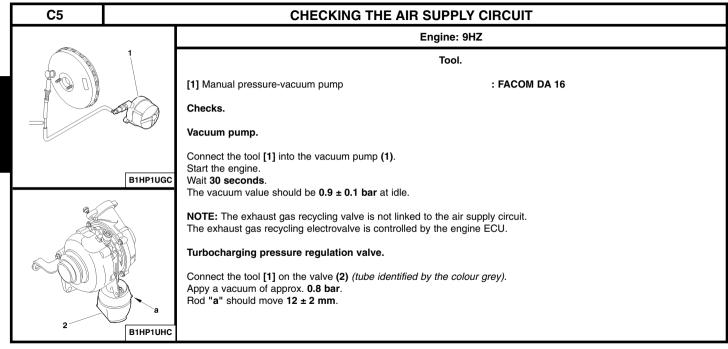
- Remove the screw (1).
- Disconnect the tube (2).
- Move aside the pressure sensor (3).

Preparation of tools: In position on the vehicle.

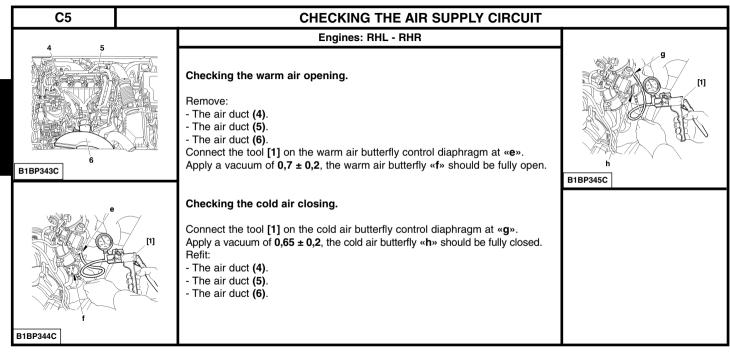
Fit as follows:

- Remove the hose (a) of tool [5], screw in its place the tool [3], remove the hose (b) of tool [5], screw the hose (b) of tool [5] on the pressure gauge [1], screw the adaptor [4] into the tool [5]. Connect the tube (2) of the pressure sensor (3) on the tool [4], tighten the tube (2) with a Serflex type collar.





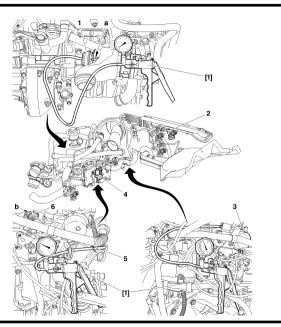
CHECKING THE AIR SUPPLY CIRCUIT **C5 Engines: RHL - RHR** Tool. [1] Manual pressure-vacuum pump : FACOM DA 16 Checks. IMPERATIVE: Respect the safety and cleanliness specific to high pressure diesel injection engines. Checking the vacuum source (vacuum pump). Connect the tool [1] on the take-off «a». B1BP341C Start the engine. B1BP33ZC The value should be $1 \pm 0,2$ Turbocharging pressure electrovalve. Connect the tool [1] on the vacuum supply «b» of the electrovalve (1). Start the engine. The value should be 1 ± 0.2 Cold air circuit electrovalve. Connect the tool [1] on the vacuum supply «c» of the electrovalve (2). Start the engine. The value should be 1 ± 0.2 Warm air circuit electrovalve. Connect the tool [1] on the vacuum supply «d» of the electrovalve (3). Start the engine. The value should be $1 \pm 0,2$ B1BP342C B1BP340C



CHECKING THE AIR SUPPLY CIRCUIT

C5





B1HP1ARP

ESSENTIAL: Respect the safety and cleanliness recommendations.

Tool.

[1] Manual vacuum pump : FACOM DA 16

Checks.

ESSENTIAL: Respect the safety and cleanliness recommendations that are specific to high pressure diesel injection (HDi) engines.

C5 CHECKING THE AIR SUPPLY CIRCUIT

Engine: 4HX

Vacuum pump.

Connect the tool [1] on the vacuum pump (3).

Start the engine.

The vacuum should be **0.8 bar** at **750 rpm**.

Turbo vacuum regulation electrovalve.

Connect the tool [1] between the electrovalve (2) and the valve (1).

Compare readings with the values in the table below.

Engine speed (rpm)	Vacuum (bar)
780	0,6 bar
4000	0,25 bar

Turbo pressure regulation valve.

Connect the tool [1] on the valve (1) (grey marking on pipe).

Appy a vacuum of **0.8 bar**. The rod "a" should move 12 ± 2 mm.

Bod "a" should be moved 12 mm.

«Swirl» control electrovalve.

Connect the tool [1] as an adaptor between the electrovalve (4) and the control diaphragm of the «Swirl» (5).

Compare readings with the values in the table below.

Engine speed (rpm)	Vacuum (bar)
780	0 bar
4000	0,6 bar

«Swirl» control diaphragm.

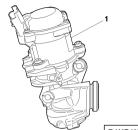
Connect the tool [1] on the control diaphragm of the «Swirl» (5).

Apply a vacuum of approx. **0.6 bar**; the pin **(6)** should be at the end stop, at **bar**; the pin **(6)** should be at the end stop, at **bar**;

CHECKS: EXHAUST GASES RECYCLING CIRCUIT

C5





B1HP1UPC

Exhaust gas recycling (EGR) electrovalve (1).

NOTE: The engine ECU pilots the **EGR** valve.

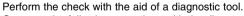
Perform the check with the aid of a diagnostic tool.

Carry out the following operations with the diagnostic tool:

- «INJECTION» menu.
- Actuator tests.
- EGR electrovalve.

Check that you can hear the click from the **EGR** regulation electrovalve.

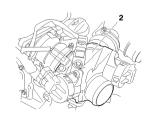
Double butterfly housing (vehicle with particle filter) (2).



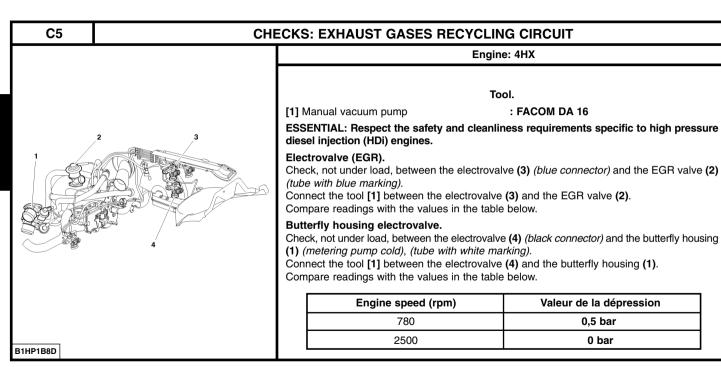
Carry out the following operations with the diagnostic tool:

- «INJECTION» menu.
- Actuator tests.
- EGR butterfly.
- Exchanger butterfly.

Check that you can hear the click from the double butterfly housing.



B1HP1Z5C



CHECKS: EXHAUST GASES RECYCLING CIRCUIT C5 **Engine: 4HX** EGR valve. Connect tool [1] on the take-off (a) of the EGR valve capsule (2). Apply a vacuum of approx. **0.6 bar** to activate the **EGR** valve. In abruptly suppressing the vacuum, the valve should click and lock itself back on its seating. Repeat the operation several times. Butterfly housing. Remove the air duct between the air/air exchanger and the butterfly housing (1). Disconnect the tube (white marking) on the electrovalve (4) (black connector). Connect tool [1] on the tube with the white marking. Apply a vacuum of approx. 0.8 bar, the flap (b) of the butterfly housing (1) should be closed.

B1BP29NC B1BP29PC

	C5 -	C8	SPARKING PLUGS													
	Vehicles		Engine types	воѕсн	Electrode gap	EYQUEM	Electrode gap	CHAMPION	Electrode gap	Tightening torque						
		1.81	16V	6FZ	FR 8 ME	0,9 ± 0,1	RFN 52 HZ	0,9 ± 0,05	REC 9 YCL	0,9 ± 0,05	2,75 ± 0,2					
	C5	2.0i 1	6V HPi	RFJ	ZR 8 TPP 15	1,0 ± 0,1					2,25 ± 0,2					
		3.0i	24S	XFU	FGR 8 MQPE	0,55 ± 0,2					1 ± 0,1 90°					
4		2.0i	16V	RFN	c 14	50 a 115	ED OME	ED 0 ME	ED 0 ME	ED O ME	0,9 ± 0,1	DEN 50 UZ	DEN 50 HZ 0 0 + 0 05	REC 9 YCL	0.0 . 0.05	0.75 0.0
	C8	2.2i 1	6V HPi	PI 3FZ FR 8 ME 0,9 ± 0,1 RFN 52 HZ 0,9 ± 0,05 REC	NEC 9 TCL	0,9 ± 0,05	2,75 ± 0,2									
	55	3.0i	24S	XFW	FGR 8 MQPE	0,55 ± 0,2					1 ± 0,1 90°					

SPEEDOMETER

An E.E.C. decree of 25 June 1976, regulates the speed displayed by the speedmeter in relation to the actual speed travelled.

This decree stipulates:

- The speed indicated by a speedometer must never be lower than the actual vehicle speed.
- Between the speed displayed «SD» and the speed travelled «ST», there must always be the following relationship:

Example: For an actual speed of **100 Kph** the speed displayed by the speedometer may be between **100** and **114 Kph**. The speed indicated by the speedometer may be influenced by:

- The speedometer.
- The tyres fitted to the vehicle.
- The final drive ratio.
- The speedometer drive ratio.

Any of these components can be checked without removing them from the vehicle (see information note N° 78-85 TT of 19 October 1978).

NOTE: Before replacing the speedometer, check the conformity of the following points:

- The tyres fitted to the vehicle.
- The gearbox final drive ratio.
- The speedometer drive ratio.

C5	CLUTCH SPECIFICATIONS						
•	Petrol Diesel						
	1.8i 16V	1.6 16V HDi	2.0 16	SV HDi			
Engine type	6FZ	9HZ	RHL	RHR			
Gearbox type	В	E4/5	ML/6				
Feature		«Pull» clutch					
Flywheel	Single	Double					
Supplier	VA	LEO LUK					
Mechanism/type	230 DNG 4700	225 DNG 5450	225 DNG 5450 235 P 7400				
Clutch disc	11 R 10 X	Clutch with double damping flywheel (DVA) (*)					
Ø of lining. Ext/Int	228,5/155	225/150 235/150		/150			
Quality of lining		810 DS					

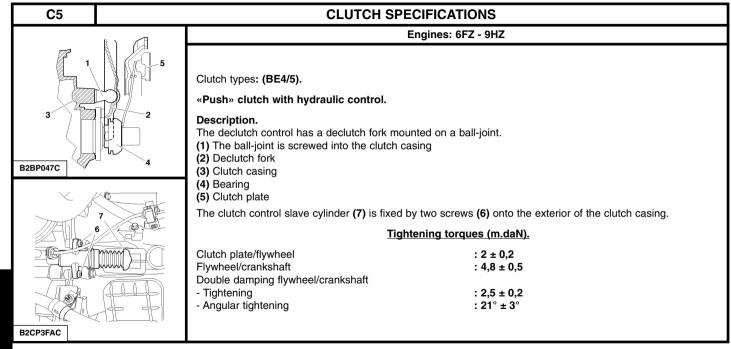
(*) **DVA** = Double damping flywheel.

CLUTCH SPECIFICATIONS C								
	Pe	trol	Diesel 2.0 16V HDi					
	2.0i 16V	2.2i 16V HPi				2.2 16V HDi		
Engine type	RFN	3FZ	RHM RHT RHW					
Gearbox type	BE4/5		ML/5					
Feature	«Push	» clutch	«Pull» clutch					
Flywheel	Sin	igle	Double					
Supplier	VAL	_EO	LUK					
Mechanism/type	230 DGN 5100	230 DGN 5300	225 T 5700 242 T 65					
Clutch disc	11 R 14 X		Clutch with double damping flywheel (DVA) (*)					
Ø of lining. Ext/Int	228/	/155	225/150 242/162					
Quality of lining		F 808						

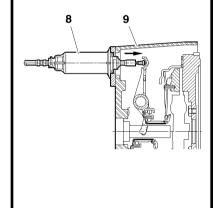
(*) **DVA** = Double damping flywheel.

MANUAL GEARBOX SPECIFICATIONS								
Vehicle	Engine	Gearbox type	Sequence	Torque ratio	Drive ratio			
	Type BE4/5							
	EW7J4	BE4/5J	20 DM 70	17X71				
C5	EW10A	BE4/5J	20 DM 66	1/ // 1				
	EWIUA	BE4/5N	20 DM 85	17x81	None			
	DV6TED4	BE4/5R	20 DM 65	17x71	None			
C8	EW10J4	BE4/5J	20 DM 00	14x62				
Co			20 DM 01					
	Type ML5							
	EW12J4	ML5C	20 LM 31	14x65				
C8	DW10TED4	ML5C	20 LM 06	20 LM 06 15x67	25x20			
	DW12ATED4	ML5C	20 LM 30	16x69				
	Type ML6							
C8	DW12 TED4	ML6C	20 MB 09	16x69	25x20			

	GEARBOX SPECIFICATIONS						
Vehicle	Engine	Gearbox type	Sequence	Torque ratio	Drive ratio		
	Type AL4						
C5	C5 EW10A AL4 20 TS 10 21x73 52x67						
	Type AM6						
C5	ES9A	AM6	20.GH 07	15x53	49x52		
	Type 4 HP 20						
C5	DW12TED4	4 HP 20	20 HZ 20	23x66	59x68		
C8	ES9J4	20	20 HZ 27	19x73	00,00		







B2BP04LC

Clutch types: (ML5C-ML6C).

«Pull» clutch with hydraulic control.

Description.

The clutch control slave cylinder (8) is secured on the clutch housing (9) by rotation (1/3 turn).

Tightening torques (m.daN).

Clutch plate/flywheel $: 2 \pm 0,2$

Flywheel/crankshaft

- Tightening $: 2 \pm 0,2$

- Angular tightening : $60^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$

HYDRAULIC CLUTCH CONTROL SPECIFICATION

Bleeding the hydraulic clutch control.

Composition of the hydraulic circuit.

Brake fluid reservoir located on the master cylinder.

Hydraulic control sender located in the passenger compartment and fixed on the pedal gear.

Clutch pedal.

C5

Hydraulic control receiver fixed on or inside the clutch housing, depending on gearbox type.

Bleed.

IMPERATIVE: Use only new, clear brake fluid, avoid entry of any foreign bodies or impurities into the hydraulic circuit.

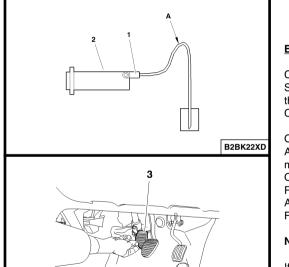
Use only hydraulic fluid that is approved and recommended: **DOT4**.

IMPERATIVE: Do not use any automatic bleed apparatus (risk of the fluid emulsifying in the reservoir).

Remove:

- The pollen filter and its support (see corresponding operation in chapter on aircon).
- The air filter and its union.
- The under-engine sound-deadening.

Refill the brake fluid reservoir to the maximum of its capacity.



Bleeding the hydraulic clutch control (continued).

Couple a transparent pipe onto the bleed screw (1).

Submerge the end of the pipe in a receptacle containing brake fluid, situated lower than the clutch slave cylinder (2).

Create a syphon at «A» above the clutch slave cylinder, using the transparent pipe.

Open the bleed screw (1).

Action the clutch pedal (3) manually through all its travel, with seven rapid down-up movements.

On the final movement, hold the clutch pedal (3) at the end of its travel.

Reclose the bleed screw (1).

Allow the clutch pedal (3) to rise back up again.

Fill the brake fluid reservoir to the maximum of its capacity.

NOTE: For new bleed operations: open the bleed screw (1).

If necessary, repeat the operation.

B2BK064C

B2BK065C

C5

HYDRAULIC CLUTCH CONTROL SPECIFICATION

Bleeding the hydraulic clutch control (continued).

Top up the brake fluid level to the MAXIMUM of the brake fluid reservoir capacity.

Declutch and clutch rapidly 40 times.

Start the engine.

Apply the handbrake.

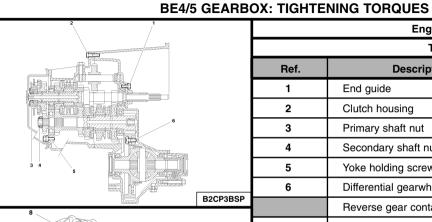
Engage a gear.

Check that the clutch starts to engage at a dimension (X) greater than or equal to 35 mm (dimension (X) is given as a guide).

NOTE: If incorrect, repeat the bleed operations.

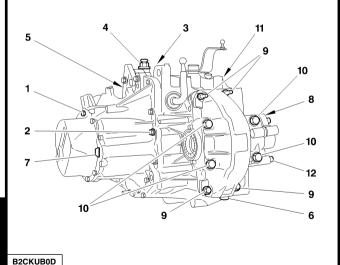
Tighten the bleed screw (1) to 0,75.m.daN.

C5 - C8



Tightening torques

	Ref.	Description	No. of screws	Tightening
	1	End guide	3	1,2 ± 0,1
	2	Clutch housing	13	1,3 ± 0,1
	3	Primary shaft nut	1	7,2 ± 0,7
	4	Secondary shaft nut	1	6,5 ± 0,7
	5	Yoke holding screw	2	1,5 ± 0,1
	6	Differential gearwheel screwss	2	6,5 ± 0,7
B2CP3BSP		Reverse gear contact	1	2,5 ± 0,3
12	7	Differential housing	4	5 ± 0,5
	8	Breather pipe	1	1,7 ± 0,2
	9	Rear housing cover screw	7	1,2 ± 0,1
	10	Top-up plug	1	2,2 ± 0,2
	11	Differential housing screw	4	1,2 ± 0,1
B2CP3BTD	12	Drain plug screw	1	3,5 ± 0,4



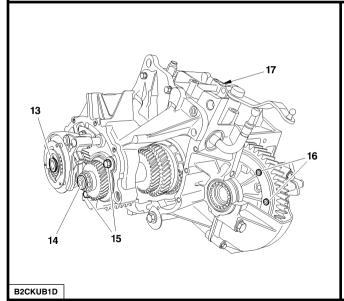
Tightening torques (m.daN).

(1) Gearbox rear casing 1.5 ± 0.1 (2) Gearbox casing/clutch casing fixings $1,5 \pm 0,1$ (3) Reverse gear rocker shaft fixing nut $: 4.5 \pm 0.4$ (4) Breather pipe $1,5 \pm 0,1$ (5) Reverse gear switch $: 2,5 \pm 0,2$ (6) Drain plug 3.5 ± 0.2 (7) Top-up plug $: 2 \pm 0,2$ (8) Speedo drive support $: 1,5 \pm 0,1$ (9) Differential housing fixings (M7) $1,5 \pm 0,1$ (10) Differential housing fixings (M10) $: 5 \pm 0.5$ (11) Clutch bearing guide fixing screw $: 1,5 \pm 0,1$ (12) Differential extension fixing $1,5 \pm 0,1$

BE4/5 GEARBOX: TIGHTENING TORQUES

C5 - C8

Engines: 6FZ - RFN - 9HZ



Tightening torques (m.daN).

(13) Primary shaft nut : 7.5 ± 0.7

(14) Secondary shaft nut : 6.5 ± 0.6

(15) Bearing retaining screw : $1,5 \pm 0,1$

(16) Differential gearwheel screws : 6 ± 0.6

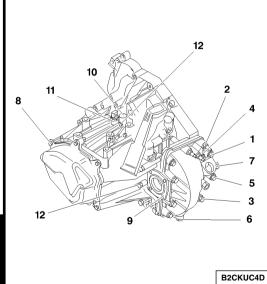
(17) Gear control support screw : $1,5 \pm 0,1$

C8

CLUTCH GEARBOX TRANSMISSIO

ML5C GEARBOX: TIGHTENING TORQUES

Engines: 3FZ - RHM - RHT - RHW - 4HW

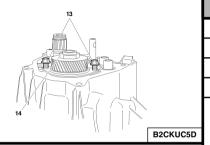


Ref.	Description	Tightening
1	1 screw M8-45	1,8 ± 0,1
2	1 screw M8-70	1,8 ± 0,1
3	1 screw M10-70	4 ± 0,4
4	1 screw M10-50	4 ± 0,4
5	1 screw M10-85	4 ± 0,4
6	Screw	3 ± 0,3
7	Speedometer control support	1 ± 0,1
8	Fixing of gearbox cover on gearbox casing	2 ± 0,2
9	Differential bearing stop plate	2 ± 0,2
10	Air vent	
11	Reverse gear switch	2,5 ± 0,2
12	Fixing of gearbox casing on clutch casing	2 ± 0,2
		•

ML5C GEARBOX: TIGHTENING TORQUES

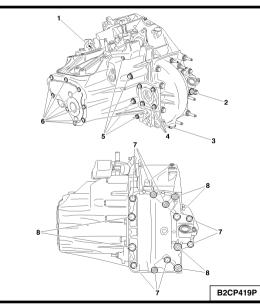
C8

Engines: 3FZ - RHM - RHT - RHW - 4HW



B2CKUC6D

Ref.	Description	Tightening
13	Flange fixing screws	2 ± 0,2
14	Secondary shaft nut	17 ± 1,7
15	Gear control support screws	1,5 ± 0,1
16	Differential gearwheel screws	7.7 ± 0.7

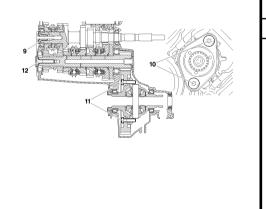


Ref.	Description	Tightening
1	Reversing lamp switch	2,5 ± 0,2
2	Top-up plug	3 ± 0,3
3	Drain plug	3 ± 0,3
4	Differential bearing stop plate screw	3 ± 0,3
5	Screw fixing gearbox casing on clutch casing	3 ± 0,3
6	Screw fixing 6th housing	2 ± 0,2
7	Differential housing fixings (screws M8)	1,8 ± 0,1
8	Differential housing fixings (screws M10)	4 ± 0,4
	Fixing screw for coupling of engine on gearbox	5,5 ± 0,5
	Gearbox support stud	3 ± 0,3

ML6C GEARBOX: TIGHTENING TORQUES

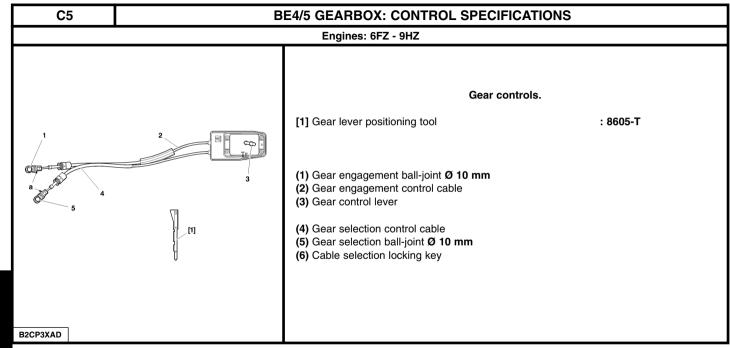
C5

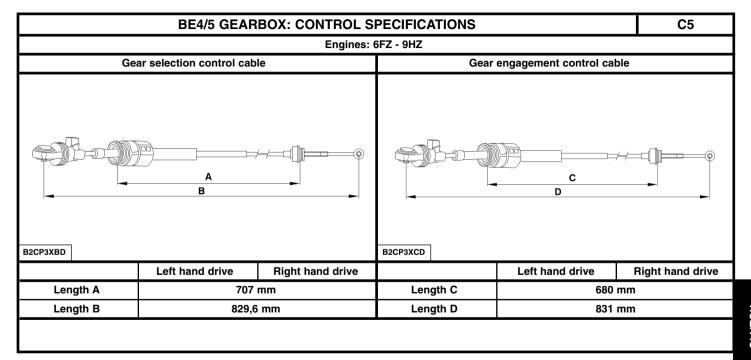
Engines: RHL - RHR



Ref.	Description	Tightening
9	Primary shaft screw	10 ± 0,1
10	Stop guide screw	2 ± 0,2
11	Differential gearwheel screws	7,7 ± 0,7
12	Secondary shaft screw	13 ± 1.5

B2CP41AD





C5 B2CP3XDD B2CP3XED

BE4/5 GEARBOX CONTROLS: CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

Engines: 6FZ - 9HZ

Adjustments.

IMPORTANT: The control cables must be adjusted every time a cable is changed.

Features.

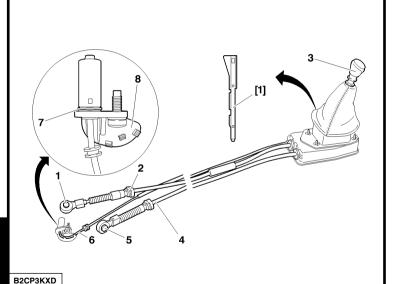
E: Position locked
F: Position unlocked

To unlock the length of the gear control cable sleeve:

- Move the cylinder "c" in the direction of the arrow "b".
- Pull the locking key "e" in the direction of the arrow "d".

To unlock a sleeve stop:

- Press on the tabs of the fixing (6) at "f".
- Disengage the sleeve stops from their supports.



Gear controls.

: 8605-T

: Ø 10 mm

Gear control is by means of cables:

- Gear selection control cable.
- Gear engagement control cable.
- Reverse gear control cable.

[1] Gear lever positioning tool

(1) Gear engagement ball-joint : Ø 10 mm

(2) Gear engagement control cable

(3) Gear control lever

(4) Gear selection control cable

(5) Gear selection ball-joint

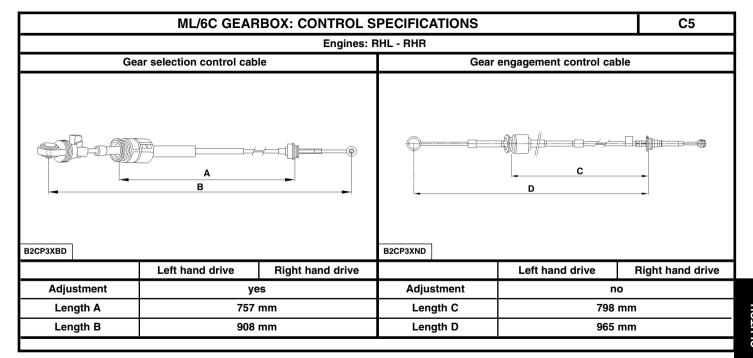
(6) Reverse gear unlocking cable

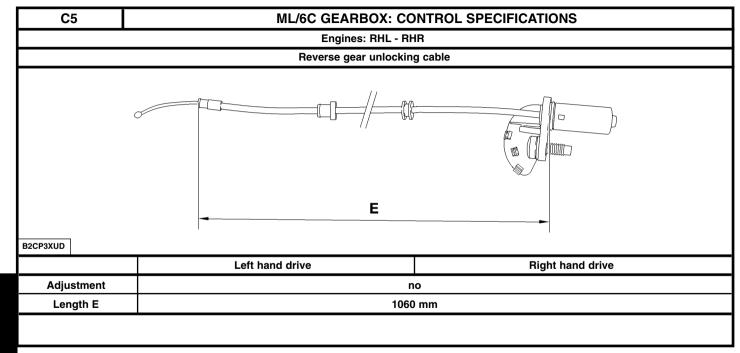
(b) heverse gear union

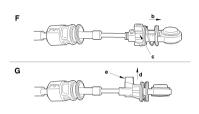
(7) O-ring seal

(8) Reverse gear unlocking device

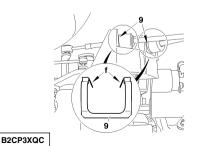
GEARBOX RANSMISSIO







B2CP3XPD



Adjustments.

NOTE: The gear engagement control cable is not adjustable.

IMPORTANT: Adjust the selection control cable each time it is changed.

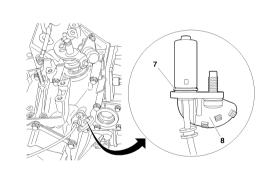
E: Position locked
F: Position unlocked

To unlock the length of the gear selection control cable sleeve:

- Move the cylinder "c" in the direction of the arrow "b".
- Pull the locking key "e" in the direction of the arrow "d".

To unlock a sleeve stop:

- Press on the tabs of the fixing (9) at "f".
- Disengage the sleeve stops from their supports, by lifting them.



Device for unlocking reverse gear (8), external to the gearbox.

The system for locking/unlocking reverse gear utilises the 5th gear synchroniser.

IMPERATIVE: Systematically replace the O-ring seal (9) at each removal.

B2CP3KZD

AL 4 AUTOMATIC GEARBOX: RECOMMENDATIONS - PRECAUTIONS

Precautions to be taken

Repairs on mechanical components.

Never place the gearbox on the ground without protection.

In order to avoid breaking the input shaft ring, it is **imperative** that the converter retaining bracket should be in place when handling the gearbox.

It is **imperative** to use the centring peg and the converter retaining bracket to couple the gearbox on the engine.

After coupling the gearbox on the engine, remove the centring peg.

Modification of the oil usage counter value.

Exchanging the gearbox ECU:

- Note down the gearbox counter value.
- Transfer the value read into the the new gearbox ECU.

Exchanging the gearbox:

- Initialise the oil usage counter to 0.

Draining the gearbox:

- Initialise the oil usage counter (follow the diagnostic tool procedure).

CLUTCH GEARBOX TRANSMISSIOI

AL 4 AUTOMATIC GEARBOX: RECOMMENDATIONS - PRECAUTIONS

Procedure to be followed prior to carrying out repairs on AL4 autoactive gearbox

If a gearbox malfunction occurs, there are two possible configurations depending on the seriousness of the fault:

- Gearbox in back-up mode with a replacement programme of (the fault values are taken in substitution).
- Gearbox in back-up mode with an emergency programme (3rd hydraulic). WARNING: In the emergency programme, an impact is felt when

changing P/R, N/R and N/D.

Réception client.

Discuss with the customer, to find out all the malfunction symptoms.

Oil quality - Oil level. Oil quality.

If the gearbox has suffered a serious fault resulting in a malfunction or the destruction of a clutch, the oil will overheat and become contaminated with impurities: the oil is said to be **wburnt**».

This is characterised by a **black colour** and the presence of an unpleasant smell.

ESSENTIAL: The gearbox must be replaced.

Oil level (see corresponding operation).

An excessive oil level can result in the following consequences:

- Excessive heating of the oil.
- Oil leaks.

An insufficent level causes the destruction of the gearbox. Top up the level of oil in the gearbox *(if necessary).*

Check using a diagnostic tool.

Read the fault codes (engine and gearbox).

Absence of fault codes.

Carry out parameter measures, actuator tests and a road test.

Presence of fault codes.

Carry out the necessary repairs.

Delete the fault codes.

Carry out a road test to check the repair and, if need be, modify the gearbox ECU parameters (this is essential after an initialisation of the ECU).

AL 4 AUTOMATIC GEARBOX: RECOMMENDATIONS - PRECAUTIONS

Procedure for initialising the automatic gearbox ECU

Downloading.

Updating the gearbox ECU by downloading:

- Follow the procedure using the diagnostic tool.

The downloading operation enables the automatic gearbox to be updated, or adapted to an evolution of the engine ECU. Before commencing the downloading, take the value of the oil usage counter present in the automatic gearbox ECU.

After the downloading operation, carry out the following:

- A clearing of faults.
- An initialisation of the auto-adaptives.
- A writing of the value of the oil usage counter previously read.
- A road test.

ESSENTIAL: Every update of the automatic gearbox ECU should be accompanied by an update of the engine ECU.

Updating the value of the oil usage counter.

Using PROXIA.

Access to reading and recording of the oil counter is via the menu:

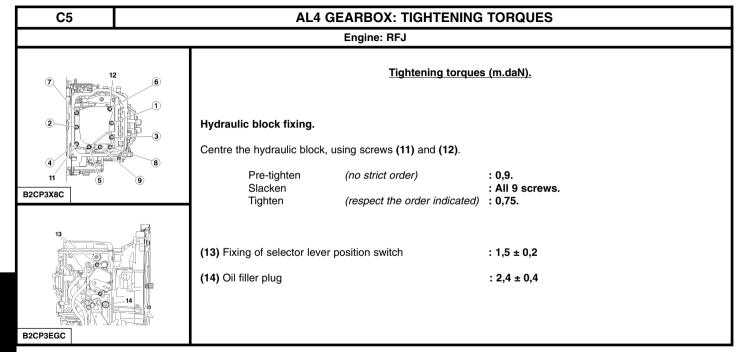
- «Configuration (integrated circuit button)/Oil counter».
- Adjustment of the oil counter value is done in incremental steps of **2750 units**.

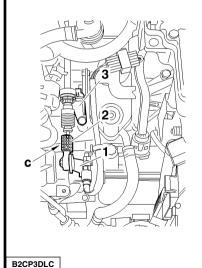
Using LEXIA.

Access to reading and recording of the oil counter is via the menu:

- «Oil counter».
- Adjustment of the oil counter value is done by entering directly the **5 figures** of the oil counter.

C5	AL4 GEARBOX: TIGHTENING TORQUES			
Engine: RFJ				
	3		<u>Tightening torques (m.daN).</u>	
			(1) Oil flow modulation electrovalve fixing	: 1 ± 0,2
	4		(2) Heat exchanger fixing	: 5 ± 1
			(3) Output speed sensor fixing	: 1 ± 0,2
+			(4) Output speed sensor fixing	: 1 ± 0,2
x			(5) Oil overflow and drain fixing X = 48 mm (EW10 engine versions)	: 0,9 ± 0,1
	5		(6) Oil level plug	$: 3,3 \pm 0,4$
			(7) Oil pressure sensor fixing	: 0,8 ± 0,1
ь	2 MORNA TOWN IN	B2CP311D		





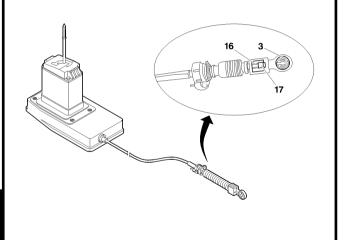
Gearbox end.

The automatic gearbox is controlled by a cable.

«c» Clip for unlocking the push-button in pushed-in position

Engine: RFJ

- (1) Control lever with ball-joint
- (2) Automatic adjustment (pull out the button to adjust the control, push it in to lock the adjustment of the control)
- (3) Sleeve stop



On refitting.

Refitting the gearbox control.

New gear selection control.

Couple the ball-joint (3).

Push in the component (16) without bending the cable.

Release the component (16).

Lock the adjustment by means of component (17).

Check all the gear selection control positions.

Re-used gear selection control.

Unlock component (17).

Release the component (16).

Couple the ball-joint (3).

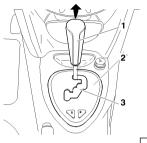
Push in the component (16) without bending the cable.

Release the component (16).

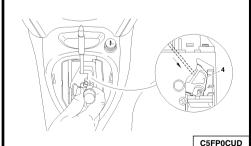
Lock the adjustment by means of component (17).

Check all the gear selection control positions.

B2CP3DWD



C5FP0CTC



Engine: RFJ

SHIFT LOCK.

NOTE: The "shift lock" is a system that locks the gear selection lever in position «P».

Unlocking the SHIFT LOCK (normal operation).

Switch on the ignition.

Press the brake pedal and keep it pressed.

Move the gear selection lever out of position «P».

Unlocking the SHIFT LOCK (with an operating fault).

Should it be impossible to unlock the "shift lock" with the normal operation method, the fault may originate from one of the following components:

- "Shift lock".
- Gear lever position switch.
- Automatic gearbox ECU.
- Flectrical harnesses.
- Battery voltage.

Remove:

- The gear lever knob (1) (pull upwards).
- The cover (2) (unclip).
- The grid (3).
- Unlock the "shift lock" (4) with the aid of a screwdriver.
- Move the gear selection lever out of position «P».

Precautions to be taken

Towing.

The front of the vehicle must be raised in order to be towed If the front of the vehicle cannot be raised.

IMPERATIVE:

- Put gear lever in position «N».
- Do not add any oil.
- Do not exceed 45 mph over a distance of 60 miles maximum.

Driving.

Never drive with the ignition switched off.

NOTE: The automatic gearbox is only lubricated when the engine is running.

Repairs on electrical components.

Do not disconnect:

- The battery when the engine is running.
- The ECU when the ignition is switched on.

Before reconnecting a switch, check:

- The condition of the various contacts (for deformation, corrosion etc).
- The presence and condition of the mechanical locking.

When performing electrical checks:

- The battery should be correctly charged.
- Never use a voltage source higher than 16V.
- Never use a test lamp.

Repairs on mechanical components.

Never place the gearbox on the ground without protection.

Do not use the unions on the gearbox as handles for moving the gearbox.

It is **imperative** that the converter retaining peg should be in place when removing the gearbox.

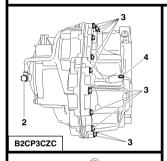
It is **imperative** to use the centring pegs to couple the gearbox on the engine.

Remove the converter retaining peg before coupling the gearbox on the engine.

4 HP 20 GEARBOX: TIGHTENING TORQUES

C5 - C8

Engines: 4HX - XFW - 4HW



Tightening torques (m.daN).

Gearbox exterior.

(2) Oil channel union fixing (3) Exterior fixing of converter cover on clutch housing

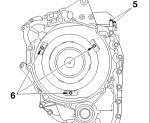
(4) Speedometer take-off aperture plug

(5) Steel casing fixing

(6) Converter fixing on engine

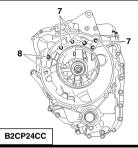
(7) Interior fixing of converter cover on clutch housing

(8) Torx fixing of converter cover on clutch housing



B2CP24BC

Drain plug $: 4.5 \pm 0.8$ Heat exchanger fixing 3.5 ± 0.5 Selector lever position switch fixing $: 1 \pm 0.2$ Converter cover fixing on engine cover (XFX engine) $: 6,5 \pm 1$ Converter cover fixing on engine cover (4HX engine) $: 5,8 \pm 1$



 $: 2,5 \pm 0,5$

 $: 2,3 \pm 0,5$

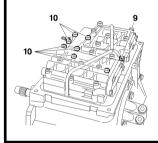
 $: 0.6 \pm 0.1$

 $: 2.3 \pm 0.5$

 $: 2,3 \pm 0,5$

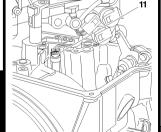
 $: 1 \pm 0,1$

: 6 ± 1



<u>Tightening torques (m.daN).</u>

Gearbox interior.

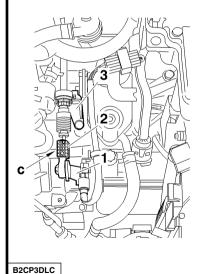


(9) Input speed sensor fixing : 0.8 ± 0.1

(10) Hydraulic block fixing (large head) : 0.8 ± 0.1

(11) Output speed sensor fixing : 1 ± 0.2

B2CP24DC B2CP24EC



Selection control.

In position **M**, selection is by an electronic sensor located close to the gear lever.

The variation of flux necessary to the movement of the sensor cells is obtained by a magnet located on the lever itself. This enables the change of status. The information is transmitted to the gearbox ECU.

Two switches placed on the gear control gate permit the driver to choose one of the following three driving programmes:

- Normal: The normal programme operates in the absence of the other two (eco law, auto-adaptive mode).
- **Sport:** Permits a more dynamic, sporty performance.
- Snow: Facilitates starting and adhesion on slippery surfaces.

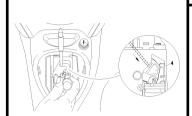
To return to the normal programme, press a **second time** on the sport switch or snow switch.

Only when the selector is in position (P) or (N) can the engine be started.

- (1) Control linkage with ball-joint
- (2) Automatic adjustment (push-button «c», pressed in to lock the control adjustment, springs out for the adjustment to be made)
- (3) Cable sleeve stop

The automatic gearbox is controlled by a cable.

CLUTCH SEARBOX



SHIFT LOCK.

The "shift lock" is a system which locks the gear selection lever in the park position «P».

Unlocking the "shift lock" (normal operation).

Switch on the ignition.

Apply the brake pedal and keep it pressed.

Using the selection lever, disengage from position «P».

Unlocking the "shift lock" (with a fault).

If it should be impossible to unlock the shift lock with the normal operation method, the causes of the fault may arise from the following components:

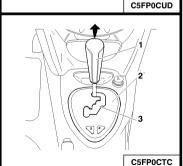
- "Shift lock".
- Gear lever position switch.
- Automatic gearbox ECU.
- Electrical harnesses.
- Battery voltage.

Remove:

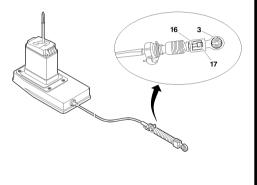
- The gear lever knob (1) by pulling upwards.
- The cover (2) (unclip).
- The shutter.

Unlock the "shift lock" (4) using a screwdriver.

Move the selection lever to disengage from position " ${\bf P}$ ".







On refitting. New gear selection control.

Couple the ball-joint (3).

Push in the component (16) without bending the cable.

Release the component (16).

Lock the adjustment by means of component (17).

Check all the gear selection control positions.

Re-used gear selection control.

Unlock component (17).

Release the component (16).

Couple the ball-joint (3).

Push in the component (16) without bending the cable

Release the component (16).

Lock the adjustment by means of component (17).

Check all the gear selection control positions.

 $\label{lem:complete} \text{Complete the fitting in the opposite order to removal } \textit{(see corresponding procedure)}.$

B2CP3DWD

SHIFT LOCK.

The "shift lock" is a system which locks the gear selection lever in the park position «P».

Unlocking the "shift lock" (normal operation).

Switch on the ignition.

Apply the brake pedal and keep it pressed.

Using the selection lever, disengage from position «P».

Unlocking the "shift lock" (with a fault).

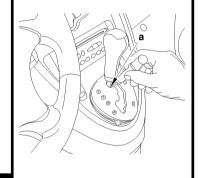
If it should be impossible to unlock the shift lock with the normal operation method, the causes of the fault may arise from the following components:

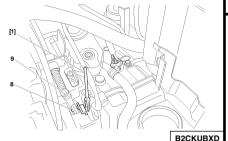
- "Shift lock"
- Gear lever position switch.
- Automatic gearbox ECU.
- Flectrical harnesses.
- Battery voltage.

Remove:

- Unlock the "shift lock" (4) using a screwdriver, placed in the aperture of the gear selection control grid.
- Move the selection lever to disengage from position «P».

B2CP3N8C





Engines: XFW - 4HW

On refitting.

IMPERATIVE: Fit new clips and collars.

WARNING: Check that the gear control cables are correctly routed.

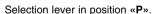
Proceed in opposite order to removal.

IMPERATIVE: To clip the ball-joint (8) position tool [1] (ball-joint extractor (-).0338.E) under

the selection lever (9).

If necessary, adjust the selection control (if new or maladjusted).

Adjusting the selection control.



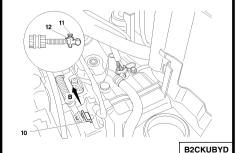
Engagement lever (10) as far as possible towards the rear of the vehicle (B).

Lock the adjustments of the gears by pressing on the plastic component (11).

The adjustment is complete.

Check all the gear selection control positions.

NOTE: to unlock the gear control adjustment system, press on the plastic component (12).



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Precautions to be taken

Towing.

The front of the vehicle must be raised in order to be towed. If the front of the vehicle cannot be raised.

IMPERATIVE:

- Put gear lever in position «N».
- Do not add any oil.
- Do not exceed 45 mph over a distance of 60 miles maximum.

Driving.

Never drive with the ignition switched off.

NOTE: The automatic gearbox is only lubricated when the engine is running.

Repairs on electrical components.

Do not disconnect:

- The battery when the engine is running.
- The ECU when the ignition is switched on.

Before reconnecting a switch, check:

- The condition of the various contacts (for deformation, corrosion, etc).
- The presence and condition of the mechanical locking.

When performing electrical checks:

- The battery should be correctly charged.
- Never use a voltage source higher than 16V.
- Never use a test lamp.

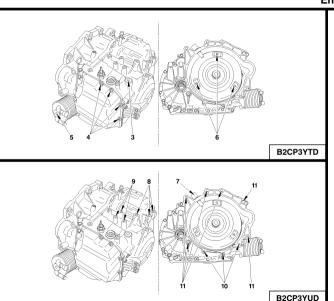
Repairs on mechanical components.

Never place the gearbox on the ground without protection.

Do not use the unions on the gearbox as handles for moving the gearbox. It is <u>imperative</u> that the converter retaining peg should be in place when removing the gearbox.

It is <u>imperative</u> to use the centring pegs to couple the gearbox on the engine.

Remove the converter retaining peg before coupling the gearbox on the engine.



Tightening torques (m.daN).

(3) Filler cap : 4 ± 0.4

(4) Hydraulic valve block casing : $1,5 \pm 2$

(5) Auto. gearbox heat exchanger : $4,2 \pm 0,4$

(4) Input speed sensor fixing : 1 ± 0.2

(6) Torque converter
Pre-tightening : $2 \pm 0,2$ Tightening : $6 \pm 0,6$

(7) Engine speed sensor : 0.8 ± 0.1

(8) Gearbox support : $5,5 \pm 0,5$

(9) Sleeve stop : $3,5 \pm 0,3$

(10) Closing panel fixing : 2 ± 0.2

(11) Fixting of gearbox on cylinder block : 6 ± 0.6

Tightening torques (m.daN).

(12) Oil temperature sensor tightening plate : $1 \pm 0,1$

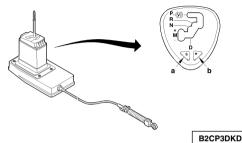
(13) Hydraulic valve block (sequence indicated) : $1 \pm 0,1$

(14) Oil induction cover : $1 \pm 0,1$

(15) ECU screws : 2.5 ± 0.2

(16) Oil drain and overflow plug : $1 \pm 0,1$

(17) Oil level plug : 4.8 ± 0.5





B2CP3WVC

Engine: XFU

The gear selector is guided by the shape of the stepped gate and by a retaining spring which pulls it to the left hand side.

The 2 switches placed on the gear control gate permit the driver to choose one of the following three driving programmes:

- Normal programme: Operates as the default programme (eco law, autoadaptive mode).
- Sport programme (a): Permits a more dynamic, sporty performance.
- Snow programme (b): Facilitates starting and adhesion on slippery surfaces.

NOTE: To return to the normal programme, press a second time on the sport switch or snow switch.

Gearbox end.

The automatic gearbox is controlled by a cable.

- «c» Push-button in pushed-in position
- (1) Sleeve stop
- (2) Control lever with ball-joint
- (3) Automatic adjustment

Automatic adjustment:

- Pull out button «c» to adjust the control.
- Push in button «c» to lock the adjustment of the control.

C5 AM6 "SHIFT LOCK" GEARBOX CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS C5FP0CTC C5FP0CUD

Engine: XFU

SHIFT LOCK.

NOTE: The **«shift lock»** is a system that locks the gear selection lever in position **«P»**.

Unlocking the «SHIFT LOCK» (normal operation).

Switch on the ignition.

Press the brake pedal and keep it pressed.

Move the gear selection lever out of position «P».

Unlocking the «SHIFT LOCK» (with an operating fault).

Should it be impossible to unlock the «shift lock» with the «Normal operation» method, the fault may originate from one of the following components:

- «Shift lock».
- Gear lever position switch.
- Automatic gearbox ECU.
- Electrical harnesses.
- Battery voltage.

Remove:

- The gear lever knob (1) (pull upwards).
- The cover (2) (unclip).
- The grid (3).
- Unlock the «shift lock» (4) with the aid of a screwdriver.
- Move the gear selection lever out of position «P».

	DRIVESHAFTS - GEARBOX						
			Tightening to	rques (m.daN)	Gearbox oil seal mandrels		
Vehicles	Gearbox	Engines	Driveshaft Driveshaft Ri		Right	Left	Tool kit
	BE4/5	6FZ - RFN - 9HZ	C	:5	7114-T.W	7114-T.)	7116-T
	ML/5	3FZ - RHM - RHT RHW - 4HW	2 ± 0,2 32,5 ± -	325+15		5701-T.A	A 9017-T
C 5	ML/6	RHL - RHR		02,0 1 1,0			30171
C8	AM6	XFU	С	8		(-).0336.	V 0336
	AL4	RFJ	4.04	10 + 60°	0338 J1 0338 J3	0338 H 0338 H	1 0338
	4 HP20	4HX - XFW - 4HW	1 ± 0,1	10 + 60	8010-T.D 8010-T.K1	8010-T. 8010-T.K	· 1 XOTO-1 1

Tightening torques (m.daN) of the wheel bolts

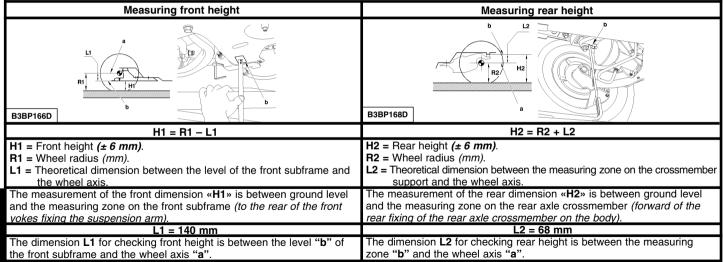
CITROËN	C5	Steel	9 ± 0,5
CITAGEN	C8	Aluminium	10 ± 0,5

KLE GEOMETRY
)

Conditions for checking and adjusting: Tyre pressures in conformity, setting at reference height, steering rack set at zero point (see corresponding operation).

Tools. Gauge for measuring radius of wheels with 4 fixing bolts : 4300-T

All types except CARLSSOI	٧
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			Υ		C5			
	All types except CARLSSON							
Front axle					Rear axle			
Vehicle	ehicle Tracking Castor Camber King pin inclination		Tracking	Camber				
	Adjustable		No adjustable)	No ad	justable		
All types	0 to -3 mm 0° to -0° 25'	3° 03' ± 30'	-0° ± 30'	12° 56' ± 30'	4,5 ± 1,3 mm 0° 38' ± 0° 11'	-	1° ± 20'	
Castor : Dissymmetry less than 0° ± 30'. Camber : Dissymmetry less than 0° ± 30'. King pin inclination : Dissymmetry less than 0° ± 30'. IMPERATIVE: Distribute the total tracking symmetrically between the LH wheel and the RH wheel.			Camber : Dissymmetry less the	nan 0 ° ± 30 '.				
B3CP02UC NOTE: Front of the vehicle indicated by the arrow.					A < B = Positive figure: A > B = Negative figure:	+= TOE- -= TOE-	IN	

C5 **AXLE GEOMETRY**

Conditions for checking and adjusting: Tyre pressures in conformity, setting at reference height, steering rack set at zero point (see corresponding operation). **Tools.** Gauge for measuring radius of wheels with 4 fixing bolts

: 4300-T

CARLSSON					
Measuring front height	Measuring rear height				
B3BP166D	B3BP168D				
H1 = R1 – L1	H2 = R2 + L2				
H1 = Front height (± 6 mm).	H2 = Rear height (± 6 mm).				
R1 = Wheel radius (mm).					
	H2 = Rear height (± 6 mm).				
R1 = Wheel radius (mm).	 H2 = Rear height (± 6 mm). R2 = Wheel radius (mm). L2 = Theoretical dimension between the measuring zone on the crossmember support and the wheel axis. 				
 R1 = Wheel radius (mm). L1 = Theoretical dimension between the level of the front subframe and the wheel axis. The measurement of the front dimension «H1» is between ground level 	 H2 = Rear height (± 6 mm). R2 = Wheel radius (mm). L2 = Theoretical dimension between the measuring zone on the crossmember support and the wheel axis. The measurement of the rear dimension «H2» is between ground level 				
R1 = Wheel radius (mm). L1 = Theoretical dimension between the level of the front subframe and the wheel axis.	 H2 = Rear height (± 6 mm). R2 = Wheel radius (mm). L2 = Theoretical dimension between the measuring zone on the crossmember support and the wheel axis. 				
 R1 = Wheel radius (mm). L1 = Theoretical dimension between the level of the front subframe and the wheel axis. The measurement of the front dimension «H1» is between ground level 	 H2 = Rear height (± 6 mm). R2 = Wheel radius (mm). L2 = Theoretical dimension between the measuring zone on the crossmember support and the wheel axis. The measurement of the rear dimension «H2» is between ground level 				
 R1 = Wheel radius (mm). L1 = Theoretical dimension between the level of the front subframe and the wheel axis. The measurement of the front dimension «H1» is between ground level and the measuring zone on the front subframe (to the rear of the front 	 H2 = Rear height (± 6 mm). R2 = Wheel radius (mm). L2 = Theoretical dimension between the measuring zone on the crossmember support and the wheel axis. The measurement of the rear dimension «H2» is between ground level and the measuring zone on the rear axle crossmember (forward of the 				
 R1 = Wheel radius (mm). L1 = Theoretical dimension between the level of the front subframe and the wheel axis. The measurement of the front dimension «H1» is between ground level and the measuring zone on the front subframe (to the rear of the front yokes fixing the suspension arm). 	H2 = Rear height (± 6 mm). R2 = Wheel radius (mm). L2 = Theoretical dimension between the measuring zone on the crossmember support and the wheel axis. The measurement of the rear dimension «H2» is between ground level and the measuring zone on the rear axle crossmember (forward of the rear fixing of the rear axle crossmember on the body).				

			AXLE GI	EOMETRY			C5 CARLSON
Front axle					Rear	axle	
				CARI	SSON		
Vehicle	Tracking	Castor	Camber	King pin inclination	Tracking	Ca	mber
	Adjustable No adjustable No adjustable						
All types	0 to - 2 mm 0° to - 0° 15'	3° 03' ± 30'	-0° 04' ± 30'	12° 56' ± 30'	5,1 ± 1,3 mm 0° 41' ± 0° 12'	- 1° (03' ± 20'
	-	Α	-				
		A					
	////// / -	·—·Ī—·					

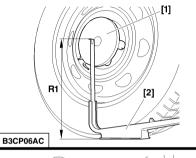
B3CP02UC

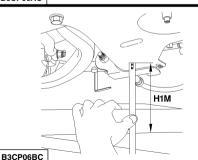
NOTE: Front of the vehicle indicated by the arrow.

		NOTE
A < B = Positive figure:	+=	TOE-IN
A > B = Negative figure:	 -	TOE-OUT

C5	AXLE GEOMETRY: CH	ECKING AND ADJUSTING VEHICLE HEIGHT
[2] Gauge for heig [3] LEXIA station [4] PROXIA station		Tools. : 8006-T : 2305-T : 4171-T : 4165-T
Check the tyre pre	LDS fluid (see corresponding operation). essures. on a 4 column lift. the normal position.	Checks by axle. Lift the vehicle by hand. Release when the weight becomes too great. The vehicle descends, then re-ascends and stabilises. Meaure the height. Push down the vehicle by hand. Hold the vehicle in this position, release when it rises. The vehicle ascends, then descends and stabilises. Measure the height. Take the average of the 2 measures.

AXLE GEOMETRY: CHECKING AND ADJUSTING VEHICLE HEIGHT





Measuring of heights.

Measuring the wheel radius.

To determine the centre of the wheel, place tool [1] on the heads of the wheel bolts. Meaure the radius R1 using tool [2] (distance from ground to centre of wheel).

Measuring the front height H1M.

The front height **H1M** is measured between the ground and the subframe, to the rear of the front fixing yokes of the suspension tripod.

Calculating the front height H1C.

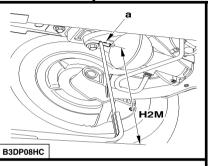
All types except CARLSSON	CARLSSON
H1C = R1 - 140 mm	H1C = R1 - 155 mm
R1 = Radius of front wheel (mm)	R1 = Radius of front wheel (mm)

Compare:

- The value measured H1M.
- The value calculated H1C.
- Adjust the front height if necessary.

B3CP06CC

AXLE GEOMETRY: CHECKING AND ADJUSTING VEHICLE HEIGHT



Measuring the rear height H2M.

The rear height **H2M** is measured between the ground and zone «a» on the crossmember.

Calculating the rear height H2C.

All types except CARLSSON	CARLSSON	
H2C = R2 + 68 mm.	H2C = R2 + 64 mm.	
R2 = Radius of rear wheel (mm)	R2 = Radius of rear wheel (mm)	

Compare:

- The value measured H2M.
- The value calculated **H2C**.
- Adjust the front height if necessary.

Adjustment of heights.

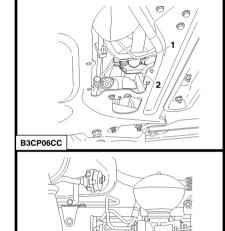
Adjustment using a diagnostic tool.

This adjustment is done when the heights measured are within the tolerance of the heights calculated.

Mechanical pre-adjustment.

This adjustment is done when the heights measured are not within the tolerance of the heights calculated (± 10 mm).

AXLE GEOMETRY: CHECKING AND ADJUSTING VEHICLE HEIGHT



B3DP08JC

Front height.

Slacken by one turn the screw (1) on the collar (2).

Retighten the screw by hand.

To decrease the height, turn the collar (2) towards the front of the vehicle.

To increase the height, turn the collar (2) towards the rear of the vehicle.

Repeat the operation to obtain the dimension calculated H1C (± 10 mm).

Tighten the screw (1) to 0,6 m.daN.

Adjust using tool [3] or tool [4].

Rear height.

Slacken by one turn the screw (3) on the collar (4).

Retighten the screw by hand.

To decrease the height, turn the collar (4) towards the front of the vehicle.

To increase the height, turn the collar (4) towards the rear of the vehicle.

Repeat the operation to obtain the dimension calculated **H2C** (\pm 10 mm).

Tighten the screw (3) to 0,6 m.daN.

Adjust using tool [3] or tool [4].

B3BP165C

AXLE GEOMETRY: CHECKING AND ADJUSTING VEHICLE HEIGHT

Adjustment of heights using tool [3] or tool [4].

Connect either tool [3] or [4] to the vehicle's diagnostic socket. Go into the menu:

- Adjustment of reference heights.

- Configuration.

NOTE: H1M = Front measured height, in mm.

All Types except CARLSSON : Calculate: 280 - (R1 - H1M).

CARLSSON

: Calculate: (R1 - H1M).

Enter this value in the diagnostic tool.

NOTE: H2M = Rear measured height, in mm.

Calculate (R2 - H2M).

Enter this value in the diagnostic tool.

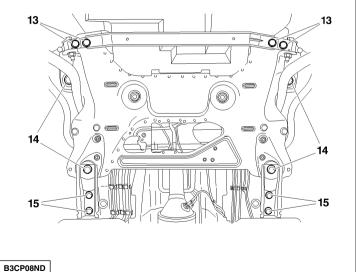
Wait for the vehicle height to correct itself.

Measure the front height (H1M). Check that: H1M = H1C ± 2 mm.

Measure the rear height (H2M). Check that: $H2M = H2C \pm 2 mm$.

	C5		
1		Tightening torques (m.daN).	
2		(1) Suspension leg upper fixing Pre-tightening Angular tightening	: 5 ± 0,6 : 65° ± 5°
W		(2) Suspension leg fixing on bodyshell	: 4,3 ± 0,6
	rh	(3) Anti-roll bar link rod upper fixing	: 6,4 ± 0,6
3		(4) Suspension leg fixing on pivot	: 5,4 ± 0,5
6-6	10	(5) Anti-roll bar link rod lower fixing	: 6,4 ± 0,6
9	11	(6) Ball-joint fixing	: 4,5 ± 0,4
5	12	(7) Ball-joint fixing on pivot	: 25 ± 2,5
7.		(8) Hub nut	: 32,5 ± 2,6
		(9) Wheel bolt	: 9 ± 1
6		(10) Arm front fixing	: 13 ± 1,3
		(11) Arm rear fixing	: 10,5 ± 1
		(12) Anti-roll bar bearing fixing on subframe	: 4,2 ± 0,6
B3CP05VP	B3CP05WD		

C5 FRONT AXLE



The front subframe is equipped with a stabiliser bar linking between the two front extensions.

(13) Stabiliser bar fixing : 6.6 ± 0.9

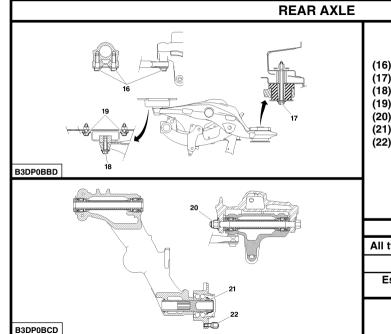
(14) Fixing of subframe on body : $14 \pm 1,4$

(15) Fixing of subframe rear yoke on body : 10 ± 1

Saloons and Estates and CARLSSON

	Anti-roll bar		
Engines	Diameter (mm)C	olour ref.	
All types Saloons and CARLSSON Estates except ES9J4	23,5	Yellow	
ES9J4 + CARLSSON Saloons	24,5	White	

NOTE: The geometry specifications are given with the suspension specifications.



Tightening torques (m.daN).

(16) Anti-roll bar fixing	: 13 ± 1,3
(17) Front subframe fixing on body	: 11,1 ± 1,1
(18) Rear subframe fixing	: 11,5 ± 1,1
(19) Rear rubber mounting fixing on bodyshell	: 9 ± 1,3

(20) Suspension shaft fixing : 14.9 ± 1.3 (21) Hub nut : 25 ± 2.5

(21) Hub Hut : 25 ± 2 , (22) Wheel bolt : 9 ± 1

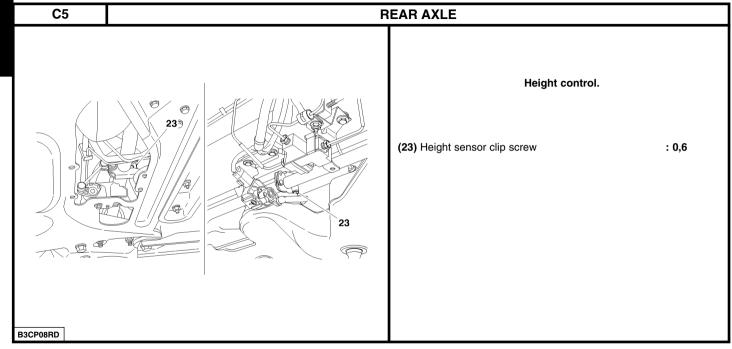
Anti-roll bar

Engines Diameter (mm) Colour ref.

All types (except ES9J4) 21,5 Blue

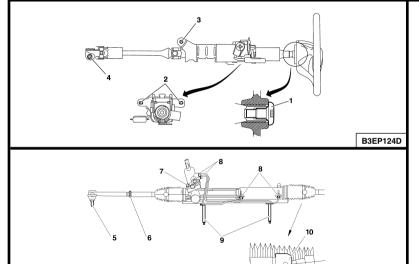
ES9J4

Estates all types CARLSSON Yellow



POWER-STEERING SPECIFICATIONS

Engines: All types



Tightening torques (m.daN).

(1)	Steering	wheel fixing	$: 2 \pm 0.3$

(2) (3) Column fixing on mounting $: 2,3 \pm 0,4$

(4) Cardan fixing $: 2,3 \pm 0,3$

(5) Ball-joint fixing on pivot $3,5 \pm 0$ (6) Link rod locking nut $: 6 \pm 0.4$

(7) Valve fixing on cover $: 2,3 \pm 0,1$

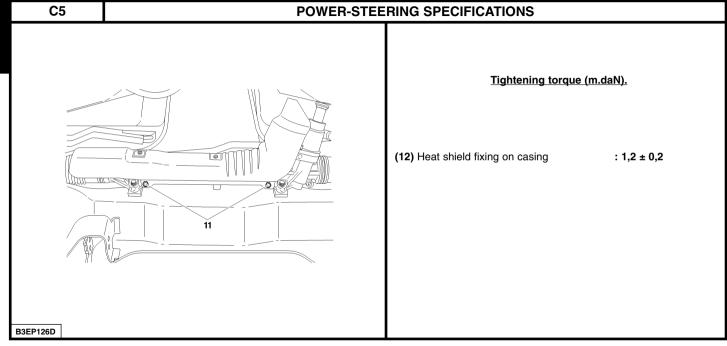
(8) Piping fixing on ram 3.0 ± 0.8

(9) Mechanism fixing on subframe

 $: 8 \pm 0.9$

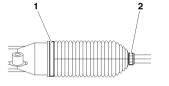
(10) Steering rack ball-joint 9 ± 0.9

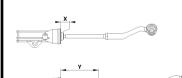
B3EP125D



POWER-STEERING SPECIFICATIONS

C5





B3EP13VD

B3EP13UC

IMPERATIVE: Respect the precautions to be taken prior to any operation (refer to the brochure "Recommendations-precautions").

Preliminary operation.

Raise and support the vehicle on $\mbox{\bf 2-column}$ lift.

Remove (on the RH side):

- The clip (1).
- The clip (2).

Detach the steering rack protection gaiter.

Setting.

Turn the steering wheel to full **LH** lock.

Measure the dimension X.

Turn the steering wheel to full **RH** lock.

Measure the dimension Y.

Calculate the dimension L = (Y - X) : 2.

Position the steering rack to the dimension "L" (mid point of the steering rack).

Additional operation.

Refit:

- The protection gaiter.
- The clip (2).
- The clip (1) (new).

C8 AXLE GEOMETRY

Setting at reference height

Requirements prior to setting at reference height

WARNING: The checks of the front and rear axle geometry values, as well as the adjusting of the front suspension should be carried out at precise positions of suspension compression (reference height) on a suspension test bed.

Check the pressures in the tyres.

Check the conformity of the tyres.

Remove the wheel trims.

Lock the steering rack at point zero: straight ahead (see corresponding operation).

Tooling required.

 [1] Set of two compressors
 : 9511-T.A

 [2] Set of two shackles
 : 9511-T.C

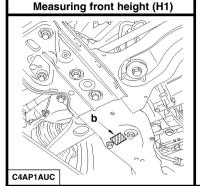
 [3] Set of four straps
 : 9511-T.B

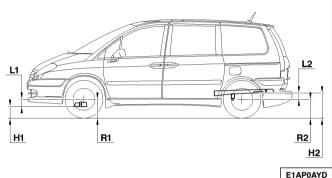
 [4] Set of two slings
 : 9511-T.D

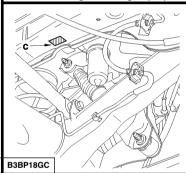
 [5] Under body height gauge
 : 2305-T

AXLE GEOMETRY

Setting at reference height







Measuring rear height (H2)

H1 = Measurement between the bottom of the subframe (b) at the front
fixing of the suspension wishbone and the ground.
D1 - Dadius of front whool under load

Front height

H1 = R1 - L1

Radius of front wheel under load

L1 = Distance between the centre of the wheel and the bottom of the subframe at the front fixing of the suspension wishbone.

H2 = Measurement between bottom of longeron (c) and the ground.

Rear height

H2 = R2 + L2

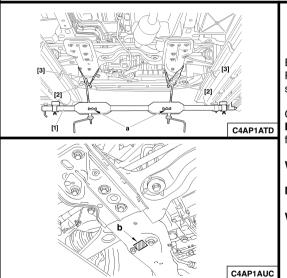
R2 = Badius of rear wheel under load.

L2 = Distance between the centre of the wheel and the bottom of the longeron.

C8 FRONT AXLE GEOMETRY

Setting at reference height

Height of the vehicle at the front at reference height (H1 = R1 - L1)



Engage the straps [3] with their shackles [2] on the subframe.

Position the suspension compressor [1], selecting the separation (a) most suited to pull the straps as far upwards as possible.

Compress the suspension so as to obtain, on the RH and LH sides, the bodyshell height H1 (reference height), to be measured between the bottom of the subframe (b) at the front fixing of the wishbone, and the ground.

WARNING: Take account of pivoting surfaces when measuring the reference height H1.

NOTE: Only the tracking is adjustable.

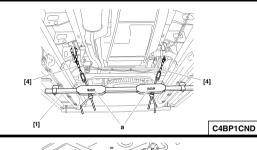
WARNING: The tracking value varies as a function of the vehicle height.

REAR AXLE GEOMETRY

C8

Setting at reference height

Height of the vehicle at the rear at reference height (H2 = R2 + L2)



Engage the slings [4] on the rear longerons.

Position the suspension compressor [1] selecting the separation (a) most suited to pull the straps as far upwards as possible.

Compress the suspension so as to obtain, on the RH and LH sides, the bodyshell height ${\bf H2}$ (reference height), to be measured between the bottom of the longeron «c» and the ground.

WARNING: Take account of pivoting surfaces when measuring the reference height H2.

B3BP18GC

Check that the height **H1**, measured already at the front, has not changed.

WARNING: The rear axle angles are not adjustable.



B3CP02UC

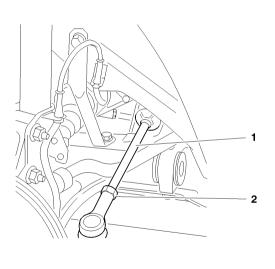
C8	AXLE GEOMETRY						
Va	alues for front su	spension angles		Values for rear suspension angles			
Engines RFN 3FZ - RHM - RHT XFW XFW		Engines	RFN	3FZ - RHM - RHT RHW - 4HW	XFW		
Tyres	Tyres 205x65 R15 215x65 R15 215x60 R16		Tyres	205x65 R15	215x65 R15	215x60 R16	
L1 (mm) 126			L1 (mm)		126		
L2 (mm) 94			L2 (mm)	94			
Adjustable			No adjustable				
Tracking (mm)		2 ± 1		Tracking (mm)	5 ± 1		
Tracking (degrees) 0° 17' ± 0° 08'			Tracking (degrees)	0° 45' ± 0° 08' 0° 42 ± 0° 08'			
	No adju	stable			No adjı	ustable	
Camber 0° 0' ± 30'			Camber		1° ± 30'		
Castor 3° 30' ± 30'							
Angle of pivot 12° 24' ± 30'							



	NOTE			
A < B = Positive figure:	+=	TOE-IN		
A > B = Negative figure:	-=	TOE-OUT		

AXLE GEOMETRY

Adjusting the rolling axles



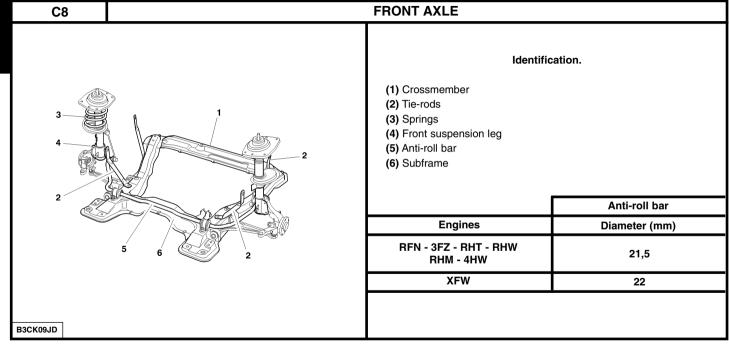
B3BKAELD

NOTE: Only the tracking is adjustable (at the front).

If the value is incorrect, adjust the track rods (1).

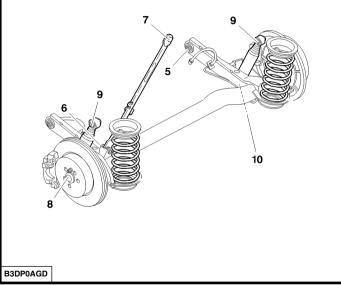
One turn of the rod = 2 mm approx.

Tighten the nuts (2), tighten to 4 ± 0.4 m.daN.



FRONT AXLE			
	Tightening torques (m.daN).		
7 3 9 11 11 11	Fixing of subframe on body Fixing on tie-rod on body Fixing of crossmember on body Fixing of tie-rod on front subframe Fixing of damper on pivot (12) Fixing of damper on pivot (8) Fixing of damper rod on upper cup (7) Fixing of upper cup on body Fixing of anti-roll bar on subframe Driveshaft nut (9) Front fixing of wishbone on subframe (screw length 30 mm) (10) Front fixing of wishbone on subframe (screw length 85 mm) (11) Rear fixing of wishbone on subframe Fixing of ball-joint on pivot Fixing of steering track rod on pivot Fixing of track rod on damper body Fixation biellette sur barre antidévers	$: 10,7 \pm 1$ $: 6,3 \pm 0,6$ $: 8 \pm 0,8$ $: 6,3 \pm 0,6$ $: 9 \pm 0,9$ $: 9,2 \pm 0,9$ $: 9 \pm 0,9$ $: 4,5 \pm 0,4$ $: 10,5 \pm 1$ $: 10,5 \pm 1$ $: 12,5 \pm 1$ $: 10,5 \pm 1$ $: 7 \pm 0,7$ $: 3,8 \pm 0,3$ $: 5,5 \pm 0,5$ $: 5,5 \pm 0,5$	
B3BP18FD			

C8 REAR AXLE



Tightening torques (m.daN).

(4) Fixing of damper on body : 9 ± 0.9

(5) Fixing of stabiliser bar on rear axle : 8 ± 0.8

(6) Fixing of stabiliser bar on body : 6 ± 0.6

(7) Fixing of rear axle on body : 8 ± 0.8

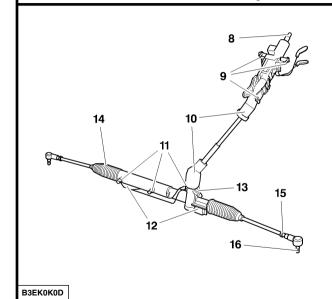
(8) Fixing of damper on rear axle : 9 ± 0.9

(9) Hub nut : 38 ± 3.8

POWER-STEERING SPECIFICATIONS

C8

Engines: RFN - 3FZ - XFW - RHM - RHT - RHW - 4HW



Tightening torques (m.daN).

(8) Steering wheel fixing nut	: 2 ± 0,2
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(9) Fixing of steering column to support $: 2 \pm 0,2$

(10) Fixing of upper and lower shafts to steering column : 2.5 ± 0.2

(11) Fixing of ram valve supply unions : $1 \pm 0,1$

(12) Fixing of steering mechanism : 14.5 ± 1.4

(13) Fixing of pump/valve supply unions

Pump : 2 ± 0.2 Valve : $2,5 \pm 0.2$

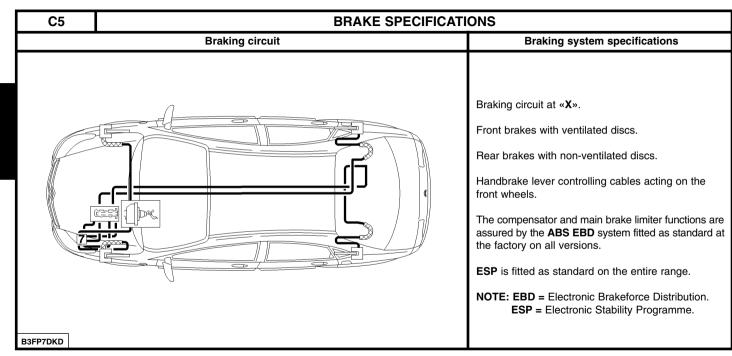
(14) Fixing of ball-joint housing on steering rack : 9 ± 0.9

(15) Steering rod locking nut : 6 ± 0.6

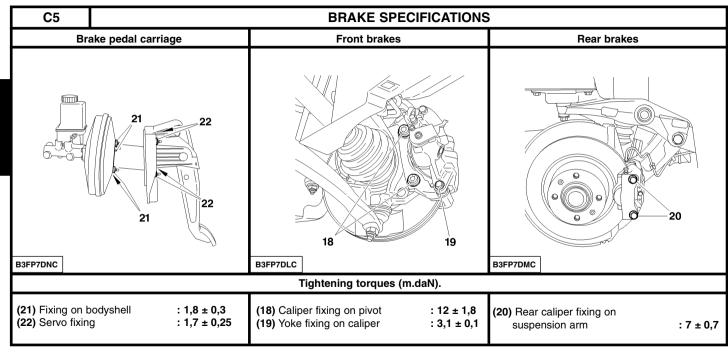
(16) Steering ball-joint nut : 4 ± 0.4

	C5		BRAKE SPECIFICATIONS					
				1.8i	1.8i 16V		3.0i 24S	
				Saloon	Estate			
Engine type				61	-z	RFJ	XFU	
		Master cylir	nder		22,2 (va	lve type)		
	ø	Master-vac			254			
	mm	Caliper mak Pistons	ces/	BOSCH BIR ZO 54/22	BOSCH 57/		BOSCH BIR ZO 57/28	
FT		Disc	Ventilated	266 283		33	288	
	Disc thickness/min. thickness		22/20	26/24		28/26		
	Brake pad thickness		17,3/2,5	17,8/2,5				
	Brake pad grade			FERODO 749/1				
	Ø	Cylinder or	caliper		PSA - 32 (double piston)			
	mm	Disc	Plain		27	76		
RR	Disc thickness/min. thickness			14/12				
	Brake pad thickness				11,9/3			
	Brake pad grade			TEXTAR T 4110 ABEX 949/1			49/1	

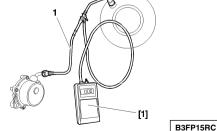
				BRAKE SPECIFICA	BRAKE SPECIFICATIONS			
				1.6 16V HDi	2.0 16V HDi		2.2 16V HDi	
Engine type				9HZ	RHL	RHR	4HX	
		Master cylind	er		22,2 (va	alve type)		
	ø	Master-vac			2	54		
	mm	Coliner makes/		BOSCH BIR ZO 57/26	BOSCH BIR ZO 57/28			
FT		Disc	Ventilated	283		288		
	Disc thickness/min. thickness		26/24	28/26				
	Bral	ke pad thicknes	ss	17,8/2,5				
	Bral	ke pad grade		FERODO 749/1				
	Ø	Cylinder or ca	aliper	PSA - 32 (double piston)				
	mm	Disc	Plain		276			
RR	Disc thickness/min. thickness			14/12				
	Brake pad thickness			11,9/3				
Brake pad grade				TEXTAR T 4110 ABEX 949/1			9/1	



BRAKE SPECIFICATIONS C5 Tightening torques (m.daN). (12) Brake fluid pressure sensor on master-cylinder $: 2,5 \pm 0,5$ B3FP7A0C (16) Fixing of gyrometer/accelerometer sensor on support $: 0.9 \pm 0.1$ (17) Fixing of support on body $: 0.9 \pm 0.1$ Piping on master-cylinder $: 1,5 \pm 0,3$ B3FP79ZC



B3FP7DQD



CHECKING THE VACUUM PUMP

Tool.

[1] Pressure checker

: Toolkit S.1602

Checks.

A: Engines DW10 and DV6

B: Engine DW12

Locate the vacuum pipe (1) between the vacuum pump and the braking servo. Uncouple the vacuum pipe at "a".

Connect the tool [1] onto the vacuum pipe (1).

Run the engine at idle.

Check the vacuum value.

NOTE: The vacuum value should be higher than or equal to **0,850 bar**.

Engines DW10, DW12 and DV6:

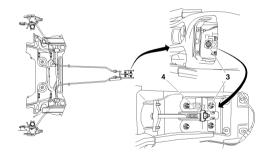
Engine oil temperature	Minimum vacuum	Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for minimum vacuum
80°C ± 5°	500 mbars	4,5
80 C ± 5	800 mbars	18

If the value is lower, check:

- The vacuum pump directly.
- The sealing of the circuit on the link pipes and on the brake servo.

C5 CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE PARKING BRAKE ESSENTIAL: Respect the safety and cleanliness requirements. Remove the central console (see corresponding operation). Raise and supprt the vehicle on a 2-column lift. To bed in the parking brake cables, operate as follows: With the engine running: - Press 5 times on the brake pedal in order to place the braking circuit under pressure. - Apply and release the parking brake lever 5 times. Conditions for adjustment: - Parking brake lever in the released position. Check that the parking brake cables are correctly routed. - Check that the LH and RH caliper levers (2) are against the screws (1). Admissible clearance between the caliper lever (2) and the parking brake cable attachment: X = 0 to 1 mm. **B3FP7DCD**

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE PARKING BRAKE



(3) Nut for adjusting the tension of the parking brake cables

Apply and release the parking brake lever 5 times.

Place the parking brake lever in the released position.

Tighten the nut (3) until it is in contact with the component (4).

Apply and release the parking brake lever 5 times.

Place the parking brake lever in the released position.

Check:

- That there is no clearance between the extremities of the parking brake cables and the slide.
- That the RH and LH caliper levers (2) are against the screws (1).

IMPERATIVE: If these two checks are not satisfactory, repeat the adjustment procedure.

Lower the vehicle.

Refit the central console.

B3FP7DDD

DRAINING, FILLING AND BLEEDING THE BRAKING SYSTEM

Tools.

[1] Generic bleeding apparatu : «LURO» or similar

[2] LEXIA statio : 4171-T [3] PROXIA station : 4165-T

NOTE: Bleeding of the secondary braking circuit is done with the help of diagnostic tools [2] or [3].

Draining the brake fluid reservoir.

Drain the brake fluid reservoir (1) to the maximum extent (if necessary, use a clean syringe).

Disconnect the connector (3).

Uncouple the pipe (2).

Remove the reservoir (1) by separating the lugs «a» from the shaft (4).

Empty the brake fluid reservoir (1).

Clean the brake fluid reservoir (1).

Refit the brake fluid reservoir (1) and the shaft (4).

Couple the pipe (2).

Reconnect the connector (3).

Filling the braking system.

WARNING: Use only those hydraulic fluids that are approved and recommended.

Fill the brake fluid reservoir (1).

Bleeding the primary braking system.

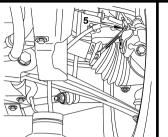
WARNING: During the bleeding operation, take care to maintain the level of brake fluid in the reservoir and to top it up, using only brake fluid that is clean and clear.

WARNING: The ABS should not be active during the bleeding operation.

B3FP139C B3FP13AC

DRAINING, FILLING AND BLEEDING THE BRAKING SYSTEM

C5



B3FP13BC

B3FP13CC

Front brake caliper : Bleed screw (5).
Rear brake caliper : Bleed screw (6).

Bleed each wheel cylinder, proceeding in the following order:

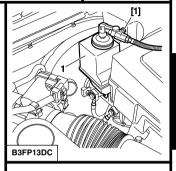
- Front I H wheel.
- Front RH wheel..
- Rear LH wheel.
- Rear RH wheel



Connect the bleeding apparatus [1] on the brake fluid reservoir (1). Adjust the apparatus pressure to 2 bars.

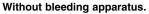
For each brake circuit:

- Connect a transparent tube onto the bleed screw.
- Submerge the other end of the tube in a clean container.
- Open the bleed screw
- Wait until the fluid is flowing out without air bubbles.
- Close the bleed screw.
- Remove the bleeding apparatus.
- Check the brake fluid level (should be between «DANGER» level and «MAXI» level).
- Fill if necessary with the approved and recommended synthetic brake fluid.





C5 DRAINING, FILLING AND BLEEDING THE BRAKING SYSTEM



NOTE: Two operators are necessary.

For each brake circuit:

- Apply the brake pedal to place the circuit under pressure.
- Connect a transparent tube onto the bleed screw.
- Submerge the other end of the tube in a clean container.
- Open the bleed screw.
- Wait until the fluid is flowing out without air bubbles.
- Close the bleed screw.
- Remove the equipment [1].

NOTE: Recommence the process a <u>second time</u> if that is necessary. Check the brake fluid level (should be between «DANGER» level and «MAXI» level). Fill if necessary with the approved and recommended synthetic brake fluid.

Bleeding the secondary braking system.

WARNING: During the bleeding operation, take care to maintain the level of brake fluid in the reservoir and to top it up, using only brake fluid that is clean and clear.

NOTE: The bleeding apparatus is still connected on the brake fluid reservoir.

Use the diagnostic tools [2] or [3]. Select the menu corresponding to the vehicle: ABS menu and ESP menu.

Follow the instructions given by the diagnostic tool.

At the end of the bleeding programme, check the brake fluid level and top up, if necessary.

Check the brake pedal travel (no lengthening), if it is not satisfactory repeat the bleeding procedure. Remove the tools.

1

B3FP13DC

	BRAKE SPECIFICATIONS						C8	
				2.0i 16V	2.2i 16V	3.0i 24S	2.0 HDi	2.2 HDi
Engine type				RFN	3FZ	XFW	RHM - RHT - RHW	4HW
		Master cyli	nder	22,2 (va	lve type)	23,8 (valve type)	22,2 (val	/e type)
	_ [Master-vac	:	25	54	203.2 + 228.6	25	4
	Ø	Caliper makes/ pistons		LUC	CAS	BREMBO	LUC	AS
FT	"""			6	0	40 + 44	60)
		Disc	Ventilated	28	35	310	28	5
	Disc	Disc thickness/min. thickness		28/	/26	32/30	28/2	26
	Brake pad grade		GALFER	GALFER 3366 (8) - FERODO 782 (2)		782 (2)		
	_	Caliper makes/			LUCAS C38HR			
	Ø mm	pistons				38		
RR		Disc	Ventilated			272		
	Disc	thickness/r	nin. thickness	12/10				
	Brak	ke pad grade				TEXTAR T 4131		

C8 BRAKE TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)

Engines: RFN - 3FZ - XFW - RHT - RHW - RHM - 4HW

Tightening torques (m.daN).

Fixing of disc on hub : 1.5 ± 0.1

Fixing of front brake caliper on support : 3.5 ± 0.3

Fixing of front brake caliper support on pivot : $16 \pm 1,6$

Fixing of brake pipe unions : $1,5 \pm 0,1$

Fixing of rear brake caliper on support : 3.5 ± 0.3

Fixing of rear brake caliper support on pivot : 9.5 ± 0.9

Fixing of brake servo on pedal gear : 2 ± 0.2

Fixing of master-cylinder on servo : 2 ± 0.2

Fixing of handbrake lever on body : 4 ± 0.4

ADJUSTING THE HANDBRAKE C8 Identification (A) Zone for fixing on floor (B) Clips for retaining on bodyshell B3FK263D

C8 ADJUSTING THE HANDBRAKE Adjustment Raise and support the vehicle, wheels hanging. WARNING: Bleed the braking circuit. Detension the secondary brake cables by slackening the nut (1). With the engine running and the handbrake released, press 40 times on the brake pedal. Carefully tighten the nut (1), until the brake cables begin to come under tension. Pull the handbrake lever about **ten times** in a normal fashion. Engage the handbrake lever at the 2nd notch of its travel relative to its position of rest. Turn the nut (1) until the brake pads start touching. Check that: - The normal travel of the handbrake lever does not exceed 6 notches. - The two secondary brake cables on the slide are moving together. With the handbrake slackened, make sure that the road wheels turn freely when moved by hand. Check that the handbrake warning lamp lights up from the 1st notch of the lever's total travel. **B3FK264D**

DRAINING, FILLING AND BLEEDING THE BRAKING SYSTEM

C8

Tools.

: (-).0810

[1] Brake fluid reservoir filler plug

[1] Approved automatic bleeding apparatus : «LURO» or similar

[1] LEXIA diagnostic tool : 4171-T [1] PROXIA diagnostic tool : 4165-T

Draining.

Remove the pollen filter (see corresponding operation).

Take out the filter from the brake fluid reservoir.

Drain the brake fluid reservoir to the maximum extent, with the aid of a syringe.

Drain the brake fluid reservoir (1) to the maximum extent (if necessary, use a clean syringe).

Disconnect the connector at "a".

Remove the shaft (1).

Remove brake fluid reservoir (2).

Clean the brake fluid reservoir (2).

Refit the brake fluid reservoir (2) and the shaft (1).

Disconnect the connector at "a".

Refit the filter in the brake fluid reservoir.

Filling.

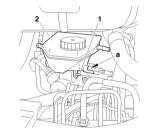
IMPERATIVE: Use only new, clear brake fluid, avoiding any ingress of impurities into the hydraulic circuit.

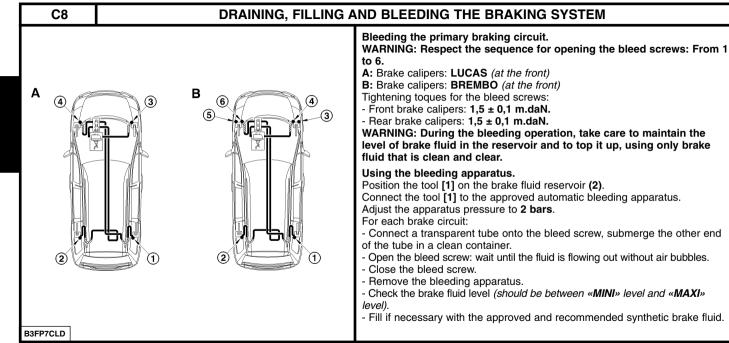
Use only hydraulic fluid(s) that are approved and recommended: **DOT 4**.

Renew the brake fluid in the calipers, by bleeding the circuit until clean fluid flows out.

B3FP7CKC

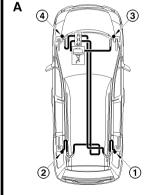


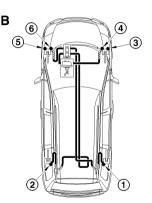




DRAINING, FILLING AND BLEEDING THE BRAKING SYSTEM

C8





Without bleeding apparatus.

NOTE: Two operators are necessary.

Connect a transparent pipe on the bleed screw.

Press slowly on the brake pedal.

Open the bleed screw.

Keep the pedal pressed fully down.

Close the bleed screw.

Allow the brake pedal to rise by itself.

Repeat the operation until the brake fluid flows out clean and free of air bubbles. Proceed in an identical fashion in the case of all the other wheels.

Check the brake fluid level (should be between «MINI» level and «MAXI» level).

Fill if necessary with the approved and recommended synthetic brake fluid.

Bleeding the secondary braking system.

NOTE: The bleeding apparatus is still connected on the brake fluid reservoir. Use the diagnostic tools **LEXIA** or **PROXIA**.

Select the menu corresponding to the vehicle: **ABS** menu or **ESP** menu. Follow the instructions given by the diagnostic tool.

At the end of the bleeding programme, check the brake fluid level and top up, if necessary.

Check the brake pedal travel *(no lengthening)*, if it is not satisfactory repeat the bleeding procedure.

Remove the tools.

B3FP7CLD

C5 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS: HYDRACTIVE 3 HYDRAULIC SUSPENSION

All operations on the **Hydractive 3 hydraulic** circuit must be performed in conformity with the following requirements and regulations: Authorities competent in matters of health:

- Accident prevention.
- Environmental protection.

WARNING: Operations should be carried out by specialised personnel who have had training in the safety requirements and precautions to be taken.

Safety requirements.

ESSENTIAL: In view of the special features of the hydraulic suspension system, observe the requirements below, before undertaking any repair.

IMPERATIVE: Depending on the operation to be carried out, respect the requirements for supporting and securing the vehicle.

Wheels hanging	Wheels not hanging		
2-column lift or secure the vehicle	Vehicle on the ground	Vehicle	4-column lift
on 4 axle stands	Depressurisation of the circuit (see corresponding operation)	Checking and adjusting of heights (switch on ignition)	Other operations (depressurisation of the hydraulic circuit)

During the operation.

Wait for the pressure in the hydraulic circuit to fall fully before disconnecting the unions on the following components (risk of sudden sinking of the vehicle):

- Built-in Hydro-electronic Interface (BHI).
- Front suspension cylinder.
- Rear suspension cylinder.
- Front stiffener regulator .
- Rear stiffener regulator.

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS: HYDRACTIVE 3 HYDRAULIC SUSPENSION

C5

IMPERATIVE: Do not operate on the hydraulic circuit without making the presure drop (see corresponding operation).

Engine running:

- Do not operate on the hydraulic suspension circuit.
- Always remain out of range of any possible projections of fluid, as these could cause serious injuries.

NOTE: In the event of contact of **LDS fluid** with the eyes, rinse them with copious amounts of water and seek specialist advice.

NOTE: In the event of lengthy contact of **LDS fluid** with the skin, wash it with soap and water.

WARNING: After the engine has stopped, wait 30 seconds before commencing any operation.

IMPERATIVE: Do not remain underneath the vehicle during an operation to adjust vehicle heights or during actuator (electrovalve) tests.

Cleanliness requirements.

WARNING: Non respect of the cleanliness requirements may cause a contamination of the circuit and a malfunctioning of the suspension.

Preliminary operations.

The work area must be kept clean and uncluttered.

The technician must wear clean overalls.

Components being stored during the repair must be protected from dust. The tooling required for an operation on the suspension system should always be cleaned prior to the operation.

During the operation.

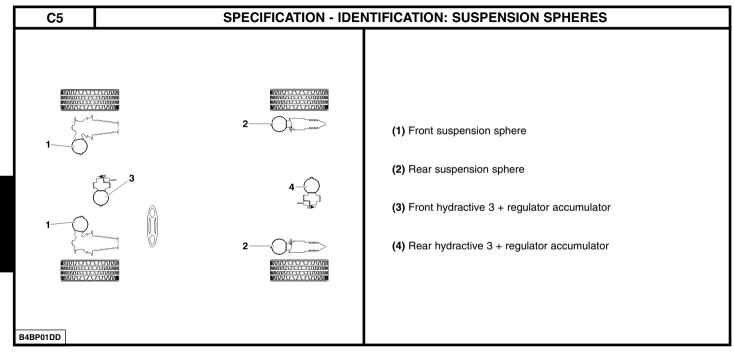
Before operating on the suspension circuit, proceed to clean the hydraulic components and unions.

IMPERATIVE: Approved cleaner: SODIMAC degreaser.

IMPERATIVE: After a dismantling, immediately blank the hydraulic components and unions with plugs. The plugs should be used for one operation only.

Any component that has been removed must be plugged and placed in a clean plastic bag.

IMPERATIVE: After a dismantling, any cleaning using compressed air or products is strictly prohibited. Any LDS fluid that is collected must not be re-used. Ny top-up must be done with new fluid.



SPECIFICATION - IDENTIFICATION: SUSPENSION SPHERES

C5

Special features

Identification.

The **«slimline»** spheres are grey in colour, with multilayer membranes.

IMPERATIVE: It is impossible to recharge or overhaul the «slimline» spheres with nitrogen.

The number marked on the suspension sphere is the component reference and not the Replacement Parts No.

The two-figure number marked on the suspension sphere indicates the initial pressure rating value.

Example:

Suspension sphere marking	Day in year of manufacture	Year of manufacture	Time of manufacture	Pressure rating (bars)
HF	066	00	13h59	57

The pressure rating of this type of suspension sphere is given merely as a guide.

When checking, the value read could be higher than the nominal value.

Suspension cylinders on the same axle should be equipped with the same type of suspension spheres.

IMPERATIVE: Tightening torques for suspension spheres

 $: 2.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ m.daN.}$

C5	SPECIFICATION - IDENTIFICATION: SUSPENSION SPHERES					
	Hydractive 3 hydraulic suspension					
		(1	I) Front suspension spheres			
	Engines	Suspension sphere marking	Volume (cc)	Pressure rating (bars)		
	6FZ	HF				
All	RFJ	HG	385	57		
types	9HZ	- ng	303	37		
	RHL - RHR	КС	1			
			2) Rear suspension spheres	ar suspension spheres		
	Engines	Suspension sphere marking	Volume (cc)	Pressure rating (bars)		
	6FZ					
Saloon	RFJ	КВ		31		
Guidon	9HZ			<u>.</u>		
	RHL - RHR	KD	385			
	6FZ		363			
Estate	RFJ] _{HT} [44		
Lotate	9HZ] "		77		
l i	RHL - RHR	1				

SPECIFICATION - IDENTIFICATION: SUSPENSION SPHERES C5					
		Hydractive 3 + hydraul	lic suspension		
		(*	1) Front suspension spheres		
	Engines	Suspension sphere marking	Volume (cc)	Pressure rating (bars)	
	XFU				
All	4HX	н	385	52	
types	XFU - CARLSON				
		((2) Rear suspension spheres		
Engines		Suspension sphere marking	Volume (cc)	Pressure rating (bars)	
Saloon	XFU	KE		25	
Salouli	4HX	NE			
F-4-4-	XFU	104	385		
Estate	4HX	HW	333	44	
Saloon/ Estate	XFU - CARLSON	НТ		•	
Lotato				-	

C 5		SPECIFICATION - IDENTIFICATION: SUSPENSION SPHERES				
	Hydractive regulator accumulators					
		(3) Fror	nt hydractive regulator accumula	tor		
	Engines	Suspension sphere marking	Volume (cc)	Pressure rating (bars)		
Saloon	XFU	HQ				
Saloon	4HX	nQ		62		
Estate	XFU	HD	385	<u> </u>		
Estate	4HX	115	000			
Saloon/ Estate	XFU - CARLSON	КА		31		
		(4) Rea	ar hydractive regulator accumula	ulator		
	Engines	Suspension sphere marking	Volume (cc)	Pressure rating (bars)		
Saloon	XFU	HR	GV	44		
Saloon	4HX	GV				
Estate	XFU	HR				
Lotate	4HX		363	44		
Saloon	XFU - CARLSON	HW				
Estate	AI U - CARLSON	HR	1			

C5 + CARLSON

B4CP01GP

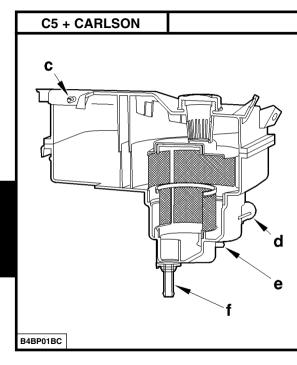
Location of components

- (D) High pressure hydraulic circuit
- (E) Low pressure hydraulic circuit
- (F) Electric circuit

HYDRAULIC SPECIFICATIONS

- (22) Front «slimline» suspension sphere
- (23) Front suspension cylinder
- (24) Front hydractive 3 + regulator
- (25) Front hydractive 3 + regulator accumulator
- (26) Sequential control suspension switch
- (27) LDS fluid reservoir
- (28) Rear height sensor
- (29) Rear hydractive 3 + regulator
- (30) Rear hydractive 3 + regulator accumulator
- (31) Rear suspension cylinder
- (32) Rear «slimline» suspension sphere
- (33) Built-in Hydro-electronic Interface (BHI)
- (34) Front height sensor

NOTE: LDS = Liquide direction suspension (fluid for steering/suspension).



HYDRAULIC SPECIFICATIONS

Hydraulic fluid				
Type of suspension	Type of steering	Capacity (litres)		
Hydractive 3	Left hand drive	4,5		
Hydractive 3	Right hand drive	4,7		
Hydractive 3 + All engines except XFX	Left hand drive	5,2		
Hydractive 3 + All engines except XFX	Right hand drive	5,4		
Hydractive 3 + Engine XFX	Left hand drive	3,4		
Hydractive 3 + Engine XFX	Right hand drive	5,6		

(LDS suspension fluid is orange in colour and 100% synthetic (TOTAL LDS).

	Hydraulic fluid reservoir			
Reference	Function	Component		
«C»	Return	Suspension cylinders		
«d»	Induction	Built-in Hydro-electronic Interface		
	induction	Power steering pump		
«e»	Return	Built-in Hydro-electronic Interface		
«f»	rietum	Power steering pump		

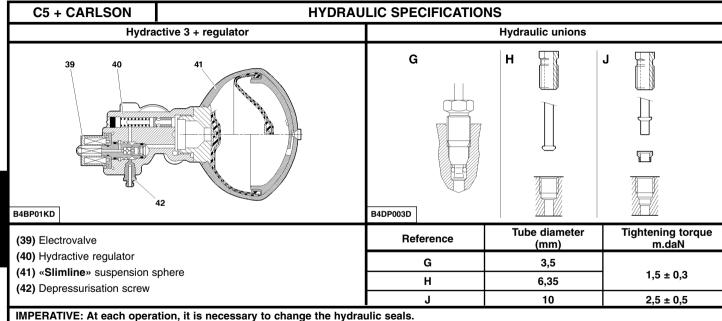
The LDS fluid level is checked with the vehicle in the low position (see corresponding operation).

C5 + CARLSON

HYDRAULIC SPECIFICATIONS B3BP16PP

Built-in Hydro-electronic Interface (BHI)

Ref.	Function	Component
(36)	Electronic control unit	
(38)	Hydraulic unit comprising: Pump with 5 axial pistons Anti-pulse hydropneumatic accumulator Safety valve	Throughput = 0,7 I/min at 2300 rpm Diameters of the pistons = 6,35 mm Safety valve rating = 180 bars
(35)	Electric motor	2350 ± 150 tr/min
Suspension inlet electrovalve (front) Suspension inlet electrovalve (rear) Suspension exhaust electrovalve (front) Suspension exhaust electrovalve (rear)		The vehicle's anti-sink function is assured by the exhaust electrovalves
	:	



WARNING: Each time you remove a hydraulic union, reference G: Remove the O-ring seal from its housing.

DE-PRESSURISING THE HYDRAULIC SUSPENSION CIRCUIT

Tools.

[1] **PROXIA** station : 4165-T [2] **LEXIA** station : 4171-T

De-pressurisation.

NOTE: It is possible to de-pressurise the suspension by individual axle.

Using a diagnostic tool.

Start the engine.

Place the height control in the «LOW» position.

Wait for the vehicle height to reach the position required.

Stop the engine.

Connect the diagnostic tool [1] or [2] to the vehicle's diagnostic socket.

Switch on the ignition.

Go into the menus:

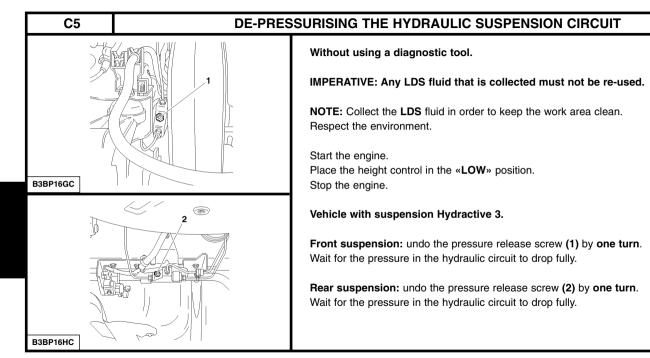
- Suspension.
- Actuator tests.

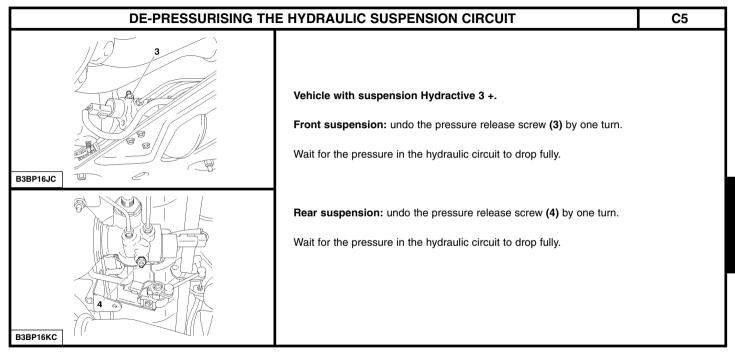
Select and validate the electrovalves line for front descent.

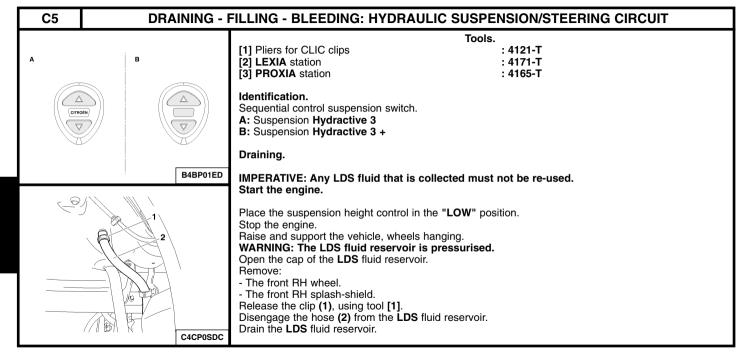
Wait for the vehicle's front suspension to sink completely.

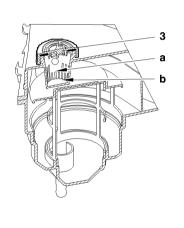
Select and validate the electrovalves line for rear descent.

Wait for the vehicle's rear suspension to sink completely.









Filling.

Couple the hose (2).

Refit:

- A new clip (1).
- The front RH splash-shield.
- The front RH wheel.

Lower the vehicle.

Open the cap (3).

Add LDS fluid to bring the level between the minimum mark "b" and the maximum mark "a".

Bleeding.

Apply a pressure of **0,5 bars** in the **LDS** fluid reservoir (using tool: **FACOM 920**).

Start the engine.

Wait for the vehicle height to stabilise.

Place the suspension height control in the "HIGH" position.

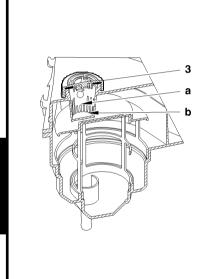
Place the suspension height control in the "LOW" position.

Move the steering in both directions, from lock to lock.

Stop the engine.

Check that the LDS fluid level is between the minimum mark "b" and the maximum mark "a".

B4BP01MC



DRAINING - FILLING - BLEEDING: HYDRAULIC SUSPENSION/STEERING CIRCUIT

Checking and toppping up the LDS fluid level.

Start the engine.

Place the suspension height control in the "LOW" position.

Wait until the vehicle height is in the position required.

Stop the engine.

Connect the tool [1] or [2] to the vehicle diagnostic socket. Switch on the ignition.

Switch on the ignition.

Successively select the following menus:

- Suspension.
- De-pressurising.

Follow the instructions given on the screen:

- Switch off the ignition, once there is de-pressurisation.
- Wait 1 minute.

Disconnect the battery

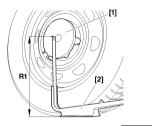
NOTE: Non-compliance with this procedure re-pressurises the suspension circuit. Remove the engine cover.

Open the cap (3).

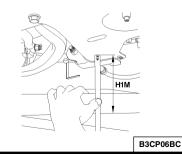
If the LDS fluid level is below the minmum mark "b": Add LDS fluid up to the level.

B4BP01MC

DRAINING - FILLING - BLEEDING: HYDRAULIC SUSPENSION/STEERING CIRCUIT



B3CP06AC



Measurement of heights.

Measuring the wheel radius.

To determine the centre of the wheel, place the tool [1] on the heads of the wheel bolts. Meaure the radius R1 with the tool [2] (distance between the ground and the centre of the wheel).

Measuring the front height H1M.

The front height $\mathbf{H1M}$ is measured between the ground and the subframe, at the rear of the front fixing yokes of the suspension triangle.

Calculating the front height H1C.

Except CARLSSON : H1C = R1 - 140 mm.

CABL SSON : **H1C = R1 - 155 mm**.

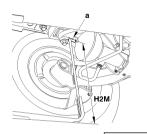
R1 = Radius of front wheel (mm).

Compare:

- The value measured H1M.
- The value calculated H1C.

Adjust the front height if necessary.

DRAINING - FILLING - BLEEDING: HYDRAULIC SUSPENSION/STEERING CIRCUIT



Measuring the rear height H2M.

The rear height **H2M** is measured between the ground and the zone "a" on the crossmember.

Calculating the rear height H2C.

Except CARLSSON : H2C = R2 + 68 mm.CARLSSON : H2C = R2 + 64 mm

R2 = Radius of rear wheel (mm).Compare:

- The value measured H2M.

- The value calculated **H2C**.

Adjust the rear height if necessary.

B3DP08HC

Adjusting the heights.

Adjustment using a diagnostic tool.

This adjustment is done when the heights measured are within the tolerance of the heights calculated.

Mechanical pre-adjustment.

This adjustment is done when the heights measured are not within the tolerance of the heights calculated $(\pm 10 \text{ mm}).$

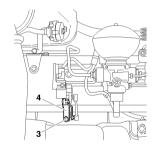
Front height:

- Slacken, by one turn, the screw (1) on the clip (2).
- Retighten the screw by hand.
- To decrease the height, turn the clip (2) towards the front of the vehicle.
- To increase the height, turn the clip (2) towards the rear of the vehicle.

Repeat the operation until you obtain the calculated dimension H1C (± 10 mm).

Tighten the screw (1) to 0,6 m.daN. Adjust with diagnostic tool [2] or [3].

B3CP06CC



Rear height:

Slacken, by one turn, the screw (3) on the clip (4).

Retighten the screw by hand.

To decrease the height, turn the clip (4) towards the rear of the vehicle.

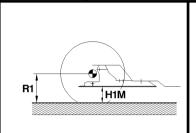
To increase the height, turn the clip (4) towards the front of the vehicle.

Repeat the operation until you obtain the calculated dimension H2C (± 10 mm).

Tighten the screw (3) to 0,6 m.daN.

Adjust with diagnostic tool [2] or [3].

B3DP08JC



DRAINING - FILLING - BLEEDING: HYDRAULIC SUSPENSION/STEERING CIRCUIT

Adjusting of heights using diagnostic tool [2] or [3].

Connect diagnostic tool [2] or [3] to the vehicle diagnostic socket. Go into the menu:

- Adjustment of reference heights.
- Configuration.

NOTE: H1M = front measured height *(mm)*.

Except CARLSSON : Calculate 280 - (R1-H1M) for the front. CARLSSON : Calculate (R1-H1M) for the front.

Re-enter this value in the diagnostic tool.

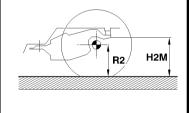
NOTE: H2M = rear measured height *(mm)*.

Calculate **(H2M-R2)** for the rear. Re-enter this value in the diagnostic tool. Wait for the correction of the vehicle height.

Measure the front height (H1M). Check that: H1C ± 2 mm.

Measure the rear height (H2M). Check that: H2M = H2C ± 2 mm.

B3BP164C



B3BP165C

CHECKING AND ADJUSTING THE VEHICLE HEIGHT

C5

Tools.

: 4300-T

: 2305-T

· 4171-T

[1] Gauge for measuring the radius of wheels with 4 bolts

[2] Gauge for under-body height
[3] LEXIA station

[4] PROXIA station : 4165-T

(see chapter on axle geometry).

Preliminary operations.

Check the level of LDS fluid (see corresponding operation).

Check the tyre pressures.

Place the vehicle on a 4-column lift.

Place the vehicle in the normal position.

Release the parking brake.

Start the engine.

Checking by axle.

Lift the vehicle by hand.

Release when you cannot lift any further.

The vehicle descends, then re-ascends and stabilises.

Measure the height.

Push the vehicle down by hand.

Hold the vehicle in this position, release when it re-ascends.

The vehicle ascends, then re-descends and stabilises.

Measure trhe height.

Make an average of the 2 measurements.

C5 - C8		AIR CONDITIONING R 134.a (HFC)					
				Refrigerant	Compressor		
Vehicle	Eng	ine version	Date	Refill (± 25 gr)	Variable capacity	Oil quantity cc	Oil reference
C 5	,	All types	09/04 >	625	SD 7 C16		
C8		All types cept ES9J4	06/02 >	600	SD 6 V12	135	SP 10
	ES9J4		00/02 >	600	SD 7 V16		

C5 - C8

SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

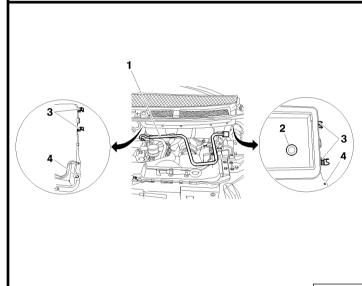
Summary table for presence of pollen filter

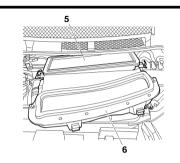
Vehicle	Equipment	RPO no.	Presence of filter	Observations
C5	Aircon all types		YES	Located under the dashboard
C8	Allcoll all types		123	Located in the engine compartment

SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a) **C5** Pollen filter Remove: - The trim (1) under the dashboard (driver's side). - The cover (2). C5FP0C5C Unclip at «a» and pull out the pollen filter (3). Remove the pollen filter (3). C5FP0C6D

SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

Pollen filter





C5HP183C

C8

NOTE: The pollen filter is located under the bonnet on the LH side. **Removing.**

Remove the jack handle (1).

Disconnect the evacuation pipe (2).

Unlock at (3), on the right and on the left.

Undo by a 1/4 turn the screws (4), on right and on left.

Pull the assembly (6) towards the outside.

Remove the pollen filter (5).

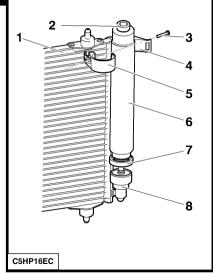
Refitting.

Proceed in the opposite order to removal.

C5HP182D

C5 SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

Drying cartridge



Tools.

[1] Filling and recycling station : MULLER - ECOTECHNICS

[2] TORX adaptor : 70 FACOM

[3] After Sales kit : (bottle/skirt/bottle nozzle/grease/compressor oil)

Reminder: All repairs on an aircon circuit require the aircon circuit to be drained.

After carrying out the dismantling operations necessary to gain access to the condenser, proceed to clean the area of the skirt (8) of the reservoir (6) using a cloth, then replace the dryer reservoir (6).

Removing the plastic bracket holding the reservoir (6):

- Remove the screw (3) (Torx 20), from the bracket assembly/plastic counter-bracket (4) and (5).
- Remove the counter-bracket (5) (rotate it round the hinge in a clockwise direction).
- Disengage the bracket from the harness (1) (rotate it round the reservoir (6) anti-clockwise).
- Remove the bracket (5) from the reservoir body (6).

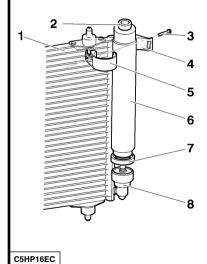
Unscrewing the reservoir (6).

Unscrew the reservoir (6) using the tool [2].

C5

SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

Condenser with integral reservoir



Removing the reservoir (6) from the base (8).

WARNING: This operation requires the greatest care, the base (8) should be kept clean prior to fitting the new reservoir.

Remove the reservoir **(6)** and the protection skirt **(7)**, avoiding **WITHOUT FAIL** any contact or collision with other items under the bonnet (risk of impurities entering the base **(8)**).

Check before refitting the reservoir (6) that the base (8) is clean (if it is not, clean in and around the base (8) with a paper cloth).

Preparing the new dryer reservoir.

Remove the black plastic protection cap from the reservoir neck (6), leaving in place the green protection at the other end, in order to keep the new reservoir (6) sealed when mounting it in the base (8) of the condenser.

Use the grease sachet in the replacement kit, to lubricate the threads of the reservoir.

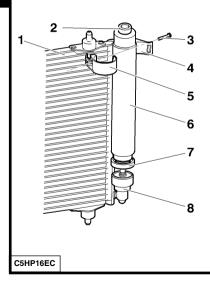
Use the oil sachet in the replacement kit, to lubricate the two O-ring seals of the reservoir (6).

Position the reservoir (6), with its new protection skirt (7) from the replacement kit, and engage the threads of the reservoir (6) in the base (8).

Check that the downward edge of the skirt (7), covers the base (8) all around it.

SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

Condenser with integral reservoir (continued)



WARNING: The reservoir (6) contains a drying agent. As soon as the black protection is removed, the reservoir must be mounted in the base (8), otherwise there is a risk of damaging the air conditioning circuit.

Screwing the reservoir (6) into the base (8).

Screw on the reservoir **(6)** manually, until the neck of the reservoir **(6)** is in contact with the bottom of the base **(8)**.

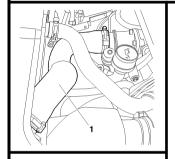
Tighten with a torque spanner and tool [2] at (2) to 1.3 ± 0.1 m.daN.

Fitting the plastic bracket (new, from the Replacement Parts kit).

Proceed in the opposite order to removal, tighten the screw (3) to 0,15 m.daN.

SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

Removing-refitting the drying cartridge



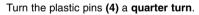


Depressurise the air conditioning circuit.

Remove the hose (1).

Disconnect the connector (2).

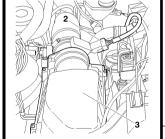
Remove the air filter (3).



Move aside the condenser (5).

Clean the area of the skirt (6) of the reservoir (7).

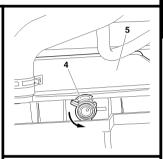
Remove the screw (8) of the clip (9).



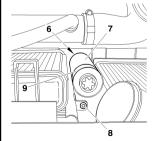
B1BP2MGC B1BP2MHC

C5HP184C

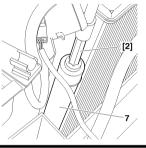
C5HP185C



C8



C8 SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a) Removing-refitting the drying cartridge (continued)



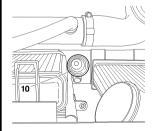
Unscrew the reservoir (7) (using adaptor TORX 70 FACOM).

Unscrew the reservoir (7) and the protection skirt (6).

WARNING: Components must be kept clean prior to a new reservoir being fitted.

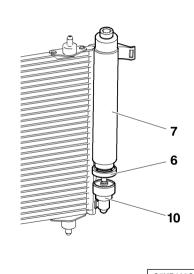
Plug the base (10).

WARNING: Do not allow more than 5 minutes to elapse between unpacking the cartridge (reservoir (7)) and fitting it.



C5HP186C C5HP187C

Removing-refitting the drying cartridge (continued)



Refitting.

Note: Before fitting the reservoir (7), make sure that the base is clean (10) (if it is not, use paper towel to clean inside the base (10)).

Preparation of the new dryer reservoir.

Remove the protection plug from the neck of the reservoir (7).

Leave the protection in place on the end of the reservoir (7) until fitting.

Treatments:

- Grease the threads of the reservoir (7) (sachet of grease in the kit).
- Lubricate the two O-ring seals of the reservoir (7) (sachet of oil in the kit). Remove:
- The protection plug fitted at the time of removal, from the base (10).
- The protection from the end of the reservoir (7).

Engage the reservoir (7) with its skirt (6) on the threads of the base (10).

Screw on the reservoir by hand (7), until the neck of the reservoir (7) makes contact with the base (10).

NOTE: Check that the bottom edge of the skirt (6) covers the base (10) all the way round.

Tighten the reservoir (7) (TORX 70 FACOM), Tighten to 1,4 \pm 0,1 m.daN.

Fit the plastic clip (9) and the screw (8) (new, from exchange kit).

Complete the refitting, in reverse order to removal.

Proceed to:

- Recharge the circuit (see corresponding operation).
- Check that the air conditioning functions correctly (see corresponding operation).

C5HP188C

All types SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

Compressor lubricant

${\bf ESSENTIAL:} \ The \ compressor \ lubricant \ is \ extremely \ hygroscopic; \ always \ use \ FRESH \ oil.$

Checking the compressor oil level

There are three specific cases:

- 1) Repairs to a system without leaks.
- 2) Slow leak.
- 3) Fast leak.
- 1) Repairing a system without leaks.
- a) Using draining/recovery equipment not fitted with an oil decanter.
- Drain the system as slowly as possible via the LOW PRESSURE valve, so as not to lose any oil.
- No more oil should be added when filling the system with R 134.a fluid.
- b) Using draining/filling equipment fitted with an oil decanter.
- Drain the **R 134.a** fluid from the system in accordance with the instructions in the equipment handbook.
- Measure the amount of oil recovered.
- Add the same amount of **NEW** oil when filling the system with **R 134.a** fluid.
- c) Replacing a compressor.
- Remove the old compressor, drain it and measure the oil quantity.
- Drain the new compressor (supplied full), so that the same amount of NEW oil is left in the compressor as was in the old compressor.
- No more oil should be added when filling the system with R 134.a fluid.

SPECIAL FEATURES: AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

All types

Checking the compressor oil level (continued)

2) Slow leak.

Slow leaks do not lead to oil loss, therefore the same procedure should be followed as if there was no leak at all.

3) Fast leak.

This type of leak causes both oil loss as well as allowing air to enter the system.

It is therefore necessary to:

- Replace the dryer.
- Drain as much oil as possible (when replacing the faulty component).

Either before or during filling of the system with R 134.a fluid, introduce 80 cc of NEW oil into the system.

If changing one of the following components, add as below:

- A drying bottle : **15 cc** of compressor oil.
- A condenser or an evaporator : **20 cc** of compressor oil.
- A high pressure or low pressure pipe : **5 cc** of compressor oil.
- A drying cartridge : **15 cc** of compressor oil.

CHECKING THE EFFICIENCY OF THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM				
	Outillage EXXOTest	Outillage VALEO		
Exxoclim Mode d'emploi	Outillage (flash équipent & materiel) : 2.4.2-1 : Voir notice constructeur	Procédure de l'essai		
E5AP2N4D		Contrôle Mettre en place l'outil CLIM TEST II (selon notice du constructeur) Opération préliminaires. Fermer tous les aérateurs frontaux.		
Clim test 2	Outillage : 4372-T	Démarer le moteur. Ouvrir l'aérateur frontal gauche. Positionner la commande du répartiteur d'air sur "débit frontal". Activer la commande "recirculation d'air". Activer la commande "air conditioning". Position des commandes de air		
E5AP2N5D		conditioning : Commande de température sur froid maxi. Commande de pulseur en position vitesse maximum.		



: 4372-T

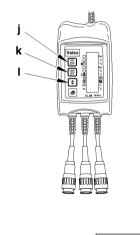
[1]

[1] Clim test 2 VALEO

Checks.

Position the tool [1] (depending on manufacturer's instructions).

E5AP2ECC



Checking.

Position the tool **CLIM TEST II** (according to the manufacturer's instructions).

Preliminary operations.

Close all the front air vents.

Start the engine.

Open the front LH air vent.

Position the air distribution control to «frontal flow».

Activate the «air recirculation» control.

Activate the «air conditioning» control.

Positions of the air conditioning controls:

- Temperature control on maximum cold.
- Blower control in maximum speed position.

Let the air conditioning operate for 5 minutes.

E5AP2FAC

Interpretation of the measurements.

«m»: High pressure.

«n»: High temperature.

«p»: Under-cooling (SR).

«q»: Low pressure.

«r»: Low temperature.

«s»: Over-heating (SC).

«t»: Ambient air temperature.

«u»: Blown air temperature.

«v»: Humidity.

«w»: Temperature T3.

Under-cooling.

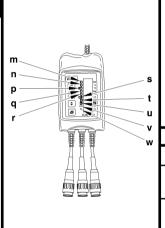
The under-cooling represents the difference between the condensation temperature and the aircon fluid temperature at the aircon condenser outlet.

The under-cooling gives the quantity of aircon fluid (in the liquid state) in the air conditioning circuit.

Values for under-cooling (SR).

	Values «p»	Origins	Solutions
, , 	SR < 2°C	Lack of aircon fluid in the aircon condenser (should be more than 150 grammes)	Add some
	2°C < SR <4°C	Lack of aircon fluid in the aircon condenser (should be around 100 to 150 grammes)	aircon fluid
ſ	4°C < SR < 10°C/12°C	Correct quantity	
	SR > 10°C/12°C	Excess aircon fluid in the aircon condenser	Remove some
	SR > 15°C	Excess aircon fluid in the aircon condenser	aircon fluid
⅃	Blown air temperature «u».		

E5AP2FBC The blown air temperature should be between 2°C and 10°C.



E5AP2FBC

Interpretation of the measurements.

«m»: High pressure.

«n»: High temperature.

«p»: Under-cooling (SR).

«q»: Low pressure.

«r»: Low temperature.

«s»: Over-heating (SC).

«t»: Ambient air temperature.«u»: Blown air temperature.

«v»: Humidity.

«w»: Temperature T3.

Over-heating (SC).

The over-heating represents the difference between the aircon fluid temperature at the evaporator outlet and the evaporation temperature.

The over-heating gives the quantity of aircon fluid (in the liquid state) in the air conditioning circuit

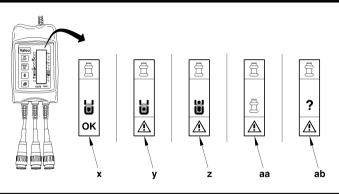
Values for over-heating (SC).

,	Values «p»	Origins	Solutions
	2° < SC < 15°C	Correct quantity	
	SC > 15°C	Lack of aircon fluid in the cooling circuit	Add some aircon fluid
	SC < 2°C	Excess aircon fluid in the cooling circuit	Remove some aircon fluid

Blown air temperature «u».

The blown air temperature should be between 2°C and 10°C.

Interpretation of the diagnosis



E5AP2FCD

- «x» Check satisfactory
- «y» Lack of aircon fluid in the aircon circuit
- «z» Excess aircon fluid in the aircon circuit
- «aa» Filtering and drying cartridge clogged
- «ab» Other problems (see table on previous page)

Aircon circuit diagnosis table

Principal problem	Symptom	Possible causes
		Aircon compressor clutch
		Lack of aircon fluid in the aircon circuit
	The clutch of the aircon compressor does not	Aircon pressostat
	engage, or disengages suddenly	Aircon evaporator sensor
The aircon compressor does not turn		Electrical circuit (wiring, fuses, etc.)
or stops suddenly	The clutch of the aircon compressor remains engaged and stops suddenly	Auxiliaries drive belt
		Aircon compressor
		Filtering and drying cartridge
		Aircon pressure reducer
		Leak of aircon fluid
		Aircon compressor clutch

Aircon circuit diagnosis table

Principal problem	Symptom	Possible causes
		Incorrect adjustment of the aircon compressor clutch
	The clutch of the aircon compressor remains engaged	Aircon fluid quantity
The aircon compressor makes an abnormal		Aircon compressor defective
noise		Lack of aircon fluid in the aircon circuit
		Aircon compressor valves defective
	The clutch of the aircon compressor	Aircon compressor clutch
	remains engaged and slips	Auxiliaries drive belt

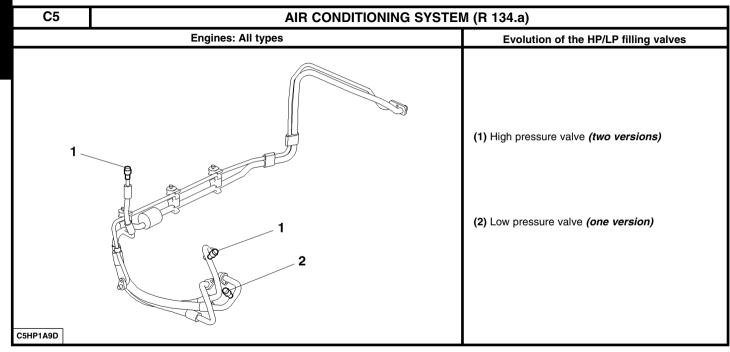
Aircon circuit diagnosis table

Principal problem	Symptom	Possible causes
	Low pressure and high pressure too high	Aircon pressure reducer defective
		Duct clogged
	Low pressure too high and high pressure too low	Aircon compressor seal defective
	Low pressure too low and high pressure too high too high	Aircon evaporator sensor defective
		Aircon pressure reducer jammed
Abnormal levels of pressure		Filtering and drying cartridge obstructed
		Duct clogged
	Low pressure and high pressure too low	Duct clogged
		Aircon pressure reducer jammed
		Lack of aircon fluid in the aircon circuit
		Aircon compressor defective

Aircon circuit diagnosis table

Principal problem	Symptom	Possible causes
	Low pressure normal and high pressure too high	Presence of air in the aircon circuit
	Low pressure normal and high pressure too low	Aircon pressostat defective
	3 /	Evaporator sensor defective
Abnormal levels of pressure	Low pressure too high and high pressure normal	Aircon pressure reducer jammed open
	Low pressure too low and high pressure normal	Filtering and drying cartridge saturated or clogged
		Aircon pressure reducer iced up
	Under cooling too weak	Lack of aircon fluid
Air conditioning operating in		Excess aircon fluid
back-up mode	Under cooling excessive	Presence of air in the aircon circuit
		Filtering and drying cartridge clogged

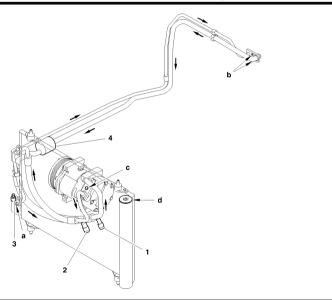
NOTE: In all cases, measure the excessive heating (SC) and the blow air temperature.



C5

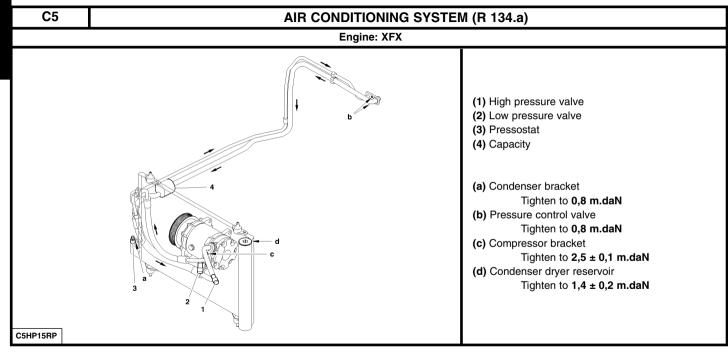
AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

Engines: 6FZ - RFJ



C5HP15QP

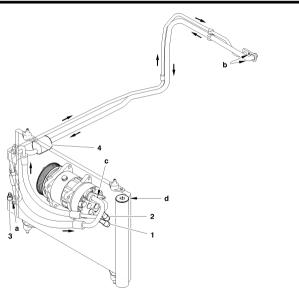
- (1) High pressure valve
- (2) Low pressure valve
- (3) Pressostat
- (4) Capacity
- (a) Condenser bracket
 Tighten to 0,8 m.daN
- (b) Pressure control valve
 - Tighten to 0,8 m.daN
- (c) Compressor bracket
 - Tighten to 2,5 ± 0,1 m.daN
- (d) Condenser dryer reservoir
 Tighten to 1,4 ± 0,2 m.daN



AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a)

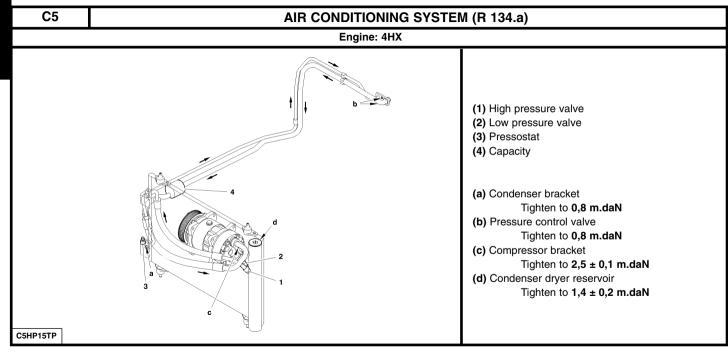
C5



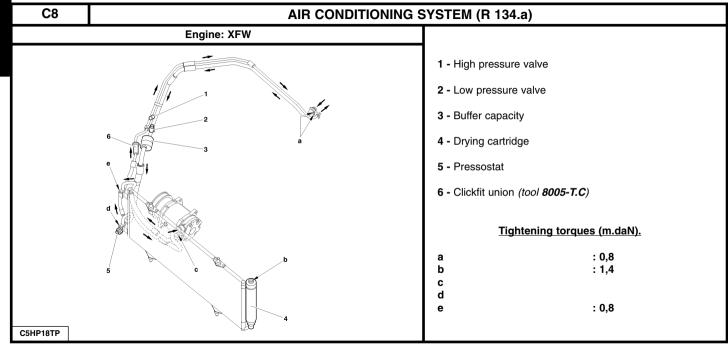


C5HP15SP

- (1) High pressure valve
- (2) Low pressure valve
- (3) Pressostat
- (4) Capacity
- (a) Condenser bracket
 Tighten to 0,8 m.daN
- (b) Pressure control valve
 - Tighten to 0,8 m.daN
- (c) Compressor bracket
 - Tighten to $2,5 \pm 0,1$ m.daN
- (d) Condenser dryer reservoir
 - Tighten to 1,4 ± 0,2 m.daN



AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a) C8 Engines: RFN - 3FZ 1 - Drying cartridge 2 - Clickfit union (tool 8005-T.C) 3 - Buffer capacity 4 - Clickfit union (tool 8005-T.A) 5 - High pressure valve 6 - Low pressure valve C5HP17TP



AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134.a) C8 Engines: RHM - RHT - RHW - 4HW 1 - Drying cartridge 2 - Clickfit union (tool 8005-T.C) 3 - Buffer capacity 4 - Clickfit union (tool 8005-T.A) 5 - High pressure valve 6 - Low pressure valve C5HP17UP