WORKSHOP MANUAL

NHR • NKR • NPR

ENGINE4J SERIES

SECTION 6



MEMO	

NOTICE

Before using this Workshop Manual to assist you in performing vehicle service and maintenance operations, it is recommended that you carefully read and thoroughly understand the information contained in Section 0A under the headings "GENERAL REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS" and "HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL".

All material contained in this Manual is based on the latest product information available at the time of publication. All rights are reserved to make changes at any time without prior notice.

Applicable Model: NHR55. NKR55. NPR55. NPR69

This manual is applicable to 1994 year model and later vehicles.

THIS MANUAL INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS:

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6B	Engine Cooling
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6D	Engine Electrical
6E	Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) System
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SECTION 00 SERVICE INFORMATION

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TROUBLESHOOTING

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1. HARD STARTING

1. STARTER INOPERATIVE		
Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Battery	Loose battery cable terminal poor connections due to rusting	Clean and/or retighten the battery cable terminal
	Battery discharged or weak	Recharge or replace the battery
	Fan belt loose or broken	Adjust or replace the fan belt
Fusible link	Fusible link shorted	Replace the fusible link
Starter switch	Defective starter switch or starter relay	Replace the starter switch or the Starter relay
Starter motor	Defective magnetic switch or starter relay	Repair or replace the magnetic switch
	Defective starter motor	Repair or replace the starter motor
2. STARTER MO	FOR OPERATES BUT ENGINE DOES I	NOT TURN OVER
Battery	Loose battery cable terminal	Clean and/or retighten the battery cable terminal
	Poor connections due to rusting	Recharge or replace the battery
	Battery discharged or weak	Recharge or replace the battery
	Fan belt loose or broken	Adjust or replace the fan belt
Starter	Defective pinion gear	Replace the pinion gear
	Defective magnetic switch	Repair or replace the magnetic switch
	Brush wear, Weak brush spring	Replace the brush and/or the brush spring
Engine	Piston, crank bearing seizure, or other damage	Repair or replace the related parts

3. ENGINE TURNS OVER BUT DOES NOT START		
Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Engine stop mechanism	Defective fuel cut solenoid valve	Replace the fuel cut solenoid valve
FUEL IS NOT E	BEING DELIVERED TO THE INJECTION	I PUMP
Fuel	Fuel tank is empty	Fill the fuel tank
Fuel piping	Clogged or damaged fuel lines. Loose fuel line connection	Repair or replace the fuel lines Retighten the fuel line connection
Fuel filter	Fuel filter overflow valve does not close	Repair or replace the fuel filter overflow valve
	Clogged fuel filter element	Replace the fuel filter element or the filter cartridge
Fuel system	Air in the fuel system	Bleed the air from the fuel system
Fuel feed pump	Defective feed pump	Repair or replace the feed pump
FUEL IS BEING	DELIVERED TO THE INJECTION PUN	1P
Fuel	Use of the wrong fuel	Use the correct fuel
	Water particles in the fuel	Change the fuel
Fuel system	Air in the injection pump	Bleed the air from the fuel system
Injection nozzle	Injection nozzle sticking	
	Injection nozzle injection starting pressure too low Improper spray condition	Adjust or replace the injection nozzle
Injection pump	Defective fuel injection nozzle resulting in the fuel drippage after fuel injection	Replace the delivery valve
	Defective injection pump control rack operation	Repair or replace the injection pump control rack
	Injection pump plunger worn or stuck	Replace the injection pump plunger assembly
	Injection pump drive shaft seizure or other damage	Replace the injection drive shaft
	Injection pump governor spring seizure	Replace the injection pump governor spring

4. QUICK-ON START SYSTEM

PREPARATION

- 1 Disconnect the thermoswitch connector.
- 2. Determine whether or not the glow plugs are receiving power.
 - a) Make sure that the starter switch is "OFF".
 - b) Connect a voltmeter between one of the glow plugs and the cylinder wall.
 - c) Move the starter switch to the "ON" position.
 The voltmeter needle will show the souse voltage (12V) if the glow plugs are receiving power.
 If the voltmeter needle does not move, the glow plugs are not receiving power.
- 3. Perform the troubleshooting procedure.

GLOW PLUGS ARE RECEIVING POWER

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Glow plug indicator light does not turn on	Defective indicator light bulb	Replace the indicator light bulb
Quick-on start timer	Defective quick-on start timer	Replace the quick-on start timer
Glow plug indicator light turns on the 0.3 seconds	Defective quick-on start timer	Replace the quick-on start timer
Glow plug indicator light turns on for 3.5 seconds	Return the starter switch to the "ON" position from the "START" position after the engine starts if the glow plug relay remains on less than 14 seconds, the quick-on start timer is defective	Replace the quick-on start timer
	Move the starter switch from the "OFF" position to the "ON" position if the glow plug relay remains on less than 14 seconds, the quick-on start timer is defective	Replace the quick-on start timer
Thermoswitch	Defective thermoswitch	Replace the thermoswitch
Glow plug continuity	No glow plug continuity	Replace the glow plugs
GLOW PLUGS ARE NOT RECEIVING POWER		
Glow plug indicator light does not turn on	Broken indicator light fuse	Replace the fuse
Quick-on start timer	Defective quick-on start timer	Replace the quick-on start timer

GLOW PLUGS ARE NOT RECEIVING POWER (Cont'd)		
Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Glow plug indicator light turns on for 3.5 seconds	Defective glow plug relay The glow plug relay does not turn on after the starter switch is moved from the "OFF" position to the "ON" position	Replace the glow plug relay
	Defective quick-on start timer	Replace the quick-on start timer
	Defective glow plug relay wiring harness	Repair or replace the wiring harness
	Defective fusible link or wiring harness The glow plug relay turns on when the starter switch is moved from the "OFF" position to the "ON" position	Replace the fusible link or the wiring harness

2. UNSTABLE IDLING

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Idling system	Idling improperly adjusted	Adjust the idling
Fast idling speed	Defective fast idling speed control device	Repair or replace the fast idling speed control device
Accelerator control system	Accelerator control system improperly adjusted	Adjust the accelerator control system
Fuel system	Fuel system leakage or blockage	Repair or replace the fuel system
	Air in the fuel system	Bleed the air from the fuel system
	Water particles in the fuel system	Change the fuel
Fuel filter	Clogged fuel filter element	Replace the fuel filter element or the fuel filter cartridge
Fuel feed pump	Defective fuel feed pump	Repair or replace the fuel feed pump
Injection nozzle	Injection nozzle sticking	Replace the injection nozzle
	Injection nozzle injection starting pressure too low Improper spray condition	Adjust or replace the injection nozzle
Injection pump	Defective delivery valve resulting in fuel drippage after fuel injection	Replace the delivery valve

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Injection pump	Injection timing improperly adjusted	Adjust the injection timing
(Cont'd)	Insufficient injection volume	Adjust the injection volume
	Defective idle spring	Replace the idle spring
	Defective governor lever operation	Repair or replace the governor lever
	Regulator valve improperly adjustment	Adjust or replace the regulator valve
	Broken plunger spring	Replace the plunger spring
	Worn plunger	Replace the plunger assembly
	Worn cam disc	Replace the cam disc
Valve clearance	Valve clearance improperly adjusted	Adjust the valve clearance
Compression pressure	Blown out cylinder head gasket. Worn cylinder liner. Piston ring sticking	Replace the related parts

3. INSUFFICIENT POWER

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Air cleaner	Clogged air cleaner element	Clean or replace the air cleaner element
Fuel	Water particle in the fuel	Replace fuel
Fuel filter	Clogged fuel filter element	Replace the fuel filter element or the fuel filter cartridge
Fuel feed pump	Defective fuel feed pump	Repair or replace the fuel feed pump
Injection nozzle	Injection nozzle sticking	Replace the injection nozzle
	Injection nozzle injection starting pressure too low Improper spray condition	Adjust or replace the injection nozzle
Fuel injection pipes	Fuel injection pipes damaged or obstructed	Replace the fuel injection pipes

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Injection pump	Defective regulating valve	Repair or replace the regulating valve
	Defective delivery valve	Replace the delivery valve
	Defective timer	Repair or replace the timer
	Worn cam disc	Replace the cam disc
	Improper control lever operation	Adjust or replace the control lever
	Defective injection timing	Adjust the injection timing Repair or replace the injection pump timer
	Weak governor spring	Replace the governor spring
	Worn plunger	Replace the plunger assembly
Compression pressure	Blown out cylinder head gasket. Worn cylinder liner. Piston ring sticking	Replace the related parts
Valve clearance	Valve clearance improperly adjusted	Adjust the valve clearance
Valve spring	Valve spring weak or broken	Replace the valve spring
Exhaust system	Exhaust pipe clogged	Clean the exhaust pipe
Full load adjusting screw seal	Open and improperly set adjusting screw seal	Adjust and reseal the adjusting screw

4. EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction	
Fuel system	Fuel leakage	Repair or replace the fuel system related parts	
Air cleaner	Clogged air cleaner element	Clean or replace the air cleaner element	
Idling speed	Poorly adjusted idling speed	Adjust the idling speed	
Injection nozzle	Injection nozzle injection starting pressure too low Improper spray condition	Adjust or replace the injection nozzle	
Fuel injection timing	Fuel injection timing improperly	Adjust the fuel injection timing	
Injection pump	Defective Delivery valve resulting is fuel drippage after fuel injection	Replace the delivery valve	
Valve clearance	Valve clearance improperly adjusted	Adjust the valve clearance	
Compression pressure	Blown out cylinder head gasket. Worn cylinder liner. Piston ring sticking	Replace the related parts	
Valve spring	Valve spring weak or broken Replace the valve spring		

5. EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Engine oil	Engine oil unsuitable Too much engine oil	Replace the engine oil Correct the engine oil level
Oil seal and gasket	Oil leakage from the oil seal and/or the gasket	Replace the oil seal and/or the gasket
Air breather	Clogged air breather	Clean the air breather
Intake and exhaust valve	Worn valve stems and valve guides	Replace the intake and exhaust valves and the valve guides

6. OVERHEATING

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Cooling water	Insufficient cooling water	Replenish the cooling water
Fan clutch	Oil leakage from the fan clutch	Replace the fan clutch
Fan belt	Fan belt loose or cracked causing slippage	Replace the fan belt
Radiator	Defective radiator cap or clogged radiator core	Replace the radiator cap or clean the radiator core
Water pump	Defective water pump	Repair or replace the water pump
Cylinder head and cylinder body sealing cap	Defective sealing cap resulting in water leakage	Replace the sealing cap
Thermostat	Defective thermostat	Replace the thermostat
Cooling system	Cooling system clogged by foreign material	Clean the foreign material from the cooling system
Fuel injection timing	Fuel injection timing improperly adjusted Adjust the fuel injection timing	

7. WHITE EXHAUST SMOKE

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Cooling water	Insufficient cooling water	Replace the cooling water
Fuel	Water particles in the fuel	Replace the fuel
Fuel injection timing	Delayed fuel injection timing Adjust the fuel injection timing	
Compression pressure	Blown out cylinder head gasket. Worn cylinder liner. Piston ring sticking	Replace the related parts
Inlet and exhaust valve Valves seals	Defective valve seals. Worn valves stems and valve guides	Replace the valve seals, the valves, and the valve guides

8. DARK EXHAUST SMOKE

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Air cleaner	Clogged air cleaner element	Clean or replace the air cleaner element
Injection nozzle	Injection nozzle injection starting pressure too low Improper spray condition	Adjust or replace the injection nozzle
Fuel injection timing	Fuel injection timing improperly adjusted Adjust the fuel injection timing	
Injection pump	Defective delivery valve resulting in fuel drippage after fuel injection Replace the delivery valve	
	Excessive injection volume	Adjust the injection volume

9. OIL PRESSURE DOES NOT RISE

Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Engine oil	Improper viscosity engine oil. Insufficient engine oil	Replace the engine oil Correct the engine oil volume
Oil pressure gauge or unit Oil pressure indicator light	Defective oil pressure gauge or unit Defective indicator light	Repair or replace the oil pressure gauge or unit Replace the indicator light
Oil filter	Clogged oil filter element	Replace the oil filter element or the oil filter cartridge
Relief valve and by- pass valve	Relief valve sticking and/or weak by-pass valve spring	Replace the relief valve and/or the by- pass valve spring
Oil pump	Clogged oil pump strainer	Clean the oil pump strainer
	Worn oil pump related parts	Replace the oil pump related parts
Rocker arm shaft	Worn rocker arm bushing	Replace the rocker arm bushing
Camshaft	Worn camshaft and camshaft bearing	Replace the camshaft and the camshaft bearing
Crankshaft and bearings	Worn crankshaft and bearings Replace the crankshaft and/o bearings	

10. ABNORMAL ENGINE NOISE

1. ENGINE KNOCKING

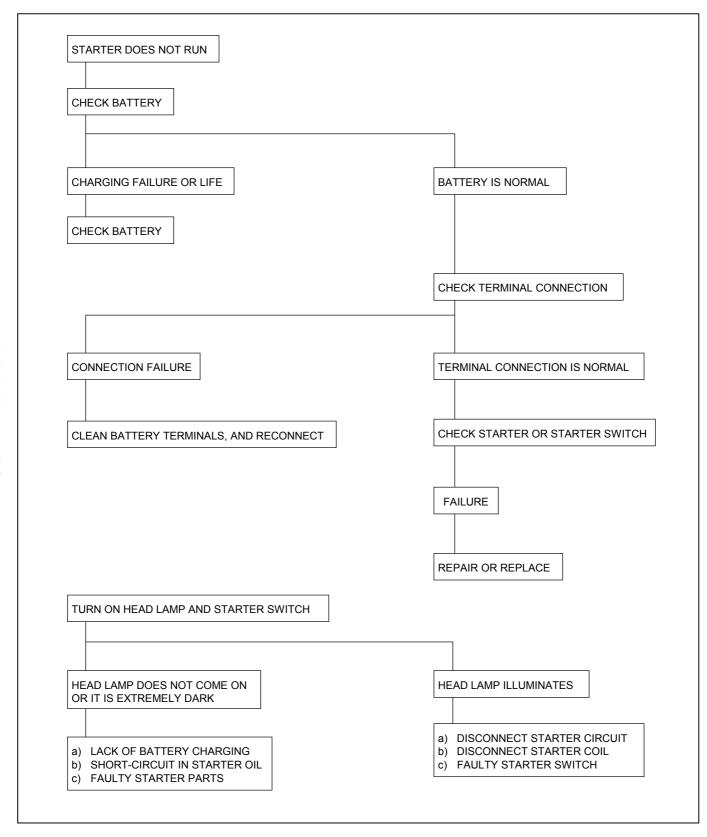
Check to see that the engine has been thoroughly warmed up before beginning the troubleshooting procedure.			
Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction	
Fuel	Fuel unsuitable	Replace the fuel	
Fuel injection timing	Fuel injection timing improperly adjusted	Adjust the fuel injection timing	
Injection nozzle	Improper injection nozzle starting pressure and spray condition	Adjust or replace the injection nozzle	
Compression pressure	Blown out head gasket	Replace the head gasket or the piston	
	Broken piston ring	ring	
2. GAS LEAKAGE	NOISE		
Exhaust pipes	Loosely connected exhaust pipes. Broken exhaust pipes	Tighten the exhaust pipe connections Replace the exhaust pipes	
Injection nozzles and/or glow plugs	Loose injection nozzles and/or glow plugs	Replace the washers Tighten the injection nozzles and/or the glow plugs	
Exhaust manifold	Loosely connected exhaust manifold and/or glow plugs	Tighten the exhaust manifold connections	
Cylinder head gasket	Damaged cylinder head gasket	Replace the cylinder head gasket	
3. CONTINUOUS N	IOISE		
Fan belt	Loose fan belt	Readjust the fan belt tension	
Cooling fan	Loose cooling fan	Retighten the cooling fan	
Water pump bearing	Worn or damaged water pump bearing	Replace the water pump bearing	
Generator or vacuum pump	Defective generator or vacuum pump Repair or replace the ger vacuum pump		
Valve clearance	Clearance improperly adjust Adjust the valve clearances		

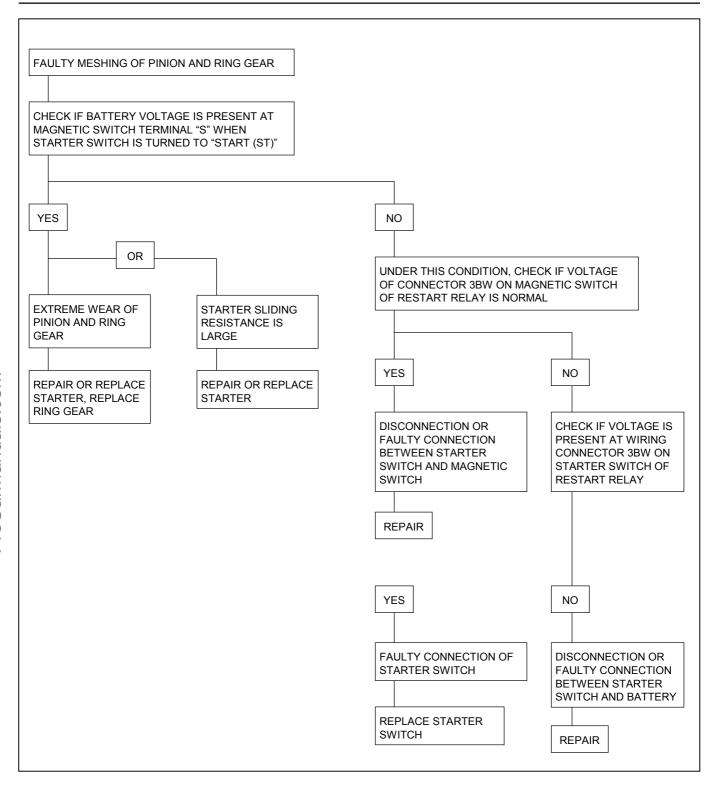
4. SLAPPING NOISE			
Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction	
Valve clearance	Valve clearance improperly adjusted	Adjust the valve clearance	
Rocker arm	Damaged rocker arm Replace the rocker arm		
Flywheel	oose flywheel bolts Retighten the flywheel bolts		
Crankshaft and thrust bearings	Worn or damaged crankshaft and/or thrust bearings	Replace the crankshaft and/or the thrust bearings	
Crankshaft and connecting rod bearings	Worn or damaged crankshaft and/or connecting rod bearings	Replace the crankshaft and/or the connecting rod bearings	
Connecting rod bushing and piston pin	Worn or damaged connecting rod bushing and piston pin	Replace the connecting rod bushing and/or the piston pin	
Piston and cylinder liner	Worn or damaged piston and cylinder liner.	Replace the piston and the cylinder liner.	

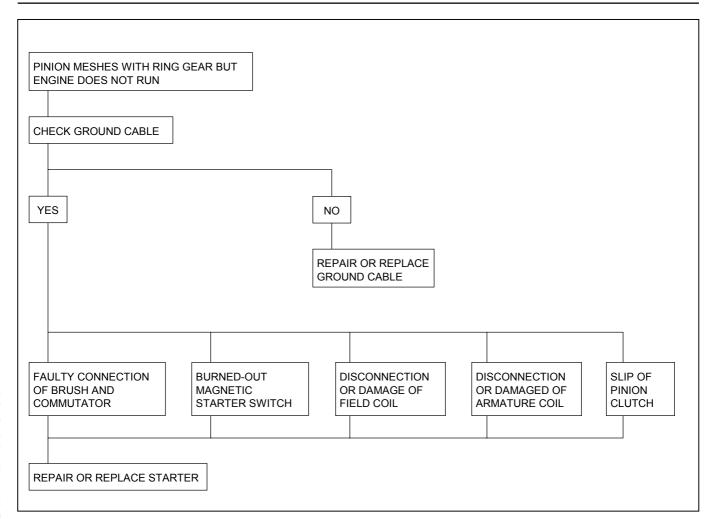
11. ENGINE COOLING TROUBLE

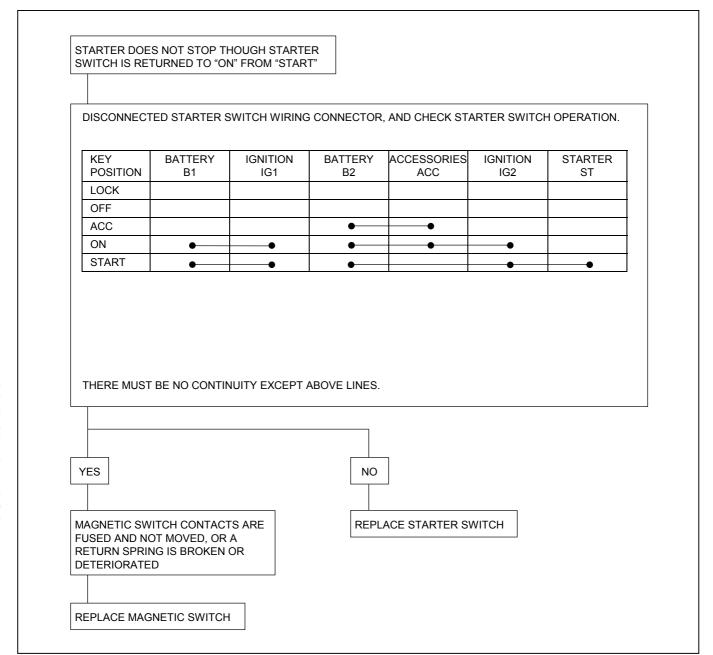
Checkpoint	Possible cause	Correction
Engine overheating	Low coolant level	Replenish
	Thermo unit faulty	Replace
	Faulty thermostat	Replace
	Faulty coolant unit	Repair or replace
	Clogged radiator	Clean or replace
	Faulty radiator cap	Replace
	Low engine oil level or use of improper engine oil	Replenish or change oil Replenish
	Damaged cylinder head gasket	Replace
	Clogged exhaust system	Clean exhaust system or replace faulty parts
	Loose fan belt	Adjust
	Excessive fuel injected	Adjust
	Improper injection timing	Adjust
Engine overcooling	Faulty thermostat Replace	
Too long engine	Faulty thermostat	Replace
warm-up time	Thermo unit faulty	Replace

12. ENGINE ELECTRICAL PART TROUBLE



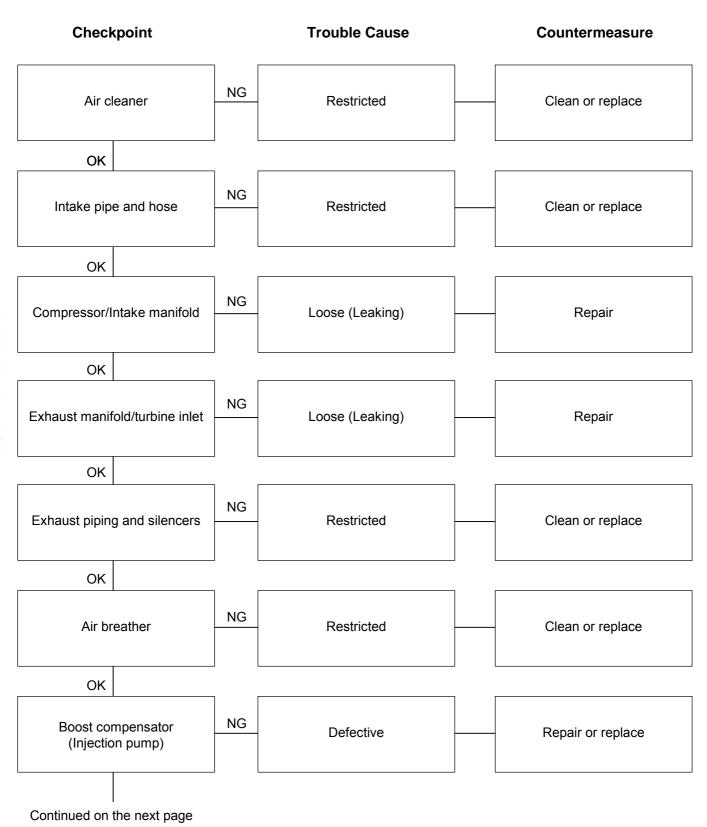


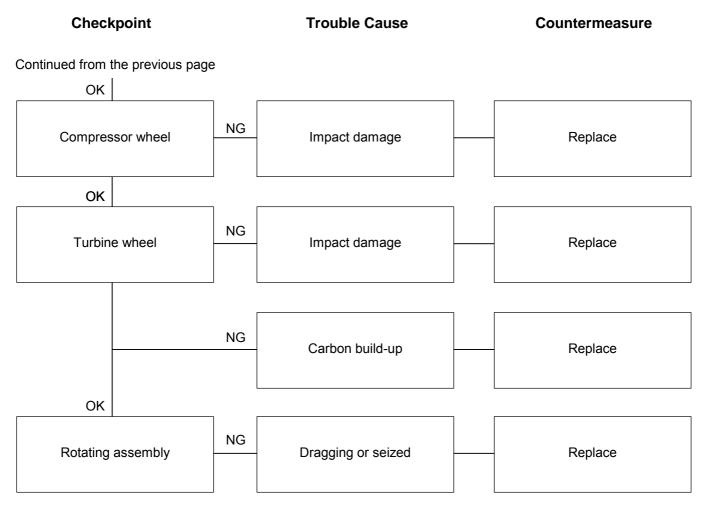




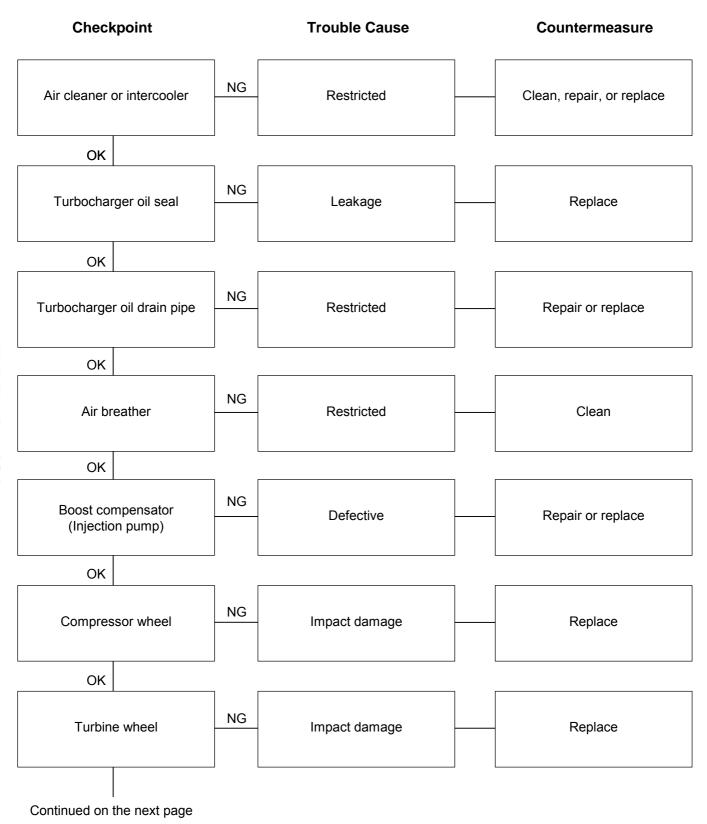
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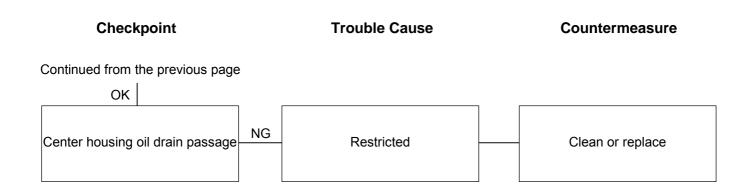
13. TURBOCHARGER 1) ENGINE HAS LESS THAN NORMAL POWER



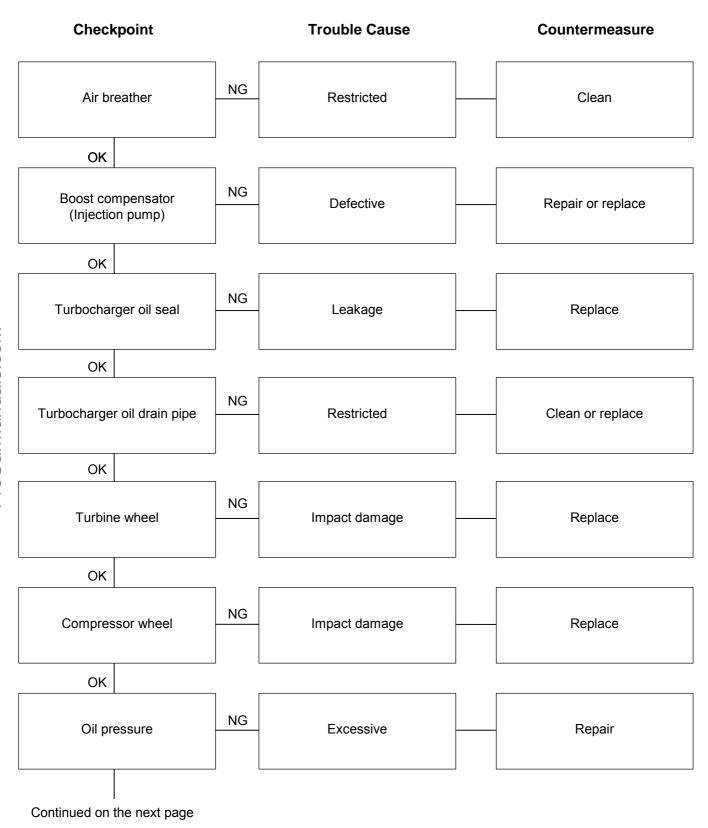


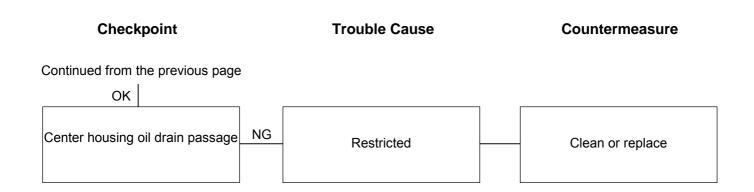
2) BLUE OR BLACK SMOKE



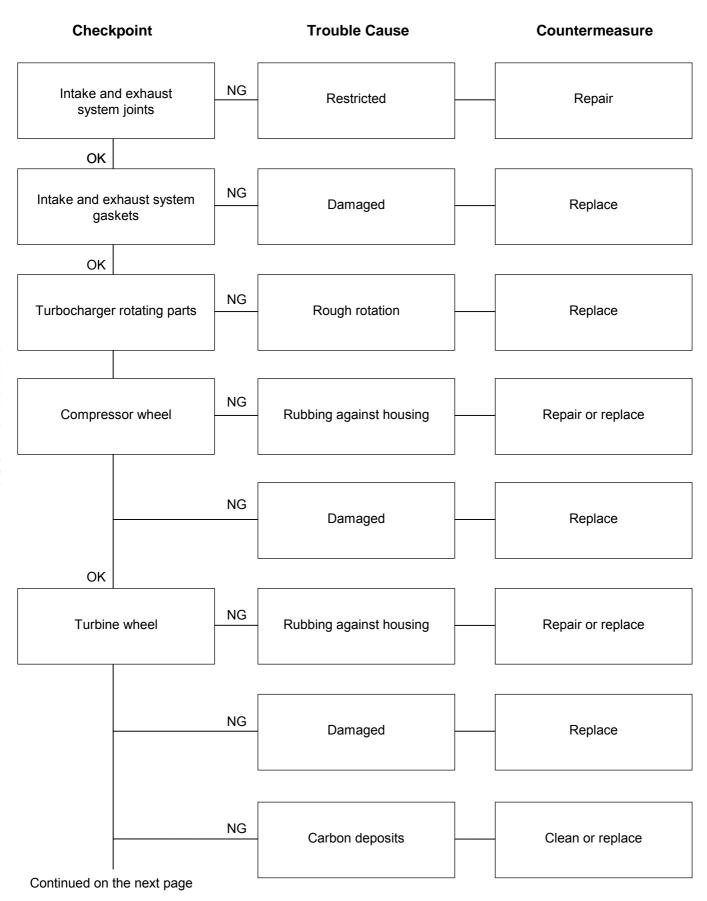


3) EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION



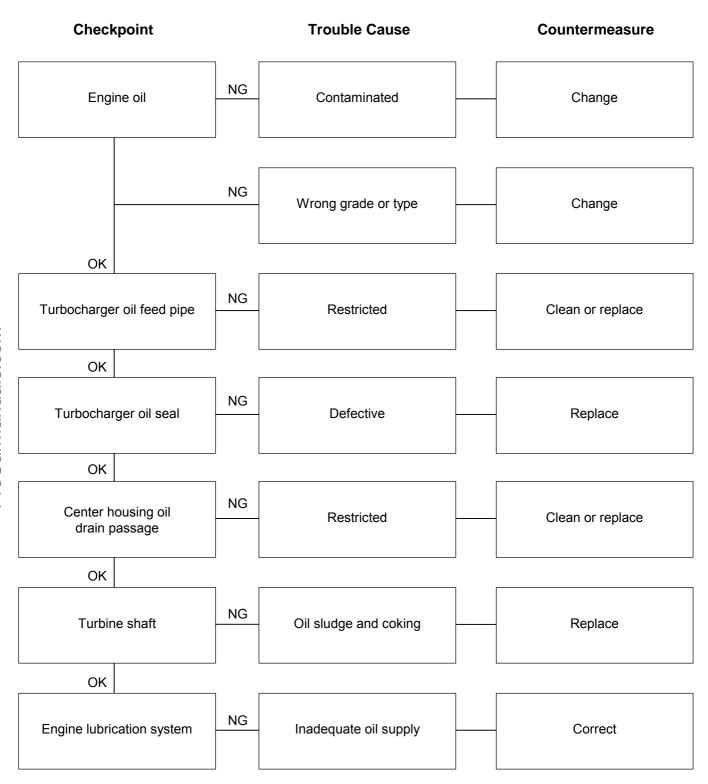


4) EXCESSIVE TURBOCHARGER NOISE

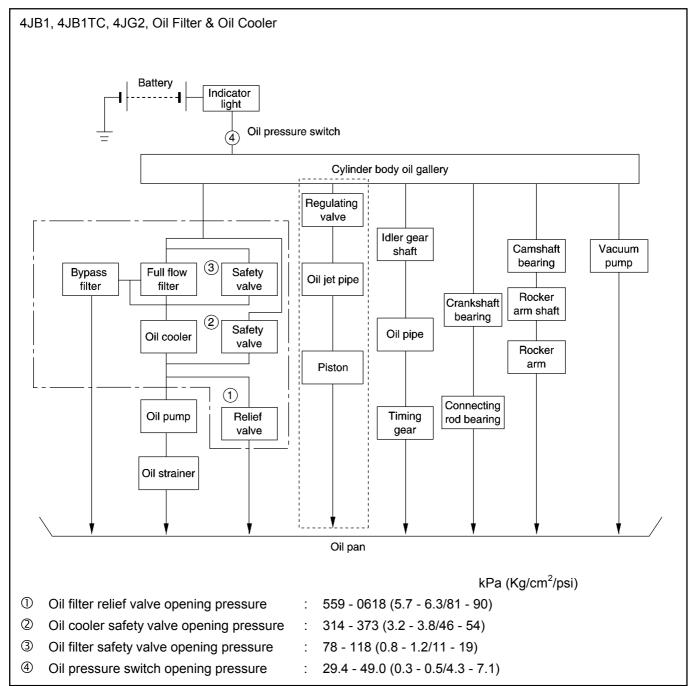


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5) EXCESSIVE ROTATING PART WEAR



LUBRICATION CHART



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The 4J Series engine lubricating system is a full flow type.

Lubricating oil is pumped from the oil pump to the cylinder body oil gallery through the oil cooler and the oil filter (replaceable type oil filters have on oil cooler). It is then delivered to the vital parts of the engine from the cylinder body oil gallery.

MAIN DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS

MAIN DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Model	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	4JG2 (G. EXP & EC)
item		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Engine type	Four-cycle, overhead	
Combustion chamber type	Direct injection	In direct injection
Cylinder liner type	Dry type, chrome plate	ed, stainless steel tube
Timing train system	Gear drive	Gear and Belt Drive
No. of cylinders - Bore x stroke mm (in)	4 - 93 x 102 (3.66 x 4.02)	4 - 95.4 x 107 (3.76 x 4.21)
No. of piston rings	Compression rin	gs: 2 / Oil ring: 1
Total piston displacement cm ³ (in ³)	2,771 (169.0)	3,059 (186.6)
Compression ratio (to 1)	18.2 (4JB1) 18.1 (4JB1T/4JB1TC)	20.1
Compression pressure kPa (kg/cm²/psi)	3,038 (31 / 441)	3,334 (34 / 483.8) (For EC 2,363 (24.1 / 531))
Engine weight (Dry) N (kg/lb)	Approximately 2,245 (229 / 505) (4JB1) 2,511 (256 / 564) (4JB1T/4JB1TC)	Approximately 2,403 (245 / 540)
Fuel injection order	1 - 3 - 4 - 2	
Fuel injection timing deg	BTDC 14 (4JB1) BTDC 12 ('91/542A) (4JB1) BTDC 11 (4JB1T) BTDC 4 (4JB1TC)	ATDC 1 (Belt '91/542A) TDC 0° (Belt '91/542B) ATDC 2 (Gear '91/542A)
Specified fuel type	SAE No. 2	diesel fuel
Idling speed rpm	750 - 790	700 – 740
Valve clearances (At cold): Intake mm(in)	0.40 (0.016)
Exhaust mm(in)	0.40 (0.016)
Valve clearances (At hot): Intake mm(in)	0.45 (0.018)	
Exhaust mm(in)	0.45 (0.018)	
Intake valves Open at (BTDC) deg	24	l.5
Close at (ATDC) deg	55.5	
Exhaust valves Open at (BTDC) deg	54	
Close at (ATDC) deg	2	6

NOTE: G.EXP : General Export Model

EC : European Countries Emission Gas Control Standard

'91/542A : Euro 1 '91/542B : Euro 2

Item	Engine Model	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	4JG2 (G. EXP & EC)
Lubricating system			<u> </u>
Lubrication method		Pressurized	d circulation
Specified engine oil (API grade)		CC (4JB1) CD (4JB1T/4JB1TC)	CC
Oil pump type		Ge	ear
Oil filter type		Disposable cartridge (S	Spin-on) Paper element
Oil capacity (Including oil filter) lit (US/UK gal)		6.6 - 7.1 (1.74 - 1) (For EC 6.2 - 8.2 (2.1)	,
Oil cooler type		Water	cooled
Fuel system			
Injection pump type		Bosch di	istributor
Governor type		Mechanical (Partially variable s	peed) (For EC Variable speed)
Injection nozzle type		Hole	Pinttle
Injection nozzle opening pressure	kPa (kg/cm²/psi)	18,142 (185 / 2,631) (4JB1/4JB1T)	14,710 (150/2,133)
		1st: 19,500 (199 / 2,830) 2nd: 26,500 (270 / 3,840) (4JB1TC)	
Main fuel filter type		Cartridge paper eleme	nt and water separator
Air cleaner type		Dry paper element	
Generator capacity	V-A (W)	12 - 40 (480) and 12 - 50 (600)	12 - 50 (600) (For EC 12 - 60 (720))
Starter motor output	V-kW	12 - 2.0 and 12 - 2.2	12 - 2.2 (For EC 12 - 2.0)
Turbocharger		IHI RHB5 (4JB1T) IHI RHF4 (4JB1TC)	

Engine Cooling

Cooling system		Coolant forced circulation
Radiator		(2 tube in row) Tube type Corrugated
Heat radiation capacity	kcal/h	71400
Heat radiation area	m^2 (ft ²)	11.78 (126.8)
Front area	$m^2 (ft^2)$	0.216 (2.325)
Dry weight	N (Kg/lb)	105 (10.7/23.6)
Radiator cap	` ,	, ,
Valve opening pressure	kPa (Kg/cm²/psi)	88.2 - 116.7 (0.899 - 1.199/12.78 - 17.05)
Coolant capacity	lit (Imp.qt./US qt.)	3.1 (2.73/3.28)
. ,	() ()	(For EC 5.8 (5.1/6.13))
Coolant pump		
Pulley type		Centrifugal impeller type
Pulley ratio		1.2
Thermostat type		wax pellet with jiggle valve.
		Without jiggle valve (Thailand only)
Valve opening	°C (°F)	82 (180)
Valve full open	°C (°F)	95 (203)
Coolant total capacity	lit (Imp.qt./US qt.)	10 (8.80/10.57) (For EC 7.3 (6.42/7.71))

Starting System

Manufacturer		DENSO	
Engine Model		4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	4JG2 (G.EXP & EC)
Rating			
Voltage	V	12	
Output	kW	2.0	2.2
Time	Sec	30	
Number of tooth of pinion	n	9	
Rotating direction (as viewed from pinion)		Clockwise	
Weight (approx.)	kg	4.6	5.4
No-load characteristics			
Voltage/current	V/A	11.5/100 or less	
Speed	rpm	3700 or more	
Load characteristics			
Voltage/current	V/A	7.5/500 or less	
Torque	N•m(Kg•m/lb•ft)	13.7 (1.4/10.1)	
Speed	rpm	1200 or more	1400 or more
Locking characteristics			
Voltage/current	V/A	2.4/800 or less	2.0/850 or less
Torque	N•m(Kg•m/lb•ft)	18 (1.8/13) or more	16 (1.6/12) or more

Charging System

Manufacturer		HITACHI LR150-449B	DENSO
Rated voltage	V	12	12
Rated output	А	50	40
Rotating direction (As viewed from pulley)		Clockwise	Clockwise
Pulley effective diameter	mm (in)	80 (3.15)	82 (3.23)
Weight (with pump)	kg (lb)	6.0 (13.27) 4JB1TC for G.E 4JB1TC for EC	6.7 (14.77) 4JB1TC for Thailand

SERVICE STANDARD

Engine Mechanical

		Service standard		Service limit		
Parts	Items	4JG2	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	4JG2	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	Remarks
Cylinder Head	Cylinder head deck, and exhaust manifold mating surface for flatness	0.05 (0.00	0.05 (0.002) or less		0.2 (0.0079)	
	Cylinder head height	92.0 (3.622)	91.55 (3.6043)		Cannot be Reground
	Cylinder Head Lower Face Warpage.	0.05 (0.00	02)or less	0.20 (0.008)		
	Manifold Warpage.	0.05 (0.00	2) or less	0.20 (0.008)	
	Hot plug sinking			0.02 (0	0.0008)	
	Hot plug exert pressure	4,500 – (9922.5 - 1	5,500 kg 2127.5 lbs)		-	
Valve Spring	Free height	48.0 (1.891)	47.10	(1.856)	
Opining	Squareness		-	1.7 (0	0.067)	
	Spring tension N (kg/lb)	296 (30	.2/66.4)	257.9 (2	6.3/57.9)	At installed height 38.9 (1.531)
Valve and Valve Guide	Diameter Valve Stem IN EX Valve and valve guide clearance IN EX Valve guide upper end height (Measured from the Cylinder head upper face) Valve guide margin Valve thickness IN EX Valve seat contact surface angle	7.921 (0.3118 0.039 (0.0015 0.064 (0.0025 13.0 (1.1 (0 1.41 (0.0556) 1.39 (0.0547)	- 0.3134) - 7.936 - 0.3124) - 0.069 - 0.0027)	7.850 (i 0.200 (i 0.250 (i	0.3102) 0.3090) 0.0079) 0.0098) - .0630) 1.5 (0.06) 1.5 (0.06)	
	Valve seat contact width IN		.0669)		.0866)	

						mm (in)
		Service standard		Servic	ce limit	
Parts	Items	4JG2	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	4JG2	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	Remarks
Push rod	Curvature	-	-	0.4 (0.015	57) or less	
Camshaft	End play	0.08 (0).0031)	0.2 (0	.0079)	
	Cam lobe height	42.02 (1.6543)	41.65 (1.6397)	
	Journal diameter	49.945 - 49.975	(1.9663-1.9675)	49.60 (1.9527)	
	Runout	0.02 (0.00	08) or less	0.10 (0	0.0039)	
	Camshaft bearing inside diameter		- 50.030 - 1.9697)	50.08(1.9716)	
	Camshaft oil clearance		- 0.085 0.00334)	0.12 (0).0047)	
Tappet	Outside diameter	12.97 - 12.99 (0).5106 - 0.5114)	12.95 (0.5098)	
	Oil clearance (Between tappet and cylinder body)	0.03 (0).0118)	0.10 (0	0.0039)	
Rocker arm Assembly	Rocker shaft outside diameter		- 19.00 - 0.7480)	18.90 (0.7440)	
Assembly	Rocker arm inside diameter		- 19.060 - 0.7504)	19.10 (0.7520)	
	Oil clearance (Between rocker arm and rocker shaft)	0.06 - 0.08 (0.00235 - 0.00315)		0.10 (0.004)	
	Rocker shaft runout		-	0.2 (0.0079) or less		
Oil pump	Oil clearance Body and gear	0.14 (0.0055)	0.13 - 0.14 (0.0051-0.0055)	0.20 (0.0079)	0.15 (0.0059)	
	Body cover and gear	0.06 (0.0024)	0.02 - 0.07 (0.0008-0.0028)	0.15 (0).0059)	
Crankshaft	Thrust clearance	0.10 (0	0.0039)	0.30 (0.018)	
	Main bearing clearance (Between main bearing and Crankshaft)	0.031-0.063 (0.0012-0.0025)	0.035-0.080 (0.0014-0.0032)		11 043)	
	Crankshaft runout	0.05 (0.00197) or less		0.08 (0.0031)		
	Main journal diameter	69.917 - 69.932 (2.7526 - 2.7532)		69.91 (2.7524)		
	Crankshaft pin diameter	52.915 - 52.930	(2.0833 - 2.0839)	52.90 (2.0827)		
	Crankshaft Journal and Crank Pin uneven wear	0.05 (0.002) or less		0.08 (0.003)		
	Crank Pin and Bearing Clearance.	0.029 - 0.066 (0).0011 - 0.0026)	0.100 (0.0039)	

	Γ			1	T	Т	mm (in)
			Service :	standard	Servio	ce limit	
Parts	Items		4JG2	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	4JG2	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	Remarks
Piston, Piston pin, Piston ring and Connect-	Piston diameter Piston Clearance (Between piston and Cylinder liner)		(3.7545-3.9039) 0.047 - 0.065	92.985 - 93.024 (3.6600-3.6623) 0.025 - 0.045 (0.0010-0.0018)		-	
ing rod	Piston ring gap	1st	0.20 - 0.35 (0.0079 – 0.0138)	0.20 - 0.40 (0.0079 – 0.0157)	1.5 (0	.0591)	
		2nd	0.37 - 0.52 (0.0146 - 0.0205)	0.20 - 0.40 (0.0079 - 0.00157)	1.5 (0	.0591)	
		Oil	0.20 - 0.40 (0.0079 - 0.00157)	0.10 - 0.30 (0.0039 - 0.0118)	1.5 (0	.0591)	
	Piston ring clearance	1st	0.09 - 0.13 (0.0035 - 0.0051)	0.090 - 0.125 (0.0035 - 0.0049)			
		2nd	0.05 - 0.09 (0.002 - 0.0035)	0.050 - 0.075 (0.0020 - 0.0030)	0.15 (0).0059)	
		Oil		- 0.0028)		0.0059)	
	Piston pin diameter			30.995 - 31.000 (1.2202-1.2204)	33.970 (1.3374)	30.970 (1.2190)	
	Fitting interference (Between connecting rod and piston pin)		0.008 - (0.0003 -		0.05 (0	0.0020)	
	Fitting interference (Between piston and piston pin)		0.002 - (0.0001 -		0.04 (0).0016)	
	Connecting rod alignment E	Bend	0.08 (0.00	31) or less	0.20 (0	0.0079)	Per 100 (3.94)
	7	Γwist	0.05 (0.00)	20) or less	0.15 (0	0.0059)	Per 100 (3.94)
	Piston pin and Connec Rod Bushing Clearance			- 0.020 - 0.0008)	0.050 (0.0020)	(3.94)
	Connecting rod thrust clearance		0.230 (0.0091)	0.35 (0).0138)	
	Oil clearance (Between crank pin and Connecting rod)	d	0.029 -0.083 (0.0014 - 0.0033)	0.029 - 0.066 (0.0011 - 0.0026)	0.100 (0.0039)	

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		Service :	Service standard		e limit	
Parts	Items	4JG2	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	4JG2	4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	Remarks
Cylinder Block	Warpage (Upper surface of the cylinder block)		-	0.20 (0	0.0079)	
	Cylinder bore diameter	97.000 - 97.040 (3.8189 - 3.8205)	95.011 - 95.040 (3.7406 - 3.7417)			
	Cylinder liner projection	0.0-0 (0.00-0	-0.1 0.0039)			
	Cylinder liner inside diameter	95.420 - 95.460 (3.7567 - 3.7583)	93.020 - 93.060 (3.6622 - 3.6638)			
	Cylinder liner outside diameter	97.011-97.050 (3.8193 - 3.8209)	95.011 - 95.050 (3.7405 - 3.7421)			

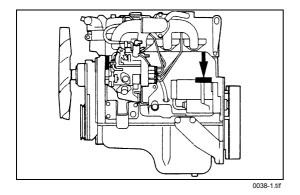
SERVICING

Servicing refers to general maintenance procedures to be performed by qualified service personnel.



Engine Serial Number

The engine number is stamped on the front left hand side of the cylinder body.



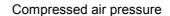
AIR CLEANER

Dry Type Paper Element

Element cleaning procedures will vary according to the condition of the element.

Dust fouled Element

Rotate the element with your hand while applying compressed air to the inside of the element. This will blow the dust free.



kPa (kg/cm² /Psi)

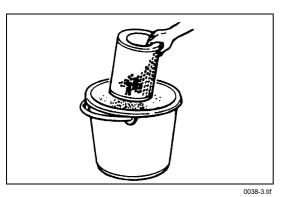
392 - 490 (4 - 5/57 - 71)



0038-2.tit

CAUTION

Do not bang the element against another object in an attempt to clean it. Damage to the element will result.

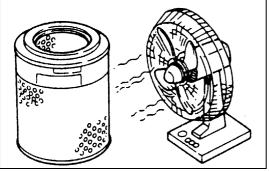


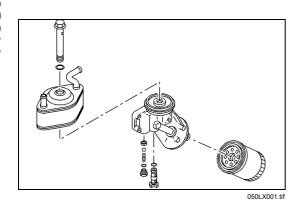
Carbon and Dust Fouled Element

- 1. Prepare a cleaning solution of Isuzu Genuine Element Cleaner (Donaldson D1400) diluted with water.
- 2. Submerge the element in the solution for twenty minutes.









0039-4 tif

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3. Remove the element from the solution and rinse it well with running water.

Water pressure must not exceed 274 kPa (2.8 kg/cm² /40Psi)

4. Dry the element in a well ventilated area. An electric fan will hasten drying.

NOTE:

Do not use compressed air or an open flame to dry the element quickly. Damage to the element will result. It will usually take two or three days for the element to dry completely. Therefore, it is a good idea to have a spare on hand to use in the interim.

LUBRICATING SYSTEM

Main Oil Filter (Cartridge Type Paper Element) **Replacement Procedure**

- 1. Loosen the used oil filter by turning it counterclockwise with the filter wrench.
- 2. Clean the oil filter fitting face. This will allow the new oil filter to seat properly.
- 3. Apply a light coat of engine oil to the O-ring.
- 4. Turn in the new oil filter until the filter O-ring is fitted against the sealing face.
- 5. Use the filter wrench to turn in the filter an additional 1 and 1/4 turns.

Filter Wrench: 5-8840-0200-0 (89mm/3.5in)

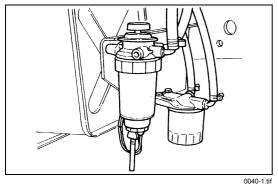
5-8840 0202-0 (106mm/4.2in) 5-8840-2209-0 (100.6mm/4.0in)

6. Check the engine oil level and replenish to the specified level if required.

Replenishment Engine Oil lit (Imp qt/US qt)

0.7 (0.62/0.74)

7. Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the main oil filter.



Fuel Filter

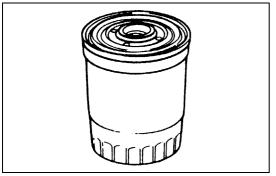
FUEL SYSTEM

Replacement Procedure

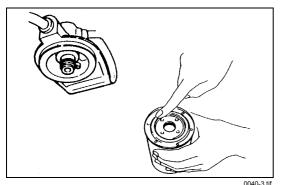
1. Loosen the used fuel filter by turning it counterclockwise with the filter wrench. Filter Wrench: 5-8840-0253-0 (J-22700)



2. Clean the filter cover fitting faces. This will allow the new fuel filter to seat properly.



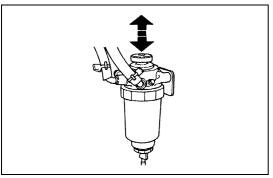
0040-2.tif



- 3. Turn in the fuel filter until the sealing face comes in contact.
- 4. Turn in the fuel filter an additional 2/3 of a turn with a filter wrench.

Filter Wrench: 5-8840-0253-0 (J-22700)



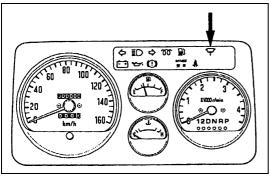


0040-4.tif

- 5. Loosen the bleeder plug on the injection pump overflow valve.
- 6. Operate the priming pump until fuel begins to flow from the fuel filter.
- 7. Retighten the bleeder plug.
- 8. Operate the priming pump several times and check for fuel leakage.

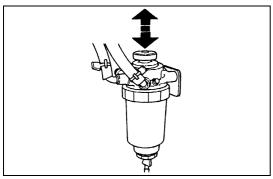
NOTE:

The use of an ISUZU genuine fuel filter is strongly recommended.

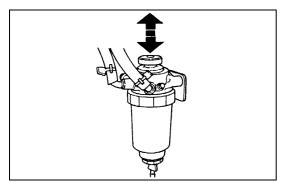


Procedure | Fuel Filter Water Draining Procedure

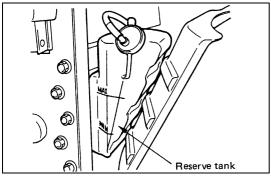
The indicator light will come on when the water level in the water separator exceeds the specified level. Drain the water and foreign material from the water separator with the following procedure.



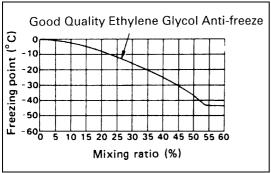
0041-2.tif



0041-3.tit



0041-4.tif



0042-1.tif

- 1. Find a safe place to park the vehicle.
- 2. Open the engine hood and place a container (Approximately 0.2 liter capacity) at the end of the vinyl hose beneath the drain plug on the separator.
- Loosen the drain plug by turning it counterclockwise (Approximately 5 turns) and operate the priming pump up and down about 10 times until water is drained approximately 0.1 liter.
- 4. After draining, securely tighten the drain plug by turning it clockwise and operate the priming pump manually up and down several times.
- 5. After starting the engine, check to see that there is no fuel leak from the drain plug. Also check to see that the fuel filter water indicator light has turned off. If water separator requires frequent draining, have the fuel tank drained for removal of water at your Isuzu Dealer.

Air Bleeding

- 1. Loosen the bleeder screw on the injection pump overflow valve.
- 2. Operate the priming pump until fuel mixed with foam flows from the bleeder screw.
- 3. Tighten the bleeder screw.
- 4. Operate the priming pump several times and check for fuel leakage.

COOLING SYSTEM

Coolant Level

Check the coolant level and replenish the radiator reserve tank as necessary.

If the coolant level falls below the "MIN" line, carefully check the cooling system for leakage. Then add enough coolant to bring the level up to the "MAX" line.

Engine coolant change procedure

1. To change engine coolant, make sure that the engine is cool.

WARNING:

When the coolant is heated to a high temperature, be sure not to loosen or remove the radiator cap. Otherwise you might get scalded by hot vapor or boiling water. To open the radiator cap, put a piece of thick cloth on the cap and loosen the cap slowly to reduce the pressure when the coolant has become cooler.

Open radiator cap and drain the cooling system by loosening the drain valve on the radiator and on the cylinder body.

NOTE:

For best result it is suggested that the engine cooling system be flushed at least once a year. it is advisable to flush the interior of the cooling system including the radiator before using antifreeze (ethylene-glycol based).

Replace damaged rubber hoses as the engine anti-freeze coolant is liable to leak out even minor cracks. Isuzu recommends to use Isuzu genuine anti-freeze (ethylene-glycol based) or equivalent, for the cooling system and not add any inhibitors or additives.

CAUTION:

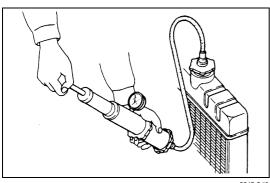
A failure to correctly fill the engine cooling system in changing or topping up coolant may sometimes cause the coolant to overflow from the filler neck even before the engine and radiator are completely full. If the engine runs under this condition, shortage of coolant may possibly result in engine overheating. To avoid such trouble, the following precautions should be taken in filling the system.

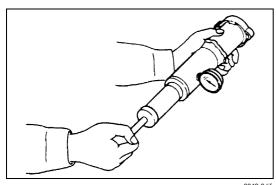
- 3 To refill engine coolant, pour coolant up to filler neck using a filling hose which is smaller in outside diameter of the filler neck. Othewise air between the filler neck and the filling hose will block entry, preventing the system from completely filling up.
- 4 Keep a filling rate of 9 liter/min. or less. Filling over this maximum rate may force air inside the engine and radiator. And also, the coolant overflow will increase, making it difficult to determine, whether or not the system is completely full.
- 5 After filling the system to the full, pull out the filling hose and check to see if air trapped in the system is dislodged and the coolant level goes down. Should the coolant level go down, repeat topping-up until there is no more drop in the coolant level.
- 6 After directly filling the radiator, fill the reservoir to the maximum level.
- 7 Install and tighten radiator cap and start the engine. After idling for 2 to 3 minutes, stop the engine and reopen radiator cap. If the water level is lower, replenish.

WARNING:

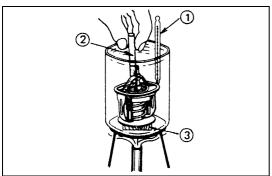
When the coolant is heated to a high temperature, be sure not to loosen or remove the radiator cap. Otherwise you might get scalded by hot vapor or boiling water. To open the radiator cap, put a piece of thick cloth on the cap and loosen the cap slowly to reduce the pressure when the coolant has become cooler.

- 8 After tightening radiator cap, warm up the engine at about 2,000 rpm. Set heater adjustment to the highest temperature position, and let the coolant circulate also into heater water system.
- 9 Check to see the thermostat has opened through the





0042-3.tif



- needle position of water thermomete, conduct a 5 minutes idling again and stop the engine.
- 10 When the engine has been cooled, check filler neck for water level and replenish if required. Should extreme shortage of coolant is found, Check the coolant system and reservoir tank hose for leakage.
- 11 Fill the coolant into the reservoir tank up to "MAX" line.

Cooling System Inspection

Install a radiator filler cap tester to the radiator. Apply testing pressure to the cooling system to check for leakage.

The testing pressure must not exceed the specified pressure. kPa (Kg/cm²/psi) **Testing Pressure**

147 (1.5/21)

Radiator Cap Inspection

The radiator filler cap is designed to maintain coolant pressure in the cooling system at 1.05 kg/cm² (15 psi / 103 kPa). Check the radiator filler cap with a radiator filler cap tester. The radiator filler cap must be replaced if it fails to hold the specified pressure during the test procedure.

Radiator Filler Cap Pressure

kPa (Kg/cm²/psi) Pressure Valve 88 - 118 (0.9 - 1.2/12.8 - 17.1)

kPa (Kg/cm²/psi) Negative Valve (Reference)

1.0 - 13.9 (0.01 - 0.04/0.14 - 0.57)

Thermostat Operating Test

- 1. Completely submerge the thermostat in water.
- 2. Heat the water.

Stir the water constantly by suitable wood bar (2) to avoid direct heat being applied use wood plate (3) to the thermostat.

3. Check the thermostat initial opening temperature.

Thermostat Initial

Opening Temperature

°C (°F)

82 (180)

4. Check the thermostat full opening temperature.

Thermostat Full

Opening Temperature

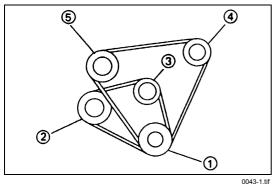
°C (°F)

95 (203)

Valve Lift at Fully Open Position

mm (in)

10 (0.39)



Drive Belt Adjustment



Depress the drive belt mid portion with a 98N (10 kg/22 lb) force.

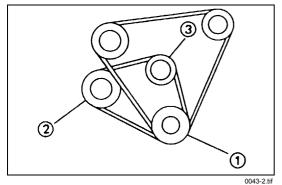
Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

10 (0.39)

Check the drive belt for cracking and other damage.

- Crankshaft damper pulley
- 2. Generator pulley
- Cooling fan pulley
- 4. Oil pump pulley or idler pulley
- 5. Compressor pulley or idle pulley



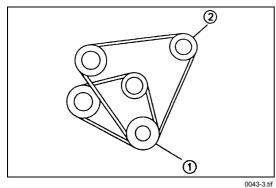
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Cooling Fan Pulley Drive Belt

Fan belt tension is adjusted by moving the generator.

Depress the drive belt mid portion with a 98N (10 kg/22 lb) force.

- 1. Crankshaft damper pulley
- 2. Generator pulley
- 3. Cooling fan pulley





Compressor Pulley Drive Belt

Move the idler pulley as required to adjust the compressor drive belt tension.

If the vehicle is equipped with power steering, move the oil pump as required.

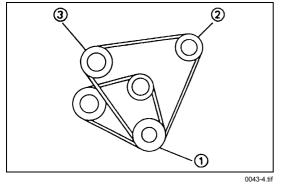
Depress the drive belt mid portion with a 98N (10 kg/22 lb) force.

Belt Deflection

mm (in)

14 - 17 (0.55 - 0.67)

- 1. Crankshaft damper pulley
- 2. Oil pump pulley or idler pulley



Power Steering Oil Pump Pulley Drive Belt

Move the oil pump as required to adjust the oil pump drive belt tension.

On air conditioner equipped models, both drive belts pulley must always be replaced as a set.

Depress the drive belt mid portion with a 98N (10 kg/22 lb) force.

Belt Deflection

mm (in)

14 - 17 (0.55 - 0.67)

- 1. Crankshaft damper pulley
- 2. Oil pump pulley
- 3. Compressor pulley or idler pulley

ENGINE CONTROL

Idling Speed Inspection

- 1. Set the vehicle parking brake and choke the drive wheels.
- 2. Place the transmission in neutral.
- 3. Start the engine and allow it to warm up.
- 4. Disconnect the engine control cable from the control lever.
- 5. Set a tachometer to the engine.
- Check the engine idling speed.
 If the engine idling speed is outside the specified range, it must be adjusted.

Engine Idling Speed				
4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	750 - 790			
4JG2	700 - 740			



- 1. Loosen the idling set bolt lock nut on the injection pump idling set bolt.
- 2. Adjust the idling speed to the specified range by turning the idling set bolt.
- 3. Lock the idling set bolt with the idling set bolt lock nut.
- 4. Check that the idling control cable is tight (free of slack).

If required, remove the slack from the cable.



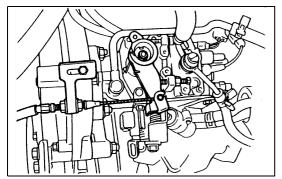
- 1. Loosen the accelerator cable clamp bolt.
- 2. Check that the idling control knob on the instrument panel is in the engine idling position.
- 3. Hold the accelerator lever in the fully closed position and stretch the control cable in the direction indicated by the arrow to remove any slack.



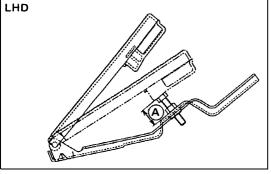
- 1. Loosen the lock nut.
- 2. Adjust bolt height from floor.

Adjust Bolt Height (A)

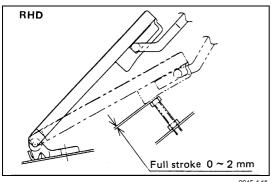




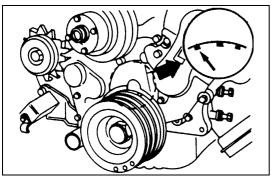
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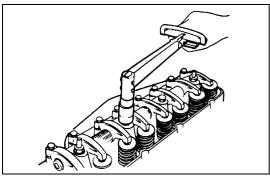
0044-2.tif



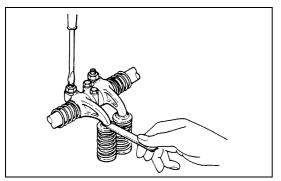
0045-1.tif



0045-2 tit



0045-3.tit



0045-4.tit

- 1. Hold the accelerator pedal pad securely by hand, and give it a full stroke.
- 2. Adjust the stopper bolt so that the clearance between the pad stopper bolt and the rear side of the pad becomes the specified length.

mm (in)

0 - 2(0 - 0.079)

- 3. Check to see if the accelerator pedal play is in the range of 5 to 10mm above the pedal pad.
- 4. Press down on the accelerator pedal fully and check to see if the engine rotates at its maximum speed with each of the linkage in the smooth operation.
- 5. In the operating range of accelerator pedal and the injection pump lever returns to their respective original positions without fail.

VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT

1. Bring the piston in either the No. 1 cylinder or the No. 4 cylinder to TDC on the compression stroke by turning the crankshaft until the crankshaft damper pulley TDC line is aligned with the timing pointer.

2. Check the rocker arm shaft bracket nuts for looseness.

Tighten any loose rocker arm shaft bracket nuts before adjusting the valve clearance.

Rocker Arm Shaft

Bracket Nut Torque

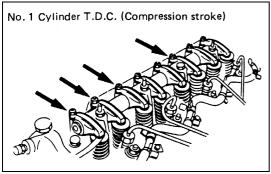
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

54 (5.5/40)

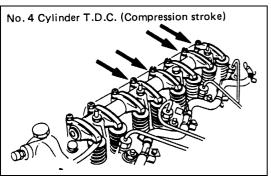
3. Check for play in the No. 1 intake and exhaust valve push rods.

If the No. 1 cylinder intake and exhaust valve push rods have play, the No. 1 piston is at TDC on the compression stroke.

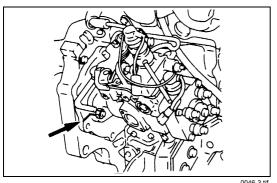
If the No. 1 cylinder intake and exhaust valve push rods are depressed, the No. 4 piston is at TDC on the compression stroke.



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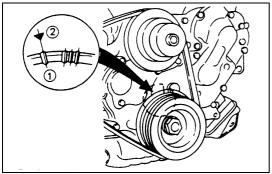
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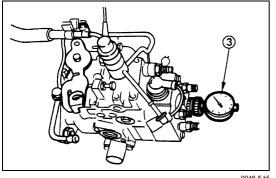
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0046-4.tif



0046-5.tif

Adjust the No. 1 or the No. 4 cylinder valve clearance while their respective cylinders are at TDC on the compression stroke.

Valve Clearance (At Cold)

mm (in)

0.4 (0.016)

- 4. Loosen each valve clearance adjusting screw as shown in the illustration.
- 5. Insert a feeler gauge of the appropriate thickness between the rocker arm and the valve stem end.
- 6. Turn the valve clearance adjusting screw until a slight drag can be felt on the feeler gauge.
- 7. Tighten the lock nut securely.
- 8. Rotate the crankshaft 360°.
- 9. Realign the crankshaft damper pulley TDC notched line with the timing pointer.
- 10. Adjust the clearance for the remaining valves as shown in the illustration.

∐ INJECTION TIMING ADJUSTMENT

1. Check that the notched line on the injection pump flange is aligned with the front plate or the timing gear case notched line.

2. Bring the piston in the No. ① cylinder to TDC 1 on the compression stroke by turning the crankshaft until the crankshaft pulley TDC line is aligned with the timing mark ②.

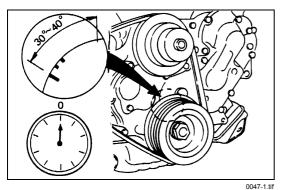
Note:

Check for play in the No. 1 intake and exhaust valve push rods.

If the No. 1 cylinder intake and exhaust valve push rods have play, the No. 1 piston is at TDC on the compression stroke.

- 3. Disconnect the injection pipe from the injection pump.
- 4. Remove one bolt from the distributor head.
- 5. Insert a screwdriver into a hole in the fast idle lever and turn the lever to release the W-C.S.D. function. (If so equipped)
- 6. Install the static timing gauge ③. The probe of the gauge should be depressed inward approximately 2 mm (0.079 in).

Static Timing Gauge: 5-8840-0145-0 (J-28827)

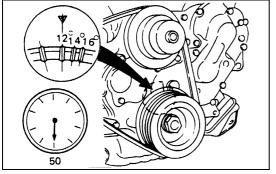




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- 7. Rotate the crankshaft to bring the piston in the No. 1 cylinder to a point 30 - 40° BTDC.
- 8. Set the timing gauge needle to zero.
- 9. Move the crankshaft pulley slightly in both directions to check that the gauge indication is stable.





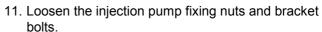
0047-2.tif

10. Turn the crankshaft clockwise and read the gauge indication when the crankshaft pulley timing mark is aligned with the pointer.

	mm (in)
4JB1	BTDC 14°
4JB1T	BTDC 11°
4JB1TC	BTDC 4°
4JG2	ATDC 2°

Standard Reading		mm (in)
	0.5 (0.02)	

If the injection timing is outside the specified range, continue with the following steps.



12. Adjust the injection pump setting angle.

	When large than standard value	When smaller than standard value
Gear drive	Α	В

A: Move the injection pump toward the engine.

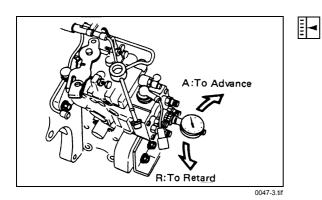
B: Move the injection pump away from the engine.

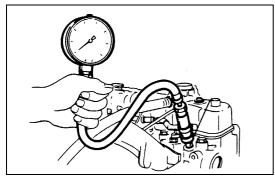
Tighten the pump fixing nut, adjust bolt and pump distributor head plug to the specified torque.

Pump Fixing Bolt		N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
	24 (2.4/17)	
Adjust Bolt		N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
	19 (1.9/14)	
Injection Pump		
Distributor Head Plug		N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
	17 (1.7/12)	
·	·	·

CAUTION

When installing the distributor head/plug, be sure to use new copper washer.

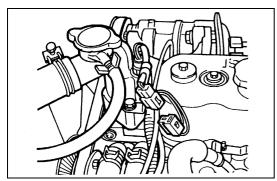




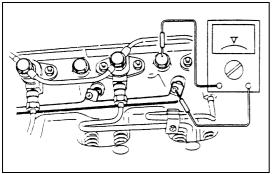
0048-1.

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0048-2.tif



0048-3.tif



0048-4.tif

COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASURE-MENT

- 1. Start the engine and allow it to idle until the coolant temperature reaches 70 80°C (158 176°F).
- 2. Remove the following parts.
 - * Glow plugs
 - * Fuel cut solenoid connector
 - * QOS (Quick-On Start System) fusible link wire at the connector.
- 3. Set the adapter and compression gauge to the No. 1 cylinder glow plug hole.

Compression Gauge

(with Adapter): 5-8840-2008-0 (J-29762)

Adapter: 5-8531-7001-0

4. Turn the engine over with the starter motor and take the compression gauge reading.

Compression	n Pressure at 200 rpm	kPa (Kg/cm²/psi)
	Standard	Limit
4JB1	3,038 (31/441)	2,157 (22/313)
4JG2	3,334 (34/484)	2,452 (25/356)

5. Repeat the procedure (Steps 3 and 4) for the remaining cylinders.

If the measured value is less than the specified limit, refer to "Troubleshooting" in this Manual.

QUICK-ON START II SYSTEM (4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC only)

Quick-On Start System Inspection Procedure

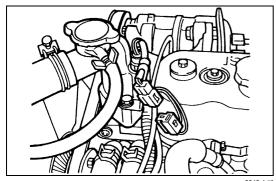
- 1. Disconnect the thermo-sensor connection on the thermostat outlet pipe.
- 2. Turn the starter switch to the "ON" position.

 If the Quick-On Start II System is operating properly, the glow relay will make a clicking sound within 15 seconds after the starter switch is turned on.
- 3. Measure the glow plug terminal voltage with a circuit tester immediately after turning the starter switch to the "ON" position.

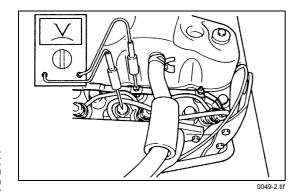
Glow Plug Terminal Voltage

V

Approx. 11







QUICK-ON START III SYSTEM (4JG2 only)

Quick-On Start System Inspection Procedure

- 1. Disconnect the thermo-sensor connection on the thermostat outlet pipe.
- Turn the starter switch to the "ON" position.
 If the Quick-On Start III System is operating properly, the glow relay will make a clicking sound within seven seconds after the starter switch is turned on.
- 3. Measure the glow plug terminal voltage with a circuit tester immediately after turning the starter switch to the "ON" position.

Glow Plug Terminal Voltage

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8 - 9

NOTE:

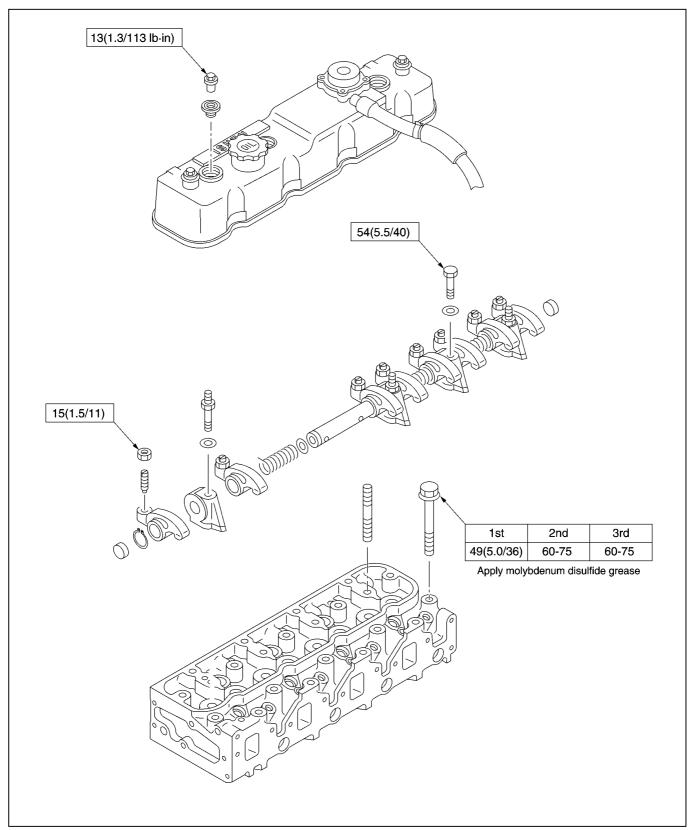
Electrical power to the quick-on start system will be cut after the starter has remained in the "ON" position for twenty seconds.

Turn the starter switch to the "OFF" position and back to the "ON" position.

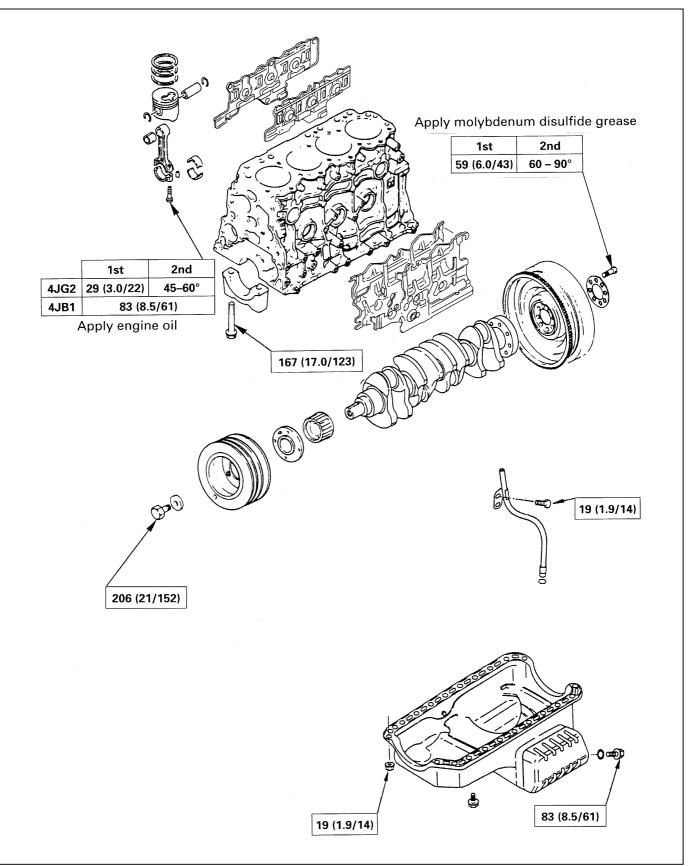
This will reset the Quick-On Start III System.

FIXING TORQUE

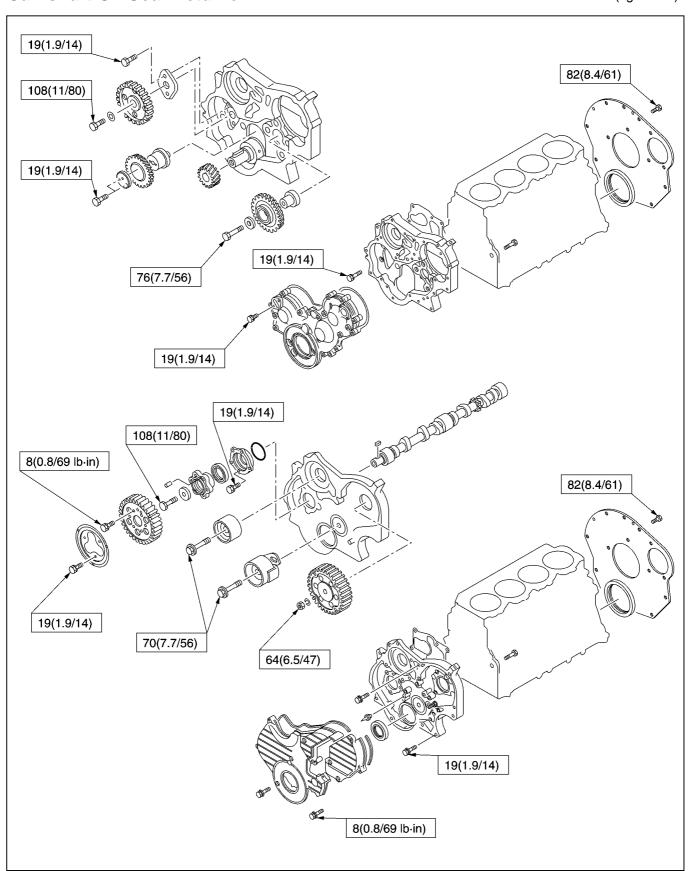
CYLINDER HEAD COVER, CYLINDER HEAD ROCKER, SHAFT BRAKER



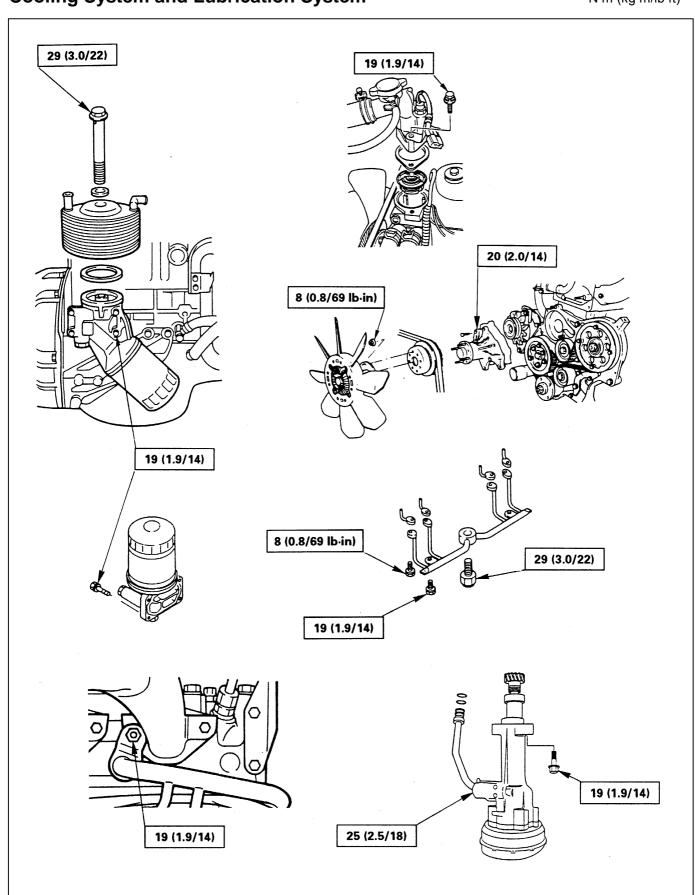
Crankshaft, Bearing Cap, Connecting Rod Bearing Cap, Crankshaft Damper Pulley, Flywheel, Oil Pan



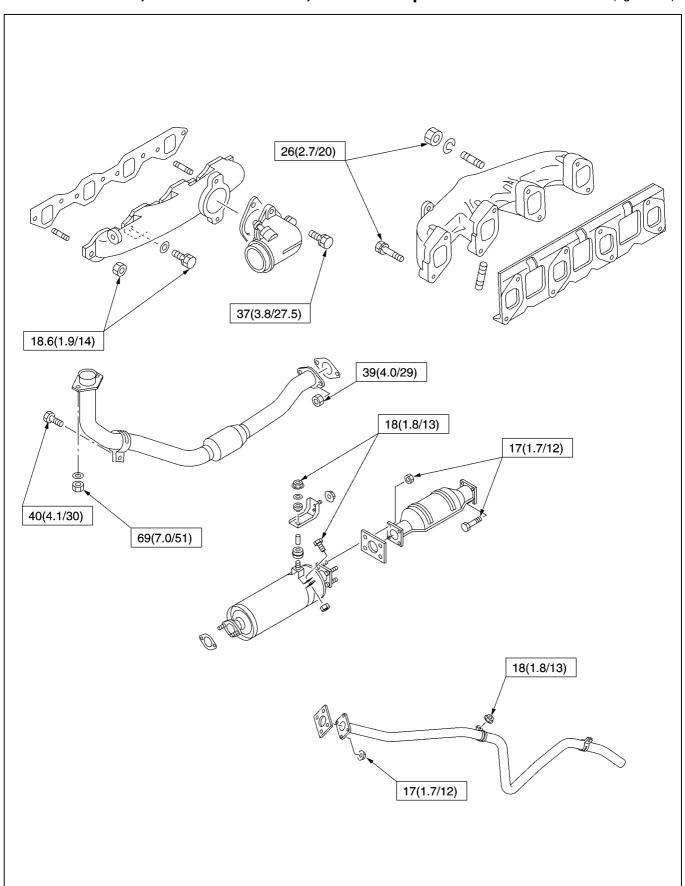
Timing Pulley Housing, Timing Pulley, Timing Gear, Camshaft Oil Seal Retainer

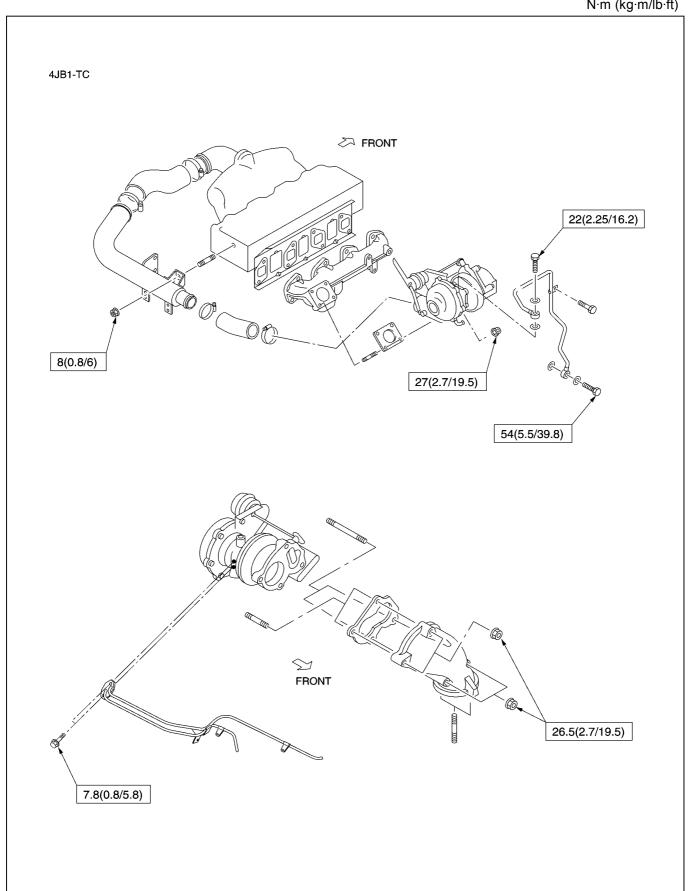


Cooling System and Lubrication System

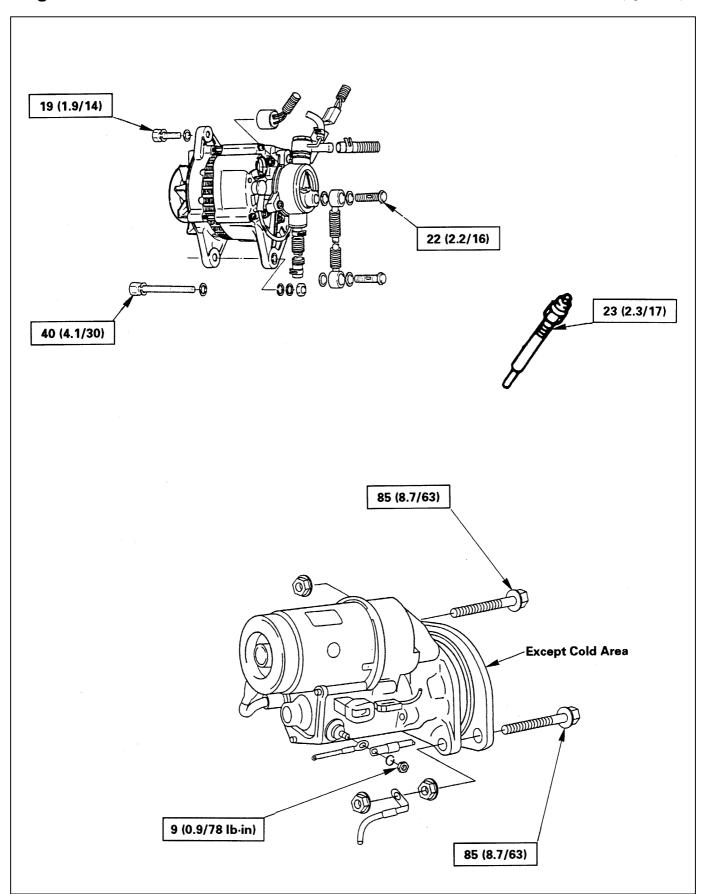


Intake Manifold, Exhaust Manifold, Exhaust Pipe

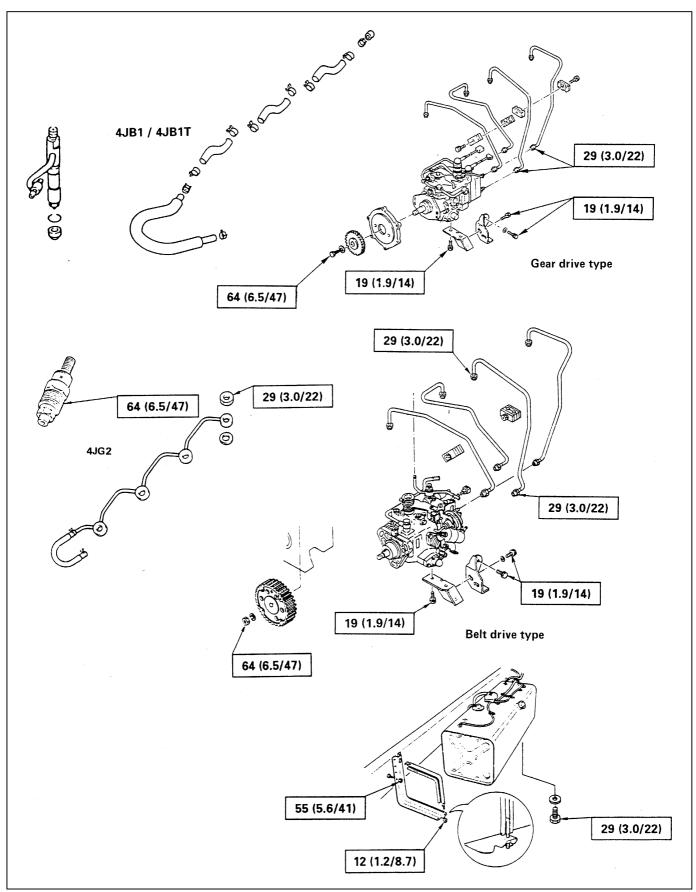




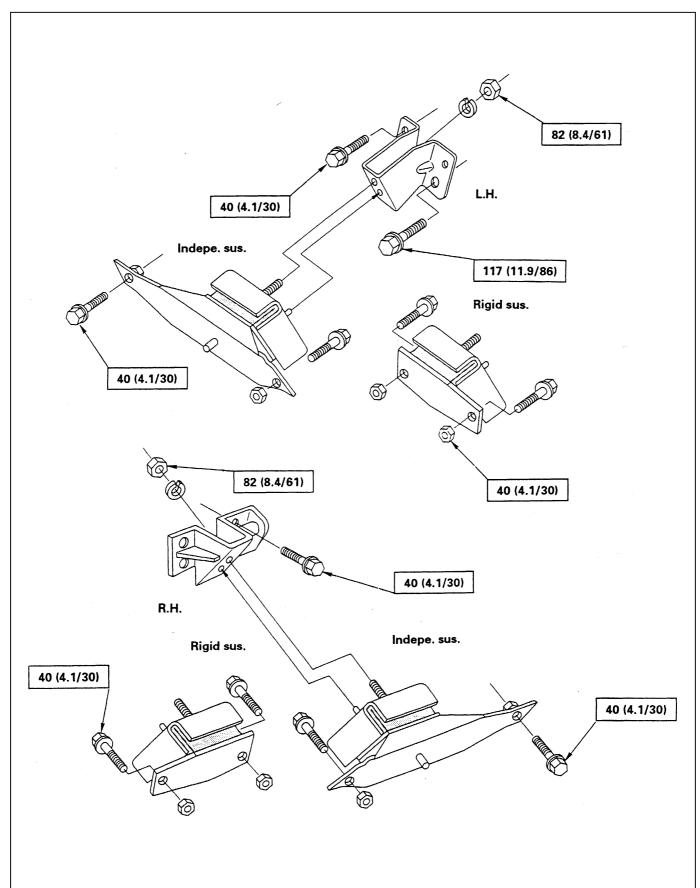
Engine Electricals



Engine Fuel N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



Engine Mounting Bracket



SPECIAL TOOLS

ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NO.	TOOL NAME
	5-8840-2035-0	Crank Timing Pulley (4JG2 Belt Drive only)
	5-8840-0200-0	Oil Filter Wrench (89.0 mm/3.5 in)
	5-8840-0202-0	Oil Filter Wrench (106.0 mm/4.2 in)
	5-8840-2209-0	Oil Filter Wrench (100.6 mm/4.0 in)
	9-8523-1423-0 (J-29760)	Valve Spring Compressor
O Francis	5-8840-2033-0	Oil Seal Installer
	5-8840-9018-0	Piston Ring Compressor
	5-8840-2093-0	Tacho Meter
	9-8523-1212-0	Valve Guide Replacer
	5-8840-0086-0	Camshaft Timing Pulley Remover (4JG2 Belt Drive only)
	5-8840-0199-0	Rubber Hardness Tester

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SPECIAL TOOLS (CONT.1)

ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NO.	TOOL NAME
	5-8840-2675-0	Compression gauge
	5-8531-7001-0	Gauge Adapter
	5-8531-7002-0	Gauge Adapter
	5-8840-0145-0	Measuring Device
	5-8522-0024-0	Crankshaft Timing Pulley Installer (4JG2 Belt Drive only)
	5-8840-0266-0	Angle Gauge
	5-8840-9016-0	Injection Nozzle Tester
O ETTE	5-8840-2034-0	Nozzle Holder Remover (4JB1 only)
	5-8840-2038-0	Camshaft Bearing Replacer
	5-8840-2036-0	Front Oil Seal Installer (4JB1, 4JG2, Gear Drive only)

SPECIAL TOOLS (CONT.2)

LLUSTRATION	TOOL NO.	TOOL NAME
	5-8840-0259-0	Nozzle Holder Wrench (4JG2 only)
	5-8840-0253-0 (J-22700)	Fuel Filter Wrench
ap a second	5-8840-2362-0	Front Oil Seal Remover (4JG2, Belt Drive only)
	5-8840-2361-0	Front Oil Seal Installer (4JG2, Belt Drive only)
	5-8840-2360-0	Rear Oil Seal Remover
90	5-8840-2359-0	Rear Oil Seal Installer
	5-8840-2040-0	Cylinder Liner Installer (4JB1 only)
	5-8840-2313-0	Cylinder Liner Installer (4JG2 only)
	5-8840-2039-0	Cylinder Liner Remover (4JB1 only)
	5-8840-2304-0	Cylinder Liner Remover Ankle (4JG2 only)
	5-8840-2000-0	Pilot Bearing Remover
TO THE	5-8840-0019-0	Sliding Hammer
(I)	5-8522-0024-0	Pilot Bearing Installer

MEMO	

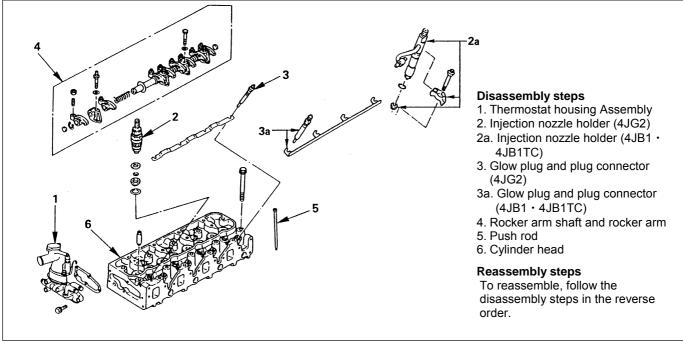


SECTION 6A GENERAL ENGINE MECHANICAL

CONTENTS

	PA	G	E
Cylinder Head	6A -		2
Valve Spring, Valve Guide Oil Seal, Valve Guide, Push Rod	6A -	1	0
Camshaft, Tappet	6A -	1	7
Rocker Arm Assembly	6A -	2	<u>'</u> 4
Oil Pump	6A -	2	. 7
Crankshaft	6A -	3	1
Piston and Connecting Rod	6A -	4	7
Cylinder Block	6A -	5	6

CYLINDER HEAD



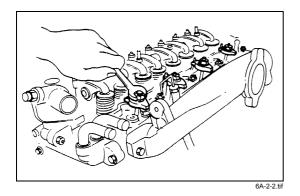
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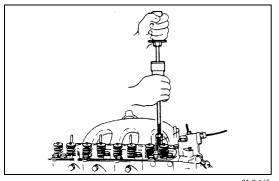
NOTE:

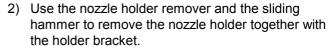
- During disassembly, be sure that the valve train components are kept together and identified so that they can be re-installed in their original locations.
- Before removing the cylinder head from the engine and before disassembling the valve mechanism, make a compression test and note the results.

DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Thermostat Housing Assembly
- 2. Injection Nozzle Holder (4JG2)
- 2a. Injection Nozzle Holder (4JB1, 4JB1TC)
 - 1) Remove the nozzle holder bracket nuts.







Nozzle Holder Remover: 5-8840-2034-0 Sliding Hammer: 5-8840-0019-0

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(1)

- 3. Glow Plug and Glow Plug Connector (4JG2)
- 3a. Glow Plug and Glow Plug Connector (4JB1, 4JB1TC)
- 4. Rocker Arm Shaft and Rocker Arm
- 5. Push Rod
- 6. Cylinder Head
 - Loosen the cylinder head bolts a little at a time in the numerical order shown in the illustration.

NOTE:

Failure to loosen the cylinder head bolts a little at a time in numerical order will adversely effect the cylinder head lower surface.



CLEAN

- Cylinder head bolts
- Cylinder head

Carefully remove all varnish, soot and carbon to the bare metal. Do not use a motorized wire brush on any gasket sealing surface.



P INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Make the necessary adjustments, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.

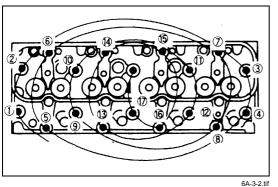
- Cylinder head gasket and mating surfaces for leaks, corrosion and blow-by. If the gasket has failed, determine the cause;
 - Improper installation
 - Loose or warped cylinder head
 - Insufficient torque on head bolts
 - Warped case surface
- 1. Cylinder head bolts for damaged threads or stretching and damaged heads caused by improper use of tools.

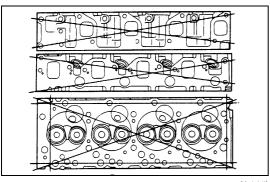


CAUTION:

Suspected bolts must be replaced.

- 2. Cylinder head for cracks, especially between valve seats and in the exhaust ports.
- Cylinder head deck for corrosion, sand particles in head and porosity.







CAUTION:

Do not attempt to weld the cylinder head. Replace it.

4. Cylinder head deck, intake and exhaust manifold mating surfaces for flatness.

These surfaces may be re-conditioned by milling (except cylinder head lower face). If the surfaces are "out of flat" by more than specification, the surface should be grinded to within specifications. If more than limit of specification, it should be replaced.

NOTE:

The cylinder head lower face cannot be reground.

mm (in)

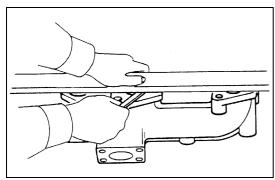
	Standard	Limit
Cylinder Head Lower Face Warpage	0.05 (0.002) or less	0.20 (0.0079)
Cylinder Head Height	92 (3.622)	91.55 (3.6043)

- 5. Water jacket sealing plugs seating surfaces.
- 6. Use a straight edge and a feeler gauge to measure the manifold cylinder head lifting face warpage. Regrind the exhaust manifold cylinder head lifting surfaces if the measured values are between the specified limit and the standard. If the measured values exceed the specified limit, the manifold must be replaced.

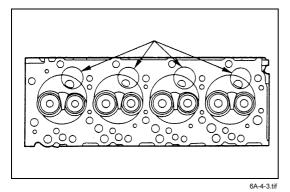
Exhaust Manifold Warpage

mm (in)

Standard	Limit
0.05 (0.002) or less	0.20 (0.0079)



6A-4-2.tif



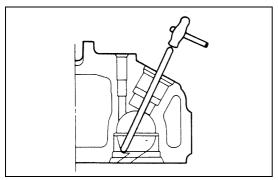
Hot plug depression (4JG2 only)

- 1. Clean the cylinder head lower side, taking care not to damage the hot plug surfaces.
- 2. Use a straight edge and feeler gauge to measure hot plug depression in a straight line from the No. 1 hot plug to the No. 4 hot plug.
 - If the measured value exceeds the limit, the hot plugs must be replaced.

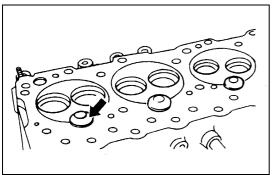
Depression Limit

mm (in)

0.02 (0.0008)

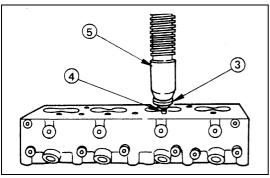






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(2) 6A-5-2.tif



6A-5-3.tif

Hot plug removal (4JG2 only)

- 1. Insert a 3.0 5.0 (0.12 0.20.) diameter bar into the nozzle holder fitting hole unit it makes contact with the hot pluq.
- 2. Lightly tap the bar with a hammer to drive the hot plug

If the measured value exceeds the limit, the hot plugs must be replaced.

Combustion chamber inspection (4JG2 only)

- 1. Remove the carbon adhering to the inside of the combustion chamber. Take care not to damage the hot plug fitting positions.
- 2. Inspect the inside of the combustion chamber, the hot plug, and the hot plug machined faces for cracking and other damage.
 - If cracking or damage is present, the cylinder head must be replaced.

NOTE:

Be absolutely certain that there are no scratches or protuberance on the combustion chamber surfaces which will be in contact with the hot plug after it is installed. There flaws will prevent the hot plug from seating correctly.

Hot plug inspection

Inspection the hot plugs for excessive wear and other damage. Replace the hot plugs if either of these conditions are discovered.

Hot plug installation (4JG2 only)

1. Align the hot plug knock ball ① with the cylinder head groove ② and tap it temporarily into position with a plastic hammer.

- 2. Place an appropriate metal plate ③ thick over the hot plug upper surface 4
- 3. Use a press 5 to exert a pressure of 44130 53937N (4500 - 5500 kg/9923 - 12128 lbs.) on the metal plate covering the hot plug upper surface. This will drive the hot plug into position.
- 4. Lightly tap the hot plug heads to make sure that they are firmly seated.
- 5. Repeat the procedure Steps 1-4 for the remaining hot plugs.

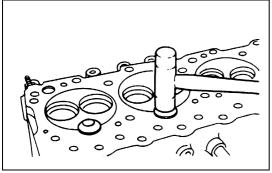


CAUTION:

Do not apply pressure greater than that specified. Damage to the cylinder head will result.

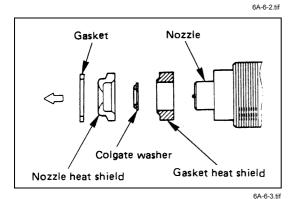
- 6. Use a surface grinder to grind off any hot plug surface protuberances.
 - The hot plug surfaces must be perfectly flush with the cylinder head.
- 7. After grinding, make sure that the hot plug surfaces are completely free of protuberances.
 - The hot plug surfaces must also be free of depressions.

Once again, lightly tap the hot plug heads to make sure that they are firmly seated.



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3



Heat shield removal (4JG2 only)

After removing the hot plugs, use a hammer 1 and a brass bar 2 to lightly tap the lower side of the heat shield 3 and drive it free.

Heat shield installation (4JG2 only)

Install the heat shield washer and the heat shield to the cylinder head from the nozzle holder installation hole side. Lightly tap the flange into place with a brass bar.

The heat shield flange side must be facing up.

NOTE:

Always install a new heat shield. Never reuse the old heat shield.

☆ REASSEMBLY

- 6. Cylinder Head
- 1) Hot plug
 - Set the nock ball in the positioning groove on the cylinder head side according to the order of the cylinders, and hit it lightly with a plastic hammer.

NOTE:

After being pressed into the cylinder head, the hot plugs were provided with surface grinding. Accordingly, their dimensions are different individually among them, and take care not confuse the order of the cylinders.

When replacing the hot plug with new one:

When assembling a new hot plug, set the knock ball in the positioning groove on the cylinder side and hit it lightly with a plastic hammer until the hot plug is set in stably.

With patch attached to the hot plug to prevent it from being damaged, press it in with a force of 4.5 to 5.5 ton applied.

After pressing the hot plug, grind its surface to the cylinder head.

And finally, hit the hot plug lightly with a plastic hammer and check it for any excessive sinking, protrusion or backlash.



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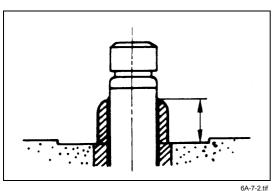
2) Valve Seat Insert Installation

 Carefully place the attachment ① (having a smaller outside diameter than the valve seat insert) on the valve seat insert ②.

NOTE:

The smooth side of the attachment must contact the valve seat insert.

2. Use the bench press ③ to gradually apply pressure to the attachment and press the valve seat insert into place.



NOTE:

Do not apply an excessive amount of pressure with the bench press. Damage to the valve seat will result

Measure the height of the valve guide upper end from the upper face of the cylinder head.

Valve Guide Upper End Height (H) (Reference) mm (in)

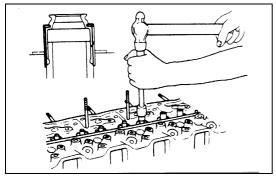
13 (0.51)

NOTE:

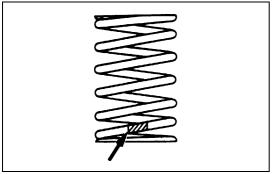
If the valve guide has been removed, both the valve and the valve guide must be replaced as a set.



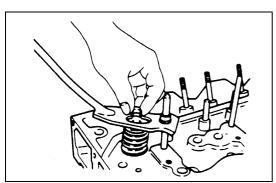
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3) Spring lower seat

4) Valve stem oil seal

• Install a new oil controller in the valve.

Q

Guide using special tool
Oil seal installer: 5-8840-2003-0

5) Valve

 Apply engine oil to the outside of the valve stem before installing it.

6) Valve Spring

Attach the valve spring to the upper spring seat.



CAUTION

- The painted area of the valve spring should be facing downward.
- Apply compressed air to cylinder from the glow plug hole to hold the valve in place.
- · Install split collar by special tool.



Valve spring compressor: 9-8523-1423-0 (J-29760)

7) Split Collar

- Use a spring compressor to push the valve spring into position.
- · Install the spring seat split collar.
- Set the split collar by tapping lightly around the head of the collar with a rubber hammer.



Valve spring compressor: 9-8523-1423-0 (J-29760)

5. Push Rod

4. Rocker Arm Shaft and Rocker Arm

Tighten rocker arm shaft fixing bolts

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



54 (5.5/40)

3a. Glow Plug and Glow Plug Connector (4JB1/4JB1T only)

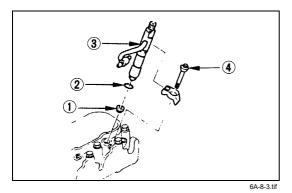
3. Glow Plug and Glow Plug Connector

Tighten glow plugs

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



23 (2.3/17)



2a. Injection Nozzle Holder (4JB1/4JB1T/4JB1TC only)

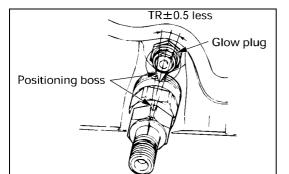
- 1) Install the injection nozzle gasket ① and the O-ring ② to the injection nozzle holder ③.
 - Be sure that the O-ring fits snugly in the injection nozzle groove.
- Apply engine oil to the cylinder head nozzle holder hole.
- 3) Install the nozzle holder together with the nozzle holder bracket ④ to the cylinder head.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



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37 (3.8/27)



040LX016.tif

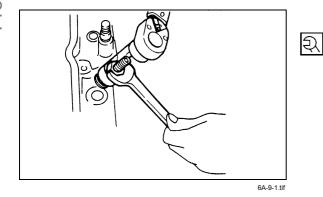
2. Injection Nozzle (4JG2 only)

- Lightly tighten the holder nut to suck extent that the nozzle holder can turn one word and one word.
- Set positioning confirmation drilled hole (ø2) within a nozzle turning angle of ±5° against the cylinder headside positioning boss.
- Apply a wrench as illustrated and tighten the holder nut to the specified torque using a special tool.



CAUTION

- After tightening the holder nut, make sure that the drilled hole makes ±5° or smaller with the cylinder head-side positioning boss.
- When mounting leak off pipe, injection nozzle and pipe, clean then with air so that dust may not enter.



Nozzle Fixing Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

64 (6.5/47)

Wrench: Nozzle holder 5-8840-0259-0

1. Thermostat Housing Assembly

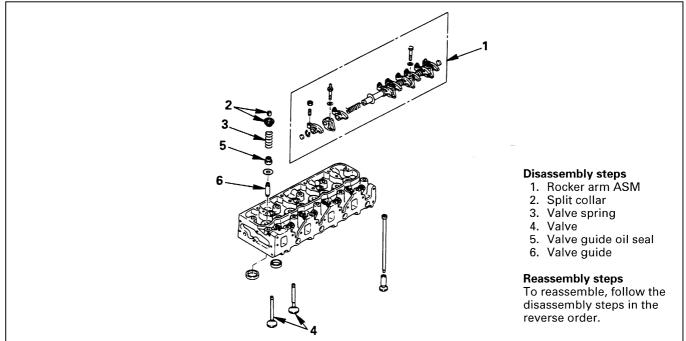
Tighten thermostat housing assembly fixing bolt.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



19 (1.9/14)

VALVE SPRING, VALVE GUIDE OIL SEAL, VALVE GUIDE, PUSH ROD



6A-10-1.tif





2. Split Collar

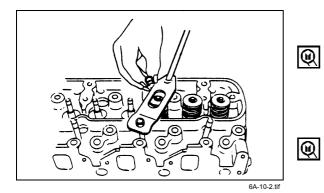
Using special Tool, compress valve spring

Valve spring compressor: 9-8523-1423-0 (J-29760)



- 4. Valve
- 5. Valve Guide Oil Seal
- 6. Valve Guide

Valve Guide Replacer: 9-8523-1212-0





INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Make the necessary adjustments, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.



Valve spring

CAUTION:

Visually inspect the valve springs and replace them if damage or abnormal wear is evident.

1. Free height

Measure the free height of the springs. The springs must be replaced if the height is below the specified limit.



6A-11-1.tif

Free Height mm (in)

Standard	Limit
48.0 (1.891)	47.100 (1.8560)

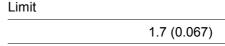


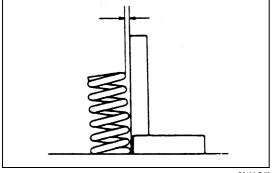
11

2. Squareness

- Measure the valve spring squareness with a steel square.
- Replace the valve springs if the measured value exceeds the specified limit.

mm (in)





<u>minologiani</u>



6A-11-3.tif

3. Spring tension

Use spring tester to compress the springs to the installed height. Measure the compressed spring

Replace the springs if the measured tension is below the specified limit.

Tension		N (kg/lb)
At installed height	Standard	Limit
38.9 mm (1.5 in)	296.2 (30.2/66.6)	257.9 (26.3/57.9)

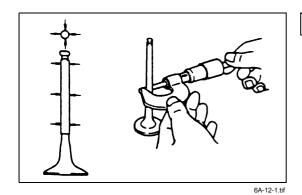
Valve Guide



CAUTION:

Taking care not to damage the valve seat contact surface, when removing carbon adhering to the valve head.

Carefully inspect the valve stem for scratching or abnormal wear. If these conditions are present, the valve and the valve guide must be replaced as a set.



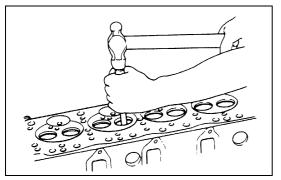
1. Valve Guide Clearance

Measure the valve stem diameter with a micrometer.
 If the valve stem diameter is less than the specified limit, the valve and the valve guide must be replaced as a set.

			mm (in)
		Standard	Limit
Diameter of	Inlet	7.946 - 7.961 (0.3128 - 0.3134)	7.880 (0.310.2)
Valve stem	Exhaust	7.921 - 7.936 (0.3118 - 0.3124)	7.850 (0.3091)

- Measure the inside diameter of the valve guide with a micrometer.
- Subtract the measured outer diameter of the valve stem from the measured inner diameter of the valve guide. If the valve exceeds of the valve guide.
 If the valve exceeds the specified limit, the valve and the valve guide must be replaced as a set.

Valve Guide Clearance		mm (in)
	Standard	Limit
Inlet clearance	0.039 - 0.069 (0.0015 - 0.0027)	0.200 (0.0079)
Exhaust clearance	0.064 - 0.096 (0.0025 - 0.0038)	0.250 (0.0098)



Valve Guide Replacement

Q

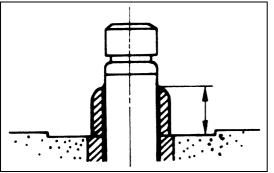
(4)

1. Using special tool, drive out the valve guide from the combustion chamber side.

Valve guide replacer: 9-8523-1212-0



6A-13-2.tif



2. Apply engine oil to the outside of the valve guide. Using special tool, drive in a new valve guide from cylinder head upper face side, and check the valve guide height.

Valve guide replacer: 9-8523-1212-0

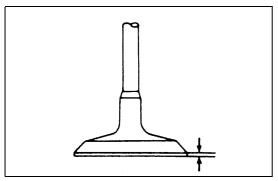
Height

mm (in)

13 (0.51)

NOTE:

If the valve guide has been removed, both the valve and the valve guide must be replaced as a set.



6A-13-3.tif

Valve Thickness

- 1. Measure the valve thickness
- 2. If the measured value is less than the specified limit the valve and the valve guide must be replaced as a set.

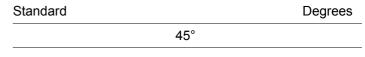
Valve Thickness

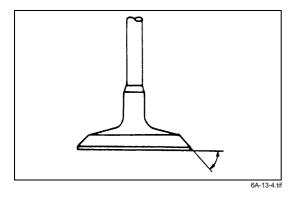
mm (in)

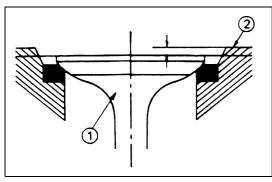
	S	tandard	Limit
4JB1 4JB1T	Inlet	1.79 (0.0705)	1.5 (0.06)
4JB1TC	Exhaust	1.83 (0.0720)	1.5 (0.06)
4102	Inlet	1.41 (0.0555)	1.1 (0.042)
4JG2	Exhaust	1.39 (0.0547)	1.1 (0.043)

Contact surface angle on valve seat on valve

- 1. Measure contact surface angle on valve seat.
- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace valve guide and valve seat as a set.







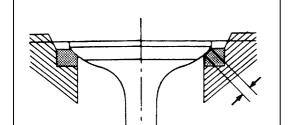
6A-14-1.tif

Valve depression

- 1. Install the valve (1) to the cylinder head (2).
- 2. Use a depth gauge or a straight edge with steel rule to measure the valve depression from the cylinder head lower surface.

If the measured value exceeds the specified limit, the valve seat insert must be replaced.

Valve Depr	ession		mm (in)
	S	tandard	Limit
4JB1 4JB1T	Inlet	0.73 (0.029)	1.28 (0.050)
4JB1TC	Exhaust	0.70 (0.028)	1.20 (0.047)
4JG2	Inlet	1.1 (0.043)	1.6 (0.063)
4002	Exhaust	1.1 (0.043)	1.0 (0.003)

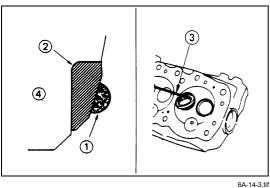


6A-14-2.tif

Valve Contact Width

- 1. Check the valve contact faces for roughness and unevenness. Make smooth the valve contact surfaces.
- 2. Measure the valve contact width. If the measured value exceeds the specified limit, the valve seat insert must be replaced.

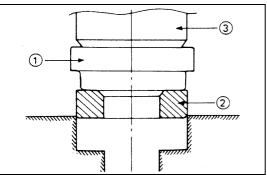
Contact Width		mm (in)
	Standard	Limit
Inlet	1.7 (0.0670)	2.2 (0.0866)
Exhaust	2.0 (0.0788)	2.5 (0.0984)



Valve Seat Insert Replacement

Valve Seat Insert Removal

- 1. Arc weld the tire inside circumference ① of the valve seat insert ②.
- 2. Allow the valve seat insert to cool for a few minutes. This will invite contraction and make removal of the valve seat insert easier.
- 3. Use a screwdriver 3 to pry the valve seat insert free. Take care not to damage the cylinder head 4.
- 4. Carefully remove carbon and other foreign material from the cylinder head insert bore.



6A-14-4.tif

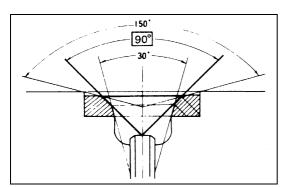
Valve Seat Insert Installation

1. Carefully place the attachment ① (having a smaller outside diameter than the valve seat insert) on the valve seat insert ②.

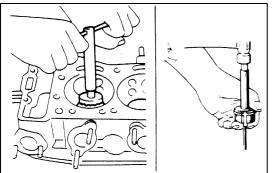
NOTE:

The smooth side of the attachment must contact the valve seat insert.

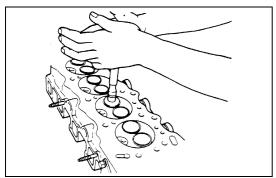
2. Use a bench press 3 to gradually apply pressure to the attachment and press the valve seat insert into place.



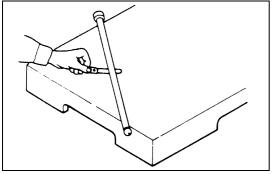
6A-15-1.tit



6A-15-2.ti



6A-15-3.tif



6A-15-4.tif

NOTE:

Do not apply an excessive amount of pressure with the bench press. Damage to the valve seat insert will result.

Valve Seat Insert Correction

- 1. Remove the carbon from the valve seat insert surface.
- 2. Use a valve cutter (15°, 45°, and 75° blades) to minimize scratches and other rough areas, this will bring the contact width back to the standard value. Remove only the scratches and rough areas. Do not cut away too much. Take care not to cut away unblemished area of the valve seat surface.

Valve Seat Angle

degree

45°

NOTE:

Use an adjustable valve cutter pilot.

Do not allow the valve cutter pilot to wobble inside the valve guide.

- 3. Apply abrasive compound to the valve seat insert surface.
- 4. Insert the valve into the valve guide.
- 5. Turn the valve while tapping it to fit the valve seat insert.
- 6. Check that the valve contract width is correct.
- 7. Check that the valve seat insert surface is in contact with the entire circumference of the valve.

Push Rod Curvature

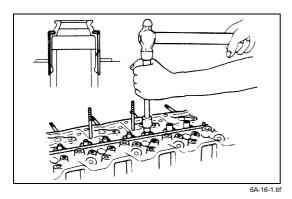
- 1. Lay the push rod on a surface plate.
- 2. Roll the push rod along the surface plate and measure the push rod curvature with a thickness gauge. If the measure value exceeds the specified limit, the push rod must be replaced.

Push Rod Curvature Limit

mm (in)

0.4 (0.0157) or less

3. Visually inspect both ends of the push rod for excessive wear and damage. The push rod must be replaced if these conditions are discovered during inspection.



REASSEMBLY

6. Valve Guide

Apply engine oil to the outside of the valve guide.
 Using special tool, drive in a new valve guide from the rocker arm shaft side.



Valve guide replacer: 9-8523-1212-0

5. Valve Guide Oil Seal

Using special tool, drive in a new oil seal
 Oil special tool, drive in a new oil seal
 Oil seal installer: 5-8840-2033-0

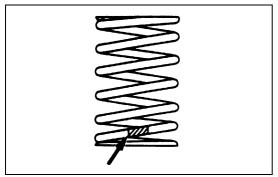


🖰 4. Valv

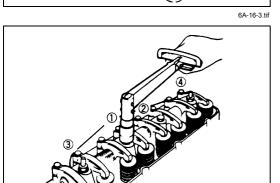
Apply engine oil to the outside of the valve stem.

3. Valve Spring

 Attach the valve seat to the upper spring seat. The painted area of the valve spring should be facing downward.



6A-16-2.tif



6A-16-4.tif

2. Split Collar

- Use a spring compressor to push the valve spring into position.
- Install the spring seat split collar.
- Set the split collar by tapping lightly around the head of the collar with a rubber hammer.

Valve spring compressor: 9-8523-1423-0 (J-29760)

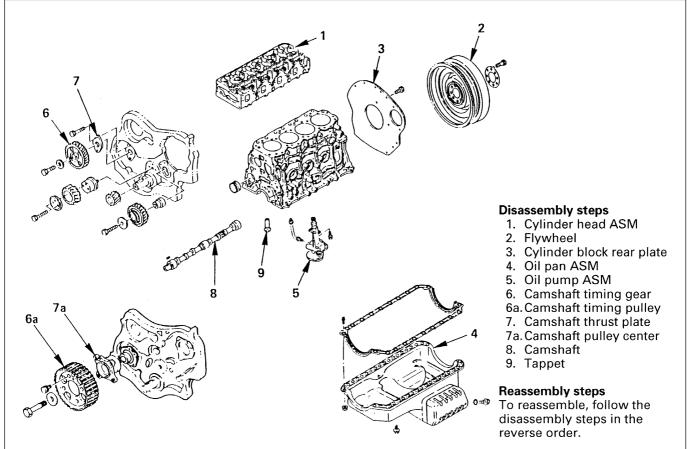
1. Rocker Arm Assembly

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



54 (5.5/40)

CAMSHAFT, TAPPET



6A-17-1.tif

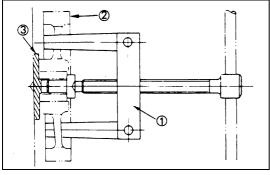
DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Cylinder Head Assembly
- 2. Flywheel
- 3. Cylinder Block Rear Plate
- 4. Oil Pan Assembly
- 5. Oil Pump Assembly
- 6. Camshaft Timing Gear (Gear Drive Model)
 - Remove the camshaft timing gear bolt from the camshaft.

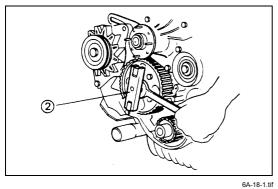
NOTE:

Hold the camshaft stationary to prevent the camshaft from turning.

- Use the universal puller ① to pull out the camshaft timing gear ②.
- Universal Puller: 5-8521-0002-0 Remove the thrust plate ③.



6A-17-2.tif



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6a. Camshaft Timing Pulley (Belt Drive Model)

- Use the timing pulley puller ② to remove the pulley.
 Timing Pulley Puller: 5-8840-0086-0
- Remove the stopper bolt.
- 7. Camshaft Thrust Plate (Gear Drive Model)
- 7a. Camshaft Pulley Center (Belt Drive Model)
- 8. Camshaft
- 9. Tappet

...

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Make the necessary adjustment, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.



1. Measure the Camshaft Thrust Clearance

Use a dial indicator to measure the camshaft end play.
 This must be done before removing the camshaft gear.

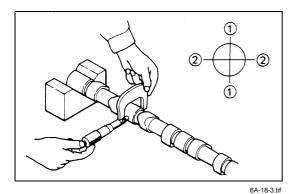
If the camshaft end play exceeds the specified limit, the thrust plate must be replaced.

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Camshaft End Play

mm (in)

Standard	Limit
0.08 (0.0031)	0.2 (0.0079)



₩

2. Camshaft Journal Diameter

 Use a micrometer to measure each camshaft journal diameter in two directions ① and ②. If the measured value is less than the specified limit, the camshaft must be replaced.

_	
lournal	Diameter
Juliai	Diameter

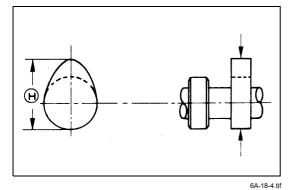
mm (in)

-	
Standard	Limit
49.945 - 49.975 (1.9663 - 1.9675	49.60 (1.9528)



3. Cam Height

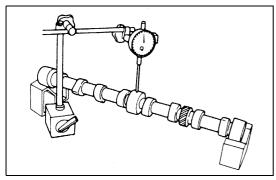
Measure the cam height (H) with a micrometer. If the measured value is less than the specified limit, the camshaft must be replaced.



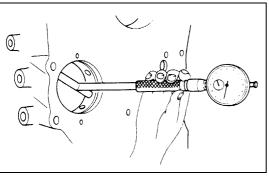
Cam Height

mm (in)

	()
Standard	Limit
42.02 (1.6543)	41.65 (1.6398)



6A-19-1.tif



6A-19-2.tif

4. Camshaft Run-Out

- Mount the camshaft on V-blocks.
- Measure the run-out with a dial indicator. If the measured value exceeds the specified limit, the camshaft must be replaced.

Run-Out	mm (in)
Standard	Limit
0.02 (0.008) or less	0.10 (0.0039)

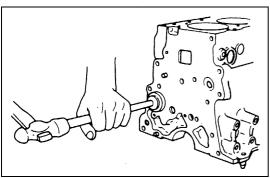


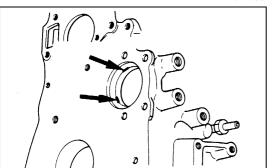
Camshaft and Camshaft Bearing Clearance

Use an inside dial indicator to measure the camshaft bearing inside diameter.

meter mm (in)
Limit
50.08 (1.9716)
mm (in)
Limit
0.12 (0.005)

If the clearance between the camshaft bearing inside diameter and the journal exceeds the specified limit, the camshaft bearing must be replaced.





Camshaft Bearing Replacement

Camshaft Bearing Removal



1. Remove the cylinder body plug plate.



2. Use the bearing replacer to remove the camshaft bearing.

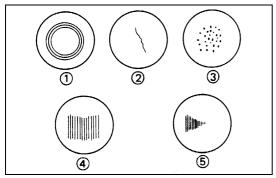
Bearing Replacer: 5-8840-2038-0



Camshaft Bearing Installation



- 1. Align the bearing oil holes with the cylinder body oil holes.
- 2. Use the replacer to install the camshaft bearing. Bearing Replacer: 5-8840-2038-0



6A-20-1.tif

TAPPET

Visually inspect the tappet camshaft contact surfaces for pitting, cracking, and other abnormal conditions. The tappet must be replaced if any of these conditions are present.

Refer to the illustration at the left.

- ① Normal contact
- ② Cracking
- 3 Pitting
- ④ Irregular contact
- ⑤ Irregular contact

NOTE:

The tappet surfaces are spherical. Do not attempt to grind them with an oil stone or similar tool in an effort to repair the tappet. If the tappet is damaged, it must be replaced.



6A-20-2.tif

Tappet Outside Diameter

1. Measure the tappet outside diameter with a micrometer. If the measured value is less than the specified limit, the tappet must be replaced.



Tappet Outside	Diameter	mm ((in)

Standard	Limit
12.97 - 12.99 (0.510 - 0.511)	12.95 (0.509)



2. Measure the inside diameter tappet on the cylinder block and calculate the clearance.

If the clearance exceeds the limit, replace tappet or/and cylinder block.



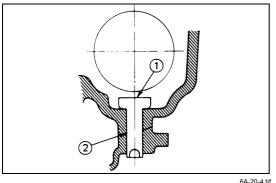
Tappet and Cylinder Body Clearance

mm (in)

- alblace and a human = a alblace	()
Standard	Limit
0.03 (0.001)	0.10 (0.004)



6A-20-3.tif



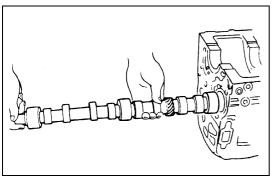
☆ REASSEMBLY

9. Tappet

- 1) Apply a coat of engine oil to the tappet 1 and the cylinder body tappet insert holes 2.
- 2) Locate the position mark applies at disassembly (if the tappet is to be reused).

NOTE:

The tappet must be installed before the camshaft.

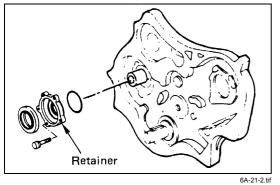




8. Camshaft

- 1) Apply a coat of engine oil to the camshaft and the camshaft bearings.
- 2) Install the camshaft to the cylinder body. Take care not damage the camshaft bearings.





7a. Camshaft Timing Pulley Center (Belt Drive Model)

Apply engine oil to the oil seal lip portion of the oil seal retainer.



- Apply the recommended liquid gasket or its equivalent to the retainer.
- Install the oil seal retainer to the cylinder body.
- Tighten the retainer bolts to the specified torque.

Oil Seal Retainer Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)



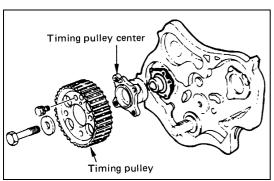


- Align the camshaft timing pulley center with the camshaft key.
- Tighten the timing pulley bolts to the specified torque.

Timing Pulley Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

8 (0.8/69)



6A-21-3.tif



7. Camshaft Thrust Plate (Gear Drive Model)

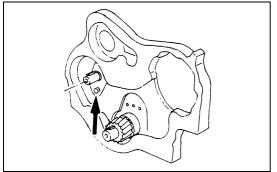
Install the thrust plate to the cylinder body and tighten the thrust plate bolts to specified torque.

Thrust Plate Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



18 (1.8/13)





6A-21-5.tif

ck bolt

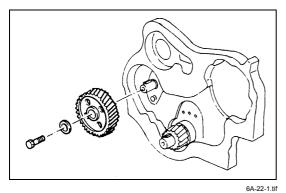
6a. Camshaft Timing Pulley (Belt Drive Model)

- Prevent the camshaft from turning when tightening the timing center bolt.
- Tighten the timing pulley center bolt to the specified torque.

Center Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

64 (6.5/47)





6. Camshaft Timing Gear (Gear Drive Model)

- 1) Install the camshaft timing gear to the camshaft. The timing gear mark ("Y-Y") must be facing outward.
- 2) Tighten the timing gear to the specified torque

Timing Gear Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

64 (6.5/47)



5. Oil Pump Assembly

4. Oil Pan Assembly

Above works refer to "OIL PUMP" Section in this manual.

3. Cylinder Block Rear Plate

Tighten cylinder block rear plate fixing bolts to the specified torque.

Rear Plate Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



2. Flywheel

- Apply engine oil to fixing bolts.
- Tighten the flywheel bolts to the specified torque in two steps using the Angular Tightening Method.

82 (8.4/61)

Follow the numerical order shown in the illustration.



Flywheel Bolt Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
1st Step (Snug Torque)	2nd Step (Final Torque)
59 (6.0/43)	60° - 90°



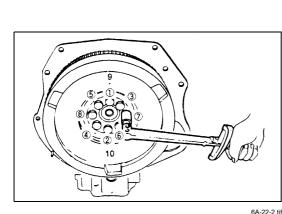
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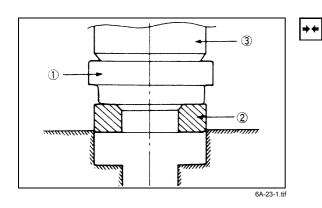
1. Cylinder Head Assembly

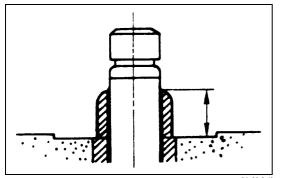
- 1) Hot plug
- Set the nock ball in the positioning groove on the cylinder head side according to the order of the cylinders, and hit it lightly with a plastic hammer.

NOTE:

After being pressed into the cylinder head, the hot plugs were provided with surface grinding. Accordingly, their dimensions are different individually among them, and take care not confuse the order of the cylinders.







When replacing the hot plug with new one:

When assembling a new hot plug, set the knock ball in the positioning groove on the cylinder side and hit it lightly with a plastic hammer until the hot plug is set in stably.

With patch attached to the hot plug to prevent it from being damaged, press it in with a force of $4.5 \sim 5.5$ ton applied.

- 2) Valve Seat Insert Installation
- Carefully place the attachment ① (having a smaller outside diameter than the valve seat insert) on the valve seat insert ②.

NOTE:

The smooth side of the attachment must contact the valve seat insert.

2. Use the bench press ③ to gradually apply pressure to the attachment and press the valve seat insert into place.

NOTE:

Do not apply an excessive amount of pressure with the bench press. Damage to the valve seat insert will result.

Measure the height of the valve guide upper end from the upper face of the cylinder head.

Valve Guide Upper End Height (H) (Reference) mm (in)

13 (0.51)

NOTE:

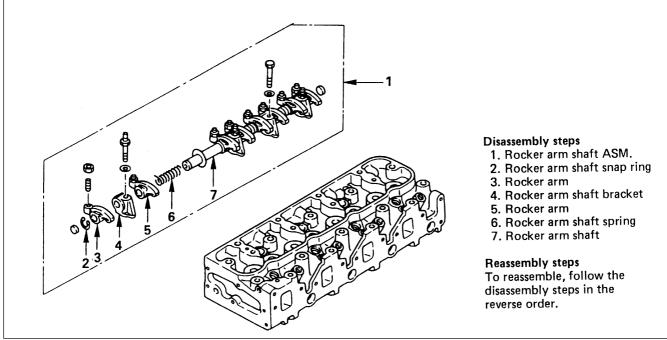
If the valve guide has been removed, both the valve and the valve guide must be replaced as a set.

- 3) Spring Lower Seat
- 4) Valve Stem Oil Seal
- 5) Valve
- 6) Valve Spring
- 7) Split Collar

Above works refer to "VALVE" Section in this manual.



ROCKER ARM ASSEMBLY



6A-24-1.tif

☆ DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Rocker Arm Shaft Assembly
- 2. Rocker Arm Shaft Snap Ring
- 3. Rocker Arm
- 4. Rocker Arm Shaft Bracket
- 5. Rocker Arm
- 6. Rocker Arm Shaft Spring
- 7. Rocker Arm Shaft

IP INSPECTION AND REPAIR

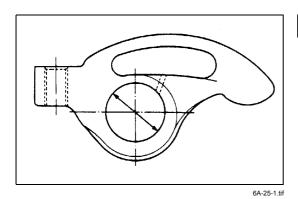
Make the necessary adjustment, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.

Use a micrometer to measure the rocker shaft outside diameter at the point where the rocker arm moves on the rocker shaft.

Replace the rocker shaft if the diameter exceeds the specified limit.

mm	(in)
111111	(1111)

	· /
Standard	Limit
18.98 - 19.00 (0.7472 - 0.7480)	18.9 (0.744)



11

Oil Clearance

1. Use either a vernier caliper or a dial indicator to measure the rocker arm inside diameter.

Rocker Arm Inside Diameter	mm (in)
Standard	Limit
19.036 - 19.060 (0.7494 - 0.7503)	19.100 (0.7519)

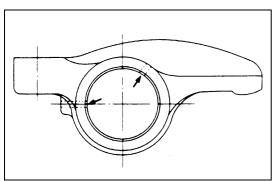
Measure the rocker arm shaft outside diameter.If the measured value exceeds the specified limit, replace either the rocker arm or the rocker arm shaft.

Rocker Arm and

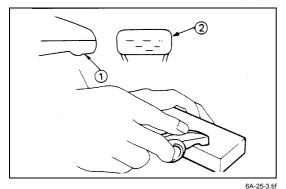
Rocker Shaft Clearance	mm (in)
Standard	Limit
0.06 - 0.08 (0.0024 - 0.0031)	0.10 (0.0039)

3. Check that the rocker arm oil port is free is obstructions.

If necessary, use compressed air to clean the rocker arm oil port.



6A-25-2.tif

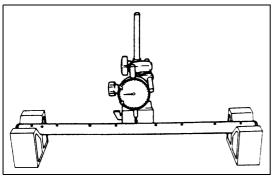


Rocker Arm Correction

Inspection the rocker arm valve stem contact surface for step wear $\ensuremath{\mathbb{O}}$ and scoring $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Q}}.$

If the contact surfaces have light step wear or scoring, they may be honed with an oil stone.

If the step wear or scoring is severe, the rocker arm must be replaced.



6A-26-1

111

Rocker Arm Shaft Run-Out

- 1. Place the rocker arm shaft on a V-block.
- 2. Use a dial indicator to measure the rocker arm shaft central portion run-out.

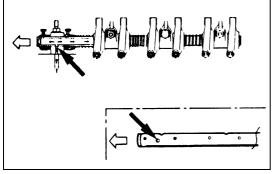
If the run-out is very slight, correct the rocker arm shaft run-out with a bench press. The rocker arm must be at cold condition.

If the measured rocker arm shaft run-out exceeds the specified limit, the rocker arm shaft must be replaced.

Rocker Arm Shaft Run-Out

mm (in)

	Limit
4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	0.2 (0.008)
4JG2	



6A-26-2

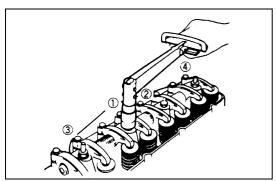
☆ REASSEMBLY

7. Rocker Arm Shaft

- Apply a light coat of engine oil to the rocker arm shafts
- Position the rocker arm shaft with the large oil hole (4ø) facing the front of the engine.
- Install the rocker shaft together with the rocker arm, the rocker arm shaft bracket, and the spring.
- 6. Rocker Arm Shaft Spring
- 5. Rocker Arm
- 4. Rocker Arm Shaft Bracket
- 3. Rocker Arm
- 2. Rocker Arm Shaft Snap Ring

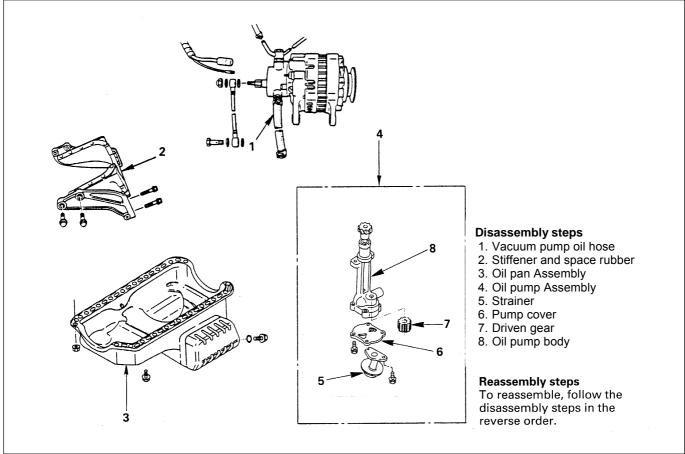
1. Rocker Arm Shaft Assembly

- Install the rocker arm shaft assembly in cylinder head.
- Tighten the rocker arm shaft fixing bolts to the specified torque.

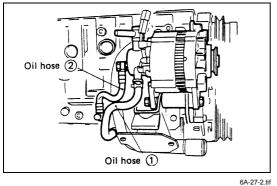


6A-26-3.tif

OIL PUMP



6A-27-1.tif



DISASSEMBLY

1. Vacuum Pump Oil Hose

Remove the oil hose ① from oil pan.

2. Stifner & Space Rubber

- Remove the stiffener from of the oil pan left & right
- Take out space rubber.

3. Oil Pan Assembly

- 4. Oil Pump Assembly
- 5. Strainer
- 6. Pump Cover
- 7. Driven Gear
- 8. Oil Pump Body

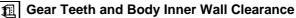
P INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Make the necessary adjustment, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.

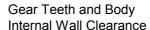
Body and gears

The pump assembly must be replaced if one or more of the conditions below is discovered during inspection.

- Badly worn or damaged driven gear guide.
- · Badly worn or damaged gear teeth.

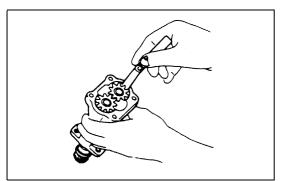


- Use a feeler gauge to measure the clearance between the gear teeth and the body inner wall.
- If the clearance between the gear teeth and the body inner wall exceeds the specified limit, either the gear or the body must be replaced.



mm (in)

Standard	Limit
0.14 (0.0055)	0.20 (0.0079)



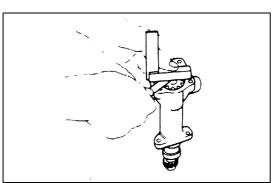
6A-28-1.tif



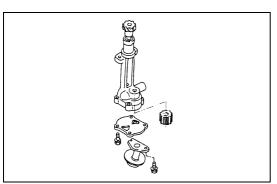
Gear and Body Clearance

- Use a feeler gauge to measure the clearance between the body and the gear.
- If the clearance between the gear and the body exceeds the specified limit, the body must be replaced.

Gear and Body Clearance	mm (in)
Standard	Limit
0.06 (0.024)	0.15 (0.0059)



6A-28-2.tif



6A-29-1.tif

☆ REASSEMBLY

- 8. Oil Pump Body
- 7. Driven Gear
- **Pump Cover**
- 5. Strainer
 - Install the strainer assembly and tighten the strainer assembly fixing bolts.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



16 (1.6/12)

4. Oil Pump Assembly

- Apply molybdenum mixed engine oil to drive gear of camshaft and driven gear of oil pump.
- Tighten the oil pump fixing bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



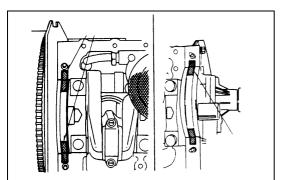
19 (1.9/14)



3. Oil Pan Assembly

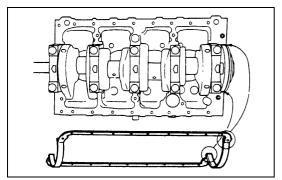


Apply the recommended liquid gasket or its equivalent to the No. 5 bearing cap arches, the grooves, the cylinder block and the timing gear case filting face at the positions shown in the illustration.



6A-29-2.tif

6A-29-3.tif



- Fit the gasket rear lipped portion into the No. 5 groove.
- Be absolutely sure that the lipped portion is fitted snugly into the groove.
- Install the oil pan to the cylinder body.
- Tighten the oil pan bolts to the specified torque.

Oil Pan Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



19 (1.9/14)

2. Stiffener & Space Rubber

- Install the space rubber.
- Install the stiffener tighten to the specified torque.

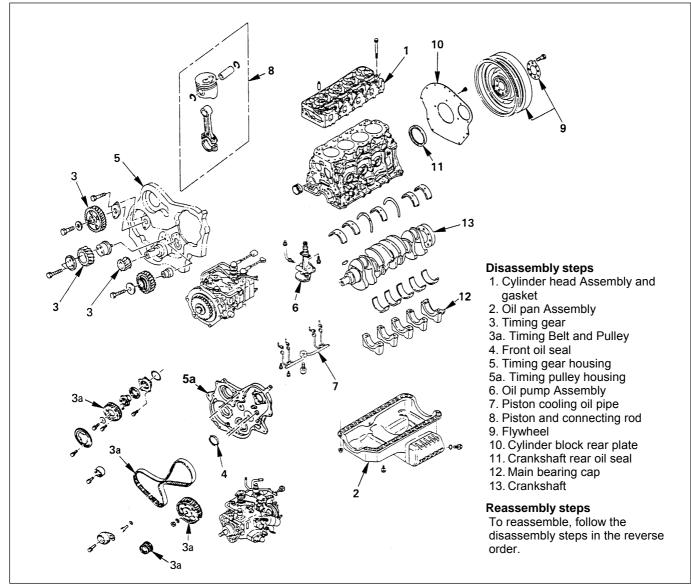
	Engine Body Side	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
\mathfrak{Q}	37 (3.8	3/27)
	Clutch Housing Side	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
2	78 (8.0	0/58)



1. Vacuum Pump Oil Hose

Install the oil hose to oil pan.

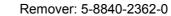
CRANKSHAFT

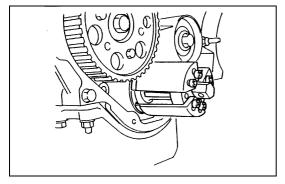


6A-31-1.tif

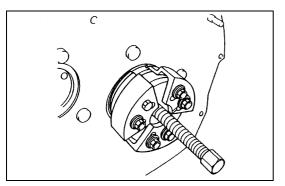
☆ DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Cylinder Head Assembly and Gasket
- 2. Oil Pan Ambly
- 3. Timing Gear (Gear Drive Model)
- 3a. Timing Belt and Pulley (Belt Drive Model)
- 4. Front Oil Seal
 - With the oil seal pushed in deep, install the special tool as shown in the illustration to remove the oil seal.









6A-32-1.tif

- 5. Timing Gear Housing
- 5a. Timing Pulley Housing
- 6. Oil Pump Assembly
- 7. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe
- 8. Piston and Connecting Rod
- 9. Flywheel
- 10. Cylinder Block Rear Plate

11. Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal (Gear and Belt Drive Model)

With the oil seal pushed in deep, install the special tool as shown in the illustration to remove the oil seal.

Province Base Oil Oct 15, 2010, 2020, 2.

Remover: Rear Oil Seal 5-8840-2360-0



NOTE:

Take care not to damage sealing surface of rear plate and crankshaft when removing oil seal.

- 12. Main Bearing Cap
- 13. Crankshaft

PINSPECTION AND REPAIR

Make the necessary adjustments, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.



1. Crankshaft

Thrust clearance

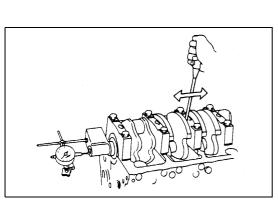
Set the dial indicator as shown in the illustration and measure the crankshaft thrust clearance.

If the thrust clearance exceeds the specified limit, replace the thrust bearing as a set.

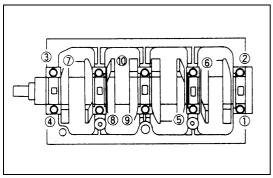
Thrust	С	lea	rar	nce

mm (in)

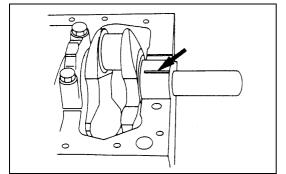
	\ /
Standard	Limit
0.10 (0.0039)	0.30 (0.0118)



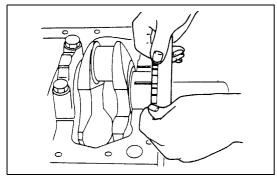
6A-32-2.tif



6A-33-1.tif



6A-33-2.tif



6A-33-3.tif

11

2. Main bearing clearance

- 1) Remove the main bearing caps in the sequence shown in the illustration.
 - Arrange the removed main bearing caps in the cylinder number order.
- 2) Remove the crankshaft. Remove the main bearings.
- 3) Clean the upper and lower bearings as well as the crankshaft main journal.
- 4) Check the bearings for damage or excessive wear. The bearings must be replace as a set if damage or excessive wear is discovered during inspection.
- 5) Set the upper bearings and the thrust washers to their original positions. Carefully install the crankshaft.
- 6) Set the lower bearings to the bearing cap original position.
- 7) Apply plastigage to the crankshaft journal unit as shown in the illustration.
- 8) Install the main bearing caps. Apply engine oil to the bolt threads and the seats. Tighten the bolts to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

167 (17/123)



1

NOTE:

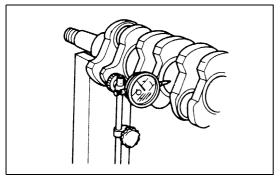
Do not allow the crankshaft to rotate.

- 9) Remove the main bearing caps.
- 10) Measure the plastigage width and determine the oil clearance. If the oil clearance exceeds the specified limit, replace the main bearings as a set and/or replace the crankshaft.
- 11) Clean the plastigage from the bearings and the crankshaft.
- 12) Remove the crankshaft and the bearings.

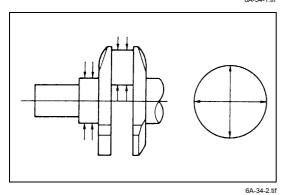
Oil Clearance

mm (in)

		()
	Standard	Limit
4JB1 /4JB1T 4JB1TC	0.035 - 0.080 (0.0014 - 0.0036)	0.11 (0.0043)
4JG2	0.031 - 0.063 (0.0012 - 0.0025)	







11

1

3. Run-out

Carefully set the crankshaft on the V-blocks.
 Slowly rotate the crankshaft and measure the runout.
 If the crankshaft runout exceeds the specified limit, the crankshaft must be replaced.

Run-Out	mm (in)	ı
---------	---------	---

Standard	Limit
0.05 (0.0020) or less	0.08 (0.0031)

Measure the diameter and the uneven wear of main journal and crank pin.

If the crankshaft wear exceeds the specified limit, crankshaft must be replaced.

mm (in)

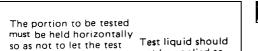
	Standard	Limit
Main journal diameter	69.917-69.932 (2.7526 - 2.7532)	69.91 (2.7524)
Crank pin diameter	52.915 - 52.930 (2.0833)	52.90 (2.0843)
Uneven wear limit	0.05 (0.0020) or less	0.08 (0.0031)

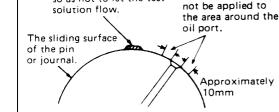
Crankshaft inspection

Inspect the surface of the crankshaft journals and crank pins for excessive wear and damage.

Inspect the oil seal fitting surfaces for excessive wear and damage.

Inspect the oil ports for obstructions.





6A-34-3.tif



Crankshaft tufftriding inspection

The portion to be tested must be held horizontally so as not let the test solution flow.

Test liquid should not be applied to the area around the oil port.

The sliding surface of the pin or journal.

Approximately 10mm

NOTE:

To increase crankshaft strength, Tufftride Method (Soft nitriding) has been applied. Because of this, it is not possible to regrind the crankshaft surfaces.

- Use an organic cleaner to thoroughly clean the crankshaft. There must be no traces of oil the surfaces to be inspected.
- 2. Prepare a 5-10% solution of ammonium cupric chloride (dissolved in distilled water).

- 3. Use a syringe to apply the solution to the surface to be inspected.
 - Hold the surface to be inspected perfectly horizontal to prevent the solution from running.

NOTE:

Do not allow the solution to come in contact with the oil ports and their surrounding area.

Testing

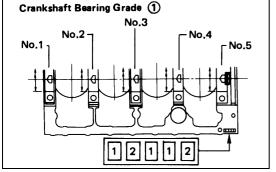
- 1. Wait for thirty to forty seconds.
 - If there is no discoloration after thirty or forty seconds, the crankshaft is usable.
 - If discoloration appears (the surface being tested will become the color copper), the crankshaft must be replaced.
- 2. Steam clean the crankshaft surface immediately after completing the test.

NOTE:

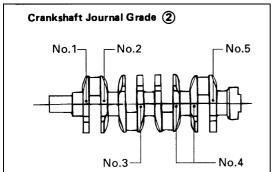
The ammonium cupric chloride solution is highly corrosive. Because of this, it is imperative that the surfaces being tested be cleaned immediately after completing the test.

CRANKSHAFT BEARING SELECTION

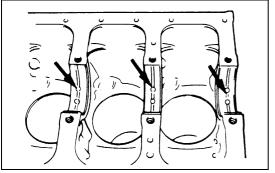
When installing new crankshaft bearings or replacing old bearings, refer to the selection table.



6A-35-1.tif



6A-35-2.tif



6A-35-3.tif

NOTE:

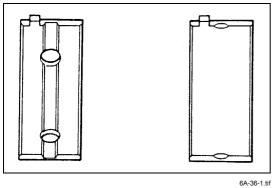
Please note that some Crankshaft No. 4 journals made during a limited production period have their number (No. 4) marked on either their front or rear side of webs as shown below.

NOTE:

Although all upper journal bearings (cylinder body side) have oil grooves and holes, all lower bearings (bearing cap side) have no groove and hole.

Play close attention to the distinction during the installation procedure.

	Main Bearing Crankshaft Crankshaft Bore Diameter mm (in.) Main Journal Diameter mm (in.) Bearing				Oil Clearance
Size Mark	Inside Diameter	Size Mark	Outside Diameter	Size Mark	mm (in.)
1 73.987~74.000 (2.9129~2.9134)	1 or -	69.927~69.942 (2.7530~2.7536)	Black	0.035~0.061 (0.0014~0.0024)	
	2 or -	69.922~69.927 (2.7528~2.7530)	Blue	0.032~0.058 (0.0013~0.0023)	
	3 or -	69.917~69.922 (2.7526~2.7528)	blue	0.037~0.063 (0.0015~0.0025)	
2 73.975~73.987 (2.9124~2.9129)	1 or -	69.927~69.942 (2.7530~2.7536)	Croon	0.031~0.056 (0.0012~0.0022)	
		2 or -	69.922~69.927 (2.7528~2.7530)	Green	0.036~0.048 (0.0014~0.0019)
		3 or -	69.917~69.922 (2.7526~2.7528)	Black	0.033~0.058 (0.0013~0.0023)



☆ REASSEMBLY

13. Crankshaft



- Install the main bearings to the cylinder body and the main bearing caps.
- Be sure that they are positioned correctly.

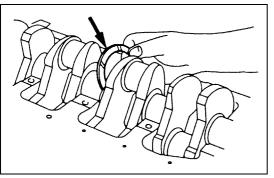


- Apply new engine oil to the upper and lower main bearing faces.
- Carefully mount the crankshaft.
- Apply engine oil to the thrust washer.

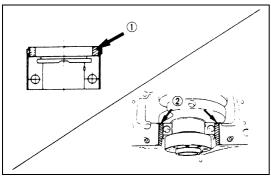




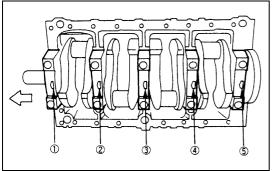
Assemble the thrust washer to the No.3 bearing journal. The oil grooves must face the crankshaft.



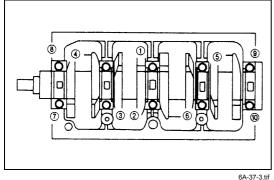
6A-36-2.tif



6A-37-1.tif



6A-37-2.tif



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12. Main Bearing Cap

- Apply the recommended liquid gasket or its equivalent to the No. 5 crankshaft bearing cap ① as shown in the illustration.
- Install the arch gasket ② to the No. 5 bearing cap. Use your fingers to push the arch gasket into the bearing cap groove.

NOTE:

Be sure that the bearing cap fitting surface is completely free of oil before applying the liquid gasket.

Do not allow the liquid gasket to obstruct the cylinder thread holes and bearings.

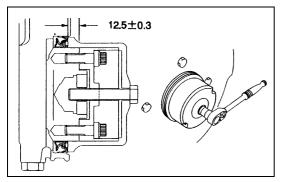
- Install the bearing caps with the bearing cap head arrow mark facing the front of the engine.
- Apply engine oil to the crankshaft bearing cap bolts.
- Tighten the crankshaft bearing cap bolts to the specified torque a little at a time in the sequence shown in the illustration.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

167 (17.0/123)

NOTE:

Check to see that the crankshaft turns smoothly by rotating it manually.



6A-38-1.tif

11. Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal (Gear and Belt Drive Model)

٩٢٧.

Use the oil seal installer to install the oil seal to the cylinder body.



Installer: Rear Oil Seal 5-8840-2359-0

NOTES:

Wipe off rust and scraps clean from the press-in portion of the oil seal.

Take note of the press-in direction of the oil seal.

- 1) Install the adapter of the special tool to the rear end of the crankshaft with two bolts.
- 2) Install the oil seal to the outer circumference of the
- 3) Insert the slave into the adapter portion, and tighten it in with the bolt (M12 x 1.75L=70) until the adapter section hits the slave.
- 4) Remove the adapter and the slave.
- 5) After installing the oil seal, check the measurement of the oil seal.

Standard mm (in)



12.2 - 12.8 (0.48 - 0.50)

10. Cylinder Block Rear Plate

Align the rear plate with the cylinder body knock pins. Tighten the rear plate to the specified torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



82 (8.4/61)



9. Flywheel

- 1) Thoroughly clean the remove the oil from the threads of crankshaft.
- 2) Mount the flywheel on the crankshaft and then install the washer.
- 3) Apply a coat of engine oil to the threads of the flywheel
- 4) Align the flywheel with the crankshaft dowel pin.
- 5) Tighten the flywheel bolts to the specified torque in two steps using the Angular Tightening Method.

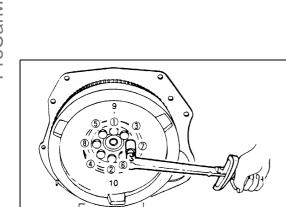
Follow the numerical order shown in the illustration.

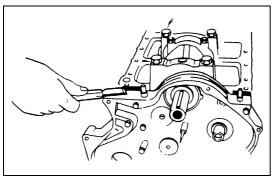


6A-38-2.tit

Flywheel Bolt Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
1st Step	2nd Step
59 (6.0/43)	60° - 90°

- 8. Piston and Connecting Rod
- 7. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe

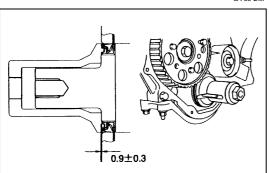




6A-39-1.tit

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6A-39-2.tif



6A-39-3.tif

6. Oil Pump Assembly

Above works refer to "PISTON AND CONNECTING ROD" Section in this manual.

5a. Timing Pulley Housing

1) Install the timing pulley housing to the cylinder body.

NOTE:

Take care not to twist the front oil seal.

2) Tighten the timing pulley housing bolt together with the timing pulley housing gasket to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

3) Cut away the gasket protruding above the fitting surfaces (as shown in the illustration)

5. Timing Gear Housing

- Install the timing gear housing to the cylinder body.
- Tighten the timing gear housing bolt together with the timing gear housing gasket to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

3) Cut away the gasket protruding above the fitting surface (as shown in the illustration).

4. Front Oil Seal (Gear Drive Model)

Install oil seal using special tool.

Installer: 5-8840-2061-0

Front Oil Seal (Belt Drive Model)

Install oil seal using special tool. Installer: 5-8840-2361-0

NOTE:

Wipe off rust and scraps clean from the press-in portion of the oil seal.

Take note of the press-in direction of the oil seal.

- 1) With the oil seal attached to the sleeve, put it in the front end of the crankshaft.
- 2) With the edge of the oil seal attached securely to the crankshaft, tighten it with the center bolt until the sleeve hits securely against the reference plane at the front end of the crankshaft.
- 3) Remove the sleeve.





4) After pressing in the oil seal, check the measurement of the oil seal.

Standard

mm (in)

0.6 - 1.2 (0.024 - 0.047)



3a. Timing Belt and Pulley (Belt Drive Model)

- **Camshaft Timing Pulley**
- Apply engine oil to the oil seal lip portion of the oil seal retainer.
- Apply the recommended liquid gasket or its equivalent to the retainer.
- Install the oil seal retainer to the cylinder body.
- Tighten the retainer bolts to the specified torque.

Oil Seal Retainer Bolt Torque

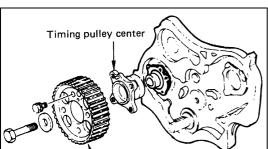
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



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19 (1.9/14)



Retainer

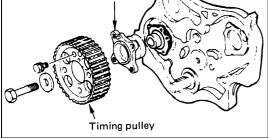
Align the camshaft timing pulley center with the camshaft key.

Tighten the timing pulley bolts to the specified torque.

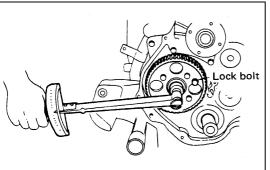
Timing Pulley Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)





6A-40-2.ti1



6A-40-3.tif

Prevent the camshaft from turning when tightening the timing center bolt.

64 (6.5/47)

Tighten the timing pulley center bolt to the specified torque.

Center Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



- Install the crank pulley.
- Install the idle pulley and idler pulley.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



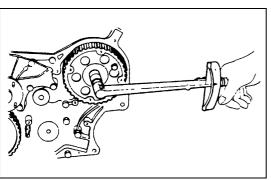


- - Install the injection pump assembly and install timing
 - Align the timing pulley with the pump shaft key.
 - Install the stopper bolt to the timing pulley. This will prevent the timing pulley from moving.
 - Tighten the timing pulley nut to the specified torque. Injection Pump Timing Pulley Nut Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

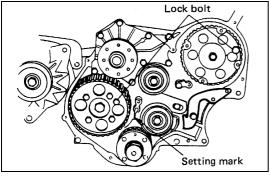


Remove the stopper bolt from the injection timing.

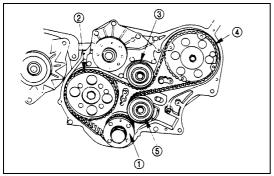




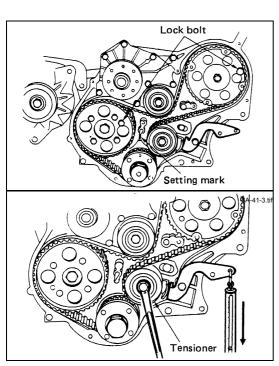
6A-40-4.tit



6A-41-1.tif



6A-41-2.tif



6A-42-1.tit

6) Timing Belt

NOTE:

- When the timing belt is removed, be sure to replace it with a new one.
- The tension of the timing belt may be affected by the changes in temperature. Be sure to install it while the engine cold.
- When the timing belt is bent forcibly, the cord may got snapped, thus resulting in the reduced strength. Do not bend it unnecessarily.
- ① Check that the stopper bolts are properly installed to the camshaft timing pulley and the injection pump timing pulley.
- ② Check that the timing pulley housing mark and the crankshaft timing pulley mark are aligned.
 The No. 1 cylinder should be at TDC on the compression stroke.
 Rotate the crankshaft damper pulley clockwise to align.
 - Rotate the crankshaft damper pulley clockwise to align the marks.
- ③ Install the timing belt to the crankshaft timing pulley ①, the camshaft timing pulley ②, the tensioner idler ③, and the injection timing pulley ④.
 Follow the numerical order.
- 4 Install the timing belt tensioner 5 to the timing pulley housing.
- ⑤ Temporarily tighten the tensioner bolt. The tensioner should move freely

NOTE:

The timing belt is easily damaged. Be careful.

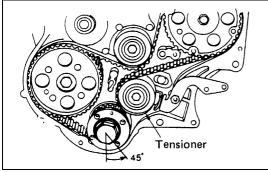
NOTE:

After completion of the installation of the timing belt, check to see if the alignment mark of the crankshaft timing pulley is in line with the alignment mark provided on the housing.

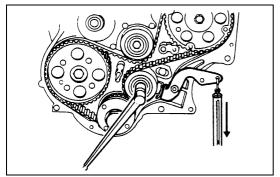
- When the alignment marks are not in line with each other, set them together and reinstall the timing belt.
- Set the tensioner adjusting lever to the timing pulley housing.
- Remove the stopper bolts from the camshaft timing pulley and the injection pump timing pulley.
- 8 Attach the spring balancer.
- Adjust the timing belt tension by pulling straight down on the spring balancer with the specified force.

Tension Adjusting Lever Force

N (kg/lb)

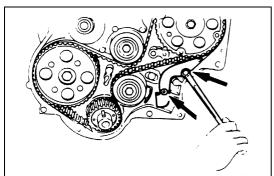




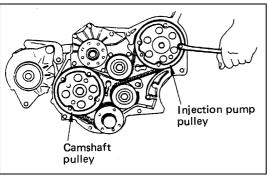


6A-42-3.tif

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6A-42-4.tif



NOTE:

Timing belt tension must be adjusted.

Failure to adjust the timing belt tension will result in timing belt damage.

- Tighten the tension bolt.
- n Rotate the crankshaft 45 degrees counterclockwise.

NOTE:

Never rotate the crankshaft clockwise when adjusting the timing belt.

Readjust the timing belt tension.

Refer to Step 9

This will remove any remaining timing belt slack.

③ Tighten the tensioner bolt to the specified torque.

Tensioner Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

76 (7.7/56)

(4) Tighten the tension adjusting lever nut and bolt.

NOTE:

If on-vehicle timing belt replacement is performed, the crankshaft must not be allowed to turn.

If the crankshaft is allowed to turn, piston and valve damage will result.

5) Flange: Camshaft Pulley

4) Flange: Injection Pump Pulley

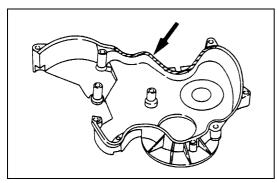
- Install the timing pulley flange to the camshaft and injection pump timing pulley.
- Tighten the timing pulley flange bolts to the specified torque.

Timing Pulley Flange Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

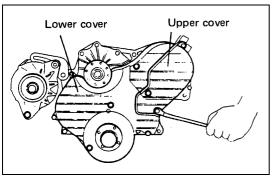
19 (1.9/14)



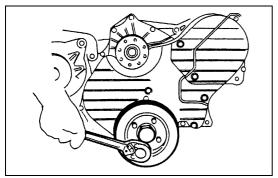


6A-43-2.tif

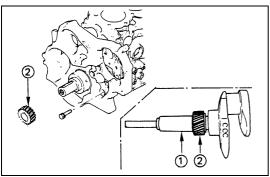
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6A-43-5.tit

(4)

- 3) Timing Pulley Lower Cover
- Apply the recommended liquid gasket or its equivalent to the timing pulley lower cover.
- Install the lower cover to the timing pulley housing.
- Use the lower cover guide bolts to prevent the liquid gasket from running.
- 2) Timing Pulley Upper Cover

- Install the upper cover to the lower cover and the pulley housing.
- Tighten the timing pulley cover bolts to the specified torque a little at a time.

Timing Pulley Cover Bolt Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
8 (0.81/6)	
Remove the lower cover guide pin. Crankshaft Center Pulley Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
206 (21/152)	

- 1) Crankshaft Damper Pulley
- Install the damper pulley and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

Pulley Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft) 19 (1.9/14)

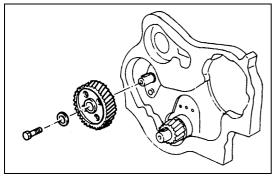
3. Timing Gear (Gear Drive Model)

- 11) Crank Shaft Gear
- ① Install the crankshaft gear.
- ② Use the crankshaft gear installer ① to install the crankshaft gear ②.

The crankshaft gear timing mark ("X – X") must be facing outward.

Crankshaft Gear Installer: 9-8522-0020-0









- ① Install the camshaft timing gear to the camshaft. The timing gear mark ("Y - Y") must be facing outward.
- ② Tighten the timing gear to the specified torque.

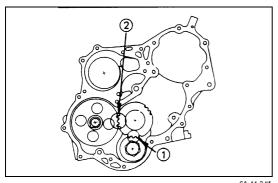
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

64 (6.5/47)



6A-44-1.tif

6A-44-2.tit



6A-44-3.tif



① Apply engine oil to the idle gear and the idler gear shaft.

The idler shaft oil hole must be facing up.

② Position the idler gear setting marks "X" and "Y" so that they are facing the front of the engine.

- 3 Align the idler gear "X" setting mark with the crankshaft timing gear ⊕ "X – X" setting mark.
- 4 Align the idler gear "Y" setting mark with the camshaft timing gear ^① "Y − Y" setting mark.
- ⑤ Install the thrust collar and bolts to the cylinder body through the shaft.

The thrust collar oil hole must be facing up, and the thrust collar chamfered must be outward.

© Tighten the idler gear bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



19 (1.9/14)



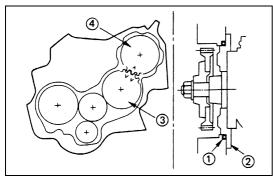
- ① Apply engine oil to the idler gear and the idler gear shaft.
- ② Align the idler gear "B" ③ "Z" setting mark with the idler gear "A" @ "Z-Z" setting mark.
- 3 Tighten the idler gear bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



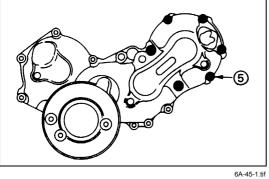
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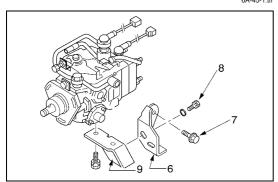
76 (7.7/56)



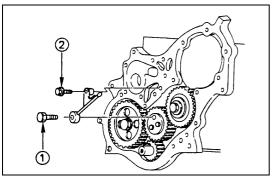
6A-44-5.tit





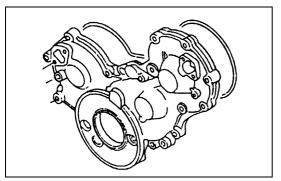


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6A-45-3.tif

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6A-45-4.tif

- 7) Injection Pump
- ① Install the O-ring ① to the injection pump flange ②.
- ② Install the injection pump to the timing gear case. Align the idler gear "B" 3 "V-V" mark.

3 Temporarily tighten the six injection pump nuts 5. The injection pump nuts will be finally tightened after the injection pump rear bracket bolts.

- ④ Install the injection pump rear bracket ⑥ and the rear bracket bolts $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$ to the cylinder body.
- ⑤ Install the rear bracket bolts ⑧ to the injection pump bracket 9.

Do not tighten the bolts.

The rear bracket bolts 7 and 8 will be finally tightened to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

- 6) Timing Gear Oil Pipe
- ① Install the oil pipe to the timing gear case and idler gear "A".
- ② Tighten the oil pipe eye bolt ① and bolt ② to the specified torque.

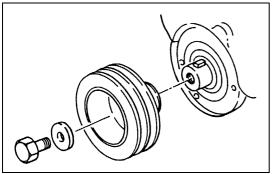
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

13 (1.3/9)

- 5) Timing Gear Case Cover
- ① Align the gear case with the timing gear case knock pin and then install the timing gear case cover.
- ② Tighten the gear case cover bolts to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

8 (0.8/69)



6A-45-5.tif

Crankshaft Damper Pulley
 Tighten the crankshaft damper pulley bolt to the specified torque.

NOTE:

Hold the flywheel ring gear stationary to prevent the crankshaft from turning when tightening the damper pulley.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

206 (21/152)

3) Cooling Fan Assembly

 Mount fan pulley, distance piece, and cooling fan asm (in this order) on the water pump, and tighten to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

8 (0.8/69)

2) AC Generator, Power Steering Pump Drive Belt

- Install AC Generator, Power Steering pump drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98 N (10 kg/22 lb) force.

Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 12 (0.47)

Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

2

27 (2.8/20)

1) Fan Shroud

- Install the fan shroud and reservoir tank hose.
- Pour coolant
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

2. Oil Pan Assembly

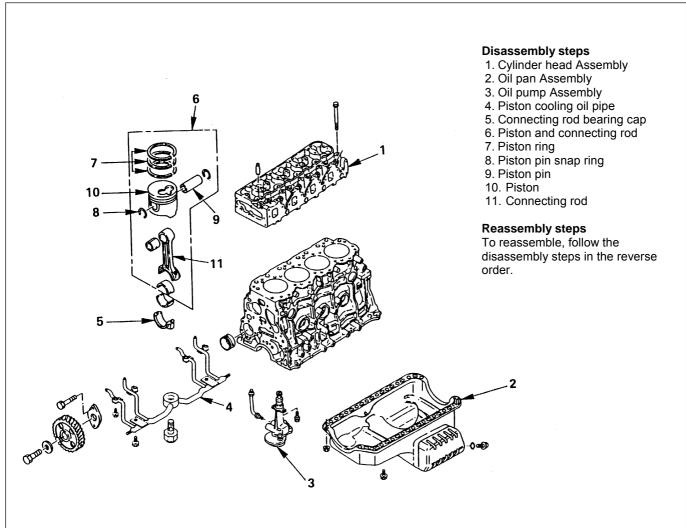
Above works refer to "OIL PUMP" Section in this manual.

- 1. Cylinder Head Assembly and Gasket
 - Piston Head Projection Measurement Point
 - Cylinder Head Assembly
 - Push Rod
 - Rocker Arm Shaft Assembly

Valve clearance adjustment.

Above works refer to "CYLINDER BLOCK" Section in this manual.

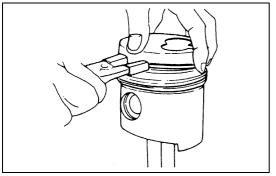
PISTON AND CONNECTING ROD



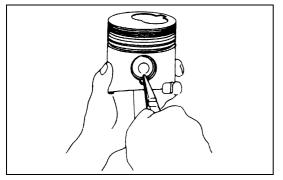
6A-47-1.tif

⇔ DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Cylinder Head Assembly
- 2. Oil Pan Assembly
- 3. Oil Pump Assembly
- 4. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe
- 5. Connecting Rod Bearing Cap
- 6. Piston and Connecting Rod
 - Remove carbon deposits from the upper portion of the cylinder wall with a scraper before removing the piston and connecting rod.



6A-48-1.tif



6A-48-2.tit

7. Piston Ring

Remove the piston rings with a piston ring expander. Arrange the removed piston rings in the cylinder number order.

8. Piston Pin Snap Ring

Use a pair of pliers to remove the piston pin snap rings.

9. Piston Pin

NOTE:

Keep the parts removed from each cylinder separate. All parts must be reinstalled in their original positions.

- 10. Piston
- 11. Connecting Rod

INSPECTION AND REPAIR PISTON AND PISTON RING

Pistons

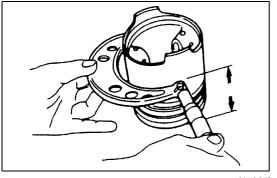
Carefully clean away all the carbon adhering to the piston head and the piston ring grooves.

NOTE:

Never use a wire brush to clean the pistons. Damage will result.

Visually check each piston for cracking, scoring, and other signs of excessive wear.

If any of the above conditions are present, the piston must be replaced.

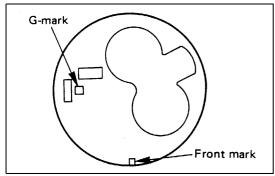


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Piston Diameter

1. Measure the piston outside diameter with micrometer at the piston grading position.

Piston Grading Position	mm (in)
4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	74 (2.913)
4JG2	71.00 (2.797)



6A-49-1.tif

4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC		mm (in)
Size Mark	Outside I	Diameter
Α	92.985 - 92.994 (3.6608 - 3.6612)
В	92.995 - 93.004 (3.6612 - 3.6616)
С	93.005 - 93.014 (3.6616 - 3.6620)
D	93.015 - 93.024 ((3.6620 - 3.6624)
4JG2		mm (in)
Size Mark	Outside I	Diameter
Α	95.365 - 95.374 ((3.7545 - 3.7549)
В	95.375 - 95.384 (3.7549 - 3.7553)
С	95.385 - 95.394 (3.7553 - 3.7557)
D	95.395 - 95.404 ((3.7557 - 3.7561)

The grading position for piston outside diameter is represented by the 'G' as shown in Figure. Measure the cylinder bore inside diameter (refer to "inspection of the cylinder Block" in this Section). If the piston clearance does not conform to the specified valve, the piston and/or cylinder liners must be replaced.

Piston Clearance	mm (in)
4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC	0.061 (0.0024)
4JG2	0.066 (0.0026)

Selection method of piston grade for service parts.

If you find piston grade A from size mark or piston outside diameter measurement result, you will select AX for service piston grade.

The stamped piston grade on the head of piston for service parts.

Service piston grade

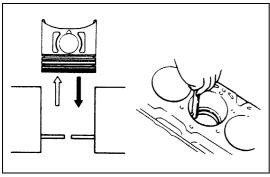
CX

Piston Size Mark	Service Parts Grade
A	AX
В	AX
С	CX
D	CX

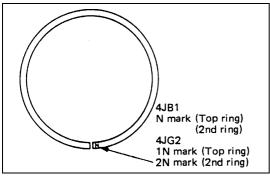
Service piston diameter mm (in) Piston Grade 4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC AX 92.989 - 93.004 (3.6610 - 3.6616)

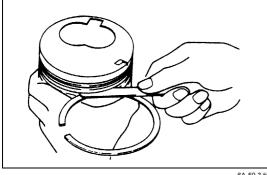
Piston Grade	4JG2
AX	95.369 - 95.384 (3.7547 - 3.7553)
CX	95.385 - 95.400 (3.7553 - 3.7559)

93.005 - 93.020 (3.6616 - 3.6622)









6A-50-3.tif

NOTE:

It is most important that the correct piston grade be used. Failure to select the correct piston grade will result in engine failure. Always measure the cylinder bore and select the correct piston grade.

Piston rings

Any worn or damaged part discovered during engine overhaul must be replaced with a new one.

- 1. Ring end gap measurement
- Insert the piston ring into the bore.
- Push the ring by the piston, at a right angle to the wall, into the point ring at which the cylinder bore diameter is the smallest.
- The top mark of the piston ring are shown in the illustration.

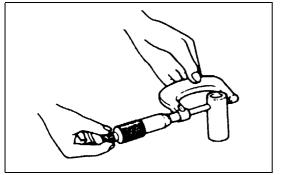
4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4	JB1TC		mm.(in)
		Standard	Limit
Compression ring	1st	0.20 - 0.40 (0.0079 - 0.0157)	
	2nd	0.20 - 0.40 (0.0079- 0.0157)	1.5 (0.059)
Oil ring		0.10 - 0.30 (0.0039 - 0.0118)	

4JG2			mm.(in)
		Standard	Limit
Compression ring	1st	0.20 - 0.35 (0.0079 - 0.0138)	
	2nd	0.37 - 0.52 (0.0146 - 0.0205)	1.5 (0.059)
Oil ring		0.20 - 0.40 (0.0079 - 0.0157)	

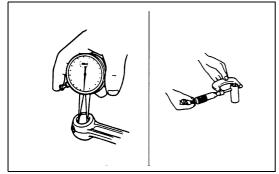
2. Measure the clearance between the piston ring groove and the piston ring with a feeler gauge. If the piston ring groove/piston ring clearance exceeds the specified limit, the piston must be replaced.

4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4	JB1TC	·	mm (in)
		Standard	Limit
Compression ring	1st	0.090 - 0.125 (0.0035 - 0.0049)	
	2nd	0.050 - 0.075 (0.0020 - 0.0030)	0.15 (0.0059)
Oil ring		0.03 - 0.07 (0.0012 - 0.0028)	

4JG2			mm (in)
		Standard	Limit
Compression ring	1st	0.09-0.13 (0.0035 - 0.0051)	
	2nd	0.05 - 0.07 (0.0020 - 0.0028)	0.15 (0.0059)
Oil ring	•	0.03-0.07 (0.0012-0.0028)	
		•	•



6A-51-1.tif



6A-51-2.tif

1 Piston pin

Visually inspect the piston pin for cracks, flaws, and other damage and replace if necessary.

 Use a micrometer to measure the piston pin outside diameter in both directions at three different positions.
 If the measurement exceed the specified limit the piston pin must be replaced.

Piston pin	outside d	iameter	
------------	-----------	---------	--

mm (in)

	Standard	Limit
4JB1 / 4JB1T 4JB1TC	30.995 - 31.000 (1.2202 - 1.2204)	30.970 (1.2190)
4JG2	33.995 - 34.000 (1.3384 - 1.3386)	33.970 (1.3374)

Measure the inside diameter of the connecting rod small end. If the clearance between the small end and pin does not conform to the specified value, the connecting rod or bushing and pin must be replaced.

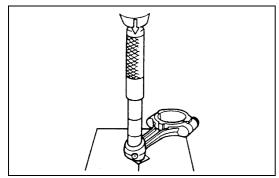
mm (in)

	Standard	Limit
Clearance	0.008 - 0.020 (0.0003 - 0.0008)	0.05 (0.0020)

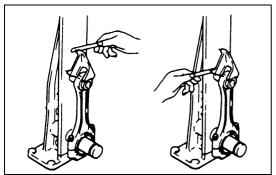
Insert the piston pin into the piston and rotate it. If the
pin rotates smoothly with no backlash, the clearance is
normal. If there is backlash or roughness, measure the
clearance. If the clearance exceeds the specified limit,
the piston and the piston pin must be replaced.

mm (in)

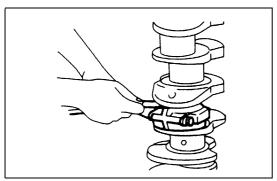
	Standard	Limit
Clearance	0.002 - 0.004 (0.00008 - 0.00016)	0.04 (0.0016)



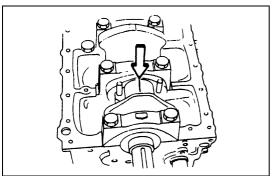
6A-52-1.tif



6A-52-2 ti



6A-52-3.tit



6A-52-4.tif

Bushing replacement

Removal: Use a suitable bar and bench press or

hammer.

Installation: Use a suitable bar and bench press.

NOTE:

Align the bushing with the connecting rod oil port. After installing a new bushing, finish the bushing bore with a pin hole grinder.

Connecting rods

1. Check the connecting rod alignment with a connecting rod aligner.

If either the bend or the twist exceeds the specified limit, the connecting rod must be replaced.

mm	(in)

	Standard	Limit
Bend per 100 (3.94)	0.08 (0.0031) or less	0.20 (0.0079)
Twist per 100 (3.94)	0.05 (0.0020) or less	0.15 (0.0059)

2. Measure the connecting rod thrust clearance.

Use a feeler gauge to measure the thrust clearance at the big end of the connecting rod.

If the clearance exceeds the specified limit, the connecting rod must be replaced.

Thrust Clearance mm (in)

Standard	Limit	
0.230 (0.0091)	0.350 (0.0138)	

- 3. Measure the oil clearance between the connecting rod and the crankshaft by:
 - 1) Remove the connecting rod cap nuts and the rod caps.
 - Arrange the removed rod caps in the cylinder number order.
 - 2) Clean the rod bearings and the crankshaft pins.
 - 3) Carefully check the rod bearings.
 - If even one bearing is found to be damaged or badly worn, the entire bearing assembly must be replaced as a set. Reinstall the bearings in their original positions.
 - Apply plastigage to the crank pin.
 - 4) Reinstall the rod caps to their original positions

5) Tighten the cap nuts in 2 steps, using angular tightening method as shown in the following specifications. (4JG2)

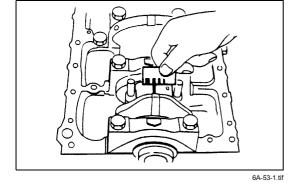


4JG2	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
1st Steps	2nd Step
29 (3.0/22)	45° - 75°
4JA1, 4JB1, 4JB1TC	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
83 (8.	.5/61)

NOTE:

Do not allow the crankshaft to rotate.

- 6) Remove the rod caps.
- 7) Measure the width of the plastigage and determine the oil clearance. If the oil clearance exceeds the limit, replace the rod bearings as a set.
- 8) Clean the plastigage from the bearings and the crankshaft pins.



Crankshaft Journal and Bearing Clearance

Limit

mm (in)

Standard 4JB1/ 0.029 - 0.0664JB1T / (0.0011 - 0.0026)4JB1TC 0.100 (0.0039) 0.029 - 0.0834JG2 (0.0011 - 0.0033)

☆ REASSEMBLY

- 11. Connecting Rod
- 10. Piston
- 9. Piston Pin



Apply a cost of engine oil to the piston pin and the piston pin hole.

8. Piston Pin Snap Ring



Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the piston pin.

Try to insert the piston pin into the piston pin hole with normal finger pressure.

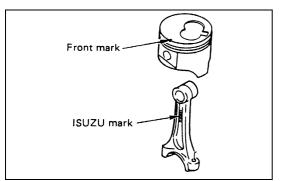
Weigh each piston and connecting rod assembly.

Select piston and connecting rod combinations so that the weight variation of the different assemblies a held within the specified limits.

	g (oz)
Variance in weight after assembly	Less than 3 (0.1058)

NOTE:

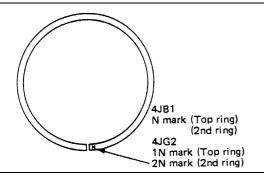
When changing piston/connecting rod combinations, do not change the piston/piston pin combination





Attach the piston to the connecting rod with the piston front mark and the connecting rod ISUZU mark on the same side.

6A-54-1.tif

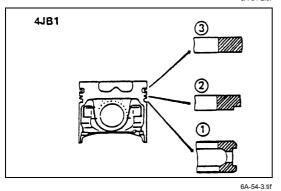




Piston Ring

- Install the piston rings with the piston ring expander. The compression ring must be set with the 1N, 2N mark (4JG2) facing up.
- Discrimination mark is painted as shown in the illustration.





Install piston rings in the following sequence.

Oil ring

- ① Expander ring
- ② Upper side rail
- 3 Lower side rail

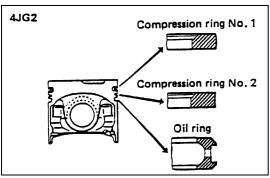
2) 2nd compression ring

3) 1st compression ring

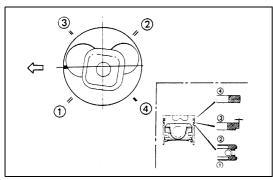
- The compression ring must be set with the 1N or 2N mark (4JG2) facing up.
- 1st compression ring: 1N (4JG2), N (4JB1)
- 2nd compression ring: 2N (4JG2), N (4JB1)
- After installation, apply engine oil to the entire circumference of the piston rings.
 - Check to see that all the rings rotate smoothly.
- Insert the bearings into the connecting rods and caps. Apply new engine oil to the bearing faces.

Cap side bearings have no oil hole.

Conn rod side bearings oil hole should be aligned with oil hole on the conn rod.



6A-54-4.tif

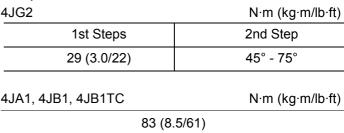


6. Piston and Connecting Rod

- Apply engine oil to the cylinder bores, the connecting rod bearings and the crankshaft pins.
- Check to see that the piston ring end gaps are correctly positioned.
- Insert the piston/connecting rod assemblies into each cylinder with the piston ring compressor.
- The front marks must be facing the front of the engine.

5. Connecting Rod Bearing Cap

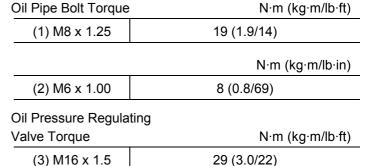
Tighten the cap nuts in 2 steps, using angular tightening method as shown in the following specifications.



After tightening the cap nuts, check to see that the crankshaft rotates smoothly.



- Install the piston cooling oil pipe to the cylinder body.
- Tighten the oil pipe bolts and relief valve to the specified torque.



NOTE:

Check that there is no interference between the piston and the oiling jet pipe by slowly rotating the crankshaft.

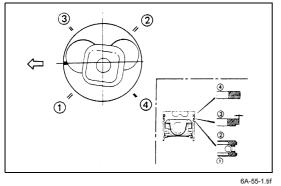
- 3. Oil Pump Assembly
- 2. Oil Pan Assembly

Above works refer to "OIL PUMP" Section in this manual.

- 1. Cylinder Head Assembly
 - Piston Head Projection Measurement Point
 - Cylinder Head ASM
 - **Push Rod**
 - **Rocker Arm Shaft ASM**

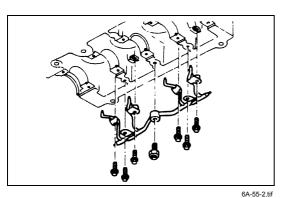
Valve clearance adjustment.

Above works refer to "CYLINDER BLOCK" Section in this manual.





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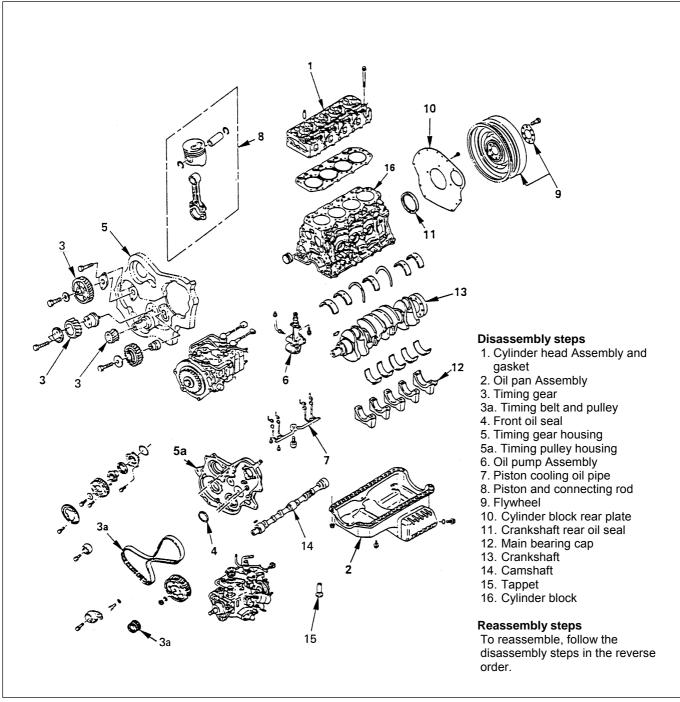




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CYLINDER BLOCK



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DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Cylinder Head Assembly and Gasket
- 2. Oil Pan Assembly
- 3. Timing Gear
- 3a. Timing Belt and Pulley
- 4. Front Oil Seal (Belt Drive Model)
- 5. Timing Gear Housing
- 5a. Timing Pulley Housing
- 6. Oil Pump Assembly

- 7. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe
- 8. Piston and Connecting Rod
- 9. Flywheel
- 10. Cylinder Block Rear Plate
- 11. Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal
- 12. Main Bearing Cap
- 13. Crankshaft
- 14. Camshaft
- 15. Tappet

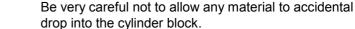
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16. Cylinder Block

P INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Make the necessary adjustments, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.

1. Remove the gasket and any other material adhering the upper surface of the cylinder block.



Be very careful not to scratch the cylinder block.

- 2. Carefully remove the oil pump, Rear Seal retainer and oil pan installation surface seal.
- 3. Wipe the cylinder block clean.

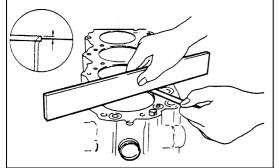
Cylinder Liner Projection Inspection

- 1. Hold a straight edge ① along the top edge of the cylinder liner to be measured.
- 2. Use a feeler gauge ② to measure each cylinder line projection.

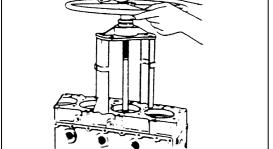
The difference in the cylinder liner projection height between any two adjacent cylinders must not exceed 0.03 mm (0.0012 in).

Standard mm (in)

0.0 - 0.1 (0.0000 - 0.0039)



6A-57-1.tit



6A-57-2.tit

(1)

Flatness

- 1. Remove the cylinder body dowel.
- 2. Set the cylinder liner remover to the cylinder liner.
- 3. Check that the remover shaft ankle is firmly gripping the cylinder liner bottom edge.
- 4. Slowly turn the remover shaft handle counterclockwise to pull the cylinder liner free.

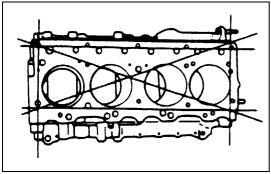
Cylinder Liner Remover Ankle: 5-8840-2304-0 (4JG2)

5-8840-2039-0

(4JB1/4JB1T/4JB1TC)

NOTE:

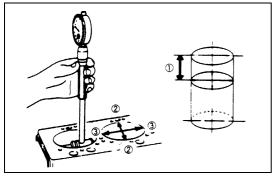
Take care not to damage the cylinder body upper during the cylinder liner removal procedure.



5. Use a straight edge ① and a feeler gauge ② to measure the four sides and the two diagonals of the cylinder body upper face.

If the measured values exceeds the limit, the cylinder body must be replaced.





6A-58-2.tit

1 Cylinder Liner Bore Measurement

Use a cylinder indicator to measure the cylinder liner bore at measuring point 1 in the thrust 2 - 2 and axial 3 direction of the crankshaft.

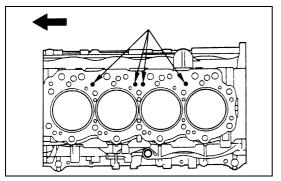
Measuring Point ① 20mm (0.79 in)

If the measured value exceeds the specified limit, the cylinder liner must be replaced.

NOTE:

The inside of the dry type cylinder liner is chrome plated. It cannot be rebored or honed.

If the inside of the cylinder liner is scored or scorched, the cylinder liner must be replaced.



6A-58-3.tif

Cylinder Liner Grade Selection

Measure the cylinder body inside diameter and select the appropriate cylinder liner grade.

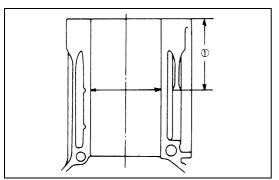
Standard Lifting Interference

mm (in)

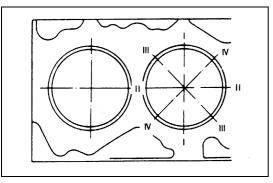
0.01 - 0.019 (0.0004 - 0.0007)

If the cylinder liner fitting interference is too small, engine cooling efficiency will be adversely effected.

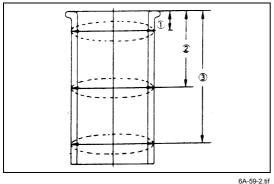
If the cylinder liner fitting interference is too large, it will be difficult to insert the cylinder liner into the cylinder body.



6A-58-4.tif







Cylinder Body Bore Measurement

1) Take measurements at measuring point (A) across positions ① - ①, ② - ②, ③ - ③, and ④ - ④.

Measuring Point (A) 98mm (3.86 in).

- 2) Calculate the average value of the four measurements to determine the correct cylinder grade.
- 3) Consult the following table with the resultant diameter for the correct liner application.

Selection method of cylinder liner and piston grade for service parts.

The production line stamped cylinder liner grade on the top of cylinder body, the cylinder liner outside diameter grade 1, 2, 3, 4.

If you find cylinder liner outside diameter grade 1 and piston outside diameter B on the cylinder body or result of measurement for each parts, you will select service parts grade for cylinder liner 1, AX grade and for piston AX grade.

The stamping grade code on the service parts are; For cylinder liner grade stamped on the outside of cylinder

For piston grade stamped on the head of piston.

4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC mm (in)

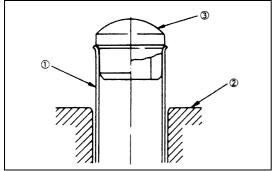
Liner outside Grade	Cylinder bore diameter average	Liner outside diameter	Liner bore Grade	Service liner bore measurement
1	95.001 - 95.010		AX	93.035 (3.6628) - 93.050 (3.6634)
'	(3.7402 - 3.7406)		CX	93.051 (3.6634) - 93.066 (3.6640)
2	95.011 - 95.020	95.021 - 95.030 (3.7410 - 3.7413)	AX	93.035 (3.6628) - 93.050 (3.6634)
2	(3.7406 - 3.7409)		CX	93.051 (3.6634) - 93.066 (3.6640)
2	95.021 - 95.030	95.031 - 95.040 (3.7414 - 3.7417)	AX	93.035 (3.6628) - 93.050 (3.6634)
3	(3.7410 - 3.7413)		CX	93.051 (3.6634) - 93.066 (3.6640)
4	95.031 - 95.040 (3.7414 - 3.7417)	95.041 - 95.050 (3.7418 - 3.7421)	AX	93.035 (3.6628) - 93.050 (3.6634)
4			CX	93.051 (3.6634) - 93.066 (3.6640)

4JG2 mm (in) Liner Liner Cylinder bore Liner outside outside bore Service liner bore measurement diameter average diameter Grade Grade AX 95.435 (3.7573) - 95.450 (3.7579) 97.011 - 97.020 97.001 - 97.010 1 (3.8189 - 3.8193)(3.8193 - 3.8197)CX 95.451 (3.7579) - 95.466 (3.7585) AX 95.435 (3.7573) - 95.450 (3.7579) 97.011 - 97.020 97.021 - 97.030 2 (3.8193 - 3.8197)(3.8197 - 3.8201)CX 95.451 (3.7579) - 95.466 (3.7585) AX 95.435 (3.7573) - 95.450 (3.7579) 97.021 - 97.030 97.031 - 97.040 3 (3.8197 - 3.8201)(3.8201 - 3.8205)CX 95.451 (3.7579) - 95.466 (3.7585) AX95.435 (3.7573) - 95.450 (3.7579) 97.031 - 97.040 97.041 - 97.050 4 (3.8201 - 3.8205)(3.8205 - 3.8209)CX 95.451 (3.7579) - 95.466 (3.7585)

NOTE:

It is most important that the correct piston grade be used. Failure to select the correct piston grade will result in engine failure. Always measure the cylinder bore and select the correct piston grade.

Cylinder liner kit clearances are preset. However, the cylinder liner installation procedure may result in slight decreases in cylinder liner clearances. Always measure the cylinder liner clearance after installation to be sure that it is correct.



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(4)

Cylinder Liner Installation

- 1. Cylinder Liner Installation Using The Special Tool.
 - 1) Use new kerosene or diesel oil to thoroughly clean the cylinder liners and bores.
 - 2) Use compressed air to blow-dry the cylinder liner and bore surfaces.

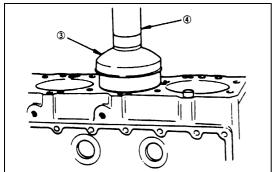
Cylinder Liner Installer: 5-8840-2313-0 (4JG2)

: 5-8840-2040-0 (4JB1 / 4JB1T/ 4JB1TC)

NOTE:

All foreign material must be carefully removed from the cylinder liner and the cylinder bore before installation.

3) Insert the cylinder liner ① into the cylinder body ② from the top of the cylinder body.



6A-60-2.tit

4) Set the cylinder liner installer 3 to the top of the cylinder liner.

Position the cylinder body so that the installer center is directly beneath the bench press shaft center 4.

Cylinder Liner Installer: 5-8840-2313-0 (4JG2)

: 5-8840-2040-0 (4JB1/4JB1T/

4JB1TC)

NOTE:

Check that the cylinder liner is set perpendicular to the bench press and that there is no wobble.

- 5) Use the bench press to apply a seating force of 500 kg (1,102.5 lb/4,900 N) to the cylinder liner.
- 6) Apply a force 2,500 kg (5,512.5 lb/24,500 N) to fully seat the cylinder liner.
- 7) After installing the cylinder liner, measure the cylinder liner projection.
- 8) After installing the cylinder liner, measure the cylinder liner projection.

Refer to "Cylinder Liner Projection Inspection" in this Section.

Measure the cylinder liner bore inside diameter and select the appropriate piston grade.

REASSEMBLY

16. Cylinder Block



15. Tappet14. Camshaft

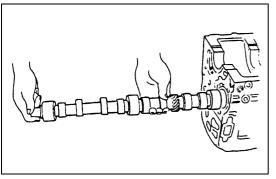


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- Apply a coat of engine oil to the tappet and the cylinder body tappet insert holes.
- Locate the position mark applied at disassembly (if the tappet is to be reused).
- Apply a coat of engine oil to the camshaft and the camshaft bearings.
- Install the camshaft to the cylinder body.

 Take care not to damage the camshaft hear

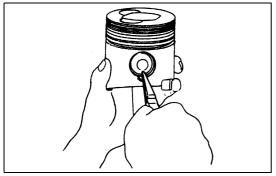




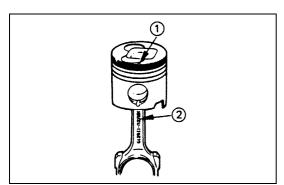
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- 13. Crankshaft
- 12. Main Bearing Cap
- 11. Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal
- 10. Cylinder Block Rear Plate
- 9. Flywheel

Above works refer to "CRANKSHAFT" Section in this manual.

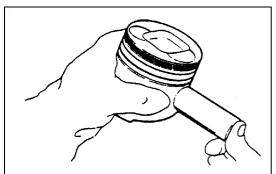


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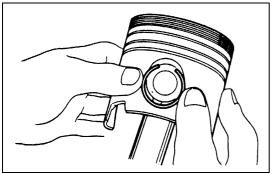


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8. Piston and Connecting Rod

1) Try to insert the piston pin into the piston pin hole with normal finger pressure.

Weigh each piston and connecting rod assembly. Select piston and connecting rod combinations so that the weight variation of the different assemblies is held within the specified limits.

g (oz)

	O ()
Variance in weight	Less than 3
after assembly	(0.1058)

- 2) Clamp the connecting rod in a vise.
 - Take care not to damage the connecting rod.
- 3) Use a pair of pliers to install the piston pin snap ring to the piston.

NOTE:

When changing piston/connecting rod combinations, do not change the piston/piston pin combination.

4) Install the piston to the connecting rod.

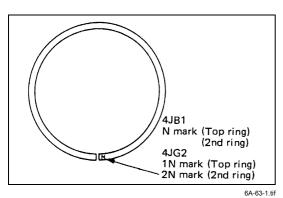
The piston head front mark ① and the connecting rod "ISUZU" casting mark ② must be facing the same direction.

5) Apply a coat of engine oil to the piston pin and the piston pin hole.

Use your fingers to force the piston pin into the piston until it makes contact with the snap ring.

6) Use your fingers to force the piston pin snap ring into the piston snap ring groove.

Check that the connecting rod moves smoothly on the piston pin.





7) Install the piston rings with the piston ring expander. The compression ring must be set with the 1N, 2N mark (4JG2) facing up.

Discrimination mark is painted as shown in the illustration.

8) Use a piston ring replacer to install the three piston

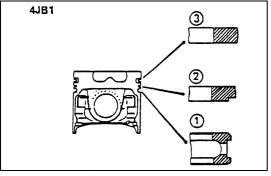
Install the compression rings with the stamped side

there is no gap on either side of the expander coil

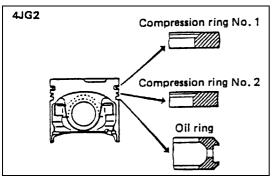
Insert the expander coil into the oil ring groove so that

Install the piston rings in the numerical order shown in





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rings.

NOTE:

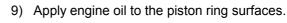
facing up.

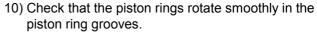
Piston Ring Replacer:

2 2nd compression ring 3 1st compression ring

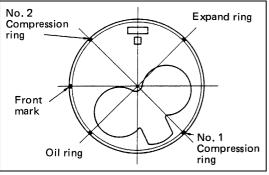
before installing the oil ring.

the illustration. ① Oil ring

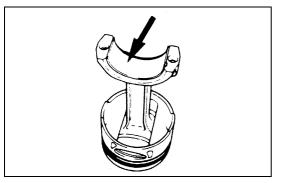




11) Position the piston ring gaps as shown in the illustration.



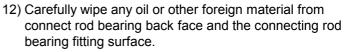
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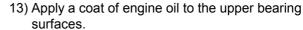




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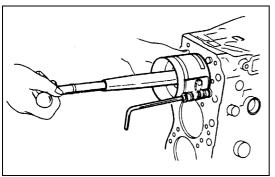
(1)





Apply a coat of engine oil to the cylinder wall.

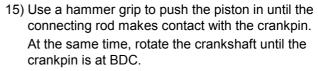




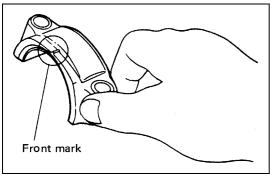
14) Position the piston head from mark so that it is facing the front of engine.

Use the piston ring compressor to compress the piston rings.

Piston Ring Compressor: 5-8840-9018-0 (J-8037)



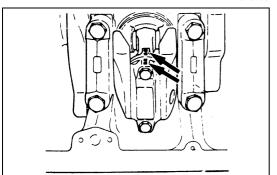




- 16) Position the bearing cap front mark so that it is facing the front of the engine.
- 17) Install the connecting rod bearing caps.
 Align the bearing cap cylinder number marks and the connecting rod cylinder number marks.



6A-64-4.tit





- 18) Apply a coat of engine oil to the threads and setting faces of each connecting rod cap bolt.
- Tighten the connecting rod bearing cap bolts to the specified torque in two steps using the Angular Tightening Method.

Connecting Rod Bearing Cap Bolt

_	Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

2nd Step

	1st Step	2nd Step
4JG2	29 (3.0/22) 45° - 75°	
4JB1/4JB1TC	C 83 (8.5/61)	

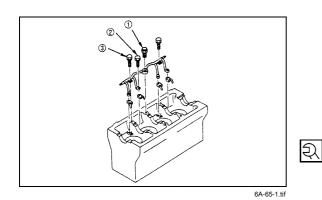


NOTE

Check to see that the crankshaft turns smoothly by rotating it manually.



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7. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe

- 1) Fix the oil jet pipes with knock pins on the cylinder block.
- 2) Install the oil pipe for piston cooling in the cylinder block, tightening a relief valve ① and four joint bolts ② to the specified torque.

Oil pipe fixing bolts

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

M8: 19 (1.9/14) M6: 8 (0.8/69 lb·in.)

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



Relief valve fixing bolt

29 (3.0/22)

CAUTION:

After installed the piston assembly. Check and see that there is appropriate clearance between pistons and oil jet pipes by rotating crankshaft slowly.

6. Oil Pump Assembly

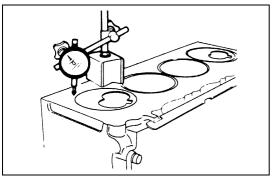
Above works refer to "OIL PUMP" Section in this manual.

- 5a. Timing Pulley Housing
- 5. Timing Gear Housing
- 4. Front Oil Seal (Belt Drive Model)
- 3a. Timing Belt and Pulley
 - 6) Camshaft Timing Pulley
 - 5) Timing Belt
 - 4) Flange: Camshaft Pulley
 - 3) Timing Pulley Lower Cover
 - 2) Timing Pulley Upper Cover
 - 1) Crankshaft Damper Pulley

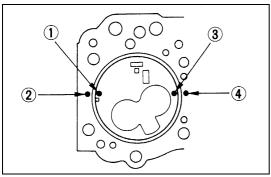
3. Timing Gear (Gear Drive Model)

- 11) Crankshaft Gear
- 10) Crankshaft Timing Gear
- 9) Idle Gear
- 8) Idler Gear "B" and Shaft
- 7) Injection Pump
- 6) Timing Gear Oil Pipe
- 5) Timing Gear Case Cover
- 4) Crankshaft Damper Pulley
- 3) Cooling Fan Assembly
- 2) AC Generator, Power Steering Pump Drive Belt
- 1) Fan Shroud

Above works refer to "CRANKSHAFT" Section in this manual.



6A-66-1.tif



6A-66-2.tit

4JB1

6A-66-3.tit

2. Oil Pan Assembly

Above works refer to "OIL PUMP" Section in this manual.

1. Cylinder Head Assembly and Gasket

① Cylinder head gasket is determined by the piston head projection from the cylinder body upper surface, in order to improve engine performance. Three types of gasket are provided by the difference of thickness. Select the adequate one out of three grades of gasket, according to the following procedure.

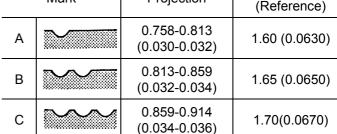
Before measurement, clear off carbon from the piston head and cylinder body surface and also clean the place where a gasket was installed.

Piston Head Projection Measurement Point

- ② Use a dial indicator to measure the piston projection amount.
- 3 Refer to the illustration for the piston head projection measuring positions. All measuring positions should be as close as possible to the cylinder liner.
- Measure the points ① ② ③ ④ and obtain two difference ① - ② and ③ - ④ on each cylinder. Calculate the average value of the piston head projection on each cylinder.
- ⑤ Obtain the maximum value in the four cylinders.
- © Determine the gasket grade required to the maximum value described above in accordance with the following table.

4JB1 / 4JB1T / 4JB1TC

Cylinder Head Gasket Thickness mm (in) Gasket Gasket Grade Piston **Thickness** Mark Projection (Reference) 0.758-0.813 1.60 (0.0630) Α (0.030 - 0.032)0.813-0.859

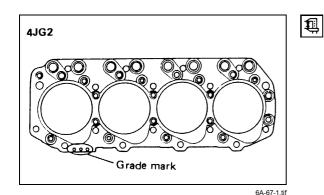




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NOTE:

The difference between the highest measured piston head projection and the lowest measured piston head projection must not exceed 1.0mm (0.039 in).



4JG2 Cylinder Head Gasket Thickness			mm (in)	
Grade mark			Average Piston projection	Gasket thickness
	Α		0. 658-0.713 (0.0259-0.0281)	1.60 (0.0630)
	В		0.713-0.759 (0.0281-0.0299)	1.65 (0.0650)
	С	William.	0.759-0.814 (0.0299-0.0320)	1.70 (0.0670)



NOTE:

The difference between the highest measured piston head projection and the lowest measured piston head projection must not exceed 1.0mm (0.039 in).

Cylinder Head Assembly

- ① Install the dowel in cylinder block.
- ② Install the cylinder head gasket with top mark up.
- 3 Clean up cylinder head lower surface and cylinder body upper surface.
- ④ Install the cylinder head as softly.



- S Apply molybdenum disulfide grease to screw and seat of cylinder head bolts.
- © Tighten the cylinder head bolts to the specific torque in three step following the numerical and shown in the illustration.



6A-67-2.tif

Cylinder Head Bolts Torque		N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
1st Step	2nd Step	3rd Step
49 (5.0/36)	60° - 75°	60° - 75°

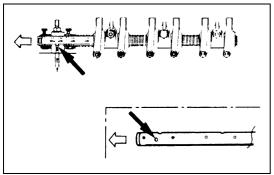


Push Rod

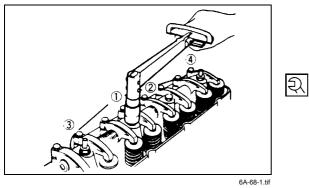
Apply engine oil to push rod and into the cylinder head.

Rocker Arm Shaft Assembly

- ① Loosen all adjusting screws.
- ② Position the rocker arm shaft with the large oil hole (4ø) facing the front of the engine.



6A-67-3.tif



③ Tighten the rocker arm shaft bracket bolts to the specified torque in the numerical order shown in the illustration.

Rocker Arm Shaft Bracket Bolt Torque $N \cdot m (kg \cdot m/lb \cdot ft)$

54 (5.5/40)

Valve clearance adjustment.

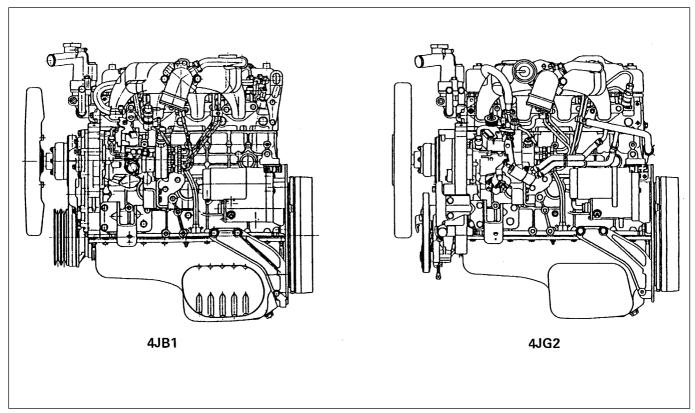


SECTION 6A1 4JB1/4JB1T/4JB1TC/4JG2-ENGINE

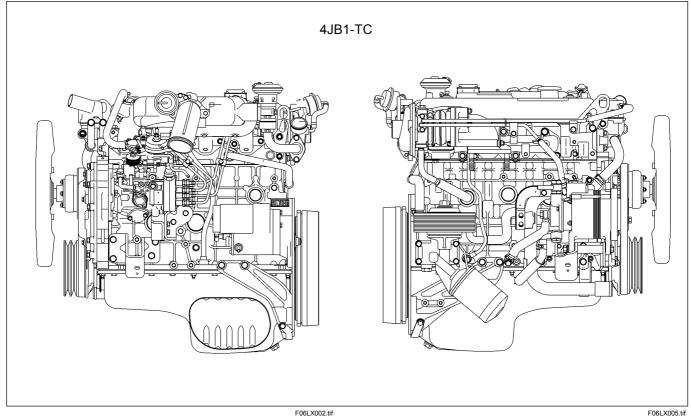
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GENERAL DESCRIPTION



6A1-2-1.tif



The 4JB1 Model engine employs a square troidal type combustion chamber provided with a fence around it. These designs employed allow a superior fuel economy over a wide range of driving conditions.

The 4JG2 Model engine employs, for its combustion chamber, the RECARD Comet V Type swirl combustion chamber which provides a superior driving performance, fuel economy and silent combustion over a wide range of driving conditions.

For the cylinder head gasket steel sheets, laminated steel sheets are employed.

Three grades of the gaskets according to the piston head projection measured from the cylinder block are employed to minimize the fluctuation of the engine compression ratio.

The Angular Tightening Method is employed to tighten the cylinder head fixing bolts, connecting rod fixing bolts and flywheel fixing bolts.

The chrome-plated steel dry type (Chromard) cylinder liners provide the highest durability.

Auto-thermic pistons with cast steel struts are used to reduce thermal expansion and resulting engine noise experienced while the engine is cold.

The tufftrided crankshaft has a long service life. Because it is tufftrided, it cannot be reground.

The crankshaft main bearings and the connecting rod bearings are of aluminum alloy. These bearings are especially vulnerable to foreign materials such as metal scraps. It is very important to keep the oil ports and other related surfaces clean and free of foreign materials.

The tufftriding treatment (nitriding treatment) of the crankshaft for the increased strength eliminates the regrinding of crankpins and journals.

An oiling jet device for piston cooling is provided in the lubricating oil circuit which runs through the check valve from the cylinder block oil gallery.

Take care not to damage the oiling jet when removing or installing the piston and the connecting assembly.

The 4JG2 engine use a single spring pintle type injection nozzle.

The 4JB1 Model employs a direct injection type engine provided with a nozzle with four holes, which makes it possible to obtain an excellent mixing ratio of intake air and fuel spray.

4JB1-TC engine has two springs injection nozzle system for efficient control.

The turbocharger increase air intake efficiency, the results in increased engine power, reduced fuel consumption and minimal engine noise.

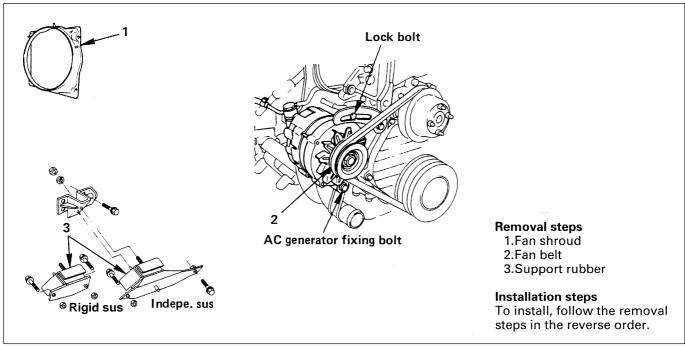
Turbocharger rotating parts operate at very high speeds and temperatures. The parts materials have been carefully selected and machined to extremely high precision.

The 4JB1 Model engine employs the QOS II preheating system which features a quick-on glow to control the glow time and the afterglow time by the thermometer.

The 4JG2 engine employs the QOS III system which allows the most suitable starting conditions for the glow time to change according to the engine water temperature, and the optimum for the glow time to change according to the engine water temperature, and the optimum changes according to the water temperature immediately after the start of the engine.

The belt-driven type timing drive belt of the 4JG2 Model engine is a very important functional part, and requires the specified maintenance.

ENGINE MOUNT (RH)



6A1-4-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

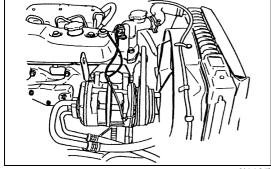
Disconnect battery ground cable.

1. Fan Shroud

Remove reservoir tank hose and fan shroud.

2. Fan Belt

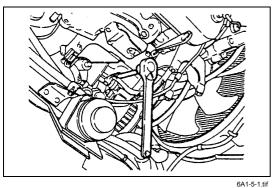
- Remove adjust plate lock bolt.
- Loosen generator fixing bolt then remove fan belt.



6A1-4-3.tif

3. Support Rubber

Remove two fixing nuts at the crossmember side.



- Separate the generator from the engine.
- Remove the support rubber nut from engine foot side.
- Remove the support rubber while raising the engine.

++ INSTALLATION

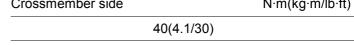
3. Support Rubber

- Install the support rubber while raising the engine.
- Tighten the fixing nuts to the specified torque.



Engine foot side	N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)
82(8.4/6	51)
Crossmember side	N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)
40(4.1/3	30)



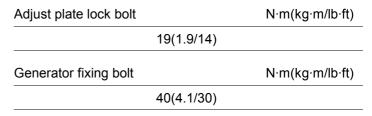


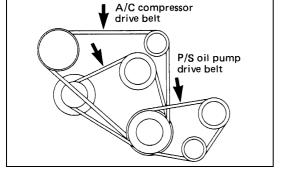


- Install the fan belt.
- Depress the fan belt mid-portion with a 98N (10kg/22lb) force.
- Tighten the fixing bolt to the specified torque.



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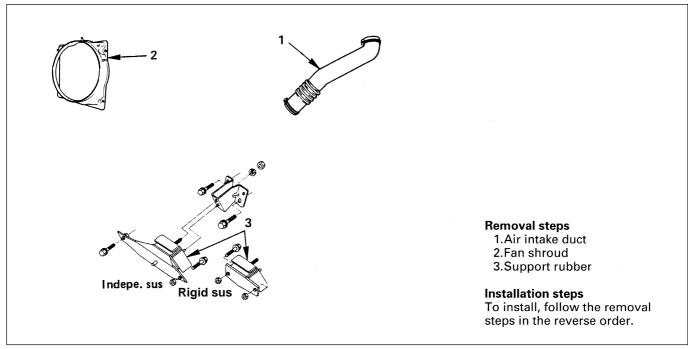


6A1-5-2.tif

1. Fan Shroud

Install the fan shroud and clip the reservoir tank hose.

ENGINE MOUNT (LH)



6A1-6-1.tif



Preparation:

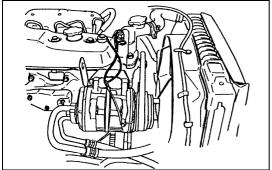
Disconnect battery ground cable.

1. Air Intake Duct

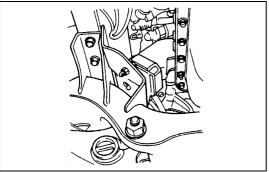
Remove the intake duct.

2. Fan Shroud

Remove reservoir tank hose and fan shroud.

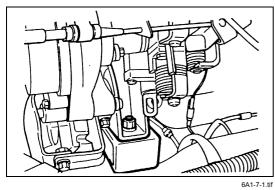


6A1-6-2.tif



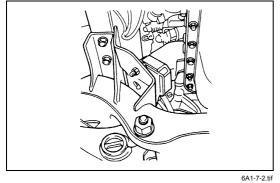
3. Support Rubber

Remove two fixing bolts at the crossmember side.



- Remove the support rubber nut from engine foot side.
- Remove the support rubber while raising the engine.





++ INSTALLATION

3. Support Rubber

- Install the support rubber while raising the engine.
- Tighten the fixing nuts to the specified torque.



Engine foot side	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
82 (8.4	/61)
Crossmember side	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
40 (4.1	/30)

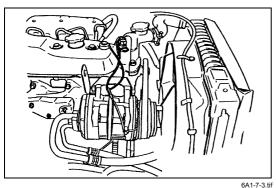


2. Fan shroud

Install the fan shroud and clip the reservoir tank hose.

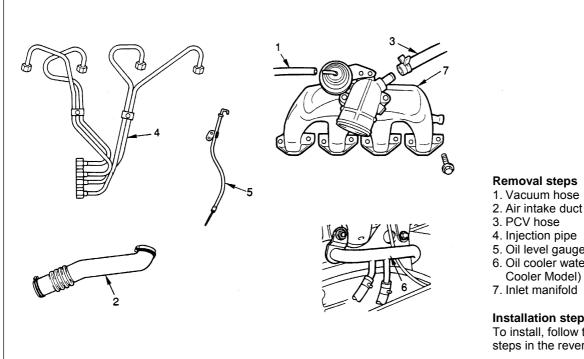
1. Air Intake Duct

- Install the air intake duct.
- Connect battery ground cable.



6A1-7-3.tif

INLET MANIFOLD



- 5. Oil level gauge guide tube
- 6. Oil cooler water pipe (Oil Cooler Model)

Installation steps

To install, follow the removal steps in the reverse order.

6A1-8-1.tif

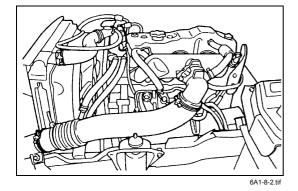


Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant.
- 1. Vacuum Hose
- 2. Air Intake Duct
- 3. PCV Hose

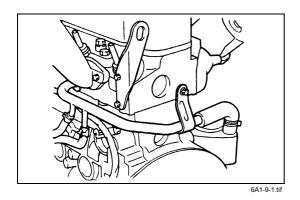
4. Injection Pipe

- Release injection pipe clip.
- Loosen the flare nut on the injection pump side.
- Loosen the flare nut on the injection nozzle side, disconnect and put a side the pipe.



5. Oil Level Gauge Guide Tube

Remove the fixing bolt and remove level gauge guide tube.



6. Oil Cooler Water Pipe (Oil Cooler Model)

- Remove the water pipe bracket bolt.
- Remove the inlet manifold fixing nut.

7. Inlet Manifold

Remove the manifold fixing bolt and nut.

++ INSTALLATION

7. Inlet Manifold

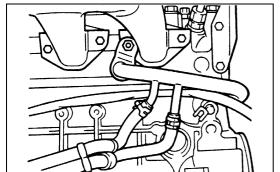
Tighten the fixing bolts and nuts to the specified torque.



Bolt & Nut

N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)

19(1.9/14)



6. Oil Cooler Water Pipe (Oil Cooler Model)

- Install the water pipe and tighten the manifold with water pipe.
- Tighten the pipe bracket bolt of cylinder head rear side.

5. Oil Level Gauge Guide Tube

Install the guide tube and tighten the manifold with guide tube.



Connect the injection pipe and tighten flare nut to the specified torque.



Flare nut torque

 $N \cdot m(kg \cdot m/lb \cdot ft)$

29(3.0/22)

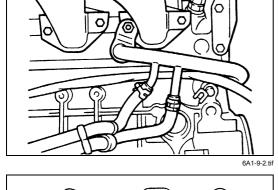
Install the pipe clip to the original position.

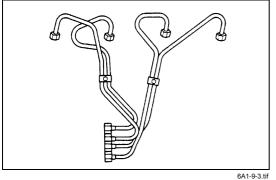
3. PCV Hose

2. Air Intake Duct

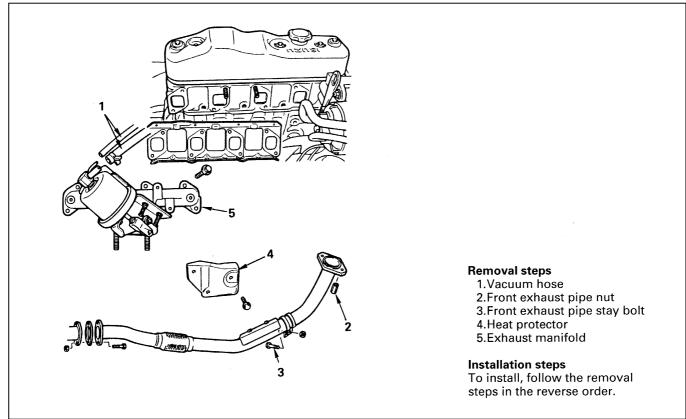
1. Vacuum Hose

- Connect the battery ground cable.
- Pour coolant.
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.





EXHAUST MANIFOLD

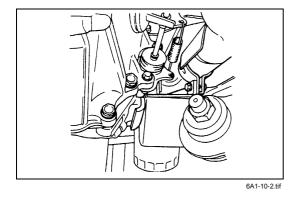


6A1-10-1.tif

←→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 1. Vacuum Hose (Exhaust Brake Model)
 - Remove the vacuum actuator hose.
- 2. Front Exhaust Pipe Nut
 - Remove the fixing nuts from exhaust manifold side.
- 3. Front Exhaust Pipe Stay Bolt



4. Heat Protector

5. Exhaust Manifold

• Remove the manifold bolt and nut, then remove the manifold and gasket.

++ INSTALLATION

5. Exhaust Manifold

Tighten the fixing nuts and bolts to the specified torque.



Manifold Bolt Torque N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)

26 (2.7/20)

4. Heat Protector

Remove the heat protector and tighten to the specified torque.



Heat Protector Bolt Torque N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

3. Front Exhaust Pipe Stay Bolt

• Tighten the fixing bolts to the specified torque.

Stay Bolt Torque

N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)

40 (4.1/30)

2. Front Exhaust Pipe Nut

Tighten the fixing nuts to the specified torque.

Without Exhaust Brake
N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)

69 (7/51)



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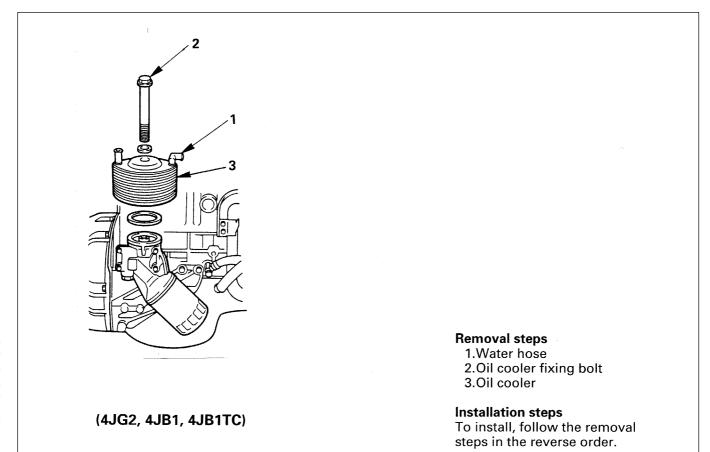
With Exhaust Brake N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)

69 (7/51)

1. Vacuum Hose (Exhaust Brake Model)

- Install the two hose a vacuum actuator.
- Connect battery ground cable.
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

OIL COOLER (Oil Cooler Model)



6A1-12-1.tif

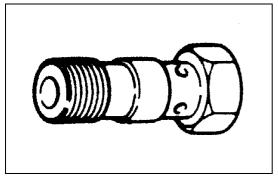


Preparation:

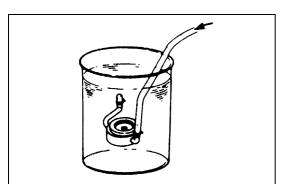
- · Disconnect battery ground cable
- Drain coolant
- Put rag to beneath side of oil cooler to prevent oil leaking.

1. Water Hose

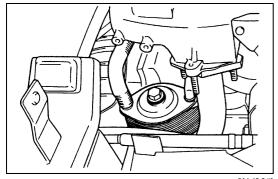
- Disconnect water inlet and outlet hose.
- 2. Oil Cooler Fixing Bolt
- 3. Oil Cooler



6A1-13-1.tif



6A1-13-2.tif



[P] INSPECTION

Relief Valve

- 1. Attach an oil pressure gauge to the oil gallery near the
- 2. Start the engine to check the relief valve opening pressure.

Relief Valve Opening Pressure			kPa (kg/cm²/psi)
Type1 559-618 (5.7-		559-618 (5.7-	-6.3/81.0-89.6)
Type2 422-461 (4.3-4.7		-4.7/61.1-66.8)	

Oil Cooler

Check for water leakage at the water passage.

- 1. Plug one side of the oil cooler water passage.
- 2. Submerge the oil cooler in water.
- 3. Apply compressed air (2 kg/cm² (28.5psi/196.0kPa)) to the other side of the oil cooler water passage. If air bubbles rise to the surface, there is water leakage.

** INSTALLATION

3. Oil Cooler

Install the O-ring to oil filter body and set the oil cooler.

2. Oil Cooler Fixing Bolt

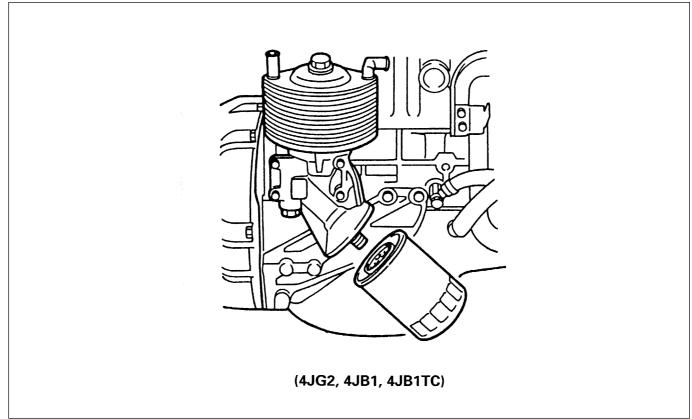


Oil Cooler Bolt Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
29 (3.0/2	22)

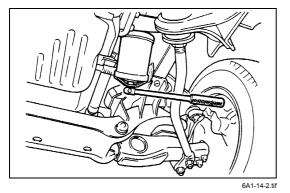
1. Water Hose

Connect water hose.

OIL FILTER CARTRIDGE



6A1-14-1.tif



++ REMOVAL

 Place a receptacle beneath the oil filter to contain the drained oil.

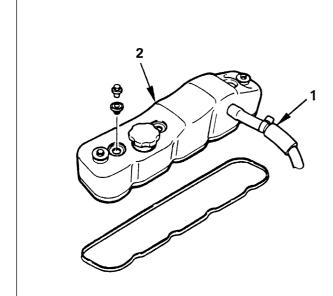


• Remove the oil filter cartridge using filter wrench. Filter wrench: 5-8840-0200-0

++ INSTALLATION

- Lightly oil the O-ring of oil filter cartridge.
- Turn in the new oil filter cartridge by hand until the sealing face is fiffted against the O-ring.
- Use the filter wrench to turn in the oil filter and additional one and 1.1/8 turns.
- Start the engine and check for oil leakage from oil filter.

CYLINDER HEAD COVER



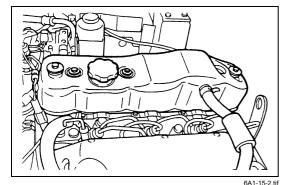
Removal steps

- 1. PCV hose
- 2. Cylinder head cover

Installation steps

To install, follow the removal steps in the reverse order.

6A1-15-1.tif



+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 1. PCV Hose
 - Disconnect the PCV hose from intake pipe side.
- 2. Cylinder Head Cover

++ INSTALLATION

2. Cylinder Head Cover

- Apply engine oil to the rocker arms and the valve springs.
- Install the cylinder head cover gasket to the cylinder head cover.
- The gasket must be perfectly smooth with no loose areas.



Tighten the cylinder head cover nuts to the specified torque.

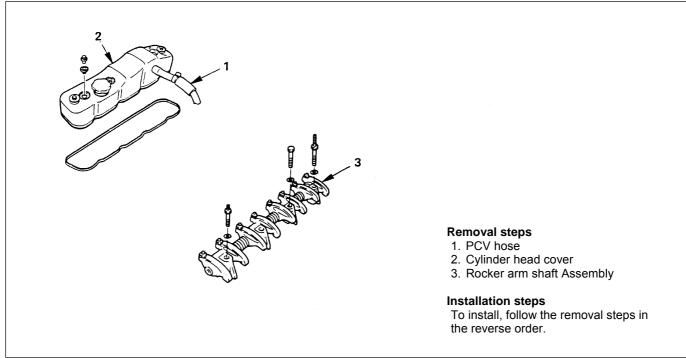
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

13 (1.3/9)

1. PCV Hose

- Connect the PCV hose to the intake pipe.
- Connect battery ground cable.

ROCKER ARM SHAFT ASSEMBLY

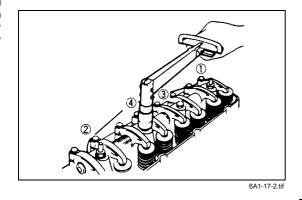


6A1-17-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 1. PCV Hose
- 2. Cylinder Head Cover
- 3. Rocker Arm Shaft Assembly
 - Loosen bolts and nuts of rocker shaft bracket by turns and remove rocker shaft assembly.



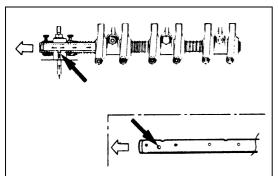
++ INSTALLATION

3. Rocker Arm Shaft Assembly

- Install rocker arm shaft with larger oil hole $(\phi 4)$ to the front of engine.
- Align fixing bolt with nut of rocker arm shaft and tighten fixing bolts to the specified torque.

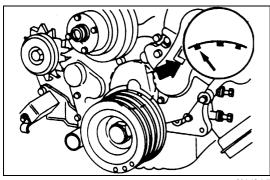
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

54 (5.5/40)



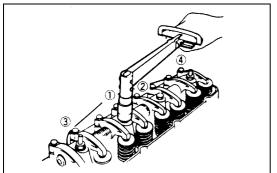
6A1-17-3.tif

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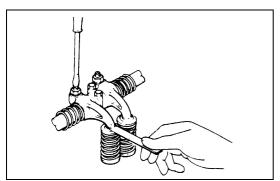


6A1-18-1.tif

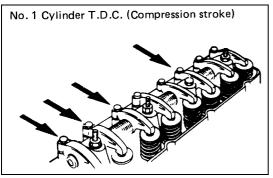
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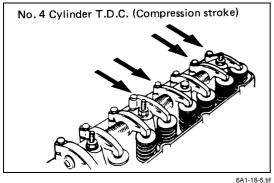
6A1-18-2.ti



6A1-18-3.tif



6A1-18-4.ti



6A1-18-5.tif

Valve Clearance Adjustment

① Bring the piston in either the No.1 cylinder or the No.4 cylinder to TDC on the compression stroke by turning the crankshaft until the crankshaft damper pulley TDC line is aligned with the timing pointer.

② Check the rocker arm shaft bracket nuts for looseness.

Tighten any loose rocker arm shaft bracket nuts before adjusting the valve clearance.

Rocker Arm Shaft Bracket Nut Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

54 (5.5/40)

③ Check for play in the No.1 intake and exhaust valve push rods.

If the No.1 cylinder intake and exhaust valve push rods have play, the No.1 piston is at TDC on the compression stroke.

If the No.1 cylinder intake and exhaust valve push rods are depressed, the No.4 piston is at TDC on the compression stroke.

Adjust the No.1 or the No.4 cylinder valve clearances while their respective cylinders are at TDC on the compression stroke.

Valve Clearance (At Cold)

mm (in)

0.4 (0.016)

- 4 Loosen each valve clearance adjusting screw as shown in the illustration.
- ⑤ Insert a feeler gauge of the appropriate thickness between the rocker arm and the valve stem end.
- © Turn the valve clearance adjusting screw until a slight drag can be felt on the feeler gauge.
- Tighten the lock nut securely.
- ® Rotate the crankshaft 360°.
- Realign the crankshaft damper pulley TDC notched line with the timing pointer.
- Madjust the clearances for the remaining valves as shown in the illustration.



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2. Cylinder Head Cover



• Install cylinder head cover and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

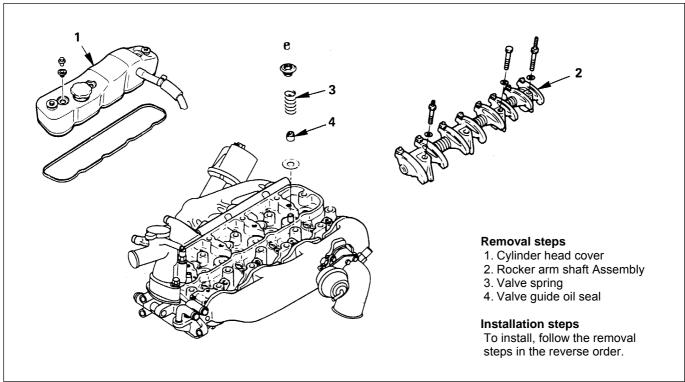
N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

13 (1.3/113)

1. PCV Hose

• Connect battery ground cable.

VALVESTEM OIL CONTROLLER & VALVE SPRING



6A1-20-1.tif

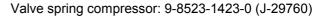
+→ REMOVAL

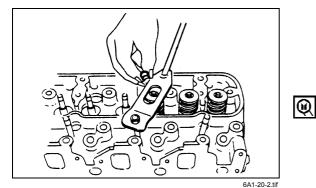
Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 1. Cylinder Head Cover
- 2. Rocker Arm Shaft Assembly
 - · Loosen bolts and nuts of rocker shaft
 - Bracket by turns and removal rocker shaft assembly.

3. Valve Spring

- Apply compressed air to cylinder from the glow plug hole hold the valve in place.
- Using special tool, compress valve spring and removal split collar.

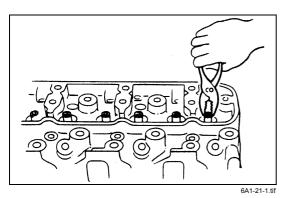




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7 CAUTION

 Put removed valve springs in the order of cylinder number.



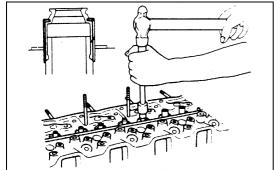
4. Valve Guide Oil Seal

Removal valve guide oil seal by pliers.



CAUTION

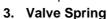
Removed oil controller should not be reused.



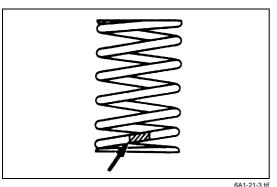
** INSTALLATION

4. Valve Guide Oil Seal

- Install new valve guide oil seal in valve.
- Guide using special tool. Special tool: 5-8840-2033-0



Attach the valve spring to the upper spring seat.



CAUTION

- The painted area of the valve spring should be facing toward.
- Apply compressed air to cylinder from the glow plug hole to hold the valve in place.
- Install split collar by special tool. Valve spring compressor: 9-8523-1423-0 (J-29760)

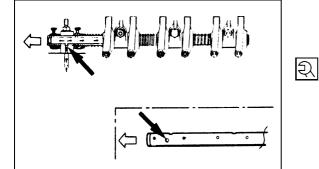


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6A1-21-3.tif

6A1-21-4.tif

6A1-21-2.tif



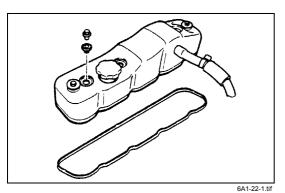
2. Rocker Shaft Assembly

- Install rocker arm shaft with a larger oil hole (\$\phi4\$) to the front of engine.
- Align fixing bolt with not of rocker arm shaft and tighten fixing bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

54 (5.5/40)

Valve clearance adjustment



Valve Clearance Adjustment

Above works refer to "ROCKER ARM SHAFT ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

1. Cylinder Head Cover



- Apply engine oil to the rocker arms and the valve
- Install the cylinder head cover gasket to the cylinder head cover.
 - The gasket must be perfectly smooth with no loose
- Install cylinder head cover and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

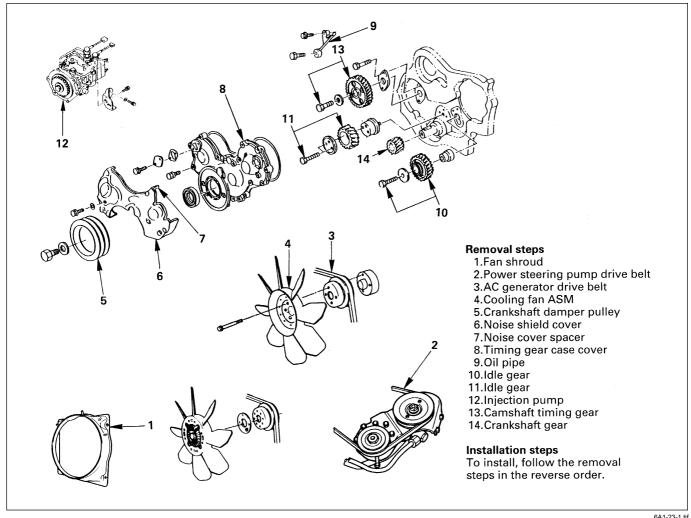


N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

13 (1.3/113)

- Connected PCV hose.
- Connect battery ground cable.

TIMING GEAR (4JB1, 4JB1TC, 4JG2 Gear Type)



6A1-23-1.tif

REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant.

1. Fan Shroud

2. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S Model)

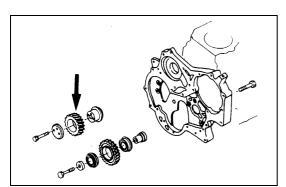
Loosen power steering pump mounting bolt and adjust bolt, and remove the drive belt.

3. AC Generator Drive Belt

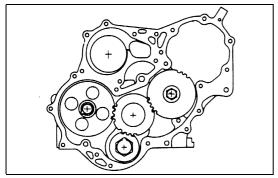
Loosen AC Generator mounting bolt (under side) and adjust plate lock bolt, and remove the drive belt.

4. Cooling Fan Assembly

- Remove clamp nut, and remove cooling fan assembly, distant pipe, and fan pulley.
- 5. Crankshaft Damper Pulley
- 6. Noise Shield Cover

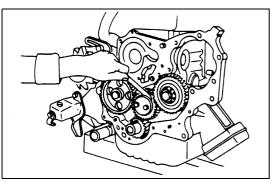


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6A1-24-2.tit

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- 7. Noise Cover Spacer
- 8. Timing Gear Case Cover
- 9. Oil Pipe
- 10. Idler Gear
 - 1) Measure the camshaft timing gear backlash and the crankshaft timing gear backlash before removing the idler gear.
 - Measure the idler gear end play before removing the idler gear.

NOTE:

Refer to the following items for details on the backlash and end play measurement procedures.

Timing Gear Backlash Measurement

- 1) Set a dial indicator to the timing gear to measured. Hold both the gear to be checked and the adjoining gear stationary.
- 2) Move the gear to be checked as far as possible to both the right and the left.

Take the dial indicator reading.

If the measured value exceeds the specified limit, the timing gear must be replaced.

Timing Gear Backlash mm (in)

Standard	Limit	
0.10-0.17 (0.0039-0.0067)	0.30 (0.012)	

Idler Gear "A" End Play Measurement

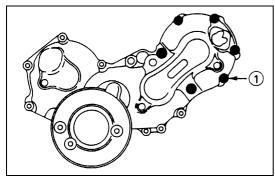
Insert a feeler gauge between the idler gear and the thrust collar to measure the gap and determine the idler gear end play.

If the measured value exceeds the specified limit, the thrust collar must be replaced.

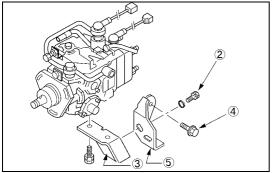
Idle Gear End Play mm (in)

Standard	Limit	
0.07 (0.0028)	0.2 (0.0079)	

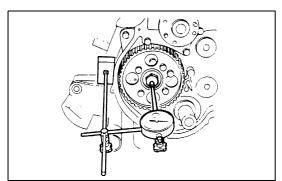




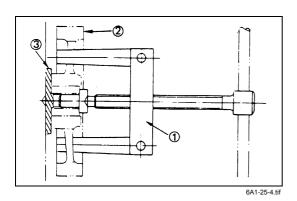
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0401 V002 tit



6A1-25-3.tif



11. Idle Gear

12. Injection Pump

1) Remove the six injection pump bracket bolts ① from the timing gear case.

- 2) Remove the injection pump rear bracket bolts ② from the injection pump bracket ③.
- 3) Remove the injection pump rear bracket bolts ④ and the bracket ⑤ from the cylinder body.
- 4) Pull the injection pump along with the injection pump timing gear free toward the rear of the engine.

NOTE:

Plug the injection pump delivery holder ports with the shipping caps (or the equivalent) to prevent the entry of foreign material.

13. Camshaft Timing Gear

 Use a dial indicator to measure the camshaft end play.
 This must be done before removing the camshaft gear.

If the camshaft end play exceeds the specified limit, the thrust plate must be replaced.

Camshaft End Play

mm (in)

Standard		Limit	
_	0.050-0.114 (0.002-0.0044)	0.2 (0.008)	

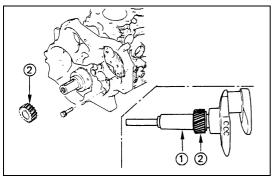
2) Remove the camshaft timing gear bolt from the camshaft.

NOTE:

Hold the camshaft stationary to prevent the camshaft from turning.

- 3) Use the universal puller ① to pull out the camshaft timing gear ②.
 - Universal Puller: 5-8521-0002-0
- 4) Remove the thrust plate 3.

14. Crankshaft Gear







6A1-26-2.tit



++ INSTALLATION

14 Crankshaft Gear

- 1) Install the crankshaft gear.
- 2) Use the crankshaft gear installer ① to install the crankshaft gear ②.

The crankshaft gear timing mark ("X-X") must be facing outward.

Crankshaft Gear Installer: 9-8522-0020-0



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13. Camshaft Timing Gear

- 1) Install the thrust plate to the cylinder body.
- 2) Tighten the thrust plate bolts to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



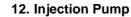
- 3) Install the camshaft timing gear to the camshaft. The timing gear mark ("Y-Y") must be facing outward.
- 4) Tighten the timing gear to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

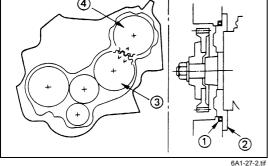




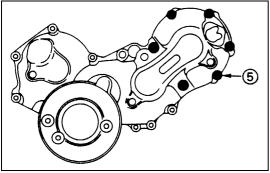




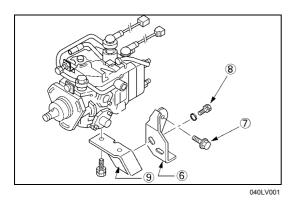
- 1) Install the O-ring ① to the injection pump flange ②.
- 2) Install the injection pump to the timing gear case. Align the idler gear "B" 3 "V-V" mark with the injection pump timing gear @ "V" mark.







3) Temporarily tighten the six injection pump nuts ⑤. The injection pump nuts will be finally tightened after the injection pump rear bracket bolts.



4) Install the injection pump rear bracket ⑥ and the rear bracket bolts ⑦ to the cylinder body.

5) Install the rear bracket bolts ® to the injection pump bracket ⑨.

Do not tighten the bolts.

The rear bracket bolts ⑦ and ⑧ will be finally tightened to the specified torque after tighten the injection pump nuts.



6) Tighten the injection pump nuts to the specified torque. N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

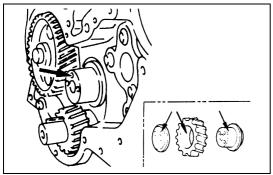
19 (1.9/14)



7) Tighten the injection pump bracket bolts to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

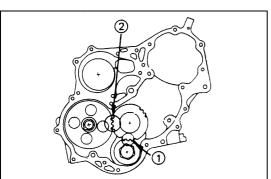


11. Idler Gear

1) Apply engine oil to the idler gear and the idler gear shaft.

The idler gear shaft oil hole must be facing up.

2) Position the idler gear setting marks "X" and "Y" so that they are facing the front of the engine.



6A1-26-3.tif

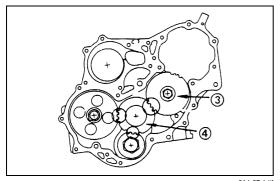
6A1-26-4.ti

- 3) Align the idler gear "X" setting mark with the crankshaft timing gear ${\bf \hat U}$ "X-X" setting mark.
- 4) Align the idler gear "Y" setting mark with the camshaft timing gear ② "Y-Y" setting mark.
- 5) Install the thrust collar and bolts to the cylinder body through the shaft.
 - The thrust collar oil hole must be facing up, and the thrust collar chamfered must be outward.
- 6) Tighten the idler gear bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

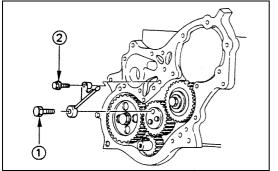




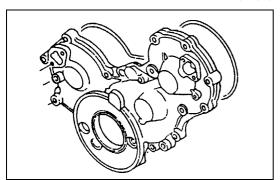


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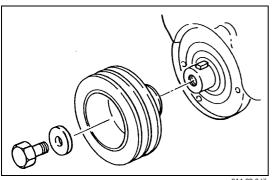
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6A1-28-1.tif



6A1-28-2.ti



6A1-28-3.tif

10. Idler Gear

- 1) Apply engine oil to the idler gear and the idler gear shaft.
- 2) Align the idler gear "B" 3 "Z" setting mark with the idler gear "A" @ "Z-Z" setting mark.
- 3) Tighten the idler gear bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

76 (7.7/56)

9. Oil Pipe

- 1) Install the oil pipe to the timing gear case and idler gear "A".
- 2) Tighten the oil pipe eye bolt ① and bolt ② to the specified torque.

Oil Pipe Eye Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

13 (1.3/9)

8. Timing Gear Case Cover

- 1) Align the gear case with the timing gear case knock pin and then install the timing gear case cover.
- 2) Tighten the gear case cover bolts to the specified torque.

7. Noise Cover Spacer

6. Noise Shield Cover

5. Crankshaft Damper Pulley

Tighten the crankshaft damper pulley bolt to the specified torque.

NOTE:

Hold the flywheel ring gear stationary to prevent the crankshaft from turning when tightening the damper pulley.

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Pulley Boss Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

206 (21/152)

4. Cooling Fan Assembly



Mount fan pulley, distance piece, and cooling fan assembly (in this order) on the water pump, and tighten to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

8 (0.8/69)

3. AC Generator Drive Belt

- Install AC Generator drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10kg/22lb) force.



Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 12 (0.47)



Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

27 (2.8/20)

2. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S Model)

- Install Power Steering pump drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10kg/22lb) force.



Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31)-12(0.47)



Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque.

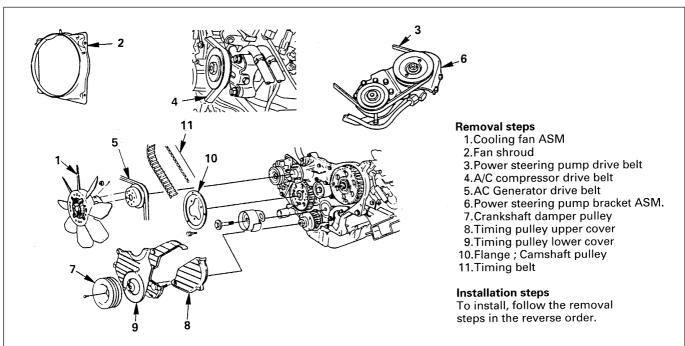
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

27 (2.8/20)

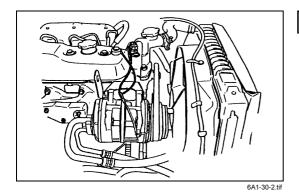
1. Fan shroud

- Install the fan shroud and reservoir tank hose.
- Pour coolant
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

TIMING BELT (4JG2 Belt Type)







+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- · Drain coolant.

1. Cooling Fan Assembly

 Remove clamp nut, and remove cooling fan asm, distant pipe, and fan pulley.

2. Fan Shroud

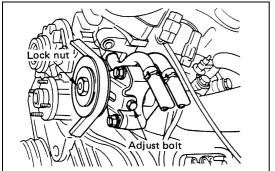
· Removal reservoir tank hose and fan shroud.

3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S Model)

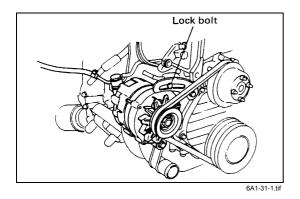
 Loosen power steering pump idle pulley lock nut and adjust bolt, and remove the drive belt.

4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)

 Loosen A/C compressor idle pulley lock nut and adjust bolt, and remove the drive belt.

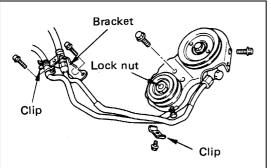


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5. AC Generator Drive Belt

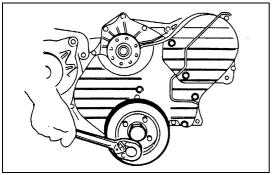
Loosen AC Generator mounting bolt (under side) and adjust plate lock bolt, and remove the drive belt.



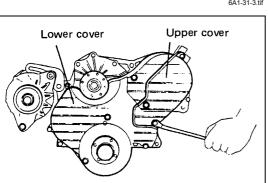
6A1-31-2.tif

6. Power Steering Pump Bracket Assembly (P/S Model)

- Loosen power steering oil pipe bracket and clip.
- Remove power steering pump bracket assembly and hang the power steering pump bracket assembly.



6A1-31-3.tif

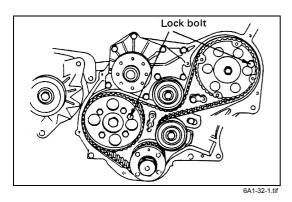


6A1-31-4.tif

7. Crankshaft Damper Pulley

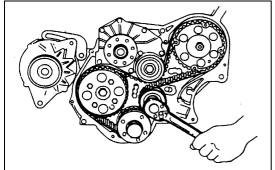
- 8. Timing Pulley Upper Cover
- 9. Timing Pulley Lower Cover

10. Flange; Camshaft Pulley



11. Timing Belt

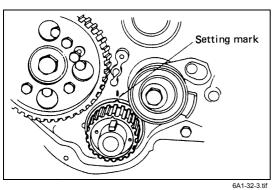
- Prepare a fixing bolt (M8x40, P=1.25)
- Turn crankshaft timing pulley in the normal direction pulley side mark to timing pulley housing side mark.
- Make sure that the camshaft pulley and injection timing pulley fixing bolt holes are set to each other. Then fit in a fixing bolt and lightly tighten.
- No.1 cylinder should be at top dead center. If the fixing bolt holes are not set (No.4 cylinder is at top dead center) give another turn.
- Remove tensioner and timing belt.





WARNING

IF CRANKSHAFT AND CAMSHAFT AND TURNED WITH TIMING BELT BEING NOT MOUNTED. PISTON AND VALVE WILL INTERFERE WITH EACH OTHER. THEREFORE, THE SHAFTS MUST NOT BE TURNED.



++ INSTALLATION

11. Timing Belt

When removing the belt, make sure the marks on the bolt fixed camshaft, injection pulley and crankshaft timing pulley are set to each other.



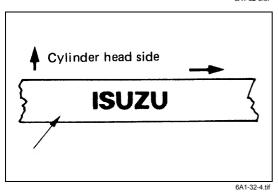
CAUTION

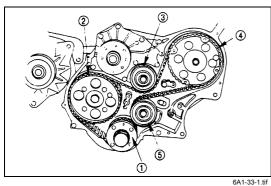
Do not turn crankshaft because otherwise piston and valve will interfere with each other.

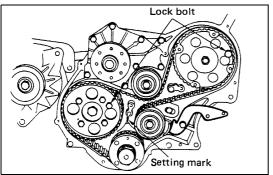


CAUTION

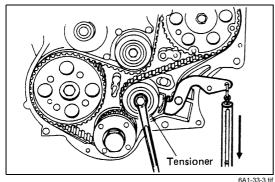
For accurate mounting, be sure to mount the belt in the direction that letters on the belt are readable.





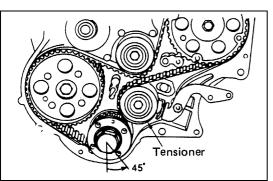


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6A1-33-4.tif

- Mount new timing belt on pulleys in the following steps. Crankshaft timing pulley \bigcirc \rightarrow camshaft Timing pulley $@ \rightarrow$ Idle pulley $@ \rightarrow$ Injection Pump pulley $\textcircled{4} \rightarrow \text{tensioner } \textcircled{5}$
- Set the belt on crankshaft timing pulley and hold with one hand.
- Stretch and pass the belt round each pulley with the other hand.
- After passing it round injection pump pulley, install tensioner while taking care not to slacken the belt.

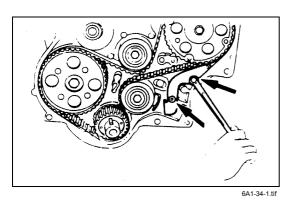


- On completion of belt passing, make sure that the setting mark on crankshaft timing pulley is set.
- If not set, reset the mark and repeat the belt passing.
- Remove tension adjust, lever mounting bolt, and loosen the fulcrum bolt to such extent that the lever is movable.
- Hung a spring balance from the end hole of tension adjust lever, and with the balance pulled down with 9kg., loosen once the tensioner mounting bolt and there retighten it.
- Turn the crankshaft by 45° counterclockwise to shift belt slackness on to the tensioner.
- Again hang the spring balance from the end hole of tension adjust lever and pull it down with the specified force. Under this condition, loosen tensioner mounting bolt to absorb belt slackness and retighten is to specified torque.

Belt	N·(kg/lb)	
Tension	98 - 118 (10 - 12/22 - 26)	

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft) Bolt 76 (7.8/56)

Fix the tension adjust lever.

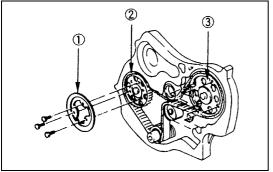




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CAUTION

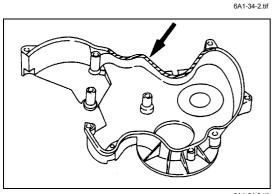
- In case where the timing belt has been replaced with the actuation of warning light, put off the light with change over switch on the reverse side of meter.
- Refer to Chassis Electrical in Section 8.
- Tighten the tension adjusting lever nut and bolt.



10. Flange; Camshaft Pulley

Install the timing pulley flange ① to the camshaft timing pulley ②.

Flange Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft) 19 (1.9/14)



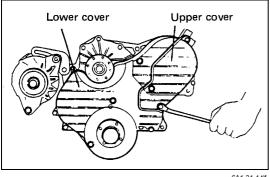
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9. Timing Pulley Lower Cover

Install timing pulley lower cover and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

Cover Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·in) 8 (0.8/69)



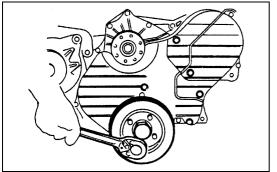


8. Timing Pulley Upper Cover

Install timing pulley upper cover and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

Cover Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·in) 8 (0.8/69)

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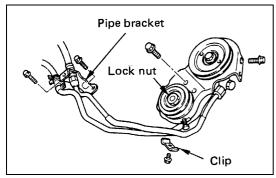
7. Crankshaft Damper Pulley

Install crankshaft damper pulley and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft) 19 (1.9/14)

6A1-34-5.tif

AC generator fan pulley



6A1-35-1.tif

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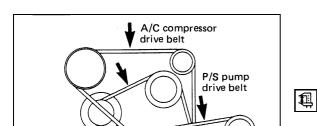
6. Power Steering Pump Bracket Assembly (P/S Model)

• Install the pipe bracket & clip and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

2	Pipe Bracket Bolts Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
	19 (1.9/14)	

Pipe Clip Bolts Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·in)	
10 (1.0/87)		

 Install the P/S pump 	& bracket assembly.
10M bolts	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
	40 (4.1/30)
8M bolts	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
	19 (1.9/14)
Lock nut	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
	27 (2.8/20)



5. AC Generator Drive Belt

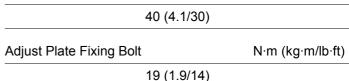
- Install AC Generator drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10kg/22lb) force.



mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 12(0.47)

Install fixing bolt and tighten bolts to the specified torque.
 Generator Fixing Bolt
 N·m (kg·m/lbvft)





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6A1-35-2.tif

19 (1.9/14)

4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C type)

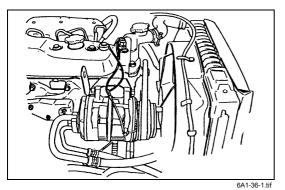
- Install A/C compressor drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10kg/22lb) force.

Drive Belt Deflection		mm (in)
	8 (0.31) - 12 (0.47)	

Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

27 (2.8/20)



3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S pump model)

- Install PS pump drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10kg/22lb) force.

Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 12 (0.47)



Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

27 (2.8/20)

2. Fan Shroud

Install the fan shroud and reservoir tank hose.

1. Cooling Fan Assembly



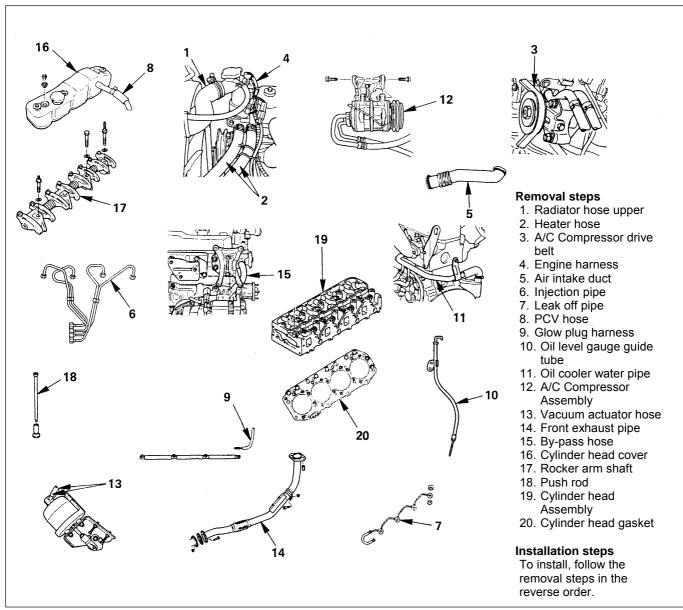
Mount fan pulley, distance piece, and cooling fan asm (in this order) on the water pump, and tighten to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

8 (0.8/69)

- Connect battery ground cable.
- Pour coolant.
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY AND GASKET



6A1-37-1.tif

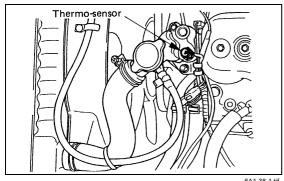
+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant from the radiator and engine.

1. Radiator Hose Upper

• Disconnect upper radiator hose from engine side.



6A1-38-1.tif

2. Heater Hose

· Disconnect heater hose from heater pipe.

3. A/C Compressor Drive Belt

- Loosen idler lock nut.
- Loosen adjust bolt and remove drive belt.

4. Engine Harness

 Disconnect harness connectors from units on thermostat housing.

5. Air Intake Duct

• Remove the clip and air intake duct.

6. Injection Pipe

- · Release injection pipe clip.
- · Remove flare nut injection pump side.
- Remove flare nut injection nozzle side and remove injection pipe.



NOTE:

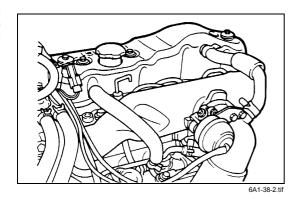
Plug the injection nozzle holder and the delivery holder to prevent the entry of foreign matters into them.

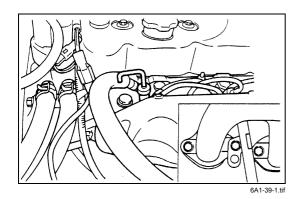
7. Leak Off Pipe

Remove the leak off pipe side of leak off hose.

8. PCV Hose

Remove the PCV hose from air intake pipe.

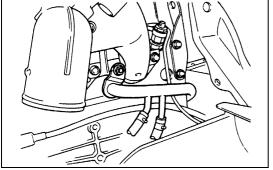




9. Glow Plug Harness

10. Oil Level Gauge Guide Tube

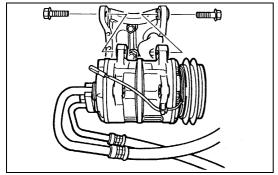
Remove the guide tube from cylinder head.



6A1-39-2.tif

11. Oil Cooler Water Pipe (Oil Cooler Model)

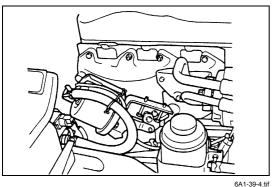
- Remove the pipe fixing bolt of cylinder head rear side.
- Remove the oil cooler water pipe fixing nut from inlet manifold.



6A1-39-3.tif

12. A/C Compressor Assembly (A/C Model)

- Remove the clutch harness connector.
- Remove the A/C compressor fixing bolts and temporally tighten the A/C compressor to chassis frame side use the wire.

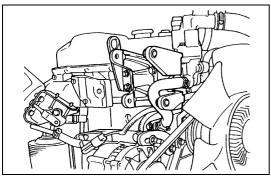


13. Vacuum Actuator Hose (Exhaust Brake Model)

Remove the vacuum hoses from vacuum actuator.

14. Front Exhaust Pipe

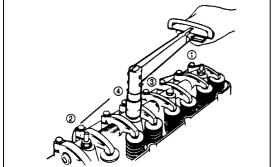
- Remove the exhaust pipe fixing bolts from exhaust manifold.
- Remove the exhaust pipe stay bolt.



601 40 1

15. By-pass Hose

16. Cylinder Head Cover



6A1-40-2.tif

6A1-40-3.tif

17. Rocker Arm Shaft

 Loosen the rocker arm shaft bracket bolts a little at a time in the numerical order shown in the illustration.

<u>\!/</u>

NOTE:

Failure to loosen the rocker arm shaft bracket bolts a little at a time in numerical order will adversely effect the rocker arm shaft.

18. Push Rod

19. Cylinder Head Assembly

 Loosen the cylinder head bolts a little at a time in the numerical order shown in the illustration.

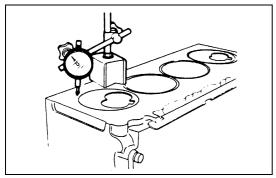


NOTE:

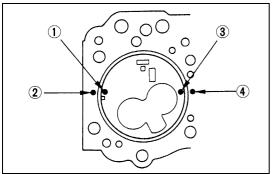
Failure to loosen the cylinder head bolts a little at a time in numerical order will adversely effect the cylinder head lower surface.

20. Cylinder Head gasket

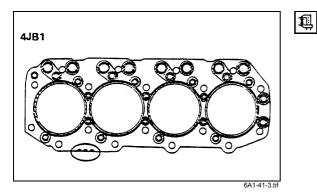
· Remove the cylinder head gasket and dowel.



6A1-41-1.tif



6A1-41-2.tif



→+ INSTALLATION

20. Cylinder Head Gasket

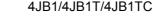
Cylinder head gasket is determined by the piston head projection from the cylinder body upper surface, in order to improve engine performance.

Three types of gasket are provided by the difference of thickness. Select the adequate one out of three grades of gasket, according to the following procedure.

Before measurement, clear off carbon from the piston head and cylinder body surface and also clean the place where a gasket was installed.

Piston Head Projection Measurement Point

- 1) Use a dial indicator to measure the piston projection amount.
- 2) Refer to the illustration for the piston head projection measuring positions.
 - All measuring positions should be as close as possible to the cylinder liner.
- 3) Measure the points ①②③④ and obtain two differences ①-② and ③-④ on each cylinder. Calculate the average value of the piston head projection on each cylinder.
- 4) Obtain the maximum value in the four cylinders.
- 5) Determine the gasket grade required to the maximum value described above in accordance with the following table.



4JB1/4JB1T/4JB1TC Cylinder Head Gasket Thickness

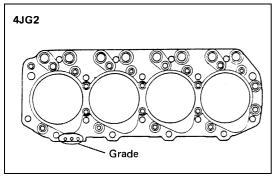
mm (in)

Gasket Grade Mark		Piston Projection	Gasket Thickness (Reference)
Α		0.758 - 0.813 (0.030 - 0.032)	1.60 (0.0630)
В	~~	0.813 - 0.859 (0.032 - 0.034)	1.65 (0.0650)
С	~~	0.859 - 0.914 (0.034 - 0.036)	1.70 (0.0670)



NOTE:

The difference between the highest measured piston head projection and the lowest measured piston head projection must not exceed 1.0 mm(0.039 in).







4JG2 Cylinder Head	Gasket	Thickness
--------------------	--------	-----------

mm (in)

	Gasket Grade Mark		Piston Projection	Gasket Thickness (Reference)
_	Α		0.658 - 0.713 (0.026 - 0.028)	1.60 (0.0630)
-	В		0.713 - 0.759 (0.028 - 0.030)	1.65 (0.0650)
	С	THIBIBIII.	0.759 - 0.814 (0.030 - 0.032)	1.70 (0.0670)



NOTE:

The difference between the highest measured piston head projection and the lowest measured piston head projection must not exceed 1.0 mm (0.039 in).

19. Cylinder Head Assembly

- 1) Install the dowel in cylinder block.
- 2) Install the cylinder head gasket with top mark up.
- 3) Clean up cylinder head lower surface and cylinder body upper surface.
- 4) Install the cylinder head as softly.
- 5) Apply engine oil to screw and seat of cylinder head bolts.
- 6) Tighten the cylinder head bolts to the specified torque in three steps following the numerical order shown in the illustration.



6A1-42-2.tif

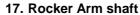
Cylinder Head bolts	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
1st Step	2nd Step	3rd Step
49 (5.0/36)	60 - 75°	60 - 75°



10	Duch	Pad

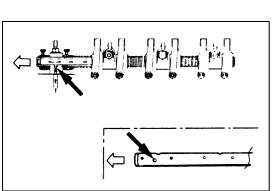


 Apply engine oil to push rod and in to the cylinder head.

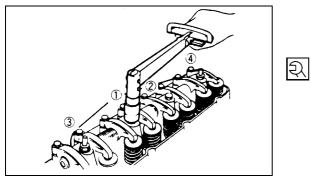




- 1) Loosen all adjusting screws.
- Position the rocker arm shaft with the large oil hole (4ø) facing the front of the engine.



6A1-42-3.tif



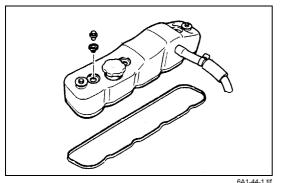
6A1-43-1.tif

3) Tighten the rocker arm shaft bracket bolts to the specified torque in the numerical order shown in the illustration.

Rocker Arm Shaft Bracket Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

54 (5.5/40)

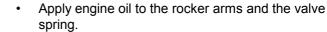
Valve clearance adjustment.



Valve Clearance Adjustment

Above works refer to "ROCKER ARM SHAFT ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

16. Cylinder Head Cover



- Install the cylinder head cover gasket to the cylinder head cover.
- The gasket must be perfectly smooth with no loose
- Tighten the cylinder head cover nuts to the specified torque in the numerical order shown in the illustration.







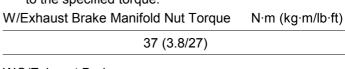
 \neg

15. By-Pass Hose

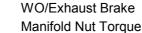
14. Front Exhaust Pipe

Install the pipe to manifold and tighten bolts and nuts to the specified torque.









N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)





Pipe Stay Bolts Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

40 (4.1/30)

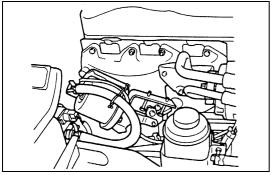




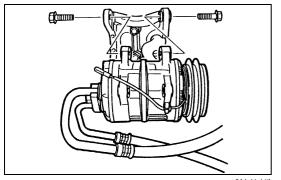




Install the vacuum hose to the vacuum actuator.



6A1-44-3.tif



12. A/C Compressor Assembly (A/C Model)

Install the A/C compressor fixing bolts and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

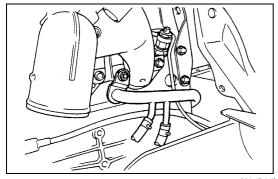




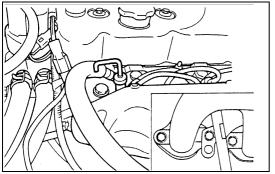
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

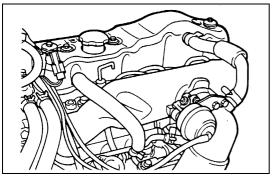


37 (3.8/27)

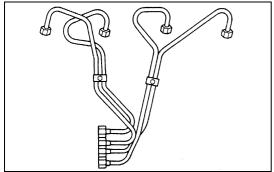


6A1-45-1.tif





6A1-45-3.tif



6A1-45-4.tif

11. Oil Cooler Water Pipe (Oil Cooler Model)

• Install the water pipe bolt and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

Water Pipe Nut Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
19 (1.9/14)		
Pipe Bracket Bolt Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
40 (4.1/30)		

10. Oil Level Gauge Guide Tube

• Install the guide tube bolt and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

Guide Tube Bolt Torque	N·m(kg·m/lb·ft)
19 (1.9/14)	

9. Glow Plug Harness

8. PCV Hose

7. Leak Off Pipe

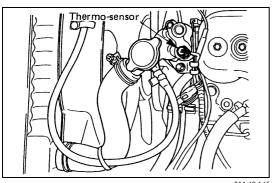
• Mount using a new copper washer.

6. Injection Pipe

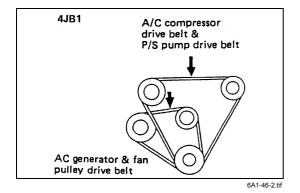
- Install the flare nut to injection pump side.
- Install the flare nut to injection nozzle side.
- Tighten the flare nut to the specified torque.

Flare Nut torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
	29 (3.0/22)	

Fit pipe clip in specified torque.



6A1-46-1.tit



5. Air Intake Duct

4. Engine Harness

Connect the thermo-sensor harness and thermo-meter unit harness.

3. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)

Check drive belts for wear or damage, and replace with new ones as necessary. Check belts for tension, and adjust as necessary.

- Check drive belts tension.
- Push the middle of belts with a force of 10kg and check each bolt for deflection.
- Standard deflection

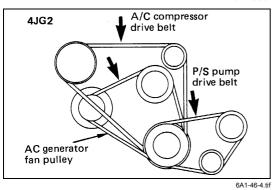
mm (in)

	Initial tension
AC generator & fan pulley drive belt	
A/C compressor drive belt	8 - 12 (0.31 - 0.47)
P/S pump drive belt	

A/C compressor Idle puuley Adjust (@ Adjust bolt plate P/S pump pulley Fan pulley A/C generator Idle ACG bolt pulley Crank pulley Adjust pulley

6A1-46-3.tif

Q



TENSION ADJUSTMENT

P/S oil pump and A/C compressor pulley belt

With P/S pump lock bolt loose, adjust belt tension with adjust belt.

Cooling fan pulley belt

With AC Generator mounting and lock bolts loose, adjust belt tension with adjuster's adjust bolt.

Torque Standard	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
AC generator fixing bolt	40 (4.1/30)
Adjust plate fixing bolt	19 (1.9/14)
Adjust plate lock bolt	19 (1.9/14)

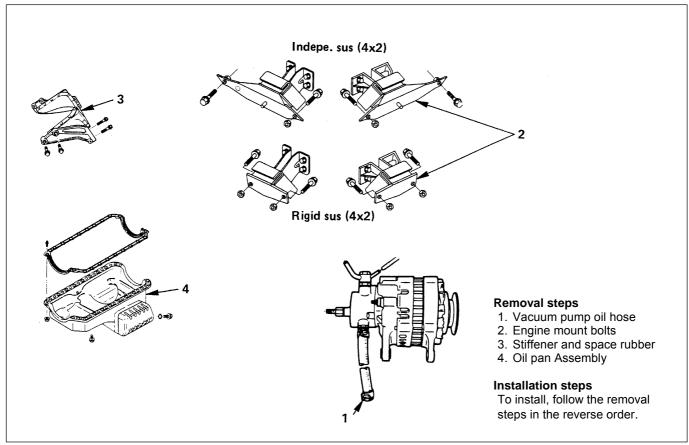
2. Heater Hose

• Connect the heater hose them tighten clip securely.

1. Radiator Hose Upper

- · Connect the radiator hose them tighten clip securely.
- Pour coolant
- Connect battery ground cable.
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

OIL PAN



6A1-48-1.tif



Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Lift up car.
- · Drain engine oil.



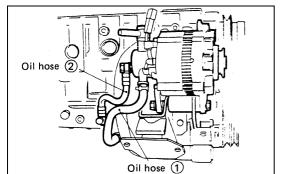
NOTE

Install drain plug with new gasket.

 $N \cdot m(kg \cdot m/lb \cdot ft)$



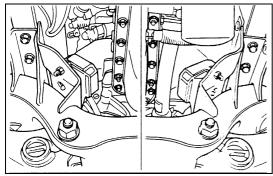
44 (4.5/33)



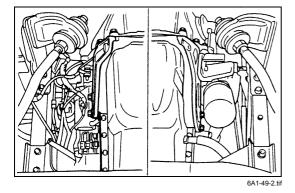
1. Vacuum Pump Oil Hose • Remove oil hose ① fr

Remove oil hose ① from oil pan.

6A1-48-2.tif



6A1-49-1.ti



2. Engine Mount Bolts

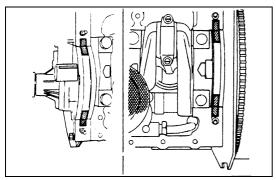
• Remove the engine mount bolts right & left side.

3. Stiffener & Space Rubber

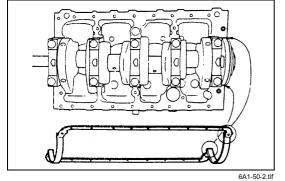
- · Remove the exhaust pipe bracket.
- Remove the stiffener from of the oil pan left & right side.
- Take out space rubber.

4. Oil Pan Assembly

- Raising the engine about 50mm.
- Remove the oil pan from cylinder block.







++ INSTALLATION

4. Oil Pan Assembly

Apply the recommended liquid gasket or its equivalent to the No.5 bearing cap arches, the grooves, and the timing gear case arches at the positions shown in the illustration.

- Fit the gasket rear lipped portion into the No.5 groove.
- Be absolutely sure that the lipped portion in fitted snugly in to the groove.
- Install the oil pan to the cylinder body.
- Tighten the oil pan bolts to the specified torque.



Oil Pan Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft) 19 (1.9/14)

3. Stiffener and Space Rubber

- Install the space rubber.
- Install the stiffener left side and right side tighten bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



	· -
37	(3.8/27)
Clutch Housing Side	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
78	(8.0/58)

Install exhaust pipe bracket.

2. Engine Mount Bolts

Engine body Side

Install the mount bolts and tighten to the specified torque.



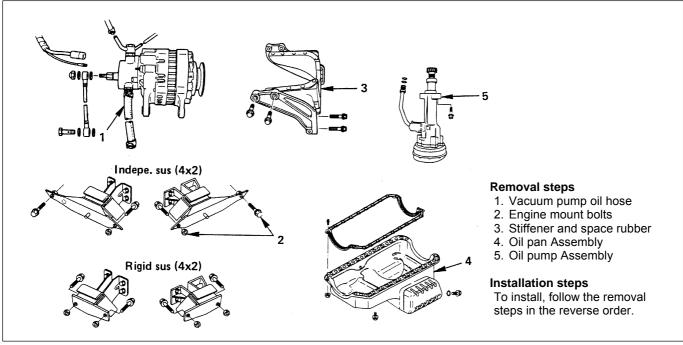
Mount Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft) 40 (4.1/30)

Install the oil hose to oil pan.

1. Vacuum Pump Oil Hose

- Pour engine oil
- Connect battery ground cable.
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY



6A1-51-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Lift up car.
- · Drain engine oil.

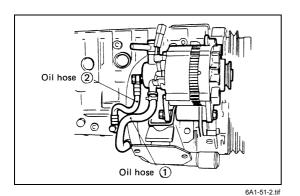


NOTE

Install drain plug with new washer.

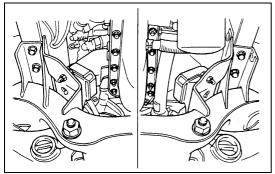
 $N \cdot m(kg \cdot m/lb \cdot ft)$

44 (4.5/33)

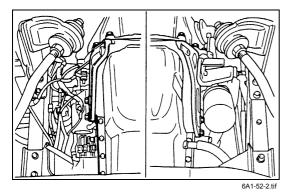


1. Vacuum Pump Oil Hose

• Remove the oil hose ① from oil pan.



6A1-52-1.tif



2. Engine Mount Bolts

• Remove the engine mount bolts right & left side.

3. Stiffener & Space Rubber

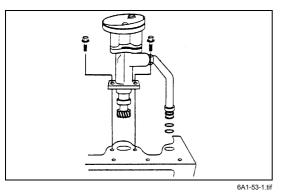
- Remove the exhaust pipe bracket.
- Remove the stiffener from of the oil pan left & right side.
- Take out space rubber.

4. Oil Pan Assembly

- Raise the engine about 50mm.
- Remove the oil pan from cylinder block.

5. Oil Pump Assembly

· Remove the oil pump from cylinder block.



++ INSTALLATION



- Prepare a solution of 80% engine oil and 20% molybdenum disulfide.
- Apply and ample coat of the solution to the teeth of the oil pump pinion.

5. Oil Pump Assembly

 Apply engine oil to oil pipe O-ring and insert the O-ring in O-ring hold on cylinder block.



Install oil pump asm with oil pipe in cylinder block and tighten fixing bolts to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



19 (1.9/14)



Tighten sleeve nut to the specified torque.

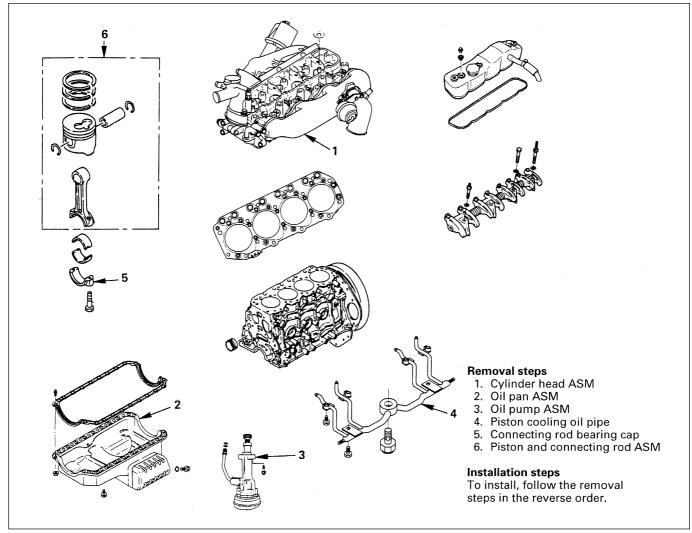
N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

25 (2.5/18)

- 4. Oil Pan Assembly
- 3. Stiffener & Space Rubber
- 2. Engine Mount Bolts
- 1. Vacuum Pump Oil Hose

Above works refer to "OIL PAN" Section in this manual.

PISTON, PISTON RING AND CONNECTING ROD



6A1-45-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable
- Drain coolant
- Drain engine oil



Install drain plug with new washer.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

44 (4.5/33)

1. Cylinder Head Assembly

- 1) Radiator hose upper
- 2) Heater hose
- 3) A/C compressor drive belt
- 4) Engine harness
- 5) Air intake duct

- 6) Injection pipe
- 7) Leak off pipe
- 8) PCV hose
- 9) Glow plug harness
- 10) Oil level gauge guide tube
- 11) Oil cooler water pipe (Oil Cooler Model)
- 12) A/C compressor assembly (A/C Model)
- 13) Vacuum actuator hose (Exhaust Brake Model)
- 14) Front exhaust pipe
- 15) By-pass hose
- 16) Cylinder head cover
- 17) Rocker arm shaft
- 18) Push rod
- 19) Cylinder head assembly
- 20) Cylinder head gasket

Above works refer to "CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY AND GASKET" Section in this manual.

2. Oil Pan Assembly

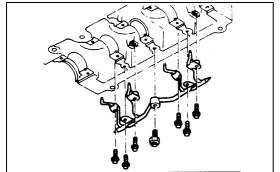
- 1) Vacuum pump oil hose
- 2) Engine mount bolt
- 3) Stiffener and spacer rubber
- 4) Oil pan

Above works refer to "OIL PAN" Section in this manual.

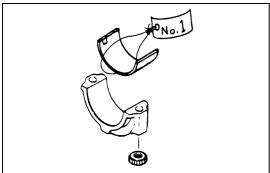
3. Oil Pump Assembly

4. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe

Remove the relief valve and oil pipe.



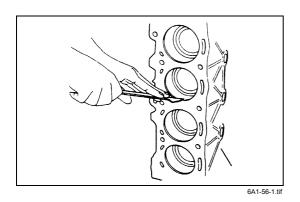
6A1-55-1.tif



6A1-55-2.tif

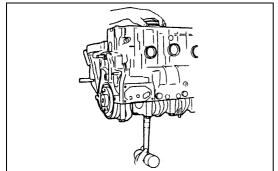
5. Connecting Rod Bearing Cap

 If the connecting rod lower bearings are to be reinstalled, mark their fitting positions by tagging each bearing with the cylinder number from which it was removed.

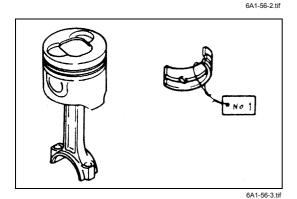


6. Piston and Connecting Rod Assembly

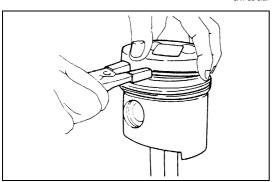
1) Remove carbon deposits from the upper portion of the cylinder wall with a scraper before removing the piston and connecting rod.



2) Move the piston to the top of the cylinder and tap it with a hammer grip or similar object from the connecting rod lower side to drive it out.



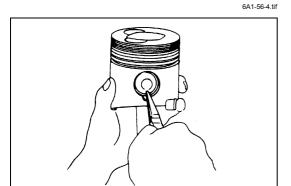
3) If the connecting rod upper bearings are to be reinstalled, mark their fitting positions by tagging each bearing with the cylinder number from which it was removed.



4) Clamp the connecting rod in a vise.

Take care not to damage the connecting rod.
Use a piston ring replacer to remove the piston rings.
Piston Ring Replacer

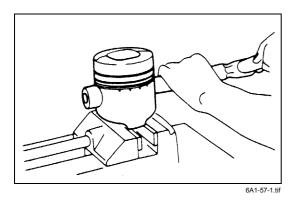
Do not attempt to use some other tool to remove the piston rings. Piston ring stretching will result in reduced piston ring tension.



5) Use a pair of pliers to remove the piston pin snap rings.

6A1-56-5.tif

Q



6) Tap the piston pin out with a hammer and a brass bar. If the pistons and piston pins are to be reinstalled, mark their installation positions by tagging each piston and piston pin with the cylinder number from which it was removed.

++ INSTALLATION

6. Piston and Connecting Rod Assembly

1) Try to insert the piston pin into the piston pin hole with normal finger pressure.

Weigh each piston and connecting rod assembly. Select piston and connecting rod combinations so that the weight variation of the different assemblies is held within the specified limits.

g(oz)

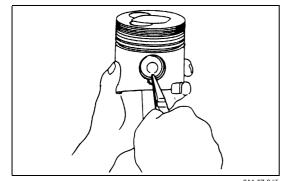
Variance in weight	Less than
after assembly	3(0.1058)

- 2) Clamp the connecting rod in a vise. Take care not to damage the connecting rod.
- 3) Use a pair of pliers to install the piston pin snap ring to the piston.

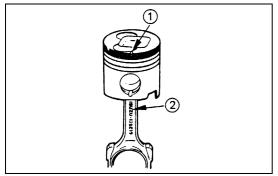
NOTE:

When changing piston/connecting rod combinations, do not change the piston/piston pin combination.

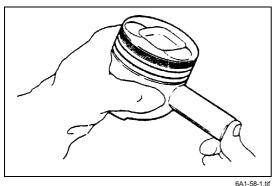
4) Install the piston to the connecting rod. The piston head front mark ① and the connecting rod "ISUZU" casting mark ② must be facing the same direction.



6A1-57-2.tif



6A1-57-3.tif

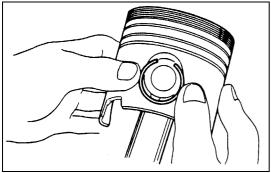




5) Apply a coat of engine oil to the piston pin and the piston pin hole.

Use your fingers to force the piston pin into the piston until it makes contact with the snap ring.





6) Use your fingers to force the piston pin snap ring into the piston snap ring groove.

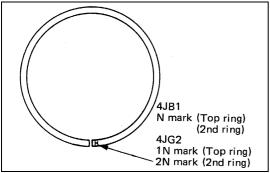
Check that the connecting rod moves smoothly on the piston pin.





7) Install the piston rings with the piston ring expander. The compression ring must be set with the 1N, 2N mark facing up.

Discrimination mark is painted as shown in the illustration.

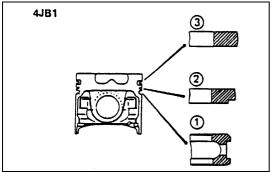


6A1-58-3 tif

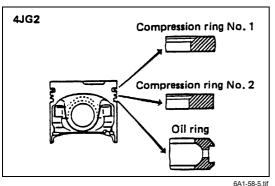
8) Use a piston ring replacer to install the three piston rings.

Piston Ring Replacer Install the piston rings in the numerical order shown in the illustration.

- ① Oil ring
- 2 2nd compression ring
- 3 1st compression ring



6A1-58-4.tif



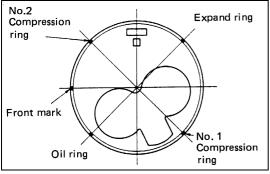
NOTE:

Install the compression rings with the stamped side facing up.

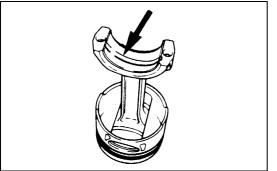
Insert the expander coil into the oil ring groove so that there is no gap on either side of the expander coil before installing the oil ring.

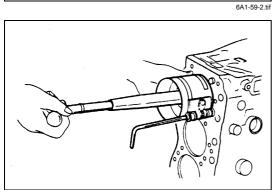


- 9) Apply engine oil to the piston ring surfaces.
- 10) Check that the piston rings rotate smoothly in the piston ring grooves.
- 11) Position the piston ring gaps as shown in the illustration.

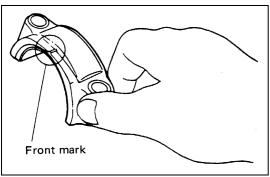


6A1-59-1.tif





6A1-59-3.tif



6A1-59-4.tif



Q

- 12) Carefully wipe any oil or other foreign material from the connecting rod bearing back face and the connecting rod bearing fitting surface.
- 13) Apply a coat of engine oil to the upper bearing

Apply a coat of engine oil the cylinder wall.

14) Position the piston head front mark so that it is facing the front of the engine.

Use the piston ring compressor to compress the piston

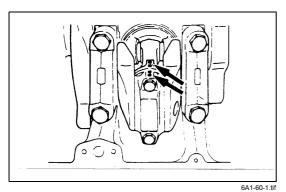
Piston Ring Compressor: 5-8840-9018-0(J-8037)

15) Use a hammer grip to push the piston in until the connecting rod makes contact with the crankpin. At the same time, rotate the crankshaft until the crankpin is at BDC.

5. Connecting Rod Bearing Cap

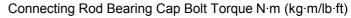
- 1) Position the bearing cap front mark so that it is facing the front of the engine.
- 2) Install the connecting rod bearing caps. Align the bearing cap cylinder number marks and the connecting rod cylinder number marks.







- 3) Apply a coat of engine oil to the threads and setting faces of each connecting rod cap bolt.
- 4) Tighten the connecting rod bearing cap bolts to the specified torque in two steps using the Angular Tightening Method.



1st Step	2nd Step
29 (3.0/22)	45° - 60°



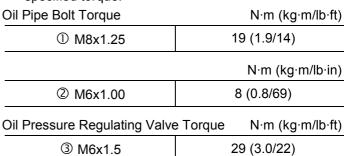
2

NOTE

Check to see that the crankshaft turns smoothly by rotating it manually.

4. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe

- 1) Install the piston cooling oil pipe to the cylinder body.
- 2) Tighten the oil pipe bolts and relief valve to the specified torque.







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NOTE:

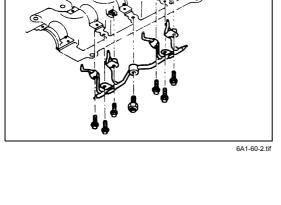
Check that there is no interference between the piston and the oiling jet pipe by slowly rotating the crankshaft.

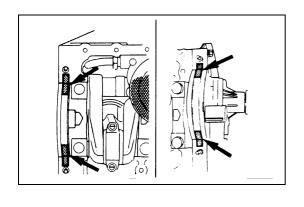
3. Oil Pump Assembly

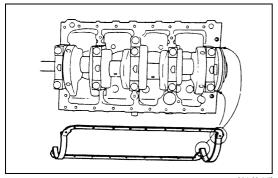
Above works refer to "OIL PUMP" Section in this manual.

2. Oil Pan Assembly

1) Apply the recommended liquid gasket or its equivalent to the No.5 bearing cap arches, the grooves, and the timing gear case arches at the positions shown in the illustration.

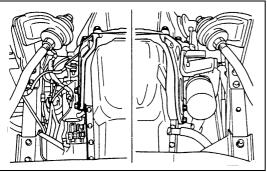




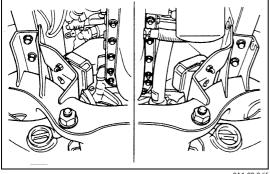


6A1-60-1.tif

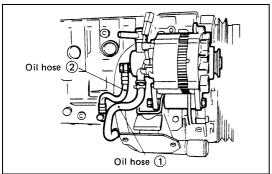
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6A1-60-2.tif



6A1-60-3.tit



6A1-60-4.tif

- 2) Fit the gasket rear lipped portion into the No.5 groove. Be absolutely sure that the lipped portion is fitted snugly into the groove.
- 3) Install the oil pan to the cylinder body.
- Tighten the oil pan bolts to the specified torque.

Oil Pan Bolts Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

4) Install the space rubber and stiffener (right & left side) then tighten bolts to the specified torque.

Engine Body Side Stiffener Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

37 (3.8/27)

Clutch Housing Side Stiffener Bolts TorqueN·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

78 (8.0/58)

- 5) Install the exhaust pipe bracket.
- 6) Install the support rubber and tighten nuts to the specified torque.

Support Rubber Nut Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

40 (4.1/30)

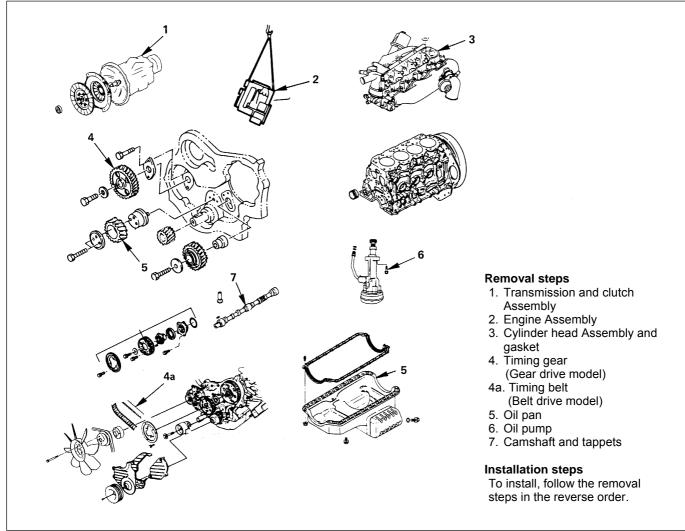
7) Install the vacuum pump oil hose ① to oil pan.

1. Cylinder Head ASM

- 1) Cylinder head gasket
- 2) Cylinder head assembly
- 3) Push rod
- 4) Rocker arm shaft
- 5) Valve clearance adjustment
- 6) Cylinder head cover
- 7) By-pass hoses
- 8) Front exhaust pipe
- 9) Vacuum actuator hose (Exhaust Brake Model)
- 10) A/C compressor assembly (A/C Model)
- 11) Oil cooler water pipe (Oil Cooler Model)
- 12) Oil level gauge guide tube
- 13) Glow plug harness
- 14) PCV hose
- 15) Leak off pipe
- 16) Injection pipe
- 17) Air intake duct
- 18) Engine harness
- 19) A/C compressor drive belt (With A/C Model)
- 20) Heater hose

Above works refer to "CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY AND GASKET" Section in this manual.

CAMSHAFT AND TAPPET



6A1-63-1.tif

←→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant.
- Drain engine oil.

NOTE

Install drain plug with new washer.



Drain Plug Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

83 (8.5/61)

1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly

- 1) Transmission
- 2) Clutch

2. Engine Assembly

- 1) Radiator assembly
- 2) Intake air duct
- 3) Heater hose
- 4) Engine control cable
- 5) Glow plug harness
- 6) Fuel hose
- 7) Oil pressure switch harness
- 8) A/C compressor assembly (A/C Model)
- Power steering pump & bracket assembly (Power steering Model)
- 10) Actuator vacuum hose (Exh. Brake Model)
- 11) Vacuum pump hose (Exh. Brake Model)
- 12) Front exhaust pipe
- 13) Support rubber
- 14) Engine assembly

Above works refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

3. Cylinder Head Assembly and Gasket

- 1) Injection pipe
- 2) Leak off pipe
- 3) PCV hose
- 4) Glow plug harness
- 5) Oil level gauge guide tube
- 6) Oil cooler water pipe (Oil Cooler Model)
- 7) By-pass hose
- 8) Cylinder head cover
- 9) Rocker arm shaft
- 10) Push rod
- 11) Cylinder head assembly
- 12) Cylinder head gasket

Above works refer to "CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY AND GASKET" Section in this manual.

4. Timing Gear (Gear Drive Model)

- 1) Cooling fan assembly
- 2) Crankshaft damper pulley
- 3) Noise shield cover
- 4) Noise cover spacer
- 5) Timing gear case cover
- 6) Camshaft timing gear

Above works refer to "TIMING GEAR (Gear Type)" Section in this manual.

4a. Timing Belt (Belt Drive Model)

- 1) Cooling fan assembly
- 2) Crankshaft damper pulley
- 3) Timing pulley upper cover
- 4) Timing pulley lower cover
- 5) Flange: camshaft pulley
- 6) Flange: injection pump pulley
- 7) Timing belt

Above works refer to "TIMING BELT (Belt Type)" Section in this manual.

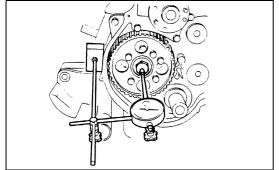
- 8) Camshaft timing pulley
- Use a dial indicator to measure the camshaft end play. This must be done before removing the oil pump. If the camshaft end play exceeds the specified limit, the camshaft and/or the driven gear must be replaced.



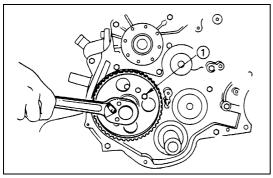
Camshaft End Play mm(in)

Standard	Limit
0.08 (0.003)	0.20 (0.008)

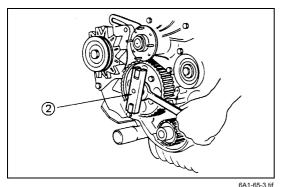
- Install the stopper bolt $\ensuremath{\mathbb{O}}$ to the timing pulley to prevent the pulley from turning.
- Loosen the center bolt.





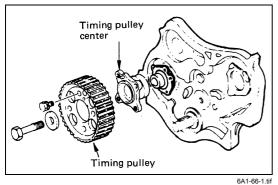


6A1-65-2.tif



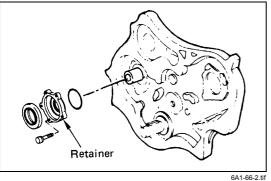
Q

- Use the timing pulley puller ② to remove the pulley. Timing Pulley Puller: 5-8840-0086-0
- Remove the stopper bolt.

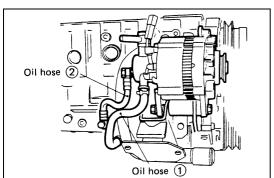


Remove the center bolt and remove the timing pulley with pulley center.





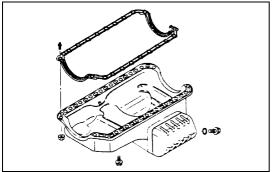
Remove the oil seal retainer.



6A1-66-3.tif



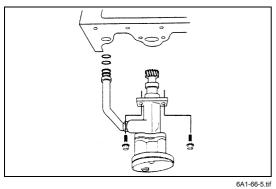
Disconnect vacuum pump oil hose ① from oil pan.



Remove the stiffener and space rubber from oil pan both side.

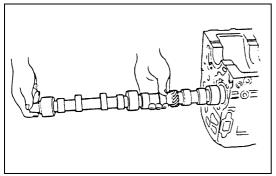
Remove the oil pan bolts and remove oil pan from cylinder body.



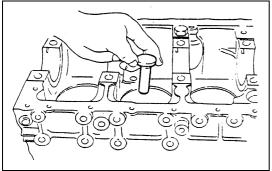


6. Oil Pump Assembly

Remove the oil pump assembly from cylinder body.



6A1-67-1.tif



6A1-67-2.tif

7. Camshaft and Tappets

- Remove the camshaft from cylinder body.
- Take care not to damage the camshaft bearings.

• Take out the tappets from cylinder body.

++ INSTALLATION

7. Camshaft and Tappets

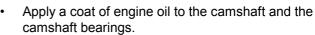


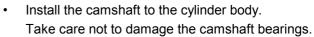
- Apply a coat of engine oil to the tappet and the cylinder body tappet insert holes.
- Locate the position mark applied at disassembly (if the tappet is to be reused).

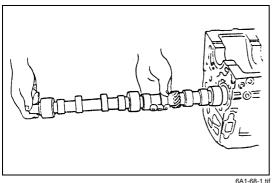


NOTE:

The tappet must be installed before the camshaft.



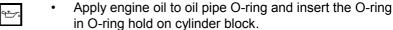


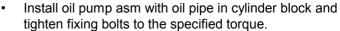




6. Oil Pump Assembly

- Prepare a solution of 80% engine oil and 20% molybdenum disulfide.
- Apply and ample coat of the solution to the teeth of the oil pump pinion.







6A1-68-2.ti

Oil Pump Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



19 (1.9/14)

Sleeve Nut Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

25 (2.5/18)



5. Oil Pan Assembly

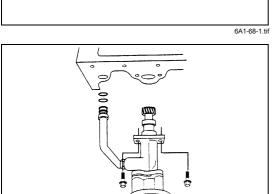
Above works refer to "OIL PAN" Section in this manual.

Tighten sleeve nut to the specified torque.

4a. Timing Belt

- 8) Camshaft timing pulley
- 7) Timing belt
- 6) Flange: injection pump pulley
- 5) Flange: camshaft pulley
- 4) Timing pulley lower cover
- 3) Timing pulley upper cover
- 2) Crankshaft damper pulley
- 1) Cooling fan assembly

Above works refer to "TIMING BELT (Belt Type)" Section in this manual.



4. Timing Gear (Gear Type)

- 6) Camshaft timing gear
- 5) Timing gear case cover
- 4) Noise cover spacer
- 3) Noise shield cover
- 2) Crankshaft damper pulley
- Cooling fan assembly Above works refer to "TIMING GEAR (Gear Type)" Section in this manual.

3. Cylinder Head Assembly and Gasket

12) Cylinder head gasket

Piston Head Projection Measurement Point

- 11) Cylinder head assembly
- 10) Push rod
- 9) Rocker arm shaft

Valve Clearance Adjustment

- 8) Cylinder head cover
- 7) By-pass hose
- 6) Oil cooler water pipe (Oil cooler Model)
- 5) Oil level gauge guide tube
- 4) Glow plug harness
- 3) PCV hose
- 2) Fuel leak off pipe
- 1) Injection pipe

Above works refer to "CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY AND GASKET" Section in this manual.

2. Engine Assembly

- 14) Engine assembly
- 13) Support rubber
- 12) Front exhaust pipe
- 11) Vacuum pump hose
- 10) Actuator vacuum hose
- 9) Power steering pump & bracket assembly (With Power Steering Model)
- 8) A/C compressor assembly (A/C Model)
- 7) Oil pressure switch harness
- 6) Fuel hose
- 5) Glow plug harness
- 4) Engine control cable
- 3) Heater hose
- 2) Intake air duct
- 1) Radiator assembly

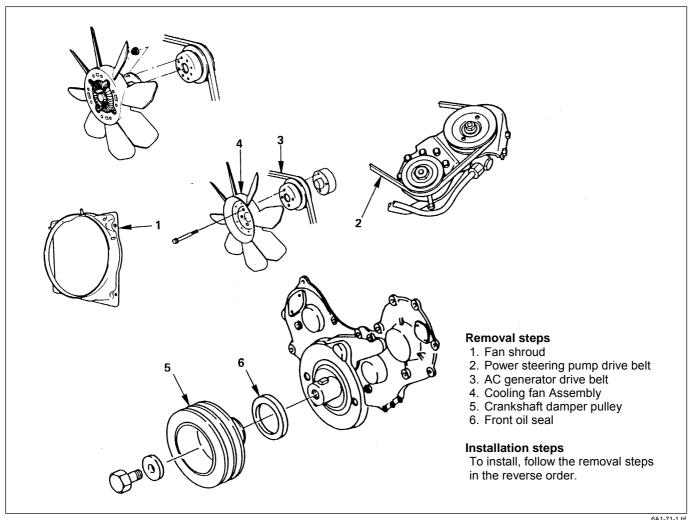
1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly

- 2) Clutch
- 1) Transmission

Above works refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

- Connect the battery ground cable.
- Pour coolant
- · Pour engine oil
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL (Gear Drive Type)



6A1-71-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant.

1. Fan Shroud

2. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt

Loosen power steering pump mounting bolt and adjust bolt, and remove the drive belt.

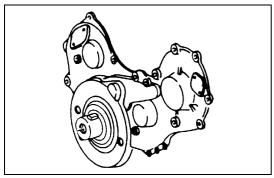
3. AC Generator Drive Belt

Loosen AC Generator mounting bolt (under side) and adjust plate lock bolt, and remove the drive belt.

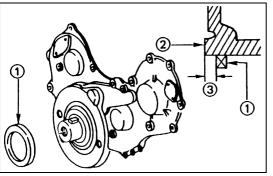
4. Cooling Fan Assembly

Remove clamp nut, and remove cooling fan assembly, distant pipe, and fan pulley.

5. Crankshaft Damper Pulley

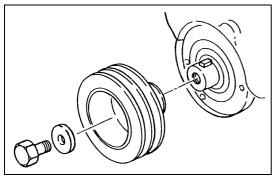


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6A1-72-3.tif

6. Front Oil Seal

 Use a plastic hammer and a screwdriver to top around the oil seal to free it from the gear case cover.

Take care not to damage the oil seal fitting surfaces.

INSTALLATION

6. Front Oil Seal

 Use the installer to install the front oil seal ① to the gear case cover ②.

Oil Seal Installer: 5-8840-2061-0

Note the oil seal installation depth ③ shown in the illustration.

Depth 3 = 1 mm (0.039 in.)

5. Crankshaft Damper Pulley

Tighten the crankshaft damper pulley bolt to the specified torque.

NOTE:

Hold the flywheel ring gear stationary to prevent the crankshaft from turning when tightening the damper pulley.

Pulley Boss Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

206 (21/152)

4. Cooling Fan Assembly



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 Mount fan pulley, distance piece, and cooling fan asm (in this order) on the water pump, and tighten to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

8 (0.8/69)

3. AC Generator Drive Belt

- Install AC Generator drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Refer to Drive Belt Adjustment in this section.

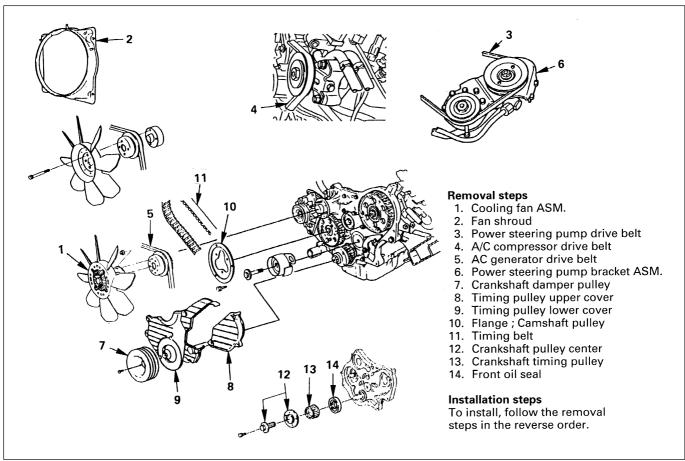
2. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt

- Install power steering pump drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Refer to "Drive Belt Adjustment" in this section.

1. Fan Shroud

- Install the fan shroud and reservoir tank hose.
- Pour coolant
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL (Belt Drive Type)



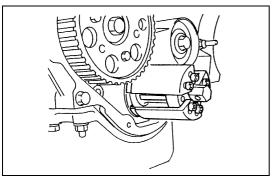
6A1-73-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

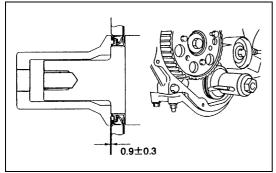
Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant.
- 1. Cooling Fan Assembly
- 2. Fan Shroud
- 3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S Model)
- 4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)
- 5. AC Generator Drive Belt
- 6. Power Steering Pump Bracket Assembly (P/S Model)
- 7. Crankshaft Damper Pulley
- 8. Timing Pulley Upper Cover
- 9. Timing Pulley Lower Cover
- 10. Flange; Camshaft Pulley
- 11. Timing Belt

Above works refer to "TIMING BELT (Belt Type)" Section in this manual.







6A1-74-2.tit

12. Crankshaft Pulley Center



Remove the pulley center by using special tool. Remover: 5-8840-0161-0

13. Crankshaft Timing Pulley

14. Front Oil Seal



- Remove the oil seal by using special tool.
- With the oil seal pushed in deep, install the special tool as shown in the illustration to remove the oil seal.

Front oil seal remover: 5-8840-2362-0

NOTE:

Take care not to damage sealing surface of front plate and crankshaft when removing oil seal.

++ INSTALLATION

14. Front Oil Seal

Install the oil seal by using special tool. Installer: Front oil seal: 5-8840-2361-0



- 1) With the sleeve attached to the oil seal, put it in the front end of the crankshaft.
- 2) With the edge portion of the oil seal attached securely to the crankshaft, tighten it with the center bolt until the sleeve hits securely against the reference plane at the front end of the crankshaft.
- 3) Remove the sleeve.
- 4) After pressing in the seal, check the measurement of the oil seal.



Standard

mm (in)

0.6 - 1.2 (0.024 - 0.047)

NOTE:

- Install the oil seal after assembling the timing pulley housing.
- The lip portion of the oil seal is applied with oil.
- Take note of the press-in direction of the oil seal.

13. Crankshaft Timing Pulley

12. Crankshaft Pulley Center

Install the timing pulley center and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

206 (21/152)



Pulley Center Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

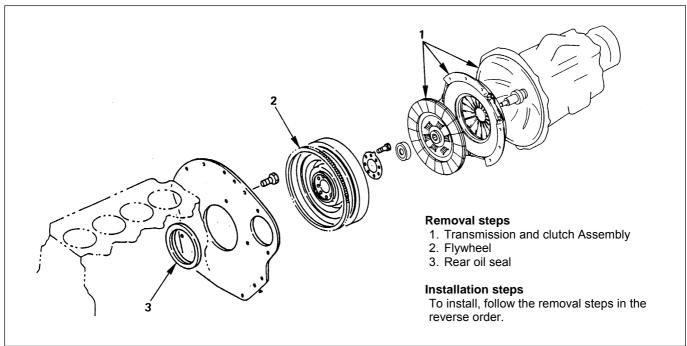


6A1-74-3.tif

- 11. Timing Belt
- 10. Flange; Camshaft Pulley
- 9. Timing Pulley Lower Cover
- 8. Timing Pulley Upper Cover
- 7. Crankshaft Damper Pulley
- 6. Power Steering Pump Bracket Assembly (P/S Model)
- 5. AC Generator Drive Belt
- 4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)
- 3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S pump Model)
- 2. Fan Shroud
- 1. Cooling Fan Assembly

Above works refer to "TIMING BELT (Belt Type)" Section in this manual.

CRANKSHAFT REAR OIL SEAL (Gear & Belt Drive Type)

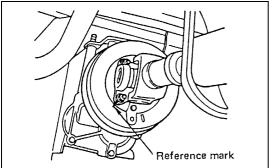


6A1-76-1.tif

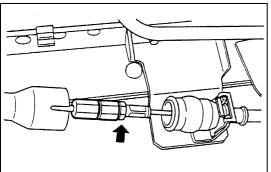
←→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable
- 1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly
 - · Raise vehicle and support with suitable safely.
 - 1) Transmission
 - ① Transmission
 - Reference mark the flange yoke to the parking brake drum.
 - · Disconnect the propeller shaft at flange yoke.
 - Put aside the propeller shaft and tie it to the frame so that it does not interface with servicing work.



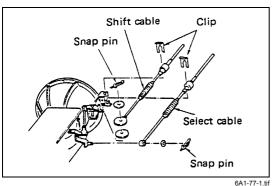
6A1-76-2.tif

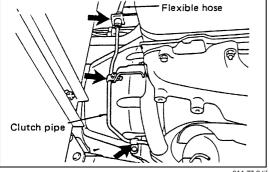


6A1-76-3.tif

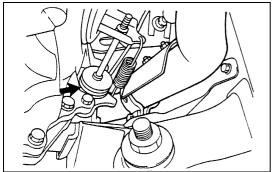
② Parking Brake Cable

- · Move the joint cover.
- Disconnect the joint bolt.
- Remove the clip then disconnect the cable from the bracket.

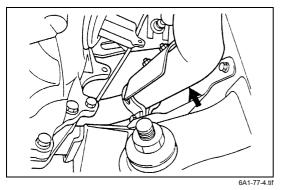




6A1-77-2.tif



6A1-77-3.tif



③ Wiring Connector

- Disconnect the wiring connectors from the car speed sensor, the neutral switch and the back-up light switch.
- Shift Cable and Select Cable
- Disconnect the shift cable and select cable on the transmission side.

⑤ Clutch Slave Cylinder

Remove the clutch pipe fixing clips and the clip bracket (Right hand drive models only).

Remove the slave cylinder assembly with the flexible hose attached, and then tie it to the frame so that it does not interface with servicing work.

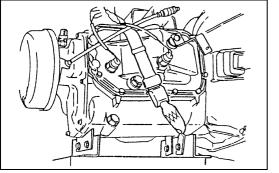
- **©** Exhaust Brake Assembly
- Tront Exhaust Pipe

Transmission Assembly

NOTE:

The exhaust pipe bracket, the gear control bracket and the clips are sometimes installed in the wrong position or direction confusedly. To prevent incorrect installation of these parts, put a correct installation mark on them.

Support the transmission with mission jack.



\checkmark

CAUTION:

To prevent the falling of the transmission, tie it firmly to the jack with a chain or belt.

Do not allow transmission to hang unsupported from clutch. Damage to the clutch assembly will result.

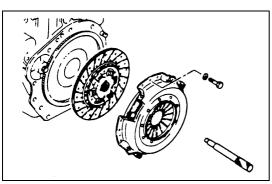
- Remove the nuts of the transmission mounting bracket on the crossmember side.
- Engine and transmission angles may need to be adjusted for removal.
- Hold the rear section of the engine by the jack or hoist.



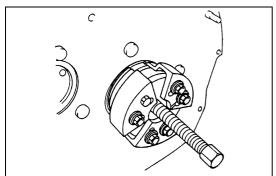
CAUTION:

When lifting the engine by the jack, use wood blockes to prevent any possible damage to the oil pan.

- Remove transmission fastening bolts.
- · Pull out the transmission assembly rearward.
- Mounting Bracket







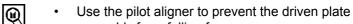
2) Clutch

Raise vehicle and support with suitable safety stands.



Do not let clutch fluid remain on a painted surface, Wash it off immediately.

- ① Pressure Plate Assembly
- ② Driven Plate Assembly



- assembly from falling free. Pilot Aligner: 5-5825-3001-0
- Mark the flywheel and pressure plate lug for alignment when installing.
- Loosen the pressure plate assembly fixing bolts.

2. Flywheel

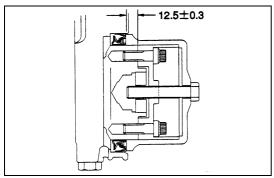
3. Rear Oil Seal

- With the oil seal pushed in deep, install the special tool as shown in the illustration to remove the oil seal.
- Rear oil seal Remove: 5-8840-2360-0



NOTE:

Take care not to damage the crankshaft or oil seal retainer when removing oil seal.



++ INSTALLATION

3. Rear Oil Seal

Use the oil seal installer the oil seal to the cylinder



NOTE:

Q

Wipe off rust and scraps clean from the press-in portion of the oil seal.

Take note of the press-in direction of the oil seal.

- 1) Install the adapter of the special tool to the rear end of the crankshaft with two bolts.
- 2) Install the oil seal to the outer circumference of the adapter.
- 3) Insert the sleeve into the adapter portion, and tighten it in with the bolt (M12x1.75L=70) until the adapter section hits the sleeve.
- 4) Remove the adapter and the sleeve.
- 5) After installing the oil seal, check the measurement of the oil seal.



2

(1)

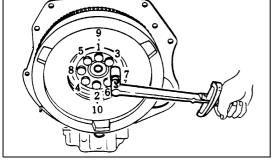
Standard mm (in)

12.2 - 12.8 (0.48 - 0.50)

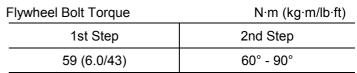
2. Flywheel

- Apply engine oil to fixing bolts.
- Tighten the flywheel bolts to the specified torque in two steps using the Angular Tightening Method.

Follow the numerical order shown in the illustration.



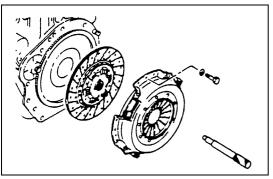
6A1-80-2.tif



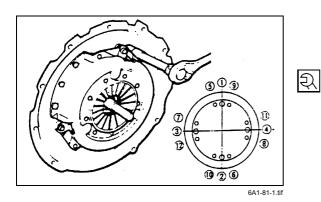
1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly

- 2) Clutch
- ② Driven Plate Assembly
- Apply multi-purpose with MOS2 type grease to the driven plate hub spline.
- Use the pilot aligner to install the driven plate assembly.

Pilot Aligner: 5-5825-3001-0









Tighten pressure plate assembly fixing bolts in numerical order.

Pressure Plate Fixing Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

18 (1.8/13)

Remove the pilot aligner.

NOTE:

In case a new pressure plate assembly is mounted, after tightening a pressure plate at the specified torque, be sure to remove the wiring for protection of a diaphragm spring.

- 1) Transmission
- Mounting Bracket

Mounting Bracket Nuts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

69 (7.0/51)





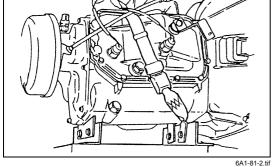


Support the transmission with mission jack.

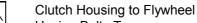


To prevent the falling of the transmission, tie it securely to the jack with a chain or belt.

- Shift transmission into high gear.
- Align transmission with engine slope.
- Turn output parking brake drum to aid clutch spring engagement.







Hosing Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

> M10:46 (4.7/34) M12:91 (9.3/67)

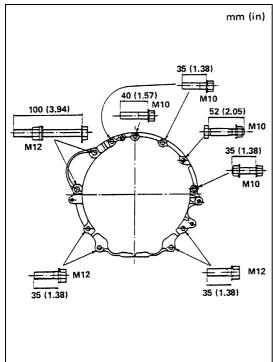
Raise engine and transmission up into rear transmission mount.



Engine Rear Mounting Nuts

and Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

> M10:40 (4.1/30) M12:69 (7.0/51)

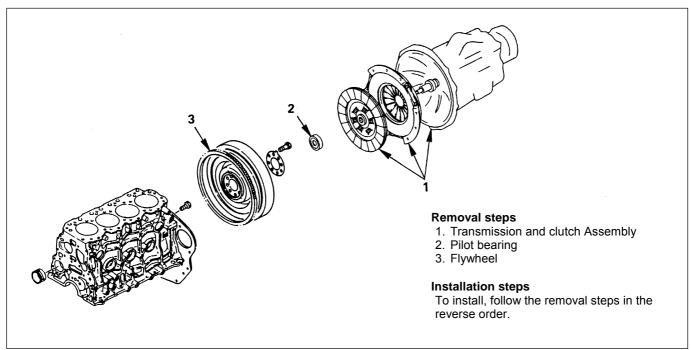


6A1-81-3.tif

	⑦ Front Exhaust Pipe		
Ð	Front Exhaust Pipe Bolts Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
41	37 (3.8/27)		
	© Exhaust Brake Assembly		
Ð	Exhaust Brake Bolts Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
	17 (1.8/12)		
	© Clutch Slave Cylinder		
2	Slave Cylinder Bolts Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
	19 (1.9/14)		
	 Perform slave cylinder adjustmen of the return spring. 	t before installation	
	a) Loosen the lock nut of the pu	ısh rod.	
	b) Turn the adjust nut until it reaches the shift fork.		
	 c) Back off the adjust nut 1.5 turns. (shift fork free play Approximately 2 mm/0.1 in). 		
	d) Tighten the lock nut.	,	
2	Push Rod Lock Nut Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
71	16 (1.6/12)		
	Shift Cable and Select Cable		
	③ Wiring Connector		
	 Color of Connector 		
	Back-up Light Switch: Brown		
	Neutral Switch: Gray		
	② Parking Brake Cable		
	① Propeller Shaft		
	Line up reference mark.		
\mathfrak{A}	Propeller Shaft Nuts Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
	66 (6.7/48)		
	Connect battery ground cable.		

Connect battery ground cable.

FLYWHEEL AND PILOT BEARING



6A1-83-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly
 - 1) Transmission
 - 2) Clutch

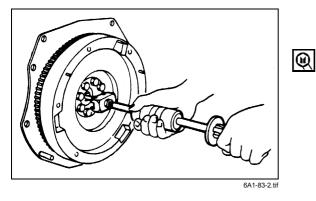
Above works refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

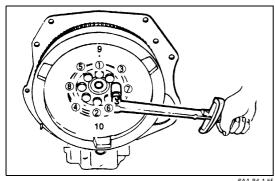
2. Pilot Bearing

Remove pilot bearing using remover. Pilot Bearing Puller: 5-8840-2000-0 Sliding hammer: 5-8840-0019-0



- Set the flywheel stopper.
- · Loosen flywheel fixing bolts then remove the flywheel.





++ INSTALLATION

3. Flywheel

- Apply engine oil to fixing bolts.
- Tighten the flywheel bolts to the specified torque in two steps using the Angular Tightening Method.

Follow the numerical order shown in the illustration.



Flywheel Bolt Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
1st Step	2nd Step	
59 (6.0/43)	60° - 90°	

2. Pilot Bearing

Install the pilot bearing using installer. Pilot bearing Installer: 5-8522-0024-0





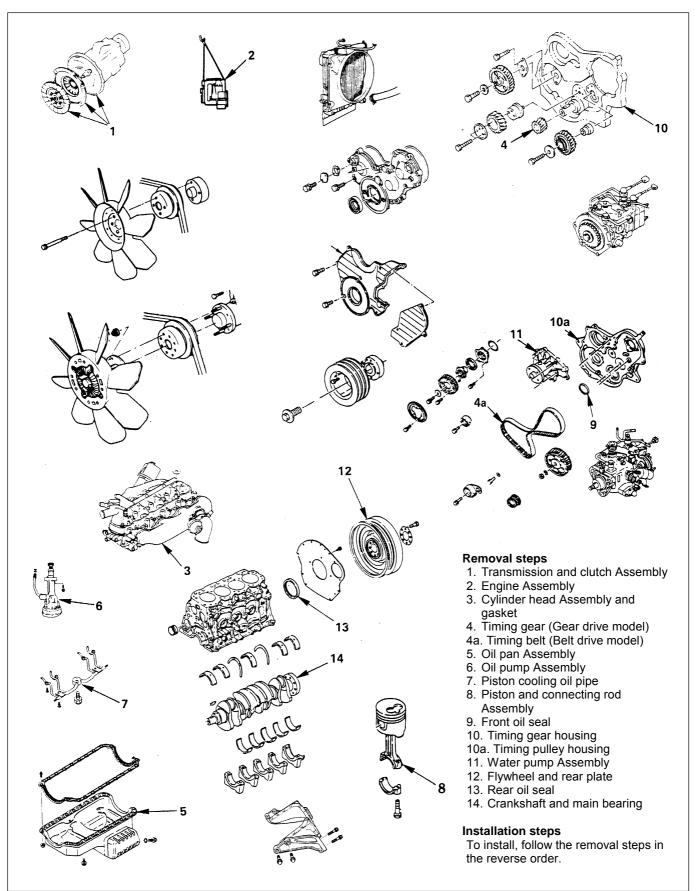
1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly

- 2) Clutch
- 1) Transmission

Above works refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.



CRANKSHAFT AND MAIN BEARINGS



+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- · Drain coolant from the radiator and engine.

1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly

- 1) Transmission
- 2) Clutch

Above works refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

2. Engine Assembly

- 1) Radiator assembly
- 2) Intake air duct
- 3) Heater hose
- 4) Engine control cable
- 5) Glow plug harness
- 6) Fuel hose
- 7) Oil pressure switch harness
- 8) A/C compressor assembly
- 9) Power steering pump bracket assembly (Power Steering Model)
- 10) Actuator vacuum hose (Exh. Brake Model)
- 11) Vacuum pump hose (Exh. Brake Model)
- 12) Front exhaust pipe
- 13) Support rubber
- 14) Engine assembly

Above works refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

3. Cylinder Head Assembly and Gasket

- 1) Injection pipe
- 2) Leak off pipe
- 3) PCV hose
- 4) Glow plug harness
- 5) Oil level gauge guide tube
- 6) Oil cooler water pipe (Oil Cooler Model)
- 7) By-pass hose
- 8) Cylinder head cover
- 9) Rocker arm shaft
- 10) Push rod
- 11) Cylinder head assembly
- 12) Cylinder head gasket

Above works refer to "CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY AND GASKET" Section in this manual.

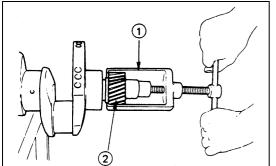
4. Timing Gear (Gear Drive Model)

- 1) Cooling fan assembly
- 2) Crankshaft damper pulley
- 3) Noise shield cover
- 4) Noise cover spacer
- 5) Timing gear case cover
- 6) Oil pipe
- 7) Idle gear
- 8) Idle gear "B" and shaft
- 9) Injection pump
- 10) Camshaft timing gear

Above works refer to "TIMING GEAR (Gear Type)" Section in this manual.

- 11) Crankshaft gear
- Use the crankshaft timing gear remover ① to remove the crankshaft gear ②.

Crankshaft Timing Gear Remover: 5-8840-2057-0



6A1-87-1.tif

(4)

4a. Timing Belt (Belt Drive Model)

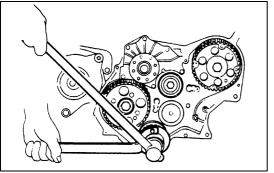
- 1) Cooling fan assembly
- 2) Crankshaft damper pulley
- 3) Timing pulley upper cover
- 4) Timing pulley lower cover
- 5) Flange: camshaft pulley
- 6) Flange: injection pump pulley
- 7) Timing belt

Above works refer to "TIMING BELT (Belt Type)" Section in this manual.

- 8) Crankshaft timing pulley center
- Use the fixing wrench to prevent the crankshaft from turning.

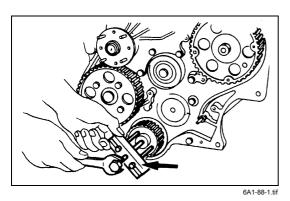
Fixing Wrench: 5-8840-0161-0

Remove the timing pulley center from the crankshaft.





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- 9) Crankshaft timing pulley
- Block the crankshaft with a piece of hard wood.
- Use the crankshaft timing pulley puller to remove the timing pulley.

Crankshaft Timing Pulley Puller: 5-8840-2035-0

- 10) Injection pump timing pulley
 - 11) Injection pump

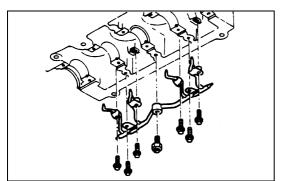
Above works refer to "CYLINDER BLOCK ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

- 12) Camshaft timing pulley
- 5. Oil Pan Assembly
- 6. Oil Pump Assembly

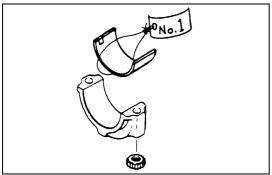
Above works refer to "CAMSHAFT AND TAPPET" Section in this manual.

7. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe

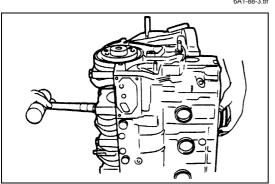
Remove the oil pipe from cylinder block.



6A1-88-2.tif



6A1-88-3.tif



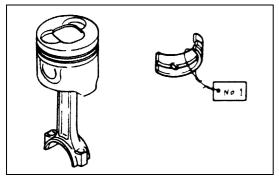
6A1-88-4.tif

8. Piston and Connecting Rod Assembly

 If the connecting rod lower bearings are to be reinstalled, mark their fitting positions by tagging each bearing with the cylinder number from which it was removed.

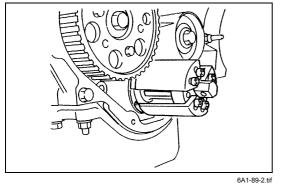
 Remove carbon deposits from the upper portion of the cylinder wall with a scraper before removing the piston and connecting rod.

Move the piston to the top of the cylinder and tap it with a hammer grip or similar object from the connecting rod lower side to drive it out.



 If the connecting rod upper bearings are to be reinstalled, mark their fitting positions by tagging each bearing with the cylinder number from which it was removed.





9. Front Oil Seal (Belt Drive Model)

 With the oil seal pushed in deep, install the special tool as shown in the illustration to remove the oil seal.
 Front Oil Seal Remover: 5-8840-2362-0



10. Timing Gear Housing

10a. Timing Pulley Housing

11. Water Pump Assembly

12. Flywheel and Cylinder Body Rear Plate

- Set the flywheel stopper.
- Loosen the flywheel fixing bolts then remove the flywheel.
- · Remove the cylinder block rear plate.

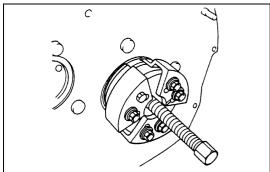
13. Rear Oil Seal (Gear and Belt Drive Model)

 With the oil seal pushed in deep, install the special tool as shown in the illustration to remove the oil seal.

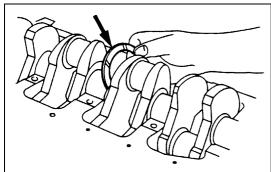
Rear Oil Seal Remover: 5-8840-2360-0

NOTE:

Take care not to damage sealing surface of front plate and crankshaft when removing oil seal.



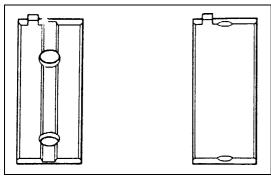
6A1-89-3.tif



6A1-89-4.tif

14. Crankshaft and Main Bearing

- 1) Remove the main bearing caps and thrust washer.
- 2) Remover the crankshaft with care.
- 3) Remove the crankshaft upper bearing.

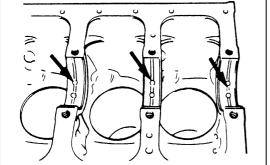


6A1-90-1.tif

++ INSTALLATION

14. Crankshaft and Main Bearings

- The crankshaft upper bearings have an oil hole and an oil groove. The lower bearings do not...
- Install main bearings in the cylinder body and main bearing cap respectively.
- Apply new engine oil to upper and lower main bearings.
- Make sure that main bearing are in correct position.

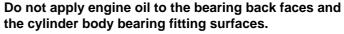


6A1-90-2.tit

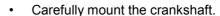


- Carefully wipe any foreign material from the upper bearing.
- Install the main bearings to the cylinder body and the main bearing caps.

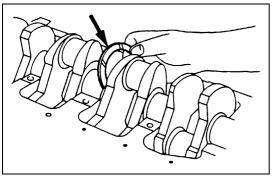
NOTE:



- Be sure that they are positioned correctly.
- Apply new engine oil to the upper and lower main bearing faces.



- Apply engine oil to the thrust washer.
- Install thrust washer on No.3 journal. Oil grooves in thrust washer must face the crankshaft.



6A1-90-3.ti1



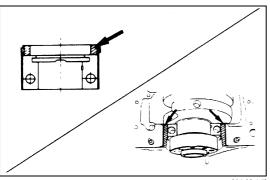


Apply the recommended liquid gasket or its equivalent to the No.5 crankshaft bearing cap cylinder body fitting surfaces at points and shown in the illustration.

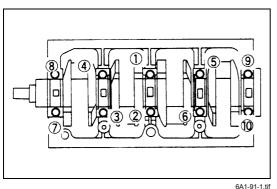
NOTE:

Be sure that the bearing cap fitting surface is completely free of oil before applying the liquid gasket.

Do not allow the liquid gasket to obstruct the cylinder thread holes and bearings.

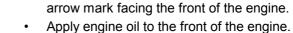


6A1-90-4.tif





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- Tighten the crankshaft bearing cap bolts to the specified torque a little at a time in the sequence shown in the illustration.

Install the bearing caps with the bearing cap head

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

167 (17.0/123)

NOTE:

Check to see that the crankshaft turns smoothly by rotating it manually.

13. Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal

Use the oil seal installer to install the oil seal to the cylinder

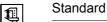
Rear Oil Seal Installer: 5-8840-2361-0

Q NOTE:

Wipe off rust and scraps clean from the press-in portion of the oil seal.

Take note of the press-in direction of the oil seal.

- 1) Install the adapter of the special tool to the rear end of the crankshaft with two bolts.
- 2) Install the oil seal to the outer circumference of the adapter.
- 3) Insert the slave into the adapter portion, and tighten it in with the bolt (M12x1.75L=70) until the adapter section hits the slave.
- 4) Remove the adapter and the slave.
- 5) After installing the oil seal, check the measurement of the oil seal.



mm (in)

12.2 - 12.8 (0.48 - 0.50)

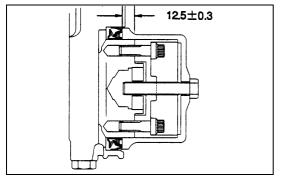
12. Flywheel and Cylinder Body Rear Plate

- Align the rear plate with the cylinder body knock pins.
- Tighten the rear plate to the specified torque.

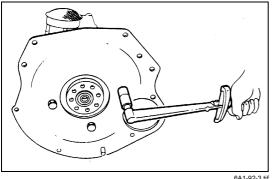
Rear Plate Bolts Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

82 (8.4/61)

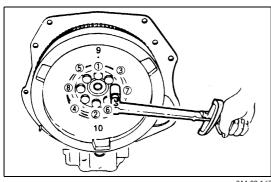


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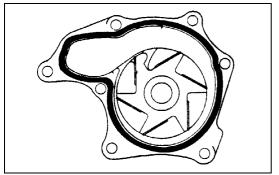


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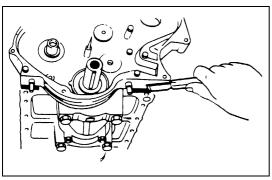


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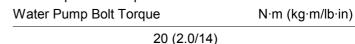
- Block the crankshaft with a piece of hard wood to prevent the flywheel form turning.
- Apply a coat of engine oil to the threads of the flywheel
- Align the flywheel with the crankshaft dowel pin.
- Tighten the flywheel bolts to the specified torque in two steps using the Angular Tightening Method.

Follow the numerical order shown in the illustration.

Flywheel Bolt Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
1st Step	2nd Step	
59 (6.0/43)	60° - 90°	

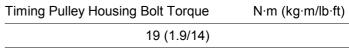
11. Water Pump Assembly

- Fit the O-ring to the water pump body.
- Remove the water pump assembly and tighten bolts to the specified torque.



10a. Timing Pulley Housing

- Install the timing pulley housing the cylinder body. Take care not to twist the front oil seal.
- Tighten the timing pulley housing together with the timing pulley housing gasket to the specified torque.



Cut away the flash from the gasket.

10. Timing Gear Housing

- Install the timing gear housing the cylinder body.
- Tighten the timing gear housing together with the timing gear housing gasket to the specified torque.

Timing Gear Housing Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft) 19 (1.9/14)

Cut away the flash from the gasket.

9. Front Oil Seal (Belt Drive Model)

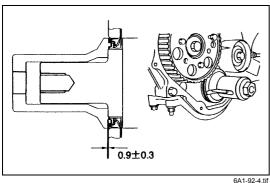
Install oil seal using special tool. Front Oil Seal Installer: 5-8840-2361-0

Notes:

Wipe off rust and scraps clean from the press-in portion of the oil seal.

Take note of the press-in direction of the oil seal.

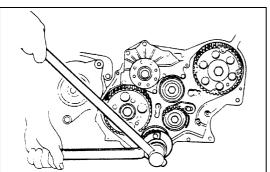
1) With the oil seal attached to the sleeve, put it in the front end of the crankshaft.



6A1-92-4.tif



(1)



6A1-93-2.tif

- 2) With the edge of the oil seal attached securely to the crankshaft, tighten it with the center bolt until the sleeve hits securely against the reference plane at the front end of the crankshaft.
- 3) Remove the sleeve.
- 4) After pressing in the oil seal, check the measurement of the oil seal.



Standard

mm (in)

0.6 - 1.2 (0.024 - 0.047)

- 8. Piston and Connecting Rod Assembly
- 7. Piston Cooling Oil Pipe

Above works refer to "PISTON" Section in this manual.

- 6. Oil Pump Assembly
- 5. Oil Pan Assembly

Above works refer to "OIL PUMP AND OIL PAN" Section in this manual.

- 4a. Timing Belt (Belt Drive Model)
 - 12) Camshaft timing pulley

Above works refer to "CAMSHAFT AND TAPPET" Section in this manual.

- 11) Injection pump
- 10) Injection pump timing pulley
 Above works refer to "CYLINDER BLOCK
 ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.
- 9) Crankshaft timing pulley
- Use the crankshaft timing pulley installer to install the timing pulley.
- The timing pulley flange must be facing the cylinder body.

Crankshaft Timing Pulley Installer: 5-8522-0020-0

- 8) Crankshaft timing pulley center
- Install the crankshaft pulley center.
- Use the fixing wrench to prevent the crankshaft from turning.

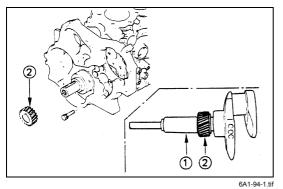
Fixing Wrench: 5-8840-0161-0

 Tighten the crankshaft pulley center bolt to the specified torque.

Crankshaft Pulley Center Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

206 (21/152)

- 7) Timing belt
- 6) Flange: camshaft pulley
- 5) Flange: injection pump pulley
- 4) Timing pulley lower cover
- 3) Timing pulley upper cover



- 2) Crankshaft damper pulley
- 1) Cooling fan assembly

Above works refer to "TIMING GEAR (Belt Type)" Section in this manual.

4. Timing Gear (Gear Drive Model)

- 11) Crankshaft gear
- Install the crankshaft gear.
- Use the crankshaft gear installer ① to install the crankshaft gear ②.
- The crankshaft gear timing mark ("X-X") must be facing outward.

Crankshaft Gear Installer: 9-8522-0020-0



- 10) Camshaft timing gear
- 9) Injection pump
- 8) Idler gear "B" and shaft
- 7) Idle gear
- 6) Timing gear oil pipe
- 5) Timing gear case cover
- 4) Noise cover spacer
- 3) Noise shield cover
- 2) Crankshaft damper pulley
- Cooling fan assembly
 Above works refer to "TIMING GEAR (Gear Type)"
 Section in this manual.

3. Cylinder Head Assembly and Gasket

- 12) Cylinder head gasket
- 11) Cylinder head assembly
- 10) Push rod
- 9) Rocker arm shaft assembly

Valve Clearance Adjustment

- 8) Cylinder head cover
- 7) By-pass hose
- 6) Oil cooler water pipe (Oil Cooler Model)
- 5) Oil level gauge guide tube
- 4) Glow plug harness connector
- 3) PCV hose
- 2) Fuel leak off pipe
- 1) Injection pipe

Above works refer to "CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY AND GASKET" Section in this manual.

2. Engine Assembly

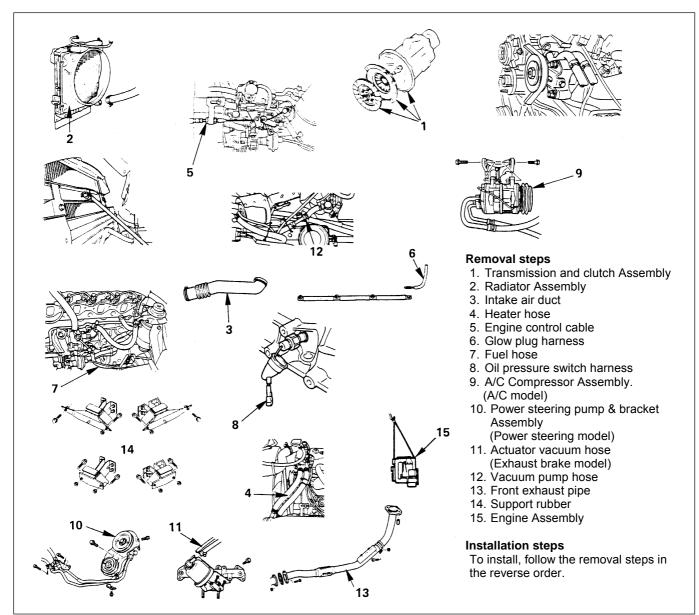
- 13) Support rubber
- 12) Front exhaust pipe
- 11) Vacuum pump hose
- 10) Actuator vacuum hose (Exhaust Brake Model)
- 9) Power steering pump & bracket assembly (Power Steering Model)
- 8) A/C compressor assembly (A/C Model)
- 7) Oil pressure switch harness
- 6) Fuel hose
- 5) Glow plug harness
- 4) Engine control cable
- 3) Heater hose
- 2) Intake air duct
- Radiator assembly
 Above works refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly

- 2) Clutch
- 1) Transmission

Above works refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY" Section in this manual.

ENGINE ASSEMBLY

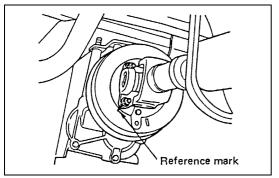


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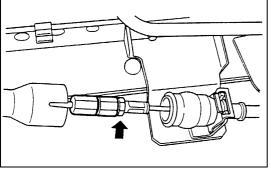
←→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

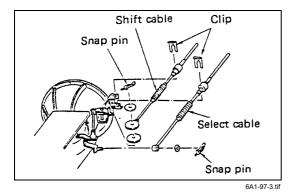
- Disconnect Battery Ground Cable
- Drain Coolant



6A1-97-1.tif



6A1-97-2.tif



1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly

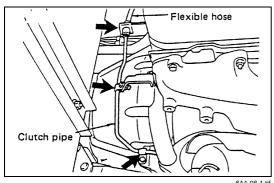
- · Raise vehicle and support with suitable safely.
- 1) Transmission
- ① Propeller Shaft
- Reference mark the flange yoke to the parking brake drum.
- · Disconnect the propeller shaft at flange yoke.
- Put aside the propeller shaft and tie it to the frame so that it does not interface with servicing work.

② Parking Brake Cable

- · Move the joint cover.
- Disconnect the joint bolt.
- Remove the clip then disconnect the cable from the bracket.

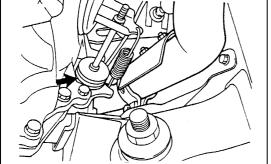
③ Wiring Connector

- Disconnect the wiring connectors from the car speed sensor, the neutral switch and the back-up light switch.
- Shift Cable and Select Cable
- Disconnect the shift cable and select cable on the transmission side.

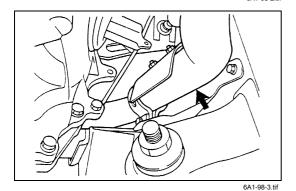


6A1-98-1.tif

- ⑤ Clutch Slave Cylinder
- Remove the clutch pipe fixing clips and the clip bracket (Right hand drive models only).



Remove the slave cylinder assembly with the flexible hose attached, and then tie it to the frame so that it does not interface with servicing work.



6A1-98-2.tif

- 6 Exhaust Brake Assembly
- Tront Exhaust Pipe



NOTE:

CAUTION:

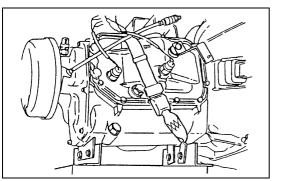
The exhaust pipe bracket, the gear control bracket and the clips are sometimes installed in the wrong position or direction confusedly. To prevent incorrect installation of these parts, put a correct installation mark on them.

Support the transmission with mission jack.



To prevent the falling of the transmission, tie it firmly to the jack with a chain or belt.

Do not allow transmission to hang unsupported from clutch. Damage to the clutch assembly will result.



- Remove the nuts of the transmission mounting bracket on the crossmember side.
- Engine and transmission angles may need to be adjusted for removal.
- Hold the rear section of the engine by the jack or hoist.



CAUTION:

When lifting the engine by the jack, use wood blocks to prevent any possible damage to the oil pan.

- · Remove transmission fastening bolts.
- · Pull out the transmission assembly rearward.
- Mounting Bracket
- 2) Clutch
- Raise vehicle and support with suitable safety stands.

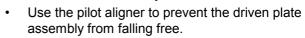


(4)

CAUTION:

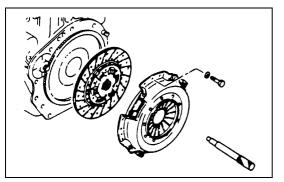
Do not let clutch fluid remain on a painted surface, Wash it off immediately.

- ① Pressure Plate Assembly
- ② Driven Plate Assembly

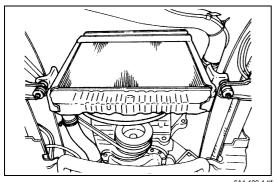


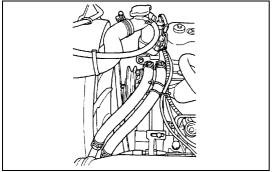
Pilot Aligner: 5-5825-3001-0

- Mark the flywheel and pressure plate lug for alignment when installing.
- Loosen the pressure plate assembly fixing bolts.

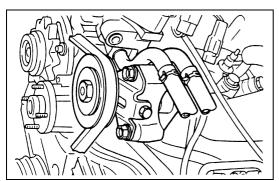


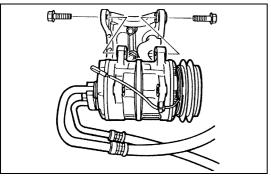
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6A1-100-2.tif





6A1-100-4.tif

2. Radiator Assembly

- 1) Remove the radiator hose upper and lower.
- 2) Remove the reservoir tank hose
- 3) Remove the cushion rubbers on both sides.
- 4) Remove the radiator stay.

3. Intake Air Duct

4. Heater Hose

5. Engine Control Cable

Loosen the locking nut at the bracket and disconnect accelerator cable from injection pump control lever.

6. Glow Plug Harness

7. Fuel Hose

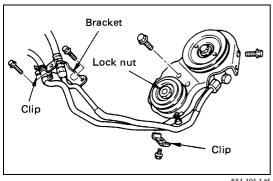
Remove the fuel inlet hose and fuel return hose.

8. Oil Pressure Switch Harness

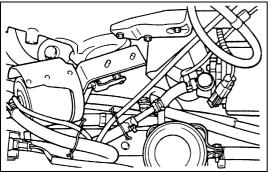
9. A/C Compressor Assembly

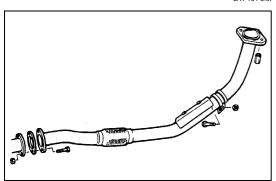
- Loosen the idler pulley lock nut.
- Loosen the adjust bolt then remove the drive belt.

- Disconnect magnetic clutch harness connector.
- Remove the A/C compressor fixing bolts and temporally tighten the A/C compressor to chassis frame side use the wire.

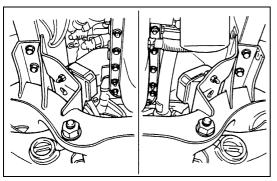


6A1-101-1.tif





6A1-101-4.tif



6A1-101-5.tif

10. Power Steering Pump & Bracket Assembly (Power Steering Model)

- 1) Loosen the idler pulley lock nut.
- 2) Loosen the adjust bolt then remove the drive belt.
- 3) Remove the pipe bracket fixing bolt and clip.
- 4) Remove the power steering pump fixing bolts pump to chassis frame side use the wire.

11. Actuator Vacuum Hose (Exh. Brake Model)

Disconnect the vacuum hose from actuator side.

12. Vacuum Pump Hose (Exh. Brake Model)

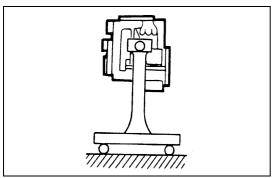
Disconnect the vacuum hose from vacuum tank side and magnetic valve side.

13. Front Exhaust Pipe

- Remove the exhaust pipe fixing bolts from exhaust manifold.
- Remove the exhaust pipe stay bolt.
- Remover the fixing nuts from front pipe.

14. Support Rubber

- 1) Right Hand
- Remove two fixing nuts at the crossmember side.



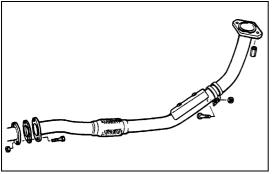
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- 2) Left Hand
- Remove two fixing nuts at the crossmember side.

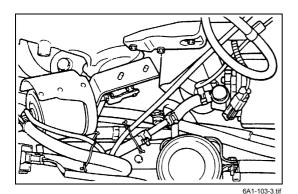
15. Engine Assembly

- 1) Lift engine carefully by using hoist.
- 2) Lift front part of engine higher than rear part of it.
- 3) Take out engine assembly taking care not to damage full pipes, brake pipes and etc.

6A1-103-1.tif



6A1-103-2.tif



6A1-103-4.tif

++ INSTALLATION

15. Engine Assembly

Position engine mountings by using hoist.

14. Support Rubber

 After all fixing bolts (left:two bolts, right:two bolts) were inserted to every holes, and engine asm and tighten fixing bolts to the specified torque.

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

40 (4.1/30)

13. Front Exhaust Pipe

 Connect the exhaust pipe and tighten nut to the specified torque.

Exhaust Pipe Nut Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

69 (7.0/51)

 Install the exhaust pipe stay and tighten bolt nut to the specified torque.

Stay Bolt Nut Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
40 (4.1/30)

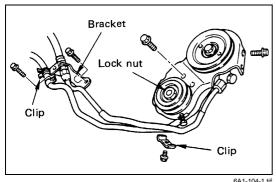
12. Vacuum Pump Hose (Exh. Brake Model)

 Connect the vacuum hose to vacuum tank side and magnetic valve side.

11. Actuator Vacuum Hose (Exh. Brake Model)

Connect the vacuum hose to actuator.

4JG2



10. Power Steering Pump & Bracket Assembly (Power Steering Model)

Install the power steering pump and pipe bracket then tighten bolts to the specified torque.

Pump Bolts Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
19 (1.9/14)	
Pipe Bracket Bolts Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
19 (1.9/14)	
Clip Bolt Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·in)
10 (1 0/87)	

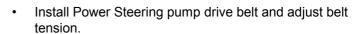
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P/S pump drive belt

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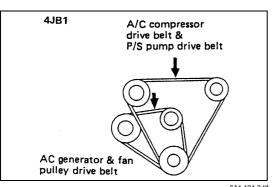


Check drive belts for wear or damage, and replace with new ones as necessary.

Check belts for tension, and adjust as necessary.

- Push the middle of belts with a force of 10kg and check each bolt for deflection.
- Standard deflection

mm	
	Initial tension
P/S pump drive belt	8 - 12 (0.31 - 0.47)
·	

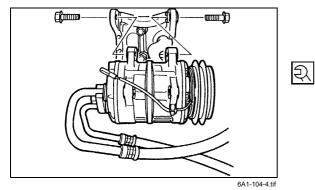




P/S pump lock bolt loose, adjust belt tension with adjust belt.

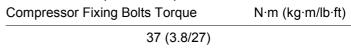
Idler Lock Nut Torque	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)
27 (2.8/20)	



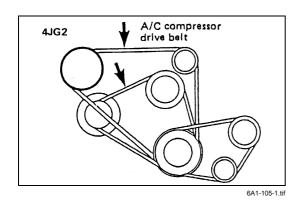


9. A/C Compressor Assembly (A/C Model)

Install the A/C compressor fixing bolts and tighten bolts to the specified torque.



Connect the magnetic clutch harness connector.



- Install A/C compressor drive belt and adjust belt tension.
 - Check drive belts for wear or damage, and replace with new ones as necessary. Check belts for tension, and adjust as necessary.
- Push the middle of belts with a force of 10kg and check each bolt for deflection.
- · Standard deflection

mm (in)

	Initial tension
A/C compressor drive belt	8 - 12(0.31 - 0.47)



A/C compressor pulley lock bolt loose, adjust belt tension with adjuster's adjust bolt.



N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

27 (2.8/20)

8. Oil Pressure Switch Harness

Connect the oil pressure switch harness connector.

7. Fuel Hose

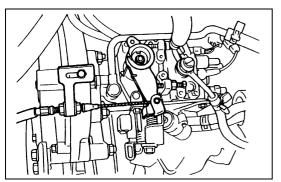
 Connect the fuel feed hose and return hose then tighten clip securely.

6. Glow Plug Harness

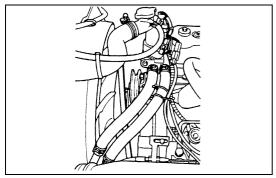
• Install the harness connector then tighten bolt securely.

5. Engine Control Cable

- 1) Install the control wire to the engine control lever.
- 2) Hold accelerator lever in the fully closed position and stretch the control cable in the direction indicated by the arrow to remove any slack.
- 3) Tighten the accelerator cable bracket bolt.



6A1-105-2.tit



6A1-106-1.tif

6A1-106-2.

D.

6A1-106-3.ti

(4)

6A1-106-4.tif

4. Heater Hose

Connect the heater hose then tighten clip securely.

3. Intake Air Duct

· Connect the air duct then tighten clip securely.

2. Radiator Assembly

- 1) Install the cushion rubber on both sides.
- 2) Install the radiator stay
- 3) Connect the radiator hose upper and lower.
- 4) Connect the reservoir tank hose.

1. Transmission and Clutch Assembly

- 2) Clutch
- ② Driven Plate Assembly
- Apply multi-purpose
 - Apply multi-purpose with MOS2 type grease to the driven plate hub spline.
 - Use the pilot aligner to install the driven plate assembly.

Pilot Aligner: 5-5825-3001-0

- ① Pressure Plate Assembly
- Tighten pressure plate assembly fixing bolts in numerical order.

Pressure Plate Fixing Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

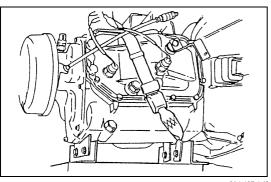
18 (1.8/13)

Remove the pilot aligner.

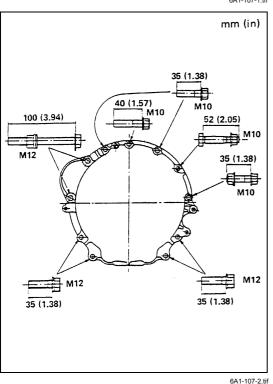
NOTE:

In case a new pressure plate assembly is mounted, after tightening a pressure plate at the specified torque, be sure to remove the wiring for protection of a diaphragm spring.

69 (7.0/51)







1) Transmission

Mounting Bracket

Mounting Bracket Nuts Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)



Transmission Assembly

Support the transmission with mission jack.



CAUTION:

To prevent the falling of the transmission, tie it securely to the jack with a chain or belt.

- Shift transmission into high gear.
- Align transmission with engine slope.
- Turn output parking brake drum to aid clutch spring engagement.



Clutch Housing to Flywheel

Housing Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

> M10: 46(4.7/34) M12:91(9.3/67)

Raise engine and transmission up into rear transmission mount.

Engine Rear Mounting Nuts

and Bolts Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

M10: 40(4.1/30) M12:69(7.0/51)



Ð	 Front Exhaust PipeFront Exhaust Pipe Bolts Torque37 (3.8/27)	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
Ð	© Exhaust Brake AssemblyExhaust Brake Bolts Torque1 7(1.8/12)	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
Q	⑤ Clutch Slave CylinderSlave Cylinder Bolts Torque19 (1.9/14)	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
	 Perform slave cylinder adjustment before installation of the return spring. a) Loosen the lock nut of the push rod. b) Turn the adjust nut until it reaches the shift fork. c) Back off the adjust nut 1.5 turns. (shift fork free play Approximately 2 mm/0.1 in). d) Tighten the lock nut. 		
Ð	Push Rod Lock Nut Torque 16 (1.6/12)	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	
	 Shift Cable and Select Cable Wiring Connector Color of Connector Back-up Light Switch: Brown Neutral Switch: Gray Parking Brake Cable Propeller Shaft Line up reference mark. 	N.m (kg.m/lh.ft)	
싟	Propeller Shaft Nuts Torque 66 (6.7/48)	N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)	

- Connect the battery ground cable
- Pour coolant
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage

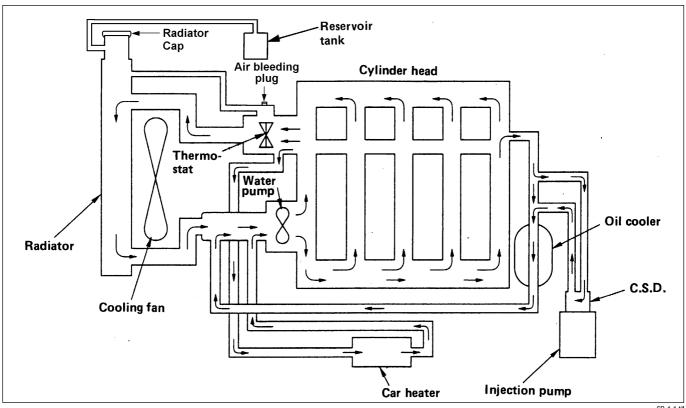


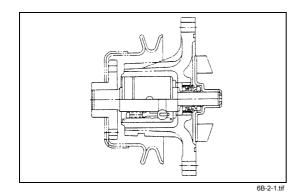
SECTION 6B ENGINE COOLING

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On-Vehicle Service	6B - 6
Water Pump	6B - 6
Thermostat	6B -10
Radiator	6B -12
Drive Belt Adjustment	

GENERAL DESCRIPTION





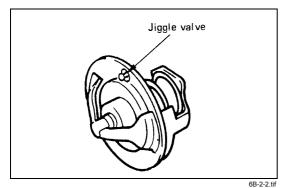
WATER PUMP

The coolant pump is a centrifugal impeller type and is driven by V type drive belt.

The cooling system is a pressurized coolant forced circulation type which consists of water pump, thermostat cooling fan, radiator and other components. The circulating coolant cools

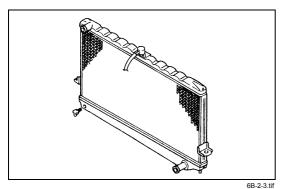
The water pump is not disassembled type.

the lubricating oil in the oil filter and turbocharger.



THERMOSTAT

The thermostat is a wax pellet type with a juggle valve and is installed in the thermostat housing.



RADIATOR

The radiator is a tube type with corrugated fins. In order to raise the boiling point of coolant, the radiator is adjusted through a valve fitted to the upper tank to a pressure range of 93 - 123 kPa (0.95 - 1.25 kg/cm²). The cap fitted to the cylinder head thermostat housing has only a water supply function.

Engine coolant change procedure

 To change engine coolant, make sure that the engine is cool.

WARNING:

When the coolant is heated to a high temperature, be sure not to loosen or remove the radiator cap.

Otherwise you might get scalded by hot vapor or boiling water. To open the radiator cap, put a piece of thick cloth on the cap and loosen the cap slowly to reduce the pressure when the coolant has become cooler.

2. Open radiator cap and drain the cooling system by loosening the drain valve on the radiator and on the cylinder body.

NOTE:

For best result it is suggested that the engine cooling system be flushed at least once a year. It is advisable to flush the interior of the cooling system including the radiator before using anti-freeze (ethylene-glycol based).

Replace damaged rubber hoses as the engine antifreeze coolant is liable to leak out even minor cracks. Isuzu recommends to use Isuzu genuine anti-freeze (ethylene-glycol based) or equivalent, for the cooling system and not add any inhibitors or additives.

CAUTION:

A failure to correctly fill the engine cooling system in changing or topping up coolant may sometimes cause the coolant to overflow from the filler neck even before the engine and radiator are completely full. If the engine runs under this condition, shortage of coolant may possibly result in engine overheating. To avoid such trouble, the following precautions should be taken in filling the system.

- **3.** To refill engine coolant, pour coolant up to filler neck using a filling hose which is smaller in outside diameter of the filler neck.
 - Otherwise air between the filler neck and the filling hose will block entry, preventing the system from completely filling up.
- 4. Keep a filling rate of 9 liter/min. or less. Filling over this maximum rate may force air inside the engine and radiator. And also, the coolant overflow will increase, making it difficult to determine, whether or not the system is completely full.
- 5. After filling the system to the full, pull out the filling hose and check to see if air trapped in the system is dislodged and the coolant level goes down. Should the coolant level go down, repeat topping-up until there is no more drop in the coolant level.
- **6.** After directly filling the radiator, fill the reservoir to the maximum level.

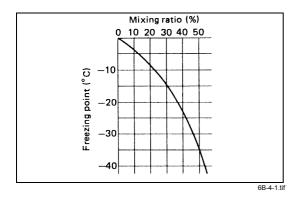
7. Install and tighten radiator cap and start the engine. After idling for 2 to 3 minutes, stop the engine and reopen radiator cap. If the water level is lower, replenish.

WARNING:

When the coolant is heated to a high temperature, be sure not to loosen or remove the radiator cap.

Otherwise you might get scalded by hot vapor or boiling water. To open the radiator cap, put a piece of thick cloth on the cap and loosen the cap slowly to reduce the pressure when the coolant has become cooler.

- 8. After tightening radiator cap, warm up the engine at about 2,000 rpm.
 Set heater adjustment to the highest temperature position, and let the coolant circulate also into heater water system.
- Check to see the thermostat has opened through the needle position of water thermometer, conduct a 5 minutes idling again and stop the engine.
- 10. When the engine has been cooled, check filler neck for water level and replenish if required. Should extreme shortage of coolant is found, check the coolant system and reservoir tank hose for leakage.
- **11.** Fill the coolant into the reservoir tank up to "MAX" line.



ANTI-FREEZE SOLUTION

Relation between Mixing ratio and Freezing point Freezing temperature of the engine coolant varies with the ratio of anti-freeze solution in water. Proper mixing ratio can be determined by referring to the chart. Supplemental inhibitors or additives claiming to increase cooling capability that have not been specifically approved by Isuzu are not recommended for addition to the cooling system.

Calculation of mixing ratio

Mixing ratio

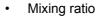
Anti-freeze solution (Lit/qt.)

Anti-freeze solution (Lit/qt.) + Water (Lit/qt.)

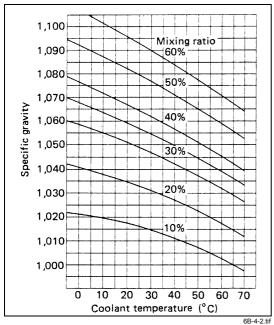
Note: Anti-freeze solution + Water = 10 lit Total cooling system capacity.

In case of 6.8 lit total cooling system capacity

Mixing ratio (%)	Anti-freeze solution: lit. (imp. qt./U.S. qt)	Water: lit. (imp. qt/U.S. qt)
0	0 0	10 (8.80/10.57)
5	0.5 (0.44/0.53)	9.5 (8.36/10.04)
10	1.0 (0.88/1.06)	9.0 (7.92/9.51)
15	1.5 (1.32/1.59)	8.5 (7.48/8.98)
20	2.0 (1.76/2.11)	8.0 (7.04/8.45)
25	2.5 (2.20/2.64)	7.5 (6.60/7.93)
30	3.0 (2.64/3.17)	7.0 (6.16/7.40)
35	3.5 (3.08/3.70)	6.5 (5.72/6.87)
40	4.0 (3.52/4.23)	6.0 (5.28/6.34)
45	4.5 (3.96/4.76)	5.5 (4.84/5.81)
50	5.0 (4.40/5.28)	5.0 (4.40/5.28)

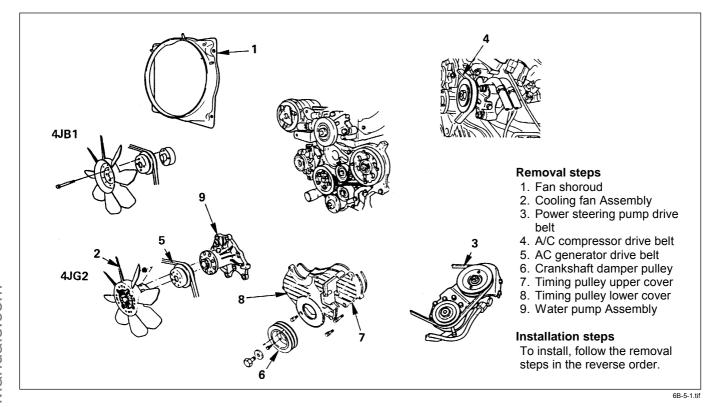


Check the specific gravity of engine coolant in the cooling system in temperature ranges from 0° to 50°C using a suction type hydrometer, then determine the mixing ratio of the coolant by referring to the table at left.



ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

WATER PUMP





Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- · Drain coolant

1. Fan Shroud

 Remove the reservoir tank hose, bypass hose and fan guide.

2. Cooling Fan Assembly

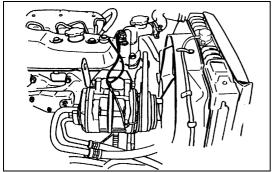
Remove lock nut and take out cooling fan assembly.

3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt

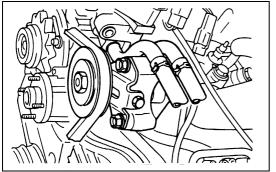
 Loosen the idler pulley lock nut and loosen adjust bolt, and remove the drive belt.

4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt

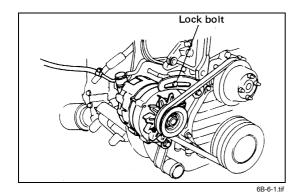
 Loosen A/C compressor idler pulley lock nut and adjust bolt and remove the drive belt.



6B-5-2.tif



6B-5-3.tif

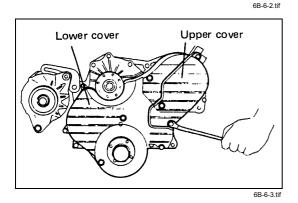


5. AC Generator Drive Belt

• Loosen AC Generator mounting bolt (under side) and adjust plate lock bolt, and remove the drive belt.



6. Crankshaft Damper Pulley

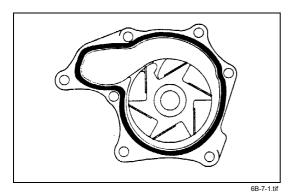


- 7. Timing Pulley Upper Cover
- 8. Timing Pulley Lower Cover
- 9. Water Pump Assembly
 - · Remove the O-ring

INSPECTION

Make necessary parts replacement if extreme wear or damage is found during inspection. Should any of the following problems occur, the entire water pump assembly must be replaced.

- · Cracks in the coolant pump body
- · Coolant leakage from the seal unit
- · Play or abnormal noise in the bearing
- · Cracks or corrosion in the impeller



++ INSTALLATION

9. Water Pump Assembly

- Set O-ring in water pump body groove.
- Install water pump assembly, and tighten to specified torque.



Pump Fixing Bolt Torque N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

20 (2.0/14)

8. Timing Pulley Lower Cover

Install timing pulley lower cover, and tighten to specified torque.



Cover Fixing Bolts Torque N·m (Kg·m/lb·in) 8 (0.8/69)

7. Timing Pulley Upper Cover

Install timing upper cover, and tighten to specified torque.



Cover Fixing Bolts Torque N·m (Kg·m/lb·in) 8 (0.8/69)

6. Crankshaft Damper Pulley

Install crankshaft damper pulley, and tighten to specified torque.



Pulley Bolt Torque N·m (Kg·m/lb·in)

19 (1.9/14)



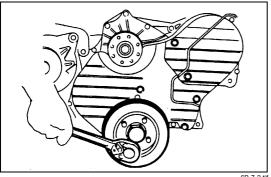
4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt

3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt

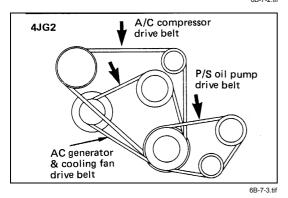
- Install the drive belts and adjust belt Check drive belts for wear or damage, and replace with new ones as necessary. Check belts for tension, and adjust as necessary.
- Push the middle of belts with a force of 98 N (10 kg/22 lb) and check each bolt for deflection.
- Standard deflection

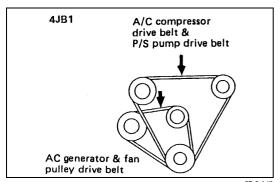
mm (in)

	Initial tension
AC Generator drive belt A/C compressor drive belt Power Steering drive belt	8 – 12 (0.31-0.47)



6B-7-2.ti





2	Generator Fixing Belt Torque	N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)
<u> </u>	40 (4.1/30)	
Q	Adjust Plate Fixing Belt Torque	N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)
_ 、 、	19 (1.9/14)	
Ð.	A/C Idler Pulley Lock Nut Torque	N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)
	27 (2.8/20)	
₹	P/S Idler Pulley Lock Nut Torque	N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)
	27 (2.8/20)	

6B-8-1.tif

Ð

2. Cooling Fan Assembly

Mount fan pulley and cooling fan assembly on the water pump and tighten to the specified torque.

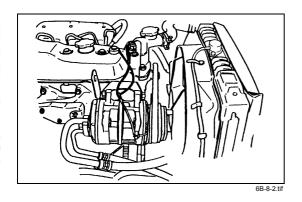


Fan Pulley Nut Torque	N·m (Kg·m/lb·in)
8 (0.8/69)	

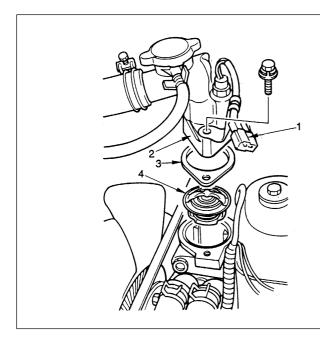


1. Fan Shroud

- Install the fan shroud and reservoir tank hose and bypass hose.
- Connect the battery ground cable.
- Pour coolant.
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.



THERMOSTAT



Removal steps

- 1. Switch harness
- 2. Outlet pipe
- 3. Gasket
- 4. Thermostat

Installation steps

To install, follow the removal steps in the reverse order.

6B-9-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant from the radiator and engine.
- 1. Switch Harness
- 2. Outlet Pipe
 - Remove mounting bolt and remove outlet pipe together with radiator hose.
- 3. Gasket
- 4. Thermostat

INSPECTION

Submerge the thermostat assembly in the water.

Place wooden blocks on the bottom of the water container. Not to directly heat the thermostat.

Gradually increase the water temperature. Stir the water so that the entire water is same temperature.

Make sure that primary valve begins to open at the specified temperature.

Valve Opening Temperature

°C (°F)

82 (180)

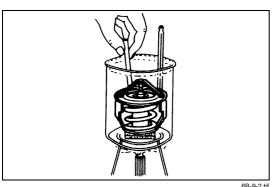
Make sure that secondary valve opens fully at the specified temperature.

Valve Full Open Temperature

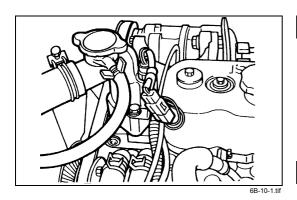
°C (°F)

95 (203)

Make necessary repair and parts replacement if extreme wear or damage is found during inspection.



6B-9-2.ti



****** INSTALLATION

- 4. Thermostat
- 3. Gasket
- **Outlet Pipe**
 - Connect outlet pipe and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)



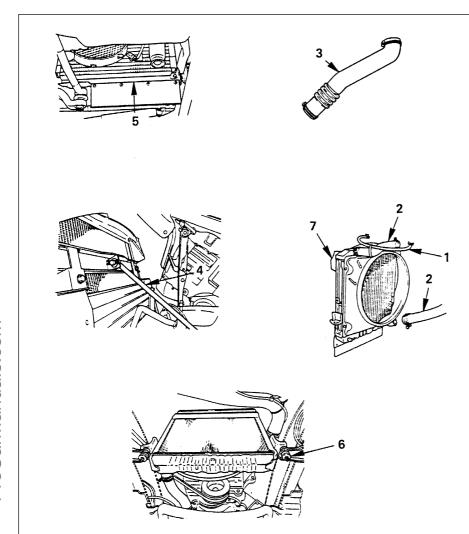
19 (1.9/14)

Switch Harness

- Install switch harness.
- Install battery ground cable.
- Pour coolant.
- Start the engine and check coolant leakage.

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RADIATOR



Removal steps

- 1. Reservoir tank hose & Bypass hose
- 2. Radiator hose
- 3. Air intake duct
- 4. Radiator stay
- 5. Condenser
- 6. Cushion rubber
- 7. Radiator ASM.

Installation steps

To install, follow the removal steps in the reverse order.

6B-11-1.tif

++ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Loosen drain plug to drain coolant.

1. Reservoir Tank Hose & Bypass Hose

· Disconnect the hose from radiator.

2. Radiator Hose

- Disconnect lower hose and upper hose from the engine.
- 3. Air Intake Duct
- 4. Radiator Stay

5. Condenser

 Remove the condenser from radiator and temporarily tighten the condenser to cab body front side, use the wire.

6. Cushion Rubber

· Remove cushion rubbers on both sides of the bottom.

7. Radiator Assembly

 Remove upward the radiator assembly with hose, taking care not to damage the radiator core by fan blade.

[P INSPECTION

Radiator Valve

 Apply air pressure from filler neck using radiator cap tester and check the opening pressure of radiator valve. If the valve opening pressure is out of the standard value range, replace with a new radiator valve.

Radiator valve opening pressure kPa (kg/cm²/psi)

93 - 123 (0.95 - 1.25/13.5 - 17.8)

 Remove the radiator valve and check a negative pressure valve as the center of the valve seat side. If the negative pressure valve does not work smoothly, clean or replace the radiator valve.

Radiator valve fixing torque

N·m (kg·m/lb ft)

6 (0.6/4)

Conduct cooling system leakage check after reinstalling the radiator valve.

Radiator Core

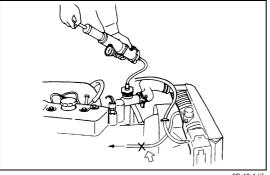
- Deformed radiator fins could reduce radiation effects, resulting in overheat. Straighten the fins. In such a case, take care not to damage the fin roots.
- Remove dust and other foreign materials.

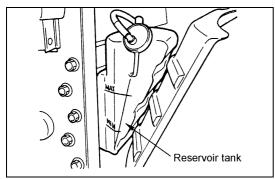
Flushing the Radiator

 Wash the inside of radiator and the coolant passage with water and neutral detergent. Remove all scales and rust.

Checking for Coolant Leakage

- Clog up the reserver tank hose carefully and check the cooling system for leakage with a radiator cap tester by applying an air pressure of 147 kPa (1.5 kg/cm²/21 psi) from filler neck to inside the radiator.
- As the radiator upper tank is provided with a valve, the pressure fails to rise higher than the valve opening pressure unless the hose is clogged up.





6B-13-1.tif

++ INSTALLATION

7. Radiator Assembly

· Install the radiator

6. Cushion Rubber

- Install cushion rubbers on both sides of radiator bottom.
- Install radiator assembly with hose, taking care not to damage the radiator core by a fan blade.

5. Condenser

4. Radiator Stay

3. Air Intake Duct

· Connect the Duct and tighten clip securely.

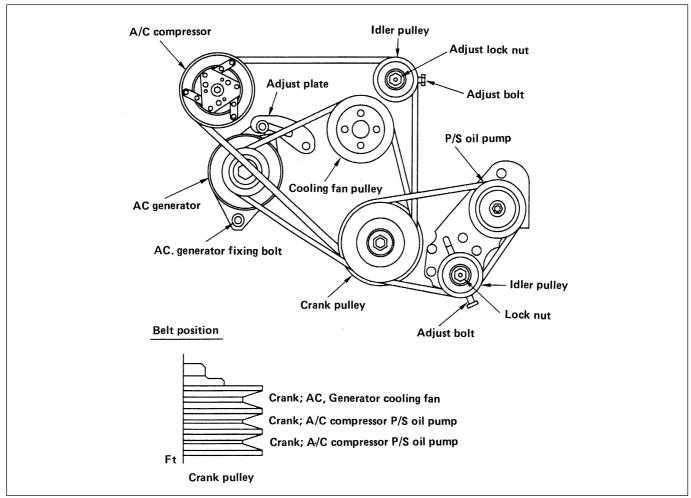
2. Radiator Hose

- Connect inlet hose and outlet hose to the engine.
- · Connect battery ground cable.
- Pour coolant
- Pour coolant up to filler neck of radiator, and up to MAX mark of reservoir tank.

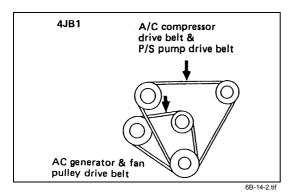
1. Reservoir Tank Hose & Bypass Hose

Start engine to warm up, and check for coolant level.

DRIVE BELT ADJUSTMENT



6B-14-1.tif



A/C compressor drive belt P/S pump drive belt AC generator & fan pulley drive belt

INSPECTION

Check drive belts for wear or damage, and replace with new ones as necessary. Check belts for tension, and adjust as necessary.

- · Check drive belts tension.
- Push the middle of belts with a force of 98 N (10 kg/22 lb) and check each bolt for deflection.
- · Standard deflection

mm (in)

	Tension at readjustment
AC generator & fan pulley drive belt A/C compressor drive belt P/S pump drive belt	8 ~ 12 (0.31 ~ 0.47)

TENSION ADJUSTMENT

1. Cooling Fan Pulley Belt

With AC Generator mounting and lock bolts loose, adjust belt tension with adjuster's adjust bolt.

The second second

Tighten bolt to the specified torque

Generator Fixing Bolt Torque	N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)	
40 (4.1/30)		
Adjust Plate Fixing Bolt Torque	N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)	
19 (1.9/14)		

2. P/S Oil Pump and A/C Compressor Pulley Belt

• With P/S pump lock bolt loose, adjust belt tension with adjust belt.

Tighten lock nut to the specified torque.

 Lock Nut Torque
 N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

 27 (2.8/20)



SECTION 6C ENGINE FUEL

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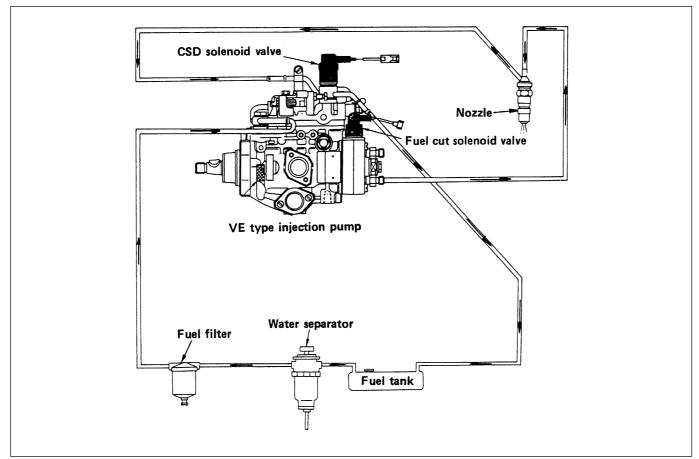
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

When working on the fuel system, there are several things to keep in mind:

- Any time the fuel system is being worked on, disconnect the negative battery cable except for those tests where battery voltage is required.
- Always keep a dry chemical (Class B) fire extinguisher near the work area.
- Replace all pipes with the same pipe and fittings that were removed.

- Clean and inspect "O" rings. Replace where required.
- Always relieve the line pressure before servicing any fuel system components.
- Do not attempt repairs on the fuel system until you have read the instructions and checked the pictures relating to that repairs.

FUEL FLOW



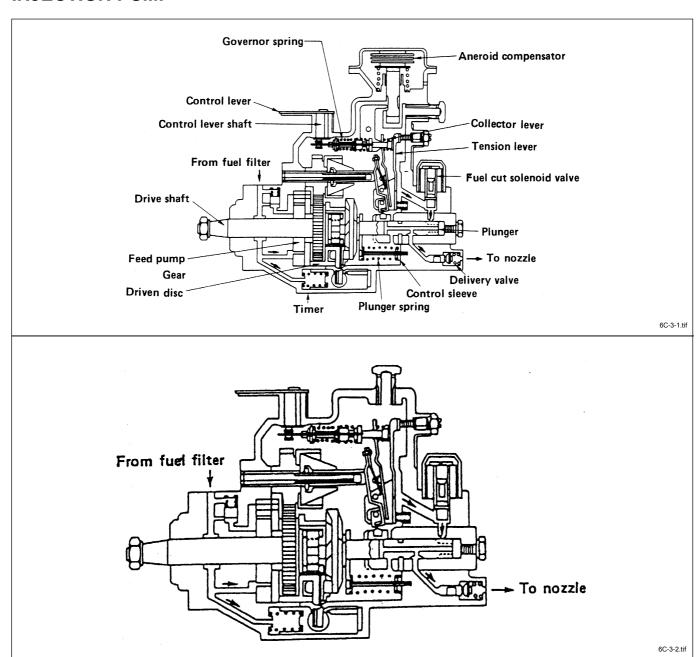
6C-2-1.tif

The fuel system consists of the fuel tank, the water separator, the fuel filter, the injection pump, and the injection nozzle.

The fuel from the fuel tank passes through the water separator and the fuel filter where water particles and other foreign material are removed from the fuel.

Fuel, fed by the injection pump plunger, is delivered to the injection nozzle in the measured volume at the optimum timing for efficient engine operation.

INJECTION PUMP



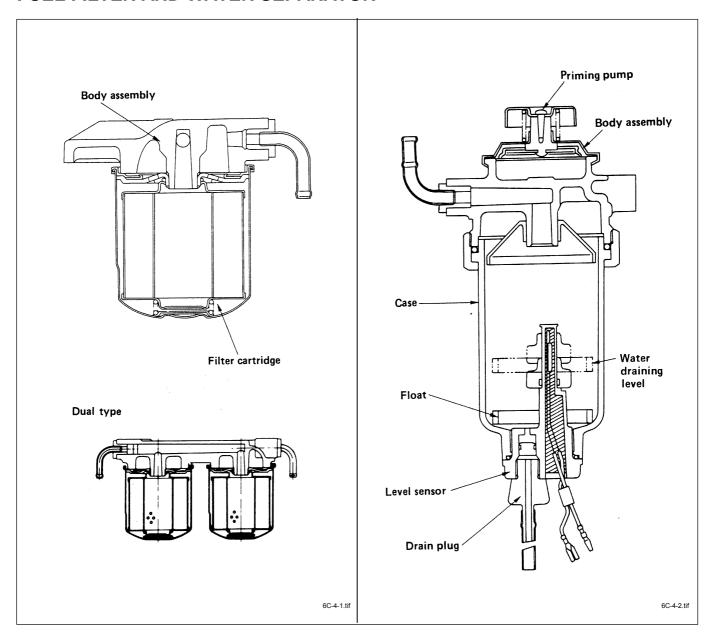
A Bosch Distributor Type Injection Pump is used. A single reciprocating/revolving plunger delivers the fuel uniformly to the injection nozzles, regardless of the number of cylinders.

The governor, the injection timer, and the feed pump are all contained in the injection pump housing.

The injection pump is compact, light weight, and provides reliable high-speed operation.

An aneroid compensator is available as an option for vehicles to be operated at high altitudes. It adjusts the fuel and air mixing ratio.

FUEL FILTER AND WATER SEPARATOR



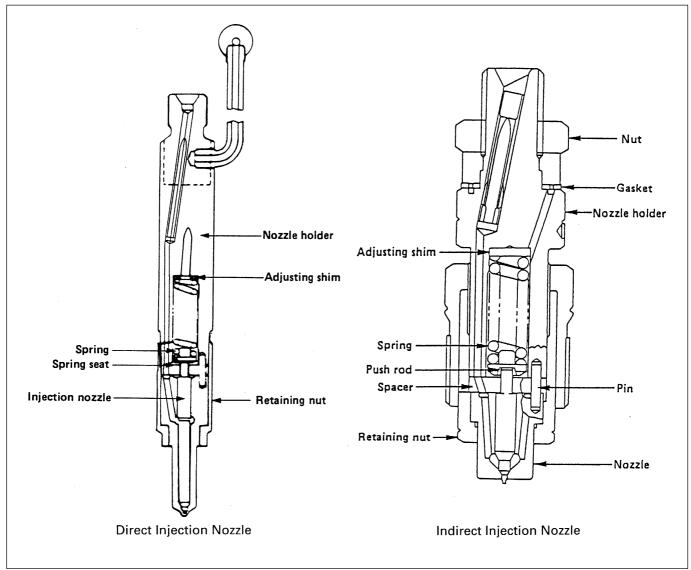
A cartridge type fuel filter and a water separator are used along with the VE type injection pump.

As the inside of the injection pump is lubricated by the fuel which it is pumping, the fuel must be perfectly clean. The fuel filter and the water separator remove water particles and other foreign material from the fuel before it reaches the injection pump.

The water separator has an internal float. When the float reaches the specified level, a warning light comes on to remind you to drain the water from the water separator.

A diaphragm type priming pump is installed at the top of the water separator. It is used during the water draining and the air bleeding procedures.

INJECTION NOZZLE



6C-5-1.tif

For 4J Series diesel engines, there are two types available: Direct injection engine (4JB1/4JB1T) and Indirect injection engine (4JG2). Accordingly, the injection nozzles to be used are different depending on the type of the engine and the combustion chamber.

The injection nozzle sprays pressurized fuel from the injection pump into the combustion chamber through the injection nozzle orifices.

4JB1 engines employ a hole type nozzle with four injection orifices. The nozzle is made up of the nozzle body and the needle valve assembly.

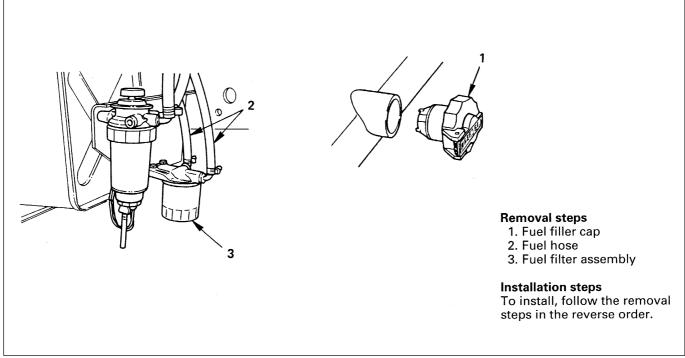
Pressurized fuel from the injection pump is sprayed by the injection nozzle into the combustion chamber through the nozzle body orifices.

4JB1-TC Engine

The two-spring nozzle holder has been developed to reduce NOx (Nitrogen Oxides) and particulates from direct injection diesel engine exhaust.

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

FUEL FILTER ASSEMBLY



6C-6-1 tif

+→ REMOVAL

Preparation

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 1. Fuel Filler Cap
- 2. Fuel Hose
 - Disconnect fuel hose from filter body. Plug the hose ends to prevent fuel spillage.
- 3. Fuel Filter Assembly
 - Remove the fixing bolts on fuel filter bracket.

→ → INSTALLATION

- 3. Fuel Filter Assembly
 - Install the fuel filter bracket then tighten fixing bolt.
- 2. Fuel Hose
 - Connect hoses to filter body.
- 1. Fuel Filler Cap
 - Connect the battery ground cable.
 - Feed fuel to the injection pump by means of the priming, and bleed the fuel system.

|++| FUEL FILTER CARTRIDGE

REMOVAL



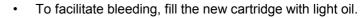
Remove the cartridge using a filter wrench. Filter wrench: 5-8840-0253-0 (J-22700)



INSTALLATION

Clean the cartridge mounting surface of filter body so that the cartridge can be securely.

Apply engine oil thinly to new cartridge O-ring.



Tighten the cartridge until O-ring comes in contact with the sealing, taking care not to spill the light oil.

Retighten 1/3~ 2/3 using a filter wrench. Filter wrench: 5-8840-0253-0 (J-22700)



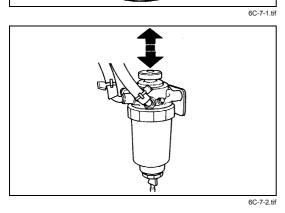


Bleeding

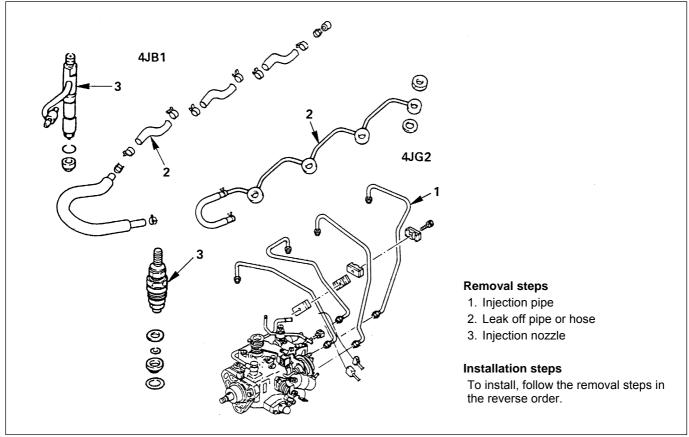
- Operate priming pump to send the air in the fuel system to the injection pump.
- Loosen injection pump bleeding plug, and operate the priming pump until no bubble is made.
- Tighten the bleeding plug.
- Start the engine, and if it is not started in 10 seconds or less, repeat the bleeding steps.
- Make sure of no fuel leakage, and tighten the priming pump.



- When the water in the sedimentor reaches the specified volume, warning light is actuated. In this case, follow the draining steps below.
- Set a vinyl hose over the drain plug.
- Loosen the drain plug.
- To drain the water, operate the priming pump several
- After draining, tighten the drain plug.
- Operate the priming pump several times to check for fuel leakage.
- Check and see the warning light is off.



INJECTION NOZZLE



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←→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

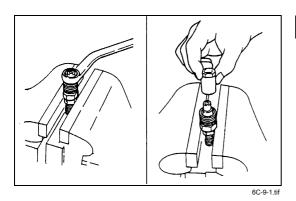
· Disconnect battery ground cable.

1. Injection Pipe

- Release injection pipe clip.
- Loosen the flare nut on the injection pump side.
- Loosen the flare nut on the injection nozzle side, disconnect and put aside the pipe.
- 2. Leak off Pipe or Hose
- 3. Injection Nozzle

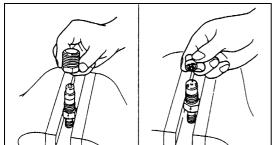
[INSPECTION

Set the nozzle in a nozzle tester. Check there is no fuel leak in the nozzle seal when a fuel pressure of kg/cm² is applied. If there is leak, replace.



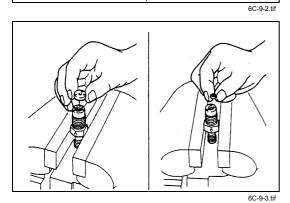
DISASSEMBLY (4JG2 Engine)

- Grip nozzle holder with a vise, loosen retaining nut and disassemble.
- Loosen holder nut and remove the nozzle.



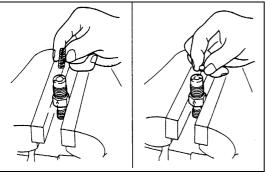
!/ CAUTION

- Be careful not to damage the needle valve.
- Remove spacer, positioning pin, and push rod.
- Remove spring and adjusting shim.



!/ CAUTION

- Wash all the parts removed and arrange them on a cylinder basis, care should be taken not to miss any parts.
- Soak the nozzle assembly in a parts receptacle filled with light oil.
- · Care should be taken not to miss shim, if used.

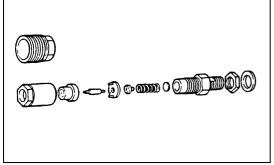


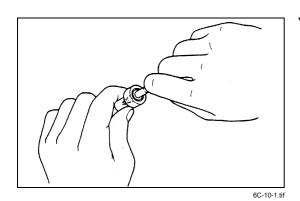
INSPECTION (4JG2 Engine)

Nozzle

 Soak the nozzle removed in clean light oil, wash nozzle body and needle valve separately, and check and see that the needle valve slide smoothly in the nozzle body.

6C-9-4.tif



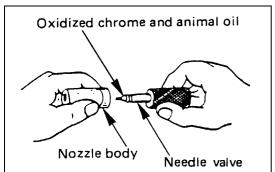


CAUTION

If the needle valve does not slide smoothly repair or replace with a new nozzle assembly.

Nozzle lapping procedure

Apply thinly a compound (Chrome oxide kneaded with an animal oil) to the seat of needle valve and lap.

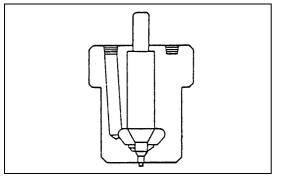


CAUTION

Excess compound may cause worn needle valve, and be sure to wash out the compound after lapping.

Nozzle body & needle

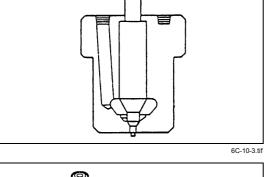
Check nozzle body and end for seizure. If significantly seized, replace as a nozzle assembly basis. Also replace as a nozzle assembly basis, if needle valve end is deformed or seized.



CAUTION

6C-10-2.tif

If either nozzle body or needle valve is faulty, replace with a new nozzle assembly.



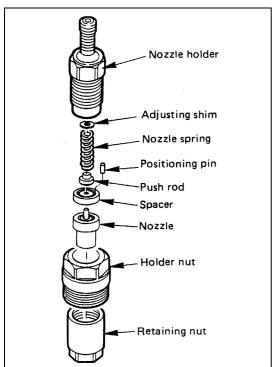
REASSEMBLY (4JG2 Engine)

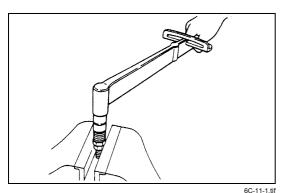
To reassemble, follow the removal steps in the reverse order, noting the following point.



CAUTION

Be careful to fit spacer because positioning pins are set off.



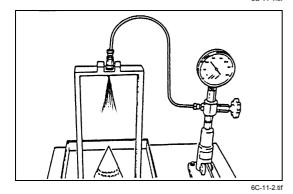




Install retaining nut and tighten nut to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

39 (4.0/32)



ADJUSTMENT OF INJECTION OPENING PRESSURE (4JG2 Engine)

- Set nozzle holder assembly on a nozzle tester.
- Apply hydraulic pressure by operating tester handle, and make sure fuel cam be injected under the following pressure.

Kpa (Kg/cm²/psi)

14,710 (150/2,133)



 If not injected under the specified pressure, adjust with adjusting shim.

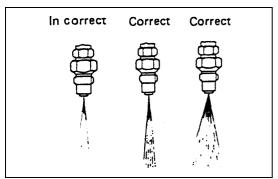


Types are available in the 1.0 mm - 1.75 mm thickness range (on a 0.01 mm basis).

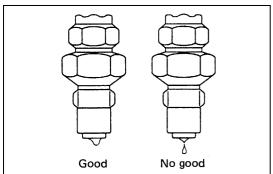
 Unless extremely deformed spray in seen, there is no problem.

₹ CAUTION

 The spray condition, when judged with a nozzle tester, is deemed as normal so long as the spray form is not excessively deformed.



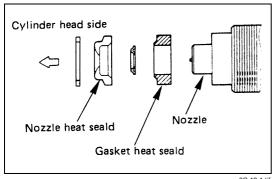




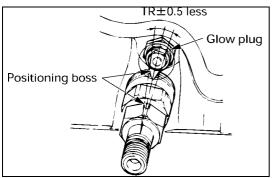
6C-11-4.tif

Oil tight test (4JG2 Engine)

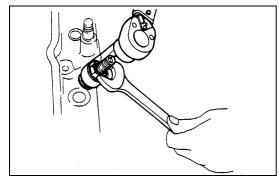
- After completion of the adjustment of injection pressure, wipe off light oil at the tip of the nozzle with waste
- 2) With pressure 1,961 Kpa (20 kg/cm²/284 psi) less than the specified injection pressure applied, check to see if an oil drop trickles off the tip of the nozzle within 10 seconds after application of pressure. (There is no problem with the nozzle when oil gathers at the tip, but does not drop off.)
- 3) When an oil drop trickles, clean the nozzle thoroughly. Then reassemble it to check for any dropping of oil. When oil still drops, change it with a new one.







040LX016.tif



6C-12-3.tif

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INSTALLATION (4JG2 Engine)

CAUTION

- Nozzle and assembling should be as illustrated.
- Use new heat shield and new corrugated washer.

3. Injection Nozzle (4JG2 only)

- Lightly tighten the holder nut to suck extent that the nozzle holder can turn one word and one word.
- Set positioning confirmation drilled hole (φ2) within a nozzle turning angle of ±5° against the cylinder headside positioning boss.
- Apply a wrench as illustrated and tighten the holder nut to the specified torque using a special tool.

CAUTION

- After tightening the holder nut, make sure that the drilled hole makes ±5° or smaller with the cylinder head-side positioning boss.
- When mounting leak off pipe, injection nozzle and pipe, clean then with air so that dust may not enter.

Nozzle Fixing Torque N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

64 (6.5/47)

Wrench: nozzle holder 5-8840-0259-0

2. Leak Off Pipe

· Mount using a new copper washer

Tighten nut to the specified torque.

Pipe Nut Torque N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

29 (3.0/22)

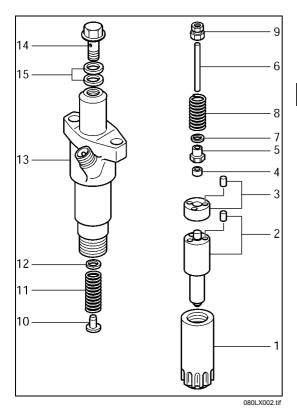
1. Injection Pipe

- Connect injection pipe to nozzle holder.
- Tighten the injection pump side.

Sleeve Nut Torque N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

29 (3.0/22)

Fit pipe clip in specified position.



4-1 Injection Nozzle (Two spring nozzle holder) (4JB1-TC only)

The two-spring nozzle holder has been developed to reduce NOx (Nitrogen Oxides) and particulates from direct injection diesel engine exhaust.

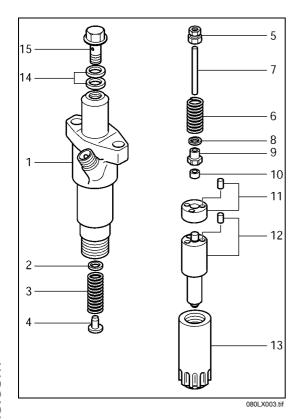
DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Retaining nut
- 2. Nozzle & pin
- 3. Spacer & pin
- 4. Lift piece
- 5. Spring seat
- 6. Push rod
- 7. Shim (Second nozzle opening pressure adjustment)
- 8. Second spring
- 9. Collar
- 10. Spring seat
- 11. First spring
- 12. Shim (First nozzle opening pressure adjustment)
- 13. Nozzle holder body
- 14. Eye bolt
- 15. Gasket
- (1) Before disassembly remove carbon deposit from nozzle and nozzle holder using a wire brush and wash the outside nozzle holder assembly.

Caution:

Do not touch nozzle holes with the wire brush during cleaning it.

(2) Disassemble the nozzle holder assembly to numerical order.



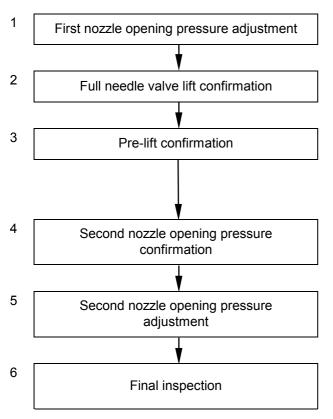
REASSEMBLY AND OPENING PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT (4JB1-TC only)

- 1. Nozzle holder body
- 2. Shim (First opening pressure adjustment)
- 3. First spring
- 4. Spring seat
- 5. Collar
- 6. Second spring
- 7. Push rod
- 8. Shim (Second opening pressure adjustment)
- 9. Spring seat
- 10. Lift piece
- 11. Spacer & pin
- 12. Nozzle & pin
- 13. Retaining nut
- 14. Gasket
- 15. Eye bolt

The nozzle holder is adjusted as the components are reassembled in the sequence above.

As adjustment of the two-spring nozzle holder is made in hundredths of a millimeter, clean the parts thoroughly in light oil to completely remove any dirt or foreign matter.

REASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE



Adjust the first nozzle opening pressure using the shim.

Confirm the full needle valve lift in accordance with the closed method.

Confirm pre-lift in accordance with the closed method.

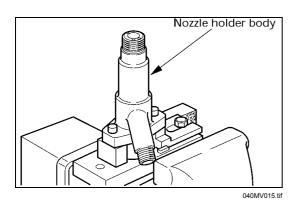
CAUTION:

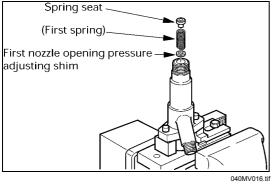
If not as specified, replace the nozzle assembly, lift piece, pins and spacer using the nozzle service kit.

Confirm the second nozzle opening pressure in accordance with the closed method.

Adjust the second nozzle opening pressure using the shim.

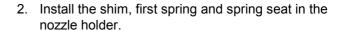
Confirm the condition of the fuel spray with the nozzle and nozzle holder assembled.

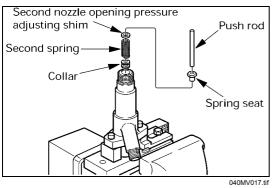




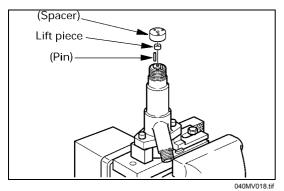
First nozzle opening pressure adjustment

1. Claim the nozzle holder in a vise.

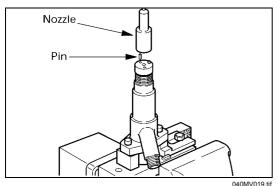




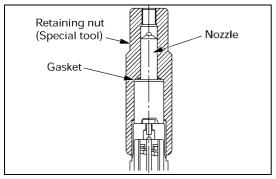
3. Install the collar, second spring, shim, spring seat and pushrod in the nozzle holder.



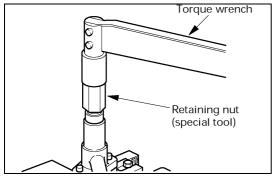
4. Install the pins, lift piece and spacer in the nozzle holder.



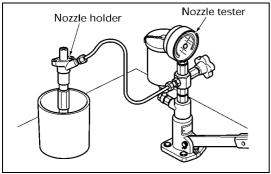
- 5. Install the pins in the spacer.
- 6. Install the nozzle on the spacer.



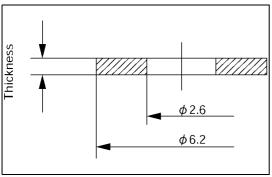
040MV010.tif



040MV014-1.tif



040MV030.tif



040LX010.tif

7. Hand-tighten the adjustment retaining nut together with the gasket to the nozzle holder.

Retaining nut: 5-8677-7140-0 Gasket: 5-8677-7139-0

8. Tighten the adjustment retaining nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 29 - 39 N·m (3.0 - 4.0 kg·m)

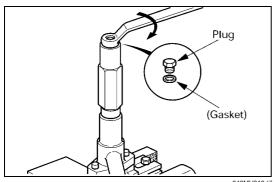
- 9. Set the nozzle holder to the nozzle tester.
- 10. Operate the nozzle tester and measure the first nozzle opening pressure.
- 11. If the first nozzle opening pressure is not as specified, disassemble the nozzle holder and replace the shim until the pressure is as specified.

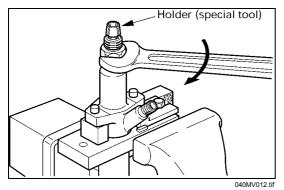
CAUTION:

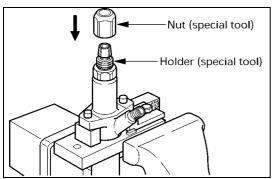
Use a micrometer to measure shim thickness.

· First nozzle opening pressure adjusting shims

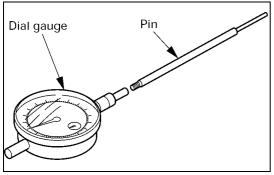
Parts No.	Thickness (mm)
1-1534-9042-0	0.40
1-1534-9043-0	0.50
1-1534-9044-0	0.52
1-1534-9045-0	0.54
1-1534-9046-0	0.56
1-1534-9047-0	0.58
1-1534-9048-0	0.60
1-1534-9049-0	0.70
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·







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040MV029.tif

Full needle valve lift confirmation

1. Install the gasket and plug on the adjustment retaining nut.

8-9722-7602-0 Gasket: Plug: 5-8677-7141-0

2. Position the nozzle holder with the nozzle facing down and install the dial gauge holder on the nozzle holder. Dial gauge holder: 5-8677-7142-0

3. Install the nut on the dial gauge holder.

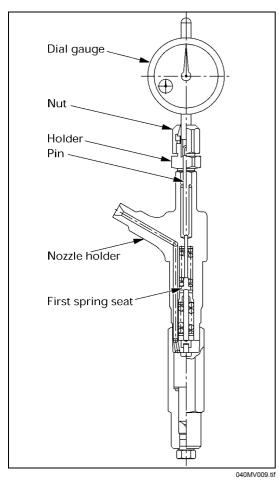
Nut: 5-8677-7143-0

4. Install the pin to the dial gauge.

Note:

The lengths of the pins do not include the threaded portions.

Pin (liter=100 mm): 5-8677-7144-0 Dial gauge: 1-8531-7015-0

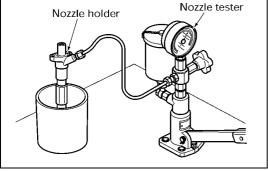


Secure the dial gauge to the nozzle holder using the nut so that the pin contacts the tip of the first spring seat.

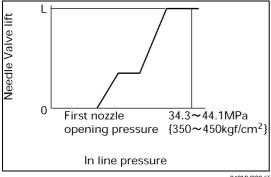
CAUTION:

- Secure the dial gauge so that a stroke of 2 mm can
- Do not over-tighten the nut as the dial gauge shaft may jam. (Confirm from the dial gauge that the shaft moves smoothly.)





040MV030.ti



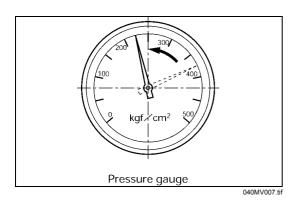
040MV008.tif

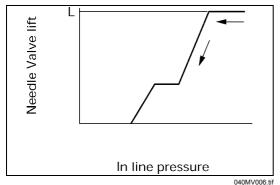
- 6. Set the nozzle holder to the nozzle tester and put needle to zero on the dial gauge.
- 7. Operate the nozzle tester to bleed any air from inside the retaining nut and to confirm that no fuel leaks.

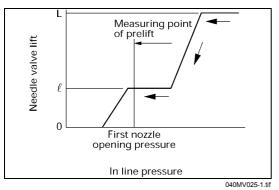
8. Operate the nozzle tester and increase the in-line pressure to 34.3 - 44.1 MPa (350 - 450 kg/cm²) so that the nozzle's needle valve moves through its full lift. Record full lift 'L'. (Read dial gauge)

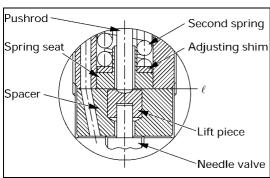
Note:

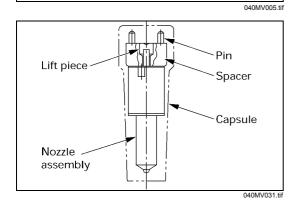
The above operation is used to determine whether the nozzle seat is worn and whether the nozzle assembly is in good condition.











Pre-lift confirmation

1. With the needle valve at full lift, release the nozzle tester handle.

Note:

The in-line pressure will decrease and needle valve lift (as indicated on the dial gauge) will also decrease a little.

2. Read the needle valve lift 'liter' from the dial gauge indication (once the needle valve has descended when the second spring has stopped operating). Refer to the pre-lift measuring point for 'liter'.

Pre-lift measuring point:

Read the dial gauge at first nozzle opening pressure +approx 1 MPa (10 kg/cm²).

Note:

This point can be found while the pressure is decreasing.

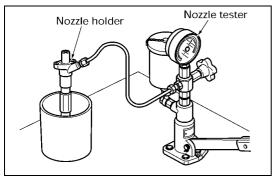
3. Confirm that pre-lift 'liter' is as specified.

Pre-lift mm 0.04

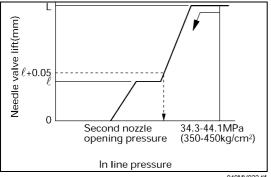
4. If pre-lift is not as specified, replace the pins, lift piece, spacer and nozzle assembly as a set with the service kit.

Service kit:

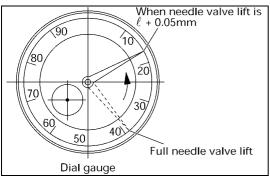
8-9720-3470-1



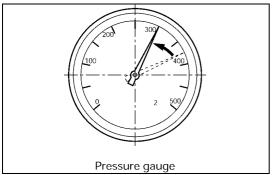
040MV030.tif



040MV022.tif



040MV024.tif



040MV026.tif

Second nozzle opening pressure confirmation

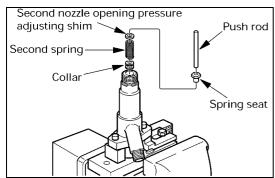
1. After pre-lift confirmation, operate the nozzle tester to increase in-line pressure to 34.3 - 44.1 MPa (350 - 450 kg/cm²) so that the nozzle's needle valve moves through its full lift.

2. Release the nozzle tester handle so that in-line pressure decreases.

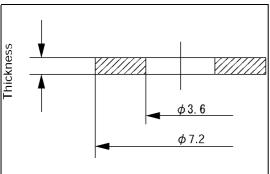
Note:

The in-line pressure will decrease and needle valve lift (as indicated on the dial gauge) will also decrease a little.

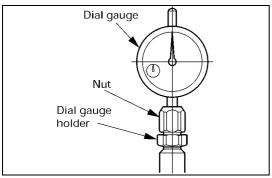
3. Then, read the pressure gauge indication (second nozzle opening pressure) the instant that the dial gauge indicates the specified needle valve lift (usually pre-lift liter + 0.05 mm).

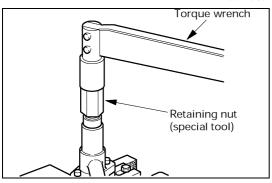


040MV017.tif

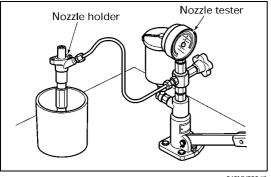


040LX009.tif





040MV014-1.tif



040MV030.tif

Second nozzle opening pressure adjustment

If the second nozzle opening pressure is not as specified, disassemble the nozzle from the nozzle holder and replace the shim until the pressure is as specified.

- Because the second opening pressure changes when the first opening pressure changes, the second opening pressure must be adjusted when the first opening pressure changes.
- Use a micrometer to measure shim thickness.

Second nozzle opening pressure adjusting shims

1 01	, ,
Part No.	Thickness (mm)
8-9711-6034-0	0.40
8-9711-6035-0	0.50
8-9711-6037-0	0.52
8-9711-6039-0	0.54
8-9711-6041-0	0.56
8-9711-6043-0	0.58
8-9711-6044-0	0.59

Final inspection

1. Remove the dial gauge, nut and dial gauge holder.

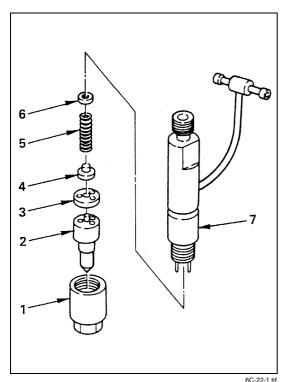
- 2. Remove the adjustment retaining nut and gasket.
- 3. Install the original retaining nut, confirm that the pins are inserted fully into the nozzle, and then hand-tighten the retaining nut. Then, tighten the original retaining nut to the specified torque.

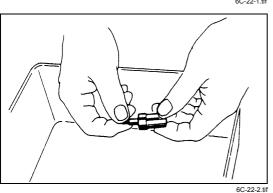
Torque: 59 - 79 N·m (6.0 - 8.0 kg·m)

- 4. Set the nozzle holder to the nozzle tester and check first nozzle opening pressure, spray condition, seat oil tightness and each part for oil leaks.
- 5. When replacing the nozzle, replace the nozzle, lift piece, pins and spacer as a set with the nozzle service

CAUTION:

Pre-lift will not be as specified if only the nozzle is replaced.





DISASSEMBLY (4JBI/4JB1T Engine)

- 1. Retaining Nut
- 2. Injection Nozzle
 - Remove the nozzle assemblies from the nozzle holders.

Tag the nozzle assemblies and the nozzle holders to ensure that they are reinstalled in their original positions.

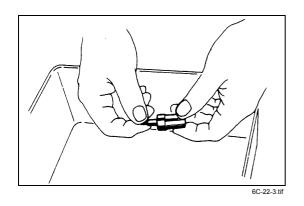
- The nozzle assembly and nozzle holder combinations must not be interchanged.
- 2) Immerse the injection nozzle in a tool tray filled with clean diesel oil to protect them from dust.
- 3. Spacer
- 4. Spring Seat
- 5. Spring
- 6. Adjusting Shim
- 7. Nozzle Holder

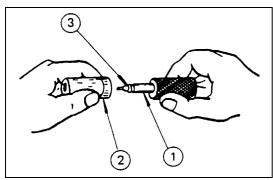
INSPECTION AND REPAIR (4JB1/4JB1 T Engine)

Make the necessary adjustments, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.



- 1. Remove the needle from the nozzle body.
- 2. Carefully wash the nozzle needle and the nozzle body in clean diesel fuel.
- 3. Check that the nozzle needle moves smoothly inside the injection nozzle body.
 - If the nozzle needle does not move smoothly, it must be repaired (See "Nozzle Lapping Procedure" belows).





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Nozzle Lapping Procedure

 Lap the nozzle needle ① and the nozzle body ② by applying a compound of oxidized chrome and animal oil ③.

NOTE:

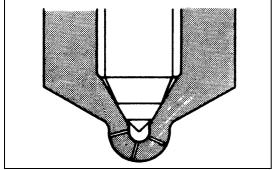
Do not apply an excessive amount of the oxidized chrome and animal oil compound to the injection needle valve seat area. Applying too much compound will cause the injection nozzle needle and the injection nozzle body cavity to wear excessively.

2. Carefully wash the needle valve and the nozzle body in clean diesel fuel after lapping.

Nozzle Body and Needle Valve Inspection

Check the nozzle body and the needle valve for damage and deformation.

The nozzle and body assembly must be replaced if either of these two conditions are discovered during inspection.



6C-23-2.tif



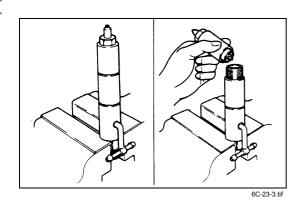
Reassembly

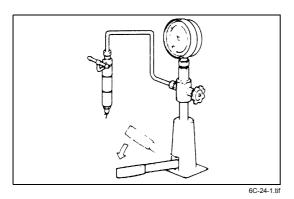
- 7. Nozzle Holder
- 6. Adjusting Shim
- 5. Spring
- 4. Spring Seat
- 3. Spacer
- 2. Injection Nozzle
- 1. Retaining Nut

Tighten the retaining nut to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

34 (3.5/25)





Injection Nozzle Adjustment

- 1) Attach the injection nozzle holder to the injection
- 2) Apply pressure to the nozzle tester to check that the injection nozzle opens at the specified pressure.

kPa (kg/cm²/psi)

18,142 (185/2630)

If the injection nozzle does not open at the specified pressure, install or remove the appropriate number of adjusting shims to adjust it.

Adjusting Shim Availability

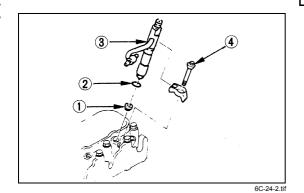
mm (in)

Range	0.50 - 1.50 (0.02 - 0.06)
Increment	0.025 (0.001)
Total No. of Shims	40

Removing or installing one shim will increase of decrease the nozzle opening pressure approximately 369.46 kPa $(3.77 \text{ kg/cm}^2/53.6 \text{ psi}).$

WARNING:

TEST FLUID FROM THE INJECTION NOZZLE WILL SPRAY **OUT UNDER GREAT PRESSURE. IT CAN EASILY** PUNCTURE A PRESON'S SKIN. KEEP YOUR HANDS AWAY FROM THE INJECTION NOZZLE TESTER AT ALL THE TIMES.



|-;-| INSTALLATION (4JB1/4JB1T Engine)

3. Injection Nozzle

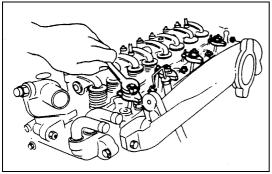
- 1) Install the injection nozzle gasket ① and the O-ring ② to the injection nozzle holder 3. Be sure that the O-ring fits snugly in the injection nozzle groove.
- 2) Apply engine oil to the cylinder head nozzle holder hole.
- 3) Install the nozzle holder together with the nozzle holder bracket 4 to the cylinder head.

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

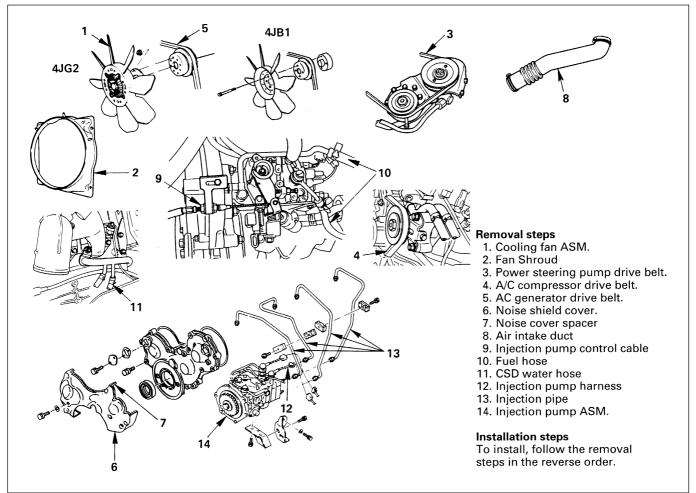
37 (3.8/27)

2. Leak Off Hose

1. Injection Pipe



INJECTION PUMP ASM (4JB1/4JB1T, 4JG2 Gear Drive Type)



6C-25-1.tif

←→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant.

1. Cooling Fan Assembly

 Remove clamp nut, and remove cooling fan assembly, distant pipe, and fan pulley.

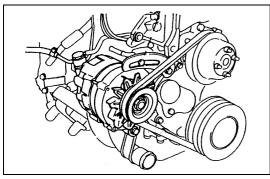
2. Fan Shroud

3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S Model)

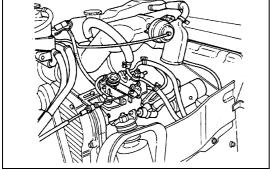
 Loosen Power Steering pump mounting bolt and adjust bolt, and remove the drive belt.

4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)

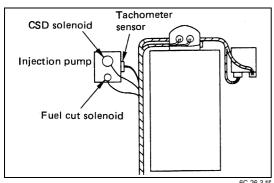
 Loosen A/C compressor idler pulley lock nut, adjust bolt and remove the drive belt.



6C-26-1.tit



6C-26-2.tif



5. AC Generator Drive Belt

- Loosen AC generator mounting bolt (under side) and adjust plate lock bolt, and remove the drive belt.
- 6. Noise Shield Cover
- 7. Noise Cover Spacer
- 8. Air Intake Duct

9. Injection Pump Control Cable

Removal the control cable bracket bolt and remove the control lever side.

10. Fuel Hose

Disconnect the fuel feed hose and fuel return hose.

11. CSD (Cold Starting Device) Water Hose

Disconnect the water hose from injection pump side.

12. Injection Pump Harness

Remove the tachometer sensor (with tachometer) CSD solenoid, fuel cut solenoid.

13. Injection Pipe

- Release pipe clip.
- Remove the flare nut on the pump side.
- Remove the flare nut on the injection nozzle side, and remove the injection pipe.



CAUTION

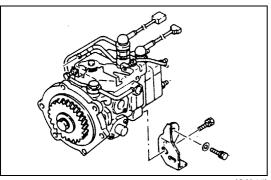
Be sure to plug the injection nozzle holder and delivery holder to prevent the entry of foreign matter.

14. Injection Pump Assembly

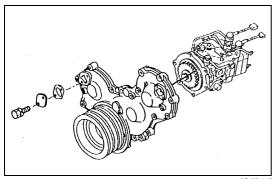
- Remove pump mounting nut
- Loosen injection pump rear bracket adjuster lock bolt.
- Remove the mounting bolt on the engine side, and pull out the pump from the engine.

NOTE:

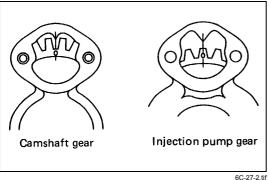
Plug the injection pump delivery holder parts with the shipping caps (or the equivalent) to prevent the entry of foreign materials.



6C-26-4.tif







++ INSTALLATION

14. Injection Pump Assembly

- 1. Timing gear case a camshaft timing gear side c injection pump timing gear side check holde cover.
- 2. Turn the crankshaft clockwise to see the TDC mark of the crank pulley to the pointer, and then bring the No. 1 cylinder to the TDC on the compression stroke.
- 3. Look in through the check hole on the crankshaft timing gear side and check to see if the "O" mark on the timing gear is in line with the pointer of the check hole.
- 4. In the condition above with the injection pump gear mark "O" set to the pointer of the check hole, install the injection pump assembly.
- Install the injection pump fixing bolts and tighten them to the specified torque.

Pump Bolts Torque

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

15 (1.5/11)



13. Injection Pipe

- Connect the pump side and nozzle side of the pipe, and tighten securely.
- Install clip where it was.

Sleeve Nut Torque

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

29 (3.0/22)



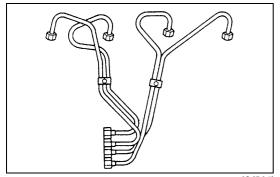
Q

12. Injection Pump Harness

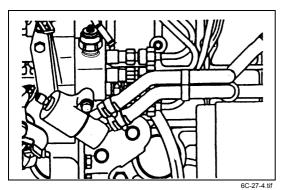
Mount engine harness and connect it to switches.

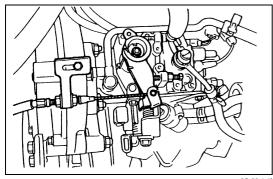
11. CSD Water Hose

Connect the water hose and tighten clip securely.

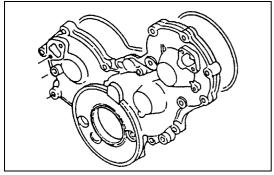


6C-27-3.tif

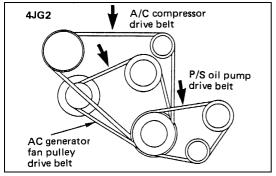




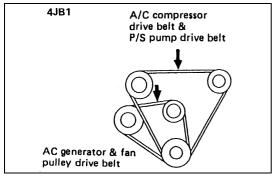
6C-28-1.tit



6C-28-2.tit



6C-28-3.tif



6C-28-4.tif

10. Fuel Hose

- Connect the fuel feed hose and fuel return hose.
- Connect the leak off hose.

9. Injection Pump Control Cable

- 1) Install the control wire to the engine control lever.
- 2) Hold the accelerator lever in the fully closed position and stretch the control cable in the direction indicated by the arrow to remove any slack.
- 3) Tighten the accelerator cable bracket bolt.
- 8. Air Intake Duct
- 7. Noise Cover Spacer
- 6. Noise Shield Cover

5. AC Generator Drive Belt

- Install AC generator drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98 N (10 kg/22 lb) force.



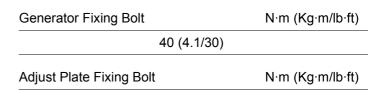
Drive Belt Deflection mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 10 (0.39)

Install fixing bolt and tighten bolts to the specified torque.



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19 (1.9/14)

4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)

- Install A/C compressor drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10 kg/22 lb) force.



Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 10 (0.39)



Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

27 (2.8/20)

3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S Model)

- Install P.S pump drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98 N (10 kg/ 22 lb) force.



Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 10 (0.39)



Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

27 (2.8/20)



2. Fan Shroud

· Install the fan shroud and reservoir tank hose.

1. Cooling Fan Assembly

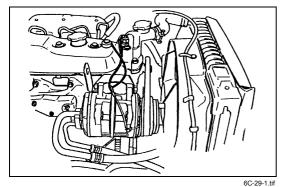


 Mount fan pulley, distance piece, and cooling fan assembly (in this order) on the water pump, and tighten to the specified torque.

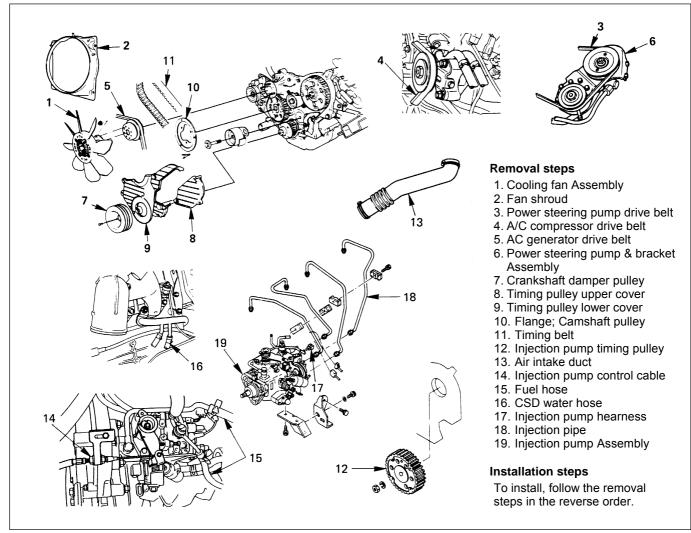
N·m (Kg·m/lb·in)

8 (0.8/69)

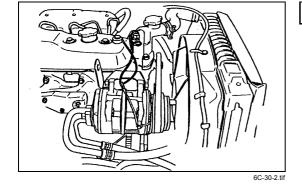
- Connect battery ground cable.
- · Pour coolant.



INJECTION PUMP ASSEMBLY (4JG2 Belt Drive Type)







+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Drain coolant

1. Cooling Fan Assembly

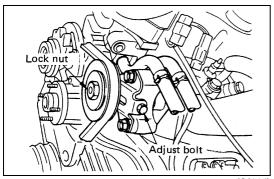
 Remove clamp nut, and remove cooling fan assembly, distant pipe, and fan pulley.

2. Fan Shroud

Removal reservoir tank hose and fan shroud.

3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S Model)

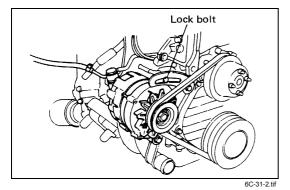
• Loosen power steering pump idle pulley lock nut and adjust bolt, and remove the drive belt.



4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)

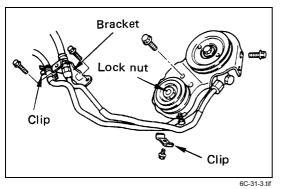
 Loosen A/C compressor idler pulley lock nut, adjust bolt, and remove the drive belt.





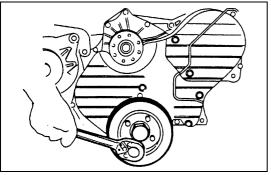
5. AC Generator Drive Belt

 Loosen AC generator mounting bolt (under side) and adjust plate lock bolt, and remove the drive belt.



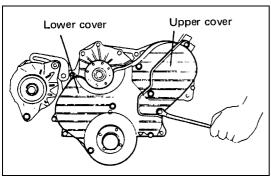
6. Power Steering Pump & Bracket Assembly (P/S Model)

- Loosen power steering oil pipe bracket and clip.
- Remove P/S pump bracket assembly and hang the P/S pump bracket assembly.



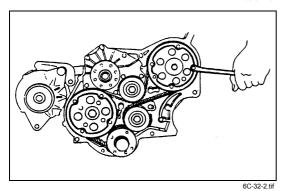
7. Crankshaft Dumper Pulley

6C-31-4.tif

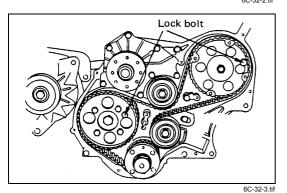


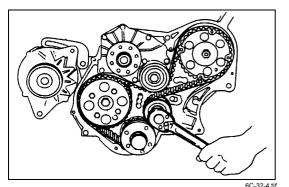
- 8. Timing Pulley Upper Cover
- 9. Timing Pulley Lower Cover





10. Flange; Camshaft Pulley





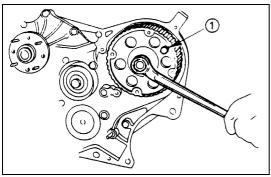
11. Timing Belt

- Prepare a fixing bolt (M8 x 40, P=1.25)
- Turn crankshaft timing pulley in the normal direct pulley side mark to timing pulley housing side mark.
- Make sure that the camshaft pulley and injection timing pulley fixing bolt holes are set to each other.
 Then Fit in a fixing bolt and lightly tighten.
- No. 1 cylinder should be at top dead center.
 If the fixing bolt holes are not set (No. 4 cylinder is at top dead center) give another turn.
- · Remove tensioner and timing belt.

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WARNING

 If crankshaft and camshaft and turned with timing belt being not mounted, piston and valve will interfere with each other. Therefore, the shafts must not be turned.

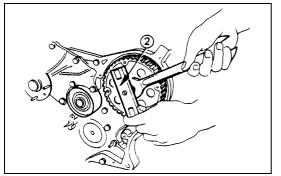


12. Injection Pump Timing Pulley

 Install the stopper bolt ① to the timing pulley to prevent it from turning.



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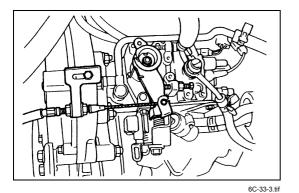


 Use the timing pulley puller ② to remove the injection pump timing pulley.

Timing Pulley Puller: 5-8840-0086-0

Remove the stopper bolt.





13. Air Intake Duct

14. Injection Pump Control Cable

 Remove the control cable bracket bolt and remove the control lever side.

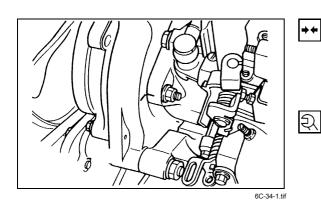
15. Fuel Hose

Disconnect the fuel feed hose and fuel return hose.

- 16. CSD Water Hose
- 17. Injection Pump Harness
- 18. Injection Pipe

19. Injection Pump Assembly

- Remove the pump bracket bolt engine side.
- Remove the adjust lock bolt.
- Remove the injection pump fixing bolt and take out injection pump.



++ INSTALLATION

19. Injection Pump Assembly

- Put the timing pulley housing side and injection pump side setting marks together, and temporarily tighten.
- · After adjusting injection timing retighten.
- Mount rear bracket on cylinder block and tighten to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

- · Install adjust lock bolt and lightly tighten.
- · After adjusting injection timing, retighten.

18. Injection Pipe

- Connect the pump side and nozzle side of the pipe, and tighten securely.
- · Install clip where it was.

Sleeve Nut Torque

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

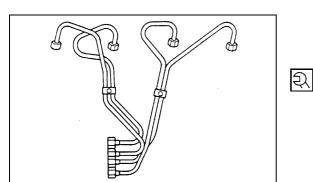
29 (3.0/22)

17. Injection Pump Harness

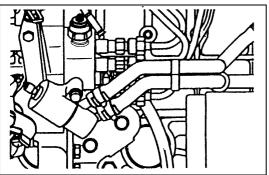
Mount engine harness and connect it to switches.

16. CSD Water Hose

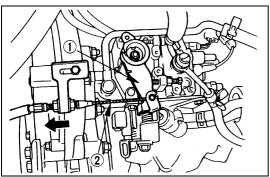
Connect the water hose and tighten clip securely.







6C-34-3.tif



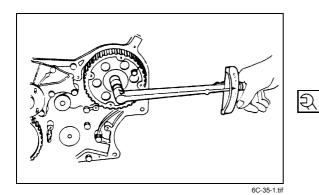
6C-34-4.tif

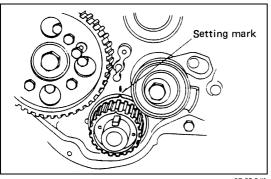
15. Fuel Hose

- Connect the fuel feed hose and fuel return hose.
- Connect the rear off hose.

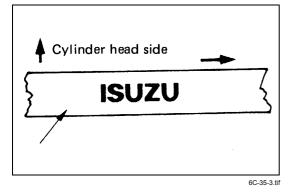
14. Injection Pump Control Cable

- 1) Install the Control wire to the engine control lever.
- 2) Hold the accelerator lever ① in the fully closed position and stretch the control cable ② in the direction indicated by the arrow to remove any slack.
- 3) Tighten the accelerator cable bracket bolt.





6C-35-2.tif



13. Air Intake Duct

Connect the air intake duct and tighten clip securely.

12. Injection Pump Timing Pulley

- Align the timing pulley with the pump shaft key.
- Install the stopper bolt to the timing pulley. This will prevent the timing pulley from moving.
- Tighten the timing pulley nut to the specified torque.

Injection Pump Timing Pulley Nut Torque N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

64 (6.5/47)

Remove the stopper bolt from the injection timing pulley.

11. Timing Belt

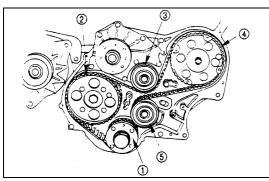
When removing the belt, make sure the marks on the bolt fixed camshaft, injection pulley and crankshaft timing pulley are set to each other.

CAUTION

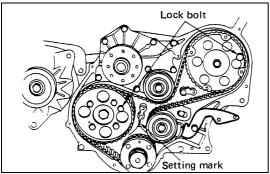
Do not turn crankshaft because otherwise piston and valve will interfere with each other.

CAUTION

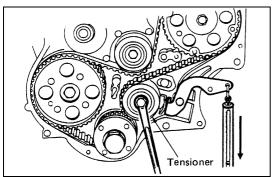
For accurate mounting, be sure to mount the belt in the direction that letters on the belt are readable.



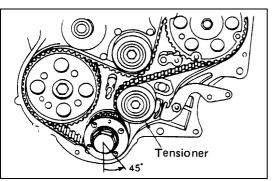
6C-36-1.ti



6C-36-2.tif



6C-36-3.tit



6C-36-4.tif

- Mount new timing belt on pulleys in the following steps.
 Crankshaft timing pulley ① camshaft
 Timing pulley.② Idle pulley ③ Injection
 Pump pulley ④ tensioner ⑤
- Set the belt on crankshaft timing pulley and hold with one hand.
- Stretch and pass the belt round each pulley with the other hand.
- After passing it round injection pump pulley, install tensioner while taking care not to slacken the

CAUTION

- On completion of belt passing, make sure that the setting mark on crankshaft timing pulley is set.
- If not set, reset the mark and repeat the belt passing.
- Remove tension adjust, lever mounting bolt, and loosen the fulcrum bolt to such extent that the lever is movable.
- Hung a spring balance from the end hole of tension adjust lever, and with the balance pulled down with 88 N (9Kg/20 lb)., loosen once the, tensioner mounting bolt and there retighten it.
- Turn the crankshaft by 45° counterclockwise to shift belt slackness on the tensioner.
- Again hand the spring balance from the end hole of tension adjust lever and pull it down with the specified force. Under this condition, loosen tensioner mounting bolt to absorb belt slackness and retighten is to specified torque.

Belt Tension

N (Kg/lb)

98 ~ 118 (10 ~ 12/22 ~ 26)

Bolt Torque

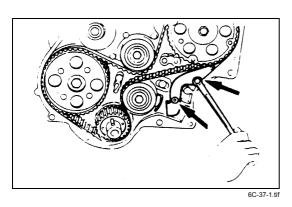
N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

76 (7.8/56)

Fix the tension adjust lever.



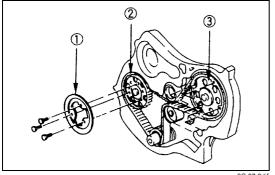
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CAUTION

- In case where the timing belt has been replaced with the actuation of warning light, put off the light with change over switch on the reverse side of meter.
- · Refer to Chassis Electrical in Section 8.
- Tighten the tension adjusting lever nut and bolt.



10. Flange; Camshaft Pulley

- Install the timing pulley flange ① to the camshaft ②.
- Tighten the timing pulley flange bolts to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb ft)

19 (1.9/14)

9. Timing Pulley Lower Cover



 Install timing pulley lower cover and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb in)

8 (0.8/69)

8. Timing Pulley Upper Cover



 Install timing pulley upper cover and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb in)

8 (0.8/69)

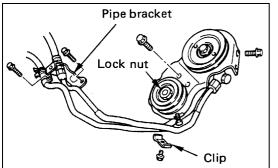
7. Crankshaft Damper Pulley



 Install crankshaft damper pulley and tighten bolt to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb ft)

19 (1.9/14)



6. Power Steering Pump & Bracket Assembly (P/S Model)

 Install the pipe bracket, clip and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

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Pipe bracket bolts N·m (Kg·m/lb ft)

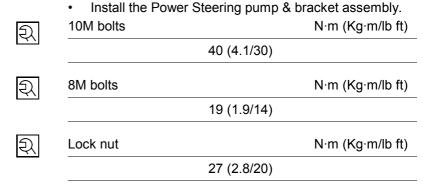
19 (1.9/14)

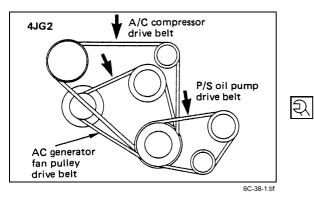
2

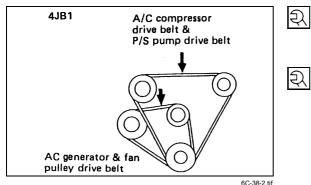
Pipe clip bolts N·m (Kg·m/lb ft)

10 (1.0/7)

6C-37-3.tif



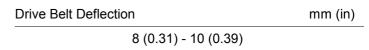




5. AC Generator Drive Belt

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- Install AC generator drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10 kg/ 22 lb) force.

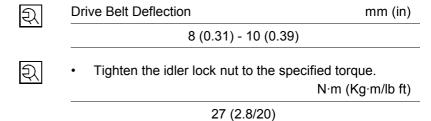


Install fixing bolt and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

Generator fixing Bolt	N·m (Kg·m/lb ft)
40 (4.1/30)	
Adjust Plate Fixing Bolt	N·m (Kg·m/lb ft)
19 (1.9/14)	
19 (1.9/14)	

4. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)

- Install A/C compressor drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10 kg/22lb) force.



3. Power Steering Pump Drive Belt (P/S Model)

- Install power steering pump drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10 kg/22 lb) force.



Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 10 (0.39)



Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb ft)

27 (2.8/20)



2. Fan Shroud

Install the fan shroud and reservoir tank hose.

1. Cooling Fan Assembly



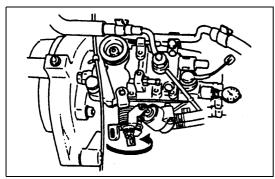
6C-39-1.tif

Mount fan pulley, distance piece, and cooling fan assembly (in this order) on the water pump, and tighten to the specified torque.

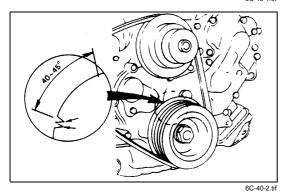
N·m (Kg·m/lb in)

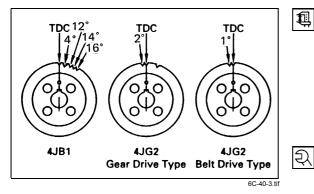
8 (0.8/69)

- · Connect battery ground cable.
- · Pour coolant.
- · Start the engine and check coolant leakage.













1









I INJECTION TIMING ADJUSTMENT

- Set No. 1 cylinder to top dead center.
- Remove injection pump distributor head plug.
- Cancel wax CSD with the handle of a screw driver.
- Fit a dial gauge and set lift to 2 mm.

Measuring device: 5-8840-0145-0

- Set crankshaft damper pulley top dead center mark about 45° before top dead center from the pointer.
- Set dial gauge in the "0" position.
- Turn the crankshaft a little right wise and left wise and see if the pointer is stable in the "0" position.
- Turn the crankshaft in the normal direction and read the measuring device's indication at as follows.

4JB1	BTDC 14°, BTDC 12° ('91/ 542A)
4JB1T	BTDC11°
4JB1TC	BTDC4°
4JG2 (Belt Drive Type)	ATDC 1° ('91/ 542A) TDC 0° ('91/ 542B)
" (Gear Drive Type)	ATDC 2° ('91/ 542A)

Measuring Device's Indica	ation mm (in)
Standard	0.5 (0.0197)

If it reads abnormal, loosen injection pump fixing nut and pump bracket adjust bolt, make adjustment by changing the pump mounting angle, and tighten the nut and bolt to the specified torque where the dial indicates the specified valve.

Pump fixing nut		N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)
	24 (2.4/17)	

Adjust bolt N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft) 19 (1.9/14)

Remove the measuring device and tighten the distributor head plug to the specified torque.

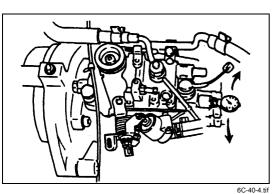
N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

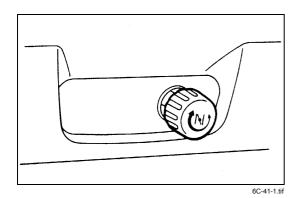
17 (1.7/12)



CAUTION

- When installing the distributor head plug, be sure to use new copper washer.
- Connect injection pipe.
- Fit pipe clip where specified.

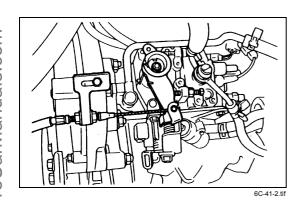




Adjustment of Idling Speed

- 1) Pull the parking brake and lock the wheels.
- 2) Set the transmission gear to the neutral position.
- 3) Start the engine and idle it until the water temperature gets to 70 to 80°C (158 to176°F).
- 4) Turn back the idling control button, and remove the control cable from the control lever (injection pump)
- 5) Set the engine tachometer.
- Check the idling rotation.
 When the idling rotation is outside the range of the specified value, adjust it correctly.

Specified value (rpm) = 750 - 790 (4JB1) 700 - 740 (4JG2)



(4)

- (1) Loosen the lock nut of the idling set bolt.
- (2) Rotate the idling set bolt to set the idling rotation to the specified value.
- (3) Tighten the lock knut to lock the set bolt.
- (4) Check the tension of the control cable, and remove any slackening as required.

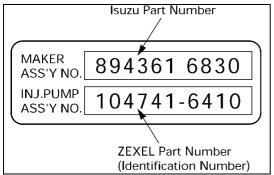
INJECTION PUMP DATA

TEST CONDITIONS

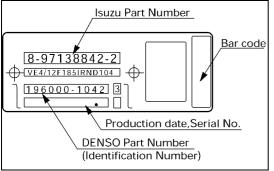
Items	Conditions					
Engine Type	4JB1(Gear)	4JG2(Belt) (For '91/542B)	4JB1(Gear) (For '91/542A)	4JG2(Gear) (For '91/542A)	4JB1TC	4JB1T
		Euro 2	Euro 1	Euro 1		
Injection Nozzle						
ZEXEL Part Number	105780-0000	105780-0000		105780-0060	105780-0060	105780-0060
Bosch Type Number	DN12SD12T	DN12SD12		DN00SD1510		_
Injection Nozzle holder						
ZEXEL Part Number	105780-2080	105780-2080		105780-2150	105780-2150	105780-2150
Bosch Type Number	EF8511/9	EF8511/9		_	_	_
Injection Nozzle MPa(kg/cm²/psi)	14.7 (150	0 / 2,133)		13.0(133	3 / 1,891)	'
Opening Pressure			•			
Injection Line dimensions mm(in)						
Inside Diameter			2 (0.	.079)		
Outside Diameter			6 (0.	.236)		
Length	840 (33.1)		450 ((17.7)	
Fuel delivery Pressure kPa(kg/cm2/psi)			20 (0.2	2 / 2.84)		
Test Fuel		8	SAE Standard Test D	iesel Fuel (SAE9670	D)	
			ISO Standard Test D	iesel Fuel (ISO4113)	
Test Fuel Temperature °C (°F)			48 - 52 (118-126)		
Identification Numbers	104746-1230	196000-1042	104742-1451	104746-1222	104746-6601	104746-6311
	104746-1240		104742-1461			
	104746-1250		104742-1471	104746-1211	104766-6620	104746-6380
	104746-1260		104742-1480	4JG2 (Belt)		104746-6670
	104746-1270		104742-1490	(For +91/542A)		
	104746-1280					
	104746-1290					
	104746-1370					

Note:

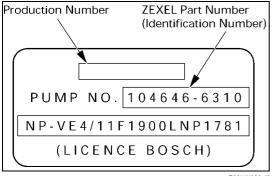
'91/542A ; Euro 1 '91/542B ; Euro 2



F06LV002.tif



F06LV001.tif



F06LW002.tif

IDENTIFICATION PLATE AND NUMBER

Use the data following the injection pump identification number to adjust the injection volume.

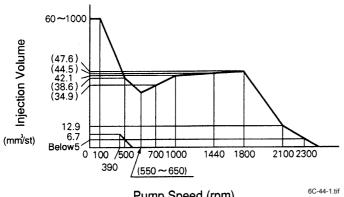
INJECTION VOLUME AND GOVERNOR PERFORMANCE DIAGRAM

Engine; 4JB1

Injection pump assembly No.; 8943616830 (104741-6410)

8943616850 (104741-6430)

Injection volume adjustment

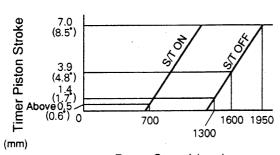


Pump Speed (rpm)

Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation rpm	Average injection quantity mm ³ /ST	Uneven amplitude mm³/ST	Oil temperature °C	Remarks
500	(38.6)		48±2	
700	34.9±2.5		50±2	
1000	42.1±1.0	4.0	50±2	Standard
1450	44.5±2.5		50±2	
1800	47.6±3.0		60±2	
2100	12.9±3.0	4.0	52±2	
390	6.7±3.0	2.0	48±2	
100	60 - 100		48±2	

Timer adjustment



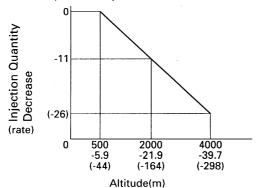
Pump Speed (rpm)

6C-44-2.tif

Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

Pump rotation	Timer piston stroke mm		Air pre of p kPa (k	essure ump g/cm²)	Standard
rpm	Soleno	oid timer Solenoi		id timer	
	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	
700	Over 0.5	_	_	_	
1300	_	1.4±0.4	_	_	
1600	_	3.9±2		490±20 (5.0±0.2)	Standard
1950	_	7.0 + 0.4 - 0.3	_	_	

Aneroid compensator adjustment



Negative Pressure kpa(mmHg)

Adjustment specification of aneroid compensator

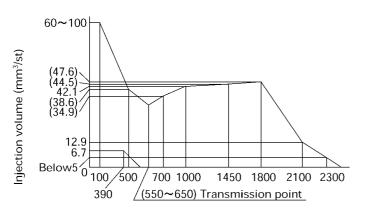
- Componicator						
Pump rotation rpm	Altitude m	Air pressure difference kPa (mmHg)	Amount of reduction mm ³ /ST	Rate of reduction %		
	0	0	0	0		
1000	(500)	-5.9±3.3 (-44±3)	Inflation point	Inflation point		
	2000	-21.9 (-164)	-4.6±1	-11±3		

6C-44-3.tif

Engine; 4JB1

Injection pump identification No.; 104746-1230, 1240, 1250, 1260, 1280, 1290, 1370

Injection volume adjustment



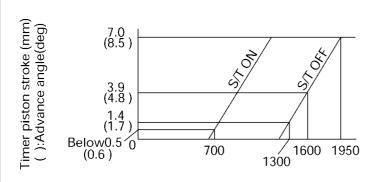
Pump Speed (rpm)

F06LV019.tif

Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation (rpm)	Average injection quantity (mm ³ /ST)	Uneven amplitude (mm³/ST)	Oil temperature (°C)	Remarks
500	(38.6)		48±2	
700	34.9±2.5		50±2	
1000	42.1±1.0	4.0	50±2	Standard
1450	44.5±2.5		50±2	
1800	47.6±3.0		50±2	
2100	12.9±3.0	4.0	52±2	
390	6.7±2.0	2.0	48±2	
100	60 - 100		48±2	

Timer adjustment



Pump Speed (rpm)

F06LV020.tif

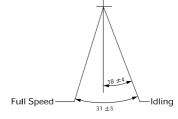
Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

Pump rotation	-41 ()		of p	ressure oump (kg/cm²))	Standard
(rpm)	Soleno	id timer	Solen	oid timer	
,,,,	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	
700	Over 0.5	_	_	_	
1300	_	1.4±0.4	_	_	
1600	_	3.9±2	_	0.49±0.02 (5.0±0.2)	Standard
1950	_	7.0 + 0.4 - 0.3	_	_	

Adjustment specification of aneroid compensator (For 104746-1230,14746-1280)

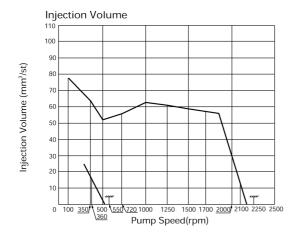
Pump rotation (rpm)	Altitude (m)	Air pressure difference kPa (mmHg)	Amount of reduction (mm ³ /ST)	Rate of reduction (%)
	0	0	0	0
1000	(500)	-5.9±3.3 (-44±25)	Inflation point	Inflation point
	2000	-21.9 (-164)	-4.6±1	-11±3

Speed control lever adjustment

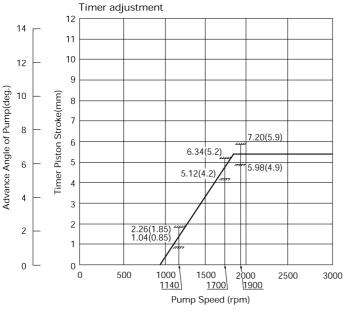


Engine; 4JG2 (For '91/542B) (Belt drive)

Injection pump assembly No.; 897138-8422 (196000-1042)



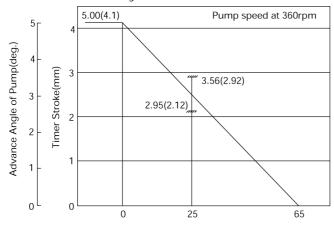
F06LV005.tif



Indication timer stroke in parentheses.(mm)
The timer stroke 1mm=1.22 on camshaft.
1mm=2.44 on crankshaft.

F06LV007.tif

Cold start device adjustment

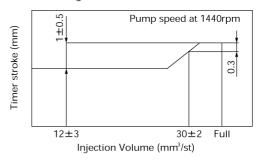


Temperature of wax element (C) Indication timer stroke in parentheses.(mm) The timer stroke 1mm=1.22 on camshaft. The timer stroke 1mm=2.44 on crankshaft.

Adjustment specification of injection volume

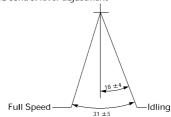
Pump rotation rpm	Average injection quantity mm ³ /ST	Uneven amplitude mm³/ST	Remarks
100	78±12		
350	64±6.0		
500	52±3.0		
720	55.9±3.4		
1000	62.6±1.0	4.0	
1250	60.9±3.5		
1700	574±3.5	4.0	
2100	13±5.0		
2250	Below 5.0		
360	15.9±3.0	2.5	
550	Below 3.0		

Load timer adjustment



F06LV006.tif

Speed control lever adjustment

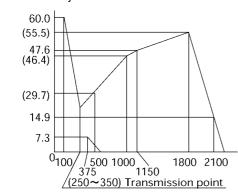


F06LV004.tif

Engine; 4JB1 (For '91/542A) (Gear drive)

Injection pump identification No.; 104742-1451, 1461, 1471

Injection volume adjustment



Pump Speed (rpm)

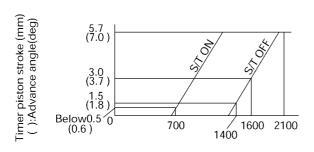
F06LV021.tif

Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation (rpm)	Average injection quantity (mm ³ /ST)	Uneven amplitude (mm³/ST)	Oil temperature (°C)	Remarks
500	(29.7±4.5)		48±2	
1000	(46.4±3.5)		50±2	
1150	47.6±1.0	3.5	50±2	Standard
1800	(55.5 + 0.4)		50±2	
2100	14.9±3.0	4.0	52±2	Standard
375	7.3±2.0	2.0	48±2	Standard
100	(60 - 100)		48±2	

Timer adjustment

Injection volume (mm³/st)



Pump Speed (rpm)

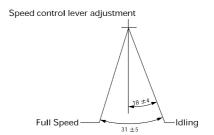
06LV022.tif

Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

Pump rotation	pis	Timer piston stroke (mm)		At pressure of pump (MPa (kg/cm²))		
(rpm)	Solenoid timer		Solene	oid timer		
,	ON	OFF	ON	OFF		
700	Over 0.5	_	_	_		
1400	_	1.5±0.4	_	_		
1600	_	3.0±0.2	_	0.53±0.02 (5.4±0.2)	Standard	
2100	_	$5.7^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$	_	_		

Adjustment specification of aneroid compensator (For 104742-1471)

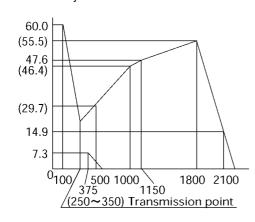
Pump rotation (rpm)	Altitude (m)	Air pressure difference kPa (mmHg)	Amount of reduction (mm³/ST)	Rate of reduction (%)
	0	0	0	0
1150	(500)	-5.9±3.3 (-44±25)	Inflation point	Inflation point
	2000	-21.9 (-164)	(-5.2±1.3)	(-11±3)



Engine; 4JB1 (For '91/542A) (Gear drive)

Injection pump identification No.; 104742-1480, 1490

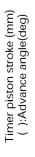
Injection volume adjustment



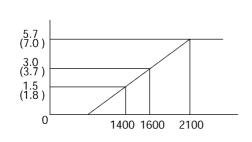
Pump Speed (rpm)

F06LV021.tif

Timer adjustment



Injection volume (mm³/st)



Pump Speed (rpm)

F06LV023.tif

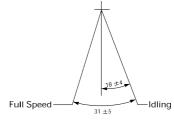
Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation (rpm)	Average injection quantity (mm ³ /ST)	Uneven amplitude (mm³/ST)	Oil temperature (°C)	Remarks
500	(29.7±4.5)		48±2	
1000	(46.4±3.5)		50±2	
1150	47.6±1.0	3.5	50±2	Standard
1800	$(55.5^{+0.4}_{-6.0})$		50±2	
2100	14.9±3.0	4.0	52±2	Standard
375	7.3±2.0	2.0	48±2	Standard
100	(60 - 100)		48±2	

Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

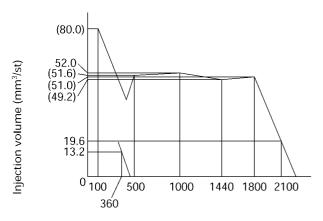
Pump rotation (rpm)	Timer piston stroke (mm)	At pressure of pump (MPa (kg/cm²))	Remarks
1400	(1.5±0.4)	1	
1600	3.0±0.2	0.53±0.02 (5.4±0.2)	Standard
2100	5.7 + 0.4 - 0.3		

Speed control lever adjustment



Engine; 4JG2 (For '91/542A) (Gear drive) Injection pump identification No.; 104746-1222

Injection volume adjustment



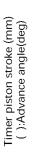
Pump Speed (rpm)

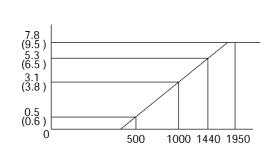
F06LV024.tif

Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation (rpm)	Average injection quantity (mm³/ST)	Uneven amplitude (mm³/ST)	Oil temperature (°C)	Remarks
500	(51.6)		48±2	
1000	52.0±1.0		50±2	Standard
1440	(49.2)	3.5	50±2	
1800	(51.0)		50±2	
2100	19.6±3.0	5.5	52±2	
360	13.2±2.0	2.0	48±2	
100	(80 - 120)		48±2	

Timer adjustment





Pump Speed (rpm)

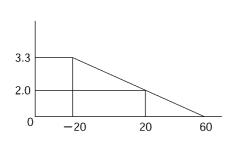
F06LV025.tif

Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

Pump rotation (rpm)	Timer piston stroke (mm)	At pressure of pump (MPa (kg/cm²))	Remarks
500	0.5 + 0.8 - 0.4		
1000	3.1±0.2	0.402±0.029 (4.1±0.3)	Standard
1440	5.3±0.4		
1950	7.8 + 0.4 - 0.3		·

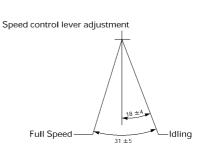
Cold start device adjustment





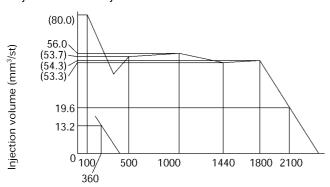
Coolant temperature (C)

F06LV026.tif



Engine ; 4JG2 (For '91/542A) (Belt drive) Injection pump identification No. ; 104746-1211

Injection volume adjustment



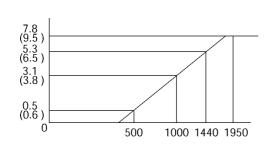
Pump Speed (rpm) F06LV027.tif

Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation (rpm)	Average injection quantity (mm ³ /ST)	Uneven amplitude (mm³/ST)	Oil temperature (°C)	Remarks
500	(53.7)		48±2	
1000	56.0±1.0	3.5	50±2	Standard
1440	(53.3)		50±2	
1800	(54.3)		50±2	
2100	19.6±3.0	5.5	52±2	
360	13.2±2.0	2.0	48±2	
100	(80 - 120)		48±2	

Timer adjustment





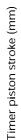
Pump Speed (rpm)

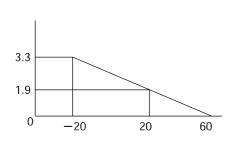
F06LV028.tif

Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

Pump rotation (rpm)	Timer piston stroke (mm)	At pressure of pump (MPa (kg/cm²))	Remarks
500	0.5 + 0.4 - 0.3		
1000	3.1±0.2	0.402±0.029 (4.1±0.3)	Standard
1440	5.3±0.4		
1950	$7.8^{+0.8}_{-0.4}$		

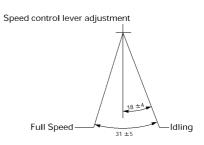
Cold start device adjustment





Coolant temperature (C)

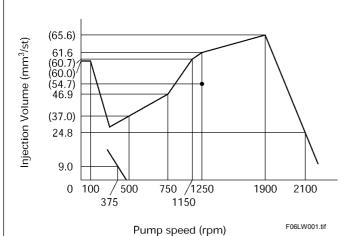
F06LV029.tif



Engine; 4JB1T

Injection pump identification No.; 104746-6311, 104746-6380

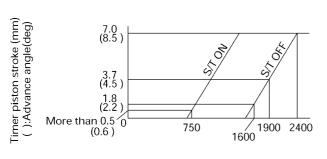
Injection volume adjustment



Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation (rpm)	Average injection quantity (mm ³ /ST)	Uneven amplitude (mm³/ST)	Boost pressure (kPa (kg/cm²))	Oil temperature (°C)	Remarks
500	(37.0±4.0)	ı	0	48±2	
750	46.9±1.0	3.5	33.3 (0.34)	50±2	Standard
1150	(60.7±3.5)		72.0 (0.73)	50±2	
1250	61.6±1.0	5.0	72.0 (0.73)	50±2	Standard
1250	(54.7±3.5)		0	50±2	
1900	(65.6±4.0)	ı	72.0 (0.73)	50±2	
2100	24.8±3.0	4.5	72.0 (0.73)	52±2	Standard
375	9.0±2.0	2.0	0	48±2	Standard
100	60 + 40	_	0	48±2	

Timer adjustment



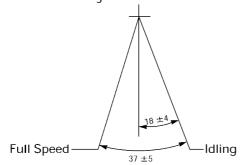
Pump Speed (rpm)

F06LW003.tif

Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

Pump rotation		ner ton (mm)	At pressure of pump (MPa (kg/cm²))		Boost Pressure	Remarks
(rpm)	Soleno	id timer	Soleno	id timer	kPa (kg/cm²)	
, , ,	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	(Rg/CIII)	
750	Over 0.5	_	_	_	72.0 (0.73)	
1600	_	1.8±0.4	_	_	72.0 (0.73)	
1900	_	3.7±0.2	_	618 (6.3±0.2)	72.0 (0.73)	Standard
2400	_	$7.0^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$	_	_	72.0 (0.73)	

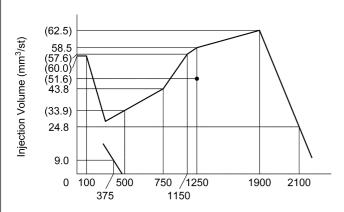
Speed control lever adjustment



Engine; 4JB1T

Injection pump identification No.; 104746-6670

Injection volume adjustment



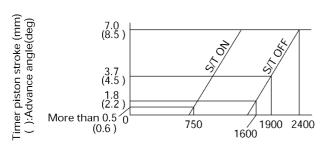
Pump speed (rpm)

F06LX014.tif

Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation (rpm)	Average injection quantity (mm ³ /ST)	Uneven amplitude (mm³/ST)	Boost pressure (kPa (kg/cm²))	Oil temperature (°C)	Remarks
500	(33.9±4.0)	l	0	48±2	
750	43.8±1.0	3.5	33.3 (0.34)	50±2	Standard
1150	(57.6±3.5)	I	72.0 (0.73)	50±2	
1250	58.5±1.0	5.0	72.0 (0.73)	50±2	Standard
1250	(51.6±3.5)		0	50±2	
1900	(62.5±4.0)		72.0 (0.73)	50±2	
2100	24.8±3.0	4.5	72.0 (0.73)	52±2	Standard
375	9.0±2.0	2.0	0	48±2	Standard
100	60 + 40	_	0	48±2	

Timer adjustment



Pump Speed (rpm)

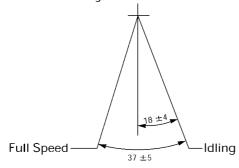
F06LW003.tif

F06LW004.tif

Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

Pump rotation (rpm)	Timer piston stroke (mm)		At pressure of pump (MPa (kg/cm²))		Boost Pressure kPa (kg/cm²)	Remarks
	Solenoid timer		Solenoid timer			
,	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	(kg/ciii)	
750	Over 0.5	_	_	_	72.0 (0.73)	
1600	-	1.8±0.4	_	_	72.0 (0.73)	
1900	_	3.7±0.2	ı	618 (6.3±0.2)	72.0 (0.73)	Standard
2400	_	$7.0^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$	_	_	72.0 (0.73)	

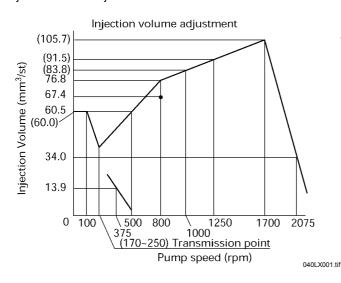
Speed control lever adjustment



Engine; 4JB1TC

Injection pump identification No.; 104746-6601

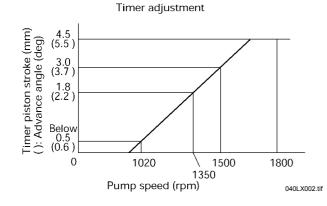
Injection volume adjustment



Adjustment specification of injection volume

Pump rotation (rpm)	Average injection quantity (mm ³ /ST)	Uneven amplitude (mm³/ST)	Boost pressure (kPa (kg/cm²))	Oil temperature (°C)	Remarks
500	60.5±1.0	5.0	0	48±2	Standard
800	67.4±1.0	5.5	52.0 (0.531)	50±2	Standard
800	76.8±1.0	6.0	80.0 (0.821)	50±2	Standard
1000	(83.8±6.5)		80.0 (0.821)	50±2	
1250	(91.5±6.5)		80.0 (0.821)	50±2	
1700	(105.7±6.5)		80.0 (0.821)	50±2	
2075	34.0±3.0	7.0	80.0 (0.821)	52±2	Standard
375	13.9±2.0	2.0	0	48±2	Standard
100	60 +40		0	48±2	•

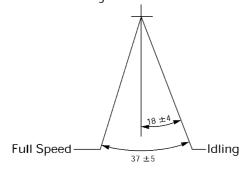
Timer adjustment



Adjustment specification of timer and pump case pressure

Pump rotation (rpm)	Timer piston stroke (mm)	At pressure of pump (MPa (kg/cm²))	Boost Pressure kPa (kg/cm²)	Remarks
1020	Below 0.5		80.0 (0.82)	
1350	1.8±0.2	471±29 (4.8±0.3)	80.0 (0.82)	Standard
1500	(3.0±0.4)		80.0 (0.82)	
1800	4.5 + 0.4		80.0 (0.82)	

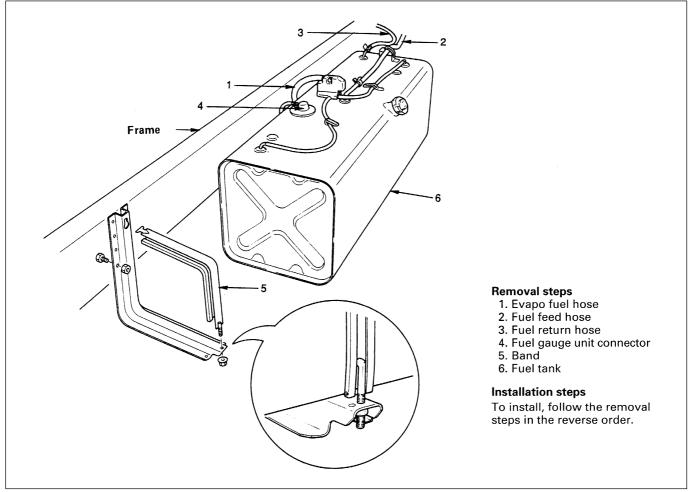
Speed control lever adjustment



Potentiometer adjustment

Pump speed (r/min)	Out-put voltage (V)	Average injection quantity (mm³/st)	Boost Pressure kPa (kg/cm²)	Remarks
1080	3.56±0.03	27.5±2.0	0	Standard
375	(0.93±0.45)	13.9±2.0	0	Standard

FUEL TANK



6C-54-1.tif

++ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- · Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Loosen fuel filler cap.
- · Drain fuel from drain plug.
- After the drain fuel, tighten the drain plug to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

29 (3/22)

1. Evapo Fuel Hose

2. Fuel Feed Hose

3. Fuel Return Hose

Plug the hose to prevent fuel from getting spilt, and tie it to the frame with the plugged end up.

4. Fuel Gauge Unit Connector

· Remove the connector of the fuel gauge.

5. Band

 Remove the nut of the fuel tank fixing band, and then remove the band end on the frame side.

6. Fuel Tank

Pull out the fuel tank to the outside.

Note:

When it is not possible to pull out the fuel tank, remove the bracket and then draw out the fuel tank downward.

INSTALLATION

6. Fuel Tank

Note:

When the bracket was removed to take off the fuel tank, install the bracket to the frame and tighten it to the specified torque.

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

55 (5.6/41)

When mounting the fuel tank on the bracket, be sure to place the packing section pasted on the fuel tank securely on the bracket.

5. Band

Tighten the band to the specified torque

N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

12 (1.2/104)

4. Fuel Gauge Unit Connector

· Connect the fuel gauge unit connector.

3. Fuel Return Hose

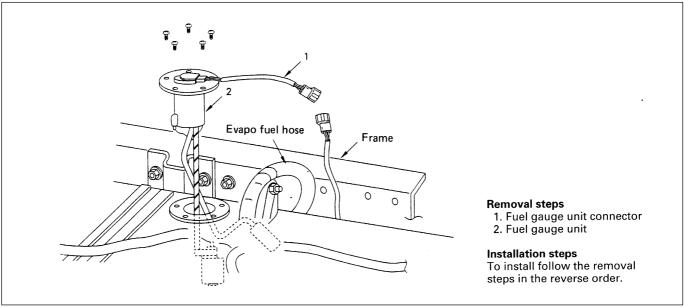
2. Fuel Feed Hose

 Set the hose to the pipe more than 25 mm (0.98 in) deep.

1. Evapo Fuel Hose

- Fill the fuel to the fuel tank.
- · Connect battery ground cable.

FUEL GAUGE UNIT



6C-56-1.tif

←→ REMOVAL

Preparation: Disconnect Battery ground cable.

- 1. Fuel Gauge Unit Connector
 - Disconnect fuel gauge unit connector from fuel gauge unit.
- 2. Fuel Gauge Unit
 - Remove fuel gauge unit fixing screw and fuel gauge unit.



NOTE:

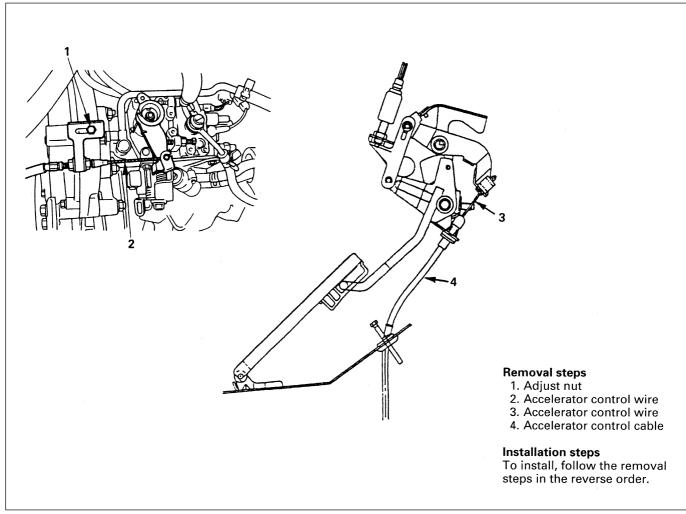
 After removing fuel gauge unit, cover fuel tank with waste to prevent any dust entering.

INSTALLATION

- 2. Fuel Gauge Unit
- 1. Fuel Gauge Unit Connector
 - Connect the wiring connector to the fuel gauge unit.

ACCELERATOR CONTROL

ACCELERATOR CONTROL CABLE



6C-57-1.tif

←→ REMOVAL

1. Adjust Nut

 Loosen the adjust nut on the cable bracket mounted on the inlet manifold.

2. Accelerator Control Wire (Injection Pump Side)

Remove the control wire from injection pump control lever.

3. Accelerator Control Wire (Accelerator Pedal Side)

Remove the accelerator control wire from accelerator pedal.

4. Accelerator Control Cable

- Remove the cable clip from intake manifold duct.
- Remove the cable clip from chassis frame.
- Pull out the wire to the chassis side through the grommet hole of the floor board, and remove the control cable.

[P INSPECTION

Check the following items, and replace the control cable if any abnormality is found.

- The control cable should move smoothly.
- The control cable should not be bent or kinked.
- The control cable should be free of damage and corrosion.

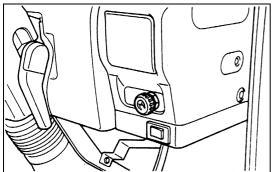
→+ INSTALLATION

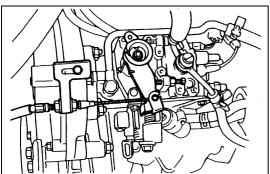
4. Accelerator Control Cable

- Take care that the core wire of the cable does not get damaged or kinked.
- Pull the cable through the grommet hole from under the floor.
- Set the groove of the grommet securely into the floor panel.
- Lower the cab.

3. Accelerator Control Wire (Accelerator pedal side)

- Connect the accelerator control wire to the accelerator
- Check to see if the idling control knob is fully turned to the left.
- Tilt up the cab.





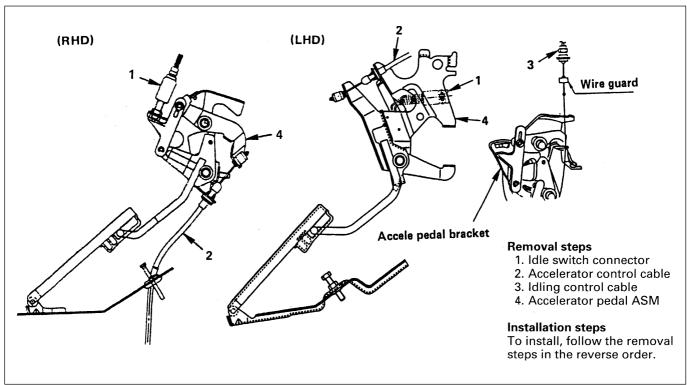
2. Accelerator Control Wire (Injection pump side)

Install the tip end of the wire to the engine control lever.

1. Lock Bolt

- With the accelerator control lever attached to the stopper bolt, pull the cable lightly toward the front of the axis and fasten the cable bracket with the lock bolt.
- Check to see if the injection pump lever is at the idle position (with the lever in touch with the stopper bolt).
- Connect the battery ground cable.
- Lower the cab.
- Check to see if the accelerator pedal play is in the range of $5 \sim 10$ mm above the pedal pad.
- Press down on the accelerator pedal fully, and check to see if the engine rotates at the maximum speed with the linkage in the smooth operation.
- In the operating range of the accelerator pedal, check to see if the accelerator pedal and the injection pump lever return without fail to their original positions respectively.

ACCELERATOR PEDAL



6C-59-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

- 1. Idle Switch Connector
- 2. Accelerator Control Cable
 - · Remove control cable from Accelerator pedal bracket.
- 3. Idling Control Cable
 - · Remove control cable from accelerator pedal bracket.
- 4. Accelerator Pedal Assembly
 - Remove accelerator pedal assembly from brake pedal bracket.

++ INSTALLATION

4. Accelerator Pedal Assembly

 Apply the sliding section with grease, and install it to the brake pedal bracket.

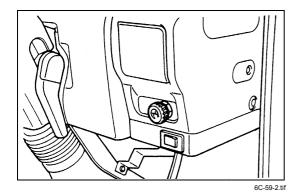
3. Idling Control Cable

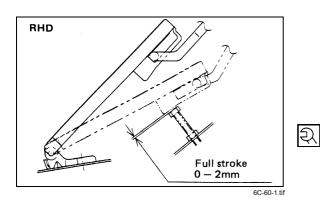
 Install the cable to the lever of the accelerator pedal bracket.

2. Accelerator Control Cable

 After confirming that the idling control knob is fully turned to the left, install the accelerator control cable.

1. Idle Switch Connector





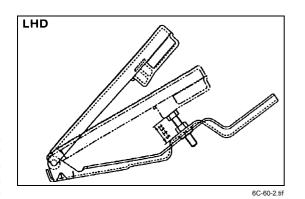
Adjustment of the press-down amount of the accelerator pedal

- After installing each cable, give a full stroke to the accelerator pedal while pushing the accelerator pedal pad by hand.
- Adjust the stopper bolt so that the clearance between the pedal pad stopper bolt and the back of the pad becomes 0 ~ 2 mm (0 ~0.079 in.), and tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.

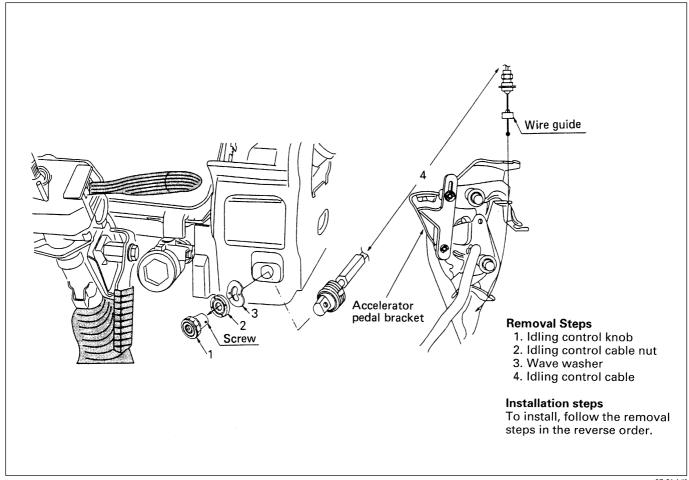
N·m (Kg·m/lb·ft)

7.4 (0.75/65)

- Check to see if the accelerator pedal play is in the range of 5 ~ 10 mm (0.2 ~ 0.4 in.) above the pedal pad.
- Press down on the accelerator pedal fully, and check to see if the engine rotates at the maximum speed with the linkage in the smooth operation.
- In the operating range of the accelerator pedal, check to see if the accelerator pedal and the injection pump lever return without fail to their original positions respectively.



IDLING CONTROL CABLE



6C-61-1.tif

+→ REMOVAL

1. Idling Control Knob

- Loosen the idling control knob screw and remove the knob from cable.
- 2. Idling Control Cable Nut
- 3. Wave Washer
- 4. Idling Control Cable
 - Remove control cable from accelerator pedal bracket.

++ INSTALLATION

- 4. Idling Control Cable.
 - Install Control Cable to Accelerator pedal bracket.
- 3. Wave Washer

2. Idling Control Cable Nut

- Insert the idling control cable into the specified hole of the instrument panel.
- Install the washer to the cable, and tighten it with the nut.

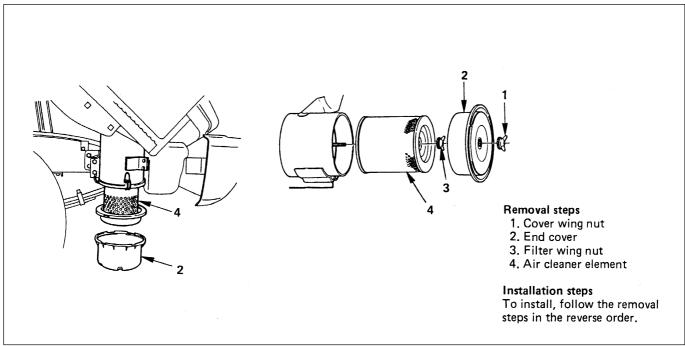
1. Idling Control Knob

 Insert the idling control knob into the cable, and tighten the screw.

Inspection:

- With the idling control knob not in use, check to see if the injection pump lever is at the idle position (with the lever in contact with the stopper bolt).
- With the idling control knob turned fully to the right, check to see if the engine idles up to 1,500 rpm or more.

AIR CLEANER ELEMENT



6C-63-1.tif



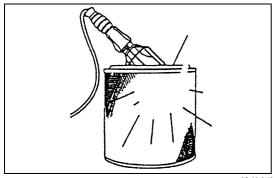
- 1. Cover Wing Nut
- 2. End Cover
- 3. Filter Wing Nut
- 4. Air Cleaner Element

Clean

- Wipe out the inside of the Air Cleaner assembly.
- Wipe off the Cover

Inspection

The air filter with a light for fears rears or holes.



6C-63-2.tif



Cleaning Method

Dust Fouled Element

Rotate the element with your hand while applying compressed air to the inside of the element. This will blow the dust free.

Compressed air pressure

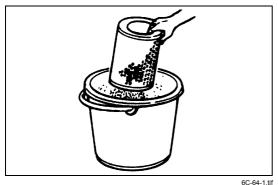
kPa (kg/cm²/psi)

392 - 490 (4 - 5/57 - 71)



CAUTION

Do not bang the element against another object in an attempt to clean it. Damage to the element will result.





Carbon and Dust Fouled Element

with running water.

(2.8 kg/cm² /40 psi).

1. Prepare a cleaning solution of Isuzu Genuine Element Cleaner (Donaldson D1400) diluted with water.

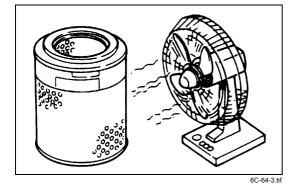
3. Remove the element from the solution and rinse it well

Water pressure must not exceed 274 Kpa

Submerge the element in the solution for twenty minutes.







6C-64-2.tif

4. Dry the element in a well ventilated area. An electric fan will hasten drying.

NOTE:

Do not use compressed air or an open flame to dry the element quickly. Damage to the element will result. It will usually take two or three days for the element to dry completely. Therefore, it is a good idea to have a spare on hand to use in the interim.

++ INSTALLATION

- 4. Air Cleaner Element
- 3. Filter Wing Nut
- 2. End Cover
- 1. Cover Wing Nut

6C - 66 ENGINE FUEL

MEMO	



SECTION 6D ENGINE ELECTRICAL

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QOS-II Preheating System	6D6
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SECTION 6D1 BATTERY

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On-Vehicle Service	6D1-4
Battery Charging	6D1-4
Jump Starting	6D1-5
Removal and Installation of Battery	6D1-7
Main Data and Specifications	6D1-7

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

There are six battery fluid caps at the top of the battery. these are covered by a paper label.

The battery is completely sealed except for the six small vent holes at the side. these vent holes permit the escape of small amounts of gas generated by the battery.

This type of battery has the following advantages over conventional batteries.

- 1. There is no need to add water during the entire service life of the battery.
- 2. The battery protects itself against overcharging. The battery will refuse to accept an excessive charge.
 - (A conventional battery will accept an excessive charge, resulting in gassing and loss of battery fluid.)
- 3. The battery is much less vulnerable to self discharge than a conventional type battery.

DIAGNOSIS

1. VISUAL INSPECTION

Inspect the battery for obvious physical damage, such as a cracked or broken case, which would permit electrolyte loss.

Replace the battery if obvious physical damage is discovered during inspection.

Check for any other physical damage and correct it as necessary. If not, proceed to Step 2.

2. FLUID LEVEL CHECK

The fluid level should be between the upper level line and lower level line on side of the battery.

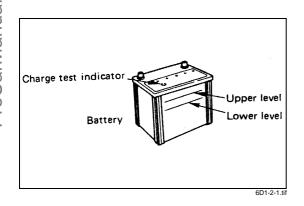
- a. CORRECT FLUID LEVEL Charge the battery.
- b. BELOW LOWER LEVEL Replace battery.

3. VOLTAGE CHECK

- (1) Put voltmeter test leads to battery terminals.
 - a. VOLTAGE IS 12.4V OR ABOVE Battery condition OK.
 - b. VOLTAGE IS UNDER 12.4V Go to procedure (2) below.
- (2) Determine fast charge amperage from specification (See Main Data and Specifications in this section). Fast charge battery for 30 minutes at amperage rate no higher than specified value.

Take voltage and amperage readings after charge.

- a. VOLTAGE IS ABOVE 16V AT BELOW 1/3 OF AMPERAGE RATE - Replace battery.
- b. VOLTMETER IS ABOVE 16V AT ABOVE 1/3 OF AMPERAGE RATE - Drop charging voltage to 15V and charge for 10 - 15 hours.
- vOLTAGE IS BETWEEN 12V AND 16V -Continue charging at the same rate for an additional 3-3.5 hours.
- d. VOLTAGE IS BELOW 12V Replace battery.



4. LOAD TEST

- (1) Connect a voltmeter and a battery load tester across the battery terminals.
- (2) Apply 300 ampere load for 15 seconds to remove surface charge from the battery. Remove load.
- (3) Wait 15 seconds to let battery recover. Then apply specified load from specifications (See Main Data and Specifications in this section).

Read voltage after 15 seconds, then remove load.

- a. VOLTAGE DOES NOT DROP BELOW THE MINIMUM LISTED IN FOLLOWING TABLE The battery is good and should be returned to service.
- b. VOLTAGE IS LESS THAN MINIMUM LISTED Replace battery.

ESTIMATED TEMPERATURE		MINIMUM VOLTAGE
°F	°C	WIINIWOW VOLTAGE
70	21	9.6
60	16	9.5
50	10	9.4
40	4	9.3
30	-1	9.1
20	-7	8.9
10	-12	8.7
0	-18	8.5

The battery temperature must be estimated by feel and by the temperature the battery has been exposed to for the preceding few hours.

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

BATTERY CHARGING

Observe the following safety precautions when charging the battery:

- Never attempt to charge the battery when the fluid level is below the lower level line on the side of the battery. In this case, the battery must be replaced.
- 2. Pay close attention to the battery during the charging procedure.
 - Battery charging should be discontinued or the rate of charge reduced if the battery feels hot to the touch.

 Battery charging should be discontinued or the rate of charge reduced if the battery begins to gas or spew electrolyte from the vent holes.
- 3. In order to more easily view the hydrometer blue dot or ring, it may be necessary to jiggle or tilt the battery.
- 4. Battery temperature can have a great effect on battery charging capacity.
- The sealed battery used on this vehicle may be either quick-charged or slow-charged in the same manner as other batteries.
 - Whichever method you decide to use, be sure that you completely charge the battery. Never partially charge the battery.

JUMP STARTING

JUMP STARTING WITH AN AUXILIARY (BOOSTER) BATTERY



CAUTION:

Never push or tow the vehicle in an attempt to start it. Serious damage to the emission system as well as other vehicle parts will result.

Treat both the discharged battery and the booster battery with great care when using jumper cables. Carefully follow the jump starting procedure, being careful at all times to avoid sparking.



WARNING:

Failure to carefully follow the jump starting procedure could result in the following:

- 1. Serious personal injury, particularly to your eyes.
- 2. Property damage from a battery explosion, battery acid, or an electrical fire.
- 3. Damage to the electronic components of one or both vehicles particularly.

Never expose the battery to an open flame or electrical spark. Gas generated by the battery may catch fire or explode.

Remove any rings, watches, or other jewelry before working around the battery. Protect your eyes by wearing an approved set of goggles.

Never allow battery fluid to come in contact with your eyes or skin.

Never allow battery fluid to come in contact with fabrics or painted surfaces.

Battery fluid is a highly corrosive acid.

Should battery fluid come in contact with your eyes, skin, fabric, or a painted surface, immediately and thoroughly rinse the affected area with clean tap water.

Never allow metal tools or jumper cables to come in contact with the positive battery terminal, or any other metal surface of the vehicle. This will protect against a short circuit.

Always keep batteries out of the reach of young children.

JUMP STARTING PROCEDURE

1. Set the vehicle parking brake.

If the vehicle is equipped with an automatic transmission, place the selector lever in the "PARK" position.

If the vehicle is equipped with a manual transmission place the shift lever in the "NEUTRAL" position.

Turn "OFF" the ignition.

Turn "OFF" all lights and any other accessory requiring electrical power.

2. Look at the built-in hydrometer.

If the indication area of the built-in hydrometer is completely clear, do not try to jump start.

3. Attach the other end of the same cable to the positive terminal of the discharged battery.

Attach the end of one jumper cable to the positive terminal of the booster battery.

Do not allow the vehicles to touch each other.

This will cause a ground connection, effectively neutralizing the charging procedure.

Be sure that the booster battery has a 12 volt rating.

4. Attach one end of the remaining cable to the negative terminal of the booster battery.

Attach the other end of the same cable to a solid engine ground (such as the A/C compressor bracket or the generator mounting bracket) of the vehicle with the discharged battery.

This ground connection must be at least 450 mm (18 in) from the battery of the vehicle whose battery is being charged.



WARNING:

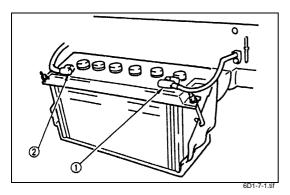
Never attach the end of the jumper cable directly to the negative terminal of the dead battery.

- 5. Start the engine of the vehicle with the good battery.

 Make sure that all unnecessary electrical accessories have been turned "OFF".
- 6. Start the engine of the vehicle with the dead battery.
- 7. To remove the jumper cables, follow the above directions in the reverse order.

Be sure to first disconnect the negative cable from the vehicle with the discharged battery.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF THE BATTERY



+→ REMOVAL

- 1. All switches should be in the "OFF" position.
- 2. Disconnect the battery ground cable.
- 3. Disconnect the battery positive cable.
- 4. Disconnect the battery cable.



CAUTION:

It is important that the battery ground cable be disconnected first.

Disconnecting the battery positive cable first can result in a short circuit.

++ INSTALLATION

To install the battery, follow the removal procedure in the reverse order, noting the following points:

1. Make sure that the rod is hooked on the body side.

MAIN DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS

Model	(JIS)	115E41R-MF	130E41R-MF	95D31R-MF	80D26R-MF
Voltage	(V)	12	12	12	12
Cold-Cranking Performance	(Amp)	651	799	622	582
Reserve Capacity	(Min)	212	229	159	133
Load Test	(Amp)	325	400	310	290
Fast Charge Maximum Amperage	(Amp)	20	20	20	20
BCI Group No.		-	-	27	24
Overall Dimension LxWxH	(mm)	410×178×213	410×178×213	-	-

MEMO

SECTION 6D2

STARTING SYSTEM

CONTENTS

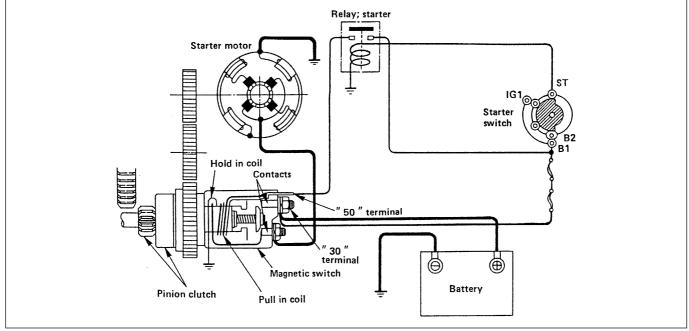
	PAG	Е
General Description	6D2 -	1
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Unit Renair	6D2 -	5

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

STARTING CIRCUIT

The cranking system consists of a battery, starter, starter switch, starter relay, etc. and these main

components are connected as shown in Figure. For details of the starting circuit.

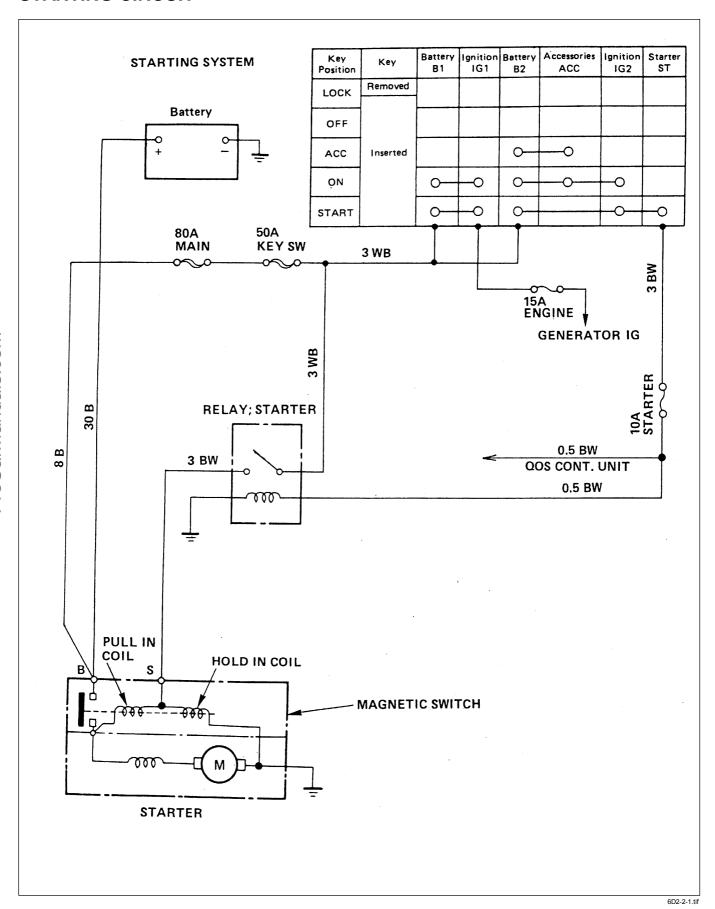


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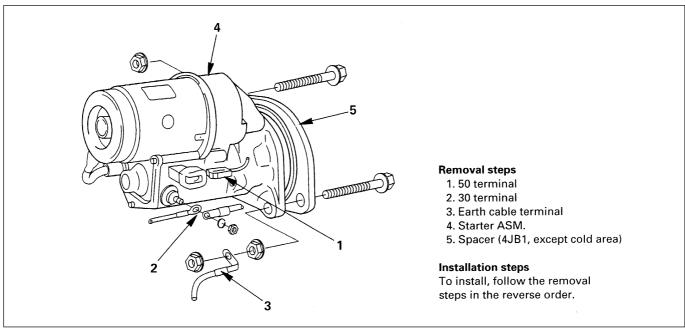
STARTER

The starting system employs a magnetic type reduction starter in which the motor shaft is also used as a pinion shaft. When the starter switch is turned on, the contacts of magnetic switch are closed, and the armature rotates. At the same time, the plunger is attracted, and the pinion is pushed forward by the shift lever to mesh with ring gear. Then, the ring gear runs to start the engine. When the engine starts and the starter switch is turned off, the plunger returns, the pinion is disengaged from ring gear, and the armature stops rotation. When the engine speed is higher than the pinion, the pinion idles, so that the armature is not driven.

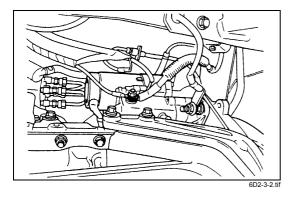
STARTING CIRCUIT



ON-VEHICLE SERVICE



6D2-3-1.tif



+→ REMOVAL

Preparation

- · Disconnect Battery Ground Cable.
- 1. "50" Terminal
- 2. "30" Terminal
- 3. Earth Cable Terminal
- 4. Starter Assembly
- 5. Spacer (4JB1, Except cold area)

++ INSTALLATION

- 5. Spacer (4JB1, Except cold area)
- 4. Starter Assembly
 - Tighten the fixing bolt and nut to the specified torque Starter Bolts and Nuts Torque N·m ($Kg\cdot m/lb\cdot ft$)

81 (8.3 / 60)

3. Earth Cable Terminal

Connect the earth cable terminal.

2. "30" Terminal

· Connect the harness connector.

1. "50" Terminal

 Connect the battery cable terminal with starter switch harness terminal, then tighten nut to the specified torque.

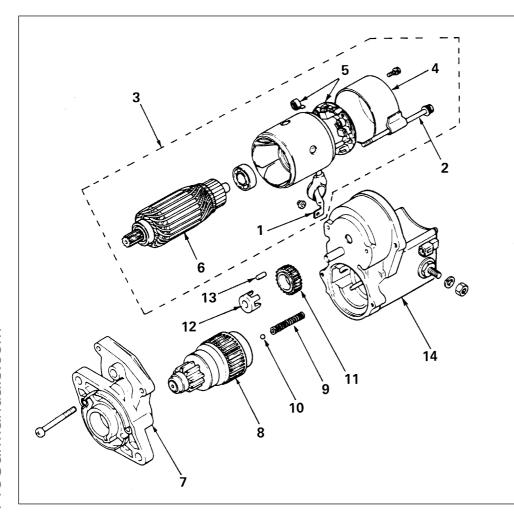
Fixing Nut Torque

N·m (Kg·m/lb·in)

9 (0.9/78)

Connect the battery cable.

UNIT REPAIR



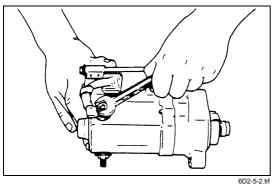
Disassembly steps

- 1. Lead wire
- 2. Through bolt
- 3. Yoke assembly
- 4. Cover yoke
- 5. Brush and brush holder
- 6. Armature
- 7. Drive side housing
- 8. Overrunning clutch
- 9. Return spring
- 10. Steel ball
- 11. Idle pinion
- 12. Retainer
- 13. Roller
- 14. Magnetic switch

Reassembly steps

To reassembly, follow the disassembly steps in the reverse order.

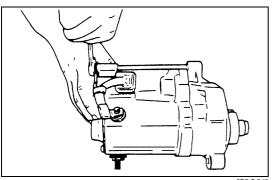
6D2-5-1.tif



❖ DISASSEMBLY

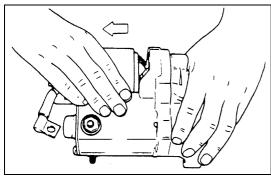
1. Lead Wire

Disconnect the lead wire from the magnetic switch.



2. Through Bolt

Remove the through bolts from the yoke.

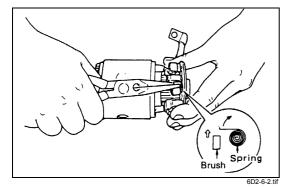


Separate the yoke from the solenoid switch.

4. Yoke Cover

3. Yoke Assembly

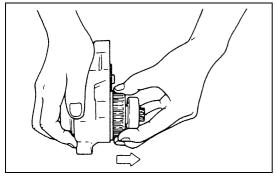




5. Brush and Brush Holder

Remove (pull out) the brushes and the brush holder from the armature with a pair of long-nose pliers.

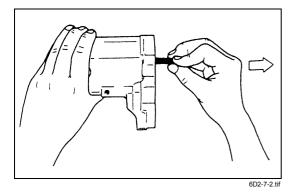
- 6. Armature
- 7. Drive Side Housing



8. Overrunning Clutch

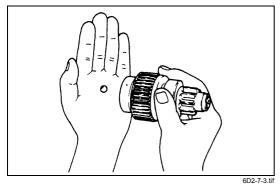
Remove the overrunning clutch from the housing.





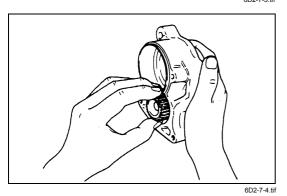
9. Return Spring

Remove the return spring from magnetic switch.



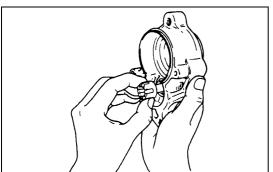
10. Steel Ball

Remove the steel ball from the overrunning clutch.



11. Idle Pinion

Remove the idle pinion from housing.



12. Retainer

Remove the retainer from housing.

13. Roller

6D2-7-5.tif

14. Magnetic Switch

PINSPECTION AND REPAIR

Make necessary correction or parts replacement if wear, damage or any other abnormal condition are found through inspection.

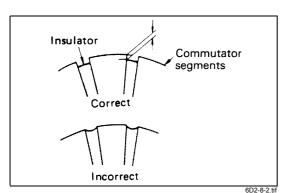
6D2-9-1.lif

4 ARMATURE

Check the commutator for run-out and replace if the amount of run-out exceeds the limit.

Run-out test	mm (in.
Run-out test	111111 (ш

kw	Standard	Limit
2.2	0.02 (0.0008)	0.05 (0.0020)
2.0	0.02 (0.0008)	0.05 (0.0020)



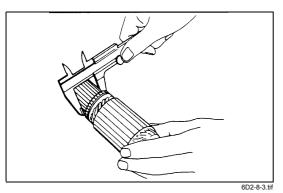
11

Check the mica segment for wear.

Depth of mica segment

mm (in.)

kw	Standard	Limit
2.2	0.7. 0.0 (0.039, 0.035)	0.20 (0.000)
2.0	0.7 - 0.9 (0.028 - 0.035)	0.20 (0.008)



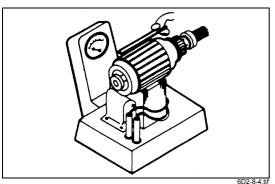


Check the commutator outer diameter.

Commutator outer diameter

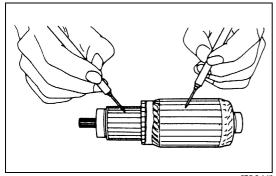
mm (in.)

kw	Standard	Limit
2.2	25 00 (4 279)	24.00 (4.220)
2.0	35.00 (1.378)	34.00 (1.339)



Armature short circuit test

Check the armature for short circuit by placing it on a growler tester. Hold a piece of hacksaw blade against the armature core while slowly rotating the armature. A short-circuited armature will cause the blade to vibrate and to be attracted by the core. If the hacksaw blade is attracted or vibrates, the armature, is short circuited, and must be replaced.

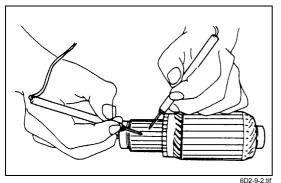


11

Armature ground test

Touch one probe of a circuit tester to the commutator segment and the other to the armature core. There should be no continuity. If there is a continuity, the armature is grounded. Replace the armature if it is grounded.



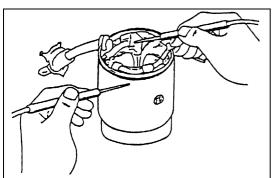




Armature continuity test

Connect the probes of a circuit tester across the 2 segments. There should be continuity at any test points. Replace if it is open-circuited.







4 YOKE

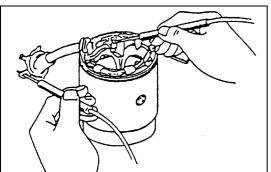
Field winding ground test

Using circuit tester, touch one probe to the field winding end or brush and the other to the bare surface of yoke body.

There should be no continuity. If the tester indicates a continuity, the field coil is grounded and yoke assembly should be replaced.

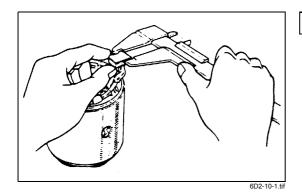


6D2-9-4.tif



Field winding continuity test

Using a circuit tester, touch one probe to the "C" terminal lead wire and the other to the brush. There should be continuity. Replace the yoke if it is open.

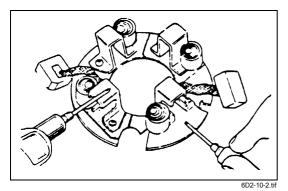


BRUSH AND BRUSH HOLDER

Measure the brush length and replace if it is worn beyond the service limit.

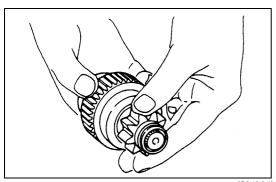
Brush length mm (in.)

kw	Standard	Limit
2.2	14.5 (0.57)	10 (0.30)
2.0	16 (0.63)	10 (0.39)



Brush holder insulation test

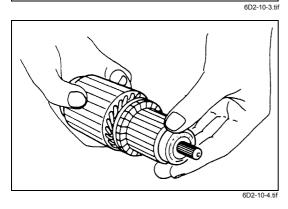
Using a circuit tester, check the brush holder insulation. Touch one probe to the holder plate and the other to the positive brush holder. There should be no continuity.



PODERRUNNING CLUTCH

Inspect the teeth of pinion for wear and damage. Replace if it damaged.

Rotate the pinion in direction of rotation (clockwise). It should rotate smoothly. But in opposite direction, it should be locked.



₽ BEARING

Check the bearings for wear and damage. If the bearings are noisy during operation, they should be replaceds.



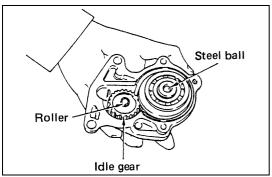
To install, follow the removal steps in the reverse order, noting the following points:

- Magnetic Switch
- Idle Gear
- Clutch assembly
- Housing
- 1) Install the clutch asm to the magnetic switch.
- 2) Install the idle gear and housing.

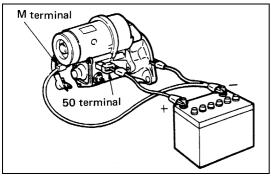
Note:

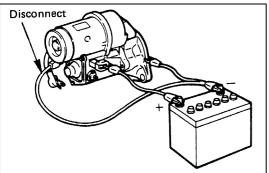
Do not fail to assemble the steel ball and the spring between the clutch and magnetic switch.

Assemble the roller to the idle gear in advance.

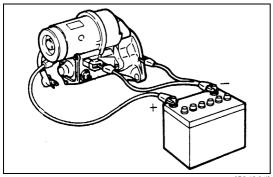


6D2-11-1.tif

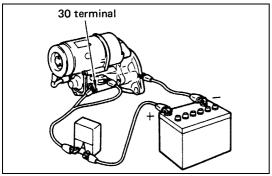




6D2-12-2.tif



6D2-12-3.tif



6D2-12-4.tif

MAGNETIC SWITCH

Temporarily connect the solenoid switch between the clutch and the housing and run the following tests. Complete each test within three to five seconds.

1. Pull-in test

Connect the battery negative terminal with the solenoid switch body and the M terminal. When current is applied to the 50 terminal from the battery positive terminal, the pinion should flutter.

2. Hold-in test

Disconnect the lead at the M terminal. The pinion should continue to flutter.

3. Return test

Connect the battery negative terminal to the 50 terminal and the body. Connect the battery positive terminal to the M terminal. The pinion will flutter. When the lead to the 50 terminal is disconnected, the pinion should immediately return to its stationary positions.

4. Current value

Make connections as shown in the illustration, and measure the current value.

Standard = 120 A or less

Note:

For a battery, be sure to use one fully charged. For lead wires, use thick ones since a large amount of current flows through them.

SECTION 6D3 CHARGING SYSTEM

CONTENTS

	PAGE
General Description	6D3 - 1
Diagnosis	6D3 - 4
On-Vehicle Service	6D3 - 5
Unit Repair	6D3 - 9

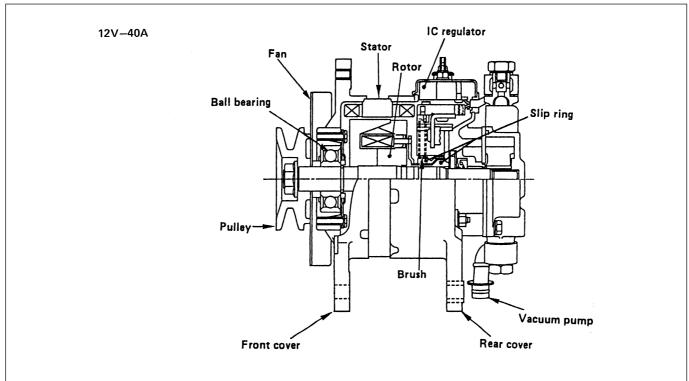
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The charging system is the IC integral regulator charging system and its main components are connected as shown in Figure.

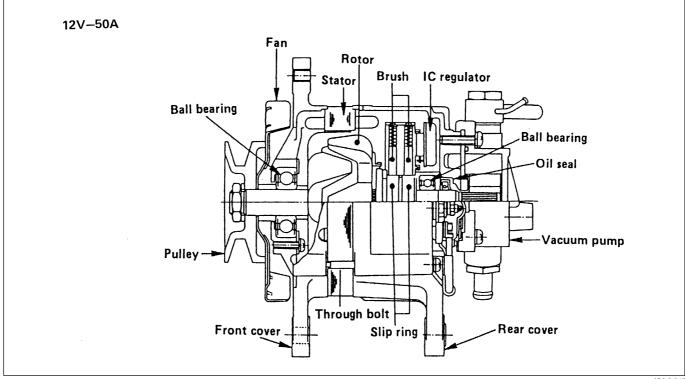
The regulator is a solid state type and it is mounted along with the brush holder assembly inside the generator installed on the rear end cover.

The generator does not require particular maintenance such as voltage adjustment. The rectifier connected to the stators coil has nine diodes to transform A.C. voltage into D.C. voltage. This D.C. voltage is connected to the output terminal of generator.

Generator

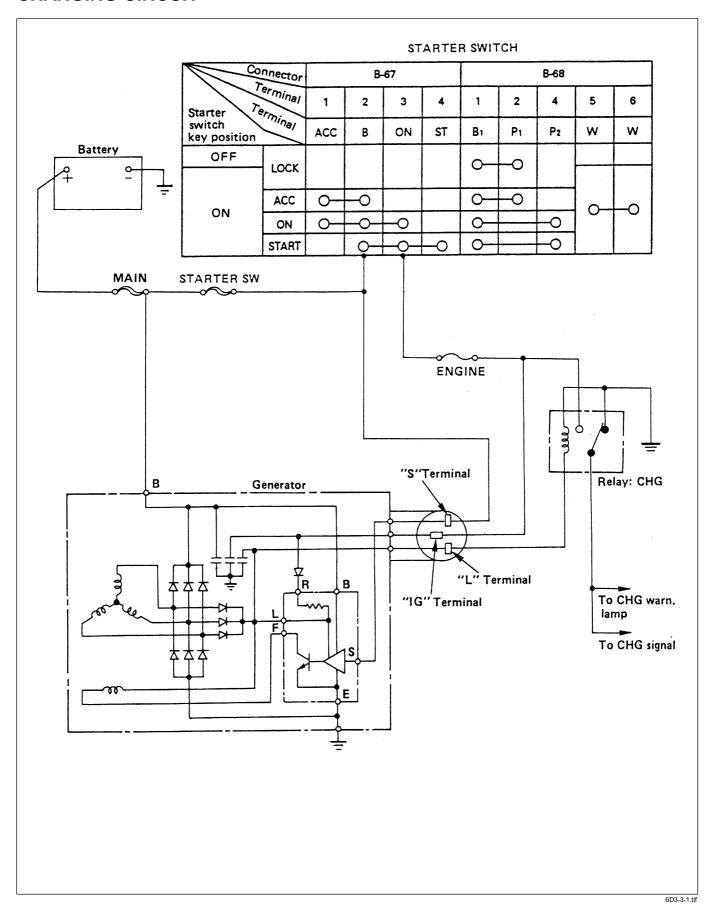


6D3-2-1.tif



6D3-2-2.tit

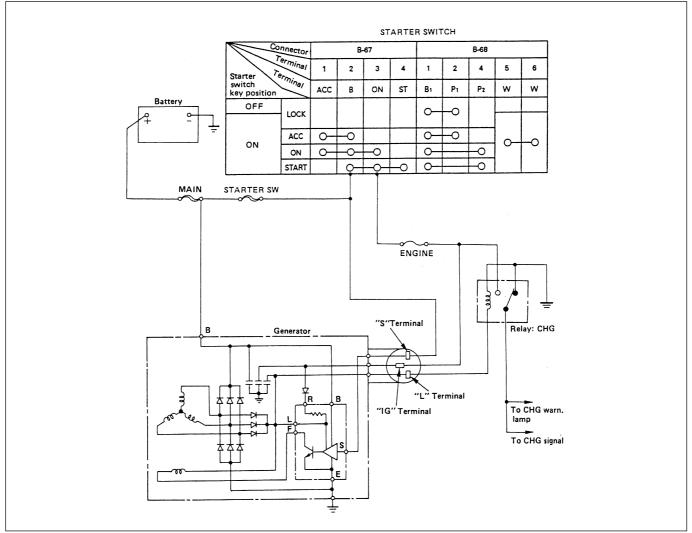
CHARGING CIRCUIT



DIAGNOSIS

GENERAL ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

The operating condition of charging system is indicated by the charge warning lamp. The warning lamp comes on when the starter switch is turned on "ON" position. The charging system operates normally if the lamp goes off when the engine starts. If the warning lamp shows abnormality or if undercharged or overcharged battery condition is suspected, perform diagnosis by checking the charging system as follows:

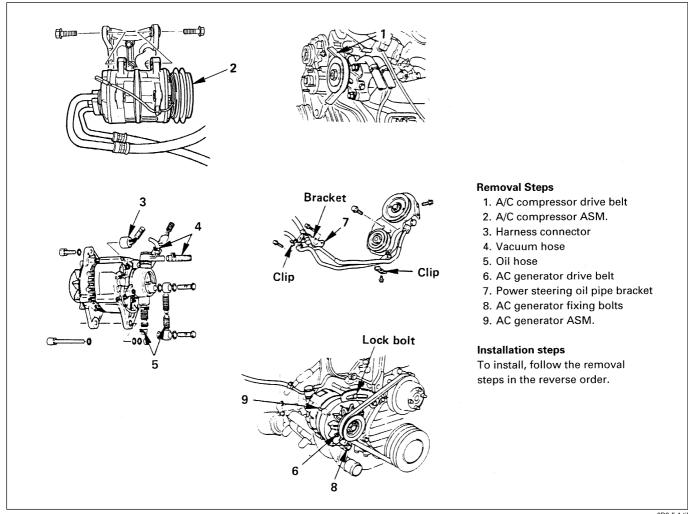


6D3-4-1.tif

- 1. Check visually the belt and wiring connector.
- 2. With the engine in stop status, turn the starter switch to "ON" position and observe the warning lamp.
- If lamp does not come on:
 Disconnect wiring connector from generator, and ground the terminal "L" on connector side.
- If lamp comes on:
 Repair or replace the generator.

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

GENERATOR



6D3-5-1.tif

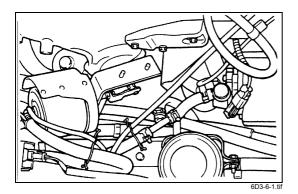
+→ REMOVAL

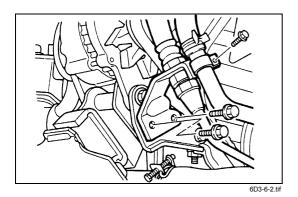
Preparation

- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- 1. A/C Compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)
 - Loosen the idler pulley lock nut
 - Loosen the adjust bolt and remove the drive belt.

2. A/C Compressor Assembly (A/C Model)

- Disconnect the clutch harness connector.
- Remove the A/C compressor fixing bolts and temporarily tighten the A/C compressor to chassis frame side use the wire.





3. Harness Connector (A/C Model)

- Disconnect the "L", "S", "IG" terminal.
- Disconnect the "B" terminal.

4. Vacuum Hose (EXH. Brake Model)

Remove the vacuum hose to vacuum tank and exhaust actuator.

5. Oil Hose

- Remove the oil hose from oil pan.
- Remove the oil hose of vacuum pump side.

6. AC Generator Drive Belt

- Loosen the adjust plate fixing bolt.
- Remove the adjust bolt.
- Loosen the AC Generator fixing bolt then remove the fan belt.

7. Power Steering Oil Pipe Bracket (P/S Model)

- Remove the oil pressure pipe bracket fixing bolt and pipe clip bolt.
- Remove the oil suction pipe clip bolt.

8. AC Generator Fixing Bolts

9. AC Generator Assembly

++ INSTALLATION

9. AC Generator Assembly

Set the AC generator.

8. AC Generator Fixing Bolts

Temporary install the AC generator fixing bolt.

7. Power Steering Oil Pipe Bracket (P/S Model)

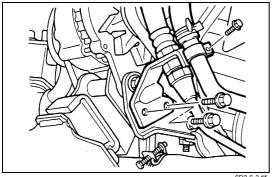
Install the oil pipe bracket and tighten bolts to the specified torque.



Pipe Bracket Bolt torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)



 Install the suction pipe clip bolt and tighten bolt to the specified torque.



Pipe Clip Bolt torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

10 (1.0/87)

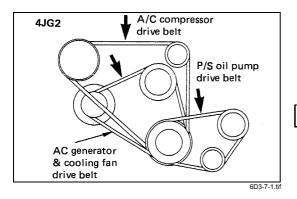
• Install the pressure pipe and suction pipe clip bolt, then tighten bolt to the specified torque.



Pipe Clip Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

10 (1.0/87)



6. AC Generator Drive Belt

- Install the AC Generator drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt mid-portion with a 98N (10kg/22lb) force.

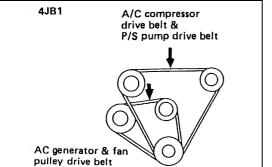


Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 10 (0.39)

Install the fixing bolt and tighten bolt to the specified torque.





Generator Fixing Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

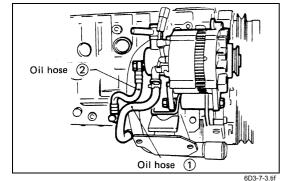
40 (4.1/30)

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Adjust Plate Fixing Bolt Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)



5. Oil Hose

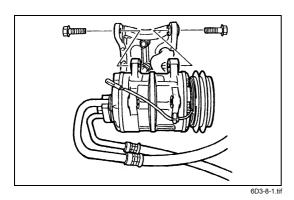
- Install the oil hose ① to vacuum pump.
- Install the oil hose ② to oil pan.

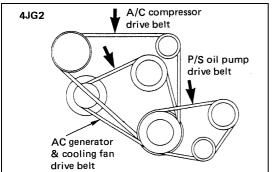
4. Vacuum Hose (EXH. Brake Model)

Install the vacuum hose to vacuum tank and exhaust actuator.

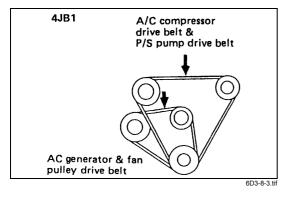
3. Harness Connector (A/C Model)

 Connect the "L", "S", "IG" terminal and "B" terminal connectors.





6D3-8-2.tif



2. A/C compressor Assembly (A/C Model)

 Install the compressor assembly and tighten bolts to the specified torque.

Compressor Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

19 (1.9/14)

Connect the magnetic switch harness connector.

1. A/C compressor Drive Belt (A/C Model)

- Install A/C compressor drive belt and adjust belt tension.
- Depress the drive belt and mid-portion with a 98N (10 kg/ 22 lb) force.

Drive Belt Deflection

mm (in)

8 (0.31) - 10 (0.39)

• Tighten the idler lock nut to the specified torque.

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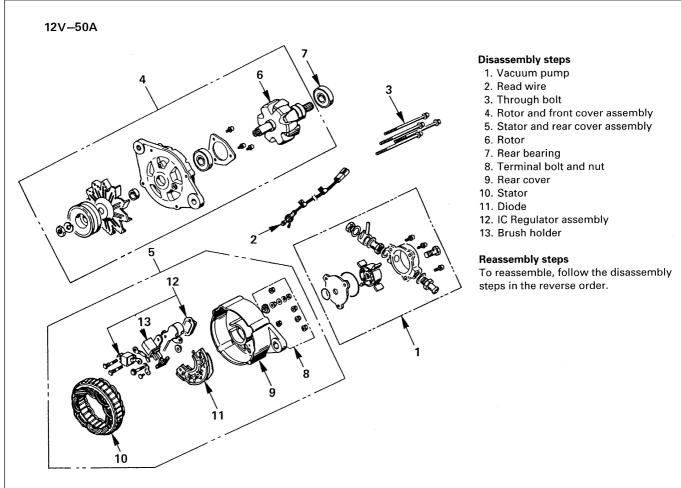
Idle Pulley Lock Nut Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

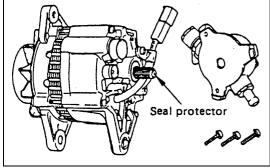
27 (2.8/20)

· Connect the battery ground cable.

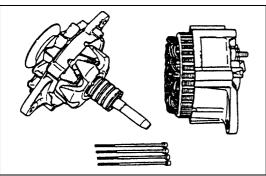
UNIT REPAIR







6D3-9-2.tif



Remove f

- Dram fluid from discharged port.
- Remove the vacuum pump fixing bolts. Hold the center plate and remove the vacuum pump horizontally in direction in line with the rotor shaft.
- 2. Read Wire
- 3. Through Bolts

⇔ DISASSEMBLY

1. Vacuum Pump

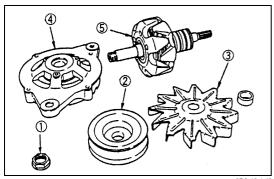
4. Rotor and Front Cover Assembly

- 5. Stator and Rear Cover Assembly
 - Insert a driver into the clearance between the front cover and the stator core, and remove the assembly.

NOTE:

Take care not to damage the stator coil with the driver. When the assembly will not come off, hold down the rear cover and hit the end face of the shaft gently with a plastic hammer to detach it.

6D3-9-3.tif



6. Rotor

With the rotor gripped with a vise, remove the pulley nut ①, and then take off the pulley ②, fan ③, front cover (4) and the rotor (5).

7. Rear Bearing

8. Terminal Bolt and Nut

9. Rear Cover

Remove the nuts fixing the B terminal and diode holder.

Separate the stator and rear cover.

Note the position of insulation washers to ensure reassembly into original position.

10. Stator

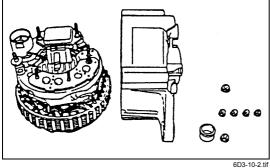
11. Diode

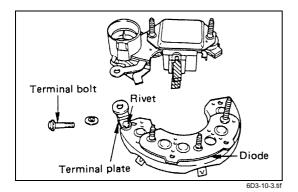
Separate the diodes from the stator by melting away solder on stator coil and diode.

When melting solder, hold the lead wire with long nose pliers to prevent heat from being transferred to the diodes.

12. IC Regulator Assembly

Separate the IC regulator from the diode by melting away solder on IC regulator holder plate and removing the nut.





wear limit

6D3-10-4.tif

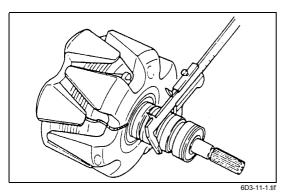
13. Brush Holder

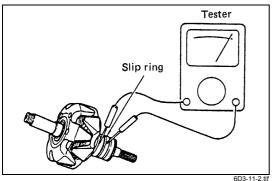
- Remove the serrated bolts and melt away solder on IC regulator.
- Do not remove the serrated bolts unless the replacement of brush or condenser.

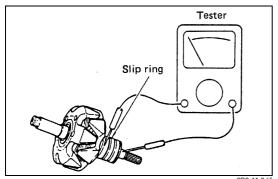
To install, follow the removal steps in the reverse order.

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

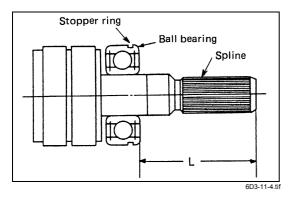
Repair or replace necessary parts if extreme wear or damage is found during inspection.

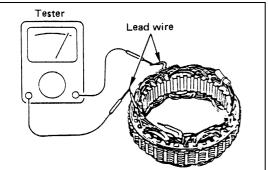






11





ROTOR

- 1. Check the rotor slip ring surfaces for contamination and roughness. If rough, polish with #500-600 sandpaper.
- 2. Measure the slip ring diameter, and replace if it exceeds the limit.

mm	/ın	١,

Standard	Limit
34.6 (1.36)	33.6 (1.32)

3. Check for continuity between slip rings, and replace if there is no continuity.

4. Check for continuity between slip ring and rotor core or slip ring and rotor shaft.

In case of continuity, replace the rotor assembly.

Rear Ball Bearing

Check to see if the ball bearing rotates smoothly with no noises.

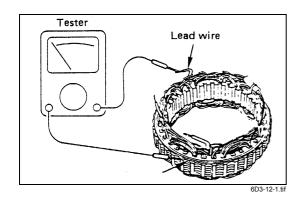
When it does not rotate smoothly or any noises are heard, replace it with a new one.

When installing the bearing, press it in with the stopper ring turned to the spline side, while pushing the bearing inner ring. Bearing press-in measurement: L

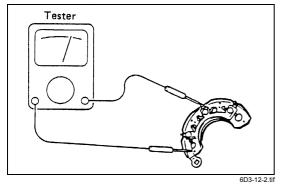
STATOR COIL

1. Check for continuity between respective phases. In case of no continuity, replace the stator.





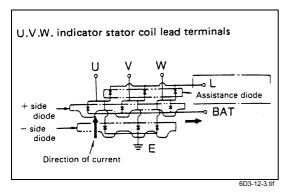
2. Check for continuity across one of the stator coils and stator core. If a continuity exists, replace the coil.



DIODE

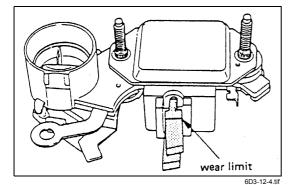
- Check for continuity across the terminal (example: across BAT and U). If a continuity exists, the diode is in satisfactory condition. If no continuity exists the diode is defective.
- Make a test with the polarities reversed. If no continuity exists, the diode is in satisfactory condition.
 If a continuity exists at any point, the diode is defective and should be replaced.

Auxiliary diodes are not provided with the terminal and continuity test should be made across the terminals of the conventional diodes.



- side diode check

Across terminals		ss terminals	BAT (Positive side (+) diodes)	
		Tester pin	Positive side	Negative side
	U.V.W	Positive side		No continuity
	U.V.VV	Negative side	Continuity	
side diode check				
Across terminals		ss terminals	E (Negative side (+) diodes)	
		Tester pin	Positive side	Negative side
U.V.W	Positive side		Continuity	
U.V.VV		Negative side	No continuity	

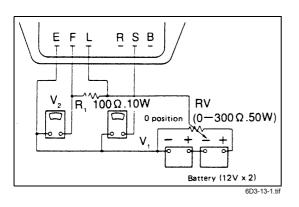


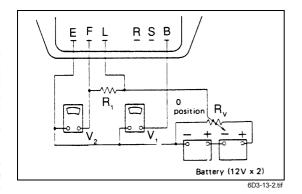
BRUSH

Measure length of brushes. Brush length (L)

	mm (in)
Standard	Limit
20 (0.79)	6 (0.24)

Brushes are provided with a line which indicates the limit of usage.





IC REGULATOR

Measuring instruments is necessary.

Take the following measurements with the instruments connected as shown in the illustration.

V1 Voltage at BAT1		V
Standard	10 - 13	
V2 Voltage across F-E		V
Standard	Limit	
2 or less	2 or more	
Take measurement with `S' terminal disconnected.		
V3 Measure the voltage at BAT1 - BAT2.		V
Standard	20 - 26	

- Measurement the voltage across the E-F while varying resistance gradually from zero using variable resistor.
 Then check that voltage increases from 2V to 10 - 13.
 If increase in voltage is interrupted at any point, replace the regulator.
- V4 Measure the voltage across the intermediate tap on variable resistor and `E' terminal without actuating the variable resistor.

		V
Standard voltage at 20°C (68°F)	14.0 - 14.9	

If measured value deviates from the standard, replace the regulator.

Check the following with the instrument connected as illustrated.

Measure the voltage across the terminals B and E by gradually increasing voltage with variable resistor RV.

Check to see if voltage increases from lower than 2V to range from 10 to 13 volts.

If the voltage does not vary, the regulator is defective and should be replaced.

Check the voltage across the intermediate tap of the variable resistor and terminal E without actuating the variable resistor.

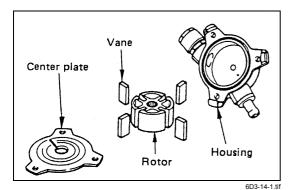
	V
Standard voltage at 20°C (68°F)	14.5 - 16.9

If measured voltage deviates from the standard value, replace the regulator.

VACUUM PUMP

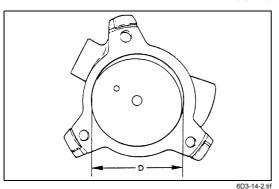
Visual check

 Inspect the following parts for wear, damage or other abnormal conditions.



Disassembly of Vacuum pump

For the center plate, rotor and vane in the mentioned.



1 Housing

 Measure the inside diameter of housing and place if it exceed the standard.

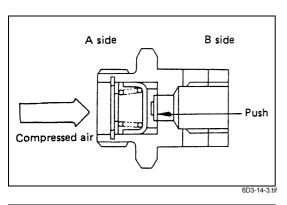
	mm (in)
Standard	57.0 - 57.1 (2.244 - 2.248)



Vane

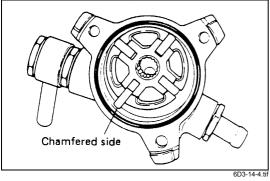
Measure the length of vanes

	mm (in)
Standard	12.5 - 13.5 (0.492 - 0.531)



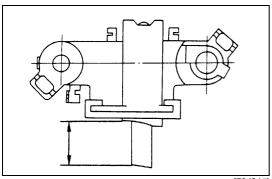
Check Valve

- 1. Apply a light pressure onto the "B" side of valve with a screw driver and check that valve operates smoothly.
- 2. Apply compressed air 1 5 kg/cm² onto "A" side of valve and check if there is air leak.

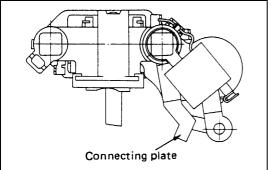


Reassembly of vacuum pump

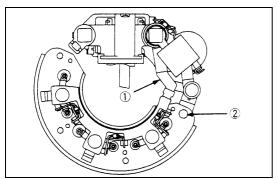
- 1. Position the rotor, with the serrated boss turned up, on the center plate and housing.
 - Align the holes in center plate and rotor.
- Install vanes into slits in rotor.
 The vanes should be installed with chamfered side turned outward.
- 3. Install the O-ring and center plate



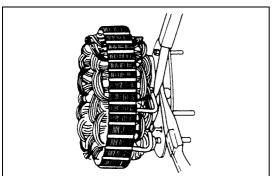
6D3-15-1.tif



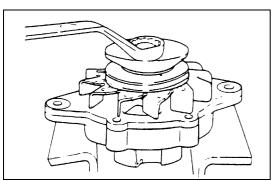
6D3-15-2.tif



6D3-15-3.tif



6D3-15-4.tif



☆ REASSEMBLY

13. Brush Holder

12. IC Regulator Assembly

- Hold the brush in the holder as shown in the illustration and solder the lead wire.
- Put the IC regulator on the brush holder and press the

Bushing and connecting plate must be installed when pressing the bolt.

11. Diode

Connect the terminals by fixing the rivet at 1 and soldering the terminal at 2.

10. Stator

When connecting stator coil leads and diode leads using solder, use long-nose pliers and finish the work as quickly as possible to prevent the heat from being transferred to the diodes.

- 9. Rear Cover
- 8. Terminal Bolt and Nut
- 7. Rear Bearing

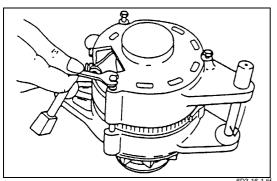
6. Rotor

Cover vice with copper plates, clamp the rotor with the vice, and tighten nut to the specified torque.



Pulley Nut Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

90 (9.2/67)





4. Rotor and Front Cover Assembly

3. Through Bolts

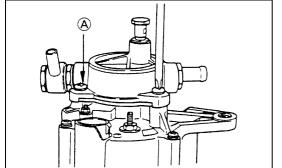
- Place guide bar through the holes in front cover and rear cover flange for alignment, then install the through bolts.
- Tighten the through bolts to the specified torque

 Through Bolts Torque

 N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

3.5 (0.36/31)





2. Read wire

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1. Vacuum Pump

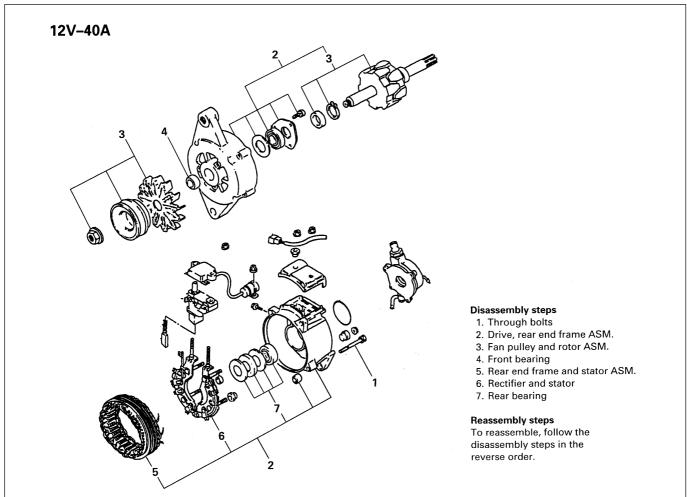
- Install and mount the housing to the generator using 3 bolts.
- Pour engine oil (5 cc or so) in through the filler port, then check that generator pulley can be turned smoothly with hand.
- Tighten the pump fixing bolts to the specified torque.

Pump Fixing Bolts Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·in)

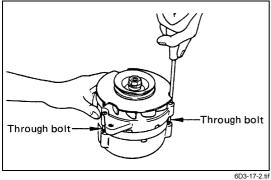
3.5 (0.36/31)

• Pour engine oil (5 cc or so) throuh the filler port, and then check the pulley for smooth rotation.

UNIT REPAIR







t |



☆ DISASSEMBLY

1. Removal of Through Bolts

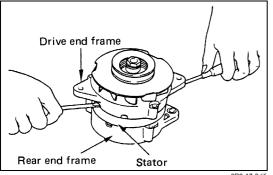
Remove the three through bolts.



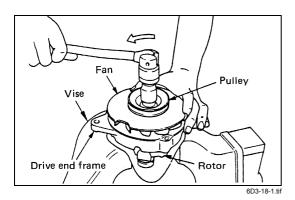
As illustrated, put a screw-driver into the notched part of the drive end frame and separate the rear end frame and stator from the drive end frame.

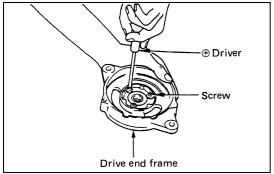
NOTE:

Be careful not to put in a screw-driver to excess so as to prevent the stator coil from being scratched.

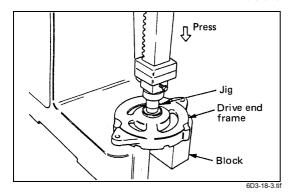


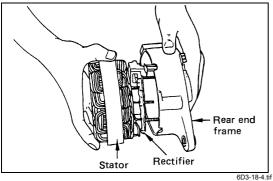
6D3-17-3.tit

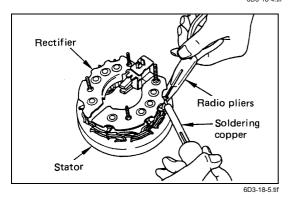




6D3-18-2.tif







3. Separation of Pulley, Fan, Drive End Frame, and Rotor Fix the rotor in a lock vice, and after removing the lock nut separate the pulley, fan, drive end frame, and rotor.

NOTE:

Be sure to fix the rotor through cloth in a vice.

4. Removal of Bearing (on the Drive End Frame Side)

Remove the ball bearing fixing screw.

As shows in the illustration, make the drive end frame parallel to a block, and then push out the bearing with a press through a jig.

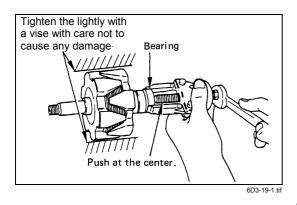
5. Separation of Rear End Frame and Rectifier & Stator Remove the nuts M5 and M6, and separate the rectifier and stator from the rear end frame.

6. Separation of Rectifier and Stator

Disconnect the stator lead wire from the rectifier by means of a soldering copper to separate the rectifier and stator from each other.

NOTE:

Since the rectifier a low resistance to heat, the work should be done quickly using radio pliers to absorb heat.



7. Removal of Bearing (on the Rear Side) [Only for Replace.]

Take out the bearing with a puller.

Insert it to see whether replacement is needed.

NOTF:

Conduct the bearing inspection mentioned below and determine whether or not the bearing be replaced.

PINSPECTION AND REPAIR

NOTE:

Standard values and limits vary with alternators, and therefore, maintenance standards for each part should be followed.

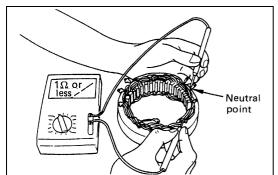
- Fan
 Check to see whether it is deformed.
- Bearing
 Turn it by hand to check for smooth and noiseless turning.
- 3) Stator
- Resistance between phases (neutral point and each phase lead wire) should be 1Ω or less.
- Insulation resistance between the core and stator coil should be $0.1M\Omega$ or more by a 500V megohmmeter.

NOTE:

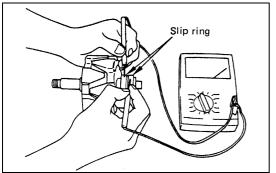
If there is no continuity, the connection of lead wire should be checked as the disconnected stator coil cannot be considered.



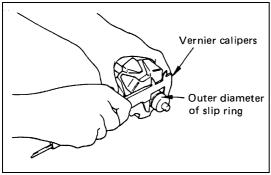
- Resistance between slip rings as shows in the illustration, about 4Ω .
- Insulation resistance between slip ring and ball core: $0.1M\Omega$ or more by 500V megohmmeter.
- Check slip rings for surface. If staind or rough, use sand paper (#300 - #500).



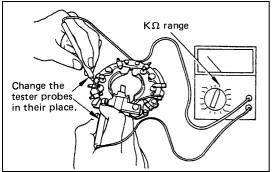
6D3-19-2.tif



6D3-19-3.ti







6D3-20-2.tit

In this case, the slip ring can be used until its outer diameter becomes 0.4 mm shorter than the initial size.

5) Rectifier

Conduct a rectifier continuity test using the $\mathsf{K}\Omega$ range of a circuit tester.

Specifically, change polarity between the rectifier and holder fin, making sure that there continuity in either one direction only. (There should not be continuity in the other direction.)

NOTE

It is impossible to judge a rectifier by the resistance in the direction of easy flow. Because of diode's characteristics, the current in the direction of easy flow changes greatly depending on the power source voltage.

Therefore, a tester's indication varies depending on its type and resistance range variation.

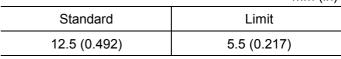
Accordingly, it must be regarded as a criterion that there is a wide difference between the resistances easy flow and the other direction.

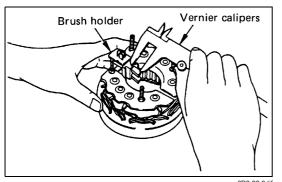
Never use a 500V megohmmeter for such a continuity test, since the rectifier may be damaged.

6) Brush

Measure the protruding length from the brush holder.

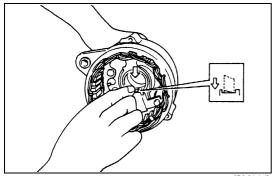
mm (in)



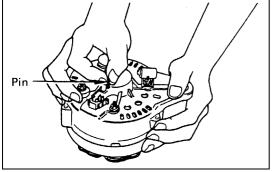




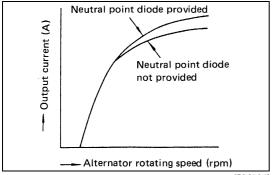
☆ REASSEMBLY



6D3-21-1.tif



6D3-21-2.tif



6D3-21-3.tif

Follow the same procedure as for disassembly in the opposite order, paying special attention to the following points:

Brush

When fitting a new brush, be sure to see it so that the free end of it is projecting 12.5mm (0.49 in) from the holder.

Rotor

Be sure to fit it after brush is supported by the brush holder.

Otherwise, the rotor cannot be fitted or the brush may be broken.

Output Characteristic

As alternator speed increases, the output gradually increases as shows in the illustration.

In other words, when alternator speed exceeds a certain limit to cause to enlarge output current, supply capacity will further increase owing to the neutral point diodes.

6D3 - 22 CHARGING SYSTEM

MEMO

DAGE

SECTION 6D6 QOSII PREHEATING SYSTEM (4JB1/4JB1T/4JB1TC ONLY)

CONTENTS

	i AG	_
General Description	6D6 -	1
System Diagram	6D6 -	2
Inspection on QOS II system Operation	6D6 -	3
QOSII System Troubleshooting	6D6 -	4

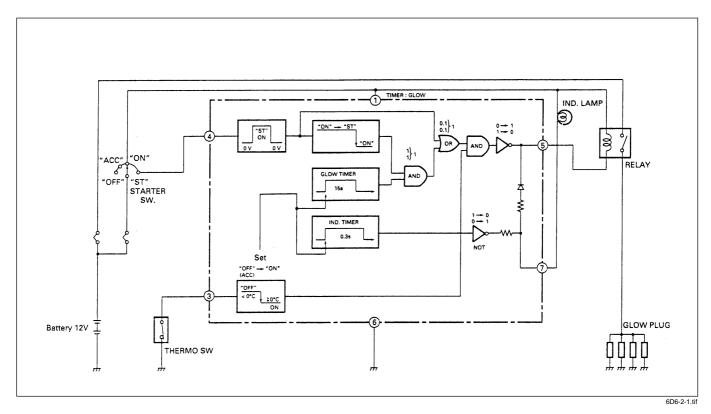
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

QOS II preheating system features a quick-on glow plug with thermometer control of the glowing time and the afterglow time function.

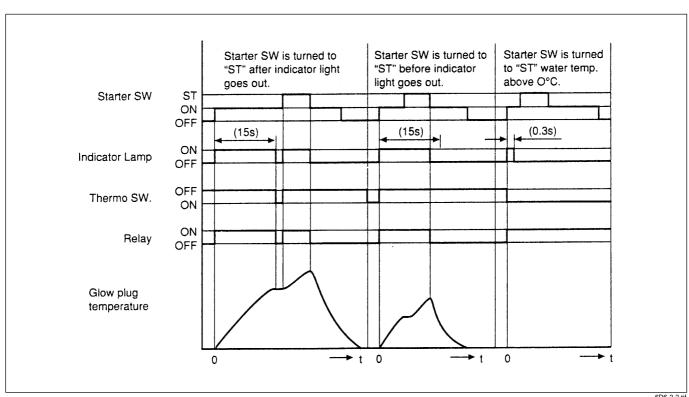
The system consists of a controller, indicator lamp, thermoswitch, relay, and glow plug (4 pcs).

With the employment of the thermoswitch, the glow time changes according to the engine coolant temperature, thus allowing optimum starting conditions to be obtained.

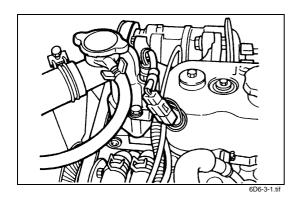
SYSTEM DIAGRAM



QOS II Timing Chart

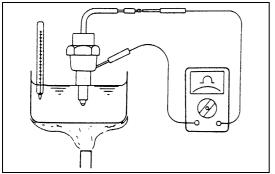


6D6-2-2.tif

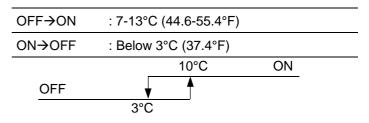


Inspection on QOSII System Operation THERMO SWITCH

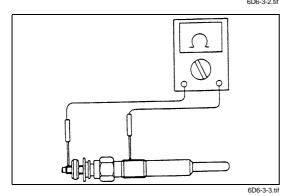
The thermo switch is located on the water outlet pipe.



Use a circuit tester to check the thermo switch for continuity.



6D6-3-2.tif



GLOW PLUG

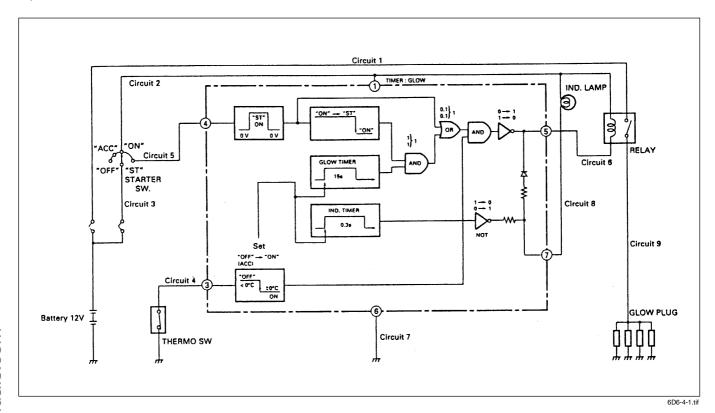
Use a circuit tester to test the glow plugs for continuity.

Glow Plug Resistance (Reference)

Ohms

Conventional model	Approximately 1.5
Quick on start model	Approximately 0.9

QOSII SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING



Problems when the water temperature of the engine is 0°C below.

Condition	Cause	
Glow plug relay will	Bad connection of FLW between battery and starter.	3
not be lit.	Bad connection or disconnection of starter SW circuit	
	Bad connection or disconnection Malfunction of other circuits occurred simultaneously.	2
	Bad starter awitch.	
	Bad connection of glow plug relay terminal.	
	Disconnection of glow plug relay excitation coil.	
	Disconnection of circuit between glow plug relay and timer.	6
	Bad glow relay. (The main contact does not pass electricity.)	
	Bad connection of timer.	
	Bad timer.	
	Bad earth circuit of timer.	7
	Bad thermoswitch. (It remains ON even in water temperature below 0°C.)	
	Earth short-circuiting of thermo SW.	7

Condition	Cause	Circuit
Through glow plug	Bad connection of FLW between battery and glow relay.	1
relay turns ON, preheating is not done.	Bad connection or disconnection in preheating circuit of glow relay main contact terminal connector.	
dono.	Bad connection between plug connector and preheating circuit	9
Glow plug relay	Bad timer.	
turns ON, but does not go OFF.	Bad timer. Short circuiting in circuit or earth between 5 terminal and glow relay.	6
ge G	Bad glow relay.	
Indication lamp is	Bad timer.	
not lit.	Burning-out of light bulb.	8

Note: Circuit No. in rectangle is shown in the previous pre-heating chart.

2) Problems when the time water temperature of the engine is 0°C or above.

Condition	Cause	Circuit
Indicator lamp is	Bad timer	
not lit	Burning-out of bulb.	8
Turn glow relay ON.	Bad thermoswitch or disconnection of thermo SW circuit. (Indicator will light up for 3.5 seconds.)	4
	Bad timer.	
	Bad timer. Short-circuiting in circuit or earth between terminals 5 and glow relay.	

Note: Circuit No. in rectangle is shown in the previous pre-heating chart.

3) Burning-out of glow plug

When only one line is burned out, it has no effect on the start up of the engine. Even if one line is burned out, judging from the characteristics of the glow plug, the impressed voltage will change only slightly. Therefore, no judgment can be made by normal testing while the glow plug is installed. In order to check for disconnections and burn-outs, the glow plugs will have to be removed from the connectors and checked one by one for continuity.

6D6 - 6 QOSII PREHEATING SYSTEM

MEMO

SECTION 6D7 QOSIII PREHEATING SYSTEM (4JG2 ONLY)

CONTENTS

	PAG	įΕ
General Description	6D7 -	1
System Diagram	6D7 -	2
Inspection on QOS III system Operation	6D7 -	5

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

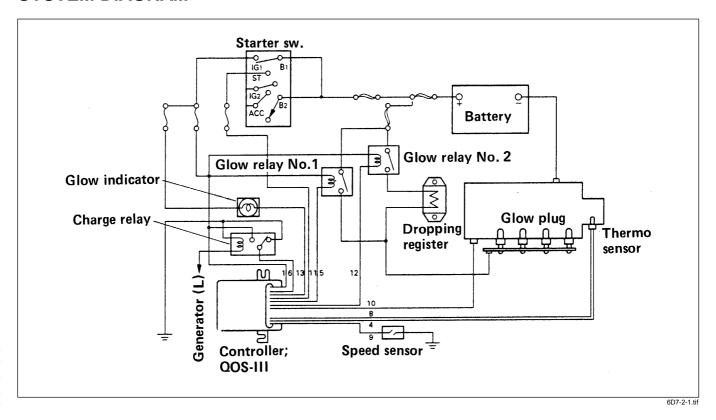
QOS III preheating system features a quick-on glow plug with thermometer control of the glowing time and the afterglow time function.

The system consists of a controller, indicator lamp, thermosensor, vehicle speedsensor, dropping resistor, relay (2 pcs), and temperature self-control type glow plug (4 pcs)

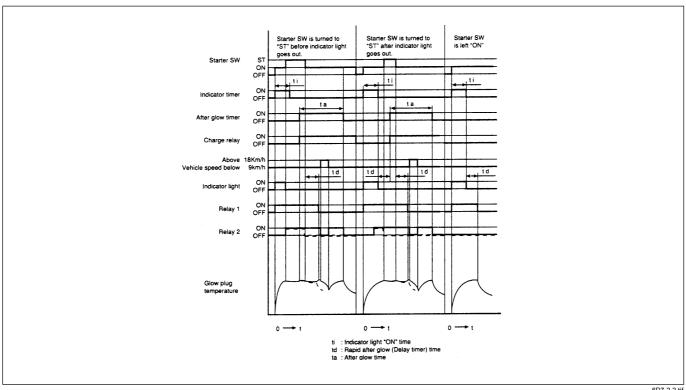
With the employment of the thermoswitch, the glow time changes according to the engine coolant temperature, thus allowing optimum starting conditions to be obtained.

The afterglow time function is controlled by thermosensor, vehicle speed sensor, and the engine runstall sensor (charge relay).

SYSTEM DIAGRAM

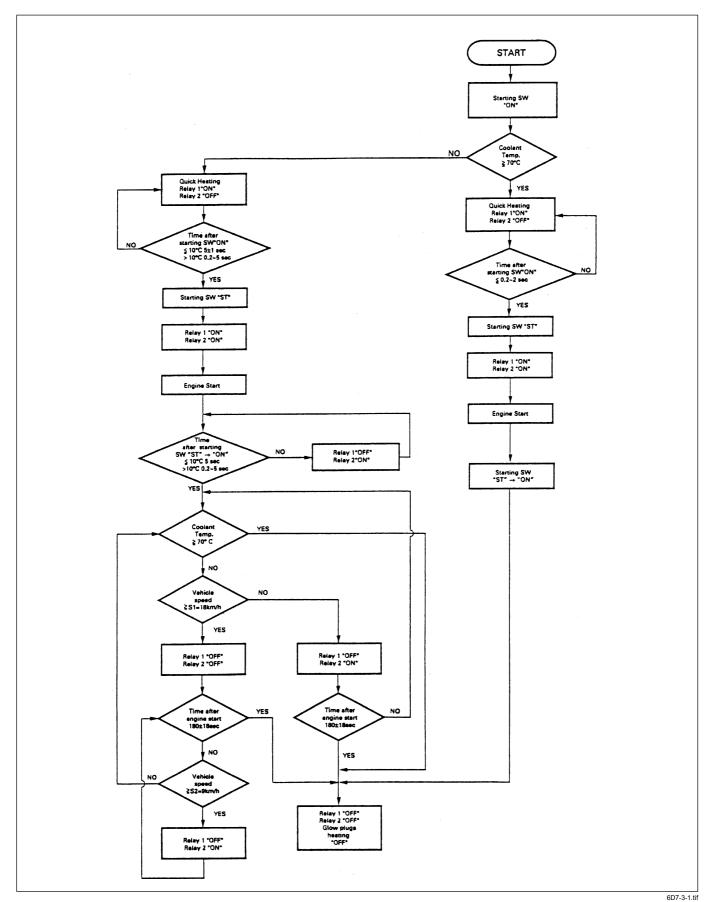


QOS II Timing Chart

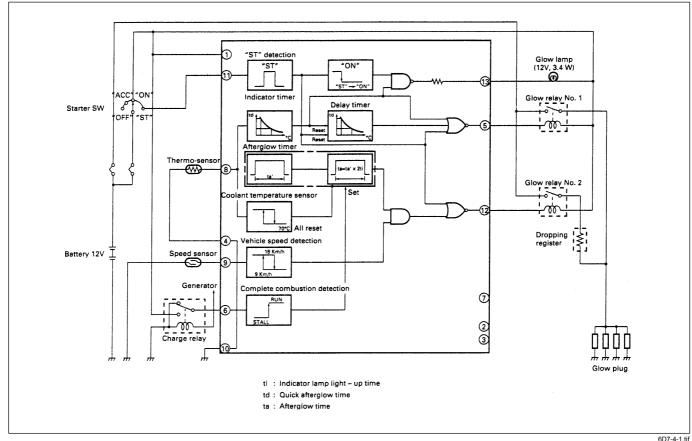


6D7-2-2.tif

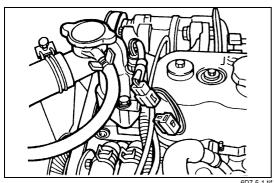
QOS III FLOW CHART

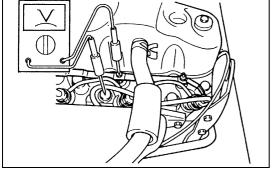


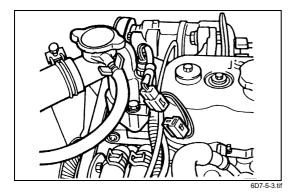
QOS III BLOCK CHART

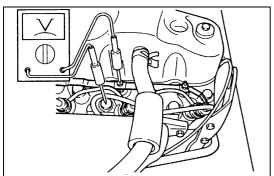


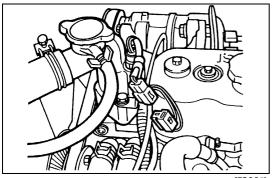
6D7-4-1.tif







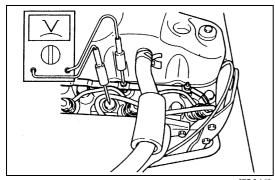




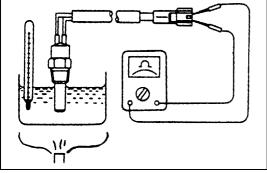
Inspection on QOSIII System Operation

- Inspection on Quick Heating Operation
- Disconnect thermo-sensor connection on the thermostat housing.
- 2. Connect the circuit tester between glow plug and engine earth.
- 3. Inspect the following items with starter switch set to ON position (but do not start the engine).
- 1) The glow indicator shall light for 1 ~ 6 sec.
- 2) The circuit tester shall indicate power supply voltage for 9 ~ 13 sec.
- If above specifications are not satisfied, inspect wire harness, glow relay and thermo-sensor. If satisfied, inspect glow plug.
- II Inspection on Quick Heating Afterglow Operation
- 1. Disconnect thermo-sensor connection on the thermostat housing.

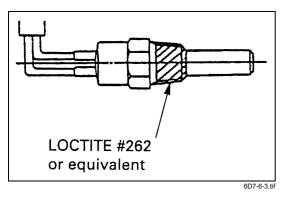
- 2. Connect the circuit tester between glow plug and engine earth.
- 3. Inspect the following item with start the engine.
- 1) The circuit tester shall indicate power supply voltage for about 5 seconds.
- If above specification is not satisfied, inspect battery voltage, engine earth, wire harness and starter switch "st" signal to control unit. If satisfied, inspect wiring harness, engine earth and starter switch.
- III Inspection on Afterglow Operation
- 1. Disconnect thermo-sensor connection on the thermostat housing.

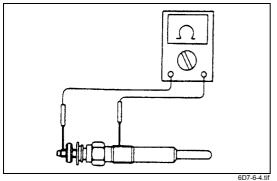






6D7-6-2.tif





- 2. Connect the circuit tester between glow plug and engine earth.
- 3. Inspect the following items with start the engine.
- 1) The circuit tester shall indicate about 7 volts after 360 seconds of engine start.
- If above specifications are not satisfied, inspect battery voltage, engine earth, wiring harness, glow plug, dropping resistor, relay No. 2 and charge relay.

THERMO SENSOR

Measure the resistance depending on the water temperature as shown in the left figure. (Measuring range: 10°C ~ 50°C)

Temperature	Current (mA)	Resistance (KW)
20 ± 1	1.0	2.0 ~ 3.0
50 ± 1	1.0	0.68 ~ 1.0

When installing the thermo sensor, apply sealant (Loctite #262 or equivalent) to narrowed portion in the left figure to prevent water leakage

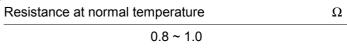
Torque		N·m (kg·m/lb·in)
	8 (0.8/69)	

GLOW PLUG

Inspect the resistance

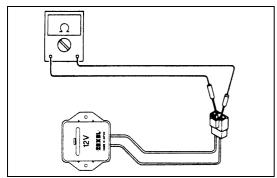


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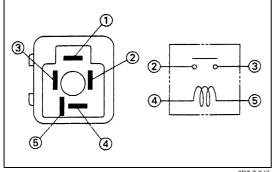
Torque N·m (kg·m/lb·ft) 23 (2.3/17)



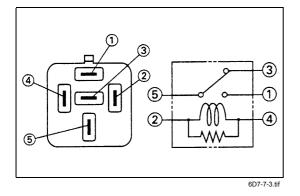
DROPPING RESISTOR

Inspect the resistance

Resistance of normal ambient temperature m	
225 ~ 255	



6D7-7-2.tif



GLOW PLUG RELAY

Inspect the continuity

2 - 3	No Continuity
If apply the battery voltage to terr	ninal between ④ - ⑤
2 - 3	Continuity

CHARGE RELAY

Inspect the continuity

3 - 5	Continuity
① - ⑤	No Continuity

If apply the battery voltage to terminal between $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Q}}$ - $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$

3 - 5	No Continuity
1 - 5	Continuity

6D7 - 8 QOSIII PREHEATING SYSTEM

MEMO

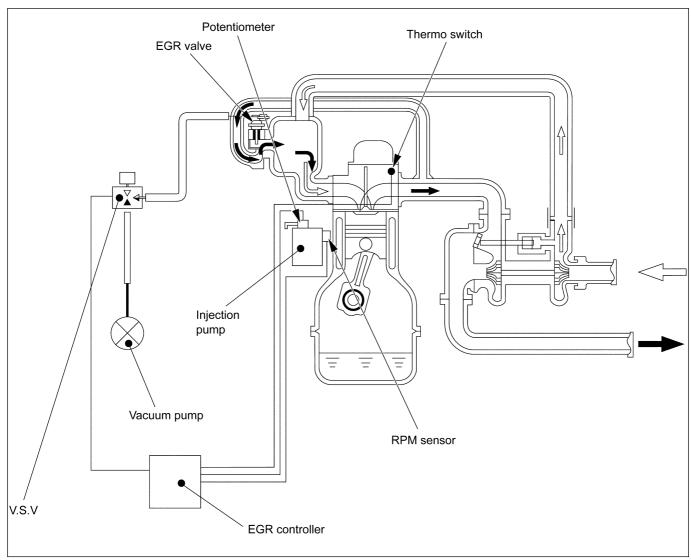


SECTION 6E EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION (EGR) SYSTEM

CONTENTS

	PAGE
General Description	6E -2
EGR System Wiring Diagram	6E -3
EGR System Operation	6E -3
EGR System Check	6E -4
Inspection	6E -5

GENERAL DESCRIPTION



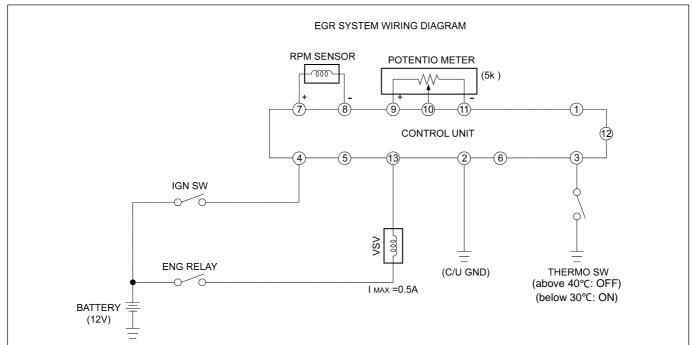
D06LX001.tif

This system controls the formation of NOx emission by recirculating the exhaust gas into the combustion chamber through the intake manifold.

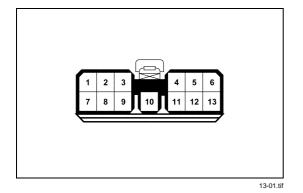
The EGR valve are controlled by VSV, also VSV are controlled by EGR controller according to signals from RPM sensor and Potentiometer.

The amount of EGR depends on the number of engine rotations and the opening of the accelerator.

EGR SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM



826LX007.tif



1. CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT

No.	CONNECTOR NAME
1	-
2	Battery (-) c/u GND
3	Thermo Switch
4	Battery (+)
5	-
6	-
7	rpm Signal (+)
8	rpm Signal (-)
9	Potentio Meter (+)
10	Potentio Meter
11	Potentio Meter (-)
12	-
13	VSV

VSV EGR MAP (%) 39 37 96 97 98 34 VSV OFF 1550 1950 2600 1750 2050

EGR SYSTEM OPERATION

- 1) On the input side of engine speed, there is provided a hysteresis of 50 rpm on the speed rising side.
- 2) It does not work until 70 sec, pass after engine start.
- 3) It does not work while the water temperature switch is on (30°C or lower).
- 4) While engine speed drops from 3,800 rpm or higher, it does not work for 25 sec.

Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) System Check

Step	Action	Value (s)	Yes	No
1	Check the EGR valve for looseness. Is the EGR valve loose?	-	Go to Step 2	Go to Step 3
2	Tighten the EGR valve. Is the action complete?	-	Verify repair	-
3	 Engine "OFF." Ignition "ON." Using test light to ground, check the EGR harness between the EGR valve and ignition feed. Does the test light illuminate? 	-	Go to Step 5	Go to Step 4
4	Repair the EGR harness ignition feed. Was the problem corrected?	-	Verify repair	Go to Step 5
5	Remove the EGR valve. Visually and physically inspect the EGR valve pintle, valve passages and adapter for excessive deposits, obstructions or any restrictions. Does the EGR valve have excessive deposits, obstructions or any restrictions?	-	Go to Step 6	Go to Step 7
6	Clean or replace EGR system components as necessary. Was the problem corrected?	-	Verify repair	Go to Step 7
7	 Remove the EGR inlet and outlet pipes from the intake and exhaust manifolds. Visually and physically inspect manifold EGR ports and EGR inlet and outlet pipes for blockage or restriction caused by excessive deposits or other damage. Do the manifold EGR ports or inlet and outlet pipes have excessive deposits, obstructions, or any restrictions? 	-	Go to Step 8	EGR system working properly. No problem found.
8	Clean or replace EGR system components as necessary. Is the action complete?	-	Verify repair	-

2pin Port O56LW026.tf

INSPECTION

1

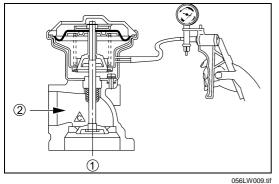
Vacuum Switch Valve (VSV)

Check the resistance between the VSV connector terminals using a circuit tester.

Cold Resistance: 37 - 44 (Ω) (for 12 volt)

Connect battery voltage between VSV connector terminals and

make sure of the continuity between the ports.



[0

EGR Valve

With negative pressure applied to the diaphragm chamber, make sure that the valve is smoothly actuated to make the area between (1) and (2) ventilated.

Startup: About -18.66±2.67 Kpa (-140±20 mmHg)

Check to see if EGR valve is normally actuated under the following conditions:

QWS off (After warming up)

Engine coolant temp: 80°C or higher

ILLUSTRATION	TOOL NO. TOOL NAME
	5-8840-0366-0
6E-143-1.tif	High Impedance Multimeter (Digital Voltmeter- DVM)
Collina Collin	5-8840-0279-0
6E-143-3.tif	Vacuum Pump with Gauge

6E-6 EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION (EGR) SYSTEM

MEMO



SECTION 6F ENGINE EXHAUST

▽ CAUTION:

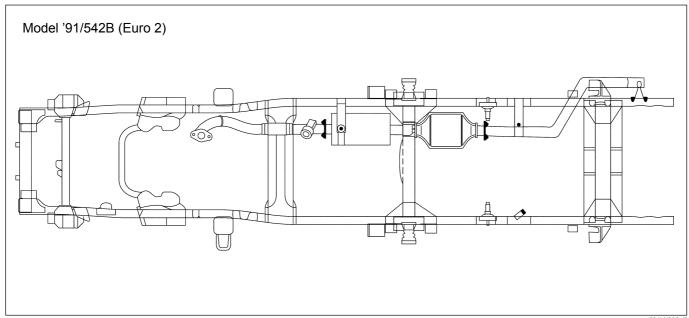
Exhaust system components must have enough clearance from the underbody to prevent overheating

of the floor pan and possible damage to the passenger compartment, insulation and trim materials.

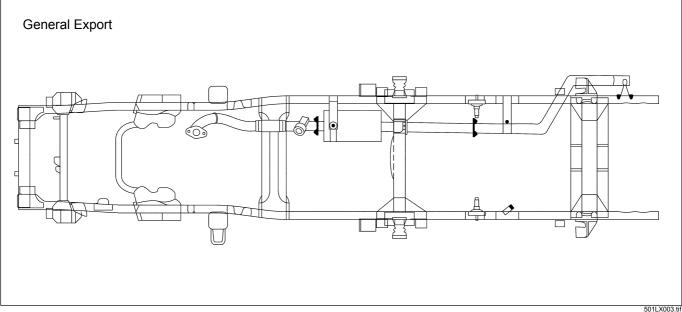
CONTENTS

	PAGE
General Description	6F - 2
Three Way Catalytic Converter	6F - 3
On-Vehicle Service	6F - 4
Front Exhaust Pipe	6F - 4
Exhaust Brake Unit	6F - 5
Inspection	6F - 5

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

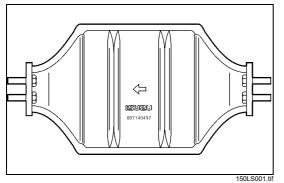


501LX002.tif



When inspecting or replacing exhaust system components, make sure there is adequate clearance from all points on the underbody to prevent overheating of the floor pan and possible damage to the passenger compartment insulation and trim materials.

Check complete exhaust system and nearby body areas and rear compartment lid for broken, damaged, missing or mispositioned parts, open seams, holes, loose connections or other deterioration which could permit exhaust fumes to seep into the rear compartment or passenger compartment. Dust or water in the rear compartment may be an indication of a problem in one of these areas. Any faulty areas should be corrected immediately.



THREE WAY CATALYTIC CONVERTER

The three way catalytic converter is an emission control device added to the exhaust system to reduce pollutants from the exhaust gas stream.

$\overline{\ }$

CAUTION:

 The catalytic converter requires the use of unleaded fuel only.

Periodic maintenance of the exhaust system is not required. If the vehicle is raised for other service, it is advisable to check the condition of the complete exhaust system.

A dual bed monolith catalytic converter is used in combination with three way catalytic converter. Catalytic Types:

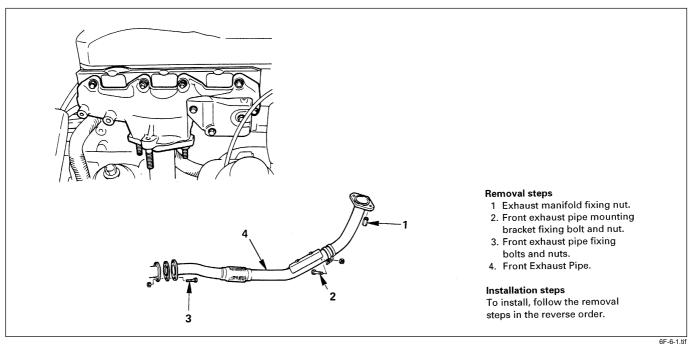
Three way (Reduction/Oxidation) catalyst
The catalyst coating on the three way (reduction)
converter contains platinum and rhodium which lowers the
levels of oxide of nitrogen (NOx) as well as hydrocarbons
(HC) and carbon monoxide (Co).

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

Rattles and noise vibrations in the exhaust system are usually caused by misalignment of parts. When aligning the system, leave all bolts or nuts loose until all parts are properly aligned; then tighten, working from front to rear.

- 1. Check connections for looseness or damage, especially for exhaust gas leakage.
- 2. Check clamps and rubbers for weakness, cracks or damage.
- 3. If any part of the converter heat shield is damaged or dented to the extent that it contacts the catalyst, repair or replace.
- 4. Check for dents or damage and for any holes or cracks caused by corrosion.

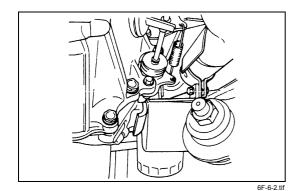
FRONT EXHAUST PIPE



+→ REMOVAL

Preparation:

- Battery ground cable
- 1. Exhaust manifold fixing nuts.
 - Remove two fixing nuts from exhaust manifold and front pipe.
- 2. Front exhaust pipe mounting bracket fixing bolt and
- 3. Front exhaust pipe fixing bolts and nuts.
 - Remove two bolts fixed from front pipe and center pipe.
- 4. Front exhaust pipe.
 - Take out the exhaust pipe to another side.



++ INSTALLATION

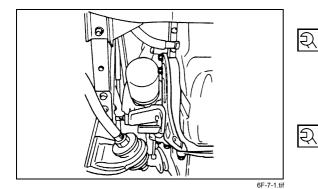
- 4. Front exhaust pipe.
- 3. Front exhaust pipe fixing bolts and nuts.



Tighten the fixing nuts to the specified torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

50 (5.1/37)



2. Front exhaust pipe mounting bracket fixing bolt and nut.

Tighten the fixing bolt to the specified torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

40 (4.1/30)

1. Exhaust manifold fixing nuts



Tighten the fixing nuts to the specified torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

69 (7/51)

- · Connect battery ground cable.
- After assembling each part, start the engine to check for any leakage of gas at each connection.

Exhaust Brake Unit

vacuum pump.

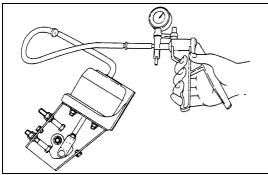
INSPECTION

Operational inspection

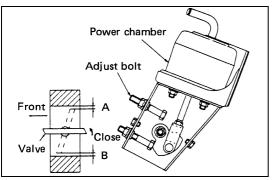
 With the engine idling, operate the exhaust brake to check for the sound of the valve hitting against the stopper.

Unit inspection

 Check to see if the exhaust valve opens and closes smoothly when the power chamber is applied with a negative pressure (400 mmHg - 700 mmHg) by the vacuum pump.



6F-5-2.tif



When the clearance is outside this range, adjust the clearance with the adjust bolt.

negative pressure (650 mmHg - 700 mmHg) by the

Check to see if the clearance between the valve and the body is in the range of 0.1 mm - 0.2 mm (the

minimum of 0.1 mm) on an average of the points "A" and "B" when the power chamber is applied with a

6F-5-3.tif

6F - 6 ENGINE EXHAUST

MEMO



SECTION 6G TURBOCHARGER

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Turbocharger Servicing	6G - 4
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Disassembly	6G - 5
Inspection and Repair	6G - 7
Reassembly	6G - 9
IHI Service Net work	6G -11

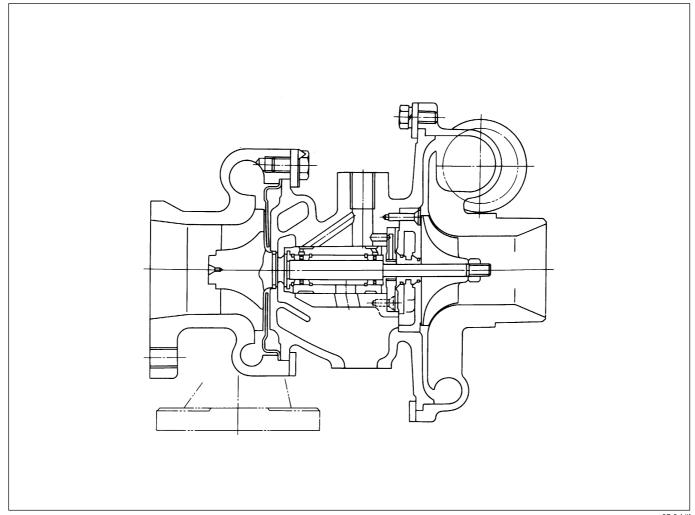
TURBOCHARGER

MAIN DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS

Model		IHI RHF 4H	IHI RHB 5
Turbine type		Mixed-flow	Radial-inflow
Compressor type		Ce	entrifugal
Maximum permissible speed	rpm	1	180,000
Wastegate opening pressure	kPa (mmHg)	109 ± 4.4 (815 ± 33)	120 ± 4.8 (898 ± 36)
Weight	N (kg/lb)	41 (4.2/9.3)	l 45 (4.6/10.1)

IHI: Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industries., Ltd.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION



6G-3-1.tif

The turbocharger internal mechanism consists of the turbine wheel, the compressor wheel, and the radial bearings. These parts are supported by the bearing housing.

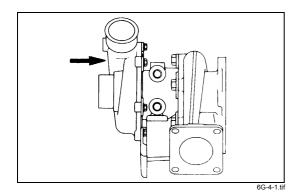
The turbocharger external mechanism consists of the compressor housing air intake port and the turbine housing air exhaust port.

The turbocharger increases air intake efficiency. This results in increased engine power, reduced fuel consumption, and minimal engine noise.

The turbocharger operates at very high speeds and temperatures. Part materials have been carefully selected and machined to extremely high precision.

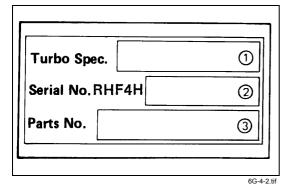
Turbocharger servicing requires great care and expertise.

If reduced performance is noted, check the engine for damage or wear. If there is no apparent engine damage or wear, trouble with the turbocharger is indicated.



IDENTIFICATION OF UNIT

The turbocharger nameplate gives the date of manufacture and other important information required to identify the unit when service inquiries are made.



The turbocharger nameplate has the following information stamped on it.

- Turbocharger Specification Number, Production Year and Month
- ② Production Date, Serial Number
- ③ ISUZU Parts Number

TURBOCHARGER SERVICING

- 1. Refer to TROUBLESHOOTING in this Manual to determine whether or not turbocharger repair or overhaul is required.
- 2. The following procedures should also be performed (either with the turbocharger on the vehicle or removed from the vehicle but not disassembled) to determine whether or not turbocharger repair or overhaul is required.
 - Visual checks
 - Clearance measurements
 - * End play measurements

Refer to INSPECTION AND REPAIR

3. The turbocharger compressor and turbine housing may be removed from the center housing and rotating assembly (CHRA) for further visual inspection.

Refer to DISASSEMBLY and REASSEMBLY.

PRECAUTIONS

Turbocharger servicing requires great care and expertise.

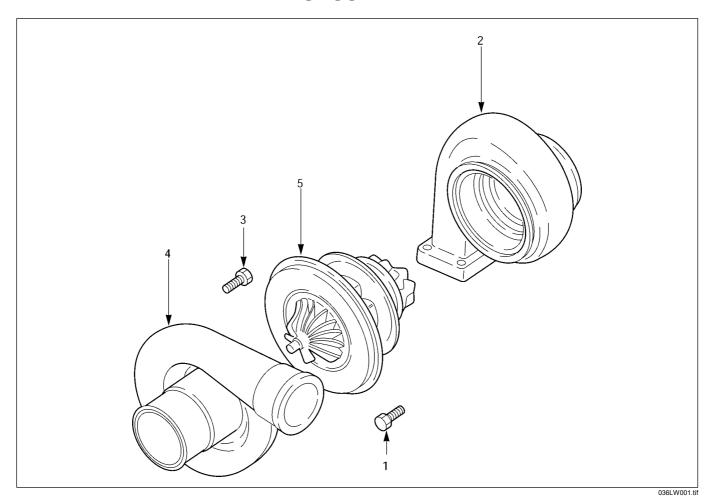
Faulty turbocharger servicing procedures can result in serious damage to pistons, valves, cylinder liners, and other important engine parts.

ISUZU does not recommended the performance of any servicing procedure not specified described in this Manual. Contact your nearest IHI service facility to have the turbocharger assembly repaired or overhauled.

The identification plate and assembly number will be required by the service facility.

A list of IHI Turbocharger Service Network locations is given at the end of this Section.

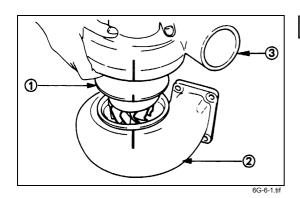
DISASSEMBLY



Disassembly Steps

- 1. Bolt
- 2. Turbine housing
- 3. Bolt

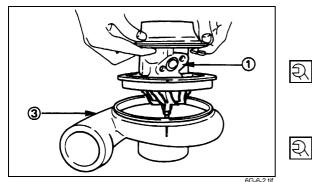
- 4. Compressor housing
- 5. Center housing and rotating assembly



→ Disassembly Steps

1. Bolt

Apply a setting mark across the center housing and rotating assembly (1), the turbine housing (2), and the compressor housing (3).



2. Turbine Housing

- 3. Bolt
- 4. Compressor Housing
- 5. Center Housing and Rotating Assembly
 - 1) Loosen the bolts.
 - 2) Disassembly the parts.

Handle the parts with extreme care.

Be particularly careful not to damage the turbine wheel blades and the compressor wheel blades. Take care not to allow foreign material to enter the center housing.



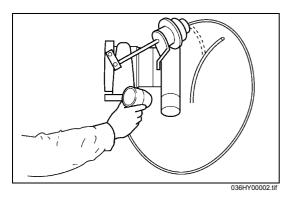
Disassembly and servicing of the center housing and rotating assembly is not recommended.

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Make the necessary adjustments, repairs, and part replacements if excessive wear or damage is discovered during inspection.

> Minor servicing operations are described in this Section. Contact the nearest IHI SERVICE FACILITY for major repairs and maintenance.

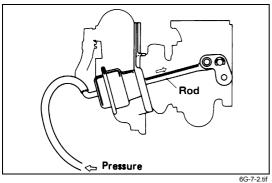
> Refer to "IHI SERVICE NETWORK" at the end of this Section.



Turbocharger pressure check

- (1) Remove the waste gate control chamber connecting hose.
- (2) Connect the pressure gauge.
- (3) Start the engine and gradually increase the engine speed (the vehicle must be stationary with no load applied to the engine).
- (4) Check to see that turbocharger pressure rises to approximately 500 mmHg.

Pressure Gauge: 5-8840-0075-0



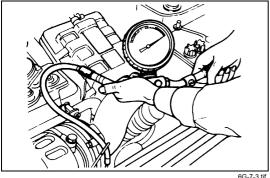
Waste gate operation check

- (1) Remove the hose between the waste gate control chamber and the intake pipe.
- (2) Connect the pressure gauge.
- (3) Check to see that the rod begins to move when a pressure of approximately 665 mmHg is applied to the waste gate, control chamber.

NOTE:

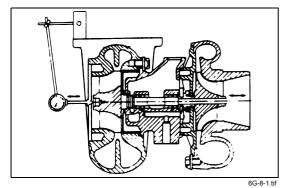
Do not apply a pressure greater than 1467mmHg (196 kPa) to the waste gate during this check.

(4) Check to see the pressure required to move the control rod 2 mm is within the limits shown below.



mmHg (kPa)
± 36 (120 ± 4.8)
± 33 (109 ± 4.4)

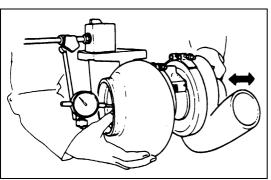
Important wheel shaft end play and bearing clearance standards and limits are included below for your reference.



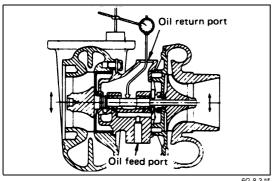
Wheel Shaft End Play

Use a dial indicator to measure the wheel shaft end play. Apply a force of 1.2 kg (2.6 lb/11.8N) alternately to the compressor wheel end and the turbine wheel end.

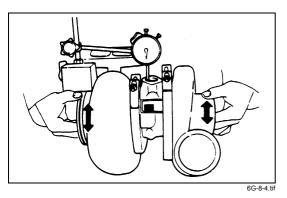
Wheel Shaft End Play	mm (in)
Standard	Limit
0.02 - 0.08 (0.0008 - 0.0031)	0.09 (0.0035)







6G-8-3.tif

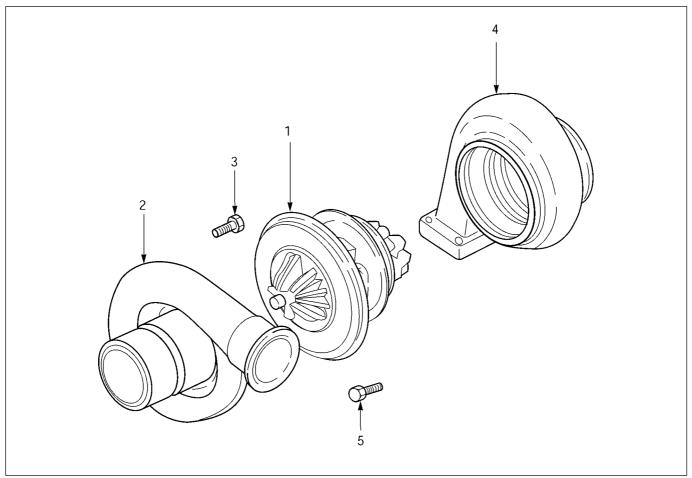


Wheel Shaft and Bearing Clearance

Use a dial indicator to measure the wheel shaft and bearing clearance.

Wheel Shaft and Bearing Clea	rance mm (in)
Standard	Limit
0.07 - 0.12 (0.0028 - 0.0047)	0.16 (0.0063)

REASSEMBLY

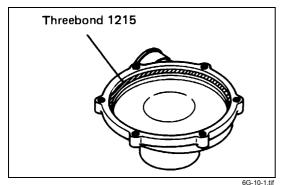


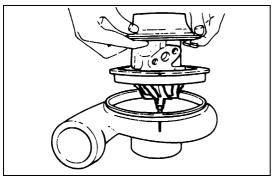
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Reassembly Steps

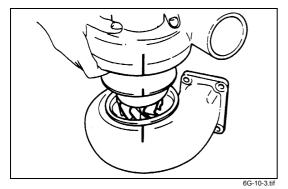
- 1. Center housing and rotating assembly
- 2. Compressor housing
- 3. Bolt

- 4. Turbine housing
- 5. Bolt





6G-10-2.tif



|**⊹**- Reassembly Steps



- **Center Housing and Rotating Assembly**
- **Compressor Housing** 2.
- **Bolt**



- 1) Apply Threebond 1215 or equivalent to flange surface of compressor housing shown in the illustration.
- 2) Align the setting marks (applied at disassembly) on the center housing and rotating assembly and the compressor housing.
 - Handle the parts with extreme care to avoid damaging the compressor wheel blades.
- 3) Apply and anti-seizing agent (LOCTITE ANTISEIZE LUBRICANT or the equivalent) to the new bolt threads.
- 4) Install the new bolts to the compressor housing.
- 5) Tighten the bolts to the specified torque.

Compressor Housing Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

4.7 (0.5/3.5)

Turbine Housing

Lock Plate and Bolt



1) Align the setting marks (applied at disassembly) on the center housing and rotating assembly and the turbine housing.

Handle the parts with extreme care to avoid damaging the trubine shaft wheel blade.

- 2) Apply and anti-seizing agent (LOCTITE ANTISEIZE LUBRICANT or the equivalent) to the bolt.
- 3) Tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Turbine Housing Bolt Torque

N·m (kg·m/lb·ft)

28.0 (2.85/20.6)

4) Check that the rotating assembly turns smoothly.



IHI SERVICE NETWORK

For inquiries relating to turbochargers, please contact your ISUZU distributor or the nearest IHI Turbocharger Service Facility.

HEADQUARTERS

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General Machinery Division

Tokyo Chuo Building 1-6-2 Marunouchi Chiyoda-ku

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FAX: 62-(21)-32-3273 TLX: 44175 IHIJKT

LG4J-WE-9491

You are requested to order this manual using the manual number that is shown above.

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Issued by ISUZU MOTORS LIMITED

INTERNATIONAL SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Tokyo, Japan

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