

OWNER'S SERVICE MANUAL

YZ450F(V)

2S2-28199-80

YZ450F(V)
OWNER'S SERVICE MANUAL
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INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your purchase of a Yamaha YZ series. This model is the culmination of Yamaha's vast experience in the production of pacesetting racing machines. It represents the highest grade of craftsmanship and reliability that have made Yamaha a leader.

This manual explains operation, inspection, basic maintenance and tuning of your machine. If you have any questions about this manual or your machine, please contact your Yamaha dealer.

NOTE: _

Yamaha continually seeks advancements in product design and quality. Therefore, while this manual contains the most current product information available at the time of printing, there may be minor discrepancies between your machine and this manual. If you have any questions concerning this manual, please consult your Yamaha dealer.

WARNING

PLEASE READ THIS MANUAL CAREFULLY AND COMPLETELY BEFORE OPERATING THIS MACHINE. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO OPERATE THIS MACHINE UNTIL YOU HAVE **ATTAINED** Α **SATISFACTORY** KNOWLEDGE OF ITS CONTROLS AND **OPERATING FEATURES AND UNTIL YOU** HAVE BEEN TRAINED IN SAFE AND PROPER RIDING TECHNIQUES. REGULAR INSPECTIONS AND CAREFUL MAINTE-NANCE, ALONG WITH GOOD RIDING SKILLS, WILL ENSURE THAT YOU SAFETY **ENJOY THE CAPABILITIES AND THE RELI-ABILITY OF THIS MACHINE.**

IMPORTANT NOTICE

THIS MACHINE IS DESIGNED STRICTLY FOR COMPETITION USE, ONLY ON A CLOSED COURSE. It is illegal for this machine to be operated on any public street, road, or highway. Off-road use on public lands may also be illegal. Please check local regulations before riding.

A SAFETY INFORMATION

- 1. THIS MACHINE IS TO BE OPERATED BY AN EXPERIENCED RIDER ONLY.

 Do not attempt to operate this machine at maximum power until you are totally familiar with its characteristics.
- 2. THIS MACHINE IS DESIGNED TO BE RIDDEN BY THE OPERATOR ONLY.

 Do not carry passengers on this machine.
- 3. ALWAYS WEAR PROTECTIVE APPAREL.

When operating this machine, always wear an approved helmet with goggles or a face shield. Also wear heavy boots, gloves, and protective clothing. Always wear proper fitting clothing that will not be caught in any of the moving parts or controls of the machine.

- 4. ALWAYS MAINTAIN YOUR MACHINE IN PROPER WORKING ORDER.
 - For safety and reliability, the machine must be properly maintained. Always perform the pre-operation checks indicated in this manual. Correcting a mechanical problem before you ride may prevent an accident.
- 5. GASOLINE IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.
 Always turn off the engine while refueling. Take care to not spill any gasoline on the engine or exhaust system.
 Never refuel in the vicinity of an open flame, or while smoking.

- 6. GASOLINE CAN CAUSE INJURY.
 - If you should swallow some gasoline, inhale excess gasoline vapors, or allow any gasoline to get into your eyes, contact a doctor immediately. If any gasoline spills onto your skin or clothing, immediately wash skin areas with soap and water, and change your clothes.
- 7. ONLY OPERATE THE MACHINE IN AN AREA WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION.

Never start the engine or let it run for any length of time in an enclosed

Exhaust fumes are poisonous. These fumes contain carbon monoxide, which by itself is odorless and colorless. Carbon monoxide is a dangerous gas which can cause unconsciousness or can be lethal.

- 8. PARK THE MACHINE CAREFULLY; TURN OFF THE ENGINE.
 - Always turn off the engine if you are going to leave the machine. Do not park the machine on a slope or soft ground as it may fall over.
- 9. THE ENGINE, EXHAUST PIPE, MUF-FLER, AND OIL TANK WILL BE VERY HOT AFTER THE ENGINE HAS BEEN RUN.

Be careful not to touch them or to allow any clothing item to contact them during inspection or repair.

10. PROPERLY SECURE THE MACHINE BEFORE TRANSPORTING IT.

When transporting the machine in another vehicle, always be sure it is properly secured and in an upright position and that the fuel cock is in the "OFF" position. Otherwise, fuel may leak out of the carburetor or fuel tank.

TO THE NEW OWNER

This manual will provide you with a good basic understanding of features, operation, and basic maintenance and inspection items of this machine. Please read this manual carefully and completely before operating your new machine. If you have any questions regarding the operation or maintenance of your machine, please consult your Yamaha dealer.

NOTE: _

This manual should be considered a permanent part of this machine and should remain with it even if the machine is subsequently sold.

EC060000

NOTICE

Some data in this manual may become outdated due to improvements made to this model in the future. If there is any question you have regarding this manual or your machine, please consult your Yamaha dealer.

EC070001

- F.I.M. MACHINE WEIGHTS: -

Weights of machines without fuel

The minimum weights for motocross machines are:

for the class 125 cc minimum 88 kg (194 lb)

for the class 250 cc minimum

98 kg (216 lb) for the class 500 cc minimum

102 kg (225 lb)

In modifying your machine (e.g., for weight reduction), take note of the above limits of weight.

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

EC081000

PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT INFORMATION



The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

WARNING

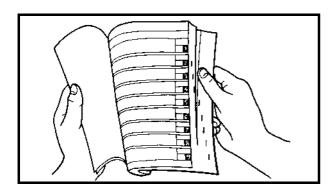
Failure to follow WARNING instructions <u>could</u> result in severe injury or death to the machine operator, a bystander, or a person inspecting or repairing the machine.

CAUTION:

A CAUTION indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the machine.

NOTE:

A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.



EC082000

FINDING THE REQUIRED PAGE

- 1. This manual consists of seven chapters; "General Information", "Specifications", "Regular inspection and adjustments", "Engine", "Chassis", "Electrical" and "Tuning".
- The table of contents is at the beginning of the manual. Look over the general layout of the book before finding then required chapter and item.

Bend the book at its edge, as shown, to find the required fore edge symbol mark and go to a page for required item and description.

MANUAL FORMAT

All of the procedures in this manual are organized in a sequential, step-by-step format. The information has been complied to provide the mechanic with an easy to read, handy reference that contains comprehensive explanations of all disassembly, repair, assembly, and inspection operations. In this revised format, the condition of a faulty component will precede an arrow symbol and the course of action required will follow the symbol, e.g.,

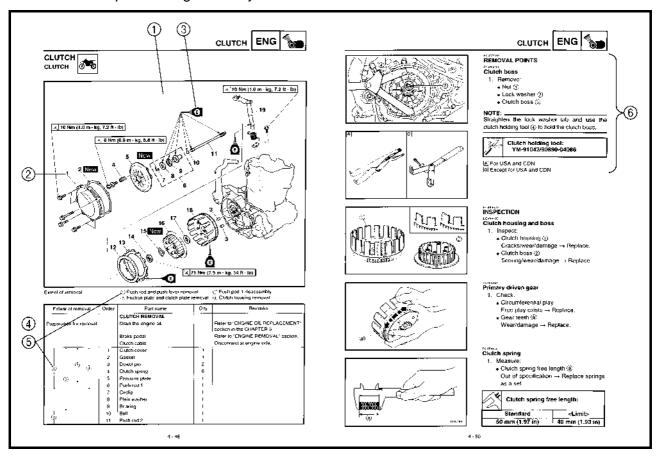
Bearings
 Pitting/damage → Replace.

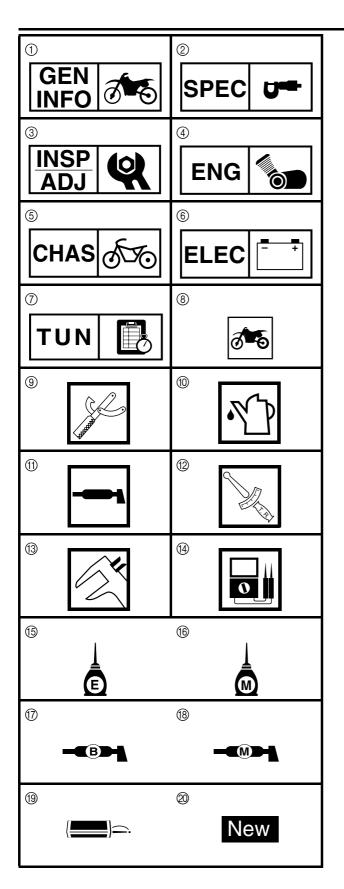
EC084002

HOW TO READ DESCRIPTIONS

To help identify parts and clarify procedure steps, there are exploded diagrams at the start of each removal and disassembly section.

- 1. An easy-to-see exploded diagram (1) is provided for removal and disassembly jobs.
- 2. Numbers ② are given in the order of the jobs in the exploded diagram. A number that is enclosed by a circle indicates a disassembly step.
- 3. An explanation of jobs and notes is presented in an easy-to-read way by the use of symbol marks ③. The meanings of the symbol marks are given on the next page.
- 4. A job instruction chart ④ accompanies the exploded diagram, providing the order of jobs, names of parts, notes in jobs, etc.
- 5. Extent of removal ⑤ is provided in the job instruction chart to save the trouble of an unnecessary removal job.
- 6. For jobs requiring more information, the step-by-step format supplements (6) are given in addition to the exploded diagram and job instruction chart.





ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS (Refer to the illustration)

Illustrated symbols ① to ⑦ are designed as thumb tabs to indicate the chapter's number and content.

- 1 General information
- ② Specifications
- ③ Regular inspection and adjustments
- (4) Engine
- **⑤** Chassis
- 6 Electrical
- 7 Tuning

Illustrated symbols (8) to (4) are used to identify the specifications appearing in the text.

- (8) With engine mounted
- (9) Special tool
- 10 Filling fluid
- 11) Lubricant
- 12 Tightening
- (3) Specified value, Service limit
- 4 Resistance (Ω) , Voltage (V), Electric current (A)

Illustrated symbols (5) to (8) in the exploded diagrams indicate grade of lubricant and location of lubrication point.

- (5) Apply engine oil
- (6) Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
- Apply lightweight lithium-soap base grease
- ® Apply molybdenum disulfide grease

Illustrated symbols (9) to (20) in the exploded diagrams indicate where to apply a locking agent and where to install new parts.

- (9) Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)
- ② Use new one

INDEX

GENERAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATIONS

REGULAR INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENTS

ENGINE

CHASSIS

ELECTRICAL

TUNING

CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1
1-2
1-3
1-6
1-7
1-10
1-13
1-14
1-18
1-19
2-1
2-4
2-18
2-18
2-19
2-21
AND
3-1
ə-I
3-4
3-4 3-5
3-24
3-24 3-46

CHAPTER 4 ENGINE

SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE	
COVERS	4-1
EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER	4-3
RADIATOR	
CARBURETOR	4-9
CAMSHAFTS	4-22
CYLINDER HEAD	
VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS	4-34
CYLINDER AND PISTON	
CLUTCH	4-49
OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND	
CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)	4-56
BALANCER	
OIL PUMP	4-66
KICK AXLE AND SHIFT SHAFT	4-70
CDI MAGNETO	4-78
ENGINE REMOVAL	4-81
CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT	4-86
TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND	
SHIFT FORK	4-95

CHAPTER 5 CHASSIS

FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL	5-1
FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE	5-10
FRONT FORK	5-26
HANDLEBAR	5-43
STEERING	5-49
SWINGARM	5-54
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER	5-62

CHAPTER 6 ELECTRICAL

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS AND

WIRING DIAGRAM	6-1
MAP-CONTROLLED CDI UNIT	6-2
IGNITION SYSTEM	6-3
TPS (THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR)	
SYSTEM	6-7
CHAPTER 7 TUNING	
ENGINE	7-1
CHASSIS	7-11

GENERAL INFORMATION

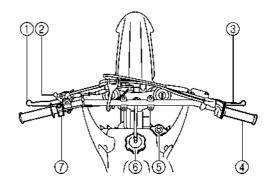
EC110000

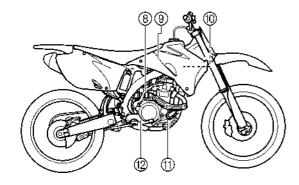
DESCRIPTION

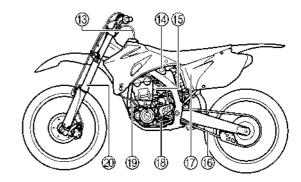
- ① Clutch lever
- 2 Hot starter lever
- ③ Front brake lever
- 4 Throttle grip
- ⑤ Radiator cap
- 6 Fuel tank cap
- ⑦ "ENGINE STOP" button
- ® Kick starter
- 9 Fuel tank
- (10) Radiator
- (1) Coolant drain bolt
- ® Rear brake pedal
- (13) Valve joint
- 14 Fuel cock
- (5) Cold starter knob
- 16 Drive chain
- ① Air cleaner
- ® Shift pedal
- 19 Oil dipstick
- @ Front fork

NOTE: .

- The machine you have purchased may differ slightly from those shown in the following.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.







MACHINE IDENTIFICATION



EC120001

MACHINE IDENTIFICATION

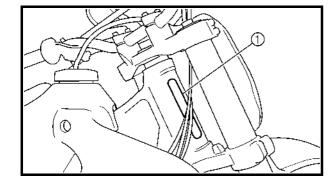
There are two significant reasons for knowing the serial number of your machine:

- 1. When ordering parts, you can give the number to your Yamaha dealer for positive identification of the model you own.
- 2. If your machine is stolen, the authorities will need the number to search for and identify your machine.

EC12100

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

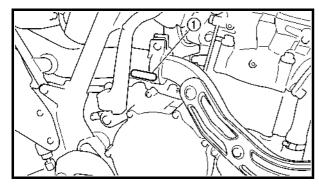
The vehicle identification number ① is stamped on the right of the steering head pipe.



EC123001

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

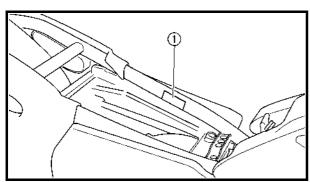
The engine serial number ① is stamped into the elevated part of the right-side of the engine.



EC124000

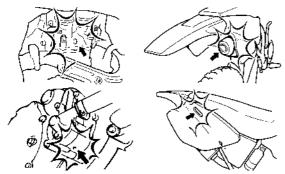
MODEL LABEL

The model label ① is affixed to the frame under the rider's seat. This information will be needed to order spare parts.















IMPORTANT INFORMATION

EC13101

PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

- Remove all dirt, mud, dust, and foreign material before removal and disassembly.
 When washing the machine with high pressured water, cover the parts as follows.
 - Silencer exhaust port
 - Side cover air intake port
 - Water pump housing hole at the bottom
 - Drain hole on the cylinder head (right side)

2. Use proper tools and cleaning equipment. Refer to "SPECIAL TOOLS" section.

- 3. When disassembling the machine, keep mated parts together. They include gears, cylinders, pistons, and other mated parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must be reused as an assembly or replaced.
- During the machine disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly time and help assure that all parts are correctly reinstalled.
- 5. Keep away from fire.



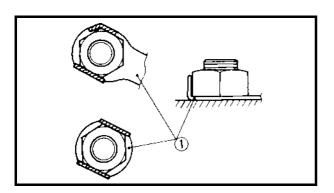
ALL REPLACEMENT PARTS

 We recommend to use Yamaha genuine parts for all replacements. Use oil and/or grease recommended by Yamaha for assembly and adjustment.

EC133000

GASKETS. OIL SEALS AND O-RINGS

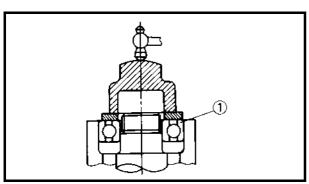
- All gaskets, oil seals, and O-rings should be replaced when an engine is overhauled.
 All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips, and O-rings must be cleaned.
- Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.



EC134000

LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

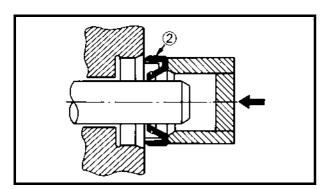
 All lock washers/plates ① and cotter pins must be replaced when they are removed. Lock tab(s) should be bent along the bolt or nut flat(s) after the bolt or nut has been properly tightened.



EC135001

BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

1. Install the bearing(s) ① and oil seal(s) ② with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward. (In other words, the stamped letters must be on the side exposed to view.) When installing oil seal(s), apply a light coating of light-weight lithium base grease to the seal lip(s). Oil the bearings liberally when installing.

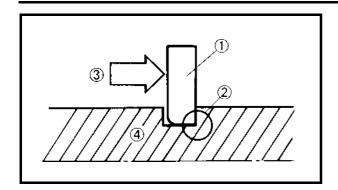


CAUTION:

Do not use compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This causes damage to the bearing surfaces.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION



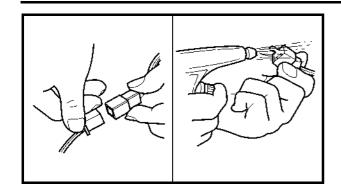


EC136000 CIRCLIPS

- 1. All circlips should be inspected carefully before reassembly. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. Replace distorted circlips. When installing a circlip ①, make sure that the sharp-edged corner ② is positioned opposite to the thrust ③ it receives. See the sectional view.
- 4 Shaft

CHECKING OF CONNECTION



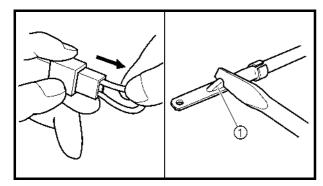


EC1C000

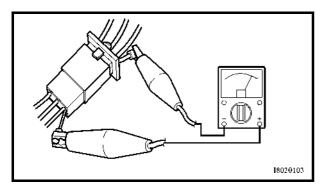
CHECKING OF CONNECTION

Dealing with stains, rust, moisture, etc. on the connector.

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Connector
- 2. Dry each terminal with an air blower.



- 3. Connect and disconnect the connector two or three times.
- 4. Pull the lead to check that it will not come off.
- 5. If the terminal comes off, bend up the pin ① and reinsert the terminal into the connector.



6. Connect:

Connector

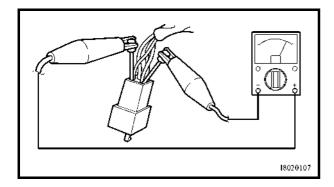
NOTE: _

The two connectors "click" together.

7. Check for continuity with a tester.

NOTE: _

- If there in no continuity, clean the terminals.
- Be sure to perform the steps 1 to 7 listed above when checking the wire harness.
- For a field remedy, use a contact revitalizer available on the market.
- Use the tester on the connector as shown.





SPECIAL TOOLS

The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques. The shape and part number used for the special tool differ by country, so two types are provided. Refer to the list provided to avoid errors when placing an order.

NOTE:

- For U.S.A. and Canada, use part number starting with "YM-", "YU-" or "ACC-".
- For others, use part number starting with "90890-".

Part number	Tool name/How to use	Illustration		
YU-3097, 90890-01252 YU-1256	Dial gauge and stand Stand	YU-3097 YU-1256	90890-01252	
	These tools are used to check each part for runout or bend.			
YU-90050, 90890-01274 YU-90050, 90890-01275 YU-91044, 90890-04081 YU-90063, 90890-01278	Crankshaft installing tool Crankshaft installing pot Crankshaft installing bolt Spacer (crankshaft installer) Adapter (M12) These tools are used to install the crankshaft.	YU-90050 YU-90063 YU-91044	90890-01274 90890-01275 90890-01278 90890-04081	
YU-1304, 90890-01304	Piston pin puller This tool is used to remove the piston pin.	YU-1304	90890-01304	
YU-24460-01, 90890-01325 YU-33984, 90890-01352	Radiator cap tester Adapter These tools are used for checking the cooling system.	YU-24460-01 YU-33984	90890-01325 90890-01352	
YM-04151, 90890-04151	Rotor puller This tool is used to remove the flywheel magneto.	YM-04151	90890-04151	
YU-33975, 90890-01403	Ring nut wrench This tool is used when tighten the steering ring nut to	YU-33975	90890-01403	
YM-01500, 90890-01500	specification. Cap bolt wrench This tool is used to loosen or tighten the base valve.	YM-01500	90890-01500	

SPECIAL TOOLS



Part number	Tool name/How to use	Illustration		
YM-01501, 90890-01501	Cap bolt ring wrench	YM-01501	90890-01501	
1W-01301, 90090-01301	This tool is used to loosen or tighten the damper assembly.	1M-01301	90090-01301	
YM-A0948, 90890-01502	Fork seal driver This tool is used when install the fork oil seal.	YM-A0948	90890-01502	
YU-3112-C, 90890-03112	Pocket tester Use this tool to inspect the coil resistance, output voltage and amperage.	YU-3112-C	90890-03112	
YM-33277-A, 90890-03141	Timing light This tool is necessary for checking ignition timing.	YM-33277-A	90890-03141	
YM-4019, 90890-04019	Valve spring compressor This tool is needed to remove and install the valve assemblies.	YM-4019	90890-04019	
YM-91042, 90890-04086	Clutch holding tool This tool is used to hold the clutch when removing or installing the clutch boss securing nut.	YM-91042	90890-04086	
YM-4116, 90890-04116 YM-4097, 90890-04097	Valve guide remover Intake 4.5 mm (0.18 in) Exhaust 5.0 mm (0.20 in) This tool is needed to remove and install the valve guide.	YM-4116 YM-4097	90890-04116 90890-04097	
YM-4117, 90890-04117 YM-4098, 90890-04098	Valve guide installer Intake Exhaust This tool is needed to install the valve guide.	YM-4117 YM-4098	90890-04117 90890-04098	
YM-4118, 90890-04118 YM-4099, 90890-04099	Valve guide reamer Intake 4.5 mm (0.18 in) Exhaust 5.0 mm (0.20 in)	YM-4118 YM-4099	90890-04118 90890-04099	
	This tool is needed to rebore the new valve guide.	W.	W.	

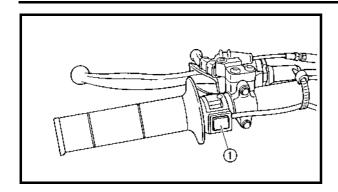
SPECIAL TOOLS



Part number	Tool name/How to use	Illustration		
YU-A9642, 90890-04152	Crankcase separating tool	YU-A9642	90890-04152	
	These tool is used to remove the crankshaft from either case.			
YM-34487	Dynamic spark tester	YM-34487	90890-06754	
90890-06754	Ignition checker This instrument is necessary for checking the ignition system components.	577		
90890-85505	YAMAHA Bond No. 1215	90890-85505	90890-85505	
	(ThreeBond® No.1215)	_		
	This sealant (Bond) is used for crankcase mating surface, etc.			

CONTROL FUNCTIONS

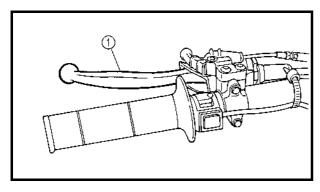




CONTROL FUNCTIONS

EC151000 "ENGINE STOP" BUTTON

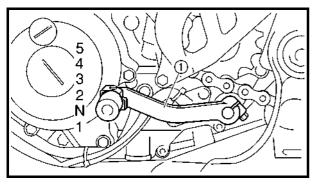
The "ENGINE STOP" button ① is located on the left handlebar. Continue pushing the "ENGINE STOP" button till the engine comes to a stop.



EC152000

CLUTCH LEVER

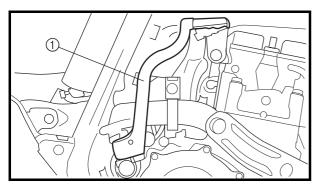
The clutch lever ① is located on the left handlebar; it disengages or engages the clutch. Pull the clutch lever to the handlebar to disengage the clutch, and release the lever to engage the clutch. The lever should be pulled rapidly and released slowly for smooth starts.



EC153000

SHIFT PEDAL

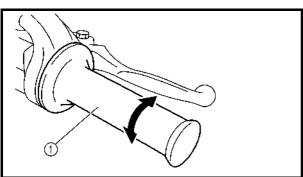
The gear ratios of the constant-mesh 5 speed transmission are ideally spaced. The gears can be shifted by using the shift pedal ① on the left side of the engine.



EC154000

KICK STARTER

Rotate the kick starter ① away from the engine. Push the starter down lightly with your foot until the gears engage, then kick smoothly and forcefully to start the engine. This model has a primary kick starter so the engine can be started in any gear if the clutch is disengaged. In normal practices, however, shift to neutral before starting.



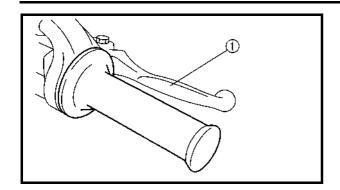
EC155001

THROTTLE GRIP

The throttle grip ① is located on the right handlebar; it accelerates or decelerates the engine. For acceleration, turn the grip toward you; for deceleration, turn it away from you.

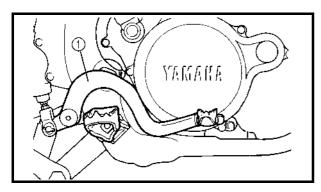
CONTROL FUNCTIONS





FRONT BRAKE LEVER

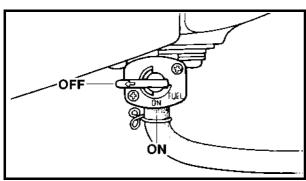
The front brake lever ① is located on the right handlebar. Pull it toward the handlebar to activate the front brake.



EC157000

REAR BRAKE PEDAL

The rear brake pedal ① is located on the right side of the machine. Press down on the brake pedal to activate the rear brake.



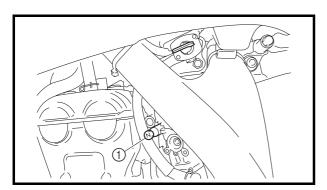
EC158001

FUEL COCK

The fuel cock supplies fuel from the tank to carburetor while filtering the fuel. The fuel cock has the two positions:

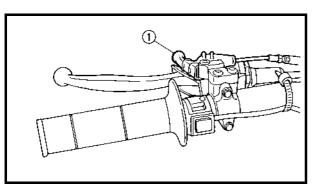
OFF: With the lever in this position, fuel will not flow. Always return the lever to this position when the engine is not running.

ON: With the lever in this position, fuel flows to the carburetor. Normal riding is done with the lever in this position.



COLD STARTER KNOB

When cold, the engine requires a richer air-fuel mixture for starting. A separate starter circuit, which is controlled by the cold starter knob ①, supplies this mixture. Pull the cold starter knob out to open the circuit for starting. When the engine has warmed up, push it in to close the circuit.



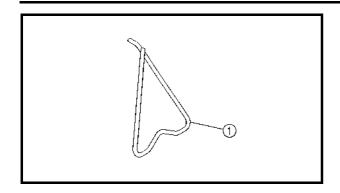
HOT STARTER LEVER

The hot starter lever ① is used when starting a warm engine.

Use the hot starter lever when starting the engine again immediately after it was stopped (the engine is still warm). Pulling the hot starter lever injects secondary air to thin the air-fuel mixture temporarily, allowing the engine to be started more easily.

CONTROL FUNCTIONS





DETACHABLE SIDESTAND

This sidestand (1) is used to support only the machine when standing or transporting it.

WARNING

- Never apply additional force to the sidestand.
- · Remove this sidestand before starting out.

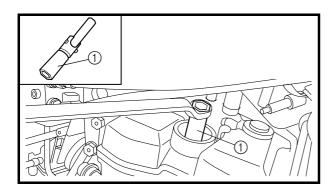


VALVE JOINT

This valve joint 1) prevents fuel from flowing out and is installed to the fuel tank breather hose.

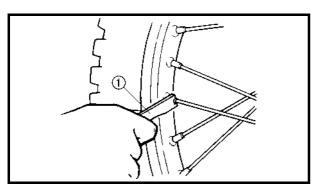


In this installation, make sure the arrow faces the fuel tank and also downward.



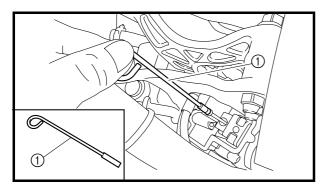
SPARK PLUG WRENCH

This spark plug wrench ① is used to remove and install the spark plug.



NIPPLE WRENCH

This nipple wrench (1) is used to tighten the spoke.



JET NEEDLE PULL-UP TOOL

The jet needle pull-up tool ① is used to pull the jet needle out of the carburetor.



FUEL

Always use the recommended fuel as stated below. Also, be sure to use new gasoline the day of a race.



Recommended fuel:
Premium unleaded gasoline
only with a research octane
number of 95 or higher.

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause severe damage to the engine internal parts such as valves, piston rings, and exhaust system, etc. NOTE: If knocking or pinging occurs, use a different brand of gasoline or higher octane grade.

⚠ WARNING

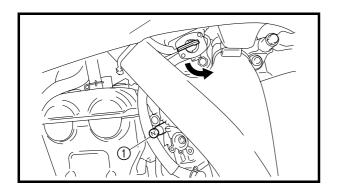
- For refueling, be sure to stop the engine and use enough care not to spill any fuel.
 Also be sure to avoid refueling close to a fire.
- Refuel after the engine, exhaust pipe, etc. have cooled off.

WARNING

Never start or run the engine in a closed area. The exhaust fumes are poisonous; they can cause loss of consciousness and death in a very short time. Always operate the machine in a well-ventilated area.

CAUTION:

- The carburetor on this machine has a built-in accelerator pump. Therefore, when starting the engine, do not operate the throttle or the spark plug will foul.
- Unlike a two-stroke engine, this engine cannot be kick started when the throttle is open because the kick starter may kick back. Also, if the throttle is open the air/ fuel mixture may be too lean for the engine to start.
- Before starting the machine, perform the checks in the pre-operation check list.



STARTING A COLD ENGINE

- 1. Inspect the coolant level.
- 2. Turn the fuel cock to "ON".
- 3. Shift the transmission into neutral.
- 4. Fully open the cold starter knob (1).
- 5. Kick the kick starter.

WARNING

Do not open the throttle while kicking the kick starter. Otherwise, the kick starter may kick back.

periods of time.

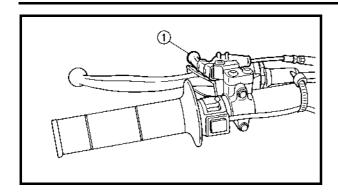


6. Return the cold starter knob to its original position and run the engine at 3,000 ~ 5,000 r/min for 1 or 2 minutes.

NOTE:
Since this model is equipped with an accelera-
tor pump, if the engine is raced (the throttle
opened and closed), the air/fuel mixture will be
too rich and the engine may stall. Also unlike a
two-stroke engine, this model can idle.
CAUTION:

Do not warm up the engine for extended





STARTING A WARM ENGINE

Do not operate the cold starter knob and throttle. Pull the hot starter lever ① and start the engine by kicking the kick starter forcefully with a firm stroke.

As soon as the engine starts, release the hot starter lever to close the air passage.

Restarting an engine after a fall

Pull the hot starter lever and start the engine. As soon as the engine starts, release the hot starter lever to close the air passage.

The engine fails to start

Pull the hot starter lever all the way out and while holding the lever, kick the kick starter 10 to 20 times to clear the engine.

Then, restart the engine.

Refer to "Restarting an engine after a fall".

		Throttle	Cold	Hot
		grip oper-	starter	starter
		ation*	knob	lever
	Air temperature = less than	Open 3	ON	OFF
ine	5 °C (41 °F)	or 4 times	ON	OFF
gue	Air temperature = more	None	ON	OFF
a cold engine	than 5 °C (41 °F)	None	ON	OFF
80	Air temperature (normal tem-			
g	perature) = between 5 $^{\circ}$ C	None	ON/OFF	OFF
Starting	(41 °F) and 25 °C (77 °F)			
ŠŤ	Air temperature = more	None	OFF	OFF
	than 25 °C (77 °F)	None	OFF	OFF
Starting an engine after a long		None	ON	OFF
period of time		none	ON	OFF
Res	starting a warm engine	None	OFF	ON
Res	starting an engine after a fall	None	OFF	ON

^{*} Operate the throttle grip before kick starting.

CAUTION:

Observe the following break-in procedures during initial operation to ensure optimum performance and avoid engine damage.



BREAK-IN PROCEDURES

- 1. Before starting the engine, fill the fuel tank with the fuel.
- 2. Perform the pre-operation checks on the machine.
- 3. Start and warm up the engine. Check the idle speed, and check the operation of the controls and the "ENGINE STOP" button. Then, restart the engine and check its operation within no more than 5 minutes after it is restarted.
- 4. Operate the machine in the lower gears at moderate throttle openings for five to eight minutes.
- 5. Check how the engine runs when the machine is ridden with the throttle 1/4 to 1/2 open (low to medium speed) for about one hour.
- Restart the engine and check the operation of the machine throughout its entire operating range. Restart the machine and operate it for about 10 to 15 more minutes. The machine will now be ready to race.

CAUTION:

 After the break-in or before each race, you must check the entire machine for loose fittings and fasteners as per "TORQUE-CHECK POINTS".

Tighten all such fasteners as required.

 When any of the following parts have been replaced, they must be broken in.
 CYLINDER AND CRANKSHAFT:

About one hour of break-in operation is necessary.

PISTON, RING, VALVES, CAMSHAFTS AND GEARS:

These parts require about 30 minutes of break-in operation at half-throttle or less. Observe the condition of the engine carefully during operation.

TORQUE-CHECK POINTS



TORQUE-CHECK POINTS

Frame construction —	Combined seat and tank		— Frame to rear frame
	—— Combined Seat and tank	<u> </u>	— Fuel talik to frame
Exhaust system ——			— Silencer to rear frame
Engine mounting ——			Frame to engine Engine bracket to engine Engine bracket to frame
Steering ————	Steering shaft to handlebar		Steering shaft to frame Steering shaft to handle crown Handle crown to handlebar
Suspension —	— Front ——Steering shaft to f	front ————	Front fork to handle crown Front fork to under bracket
	—Rear ——For link type ——		Assembly of links Link to frame Link to shock absorber Link to swingarm
	—Rear ——Installation of sho absorber	ock ———	— Shock absorber to frame
	—Rear ——Installation of — swingarm		— Tightening of pivot shaft
Wheel ————	— Installation of wheel ———F		Tightening of front axle Tightening of axle holder
	L_R	Bear ————	Tightening of rear axle Wheel to sprocket
Brake —————	F	ront ————	Caliper to front fork Brake disc to wheel Tightening of union bolt Master cylinder to handlebar Tightening of air bleeder Tightening of brake hose holder
	L_R	lear ————	Brake pedal to frame Brake disc to wheel Tightening of union bolt Master cylinder to frame Tightening of air bleeder Tightening of brake hose holder
Fuel system ———			— Fuel tank to fuel cock
Lubrication system —			— Tightening of oil hose clamp
		NOTE: Concerning	the tightening torque, refer to

in the CHAPTER 2.

"MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS" section

CLEANING AND STORAGE



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CLEANING AND STORAGE

CLEANING

Frequent cleaning of your machine will enhance its appearance, maintain good overall performance, and extend the life of many com-

ponents.

1. Before washing the machine, block off the end of the exhaust pipe to prevent water from entering. A plastic bag secured with a rubber band may be used for this purpose.

- If the engine is excessively greasy, apply some degreaser to it with a paint brush. Do not apply degreaser to the chain, sprockets, or wheel axles.
- 3. Rinse the dirt and degreaser off with a garden hose; use only enough pressure to do the job.

CAUTION:

Excessive hose pressure may cause water seepage and contamination of wheel bearings, front forks, brakes and transmission seals. Many expensive repair bills have resulted from improper high pressure detergent applications such as those available in coin-operated car washers.

- 4. After the majority of the dirt has been hosed off, wash all surfaces with warm water and a mild detergent. Use an old toothbrush to clean hard-to-reach places.
- 5. Rinse the machine off immediately with clean water, and dry all surfaces with a soft towel or cloth.
- 6. Immediately after washing, remove excess water from the chain with a paper towel and lubricate the chain to prevent rust.
- 7. Clean the seat with a vinyl upholstery cleaner to keep the cover pliable and glossy.

CLEANING AND STORAGE



- Automotive wax may be applied to all painted or chromed surfaces. Avoid combination cleaner-waxes, as they may contain abrasives.
- 9. After completing the above, start the engine and allow it to idle for several minutes.

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STORAGE

If your machine is to be stored for 60 days or more, some preventive measures must be taken to avoid deterioration. After cleaning the machine thoroughly, prepare it for storage as follows:

- 1. Drain the fuel tank, fuel lines, and the carburetor float bowl.
- Remove the spark plug, pour a tablespoon of SAE 10W-30 motor oil in the spark plug hole, and reinstall the plug. With the engine stop switch pushed in, kick the engine over several times to coat the cylinder walls with oil.
- Remove the drive chain, clean it thoroughly with solvent, and lubricate it. Reinstall the chain or store it in a plastic bag tied to the frame.
- 4. Lubricate all control cables.
- 5. Block the frame up to raise the wheels off the ground.
- 6. Tie a plastic bag over the exhaust pipe outlet to prevent moisture from entering.
- 7. If the machine is to be stored in a humid or salt-air environment, coat all exposed metal surfaces with a film of light oil. Do not apply oil to rubber parts or the seat cover.

NOTE:					
Make	any	necessary	repairs	before	the
machir	ne is s	tored.			

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS



SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Model name:	YZ450FV (USA, CDN, AUS, NZ) YZ450F (EUROPE, ZA)			
Model code number:	2S21, 2S25 (USA, CDN)			
Model code number.	2S22 (EUROPE			
	2S24, 2S26 (Al	,		
Dimensions:	USA, CDN,	EUR		
Billionolio.	, ,	(Except for F)	F	
Overall length	2,192 mm	2,197 mm	←	
	(86.30 in)	(86.50 in)		
Overall width	815 mm	\leftarrow	←	
	(32.09 in)			
Overall height	1,298 mm	1,300 mm	1,301 mm	
	(51.10 in)	(51.18 in)	(51.22 in)	
Seat height	986 mm	998 mm	←	
	(38.82 in)	(39.29 in)		
Wheelbase	1,495 mm	\leftarrow	1,494 mm	
	(58.86 in)		(58.82 in)	
Minimum ground clearance	370 mm	373 mm	374 mm	
	(14.57 in)	(14.69 in)	(14.72 in)	
Dry weight:				
Without oil and fuel	99.8 kg (220 lb))		
Engine:				
Engine type	Liquid cooled 4-stroke, DOHC			
Cylinder arrangement	Single cylinder, forward inclined			
Displacement	449 cm ³ (15.8 lmp oz, 15.2 US oz)			
Bore \times stroke	95.0 × 63.4 mm (3.74 × 2.50 in)			
Compression ratio	12.3 : 1			
Starting system	Kick starter			
Lubrication system:	Dry sump			



Oil type or grade:			
Engine oil	(For USA and CDN)		
Temp.	At 5 °C (40 °F) or higher A		
30 40 50 60°F	Yamalube 4 (20W-40) or SAE 20W-40 type SC		
A	motor oil (Non-Friction modified) At 15 °C (60 °F) or lower B		
	Yamalube 4 (10W-30) or SAE 10W-30 type SG		
	motor oil (Non-Friction modified) and/or		
B	Yamalube 4-R (15W-50) (Non-Ériction modi-		
0 5 10 15°C	fied)		
	(Except for USA and CDN)		
Temp. °C -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50	API "SG" or higher grade		
10W-30			
10W-40			
15W-40			
20W-40			
20W-50			
-4 14 30 50 68 86 104 122 _F			
Oil capacity:			
Engine oil			
Periodic oil change	0.95 L (0.84 Imp qt, 1.00 US qt)		
With oil filter replacement	1.0 L (0.88 Imp qt, 1.06 US qt)		
Total amount	1.2 L (1.06 Imp qt, 1.27 US qt)		
Coolant capacity (including all routes):	0.99 L (0.87 Imp qt, 1.05 US qt)		
Air filter:	Wet type element		
Fuel:			
Туре	Premium unleaded gasoline only with a		
	research octane number of 95 or higher.		
Tank capacity	7.0 L (1.54 Imp gal, 1.85 US gal)		
Carburetor:			
Туре	FCR MX39		
Manufacturer	KEIHIN		
Spark plug:			
Type/manufacturer	CR8E/NGK (resistance type)		
Gap	0.7 ~ 0.8 mm (0.028 ~ 0.031 in)		
Clutch type:	Wet, multiple-disc		

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS



Transmission:			1	
	Coor			
Primary reduction system	Gear			
Primary reduction ratio	61/23 (2.652)			
Secondary reduction system	Chain drive			
Secondary reduction ratio	49/13 (3.769)			
Transmission type	Constant mesh, 5-speed			
Operation	Left foot operation			
Gear ratio: 1st	27/14 (1.929)			
2nd	23/15 (1.533)			
3rd	23/18 (1.278)			
4th	24/22 (1.091)			
5th	20/21 (0.952)			
Chassis:	USA, CDN, ZA, AUS, NZ	EUR (Except for F)	F	
Frame type	Semi double	←	←	
	cradle			
Caster angle	27.0°	27.0°	27.1°	
Trail	115.6 mm	117.0 mm	117.8 mm	
	(4.55 in)	(4.61 in)	(4.64 in)	
Tire:				
Туре	With tube			
Size (front)		80/100-21 51M (For USA, CDN, ZA, AUS, NZ		
	and F) 80/100-21 51R (For EUROPE except F) 110/90-19 62M (For USA, CDN, ZA, AUS, NZ and F)			
Size (rear)				
Tire pressure (front and roor)	110/90-19 NHS (For EUROPE except F)			
Tire pressure (front and rear) Brake:	100 kPa (1.0 kgf/cm², 15 psi)			
Front brake type	Single disc broke			
Operation	Single disc brake			
•	Right hand operation			
Rear brake type	Single disc brake			
Operation Suspension:	Right foot operation			
•	Talagagaia fark			
Front suspension	Telescopic fork			
Rear suspension Shock absorber:	Swingarm (link type monocross suspension)			
	Call applies /all daggers as			
Front shock absorber	Coil spring/oil damper			
Rear shock absorber	Coil spring/gas, oil damper			
Wheel travel:	000 (44.0 in)			
Front wheel travel	300 mm (11.8 in)			
Rear wheel travel	310 mm (12.2 in)			
Electrical:	CDI magnete			
Ignition system	CDI magneto			



MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE

Item	Standard	Limit
Cylinder head:		
Warp limit		0.05 mm
*		(0.002 in)
Cylinder:		
Bore size	95.00 ~ 95.01 mm (3.7402 ~ 3.7406 in)	
Out of round limit		0.05 mm (0.002 in)
Camshaft:		
Drive method	Chain drive (Left)	
Camshaft cap inside diameter	22.000 ~ 22.021 mm (0.8661 ~ 0.8670 in)	
Camshaft journal diameter	21.959 ~ 21.972 mm (0.8645 ~ 0.8650 in)	
Shaft-to-cap clearance	0.028 ~ 0.062 mm (0.0011 ~ 0.0024 in)	0.08 mm (0.003 in)
Cam dimensions	A	
Intake "A"	(1.2283 ~ 1.2323 in)	31.100 mm (1.2244 in) 22.450 mm (0.8839 in)
Exhaust "A"	(1.2185 ~ 1.2224 in)	30.850 mm (1.2146 in) 22.394 mm (0.8817 in)
Camshaft runout limit		0.03 mm (0.0012 in)
		(0.0012 111)



Item		Standard		Limit
Cam chain:				
Cam chain type/No. of link	S	98XRH2010-118M/118		
Cam chain adjustment me		Automatic		
Valve, valve seat, valve guid				
Valve clearance (cold)	IN	0.10 ~ 0.15 mm (0.0039 ~ 0.0059 in)		
	EX	0.20 ~ 0.25 mm		
	LX	(0.0079 ~ 0.0098 in)		
Valve dimensions:		,		
<i>)</i> \				I
) B	C		→ D
Head Diameter	Face Width	Seat Width	Margin	 Thickness
"A" head diameter	IN	26.9 ~ 27.1 mm		
71 Houd didiffolor		(1.0591 ~ 1.0669 in)		
	EX	27.9 ~ 28.1 mm		
		(1.0984 ~ 1.1063 in)		
"B" face width	IN	2.26 mm (0.089 in)		
	EX	2.26 mm (0.089 in)		
"C" seat width	IN	0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ 0.0433 in)		1.6 mm (0.0630 in)
	EX	0.9 ~ 1.1 mm		1.6 mm
		(0.0354 ~ 0.0433 in)		(0.0630 in)
"D" margin thickness	IN	1 mm (0.0394 in)		0.85 mm (0.033 in)
	EX	1 mm (0.0394 in)		0.85 mm (0.033 in)
Stem outside diameter	IN	4.475 ~ 4.490 mm (0.1762 ~ 0.1768 in)		4.445 mm (0.1750 in)
	EX	4.965 ~ 4.980 mm		4.935 mm
		(0.1955 ~ 0.1961 in)		(0.1943 in)
Guide inside diameter	IN	4.500 ~ 4.512 mm		4.550 mm
	EX	(0.1772 ~ 0.1776 in) 5.000 ~ 5.012 mm		(0.1791 in) 5.050 mm
	LA	(0.1969 ~ 0.1973 in)		(0.1988 in)
Stem-to-guide clearance	IN	0.010 ~ 0.037 mm		0.08 mm
				(0.003 in)
	EX	0.020 ~ 0.047 mm		0.10 mm
Stem runout limit		(0.0008 ~ 0.0019 in)		(0.004 in) 0.01 mm
				(0.0004 in)
	***			(3.333 1 11)
777777777777	7777777			



Item		Standard	Limit
Valve spring:			
Free length	IN	37.03 mm (1.46 in)	36.03 mm (1.42 in)
	EX	37.68 mm (1.48 in)	36.68 mm (1.44 in)
Set length (valve closed)	IN	27.87 mm (1.10 in)	
,	EX	27.38 mm (1.08 in)	
Compressed force (installed)	IN	111.3 ~ 127.9 N at 27.87 mm (11.3 ~ 13.0 kg at 27.87 mm, 24.91 ~ 28.66 lb at 1.10 in)	
	EX	127.4 ~ 146.4 N at 27.38 mm (13.0 ~ 14.9 kg at 27.38 mm, 28.66 ~ 32.85 lb at 1.08 in)	
Tilt limit *	IN		2.5°/1.61 mm (2.5°/0.063 in)
	EX		2.5°/1.65 mm
	:		(2.5°/0.065 in)
Direction of winding (top view)	IN EX	Clockwise Clockwise	
Piston:			
Piston to cylinder clearance		0.040 ~ 0.065 mm (0.0016 ~ 0.0026 in)	0.1 mm (0.004 in)
Piston size "D"		94.945 ~ 94.960 mm (3.738 ~ 3.739 in)	
	H	,,	
Measuring point "H"		8 mm (0.315 in)	
Piston off-set		1 mm (0.0394 in)	
Piston pin bore inside diameter		18.004 ~ 18.015 mm	18.045 mm
		(0.7088 ~ 0.7093 in)	(0.7104 in)
Piston pin outside diameter		17.991 ~ 18.000 mm (0.7083 ~ 0.7087 in)	17.971 mm (0.7075 in)

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS | SPEC |



Item	Standard	Limit
Piston rings:		
Top ring:		
Туре	Barrel	
Dimensions (B \times T)	$1.2 \times 3.5 \text{ mm } (0.05 \times 0.14 \text{ in})$	
End gap (installed)	0.20 ~ 0.30 mm (0.008 ~ 0.012 in)	0.55 mm (0.022 in)
Side clearance (installed)	0.030 ~ 0.065 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0026 in)	0.12 mm (0.005 in)
2nd ring:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(
B T		
Type	Taper	
Dimensions (B \times T)	$1.00 \times 3.35 \text{ mm } (0.04 \times 0.13 \text{ in})$	
End gap (installed)	0.35 ~ 0.50 mm	0.85 mm
	(0.014 ~ 0.020 in)	(0.033 in)
Side clearance	0.020 ~ 0.055 mm	0.12 mm
Oil ring:	(0.0008 ~ 0.0022 in)	(0.005 in)
Oil ring:		
B I T		
Dimensions (B × T)	$2.0 \times 2.9 \text{ mm } (0.08 \times 0.11 \text{ in})$	
End gap (installed)	0.2 ~ 0.5 mm (0.01 ~ 0.02 in)	
Crankshaft:		
Crank width "A"	61.95 ~ 62.00 mm (2.439 ~ 2.441 in)	
Runout limit "C"	0.03 mm (0.0012 in)	0.05 mm (0.002 in)
Big end side clearance "D"	0.15 ~ 0.45 mm	0.50 mm
	(0.0059 ~ 0.0177 in)	(0.02 in)
Small end free play "F"	0.4 ~ 1.0 mm (0.02 ~ 0.04 in)	2.0 mm
	, , ,	(0.08 in)
Balancer:		
Balancer drive method	Gear	
Air filter oil grade:	Foam-air-filter oil or equivalent	
	oil	

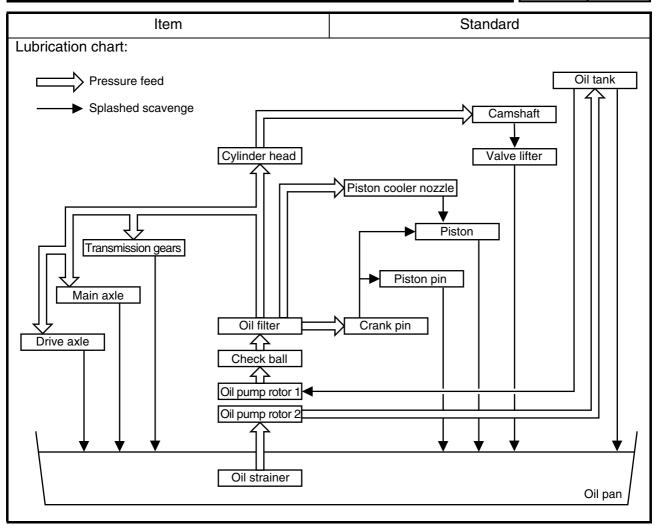


Item		Standard	Limit
Clutch:			
Friction plate thickness		2.92 ~ 3.08 mm	2.8 mm
·		(0.115 ~ 0.121 in)	(0.110 in)
Quantity		9	
Clutch plate thickness		1.1 ~ 1.3 mm (0.043 ~ 0.051 in)	
Quantity		8	
Warp limit			0.1 mm
·			(0.004 in)
Clutch spring free length		47.8 mm (1.88 in)	46.8 mm
			(1.84 in)
Quantity		6	
Clutch housing thrust clearance		0.10 ~ 0.35 mm	
		(0.0039 ~ 0.0138 in)	
Clutch housing radial clearance		0.010 ~ 0.044 mm	
		(0.0004 ~ 0.0017 in)	
Clutch release method		Inner push, cam push	
Shifter:			
Shifter type		Cam drum and guide bar	
Guide bar bending limit			0.05 mm
Kick starter:			(0.002 in)
		Ratchet type	
Type Carburetor:		natchet type	
I.D. mark		2S21 00	
	/N/L I\	#165	
Main jet	(M.J)	ø2.0	
Main air jet Jet needle - clip position	(M.A.J)	NFPR-4	
· ·	(J.N)		
Cutaway	(C.A)	1.5 #42	
Pilot jet	(P.J)		
Pilot air jet	(P.A.J)	#100	
Pilot outlet	(P.O)	Ø0.9	
Pilot screw (example)	(P.S)	2-1/8	
Bypass	(B.P)	ø1.0	
Valve seat size	(V.S)	ø3.8	
Starter jet	(G.S)	#72 #55	
Leak jet	(Acc. P)	#55	
Float height	(F.H)	8 mm (0.31 in)	
Engine idle speed		1,900 ~ 2,100 r/min	
Intake vacuum		28.0 ~ 33.3 kPa	
		(210 ~ 250 mmHg, 8.27 ~ 9.84 inHg)	
Hot starter lever free play		3 ~ 6 mm (0.12 ~ 0.24 in)	
Hot starter lever free play		3 ~ 0 111111 (U. 12 ~ U.24 III)	



Item	Standard	Limit
Lubrication system:		
Oil filter type	Paper type	
Oil pump type	Trochoid type	
Tip clearance "A"	0.12 mm or less	0.20 mm
	(0.0047 in or less)	(0.008 in)
Tip clearance "B" C	0.09 ~ 0.17 mm	0.24 mm
Zhen i de la completa del completa del completa de la completa del la completa de la completa della completa de la completa de la completa della completa de la completa della completa de	(0.0035 ~ 0.0067 in)	(0.009 in)
Side clearance	0.03 ~ 0.10 mm	0.17 mm
77777.	(0.0012 ~ 0.0039 in)	(0.007 in)
Bypass valve setting pressure	40 ~ 80 kPa (0.4 ~ 0.8 kg/cm ² ,	
	5.69 ~ 11.38 psi)	
Cooling:		
Radiator core size		
Width	120.2 mm (4.73 in)	
Height	240 mm (9.45 in)	
Thickness	22 mm (0.87 in)	
Radiator cap opening pressure	110 kPa (1.1 kg/cm², 15.6 psi)	
Radiator capacity (total)	0.56 L (0.49 Imp qt, 0.59 US qt)	
Water pump		
Туре	Single-suction centrifugal pump	







	B	-	0.11	Tightening torq		rque
	Part to be tightened	Thread size	Q'ty	Nm	m∙kg	ft⋅lb
	Spark plug	M10S × 1.0	1	13	1.3	9.4
	Camshaft cap	M6 × 1.0	10	10	1.0	7.2
	Cylinder head blind plug screw	M12 × 1.0	1	28	2.8	20
	Cylinder head (stud bolt)	M8 × 1.25	1	15	1.5	11
	(bolt)	M10 × 1.25	4	Refe	er to NOT	E.*1
	(bolt)	M6 × 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Cylinder head cover	M6 × 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Cylinder	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	10	1.0	7.2
	Timing chain tensioner	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Tensioner cap bolt	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	7	0.7	5.1
	Timing chain guide (rear)	M6 × 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Exhaust pipe (nut)	M8 × 1.25	1	13	1.3	9.4
	(bolt)	M8 × 1.25	1	24	2.4	17
\wedge	Silencer	M8 × 1.25	2	35	3.5	25
	Silencer clamp	M8 × 1.25	1	16	1.6	11
	Exhaust pipe protector	M6 × 1.0	3	10	1.0	7.2
	Carburetor joint	M6 × 1.0	3	10	1.0	7.2
	Carburetor joint clamp	$M4 \times 0.7$	1	3	0.3	2.2
\triangle	Air filter case	M6 × 1.0	2	8	8.0	5.8
	Air filter joint clamp	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	3	0.3	2.2
	Air filter joint and air filter case	$M5 \times 0.8$	1	4	0.4	2.9
	Throttle cable adjust bolt and locknut	$M6 \times 0.75$	1	4	0.4	2.9
	Throttle cable (pull)	M6 × 1.0	1	4	0.4	2.9
	Throttle cable (return)	M12 × 1.0	1	11	1.1	8.0
	Throttle cable cover	$M5 \times 0.8$	2	4	0.4	2.9
	Hot starter plunger	$M12 \times 1.0$	1	2	0.2	1.4
	Hot starter cable adjust bolt and locknut	$M6 \times 0.75$	1	4	0.4	2.9
	Air filter element	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	2	0.2	1.4
	Radiator panel (upper)	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Radiator	$M6 \times 1.0$	4	10	1.0	7.2
	Radiator hose clamp	$M6 \times 1.0$	8	2	0.2	1.4
	Radiator pipe 1, 2	M6 × 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Impeller	M8 × 1.25	1	14	1.4	10
	Water pump housing cover	$M6 \times 1.0$	3	10	1.0	7.2
	Coolant drain bolt	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	10	1.0	7.2
	Oil pump cover	$M4 \times 0.7$	1	2	0.2	1.4
	Oil pump	M6 × 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Engine oil drain bolt (oil filter)	M6 × 1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2
	Oil filter cover	M6 × 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
	Oil check bolt (cylinder head)	M6 × 1.0	1	10	1.0	7.2
\triangle	Oil hose clamp	_	2	2	0.2	1.4
	Clutch cover	M6 × 1.0	7	10	1.0	7.2



Doubte he timbtened	Thursday sins	O24	Tigh	Tightening torque	
Part to be tightened	Thread size	Q'ty	Nm	m⋅kg	ft⋅lb
Crankcase cover (right)	M6 × 1.0	8	10	1.0	7.2
	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	12	1.2	8.7
Crankcase cover (left)	$M6 \times 1.0$	8	10	1.0	7.2
Crankcase	$M6 \times 1.0$	12	12	1.2	8.7
Clutch cable holder	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	10	1.0	7.2
Oil drain bolt (crankcase right)	M10 × 1.25	1	20	2.0	14
(crankcase left)	M8 × 1.25	1	20	2.0	14
Oil check bolt (crankcase)	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	10	1.0	7.2
Oil strainer	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	10	1.0	7.2
Crankcase bearing stopper	$M6 \times 1.0$	4	14	1.4	10
Crankcase bearing stopper	$M6 \times 1.0$	8	10	1.0	7.2
Drive axle oil seal stopper	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	10	1.0	7.2
Ratchet wheel guide	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	12	1.2	8.7
Kick starter	$M8 \times 1.25$	1	33	3.3	24
Screw (kick starter)	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	7	0.7	5.1
Primary drive gear	$M20 \times 1.0$	1	110	11.0	80
Clutch boss	$M20 \times 1.0$	1	75	7.5	54
Clutch cable adjust bolt and locknut	$M6 \times 0.75$	1	4	0.4	2.9
Clutch spring	$M6 \times 1.0$	6	10	1.0	7.2
Balancer	$M10 \times 1.0$	1	45	4.5	32
Balancer driven gear	$M14 \times 1.0$	1	50	5.0	36
Balancer weight plate	$M6 \times 1.0$	3	10	1.0	7.2
Drive sprocket	$M20 \times 1.0$	1	75	7.5	54
Drive sprocket cover	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	8	0.8	5.8
Shift pedal	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	12	1.2	8.7
Shift guide	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	10	1.0	7.2
Stopper lever	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	10	1.0	7.2
Segment	$M8 \times 1.25$	1	30	3.0	22

NOTF:

NOTE

^{*1:} Tighten the cylinder head bolts to 30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb) in the proper tightening sequence, remove and retighten the cylinder head bolts to 20 Nm (2.0 m • kg, 14 ft • lb) in the proper tightening sequence, and then tighten the cylinder head bolts further to reach the specified angle 180° in the proper tightening sequence.



EC212201 CHASSIS

Item	Stan	dard	Limit
Steering system:			
Steering bearing type	Taper roller bearing	ng	
Front suspension:	USA, CDN, AUS, NZ, ZA	EUROPE	
Front fork travel	300 mm (11.8 in)	←	
Fork spring free length	454 mm (17.9 in)	\leftarrow	449 mm (17.7 in)
Spring rate, STD	K = 4.6 N/mm (0.469 kg/mm, 26.3 lb/in)		
Optional spring	Yes	\leftarrow	
Oil capacity	542 cm ³ (19.1 lmp oz, 18.3 US oz)	532 cm ³ (18.7 lmp oz, 18.0 US oz)	
Oil grade	Suspension oil "S1"	←	
Inner tube outer diameter	48 mm (1.89 in)	\leftarrow	
Front fork top end	Zero mm (Zero in)	\leftarrow	
Rear suspension:	USA, CDN, AUS, NZ, ZA	EUROPE	
Shock absorber travel	131.5 mm (5.18 in) ← -		
Spring free length	Approx. 275 mm (10.83 in)	Approx. 275 mm (10.83 in) ←	
Fitting length	One I.D. mark 264 mm (10.39 in)	One I.D. mark 262 mm (10.31 in)	
	Two I.D. marks 270 mm (10.63 in)	Two I.D. marks 268 mm (10.55 in)	
	Three I.D. marks 261.5 mm (10.30 in)	Three I.D. marks 259.5 mm (10.22 in)	
<min.~max.></min.~max.>	One I.D. mark 255.5 ~ 273.5 mm (10.06 ~ 10.77 in)	←	
	Two I.D. marks 261.5 ~ 279.5 mm (10.30 ~ 11.00 in)	←	
	Three I.D. marks 253.0 ~ 271.0 mm (9.96 ~ 10.67 in)	←	
Spring rate, STD	K = 54.0 N/mm (5.50 kg/mm, 308.0 lb/in) ←		
Optional spring	Yes	\leftarrow	
Enclosed gas pressure	1,000 kPa (10 kg/cm²,	←	
	142 psi)		



ll a ma	04	1 111
Item	Standard	Limit
Swingarm:		
Swingarm free play limit		
End		1.0 mm (0.04 in)
Wheel:		
Front wheel type	Spoke wheel	
Rear wheel type	Spoke wheel	
Front rim size/material	21 × 1.60/Aluminum	
Rear rim size/material	19×2.15 /Aluminum	
Rim runout limit:		
Radial		2.0 mm (0.08 in)
Lateral		2.0 mm (0.08 in)
Drive chain:		
Type/manufacturer	DID520DMA2 SDH/DAIDO	
Number of links	113 links + joint	
Chain slack	48 ~ 58 mm (1.9 ~ 2.3 in)	
Chain length (15 links)		242.9 mm
		(9.563 in)
Front disc brake:		
Disc outside dia. \times Thickness	$250 \times 3.0 \text{ mm } (9.84 \times 0.12 \text{ in})$	$250 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}$
		$(9.84 \times 0.10 \text{ in})$
Pad thickness	4.4 mm (0.17 in)	1.0 mm (0.04 in)
Master cylinder inside dia.	11.0 mm (0.433 in)	
Caliper cylinder inside dia.	27.0 mm (1.063 in) × 2	
Brake fluid type	DOT #4	
Rear disc brake:		
Disc outside dia. × Thickness	245 × 4.0 mm (9.65 × 0.16 in)	$245 \times 3.5 \text{ mm}$
		$(9.65 \times 0.14 \text{ in})$
Deflection limit		0.15 mm (0.006 in)
Pad thickness	6.4 mm (0.25 in)	1.0 mm (0.04 in)
Master cylinder inside dia.	11.0 mm (0.433 in)	
Caliper cylinder inside dia.	25.4 mm (1.000 in) × 1	
Brake fluid type	DOT #4	
Brake lever and brake pedal:		
Brake lever position	95 mm (3.74 in)	
Brake pedal height	5 mm (0.20 in)	
(vertical height above footrest top)		
Clutch lever free play (lever end)	8 ~ 13 mm (0.31 ~ 0.51 in)	
Throttle grip free play	3 ~ 5 mm (0.12 ~ 0.20 in)	



Douttob	o tiabtanod	Thus and aims	O't. (Tigh	ntening tor	que	
Part to b	e tightened	Thread size	Q'ty	Nm	m∙kg	ft⋅lb	
	er tube	M8 × 1.25	4	23	2.3	17	
Under bracket and ou	ter tube	$M8 \times 1.25$	4	20	2.0	14	
$\overline{\wedge}$ Handle crown and ste	ering shaft	$M24 \times 1.0$	1	145	14.5	105	
Handlebar holder (upp	per)	$M8 \times 1.25$	4	28	2.8	20	
Handlebar holder (low	ver)	$M12 \times 1.25$	2	40	4.0	29	
	·	$M28 \times 1.0$	1	Re	fer to NO	E.	
Front fork and dampe	r assembly	$M51 \times 1.5$	2	30	3.0	22	
Front fork and adjuste	r	$M22 \times 1.25$	2	55	5.5	40	
Damper assembly and	d base valve	$M42 \times 1.5$	2	29	2.9	21	
Adjuster and damper	assembly	$M12 \times 1.25$	2	29	2.9	21	
Bleed screw (front for	k) and base valve	$M5 \times 0.8$	2	1	0.1	0.7	
	or	$M6 \times 1.0$	6	7	0.7	5.1	
Protector and brake h	ose holder	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	7	0.7	5.1	
Throttle cable cap		$M5 \times 0.8$	2	4	0.4	2.9	
Clutch lever holder me	ounting	$M5 \times 0.8$	2	4	0.4	2.9	
Clutch lever mounting	(nut)	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	4	0.4	2.9	
Hot starter lever holde	er mounting	$M5 \times 0.8$	2	4	0.4	2.9	
	linder and bracket	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	9	0.9	6.5	
Front brake master cy	linder cap	$M4 \times 0.7$	2	2	0.2	1.4	
Brake lever mounting	(bolt)	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	6	0.6	4.3	
Brake lever mounting	(nut)	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	6	0.6	4.3	
Brake lever position lo	ocknut	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	5	0.5	3.6	
	e hose) and under bracket	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	4	0.4	2.9	
Front brake hose unio	n bolt (master cylinder)	M10 × 1.25	1	30	3.0	22	
$\overline{\wedge}$ Front brake hose unio	n bolt (caliper)	$M10 \times 1.25$	1	30	3.0	22	
Front brake caliper an	d front fork	$M8 \times 1.25$	2	23	2.3	17	
Front brake caliper an	d brake hose holder	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	10	1.0	7.2	
\triangle Brake caliper (front ar	nd rear) and pad pin plug	$M10 \times 1.0$	2	3	0.3	2.2	
$\overline{\wedge}$ Brake caliper (front ar		$M10 \times 1.0$	2	18	1.8	13	
$\overline{\wedge}$ Brake caliper (front ar	nd rear) and bleed screw	$M8 \times 1.25$	2	6	0.6	4.3	
$\overline{\wedge}$ Front wheel axle and	nut	$M16 \times 1.5$	1	105	10.5	75	
$\overline{\triangle}$ Front wheel axle hold	er	$M8 \times 1.25$	4	23	2.3	17	
$\overline{\wedge}$ Front brake disc and \vee	wheel hub	$M6 \times 1.0$	6	12	1.2	8.7	
$\overline{\wedge}$ Rear brake disc and v	vheel hub	$M6 \times 1.0$	6	14	1.4	10	
Footrest bracket and f	rame	$M10 \times 1.25$	4	55	5.5	40	
$\overline{\wedge}$ Brake pedal mounting		$M8 \times 1.25$	1	26	2.6	19	
Rear brake master cy	linder and frame	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	10	1.0	7.2	
Rear brake master cy	linder cap	$M4 \times 0.7$	2	2	0.2	1.4	
A Rear brake hose unio	n bolt (caliper)	$\text{M10}\times\text{1.25}$	1	30	3.0	22	
A Rear brake hose unio	n bolt (master cylinder)	$\text{M10}\times\text{1.25}$	1	30	3.0	22	

NOTE:

- 1. First, tighten the ring nut approximately 38 Nm (3.8 m kg, 27 ft lb) by using the ring nut wrench, then loosen the ring nut one turn.
- 2. Retighten the ring nut 7 Nm (0.7 m kg, 5.1 ft lb).



	5	T	Oll	Tigh	ntening tor	que
	Part to be tightened	Thread size	Q'ty	Nm	m⋅kg	ft⋅lb
\triangle	Rear wheel axle and nut	M20 × 1.5	1	125	12.5	90
\triangle	Driven sprocket and wheel hub	$M8 \times 1.25$	6	42	4.2	30
\triangle	Nipple (spoke)	_	72	3	0.3	2.2
$\overline{\triangle}$	Disc cover and rear brake caliper	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	10	1.0	7.2
\triangle	Protector and rear brake caliper	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	7	0.7	5.1
	Chain puller adjust bolt and locknut	$M8 \times 1.25$	2	16	1.6	11
	Engine mounting:					
\triangle	Engine upper bracket and frame	$M10 \times 1.25$	4	55	5.5	40
\triangle	Engine lower bracket and frame	$M8 \times 1.25$	4	34	3.4	24
$\overline{\triangle}$	Engine and engine bracket (front)	M10 × 1.25	1	53	5.3	38
\triangle	Engine and engine bracket (upper)	$M10 \times 1.25$	1	55	5.5	40
\triangle	Engine and frame (lower)	M10 × 1.25	1	53	5.3	38
$\overline{\wedge}$	Engine guard	$M6 \times 1.0$	1	10	1.0	7.2
	Engine skid plate mounting	$M6 \times 1.0$	3	10	1.0	7.2
	CDI unit bracket mounting	$M6 \times 1.0$	2	7	0.7	5.1
	Cable guide and CDI unit bracket	$M5 \times 0.8$	2	4	0.4	2.9
	Cable guide and frame	$M5 \times 0.8$	1	5	0.5	3.6
\wedge	Pivot shaft and nut	$M16 \times 1.5$	1	85	8.5	61
$\overline{\wedge}$	Relay arm and swingarm	$M14 \times 1.5$	1	70	7.0	50
$\overline{\wedge}$	Relay arm and connecting rod	$M14 \times 1.5$	1	80	8.0	58
$\overline{\wedge}$	Connecting rod and frame	$M14 \times 1.5$	1	80	8.0	58
$\overline{\wedge}$	Rear shock absorber and frame	M10 × 1.25	1	56	5.6	40
$\overline{\wedge}$	Rear shock absorber and relay arm	M10 × 1.25	1	53	5.3	38
\triangle	Rear frame and frame (upper)	M8 × 1.25	1	32	3.2	23
$\overline{\wedge}$	Rear frame and frame (lower)	M8 × 1.25	2	32	3.2	23
$\overline{\wedge}$	Swingarm and brake hose holder	$M5 \times 0.8$	4	2	0.2	1.4
	Swingarm and patch	$M4 \times 0.7$	4	2	0.2	1.4
	Drive chain tensioner mounting (upper)	M8 × 1.25	1	16	1.6	11
	Drive chain tensioner mounting (lower)	M8 × 1.25	1	16	1.6	11
	Chain support and swingarm	M6 × 1.0	3	7	0.7	5.1
\wedge	Seal guard and swingarm	$M5 \times 0.8$	4	6	0.6	4.3
$\overline{\wedge}$	Fuel tank mounting boss and frame	M10 × 1.25	1	20	2.0	14
$\overline{\wedge}$	Fuel tank mounting	M6 × 1.0	2	10	1.0	7.2
$\overline{\wedge}$	Fuel tank and fuel cock	M6 × 1.0	2	6	0.6	4.3
	Fuel tank and seat set bracket	M6 × 1.0	1	7	0.7	5.1
	Fuel tank and fuel tank bracket	M6 × 1.0	4	7	0.7	5.1
	Seat mounting	M8 × 1.25	2	23	2.3	17
\wedge	Side cover mounting	M6 × 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1
$\overline{\wedge}$	Air scoop and fuel tank	M6 × 1.0	6	7	0.7	5.1
$\overline{\wedge}$	Air scoop and radiator panel (lower)	M6 × 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1
\wedge	Front fender mounting	M6 × 1.0	4	7	0.7	5.1
\wedge	Rear fender mounting (front)	M6 × 1.0	2	7	0.7	5.1
\wedge	Rear fender mounting (rear)	M6 × 1.0	2	16	1.6	11
\wedge	Number plate	M6 × 1.0	1	7	0.7	5.1
\triangle		/ 1.0	•	•	J.,	3 . i

NOTE:

 $[\]triangle$ - marked portion shall be checked for torque tightening after break-in or before each race.



EC212300 ELECTRICAL

Item	Standard	Limit
Ignition system:		
Advancer type	Electrical	
C.D.I.:		
Magneto-model (stator)/manufacturer	2S200/YAMAHA	
Source coil 1 resistance (color)	720 ~ 1,080 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	
	(Green – Brown)	
Source coil 2 resistance (color)	44 ~ 66 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) (Black – Pink)	
Pickup coil resistance (color)	248 ~ 372 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F) (White – Red)	
CDI unit-model/manufacturer	2S2-00/YAMAHA (For USA and	
	CDN)	
	2S2-10/YAMAHA (Except for USA and CDN)	
Ignition coil:		
Model/manufacturer	5TA-10/DENSO	
Minimum spark gap	6 mm (0.24 in)	
Primary winding resistance	0.08 ~ 0.10 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	
Secondary winding resistance	4.6 ~ 6.8 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)	

Part to be tightened	Thread size	Q'tv	Tightening torque			
Fait to be lightened	Tilleau Size	Q ty	Nm	m⋅kg	ft⋅lb	
Stator	M6 × 1.0	3	10	1.0	7.2	
Rotor	M12 × 1.25	1	56	5.6	40	
Neutral switch	$M5 \times 0.8$	2	4	0.4	2.9	

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS/ DEFINITION OF UNITS

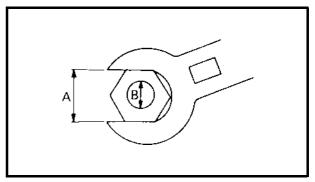
SPEC

EC220001

GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multi-fastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

A (Nut)	B (Bolt)	TORQUE SPECIFICATION				
(Nut)	(BOIL)	Nm	m•kg	ft•lb		
10 mm 12 mm 14 mm 17 mm 19 mm 22 mm	6 mm 8 mm 10 mm 12 mm 14 mm 16 mm	6 15 30 55 85 130	0.6 1.5 3.0 5.5 8.5	4.3 11 22 40 61 94		



A: Distance between flats

B: Outside thread diameter

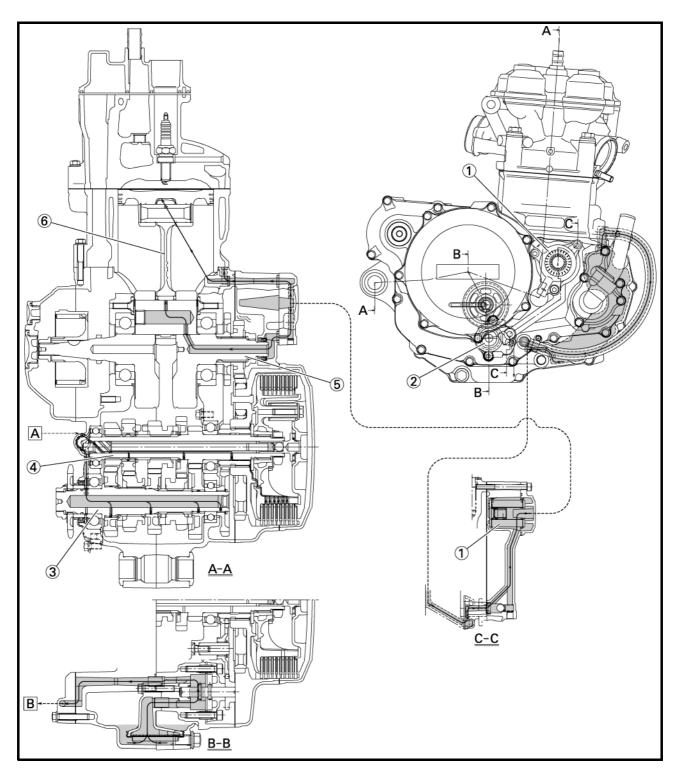
DEFINITION OF UNITS

Unit	Read	Definition	Measure
mm cm	millimeter centimeter	10 ⁻³ meter 10 ⁻² meter	Length Length
kg	kilogram	10 ³ gram	Weight
N	Newton	1 kg × m/sec ²	Force
Nm m • kg	Newton meter Meter kilogram	N×m m×kg	Torque Torque
Pa	Pascal	N/m²	Pressure
N/mm	Newton per millimeter	N/mm	Spring rate
L cm³	Liter Cubic centimeter	_	Volume or capacity Volume or capacity
r/min	Revolution per minute	_	Engine speed



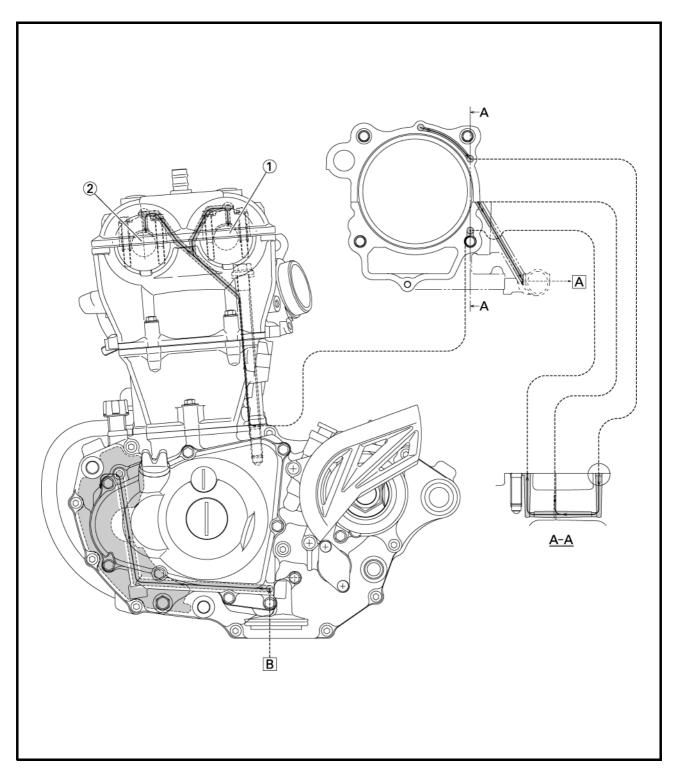
LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS

- ① Oil filter element
- ② Oil pump③ Drive axle
- 4 Main axle
- **⑤** Crankshaft
- **6** Connecting rod
- A From cylinder
- B To oil tank





- ① Intake camshaft ② Exhaust camshaft
- A To main axle
- B From oil pump

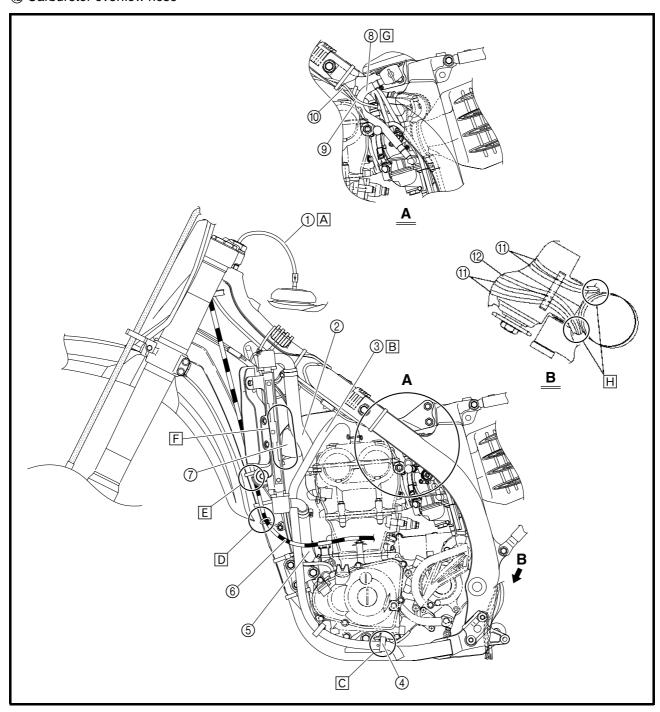


SPEC

- 1) Fuel tank breather hose
- 2 Radiator hose 1
- ③ Cylinder head breather hose
- (4) Hose holder
- (5) Radiator hose 4
- 6 Clutch cable
- (7) Connector cover
- ® Fuel hose
- (9) TPS (throttle position sensor) lead
- 10 Hot starter cable
- (1) Carburetor breather hose
- (12) Carburetor overflow hose

- breather hose into the hole in the steering shaft.
- B Pass the cylinder head breather hose on the outside of the radiaator hose 4 and frame.
- head breather hose with the front edge of the hose holder.
- D Pass the clutch cable through the cable guide.

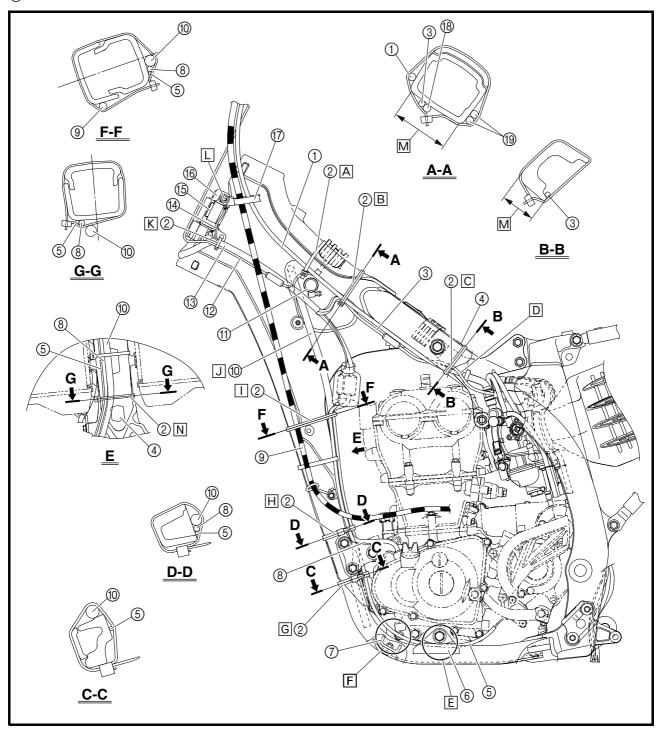
- A Insert the end of the fuel tank E Pass the clutch cable in front of the radiator mounting boss.
 - F Install the connector cover so that it does not come in between the radiator hose 1 and radiator.
 - tor hose 1 and between the radi- G Pass the fuel hose between the hot starter cable and TPS lead.
- C Align the paint on the cylinder H Pass the carburetor breather hoses and overflow hose so that all there hoses do not contact the rear shock absorber.





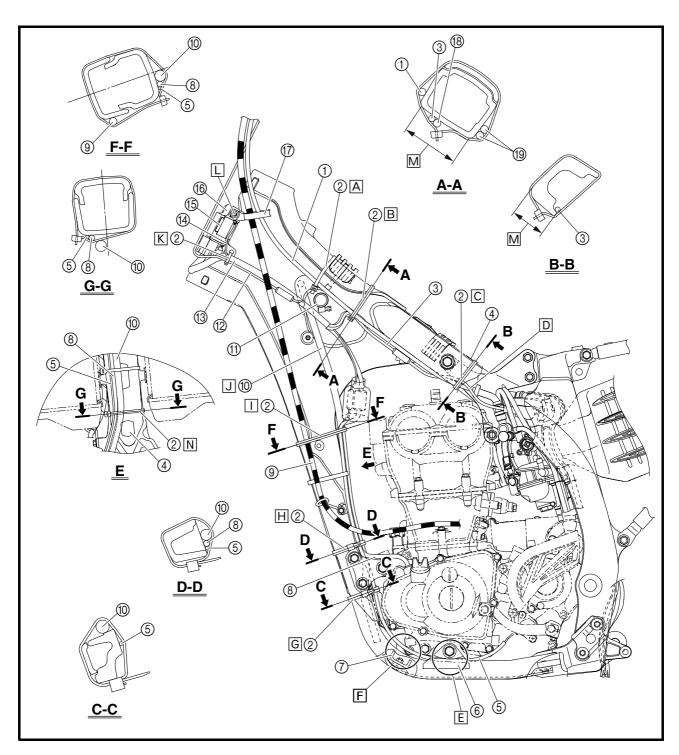
- 1) Hot starter cable
- 2 Clamp
- ③ TPS (throttle position sensor) ⑤ CDI unit bracket lead
- (4) Hump (frame)
- (5) Neutral switch lead
- 6 Engine bracket
- (7) Engine skid plate stay
- (8) CDI magneto lead
- Olutch cable
- (1) Radiator breather hose
- (11) Radiator hose 2
- 12 "ENGINE STOP" button lead

- (3) Sub wire harness
- (4) Ground lead
- (6) CDI unit
- (7) Cable guide
- (8) Ignition coil lead
- (9) Throttle cable
- A Fasten the hot starter cable and Locate the clamp ends under the hot starter cable.
- B Fasten the hot starter cable, throttle cables, TPS lead and ignition coil lead to the frame.
- C Fasten the TPS lead to the frame behind its hump.
- D Pass the TPS lead over the hot starter cable.
- E Pass the neutral switch lead on the inside of the engine bracket.
- throttle cables onto the frame. F Pass the neutral switch lead over the engine skid plate stay.





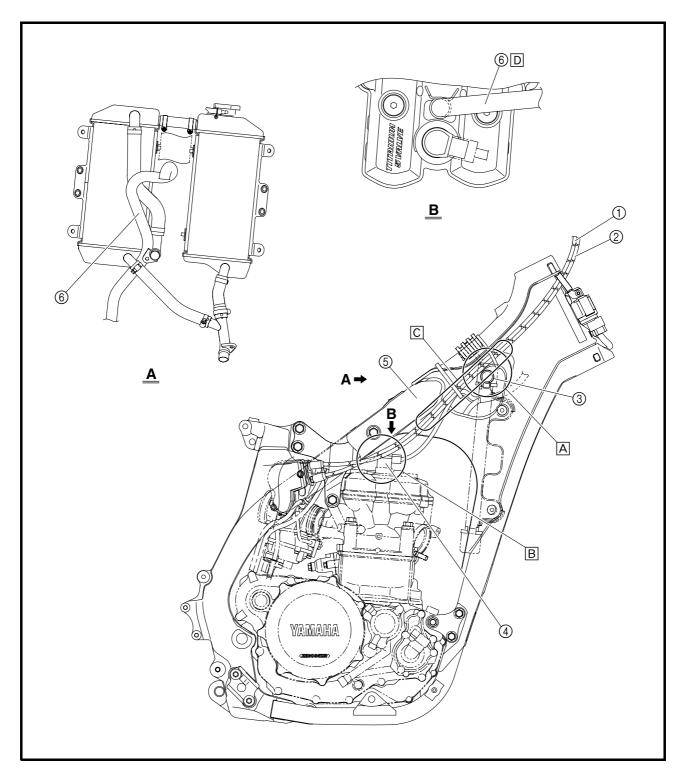
- and radiator breather hose to the frame.
- H Fasten the neutral switch lead, CDI magneto lead and radiator breather hose to the frame.
- □ Fasten the neutral switch lead, CDI magneto lead, radiator breather hose and clutch cable to the frame over the radiator mounting boss.
- in front of the radiator hose 2, on the left of the chassis, and then hose 4.
- "ENGINE STOP" button lead to the CDI unit bracket with the clamp ends facing downward behind the location where the ground lead branches out from the sub wire harness.
- G Fasten the neutral switch lead J Pass the radiator breather hose L Fasten the ground lead and cable guide together to the CDI unit bracket.
 - between the frame and radiator M Locate the clamp ends in the arrowed range.
 - K Fasten the sub wire harness and N Fasten the neutral switch lead and CDI magneto lead to the frame over its hump.





- 1) Throttle cable (pull)
- ② Throttle cable (return)
- ③ Radiator hose 2
- 4 Ignition coil
- ⑤ Rear arm bracket
- **(6)** Cylinder head breather hose

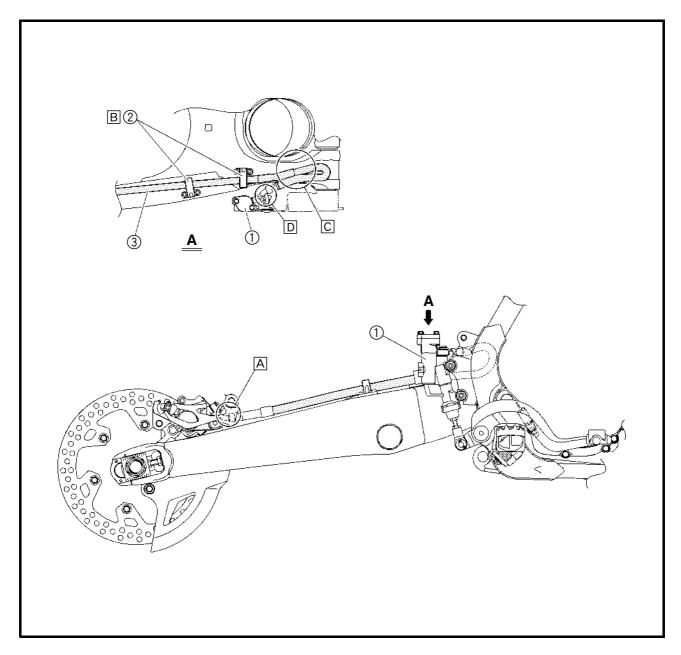
- A Pass the throttle cables over the radiator hose 2.
- B Pass the throttle cables on the outside of the ignition coil.
- © Fasten the throttle cables with the clamp so that the cables are not bent, and pass them under the rear arm bracket.
- Deass the cylinder head breather hose so that it does not contact the ignition coil.





- 1 Master cylinder
- ② Brake hose holder
- ③ Brake hose

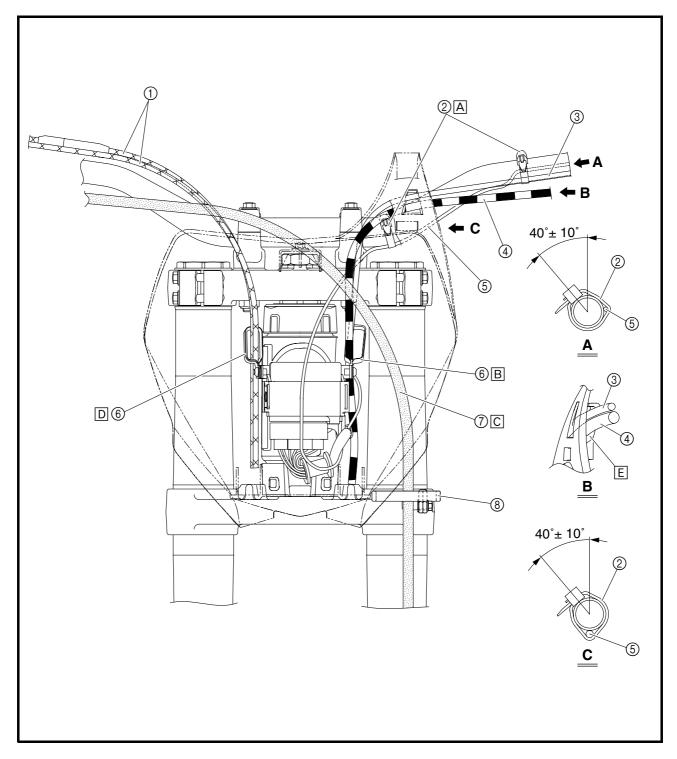
- A Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion directs as shown and lightly touches the projection on the caliper.
- B Pass the brake hose into the brake hose holders.
- If the brake hose contacts the spring (rear shock absorber), correct its twist.
- D Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion directs as shown and lightly touches the projection on the master cylinder.





- 1) Throttle cable
- 2 Clamp
- ③ Hot starter cable
- 4 Clutch cable
- ⑤ "ENGINE STOP" button lead
- **6** Cable guide
- (7) Brake hose
- ® Hose guide

- A Fasten the "ENGINE STOP" button lead to the handlebar.
- B Pass the clutch cable and hot starter cable through the cable guide.
- © Pass the brake hose in front of the number plate.
- D Pass the throttle cables through the cable guide.
- E Pass the clutch cable and hot starter cable through the cable guide on the number plate.



MAINTENANCE INTERVALS



EC300000

REGULAR INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENTS MAINTENANCE INTERVALS

The following schedule is intended as a general guide to maintenance and lubrication. Bear in mind that such factors as weather, terrain, geographical location, and individual usage will alter the required maintenance and lubrication intervals. If you are a doubt as to what intervals to follow in maintaining and lubricating your machine, consult your Yamaha dealer.

Item	After break-in	Every race	Every third (or 500 km)	Every fifth (or 1,000 km)	As required	Remarks
ENGINE OIL Replace	•			•		
VALVES Check the valve clearances Inspect Replace	•		•	•	•	The engine must be cold. Check the valve seats and valve stems for wear.
VALVE SPRINGS Inspect Replace				•	•	Check the free length and the tilt.
VALVE LIFTERS Inspect Replace				•	•	Check for scratches and wear.
CAMSHAFTS Inspect Replace				•	•	Inspect the camshaft surface. Inspect the decompression system
CAMSHAFT SPROCKETS Inspect Replace				•	•	Check for wear on the teeth and for damage.
PISTON Inspect Clean Replace				•	•	Inspect crack Inspect carbon deposits and eliminate them.
PISTON RING Inspect Replace				•	•	Check ring end gap
PISTON PIN Inspect Replace				•	•	
CYLINDER HEAD Inspect and clean				•		Inspect carbon deposits and eliminate them. Change gasket
CYLINDER Inspect and clean Replace				•	•	Inspect score marks Inspect wear
CLUTCH Inspect and adjust Replace	•	•			•	Inspect housing, friction plate, clutch plate and spring
TRANSMISSION Inspect Replace bearing					•	

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS



Item	After break-in	Every race	Every third (or 500 km)	Every fifth (or 1,000 km)	As re- quired	Remarks
SHIFT FORK, SHIFT CAM, GUIDE BAF				,		
Inspect					•	Inspect wear
ROTOR NUT						
Retighten	•			•		
MUFFLER						
Inspect and retighten	•	•				
Clean				•		
Replace					•	* Whichever comes first
CRANK						
Inspect and clean				•	•	
CARBURETOR						
Inspect, adjust and clean	•	•				
SPARK PLUG						
Inspect and clean	•		•			
Replace					•	
DRIVE CHAIN						Use chain lube
Lubricate, slack, alignment	•	•				Chain slack: 48 ~ 58 mm
Replace					•	(1.9 ~ 2.3 in)
COOLING SYSTEM						
Check coolant level and leakage	•	•				
Check radiator cap operation					•	
Replace coolant					•	Every two years
Inspect hoses		•				
OUTSIDE NUTS AND BOLTS						Refer to "STARTING
Retighten	•	•				AND BREAK-IN" section in the CHAPTER 1.
AIR FILTER						Line forms of filter of or
Clean and lubricate	•	•				Use foam air-filter oil or
Replace					•	equivalent oil
OIL FILTER						
Replace	•			•		
FRAME						
Clean and inspect	•	•				
FUEL TANK, COCK						
Clean and inspect	•		•			
BRAKES						
Adjust lever position and pedal height	•	•				
Lubricate pivot point	•	•				
Check brake disc surface	•	•				
Check fluid level and leakage	•	•				
Retighten brake disc bolts, caliper	•	•				
bolts, master cylinder bolts and union						
bolts						
Replace pads					•	
Replace brake fluid					•	Every one year
FRONT FORKS						
Inspect and adjust	•	•				
Replace oil	•			•		Suspension oil "S1"
Replace oil seal					•	

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS



<u>'</u>						
Item	After break-in	Every race	Every third (or 500 km)	Every fifth (or 1,000 km)	As re- quired	Remarks
FRONT FORK OIL SEAL AND DUST			,	,		
SEAL						
Clean and lube						Lithium base grease
PROTECTOR GUIDE						Ziiiiaiii zass greass
Replace						
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER					/ A 64	
Inspect and adjust					(After	
Lube	•				rain ride)	Molybdenum disulfide
Lube			•		•	grease
Poplace opring cost						•
Replace spring seat	_	_			•	Every one year
Retighten CHAIN GUARD AND ROLLERS	•	•				
	_	_				
Inspect	•	•				
SWINGARM						Molybdenum disulfide
Inspect, lube and retighten	•	•				grease
RELAY ARM, CONNECTING ROD						Molybdenum disulfide
Inspect, lube and retighten	•	•				grease
STEERING HEAD						
Inspect free play and retighten	•	•				
Clean and lube				•		Lithium base grease
Replace bearing					•	
TIRE, WHEELS						
Inspect air pressure, wheel run-out,	•	•				
tire wear and spoke looseness						
Retighten sprocket bolt	•	•				
Inspect bearings			•			
Replace bearings					•	
Lubricate			•			Lithium base grease
THROTTLE, CONTROL CABLE						-
Check routing and connection	•	•				Yamaha cable lube or
Lubricate		•				SAE 10W-30 motor oil
HOT STARTER, CLUTCH LEVER						
Inspect free play					•	

PRE-OPERATION INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE



EC320000

PRE-OPERATION INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

Before riding for break-in operation, practice or a race, make sure the machine is in good operating condition.

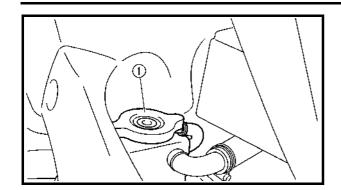
Before using this machine, check the following points.

GENERAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

Item	Routine	Page
Coolant	Check that coolant is filled up to the radiator filler cap. Check the cooling system for leakage.	P.3-5 ~ 9
Fuel	Check that a fresh gasoline is filled in the fuel tank. Check the fuel line for leakage.	P.1-13
Engine oil	Check that the oil level is correct. Check the crankcase and oil line for leakage.	P.3-13 ~ 17
Gear shifter and clutch	Check that gears can be shifted correctly in order and that the clutch operates smoothly.	P.3-9 ~ 10
Throttle grip/Housing	Check that the throttle grip operation and free play are correctly adjusted. Lubricate the throttle grip and housing, if necessary.	P.3-10 ~ 11
Brakes	Check the play of front brake and effect of front and rear brake.	P.3-24 ~ 30
Chain	Check chain slack and alignment. Check that the chain is lubricated properly.	P.3-31 ~ 33
Wheels	Check for excessive wear and tire pressure. Check for loose spokes and have no excessive play.	P.3-41 ~ 42
Steering	Check that the handlebar can be turned smoothly and have no excessive play.	P.3-42 ~ 44
Front forks and rear shock absorber	Check that they operate smoothly and there is no oil leakage.	P.3-33 ~ 40
Cables (wires)	Check that the clutch and throttle cables move smoothly. Check that they are not caught when the handlebars are turned or when the front forks travel up and down.	_
Muffler	Check that the muffler is tightly mounted and has no cracks.	_
Sprocket	Check that the driven sprocket tightening bolt is not loose.	P.3-31
Lubrication	Check for smooth operation. Lubricate if necessary.	P.3-45
Bolts and nuts	Check the chassis and engine for loose bolts and nuts.	P.1-18
Lead connectors	Check that the CDI magneto, CDI unit, and ignition coil are connected tightly.	P.1-6
Settings	Is the machine set suitably for the condition of the racing course and weather or by taking into account the results of test runs before racing? Are inspection and maintenance completely done?	P.7-1 ~ 21

ENGINE/COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION





ENGINE

COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION

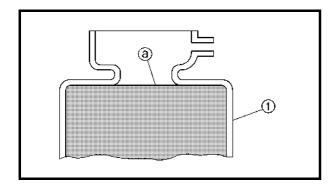
WARNING

Do not remove the radiator cap ①, drain bolt and hoses when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury.

When the engine has cooled, place a thick towel over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

CAUTION:

Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts. You may use distilled water, if you can't get soft water.



- 1. Place the machine on a level place, and hold it in an upright position.
- 2. Remove:
 - Radiator cap
- 3. Check:
 - Coolant level ⓐ
 Coolant level low → Add coolant.
- 1 Radiator

COOLANT REPLACEMENT



EC35301

COOLANT REPLACEMENT



Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

CAUTION:

Take care so that coolant does not splash on painted surfaces. If it splashes, wash it away with water.

- 1. Place a container under the engine.
- 2. Remove:
 - Engine guard ①
 - Coolant drain bolt ②
- 3. Remove:
 - Radiator cap
 Drain the coolant completely.
- 4. Clean:
 - Cooling system
 Thoroughly flush the cooling system with clean tap water.
- 5. Install:
 - Plain washer New
 - · Coolant drain bolt

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- Engine guard
- Bolt (engine guard)

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 6. Fill:
 - Radiator
 - Engine
 To specified level.



Recommended coolant:

High quality ethylene glycol anti-freeze containing anti-corrosion for aluminum engine

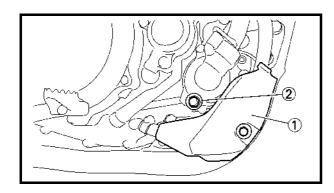
Coolant ① and water (soft water)

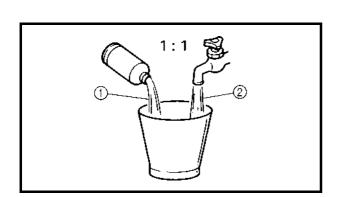
② mixing ratio:

50 %/50 %

Coolant capacity:

0.99 L (0.87 Imp qt, 1.05 US qt)





RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION

CAUTION:

- Do not mix more than one type of ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engine.
- Do not use water containing impurities or oil.

Handling notes of coolant:

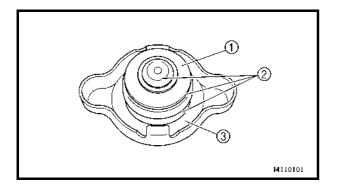
The coolant is harmful so it should be handled with special care.

⚠ WARNING

- When coolant splashes to your eye.
 Thoroughly wash your eye with water and see your doctor.
- When coolant splashes to your clothes.
 Quickly wash it away with water and then with soap.
- When coolant is swallowed.
 Quickly make him vomit and take him to a doctor.

7. Install:

- Radiator cap Start the engine and warm it up for a several minutes.
- 8. Check:
 - Coolant level
 Coolant level low → Add coolant.



EC355000

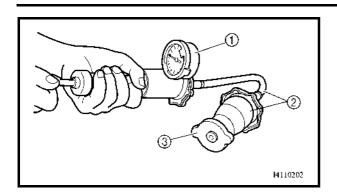
RADIATOR CAP INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Seal (radiator cap) ①
 - Valve and valve seat ②
 Crack/damage → Replace.

 Exist fur deposits ③ → Clean or replace.

RADIATOR CAP OPENING PRESSURE INSPECTION/ COOLING SYSTEM INSPECTION





EC356001

RADIATOR CAP OPENING PRESSURE INSPECTION

- 1. Attach:
 - Radiator cap tester ① and adapter ②



Radiator cap tester: YU-24460-01/90890-01325 Adapter: YU-33984/90890-01352

NOTE:

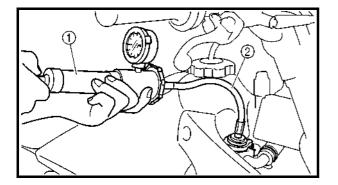
Apply water on the radiator cap seal.

- ③ Radiator cap
- 2. Apply the specified pressure.



Radiator cap opening pressure: 110 kPa (1.1 kg/cm², 15.6 psi)

- 3. Inspect:
 - Pressure Impossible to maintain the specified pressure for 10 seconds → Replace.



EC357002

COOLING SYSTEM INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Coolant level
- 2. Attach:
 - Radiator cap tester (1) and adapter (2)



Radiator cap tester: YU-24460-01/90890-01325 Adapter: YU-33984/90890-01352

3. Apply the specified pressure.



Standard pressure: 180 kPa (1.8 kg/cm², 25.6 psi)

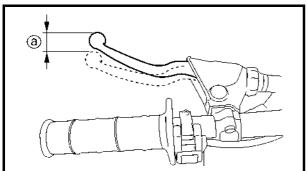
CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:

- · Do not apply pressure more than specified pressure.
- Radiator should be filled fully.

4. Inspect:

- Pressure Impossible to maintain the specified pressure for 10 seconds \rightarrow Repair.
- Radiator
- Radiator hose joint Coolant leakage → Repair or replace.
- · Radiator hose Swelling \rightarrow Replace.



EC359020

CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Clutch lever free play (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.



Clutch lever free play @: 8 ~ 13 mm (0.31 ~ 0.51 in)

2. Adjust:

Clutch lever free play

Clutch lever free play adjustment steps:

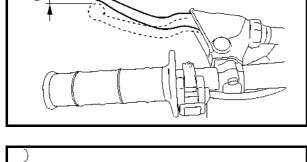
- Loosen the locknut ①.
- Turn the adjuster ② until free play ③ is within the specified limits.
- Tighten the locknut.



4 Nm (0.4 m • kg, 2.9 ft • lb)

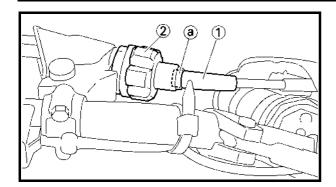
NOTE: .

- Before adjustment, expose the adjuster by moving the boot (3) and cap (4) away.
- Make minute adjustment on the lever side using the adjuster ⑤.
- · After adjustment, check proper operation of clutch lever.



THROTTLE CABLE ADJUSTMENT/ THROTTLE LUBRICATION



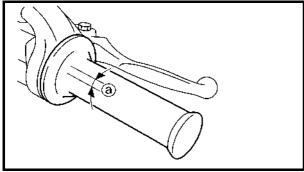


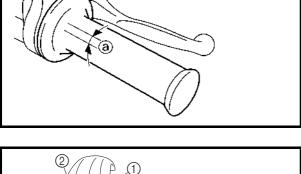
3. Install:

- Cap (1)
- Boot (2)

NOTE:

Place the tip (a) of the cap in the boot.





THROTTLE CABLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Throttle grip free play (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.



Throttle grip free play @: 3 ~ 5 mm (0.12 ~ 0.20 in)

- 2. Adjust:
 - Throttle grip free play

Throttle grip free play adjustment steps:

- Slide the adjuster cover.
- Loosen the locknut (1).
- Turn the adjuster ② until the specified free play is obtained.
- Tighten the locknut.



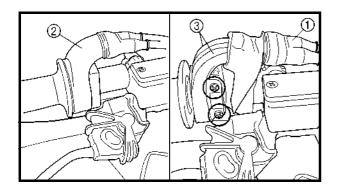
Locknut:

4 Nm (0.4 m • kg, 2.9 ft • lb)

Before adjusting the throttle cable free play, the engine idle speed should be adjusted.

WARNING

After adjusting, turn the handlebar to right and left and make sure that the engine idling does not run faster.

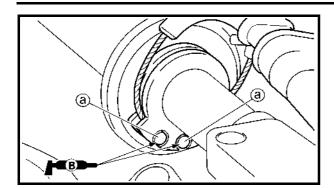


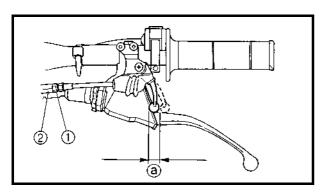
THROTTLE LUBRICATION

- 1. Remove:
 - Cover (throttle cable cap) ①
 - Cover (grip cap) ②
 - Throttle cable cap ③

HOT STARTER LEVER ADJUSTMENT/ AIR FILTER CLEANING







- 2. Apply:
 - Lithium soap base grease
 On the throttle cable end (a).
- 3. Install:
 - Throttle cable cap
 - Screw (throttle cable cap)

¼ 4 Nm (0.4 m ⋅ kg, 2.9 ft ⋅ lb)

- Cover (grip cap)
- Cover (throttle cable cap)

HOT STARTER LEVER ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Hot starter lever free play @
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Hot starter lever free play ⓐ: 3 ~ 6 mm (0.12 ~ 0.24 in)

- 2. Adjust:
 - · Hot starter lever free play

Hot starter lever free play adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut ①.
- Turn the adjuster ② until free play ⓐ is within the specified limits.
- Tighten the locknut.



Locknut:

4 Nm (0.4 m • kg, 2.9 ft • lb)

NOTE

After adjustment, check proper operation of hot starter.

EC35G040

AIR FILTER CLEANING

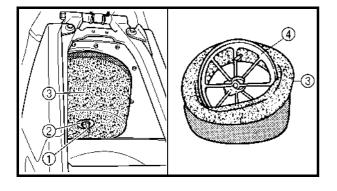
NOTE:

Proper air filter maintenance is the biggest key to preventing premature engine wear and damage.

CAUTION:

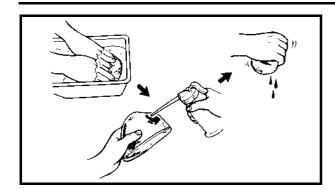
Never run the engine without the air filter element in place; this would allow dirt and dust to enter the engine and cause rapid wear and possible engine damage.

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Fitting bolt ①
 - Washer ②
 - Air filter element ③
 - Filter guide 4



AIR FILTER CLEANING





2. Clean:

 Air filter element Clean them with solvent.

NOTE:

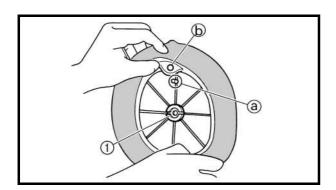
After cleaning, remove the remaining solvent by squeezing the element.

CAUTION:

- Do not twist the element when squeezing the element.
- Leaving too much of solvent in the element may result in poor starting.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Air filter element Damage → Replace.
- 4. Apply:
 - Foam-air-filter oil or equivalent oil to the element.

NOTF:

Squeeze out the excess oil. Element should be wet but not dripping.

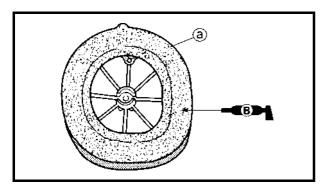


5. Install:

• Filter guide ①

NOTE

Align the projection ⓐ on filter guide with the hole ⓑ in air filter element.

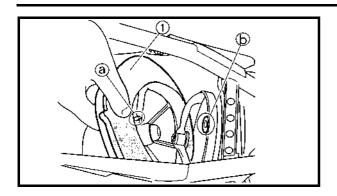


6. Apply:

Lithium soap base grease
 On the matching surface (a) on air filter element.

ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION





7. Install:

- Air filter element ①
- Washer
- Fitting bolt **≥** 2 Nm (0.2 m ⋅ kg, 1.4 ft ⋅ lb)

NOTE:

Align the projection ⓐ on filter guide with the hole ⓑ in air filter case.

ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

1. Stand the machine on a level surface.

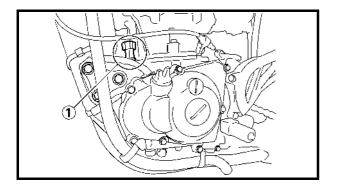
NOTE

- When checking the oil level make sure that the machine is upright.
- Place the machine on a suitable stand.

WARNING

Never remove the oil tank cap just after high speed operation. The heated oil could spurt out. causing danger. Wait until the oil cools down to approximately 70 °C (158 °F).

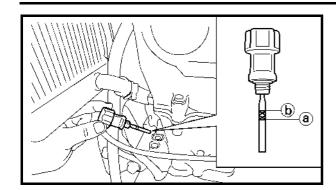
2. Idle the engine more than 3 minutes while keeping the machine upright. Then stop the engine and inspect the oil level.

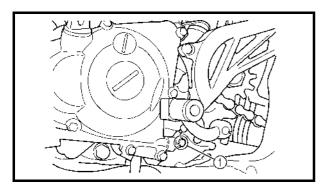


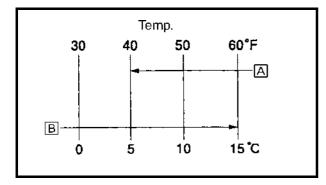
- 3. Remove:
 - Oil tank cap ①

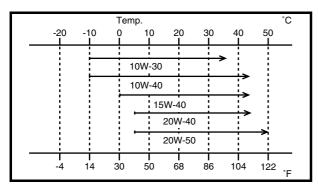
ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION











4. Inspect:

Oil level

Remove the oil tank cap and check that engine oil is above the level mark ⓐ.

Below the level mark $\textcircled{a} \rightarrow \mathsf{Add}$ oil above the level mark a.

Above the level mark $\textcircled{b} \to \mathsf{Remove}$ the check bolt 1 and drain the oil until it stops coming out.

NOTE:

When inspecting the oil level, do not screw the oil level gauge into the oil tank.
Insert the gauge lightly.

(For USA and CDN)



Recommended oil:

At 5 °C (40 °F) or higher A
Yamalube 4 (20W-40) or SAE
20W-40 type SG motor oil
(Non-Friction modified)
At 15 °C (60 °F) or lower B
Yamalube 4 (10W-30) or SAE
10W-30 type SG motor oil
(Non-Friction modified)
and/or
Yamalube 4-R (15W-50)
(Non-Friction modified)

CAUTION:

- Do not add any chemical additives.
 Engine oil also lubricates the clutch and additives could cause clutch slippage.
- Do not allow foreign material to enter the crankcase.

(Except for USA and CDN)



Recommended oil:

Refer to the following chart for selection of oils which are suited to the atmospheric temperatures.

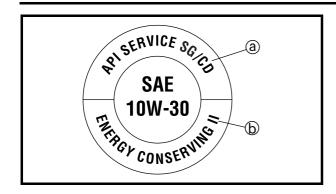
Recommended engine oil classification:

API STANDARD:

API "SG" or higher grade (Designed primarily for motorcycles)

ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT





CAUTION:

- Do not add any chemical additives or use oils with a grade of CD (a) or higher.
- Do not allow foreign materials to enter the crankcase.
- 5. Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.

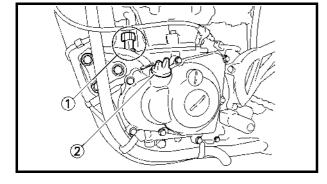
CAUTION:

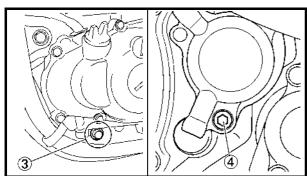
When the oil tank is empty, never start the engine.

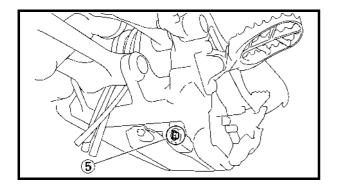
- Idle the engine more than 10 seconds while keeping the machine upright. Then stop the engine and add the oil to the maximum level.
- 7. Install:
 - Oil tank cap

ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT

- 1. Start the engine and let it warm up for several minutes.
- 2. Stop the engine and place an oil pan under the drain bolt.
- 3. Remove:
 - Oil tank plug ①
 - Oil filler cap (2)
 - Drain bolt (with gasket) ③
 - Oil filter drain bolt (O-ring) ④
 - Drain bolt (with gasket) ⑤
 Drain the crankcase and oil tank of its oil.

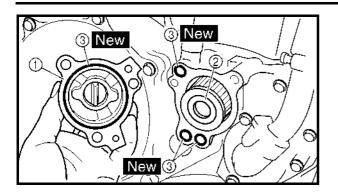






ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT





4. If the oil filter is to be replaced during this oil change, remove the following parts and reinstall them.

Replacement steps:

- Remove the oil filter cover ① and oil filter element ②.
- Check the O-rings ③, if cracked or damaged, replace them with a new one.
- Install the oil filter element and oil filter cover.



Oil filter cover:

10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

- 5. Install:
 - Gaskets New
 - Oil filter drain bolt

🗽 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

• Drain bolt (crankcase right)

≥ 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

• Drain bolt (crankcase left)

≥ 20 Nm (2.0 m ⋅ kg, 14 ft ⋅ lb)

- 6. Fill:
 - Crankcase



Oil quantity:

Periodic oil change:

0.95 L (0.84 Imp qt, 1.00 US qt) With oil filter replacement: 1.0 L (0.88 Imp qt, 1.06 US qt)

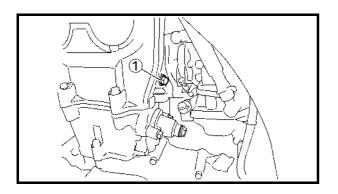
Total amount:

1.2 L (1.06 Imp qt, 1.27 US qt)

PILOT SCREW ADJUSTMENT



- 7. Install:
 - Oil filler cap
- 8. Inspect:
 - Engine (for oil leaks)
 - Oil level Refer to "ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPEC-TION".



9. Check:

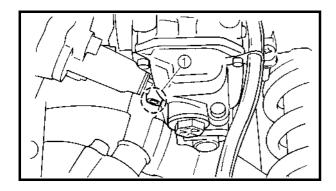
• Oil pressure

Checking steps:

- Slightly loosen the oil gallery bolt ①.
- Start the engine and keep it idling until oil starts to seep from the oil gallery bolt. If no oil comes out after one minute, turn the engine off so it will not seize.
- Check oil passages, oil filter and oil pump for damage or leakage.
- Start the engine after solving the problem(s) and recheck the oil pressure.
- Tighten the oil gallery bolt to specification.



Oil gallery bolt: 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)



PILOT SCREW ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
 - Pilot screw 1

Adjusting steps:

NOTE:

To optimize the fuel flow at a smaller throttle opening, each machine's pilot screw has been individually set at the factory. Before adjusting the pilot screw, turn it in fully and count the number of turns. Record this number as the factory-set number of turns out.

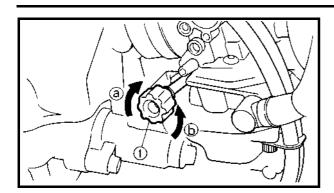
- Turn in the pilot screw until it is lightly seated.
- Turn out the pilot screw by the factory-set number of turns.

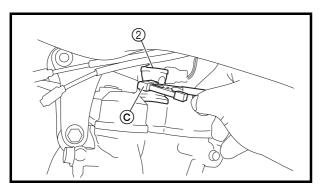


Pilot screw (example): 2-1/8 turns out

IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT/ VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT







EC35M02

IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Start the engine and thoroughly warm it up.
- 2. Adjust:
 - Idle speed

Adjustment steps:

- Adjust the pilot screw.
 Refer to "PILOT SCREW ADJUSTMENT" section.
- Turn the throttle stop screw ① until the specified engine idling speed.

NOTE:

Using a digital engine tachometer for idle speed adjustment, detect the engine idling speed by bringing the sensing element © of the engine tachometer close to the ignition coil ②.

To increase idle speed \rightarrow Turn the throttle stop screw ① in ②. To decrease idle speed \rightarrow Turn the throttle stop screw ① out ⑤.



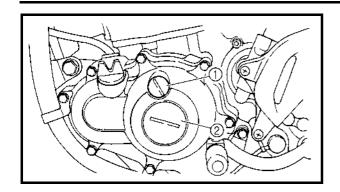
Engine idling speed: 1,900 ~ 2,100 r/min

VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT

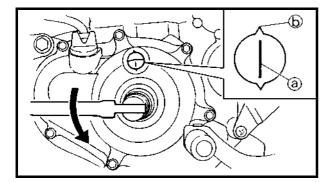
NOTE:

- The valve clearance should be adjusted when the engine is cool to the touch.
- The piston must be at Top Dead Center (T.D.C.) on compression stroke to check or adjust the valve clearance.
- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank
 Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section in the CHAPTER 4.
- 2. Remove:
 - Spark plug
 - Engine upper bracket
 - Hot starter plunger
 Refer to "CARBURETOR" section in the CHAPTER 4.
 - Cylinder head cover Refer to "CAMSHAFTS" section in the CHAPTER 4.





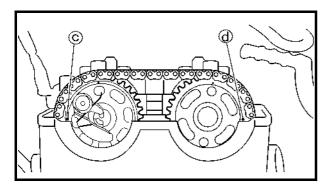
- 3. Remove:
 - Timing plug ①
 - Straight plug ②
 - O-ring



- 4. Check:
 - $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bullet & Valve clearance \\ Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust. \\ \end{tabular}$

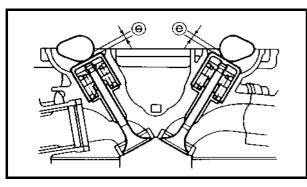


Valve clearance (cold): Intake valve: 0.10 ~ 0.15 mm (0.0039 ~ 0.0059 in) Exhaust valve: 0.20 ~ 0.25 mm (0.0079 ~ 0.0098 in)



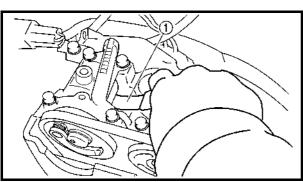
Checking steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise with a wrench.
- Align the T.D.C. mark (a) on the rotor with the align mark (b) on the crankcase cover when piston is at T.D.C. on compression stroke.



NOTE:

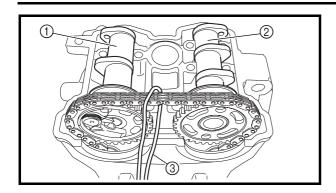
In order to be sure that the piston is at Top Dead Center, the punch mark © on the exhaust camshaft and the punch mark © on the intake camshaft must align with the cylinder head surface, as shown in the illustration.

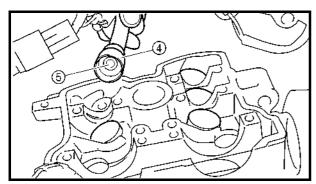


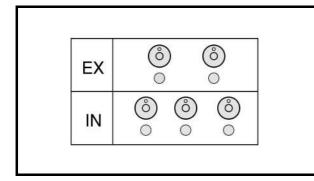
NOTE

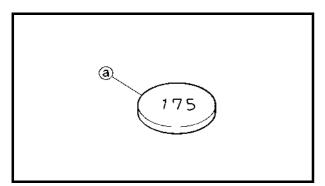
Record the measured reading if the clearance is incorrect.











5. Adjust:

Valve clearance

Adjustment steps:

- Loosen the timing chain tensioner cap bolt.
- Remove the timing chain tensioner and camshaft caps.

NOTE

Remove the camshaft cap bolts in a crisscross pattern from the outside working inwards.

• Remove the camshaft (exhaust ① and intake ②).

NOTE:

Attach a wire ③ to the timing chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

Remove the valve lifters (4) and the pads (5).

NOTE:

- Place a rag in the timing chain space to prevent pads from falling into the crankcase.
- Identity each valve lifter and pad position very carefully so that they can be reinstalled in their original place.
- Select the proper pad using the pad selecting table.

Pad r	ange	Pad Availability: 25 increments
No. 120 ~ No. 240	1.20 mm ~ 2.40 mm	Pads are available in 0.05 mm increments

NOTE:

The thickness ⓐ of each pad is indicated in hundreths of millimeters on the pad upper surface.



 Round off the last digit of the installed pad number to the nearest increment.

Last digit of pad number	Rounded value
0, 1 or 2	0
4, 5 or 6	5
8 or 9	10

EXAMPLE:

Installed pad number = 148 Rounded off value = 150

NOTE:

Pads can only be selected in 0.05 mm increments.

Locate the rounded-off value and the measured valve clearance in the chart "PAD SELECTION TABLE". The field where these two coordinates intersect shows the new pad number to use.

	_			
N	റ	т	F	

Use the new pad number only as a guide when verifying the valve clearance adjustment.

• Install the new pads ⑥ and the valve lifters ⑦.

NOTE:

- Apply the engine oil on the valve lifters.
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the valve stem ends.
- Valve lifter must turn smoothly when rotated with a finger.
- Be careful to reinstall valve lifters and pads in their original place.
- Install the camshafts (exhaust and intake), the timing chain and the camshaft caps.
 Refer to "CAMSHAFTS" section in the CHAPTER 4.



Bolt (camshaft cap): 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)





 Install the timing chain tensioner.
 Refer to "CAMSHAFTS" section in the CHAPTER 4.

NOTE:
Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise sev-
eral turns so that the installed parts settle
into the right position.

- Recheck the valve clearance.
- If the clearance is still incorrect, repeat all the clearance adjustment steps until the specified clearance is obtained.
- 6. Install:
 - All removed parts

NOTE:					
Install all removed	parts	in	reversed	order	0
their removal.					



INTAKE

MEASURED										IN	ISTA	LLEC	PA	D NU	IMBE	R									1
CLEARANCE	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240
0.00 ~ 0.04			120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230
0.05 ~ 0.09		120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235
0.10 ~ 0.15										_		DAR													
0.16 ~ 0.20			135																					240	
0.21 ~ 0.25			140																						
0.26 ~ 0.30			145																						
0.31 ~ 0.35			150																						
0.36 ~ 0.40			155																						
0.41 ~ 0.45			160																						
0.46 ~ 0.50			165																						
0.51 ~ 0.55			170																						
0.56 ~ 0.60			175																						
0.61 ~ 0.65			180												240										
0.66 ~ 0.70			185																						
0.71 ~ 0.75			190										240												
0.76 ~ 0.80			195																						
0.81 ~ 0.85			200																	CE (colo	:(k			
0.86 ~ 0.90			205												(0.10	~ 0.	.15	mm						
			210						240						Exa	ımpl	e: Ir	nsta	lled	is 1	75				
			215					240								•				ance		0.22	mm	ı	
			220				240													/ith				-	
1.06 ~ 1.10			225																	xam					
			230																						
1.16 ~ 1.20			235	240																.75					
			240												F	ad	No.	185	5 = 1	.85	mm				
		240																							
1.31 ~ 1.35	240																								

EXHAUST

MEASURED										IN	ISTA	LLEC) PAI	D NU	MBE	R									
CLEARANCE	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235	240
0.00 ~ 0.04					120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220
0.05 ~ 0.09				120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200	205	210	215	220	225
0.10 ~ 0.14																							220		
0.15 ~ 0.19		120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155								195	200	205	210	215	220	225	230	235
0.20 ~ 0.25												DAR													
0.26 ~ 0.30																							235	240	
0.31 ~ 0.35			140																				240		
0.36 ~ 0.40			145																						
0.41 ~ 0.45			150																						
0.46 ~ 0.50			155																	240					
0.51 ~ 0.55	_		160																240						
0.56 ~ 0.60	155		165															240							
0.61 ~ 0.65			170														240								
0.66 ~ 0.70			175													240									
0.71 ~ 0.75			180																						
0.76 ~ 0.80			185											240											
0.81 ~ 0.85			190										240												
0.86 ~ 0.90			195												VAI	.VE	CI F	-AR	ANG	CF (colc	4).			
0.91 ~ 0.95			200).20				_ (,00.0	-,.			
0.96 ~ 1.00			205							240										io 1	75				
1.01 ~ 1.05			210						240							mpl						2 00			
1.06 ~ 1.10			215					240															mm		
1.11 ~ 1.15			220				240								•	olace						•			
1.16 ~ 1.20			225			240									F	Pad	num	nber	: (e)	kam	ple)				
1.21 ~ 1.25			230		240										F	Pad	No.	175	= 1	.75	mm				
1.26 ~ 1.30	_		235	240											F	Pad	No.	185	= 1	.85	mm				
1.31 ~ 1.35	230														•				-						
1.36 ~ 1.40	235	240																							
1.41 ~ 1.45	240																								

CHASSIS/BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEEDING



CHASSIS

EC361012

BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEEDING

WARNING

Bleed the brake system if:

- The system has been disassembled.
- A brake hose has been loosened or removed.
- The brake fluid is very low.
- The brake operation is faulty.

A dangerous loss of braking performance may occur if the brake system is not properly bled.



- Master cylinder cap
- Diaphragm
- Reservoir float (front brake)
- Protector (rear brake)
- 2. Bleed:
 - Brake fluid
- A Front
- B Rear

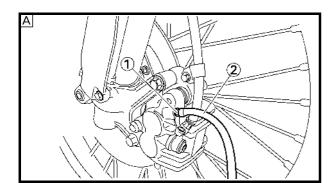
Air bleeding steps:

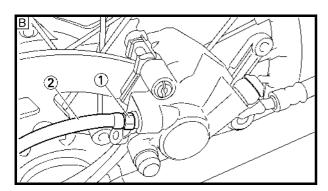
- a. Add proper brake fluid to the reservoir.
- Install the diaphragm. Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to overflow.
- c. Connect the clear plastic tube ② tightly to the caliper bleed screw ①.
- d. Place the other end of the tube into a container.
- e. Slowly apply the brake lever or pedal several times.
- f. Pull the lever in or push down on the pedal. Hold the lever or pedal in position.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw and allow the lever or pedal to travel towards its limit.
- h. Tighten the bleed screw when the lever or pedal limit has been reached; then release the lever or pedal.



Bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m • kg, 4.3 ft • lb)

. Repeat steps (e) to (h) until of the air bubbles have been removed from the system.





FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:

If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid system stabilize for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the system have disappeared.

 Add brake fluid to the level line on the reservoir.

WARNING

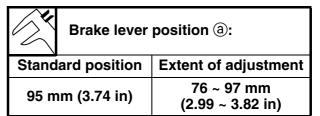
Check the operation of the brake after bleeding the brake system.

- 3. Install:
 - Protector (rear brake)
 - Reservoir float (front brake)
 - Diaphragm
 - Master cylinder cap



FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Brake lever position @





- Lever cover
- 3. Adjust:
 - Brake lever position

Brake lever position adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut (1).
- Turn the adjusting bolt ② until the lever position ③ is within specified position.
- Tighten the locknut.



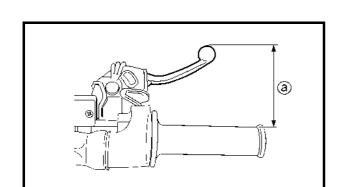
Locknut:

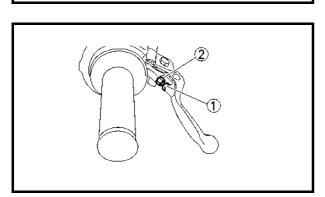
5 Nm (0.5 m • kg, 3.6 ft • lb)

CAUTION:

Be sure to tighten the locknut, as it will cause poor brake performance.

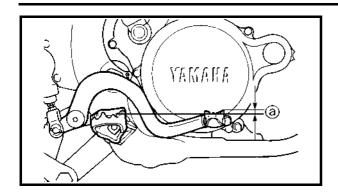
- 4. Install:
 - Lever cover





REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT/ FRONT BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT



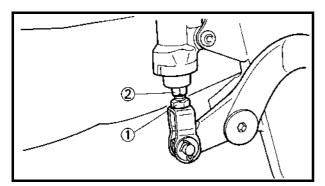


REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Brake pedal height ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Brake pedal height ⓐ: 5 mm (0.20 in)

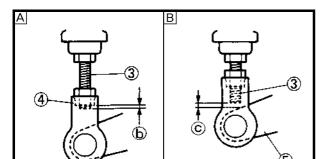


2. Adjust:

• Brake pedal height

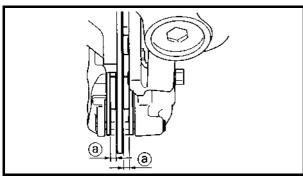
Pedal height adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut (1).
- Turn the adjusting nut ② until the pedal height ③ is within specified height.
- Tighten the locknut.



⚠ WARNING

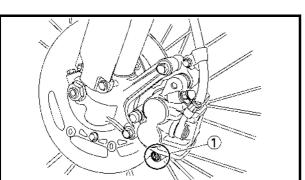
- Adjust the pedal height between the maximum A and the minimum B as shown. (In this adjustment, the bolt 3 end b should protrude out of the threaded portion 4 but not be less than 2 mm (0.08 in) c away from the brake pedal 5).
- After the pedal height adjustment, make sure that the rear brake does not drag.



EC365080

FRONT BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

- 1. Inspect:
 - Brake pad thickness (a)
 Out of specification → Replace as a set.



	Brake pad th	Brake pad thickness ⓐ:							
9	Standard	<limit></limit>							
4.4 ı	mm (0.17 in)	1.0 mm (0.04 in)							

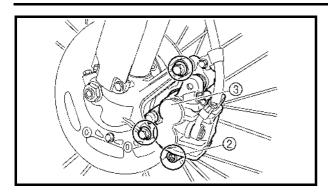
- 2. Replace:
 - · Brake pad

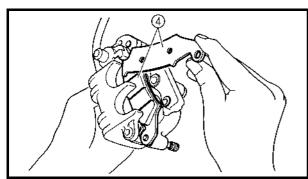
Brake pad replacement steps:

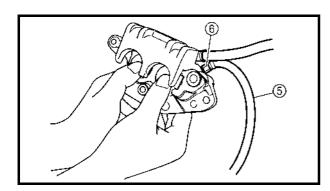
• Remove the pad pin plug (1).

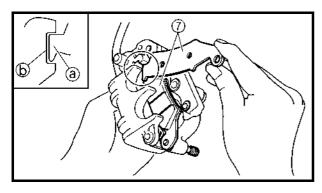
FRONT BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

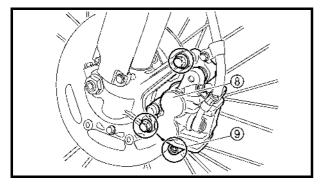












- Loosen the pad pin ②.
- Remove the caliper ③ from the front fork.
- Remove the pad pin and brake pads 4.
- Connect the transparent hose ⑤ to the bleed screw ⑥ and place the suitable container under its end.
- Loosen the bleed screw and push the caliper piston in.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.

• Tighten the bleed screw.



Bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m • kg, 4.3 ft • lb)

Install the brake pads ⑦ and pad pin.

NOTE

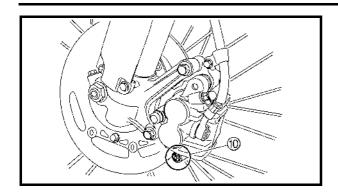
- Install the brake pads with their projections
 (a) into the caliper recesses (b).
- Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.
- Install the caliper ® and tighten the pad pin ⑨.



Bolt (caliper):
23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)
Pad pin:
18 Nm (1.8 m • kg, 13 ft • lb)

REAR BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT





Install the pad pin plug ⑩.

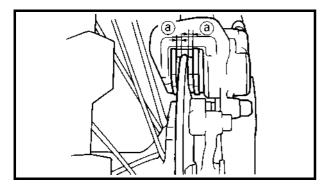


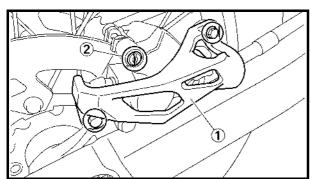
Pad pin plug: 3 Nm (0.3 m • kg, 2.2 ft • lb)

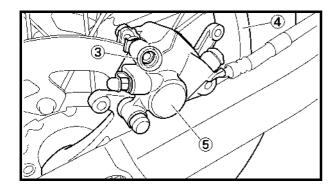
- 3. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level Refer to "BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPEC-TION" section.
- 4. Check:
 - Brake lever operation

A softy or spongy feeling \rightarrow Bleed brake system.

Refer to "BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEED-ING" section.



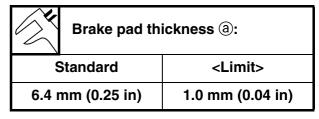




EC366060

REAR BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

- 1. Inspect:
 - Brake pad thickness ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace as a set.



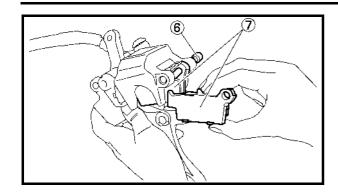
- 2. Replace:
 - Brake pad

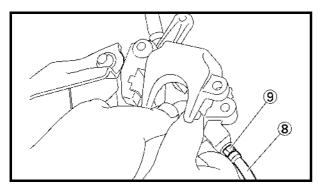
Brake pad replacement steps:

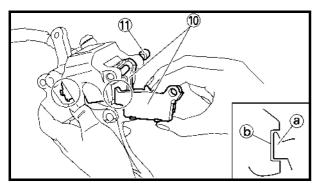
- Remove the protector ① and pad pin plug
 ②.
- Loosen the pad pin ③.
- Remove the rear wheel ④ and caliper ⑤.
 Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section in the CHAPTER 5.

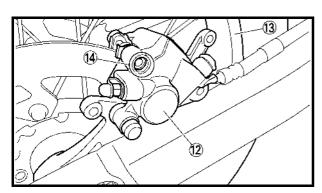
REAR BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

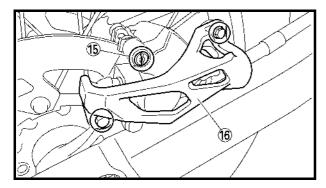












- Remove the pad pin (6) and brake pads (7).
- Connect the transparent hose ® to the bleed screw ⑨ and place the suitable container under its end.
- Loosen the bleed screw and push the caliper piston in.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.

• Tighten the bleed screw.



Bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m • kg, 4.3 ft • lb)

• Install the brake pad (1) and pad pin (1).

NOTE

- Install the brake pads with their projections
 a into the caliper recesses
- Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.
- Install the caliper ② and rear wheel ③.

 Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section in the CHAPTER 5.
- Tighten the pad pin (4).



Pad pin: 18 Nm (1.8 m • kg, 13 ft • lb)

• Install the pad pin plug (5) and protector (6).



Pad pin plug: 3 Nm (0.3 m • kg, 2.2 ft • lb) Bolt (protector): 7 Nm (0.7 m • kg, 5.1 ft • lb)

REAR BRAKE PAD INSULATOR INSPECTION/ BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION



- 3. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level Refer to "BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPEC-TION" section.
- 4. Check:
 - Brake pedal operation

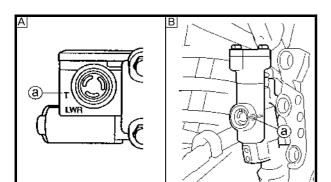
A softy or spongy feeling \rightarrow Bleed brake system.

Refer to "BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEED-ING" section.



REAR BRAKE PAD INSULATOR INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Brake pad
 Refer to "REAR BRAKE PAD INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT" section.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Rear brake pad insulator ①
 Damage → Replace.



FC36700

BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION

- 1. Place the master cylinder so that its top is in a horizontal position.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level
 Fluid at lower level → Fill up.
- (a) Lower level
- A Front
- **B** Rear



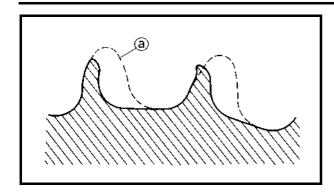
Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4

WARNING

- Use only designated quality brake fluid to avoid poor brake performance.
- Refill with same type and brand of brake fluid; mixing fluids could result in poor brake performance.
- Be sure that water or other contaminants do not enter master cylinder when refilling.
- Clean up spilled fluid immediately to avoid erosion of painted surfaces or plastic parts.

SPROCKETS INSPECTION/DRIVE CHAIN INSPECTION





EC368000

SPROCKETS INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Sprocket teeth ⓐ
 Excessive wear → Replace.

NOTE:

Replace the drive, driven sprockets and drive chain as a set.

DRIVE CHAIN INSPECTION

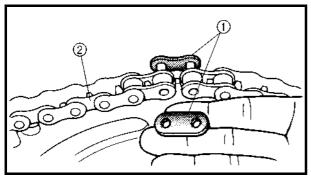
- 1. Measure:
 - Drive chain length (15 links) (a)
 Out of specification → Replace.



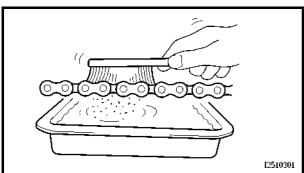
Drive chain length (15 links): <Limit>: 242.9 mm (9.563 in)

NOTE: _

- While measuring the drive chain length, push down on the drive chain to increase its tension.
- Measure the length between drive chain roller ① and ⑥ as shown.
- Perform this measurement at two or three different places.



- 2. Remove:
 - · Master link clip
 - Joint ①
 - Drive chain ②

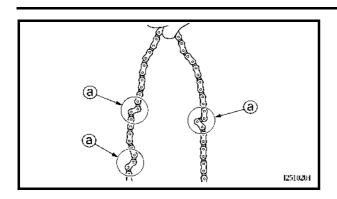


- 3. Clean:
 - Drive chain

Place it in kerosene, and brush off as much dirt as possible. Then remove the chain from the kerosene and dry the chain.

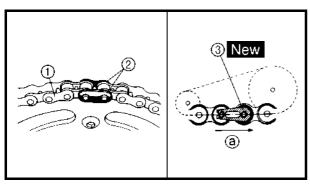
DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT





- 4. Check:
 - Drive chain stiffness (a)
 Clean and oil the chain and hold as illustrated.

Stiff \rightarrow Replace drive chain.



- 5. Install:
 - Drive chain ①
 - Joint ②
 - Master link clip (3) New

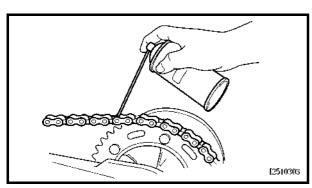


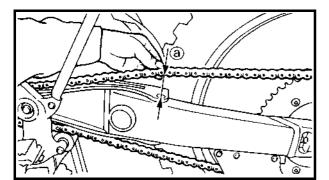
Be sure to install the master link clip to the direction as shown.

- a Turning direction
- 6. Lubricate:
 - Drive chain



Drive chain lubricant: SAE 10W-30 motor oil or suitable chain lubricants





DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Elevate the rear wheel by placing the suitable stand under the engine.
- 2. Check:
 - Drive chain slack ⓐ
 Above the seal guard installation bolt.

 Out of specification → Adjust.



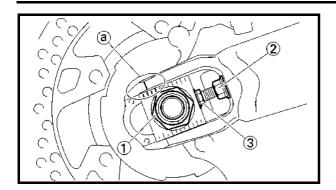
Drive chain slack: 48 ~ 58 mm (1.9 ~ 2.3 in)

NOTE:

Before checking and/or adjusting, rotate the rear wheel through several revolutions and check the slack several times to find the tightest point. Check and/or adjust chain slack with rear wheel in this "tight chain" position.

FRONT FORK INSPECTION





- 3. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack

Drive chain slack adjustment steps:

- Loosen the axle nut (1) and locknuts (2).
- Adjust chain slack by turning the adjusters
 3.

To tighten →Turn adjuster ③ counterclockwise.

To loosen \rightarrow Turn adjuster $\ \ \,$ clockwise and push wheel forward.

 Turn each adjuster exactly the same amount to maintain correct axle alignment.
 (There are marks (a) on each side of chain puller alignment.)

NOTE

Turn the adjuster so that the chain is in line with the sprocket, as viewed from the rear.

CAUTION:

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

• Tighten the axle nut while pushing down the drive chain.



Axle nut:

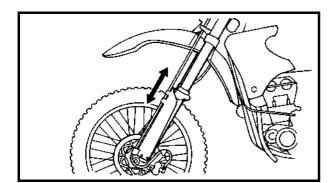
125 Nm (12.5 m • kg, 90 ft • lb)

• Tighten the locknuts.



Locknut:

16 Nm (1.6 m • kg, 11 ft • lb)



EC36C000

FRONT FORK INSPECTION

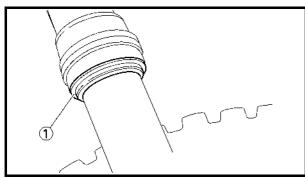
- 1. Inspect:
 - Front fork smooth action

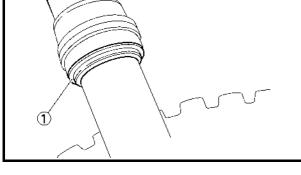
Operate the front brake and stroke the front fork.

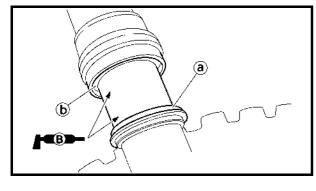
Unsmooth action/oil leakage \rightarrow Repair or replace.

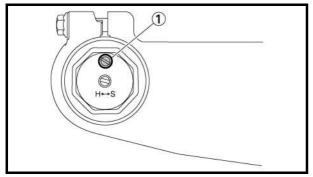
FRONT FORK OIL SEAL AND DUST SEAL CLEANING/ FRONT FORK INTERNAL PRESSURE RELIEVING/ FRONT FORK REBOUND DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT













FRONT FORK OIL SEAL AND DUST SEAL **CLEANING**

- 1. Remove:
 - Protector
 - Dust seal (1)

Use a thin screw driver, and be careful not to damage the inner fork tube and dust seal.

- 2. Clean:
 - Dust seal @
 - Oil seal (b)

NOTE:

- · Clean the dust seal and oil seal after every
- · Apply the lithium soap base grease on the inner tube.

FRONT FORK INTERNAL PRESSURE **RELIEVING**

NOTE:

If the front fork initial movement feels stiff during a run, relieve the front fork internal pressure.

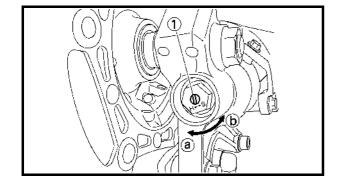
- 1. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 2. Remove the air bleed screw ① and release the internal pressure from the front fork.
- 3. Install:
 - · Air bleed screw

№ 1 Nm (0.1 m · kg, 0.7 ft · lb)



FRONT FORK REBOUND DAMPING FORCE **ADJUSTMENT**

- 1. Adjust:
 - Rebound damping force By turning the adjuster ①.



- Stiffer ⓐ → Increase the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster ① in.)
- Softer $\textcircled{b} \rightarrow \textbf{Decrease}$ the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster (1) out.)

FRONT FORK COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT



	Extent of adj	ustment:						
N	Maximum	Minimum						
Fully positi	turned in on	20 clicks out (from maximum position)						

• STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position.



Standard position: 7 clicks out

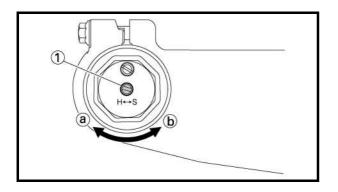
*8 clicks out

CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

WARNING

Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.



EC36 I001

FRONT FORK COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
 - Compression damping force By turning the adjuster ①.

Stiffer $\textcircled{a} \rightarrow$ Increase the compression
damping force. (Turn the
adjuster ① in.)

Softer $\textcircled{b} \to \textbf{Decrease}$ the compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster 1 out.)

^{*} For EUROPE

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION

	Extent of adj	Extent of adjustment:							
N	/laximum	Minimum							
Fully positi	turned in on	20 clicks out (from maximum position)							

• STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position.



Standard position:

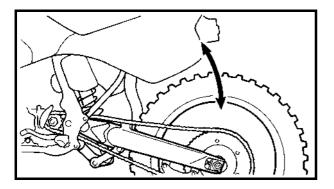
- 11 clicks out
- *6 clicks out

CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

WARNING

Always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.



EC36K000

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION

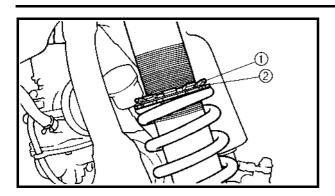
- 1. Inspect:
 - Swingarm smooth action
 Abnormal noise/unsmooth action →
 Grease the pivoting points or repair the pivoting points.

Damage/oil leakage \rightarrow Replace.

^{*} For EUROPE

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER SPRING PRELOAD ADJUSTMENT

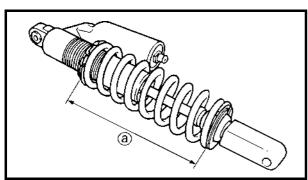


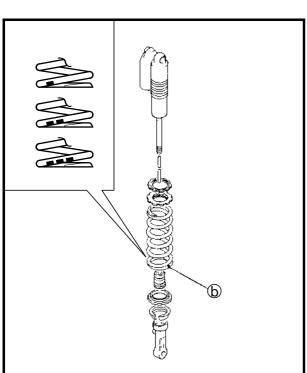


REAR SHOCK ABSORBER SPRING PRELOAD ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Elevate the rear wheel by placing the suitable stand under the engine.
- 2. Remove:
 - Rear frame
- 3. Loosen:
 - Locknut 1
- 4. Adjust:
 - Spring preload
 By turning the adjuster ②.

$\textbf{Stiffer} \rightarrow$	Increase the spring preload.
	(Turn the adjuster ② in.)
$\textbf{Softer} \rightarrow$	Decrease the spring preload.
	(Turn the adjuster ② out.)





Spring length (installed) @:				
Standard length	Extent of adjustment			
One I.D. mark				
264 mm (10.39 in)	255.5 ~ 273.5 mm			
*262 mm (10.31 in)	(10.06 ~ 10.77 in)			
Two I.D. marks	,			
270 mm (10.63 in)	261.5 ~ 279.5 mm			
*268 mm (10.55 in)	(10.30 ~ 11.00 in)			
Three I.D. marks	,			
261.5 mm (10.30 in)	253.0 ~ 271.0 mm			
*259.5 mm (10.22 in)	(9.96 ~ 10.67 in)			

^{*} For EUROPE

NOTE:

- Be sure to remove all dirt and mud from around the locknut and adjuster before adjustment.
- The length of the spring (installed) changes 1.5 mm (0.06 in) per turn of the adjuster.
- The I.D. mark (b) is marked at the end of the spring.
- The standard length and extent of adjustment vary according to the quantity of I.D. marks.

CAUTION:

Never attempt to turn the adjuster beyond the maximum or minimum setting.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REBOUND DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT



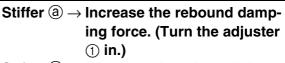
- 5. Tighten:
 - Locknut
- 6. Install:
 - Rear frame

№ 32 Nm (3.2 m · kg, 23 ft · lb)

EC36N014

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REBOUND DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
 - Rebound damping force By turning the adjuster ①.



Softer $\textcircled{b} \rightarrow \textbf{Decrease}$ the rebound damping force. (Turn the adjuster 1 out.)



Extent of adjustment:

Maximum	Minimum
Fully turned in position	20 clicks out (from maximum position)



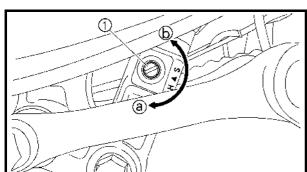
This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position. (Which align the punch mark ⓐ on the adjuster with the punch mark ⓑ on the bracket.)

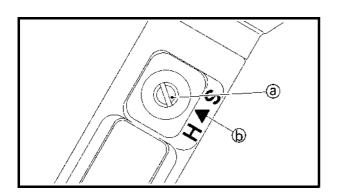


Standard position:
About 8 clicks out
*About 12 clicks out

CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

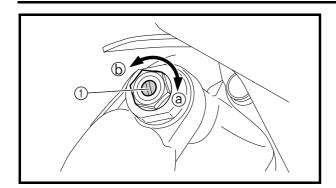




^{*} For EUROPE

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER LOW COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT





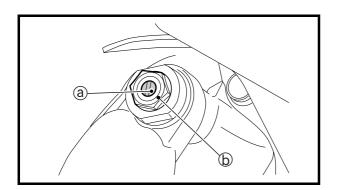
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER LOW COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
 - Low compression damping force By turning the adjuster ①.

Stiffer $\textcircled{a} \rightarrow$ Increase the low compres-
sion damping force. (Turn
the adjuster ① in.)
Softer $\textcircled{b} \rightarrow \textbf{Decrease}$ the low compress

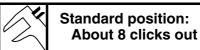
Softer b o Decrease the low compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster 1 out.)

Extent of adjustment:			
Maximum	Minimum		
Fully turned in position	20 clicks out (from maximum position)		



• STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of clicks from the fully turned-in position. (Which align the punch mark ⓐ on the adjuster with the punch mark ⓑ on the high compression damping adjuster.)

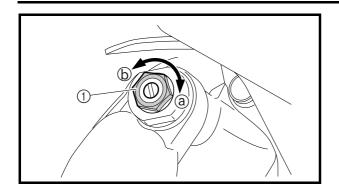


CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER HIGH COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT





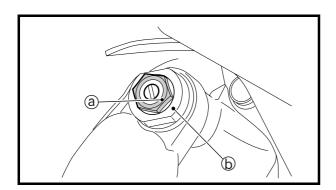
REAR SHOCK ABSORBER HIGH COMPRESSION DAMPING FORCE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust:
 - High compression damping force By turning the adjuster ①.

Stiffer $\textcircled{a} \rightarrow$ Increase the high compres-
sion damping force. (Turn
the adjuster ① in.)
Softer (b) → Decrease the high compres

Softer $\textcircled{b} o \mathsf{Decrease}$ the high compression damping force. (Turn the adjuster 1 out.)

Extent of adj	Extent of adjustment:			
Maximum	Minimum			
Fully turned in position	2 turns out (from maximum position)			



• STANDARD POSITION:

This is the position which is back by the specific number of turns from the fully turned-in position. (Which align the punch mark ⓐ on the adjuster with the punch mark ⓑ on the adjuster body.)



Standard position:
About 1-1/2 turns out
*About 1-1/4 turns out

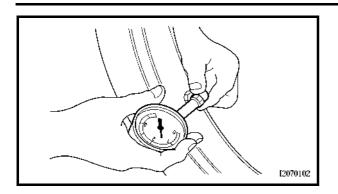
CAUTION:

Do not force the adjuster past the minimum or maximum extent of adjustment. The adjuster may be damaged.

^{*} For EUROPE

TIRE PRESSURE CHECK/SPOKES INSPECTION AND TIGHTENING/WHEEL INSPECTION





EC36Q000

TIRE PRESSURE CHECK

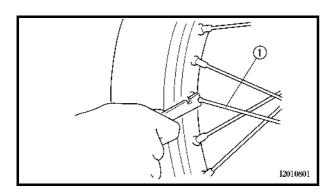
- 1. Measure:
 - Tire pressure
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Standard tire pressure: 100 kPa (1.0 kgf/cm², 15 psi)

NOTE:

- Check the tire while it is cold.
- Loose bead stoppers allow the tire to slip off its position on the rim when the tire pressure is low.
- A tilted tire valve stem indicates that the tire slips off its position on the rim.
- If the tire valve stem is found tilted, the tire is considered to be slipping off its position. Correct the tire position.



FC36S00

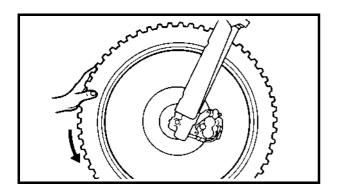
SPOKES INSPECTION AND TIGHTENING

- 1. Inspect:
 - Spokes ①
 Bend/damage → Replace.
 Loose spoke → Retighten.
- 2. Tighten:
 - Spokes

№ 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb)

NOTF:

Be sure to retighten these spokes before and after break-in. After a practice or a race check spokes for looseness.



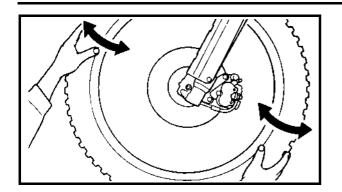
EC36T000

WHEEL INSPECTION

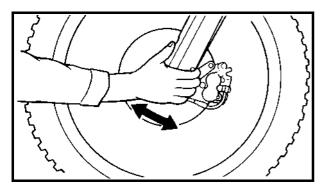
- 1. Inspect:
 - Wheel runout
 Elevate the wheel and turn it.
 Abnormal runout → Replace.

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT



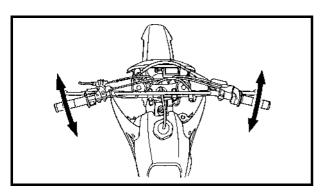


- 2. Inspect:
 - Bearing free play
 Exist play → Replace.



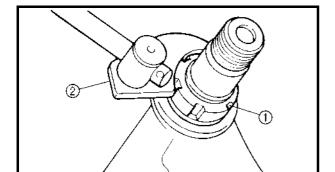
STEERING HEAD INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 2. Check:
 - Steering shaft
 Grasp the bottom of the forks and gently
 rock the fork assembly back and forth.
 Free play → Adjust steering head.
- 3. Check:
 - Steering smooth action
 Turn the handlebar lock to lock.
 Unsmooth action → Adjust steering ring nut.



4. Adjust:

Steering ring nut



Steering ring nut adjustment steps:

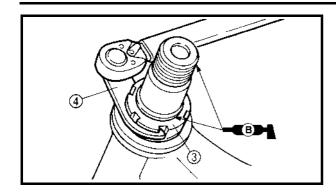
- Remove the number plate.
- Remove the handlebar and handle crown.
- Loosen the ring nut ① using the ring nut wrench ②.

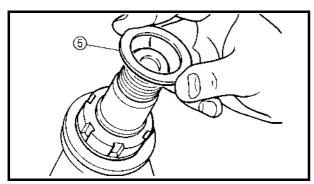


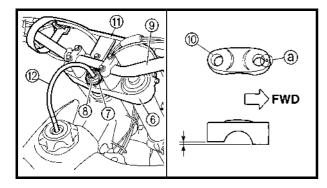
Ring nut wrench: YU-33975/90890-01403

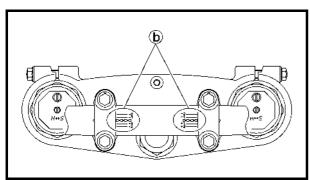
STEERING HEAD INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

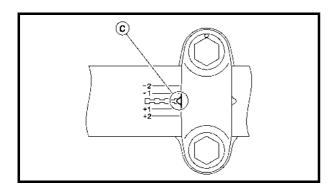












• Tighten the ring nut ③ using ring nut wrench ④.

NOTE:

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the thread of the steering shaft.
- Set the torque wrench to the ring nut wrench so that they form a right angle.



Ring nut wrench: YU-33975/90890-01403



Ring nut (initial tightening): 38 Nm (3.8 m • kg, 27 ft • lb)

- Loosen the ring nut one turn.
- Retighten the ring nut using the ring nut wrench.

WARNING

Avoid over-tightening.



Ring nut (final tightening): 7 Nm (0.7 m • kg, 5.1 ft • lb)

- Check the steering shaft by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering shaft assembly and inspect the steering bearings.
- Install the plain washer ⑤, handle crown ⑥, plain washer ⑦, steering shaft nut ⑧, handlebar ⑨, handlebar holder (upper) ⑩ and number plate ⑪.

NOTE:

- The handlebar holder (upper) should be installed with the punched mark (a) forward.
- Install the handlebar so that the marks (b) are in place on both sides.
- Install the handlebar so that the projection
 © of the handlebar holder (upper) is positioned at the mark on the handlebar as shown.
- Insert the end of fuel breather hose ② into the hole in the steering shaft.

CAUTION:

First tighten the bolts on the front side of the handlebar holder (upper), and then tighten the bolts on the rear side.

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT





Steering shaft nut:

145 Nm (14.5 m • kg, 105 ft • lb)

Handlebar holder (upper):

28 Nm (2.8 m • kg, 20 ft • lb)

Pinch bolt (handle crown):

23 Nm (2.3 m • kg, 17 ft • lb)

Number plate:

7 Nm (0.7 m • kg, 5.1 ft • lb)



LUBRICATION

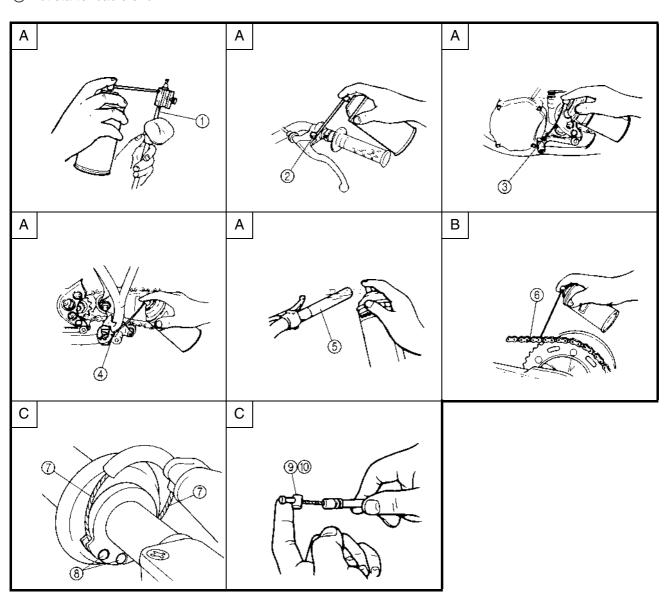
To ensure smooth operation of all components, lubricate your machine during setup, after break-in, and after every race.

- 1) All control cable
- 2 Clutch lever pivot
- ③ Shift pedal pivot
- 4 Footrest pivot
- (5) Throttle-to-handlebar contact
- 6 Drive chain
- 7 Tube guide cable winding portion
- (8) Throttle cable end
- (9) Clutch cable end
- 10 Hot starter cable end

- A Use Yamaha cable lube or equivalent on these areas.
- B Use SAE 10W-30 motor oil or suitable chain lubricants.
- C Lubricate the following areas with high quality, lightweight lithium-soap base grease.

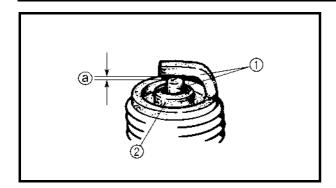
CAUTION:

Wipe off any excess grease, and avoid getting grease on the brake discs.



ELECTRICAL/SPARK PLUG INSPECTION





ELECTRICAL

EC37100

SPARK PLUG INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - · Spark plug
- 2. Inspect:
 - Electrode ①

Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.

• Insulator color ②

Normal condition is a medium to light tan color.

Distinctly different color \rightarrow Check the engine condition.

NOTE:

When the engine runs for many hours at low speeds, the spark plug insulator will become sooty, even if the engine and carburetor are in good operating condition.

- 3. Measure:
 - Plug gap ⓐ
 Use a wire gauge or thickness gauge.

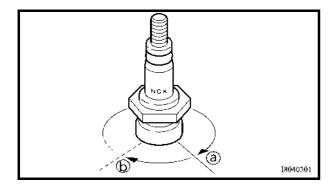
 Out of specification → Regap.



Spark plug gap:

0.7 ~ 0.8 mm (0.028 ~ 0.031 in)

4. Clean the plug with a spark plug cleaner if necessary.



- 5. Tighten:
 - Spark plug

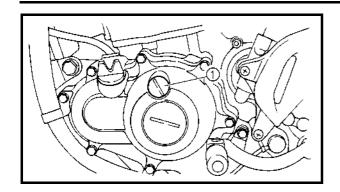
13 Nm (1.3 m ⋅ kg, 9.4 ft ⋅ lb)

NOTE:

- Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.
- Finger-tighten ⓐ the spark plug before torquing to specification ⓑ.

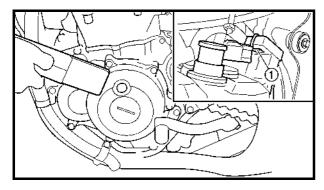
IGNITION TIMING CHECK





IGNITION TIMING CHECK

- 1. Remove:
 - Timing plug ①



2. Attach:

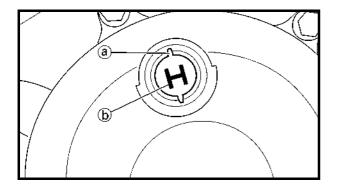
- Timing light
- Inductive tachometer

 To the ignition coil lead
 (orange lead ①).



Timing light: YM-33277-A/90890-03141

- 3. Adjust:
 - Engine idling speed Refer to "IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT".



4. Check:

Ignition timing
 Visually check the stationary pointer ⓐ is
 within the firing range ⓑ on the rotor.
 Incorrect firing range → Check rotor and
 pickup assembly.

5. Install:

• Timing plug

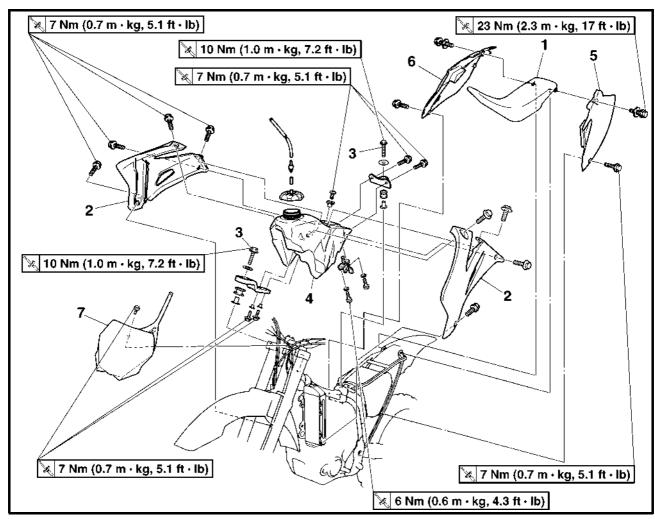
SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS



ENGINE

SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS





Extent of removal:

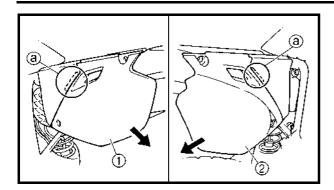
- ① Seat removal
- 3 Side covers removal
- ② Fuel tank removal
- 4 Number plate removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Turn the fuel cock to "OFF". Disconnect the fuel hose.		
① 1 3 1	1	Seat	1	
T T	2	Air scoop (left and right)	2	
2	3	Bolt (fuel tank)	2	
	4	Fuel tank	1	
	5	Side cover (left)	1	h
③ ↓ .	6	Side cover (right)	1	- Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
4	7	Number plate	1	И

SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS





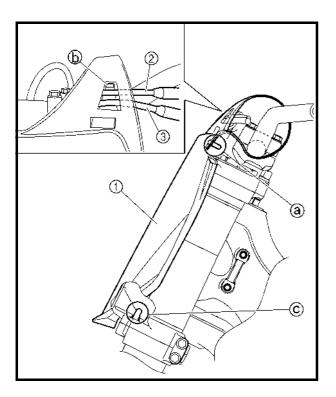


REMOVAL POINTS Side cover

- 1. Remove:
 - Bolt (side cover)
 - Side cover (left) 1
 - Side cover (right) ②

NOTE

Draw the side cover downward to remove it because its claws ⓐ are inserted in the air filter case.

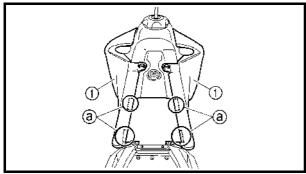


Number plate

- 1. Remove:
 - Bolt (number plate)
 - Number plate (1)

NOTE:

- The projection (a) is inserted into the band of the number plate. Pull the band off the projection before removal.
- Remove the hot starter cable ② and clutch cable ③ from the cable guide ⑤ on the number plate.
- The projection © on the under bracket is inserted into the number plate. Remove the number plate by pulling it off the projection.



ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Air scoop

- 1. Install:
 - Air scoop (1)
 - Bolt (air scoop)

№ 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)

NOTE:

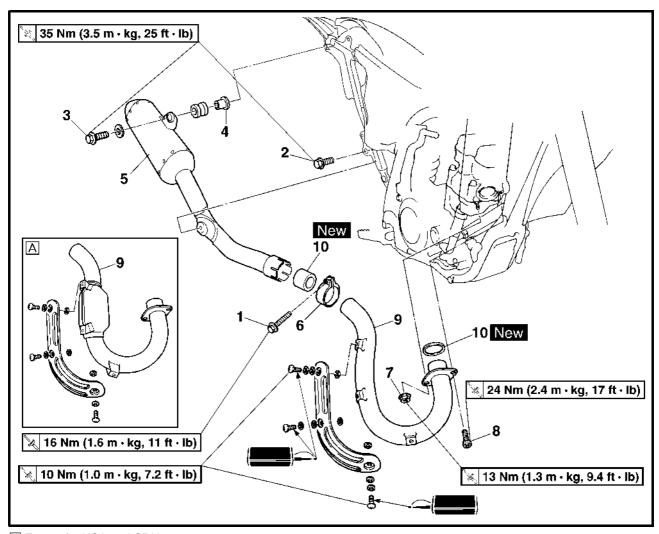
Put the portion ⓐ of the flap of the air filter case on the inside of the air scoop.

EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER



EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER





A Except for USA and CDN

Extent of removal:

① Silencer removal

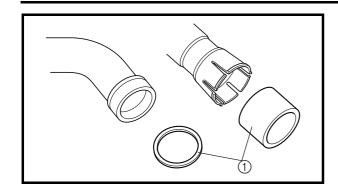
② Exhaust pipe removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Side cover (right)		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section.
1 2 1	1	Bolt (clamp)	1	Only loosening.
,	2	Bolt [silencer (front)]	1	
	3	Bolt [silencer (rear)]	1	
Ψ	4	Collar	1	
	5	Silencer	1	
	6	Clamp	1	
l '	7	Nut (exhaust pipe)	1	
	8	Bolt (exhaust pipe)	1	
(2)	9	Exhaust pipe	1	
	10	Gasket	2	

EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER



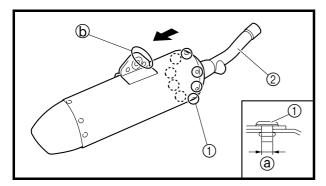




INSPECTION

Exhaust pipe and silencer

- 1. Inspect:
 - Gasket ①
 Damage → Replace.



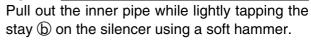
Silencer fiber replacement

- 1. Remove:
 - Rivet (front) ①
 - Inner pipe ②

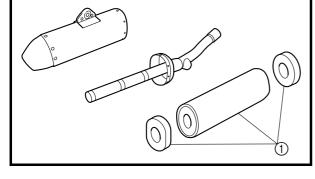


Take care not to damage the rivet fitting holes (ø4.9 mm) ⓐ in removal.

NOTE:



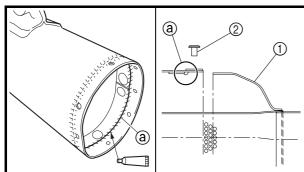
- 2. Replace:
 - Fiber (1)

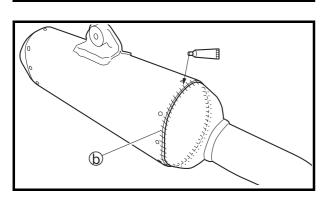


- 3. Install:
 - Inner pipe ①
 - Rivet (front) ②

NOTE

- Take care not to allow the fiber out of place when installing the inner pipe.

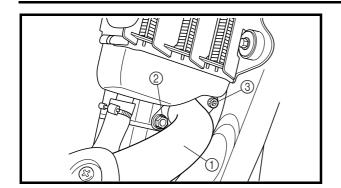




EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER







ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Exhaust pipe and silencer

- 1. Install:
 - Gasket New
 - Exhaust pipe 1
 - Nut (exhaust pipe) ②

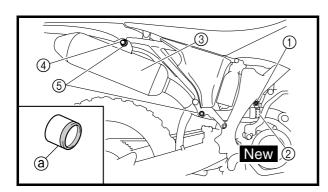
🔌 13 Nm (1.3 m · kg, 9.4 ft · lb)

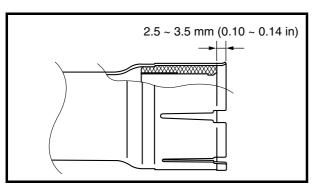
• Bolt (exhaust pipe) ③

≥ 24 Nm (2.4 m · kg, 17 ft · lb)

NOTE: .

First, temporarily tighten the nut (exhaust pipe), then tighten the bolt (exhaust pipe) 20 Nm (2.0 m • kg, 14 ft • lb). After that, retighten the nut (exhaust pipe) 13 Nm (1.3 m • kg, 9.4 ft • lb) and then the bolt (exhaust pipe) 24 Nm (2.4 m • kg, 17 ft • lb).





- 2. Install:

 - Gasket ② New
 - Silencer (3)
 - Plain washer 4
 - Bolt (silencer) ⑤

№ 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

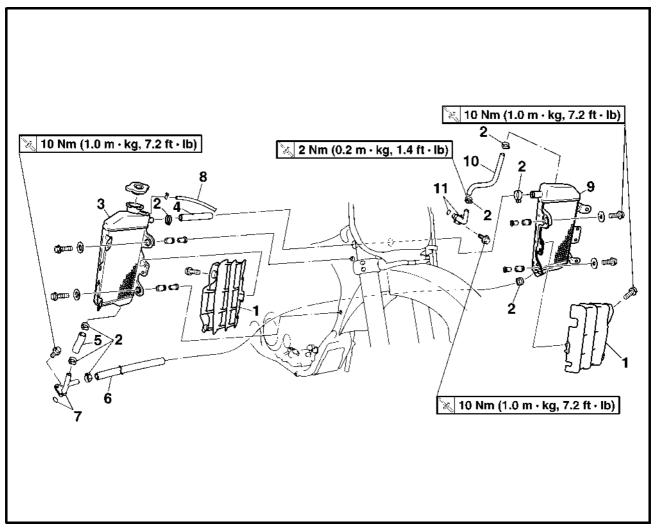
NOTE:

- Install the gasket with its meshed area ⓐ toward the exhaust pipe side.
- The gasket should be installed according to the dimension shown.



RADIATOR





Extent of removal:

① Radiator removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		RADIATOR REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Drain the coolant.		Refer to "COOLANT REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
		Seat and fuel tank		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section.
		Exhaust pipe		Refer to "EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER" section.
<u>†</u>	1	Panel	2	
	2	Clamp	8	
	3	Radiator (right)	1	
	4	Hose 2	1	
	5	Hose 3	1	
	6	Hose 4	1	
Ý	7	Pipe 2/O-ring	1/1	
	8	Radiator breather hose	1	
	9	Radiator (left)	1	
	10	Hose 1	1	
\downarrow	11	Pipe 1/O-ring	1/1	



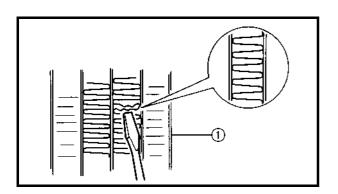
EC456000 HANDLING NOTE

WARNING

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury.

When the engine has cooled, open the radiator cap by the following procedure:

Place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.



EC454000

INSPECTION

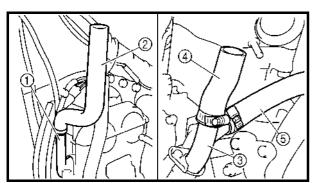
FC444100

Radiator

- 1. Inspect:
 - Radiator core (1)

Obstruction → Blow out with compressed air through rear of the radiator.

Bent fin \rightarrow Repair/replace.



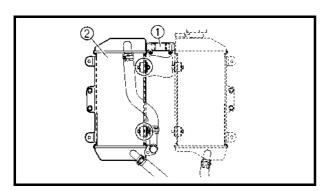
ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Radiator

- 1. Install:
 - Pipe 1 (1) | **№** | 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) • Pipe 2 ③ **№** 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Hose 3 (4) ≥ 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)
- Hose 4 ⑤ 🔌 2 Nm (0.2 m ⋅ kg, 1.4 ft ⋅ lb)



- Hose 2 ① **№ 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)**
- Radiator (left) ②

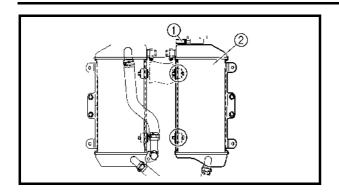
🔪 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



RADIATOR



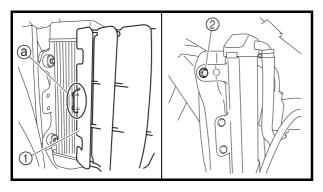




3. Install:

- Radiator breather hose ①
- Radiator (right) ②

Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.



4. Install:

- Panel ①
- Bolt (radiator panel upper) ②

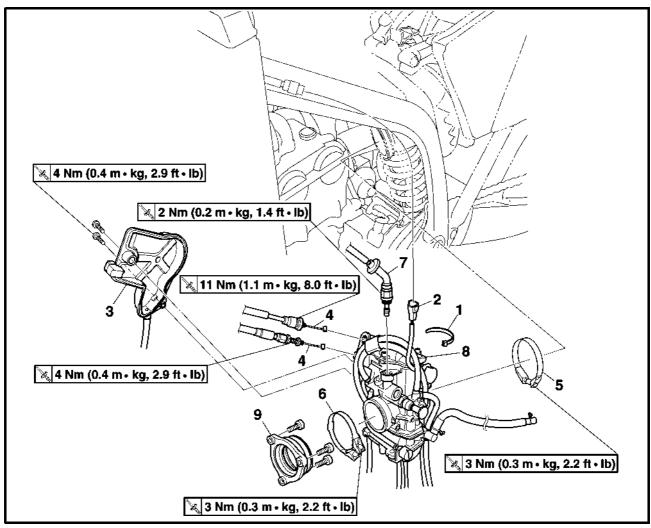
№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Fit the hook ⓐ on the inner side first into the radiator.







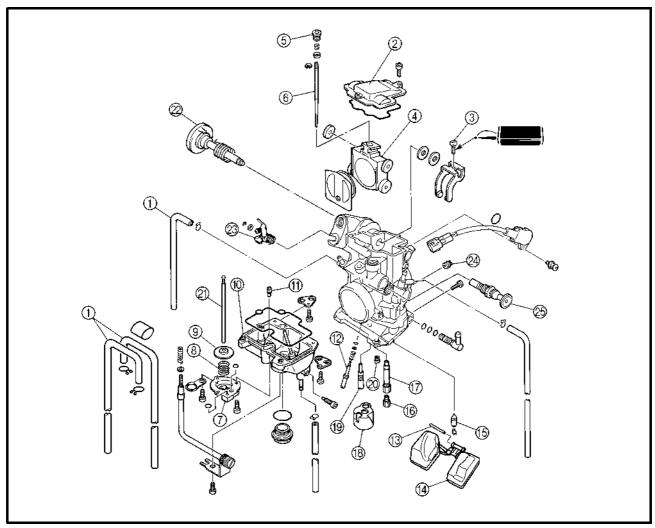
Extent of removal:

① Carburetor removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CARBURETOR REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Fuel tank		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section.
		Rear shock absorber		Refer to "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER" section in the CHAPTER 5.
1	1	Band	1	
	2	TPS coupler	1	
	3	Throttle cable cover	1	
	4	Throttle cable	2	
Ф	5	Clamp (air cleaner joint)	1	Loosen the screw (air cleaner joint).
	6	Clamp (carburetor joint)	1	Loosen the screws (carburetor joint).
	7	Hot starter plunger	1	
	8	Carburetor	1	
	9	Carburetor joint	1	



CARBURETOR DISASSEMBLY

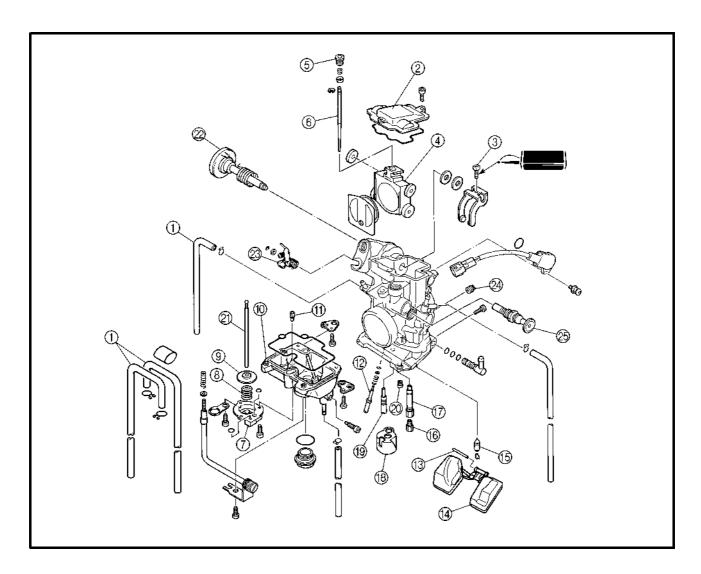


Extent of removal:

① Carburetor disassembly

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CARBURETOR DISASSEMBLY		
1	1	Breather hose	4	
	2	Valve lever housing cover	1	
	3	Screw (throttle shaft)	1	
	4	Throttle valve	1	
	(5)	Needle holder	1	
	6	Jet needle	1	
	7	Cover	1	
ф	8	Spring	1	
	9	Diaphragm (accelerator pump)	1	
	10	Float chamber	1	
	11)	Leak jet	1	
	12	Pilot screw	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	13	Float pin	1	
	14)	Float	1	
	15	Needle valve	1	

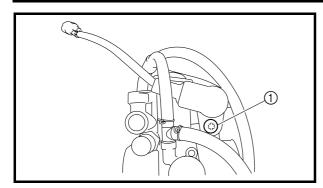




Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
†	16	Main jet	1	
	17	Needle jet	1	
	18	Spacer	1	
	19	Pilot jet	1	
(1)	20	Starter jet	1	
	21	Push rod	1	Pull the push rod.
	22	Throttle shaft assembly	1	
	23	Push rod link lever assembly	1	
	24	Pilot air jet	1	
	25	Cold starter plunger	1	







EC466020 HANDLING NOTE

CAUTION:

Do not loosen the screws {TPS (throttle position sensor)} ① except when changing the TPS (throttle position sensor) due to failure because it will cause a drop in engine performance.

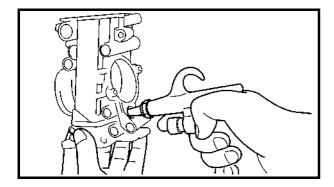
REMOVAL POINTS

Pilot screw

- 1. Remove:
 - Pilot screw (1)

NOTE

To optimize the fuel flow at a small throttle opening, each machine's pilot screw has been individually set at the factory. Before removing the pilot screw, turn it in fully and count the number of turns. Record this number as the factory-set number of turns out.



INSPECTION

Carburetor

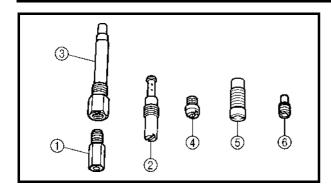
- 1. Inspect:
 - Carburetor body
 Contamination → Clean.

NOTE:

- Use a petroleum based solvent for cleaning.
 Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.
- Never use a wire.





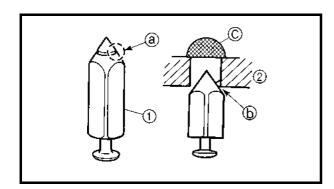


- 2. Inspect:
 - Main jet 1
 - Pilot jet ②
 - Needle jet ③
 - Starter jet 4
 - Pilot air jet ⑤
 - Leak jet ⑥
 Damage → Replace.

Contamination \rightarrow Clean.

NOTE: _

- Use a petroleum based solvent for cleaning.
 Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.
- Never use a wire.



Needle valve

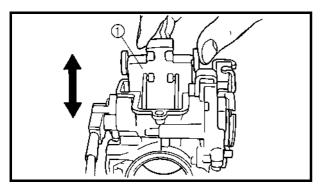
- 1. Inspect:
 - Needle valve (1)
 - Valve seat ②

Grooved wear $\textcircled{a} \rightarrow \mathsf{Replace}.$

 $\mathsf{Dust}\, \textcircled{b} \to \mathsf{Clean}.$

• Filter ©

 $Clogged \rightarrow Clean.$



EC464300

Throttle valve

- 1. Check:
 - Free movement $\mbox{Stick} \rightarrow \mbox{Repair or replace}.$

NOTE:

Insert the throttle valve ① into the carburetor body, and check for free movement.

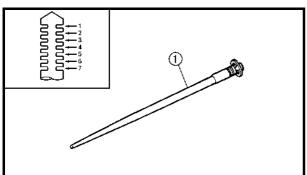
EC464400

Jet needle

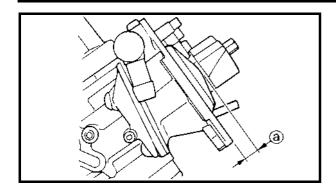
- 1. Inspect:
 - Jet needle ①
 Bends/wear → Replace.
 - Clip groove
 Free play exists/wear → Replace.
 - Clip position



Standard clip position: No.4 Groove







EC464511 Float height

- 1. Measure:
 - Float height @ Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.



Float height: 8.0 mm (0.31 in)

Measurement and adjustment steps:

• Hold the carburetor in an upside down position.

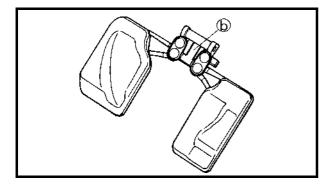
NOTE:

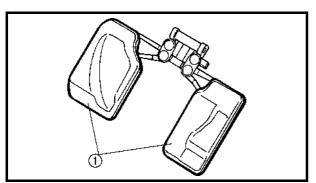
- Slowly tilt the carburetor in the opposite direction, then take the measurement when the needle valve aligns with the float arm.
- If the carburetor is level, the weight of the float will push in the needle valve, resulting in an incorrect measurement.
- Measure the distance between the mating surface of the float chamber and top of the float using a vernier calipers.

NOTE:

The float arm should be resting on the needle valve, but not compressing the needle valve.

- If the float height is not within specification, inspect the valve seat and needle valve.
- If either is worn, replace them both.
- If both are fine, adjust the float height by bending the float tab (b) on the float.
- Recheck the float height.



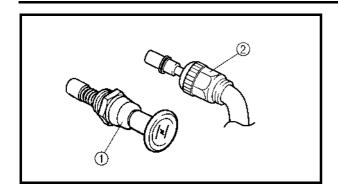


EC464600

Float

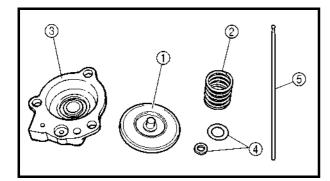
- 1. Inspect:
 - Float (1) Damage \rightarrow Replace.





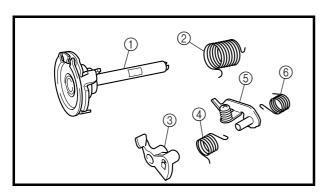
Starter plunger

- 1. Inspect:
 - Cold starter plunger ①
 - Hot starter plunger ②
 Wear/damage → Replace.

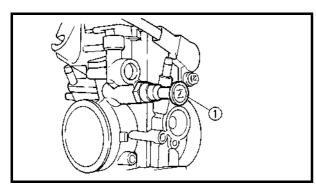


Accelerator pump

- 1. Inspect:
 - Diaphragm (accelerator pump) ①
 - Spring ②
 - Cover ③
 - O-ring (4)
 - Push rod 5Tears (diaphragm)/damage \rightarrow Replace. Dirt \rightarrow Clean.

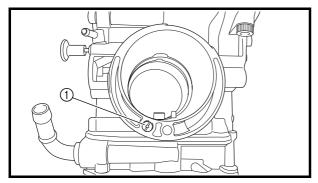


- 2. Inspect:
 - Throttle shaft ①
 - Spring ②
 - Lever 1 ③
 - Spring 1 ④
 - Lever 2 ⑤
 - Spring 2 ⑥
 Dirt → Clean.



ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Carburetor

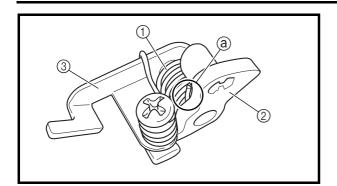
- 1. Install:
 - Cold starter plunger ①



- 2. Install:
 - Pilot air jet ①







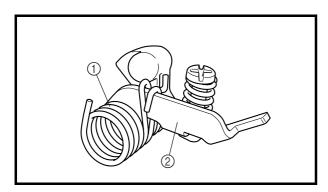
3. Install:

- Spring 1 ①
- Lever 1 (2)

To lever 2 ③.

NOTE:

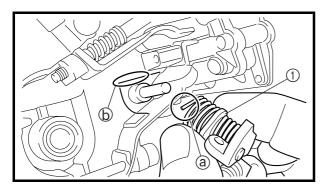
Make sure the spring 1 fits on the stopper ⓐ of the lever 2.



4. Install:

• Spring 2 ①

To lever 2 2.

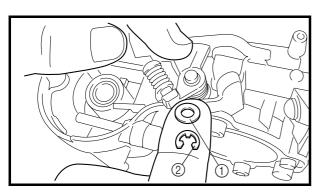


5. Install:

• Push rod link lever assembly ①

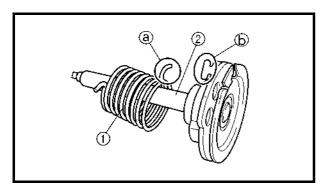
NOTE:

Make sure the stopper ⓐ of the spring 2 fits into the recess ⓑ in the carburetor.



6. Install:

- Plain washer ①
- Circlip ②



7. Install:

• Spring ①

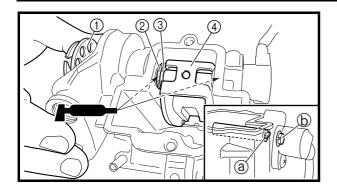
To throttle shaft ②.

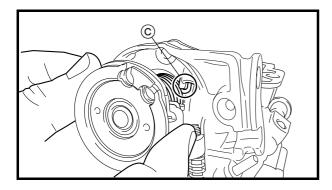
NOTE: _

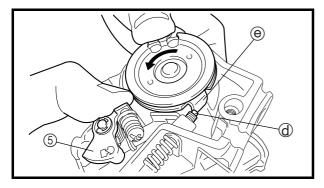
Install the bigger hook ⓐ of the spring fits on the stopper ⓑ of the throttle shaft pulley.

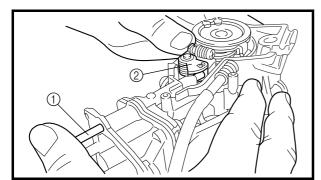


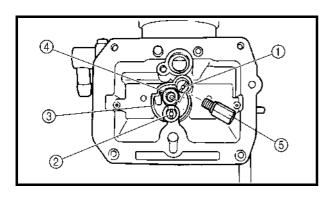












8. Install:

- Throttle shaft assembly ①
- Plain washer (metal) ②
- Plain washer (resin) ③
- Valve lever 4

NOTE:

- Apply the fluorochemical grease on the bearings.
- Fit the projection ⓐ on the throttle shaft assembly into the slot ⓑ in the TPS (throttle position sensor).
- Make sure the stopper © of the spring fits into the recess in the carburetor.
- Turn the throttle shaft assembly left while holding down the lever 1 ⑤ and fit the throttle stop screw tip ⓓ to the stopper ⓔ of the throttle shaft assembly pulley.

9. Install:

• Push rod ①

NOTE

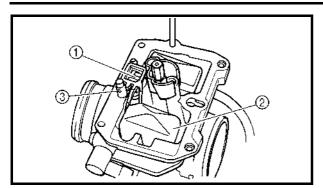
While holding down the lever 1 ②, insert the push rod farthest into the carburetor.

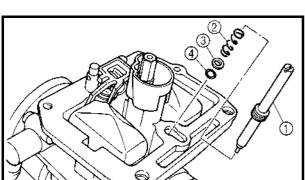
10. Install:

- Starter jet ①
- Pilot jet ②
- Spacer ③
- Needle jet 4
- Main jet ⑤









11. Install:

- Needle valve 1)
- Float ②
- Float pin ③

NOTE:

- After installing the needle valve to the float, install them to the carburetor.
- Check the float for smooth movement.

12. Install:

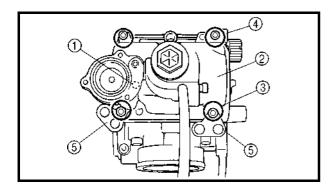
- Pilot screw ①
- Spring ②
- Washer ③
- O-ring **4**

Note the following installation points:

- Turn in the pilot screw until it is lightly seated.
- Turn out the pilot screw by the number of turns recorded before removing.



Pilot screw (example): 2-1/8 turns out



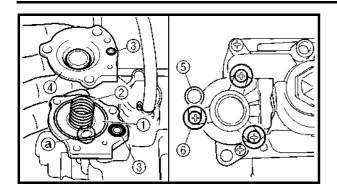
13. Install:

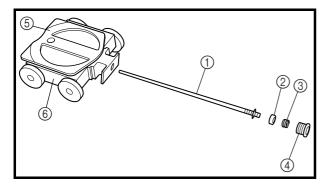
- O-ring
- Leak jet 1
- Float chamber ②
- Bolt (float chamber) ③
- Cable holder (throttle stop screw cable)

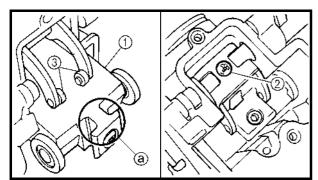
 (4)
- Hose holder (carburetor breather hose)
 ⑤

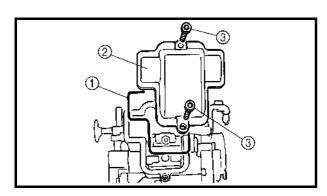


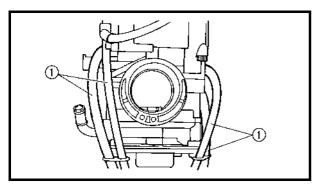












14. Install:

- Diaphragm (accelerator pump) ①
- Spring ②
- O-ring ③
- Cover ④
- Hose holder (drain hose) ⑤
- Screw (cover) (6)

NOTE: .

Install the diaphragm (accelerator pump) with its mark ⓐ facing the spring.

15. Install:

- Jet needle 1
- Collar ②
- Spring ③
- Needle holder 4
- Throttle valve plate ⑤ To throttle valve ⑥.

16. Install:

- Throttle valve assembly 1)
- Screw (throttle shaft) ②

NOTE

Install the valve lever rollers ③ into the slits ⓐ of the throttle valve.

17. Install:

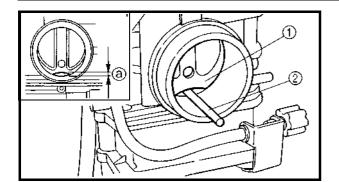
- O-ring (1)
- Valve lever housing cover ②
- Bolt (valve lever housing cover) ③

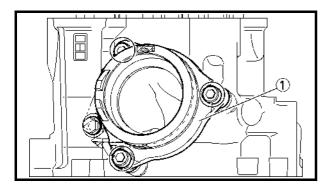
18. Install:

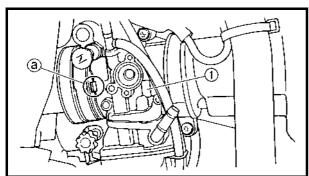
Carburetor breather hose ①
 Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM"
 section in the CHAPTER 2.

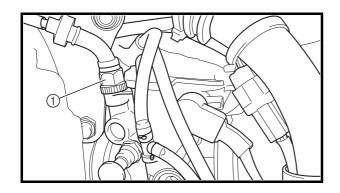












Accelerator pump timing adjustment

Adjustment steps:

NOTE:

In order for the throttle valve height ⓐ to achieve the specified value, tuck under the throttle valve plate ① the rod ② etc. with the same outer diameter as the specified value.



Throttle valve height: 1.25 mm (0.049 in)

- Fully turn in the accelerator pump adjusting screw ③.
- Check that the link lever 4 has free play
 by pushing lightly on it.
- Gradually turn out the adjusting screw while moving the link lever until it has no more free play.

Carburetor installation

- 1. Install:
 - Carburetor joint ①

🗽 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 2. Install:
 - Carburetor ①

NOTE

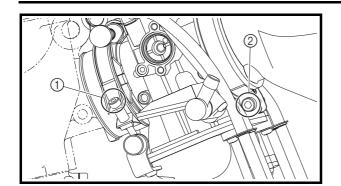
Install the projection ⓐ between the carburetor joint slots.

- 3. Install:
 - Hot starter plunger ①

№ 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)







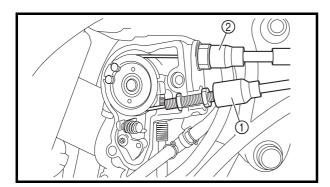
4. Tighten:

• Bolt (air cleaner joint) ①

3 Nm (0.3 m ⋅ kg, 2.2 ft ⋅ lb)

• Bolt (carburetor joint) ②

№ 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb)



5. Install:

• Throttle cable (pull) 1

№ 4 Nm (0.4 m · kg, 2.9 ft · lb)

• Throttle cable (return) 2

№ 11 Nm (1.1 m · kg, 8.0 ft · lb)

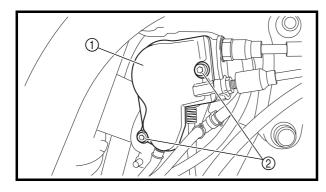
6. Adjust:

 Throttle grip free play Refer to "THROTTLE CABLE ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



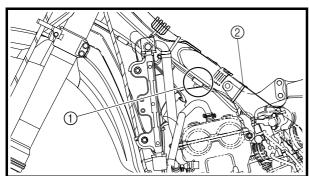
- Throttle cable cover ①
- Screw (throttle cable cover) ②

№ 4 Nm (0.4 m · kg, 2.9 ft · lb)



8. Install:

- TPS (throttle position sensor) coupler ①
- Clamp ②
 Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.

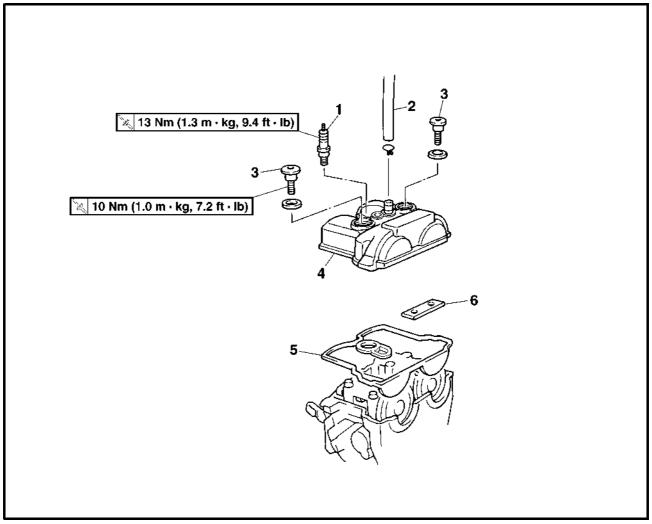






CAMSHAFTSCYLINDER HEAD COVER





Extent of removal:

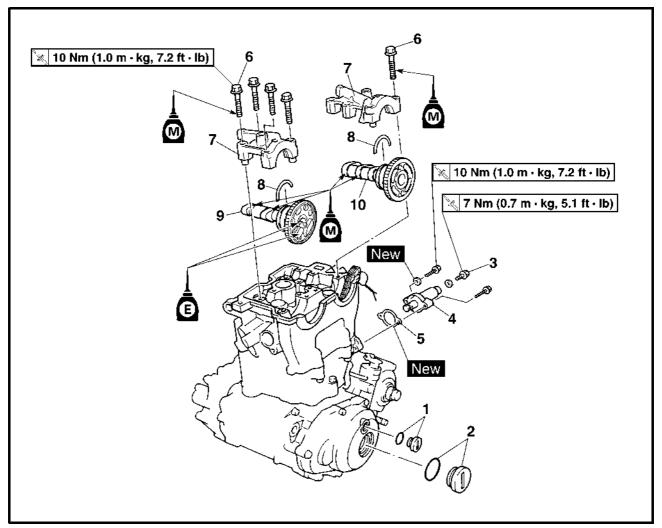
① Cylinder head cover removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CYLINDER HEAD COVER REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Seat and fuel tank		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section.
		Hot starter plunger		Refer to "CARBURETOR" section.
		Engine upper bracket (right)		Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section.
		Engine upper bracket (left)		
1	1	Spark plug	1	
	2	Cylinder head breather hose	1	
	3	Bolt (cylinder head cover)	2	
Ĭ	4	Cylinder head cover	1	
	5	Gasket	1	
↓	6	Timing chain guide (top)	1	





CAMSHAFTS

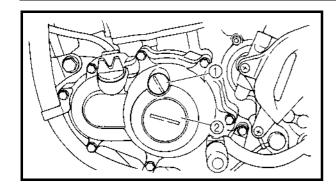


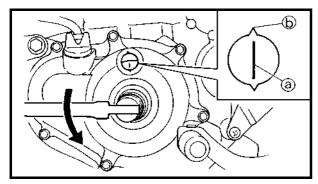
Extent of removal:

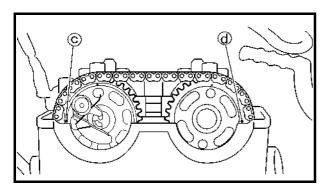
① Camshaft removal

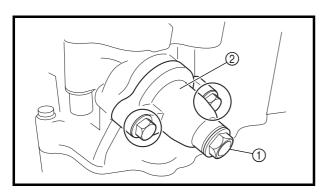
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CAMSHAFTS REMOVAL		
†	1	Timing plug	1	h
	2	Straight plug	1	
	3	Tensioner cap bolt	1	
	4	Timing chain tensioner	1	
	5	Gasket	1	Defende "DEMOVAL BOINTO"
(1)	6	Bolt (camshaft cap)	10	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	7	Camshaft cap	2	
	8	Clip	2	
	9	Exhaust camshaft	1	
_	10	Intake camshaft	1	Д

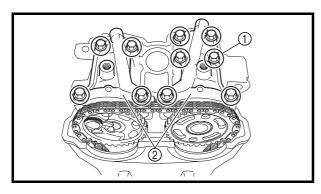












REMOVAL POINTS Camshaft

- 1. Remove:
 - Timing plug ①
 - Straight plug ②
- 2. Align:
 - "I" mark With stationary pointer.

Checking steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise with a wrench.
- Align the "I" mark (a) on the rotor with the stationary pointer (b) on the crankcase cover. When the "I" mark is aligned with the stationary pointer, the piston is at the Top Dead Center (T.D.C.).

NOTE:

- In order to be sure that the piston is at Top Dead Center, the punch mark © on the exhaust camshaft and the punch mark @ on the intake camshaft must align with the cylinder head surface, as shown in the illustration.
- If there is no clearance, rotate the crankshaft counterclockwise one turn.
- 3. Loosen:
 - Tensioner cap bolt ①
- 4. Remove:
 - Timing chain tensioner ②
- 5. Remove:
 - Bolt (camshaft cap) ①
 - Camshaft caps ②

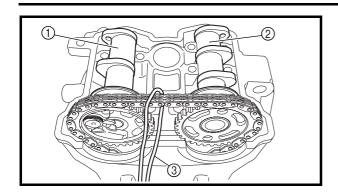
NOTE:

Remove the bolts (camshaft cap) in a criss-cross pattern, working from the outside in.

CAUTION:

The bolts (camshaft cap) must be removed evenly to prevent damage to the cylinder head, camshafts or camshaft caps.



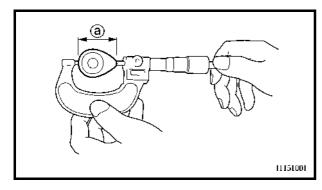




- Clips
- Exhaust camshaft (1)
- Intake camshaft ②

NOTF:

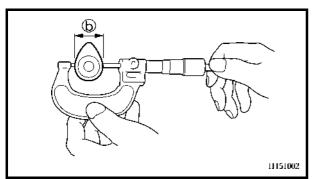
Attach a wire ③ to the timing chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.



INSPECTION

Camshaft

- 1. Inspect:
 - Cam lobes
 Pitting/scratches/blue discoloration →
 Replace.
- 2. Measure:
 - Cam lobes length ⓐ and ⓑ
 Out of specification → Replace.





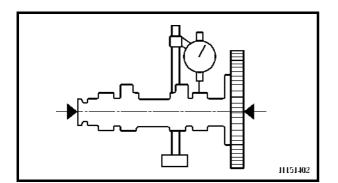
Cam lobes length:

Intake:

- 31.200 ~ 31.300 mm
 (1.2283 ~ 1.2323 in)
 <Limit>: 31.100 mm
 (1.2244 in)
- (0.8878 ~ 0.8917 in) imit>: 22.450 mm (0.8839 in)

Exhaust:

- (a) 30.950 ~ 31.050 mm (1.2185 ~ 1.2224 in) <Limit>: 30.850 mm (1.2146 in)
- (0.8856 ~ 0.8895 in) <Limit>: 22.394 mm (0.8817 in)



- 3. Measure:
 - Runout (camshaft)
 Out of specification → Replace.



Runout (camshaft): Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

CAMSHAFTS





4. Measure:

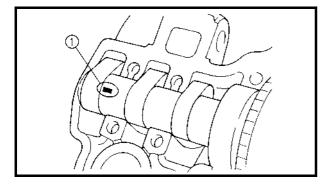
 Camshaft-to-cap clearance Out of specification → Measure camshaft journal diameter.



Camshaft-to-cap clearance:

0.028 ~ 0.062 mm $(0.0011 \sim 0.0024 in)$

<Limit>: 0.08 mm (0.003 in)



Measurement steps:

- Install the camshaft onto the cylinder
- Position a strip of Plastigauge® ① onto the camshaft.
- Install the circlip, dowel pins and camshaft caps.

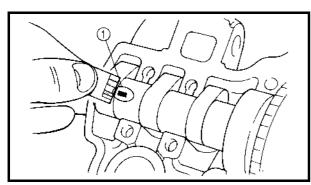


Bolt (camshaft cap): 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)



NOTE:

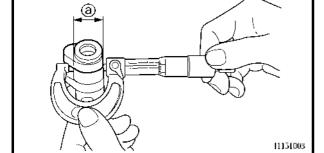
- Tighten the bolts (camshaft cap) in a crisscross pattern from innermost to outer
- Do not turn the camshaft when measuring clearance with the Plastigauge®.
- Remove the camshaft caps and measure the width of the Plastigauge® (1).



5. Measure:

 Camshaft journal diameter (a) Out of specification → Replace the cam-

Within specification → Replace camshaft case and camshaft caps as a set.

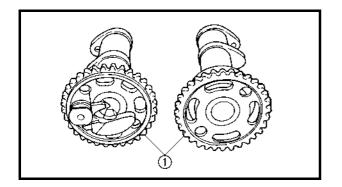




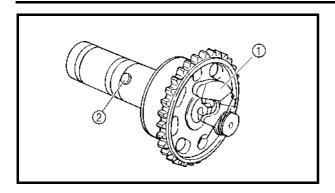
Camshaft journal diameter: 21.959 ~ 21.972 mm (0.8645 ~ 0.8650 in)

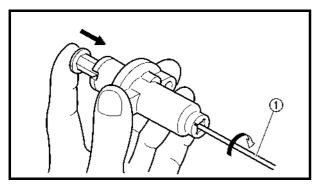
Camshaft sprocket

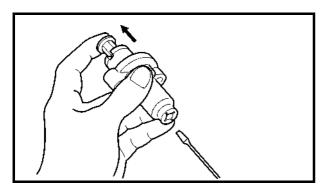
- 1. Inspect:
 - Camshaft sprocket (1) Wear/damage → Replace the camshaft assembly and timing chain as a set.

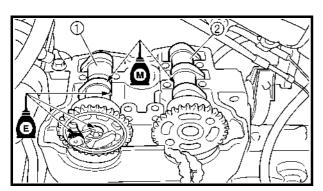


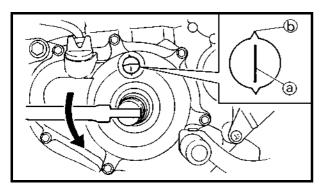












Decompression system

- 1. Check:
 - Decompression system

Checking steps:

- Check that the decompressor cam ① moves smoothly.
- Check that the decompressor lever pin ② projects from the camshaft.

Timing chain tensioner

- 1. Check:
 - While pressing the tensioner rod lightly with fingers, use a thin screwdriver ① and wind the tensioner rod up fully clockwise.
 - When releasing the screwdriver by pressing lightly with fingers, make sure that the tensioner rod will come out smoothly.
 - If not, replace the tensioner assembly.

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Install:
 - Exhaust camshaft (1)
 - Intake camshaft ②

Installation steps:

 Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise until the "I" mark (a) on the rotor is aligned with the stationary pointer (b) on the crankcase cover.

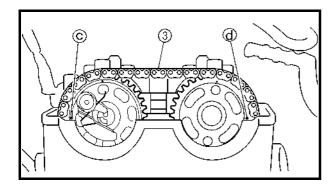
NOTE:

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the camshafts.
- Apply the engine oil on the decompression system.

CAMSHAFTS







• Fit the timing chain ③ onto both camshaft sprockets and install the camshafts on the cylinder head.

NOTE:

The camshafts should be installed onto the cylinder head so that the exhaust cam sprocket punch mark © and the intake cam sprocket punch mark © align with the surface of the cylinder head.

CAUTION:

Do not turn the crankshaft during the camshaft installation. Damage or improper valve timing will result.

• Install the clips and camshaft caps 4.



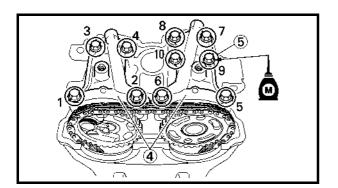
Bolt (camshaft cap): 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

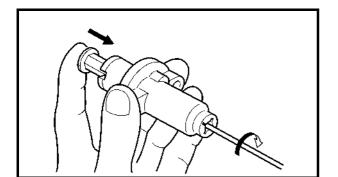
NOTE:

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the thread of the bolts (camshaft cap) ⑤.
- Tighten the bolts to the specified torque in two or three steps in the proper tightening sequence as shown.

CAUTION:

The bolts (camshaft cap) must be tightened evenly, or damage to the cylinder head, camshaft caps, and camshaft will result.





- 2. Install:
 - Timing chain tensioner

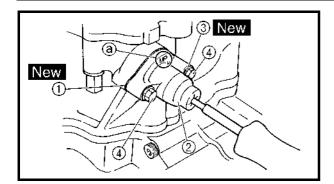
Installation steps:

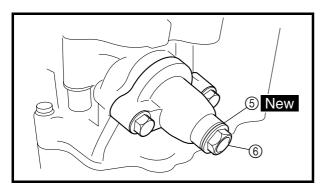
 While pressing the tensioner rod lightly with fingers, use a thin screwdriver and wind the tensioner rod up fully clockwise.

CAMSHAFTS









• With the rod fully wound and the chain tensioner UP mark ⓐ facing upward, install the gasket ①, the chain tensioner ② and the gasket ③, and tighten the bolt ④ to the specified torque.



Bolt (timing chain tensioner): 10 Nm (1.0 m • kg, 7.2 ft • lb)

Release the screwdriver, check the tensioner rod to come out and tighten the gasket (5) and the cap bolt (6) to the specified torque.



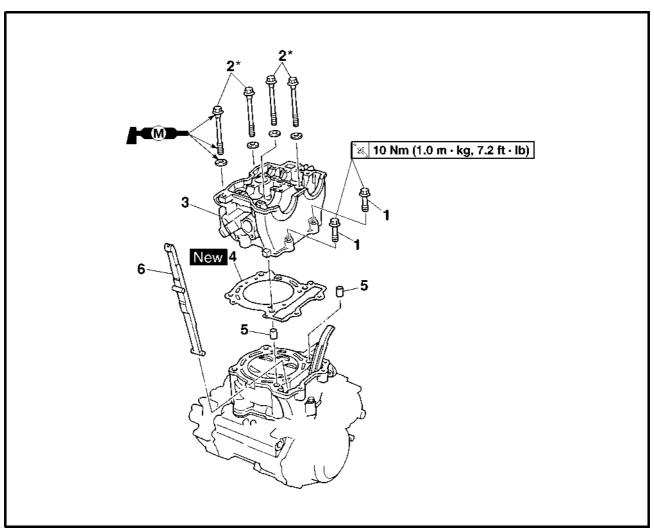
Tensioner cap bolt: 7 Nm (0.7 m • kg, 5.1 ft • lb)

- 3. Turn:
 - Crankshaft
 Counterclockwise several turns
- 4. Check:
 - Rotor "I" mark
 Align with the crankcase stationary pointer.
 - Camshaft match marks
 Align with the cylinder head surface.
 Out of alignment → Adjust.





CYLINDER HEAD CYLINDER HEAD



Extent of removal:

1 Cylinder head removal

Exterit of ferrioval.		() Cylinder flead fefficval		
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CYLINDER HEAD REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Seat and fuel tank		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section.
		Exhaust pipe and silencer		Refer to "EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER" section.
		Radiator		Refer to "RADIATOR" section.
		Carburetor		Refer to "CARBURETOR" section.
		Camshaft		Refer to "CAMSHAFTS" section.
1	1	Bolt	2	
1	2*	Bolt	4	Refer to NOTE.
I ↓	3	Cylinder head	1	
,	4	Gasket	1	
	5	Dowel pin	2	
	6	Timing chain guide (front)	1	

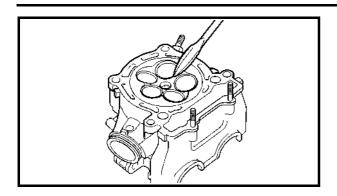
NOTE:

Tighten the cylinder head bolts to 30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb) in the proper tightening sequence, remove and retighten the cylinder head bolts to 20 Nm (2.0 m • kg, 14 ft • lb) in the proper tightening sequence, and then tighten the cylinder head bolts further to reach the specified angle 180° in the proper tightening sequence.

CYLINDER HEAD







INSPECTION Cylinder head

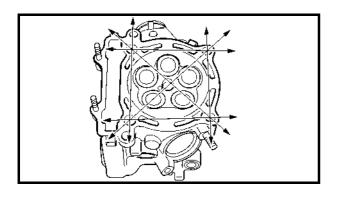
- 1. Eliminate:
 - Carbon deposits (from the combustion chambers)

Use a rounded scraper.

NOTE

Do not use a sharp instrument to avoid damaging or scratching:

- Spark plug threads
- · Valve seats
- 2. Inspect:
 - Cylinder head Scratches/damage → Replace.



3. Measure:

Cylinder head warpage
 Out of specification → Resurface.



Cylinder head warpage: Less than 0.05 mm (0.002 in)

Warpage measurement and re-surfacement steps:

- Place a straightedge and a feeler gauge across the cylinder head.
- Use a feeler gauge to measure the warpage.
- If the warpage is out of specification, resurface the cylinder head.
- Place a 400 ~ 600 grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate, and resurface the head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

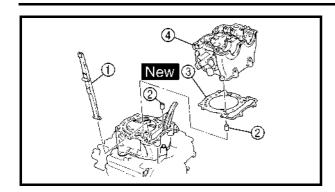
NOTE

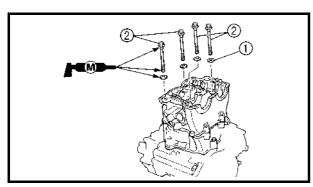
To ensure an even surface rotate the cylinder head several times.

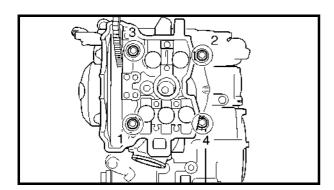
CYLINDER HEAD











ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

- 1. Install:
 - Timing chain guide (front) ①
 - Dowel pin ②
 - Cylinder head gasket ③ New
 - Cylinder head (4)

NOTE

While pulling up the timing chain, install the timing chain guide (front) and cylinder head.

- 2. Install:
 - Plain washer ①
 - Bolt ②

Installation steps:

CAUTION:

Tighten the cylinder head using the rotation angle procedure to obtain uniform tightening torque.

- Wash the threads and contact surfaces of the bolts, the contact surfaces of the plain washers, the contact surface of the cylinder head, and the threads of the crankcase.
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the threads and contact surfaces of the bolts and on both contact surfaces of the plain washers.
- Install the plain washers and bolts.
- Tighten the bolts to the specified torque in two or three steps in the proper tightening sequence as shown.



Bolts (cylinder head):

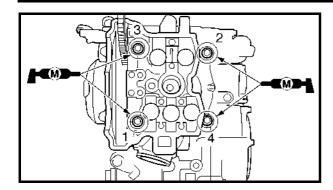
1st:

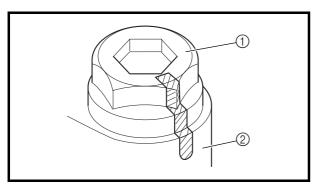
30 Nm (3.0 m • kg, 22 ft • lb)

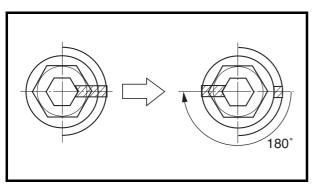
CYLINDER HEAD

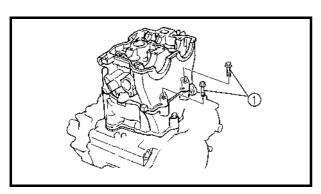












- Remove the bolts.
- Again apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the threads and contact surfaces of the bolts and on both contact surfaces of the plain washers.
- Retighten the bolts.

NOTE:

Tighten the bolts to the specified torque in two or three steps in the proper tightening sequence as shown.



Bolts (cylinder head):

20 Nm (2.0 m • kg, 14 ft • lb)

• Put a mark on the corner ① of the bolt (cylinder head) and the cylinder head 2 as shown.

NOTE:

Tighten the bolts 90° in each of the two steps to reach the specified angle of 180° in the proper tightening sequence as shown.



Bolts (cylinder head):

Final:

Specified angle 180°

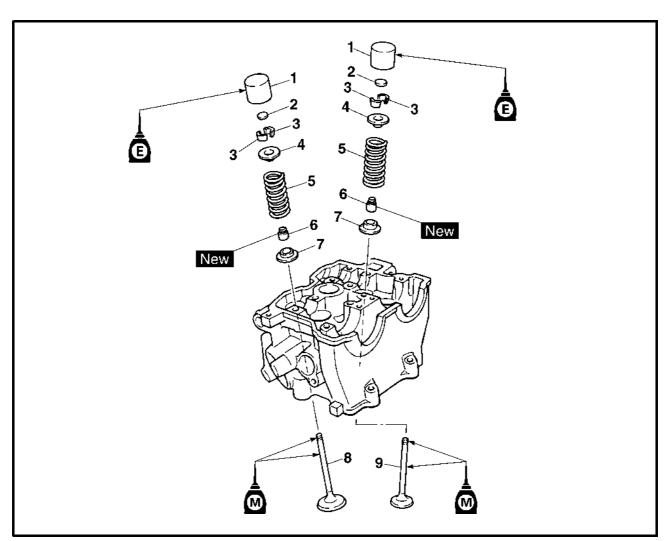
- 3. Install:
 - Bolt (cylinder head) 1

🗽 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)





VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS



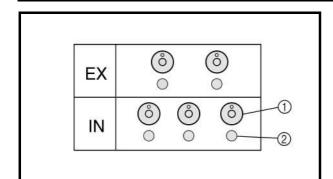
Extent of removal:

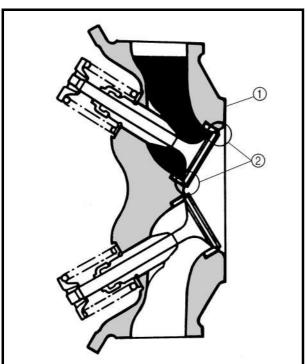
① Valve removal

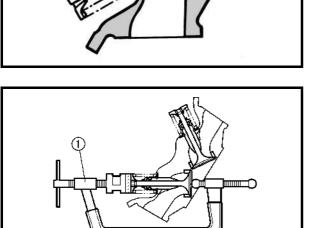
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		VALVES AND VALVE SPRINGS REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Cylinder head		Refer to "CYLINDER HEAD" section.
1	1	Valve lifter	5	lles escieltes!
	2	Adjusting pad	5	Use special tool. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	3	Valve cotter	10	TICIONO TIENIO VALLE CINTO :
	4	Valve retainer	5	
(1)	5	Valve spring	5	
	6	Stem seal	5	
	7	Valve spring seat	5	
	8	Exhaust valve	2	
 	9	Intake valve	3	











REMOVAL POINTS Valve lifter and valve cotter

- 1. Remove:
 - Valve lifters ①
 - Pads ②

NOTE: .

Identify each lifter ① and pad ② position very carefully so that they can be reinstalled in their original place.

2. Check:

 Valve sealing Leakage at the valve seat → Inspect the valve face, valve seat and valve seat width.

Checking steps:

- Pour a clean solvent ① into the intake and exhaust ports.
- Check that the valve seals properly.
 There should be no leakage at the valve seat ②.

3. Remove:

Valve cotters

NOTE: _

Attach a valve spring compressor ① between the valve spring retainer and the cylinder head to remove the valve cotters.

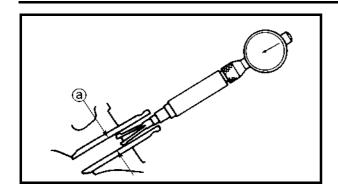


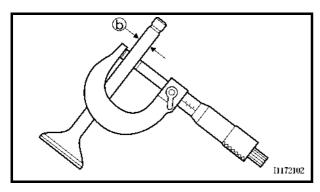
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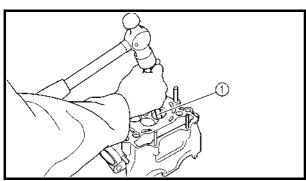
Valve spring compressor: YM-4019/90890-04019

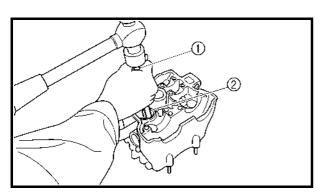


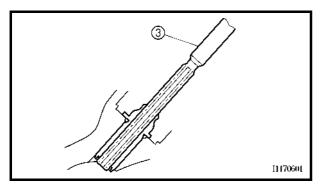












INSPECTION

Valve

- 1. Measure:
 - Stem-to-guide clearance

Stem-to-guide clearance = valve guide inside diameter (a) – valve stem diameter (b)

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the valve guide.



Clearance (stem to guide):

Intake:

0.010 ~ 0.037 mm

 $(0.0004 \sim 0.0015 in)$

<Limit>: 0.08 mm (0.003 in)

Exhaust:

0.020 ~ 0.047 mm

(0.0008 ~ 0.0019 in)

<Limit>: 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

2. Replace:

• Valve guide

Replacement steps:

NOTE:

To ease guide removal, installation and to maintain correct fit heat the cylinder head in an over to 100 °C (212 °F).

- Remove the valve guide using a valve guide remover ①.
- Install the new valve guide using a valve guide remover ① and valve guide installer ②.
- After installing the valve guide, bore the valve guide using a valve guide reamer 3 to obtain proper stem-to-guide clearance.







Valve guide remover: Intake: 4.5 mm (0.18 in) YM-4116/90890-04116 Exhaust: 5.0 mm (0.20 in) YM-4097/90890-04097

Valve guide installer:

Intake:

YM-4117/90890-04117

Exhaust:

YM-4098/90890-04098

Valve guide reamer:

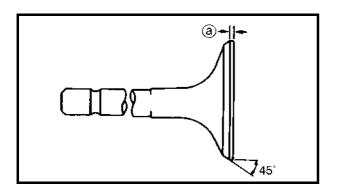
Intake: 4.5 mm (0.18 in) YM-4118/90890-04118 Exhaust: 5.0 mm (0.20 in) YM-4099/90890-04099

NOTE:

After replacing the valve guide reface the valve seat.

3. Inspect:

- Valve face
 Pitting/wear → Grind the face.
- Valve stem end
 Mushroom shape or diameter larger than
 the body of the stem → Replace.



4. Measure:

Margin thickness ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace.



Margin thickness:

Intake:

1.0 mm (0.039 in)

<Limit>: 0.85 mm (0.033 in)

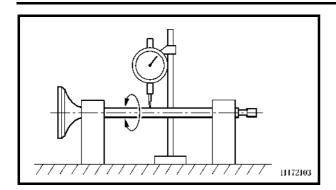
Exhaust:

1.0 mm (0.039 in)

<Limit>: 0.85 mm (0.033 in)







5. Measure:

Runout (valve stem)
 Out of specification → Replace.



Runout limit: 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

NOTE:

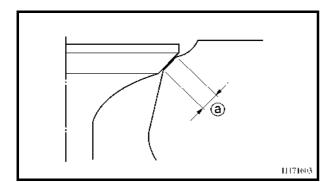
- When installing a new valve always replace the guide.
- If the valve is removed or replaced always replace the oil seal.

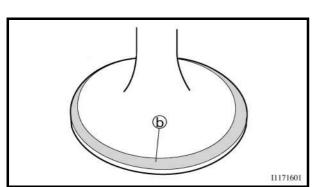
6. Eliminate:

Carbon deposits
 (from the valve face and valve seat)

7. Inspect:

Valve seats
 Pitting/wear → Reface the valve seat.





8. Measure:

Valve seat width ⓐ
 Out of specification → Reface the valve seat.



Valve seat width:

Intake:

0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ 0.0433 in) <Limit>: 1.6 mm (0.0630 in)

Exhaust:

0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ 0.0433 in) <Limit>: 1.6 mm (0.0630 in)

Measurement steps:

- Apply Mechanic's blueing dye (Dykem) (b)
 to the valve face.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear pattern.
- Measure the valve seat width. Where the valve seat and valve face made contact, blueing will have been removed.
- If the valve seat is too wide, too narrow, or the seat is not centered, the valve seat must be refaced.





- 9. Lap:
 - · Valve face
 - · Valve seat

NOTE:

After refacing the valve seat or replacing the valve and valve guide, the valve seat and valve face should be lapped.

Lapping steps:

 Apply a coarse lapping compound to the valve face.

CAUTION:

Do not let the compound enter the gap between the valve stem and the guide.

- Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the valve stem.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Turn the valve until the valve face and valve seat are evenly polished, then clean off all of the compound.

NOTE

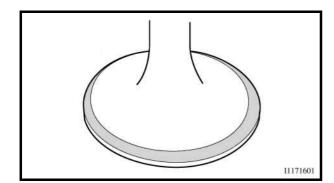
For best lapping results, lightly tap the valve seat while rotating the valve back and forth between your hands.

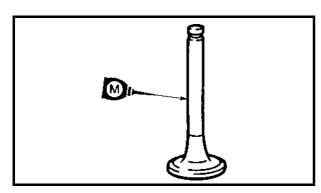
 Apply a fine lapping compound to the valve face and repeat the above steps.

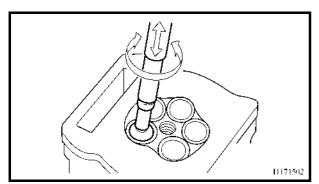
NOTE:

After every lapping operation be sure to clean off all of the compound from the valve face and valve seat.

- Apply Mechanic's blueing dye (Dykem) to the valve face.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear pattern.
- Measure the valve seat width again. If the valve seat width is out of specification, reface and relap the valve seat.

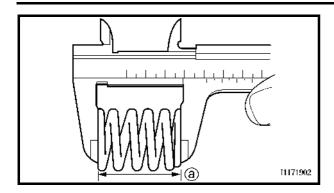


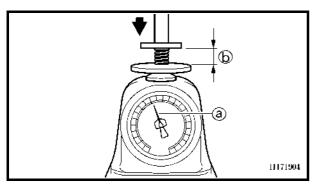












Valve spring

- 1. Measure:
 - Valve spring free length ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace.



Free length (valve spring):

Intake:

37.03 mm (1.46 in)

<Limit>: 36.03 mm (1.42 in)

Exhaust:

37.68 mm (1.48 in)

<Limit>: 36.68 mm (1.44 in)

2. Measure:

Compressed spring force ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace.

(b) Installed length



Compressed spring force:

Intake:

111.3 ~ 127.9 N at 27.87 mm (11.3 ~ 13.0 kg at 27.87 mm,

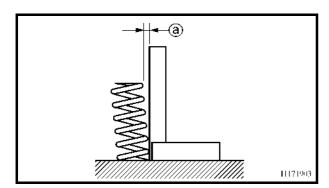
24.91 ~ 28.66 lb at 1.10 in)

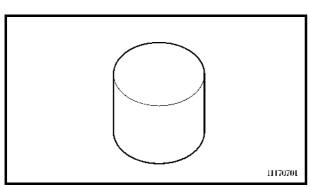
Exhaust:

127.4 ~ 146.4 N at 27.38 mm

(13.0 ~ 14.9 kg at 27.38 mm,

28.66 ~ 32.85 lb at 1.08 in)





3. Measure:

• Spring tilt ⓐ

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Spring tilt limit:

Intake:

2.5°/1.61 mm (0.063 in)

Exhaust:

2.5°/1.65 mm (0.065 in)

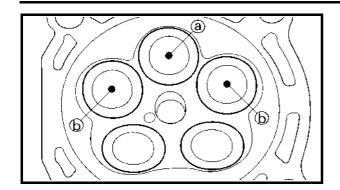
Valve lifter

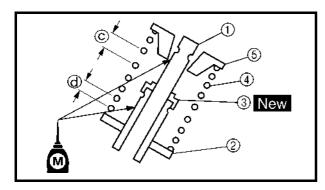
- 1. Inspect:
 - Valve lifter

Scratches/damage \rightarrow Replace both lifters and cylinder head.









ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

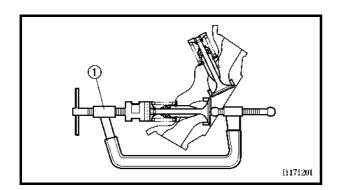
- 1. Apply:
 - Molybdenum disulfide oil
 Onto the valve stem and valve stem seal.
- 2. Install:
 - Valves (1)
 - Valve spring seats ②
 - Valve stem seals ③ New
 - Valve springs (4)
 - Valve spring retainers ⑤

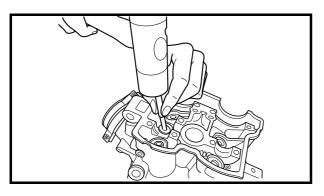
NOTE:

 Make sure that each valve is installed in its original place, also referring to the painted color as follows.

Intake (middle) (a): blue Intake (right/left) (b): gray Exhaust: not paint

- Install the valve springs with the larger pitch © facing upward.
- d Smaller pitch





- 3. Install:
 - · Valve cotters

NOTE

While compressing the valve spring with a valve spring compressor ① install the valve cotters.



Valve spring compressor: YM-4019/90890-04019

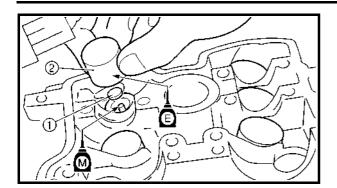
To secure the valve cotters onto the valve stem, lightly tap the valve tip with a piece of wood.

CAUTION:

Hitting the valve tip with excessive force could damage the valve.







- 5. Install:
 - Adjusting pad ①
 - Valve lifter ②

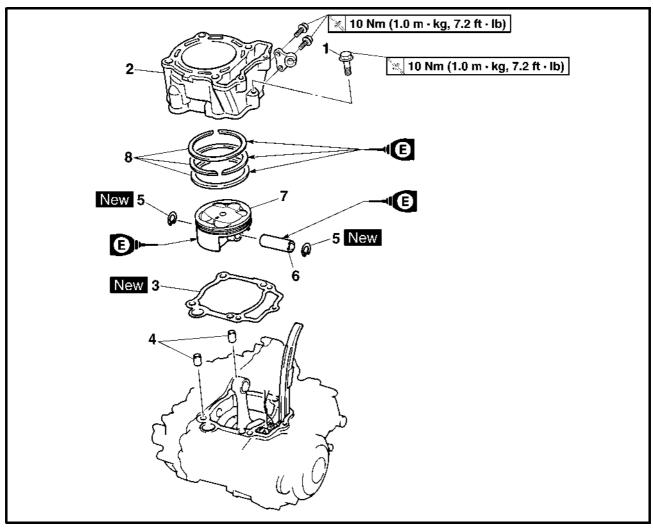
NOTE:

- Apply the engine oil on the valve lifters.
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the valve stem end.
- Valve lifter must turn smoothly when rotated with a finger.
- Be careful to reinstall valve lifters and pads in their original place.





CYLINDER AND PISTON



Extent of removal:

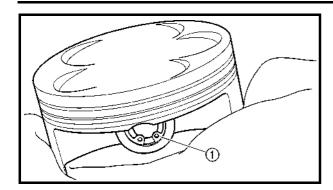
① Cylinder removal

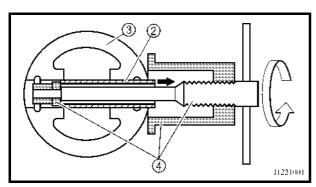
② Piston removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CYLINDER AND PISTON REMOVAL		
Preparation for remo	val	Cylinder head		Refer to "CYLINDER HEAD" section.
<u> </u>	1	Bolt (cylinder)	1	
l Ψ	2	Cylinder	1	
	3	Gasket	1	
(2)	4	Dowel pin	2	
	5	Piston pin clip	2	h
	6	Piston pin	1	Use special tool.
	7	Piston	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
 	8	Piston ring set	1	μ









REMOVAL POINTS

Piston

- 1. Remove:
 - Piston pin clips (1)
 - Piston pin ②
 - Piston ③

NOTE

- Put identification marks on each piston head for reference during reinstallation.
- Before removing each piston pin, deburr the clip groove and pin hole area. If the piston pin groove is deburred and the piston pin is still difficult to remove, use the piston pin puller 4.



Piston pin puller: YU-1304/90890-01304

CAUTION:

Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.

Piston ring

- 1. Remove:
 - Piston rings

NOTE:

Spread the end gaps apart while at the same time lifting the piston ring over the top of the piston crown, as shown in the illustration.

INSPECTION

Cylinder and piston

- 1. Inspect:
 - Cylinder and piston walls
 Vertical scratches → Replace cylinder and piston.
- 2. Measure:
 - Piston-to-cylinder clearance

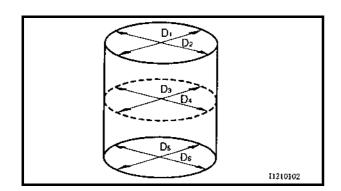
Measurement steps:

1st step:

Measure the cylinder bore "C" with a cylinder bore gauge.

NOTE:

Measure the cylinder bore "C" in parallel to and at right angles to the crankshaft. Then, find the average of the measurements.







Cylinder bore "C"	95.00 ~ 95.01 mm (3.7402 ~ 3.7406 in)		
Taper limit "T"	0.05 mm (0.002 in)		
Out of round "R"	0.05 mm (0.002 in)		

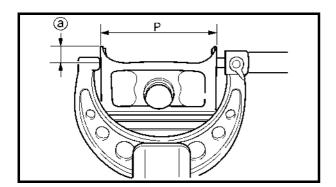
"C" = Maximum D

"T" = (Maximum D_1 or D_2) - (Maximum D_5 or D_6)

"R" = (Maximum D_1 , D_3 or D_5)

– (Minimum D_2 , D_4 or D_6)

 If out of specification, replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as set.



2nd step:

- Measure the piston skirt diameter "P" with a micrometer.
- ⓐ 8 mm (0.315 in) from the piston bottom edge

	Piston size "P"
Standard	94.945 ~ 94.960 mm (3.738 ~ 3.739 in)

• If out of specification, replace the piston and piston rings as a set.

3rd step:

 Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance with following formula:

Piston-to-cylinder clearance = Cylinder bore "C" – Piston skirt diameter "P"

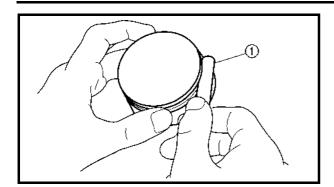


Piston-to-cylinder clearance: 0.040 ~ 0.065 mm (0.0016 ~ 0.0026 in) <Limit>: 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

 If out of specification, replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as set.







Piston ring

- 1. Measure:
 - Ring side clearance
 Use a feeler gauge ①.
 Out of specification → Replace the piston and rings as a set.

NOTE:

Clean carbon from the piston ring grooves and rings before measuring the side clearance.

/4	Side clearance:				
	Standard	<limit></limit>			
Top ring	0.030 ~ 0.065 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0026 in)	0.12 mm (0.005 in)			
2nd ring	0.020 ~ 0.055 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0022 in)	0.12 mm (0.005 in)			

2. Position:

Piston ring (in cylinder)

NOTE:

Insert a ring into the cylinder and push it approximately 10 mm (0.39 in) into the cylinder. Push the ring with the piston crown so that the ring will be at a right angle to the cylinder bore.

(a) 10 mm (0.39 in)

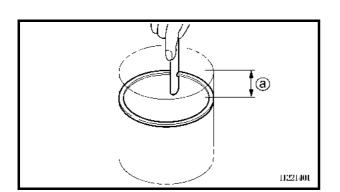
3. Measure:

Ring end gap
 Out of specification → Replace.

NOTE:

You cannot measure the end gap on the expander spacer of the oil control ring. If the oil control ring rails show excessive gap, replace all three rings.

/4		End gap:	·
		Standard	<limit></limit>
Top ri	ing	0.20 ~ 0.30 mm (0.008 ~ 0.012 in)	0.55 mm (0.022 in)
2nd ri	ing	0.35 ~ 0.50 mm (0.014 ~ 0.020 in)	0.85 mm (0.033 in)
Oil ri	ng	0.20 ~ 0.50 mm (0.01 ~ 0.02 in)	_







Piston pin

- 1. Inspect:
 - Piston pin Blue discoloration/grooves → Replace, then inspect the lubrication system.
- 2. Measure:
 - Piston pin-to-piston clearance

Measurement steps:

• Measure the outside diameter (piston pin)

If out of specification, replace the piston



Outside diameter (piston pin): 17.991 ~ 18.000 mm $(0.7083 \sim 0.7087 in)$

• Measure the inside diameter (piston) (b).



Inside diameter (piston): 18.004 ~ 18.015 mm $(0.7088 \sim 0.7093 in)$

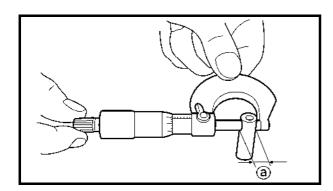
· Calculate the piston pin-to-piston clearance with the following formula.

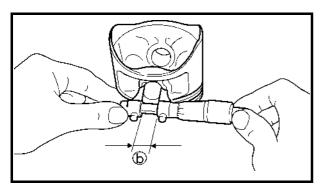
Piston pin-to-piston clearance = Inside diameter (piston) (b) -Outside diameter (piston pin) (a)

• If out of specification, replace the piston.



Piston pin-to-piston clearance: 0.004 ~ 0.024 mm $(0.00016 \sim 0.00094 in)$ <Limit>: 0.07 mm (0.003 in)





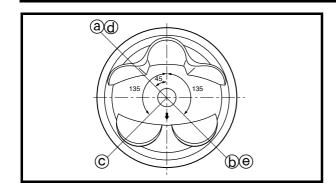
ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Piston

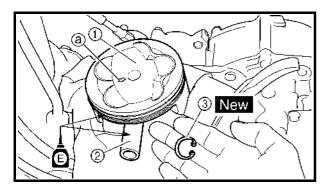
- 1. Install:
 - Piston rings Onto the piston.

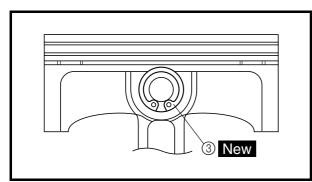
- Be sure to install the piston rings so that the manufacturer's marks or numbers are located on the upper side of the rings.
- Lubricate the piston and piston rings liberally with engine oil.

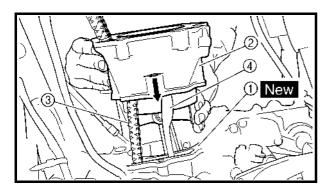












- 2. Position:
 - Top ring
 - 2nd ring
 - Oil ring

Offset the piston ring end gaps as shown.

- (a) Top ring end
- (b) 2nd ring end
- © Oil ring end (upper)
- d Oil ring
- Oil ring end (lower)
- 3. Install:
 - Piston ①
 - Piston pin ②
 - Piston pin clips ③ New

NOTE: .

- Apply engine oil onto the piston pin and piston
- Be sure that the arrow mark ⓐ on the piston points to the exhaust side of the engine.
- Before installing the piston pin clip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the piston pin clip from falling into the crankcase.
- Install the piston pin clips with their ends facing downward.
- 4. Lubricate:
 - Piston
 - Piston rings
 - Cylinder

NOTE:

Apply a liberal coating of engine oil.

Cylinder

- 1. Install:
 - Dowel pins
 - O-ring New
 - Gasket ① New
 - Cylinder ②

NOTE

Install the cylinder with one hand while compressing the piston rings with the other hand.

CAUTION:

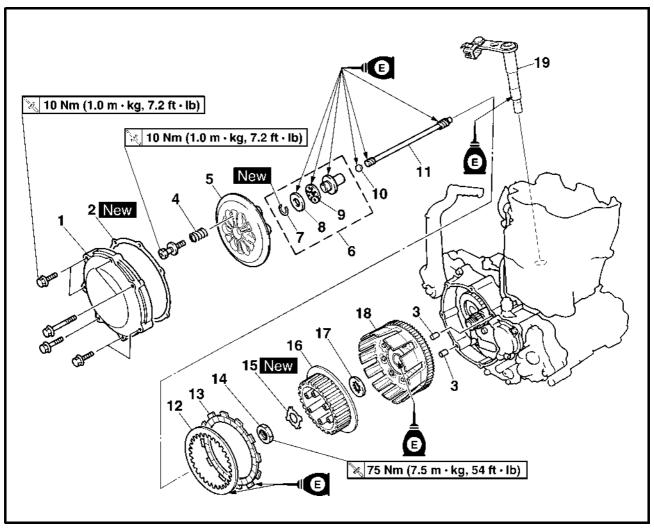
- Pass the timing chain ③ through the timing chain cavity.
- Be careful not to damage the timing chain guide ④ during installation.
- 2. Install:
 - Bolt (cylinder)

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



CLUTCH CLUTCH

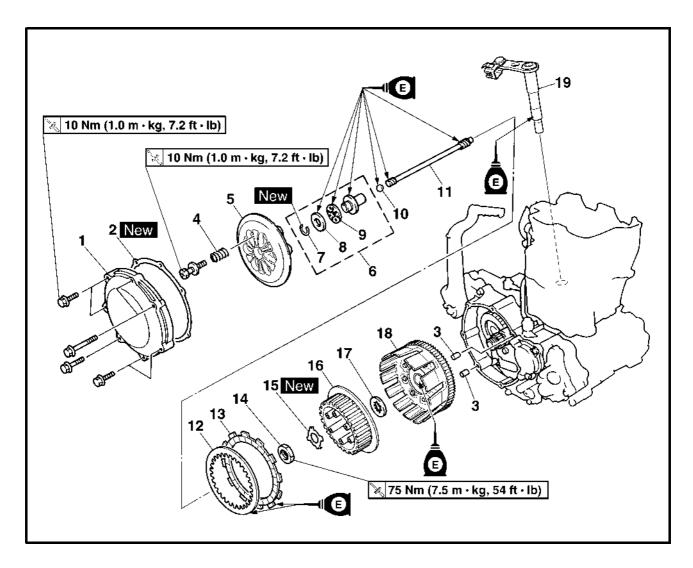




Extent of removal:

- 1) Push rod and push lever removal
- ③ Friction plate and clutch plate removal
- ② Push rod 1 disassembly④ Clutch housing removal
- Extent of removal Order Part name Q'ty Remarks **CLUTCH REMOVAL** Refer to "ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT" Preparation for removal Drain the engine oil. section in the CHAPTER 3. Brake pedal Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section. Clutch cable Disconnect at engine side. Clutch cover 1 1 2 Gasket 1 3 Dowel pin 2 4 Clutch spring 6 5 Pressure plate 1 6 Push rod 1 7 Circlip 1 8 Plain washer 1 9 Bearing 1 Ball 10 1 11 Push rod 2

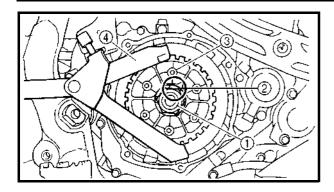


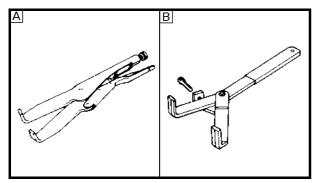


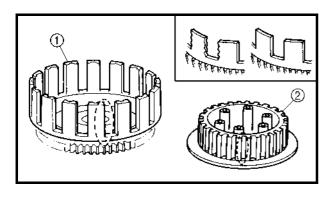
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1 1	12	Clutch plate	8	
	13	Friction plate	9	
3	14	Nut	1	h
4	15	Lock washer	1	Use special tool. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	16	Clutch boss	1	THEIR TO THE MOVAL FOR THE
	17	Thrust washer	1	
 	18	Clutch housing	1	
①‡	19	Push lever	1	

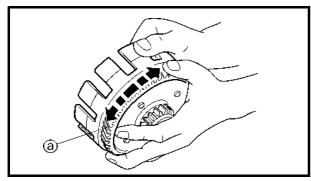


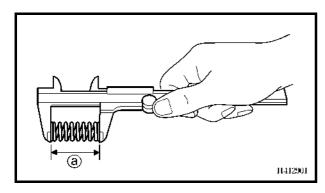












EC493000 **REMOVAL POINTS**

EC483211

Clutch boss

- 1. Remove:
 - Nut (1)
 - Lock washer ②
 - Clutch boss ③

NOTE:

Straighten the lock washer tab and use the clutch holding tool 4 to hold the clutch boss.



Clutch holding tool: YM-91042/90890-04086

- A For USA and CDN
- **B** Except for USA and CDN

EC494000

INSPECTION

EC484100

Clutch housing and boss

- 1. Inspect:
 - Clutch housing 1 Cracks/wear/damage → Replace.
 - Clutch boss (2) Scoring/wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.

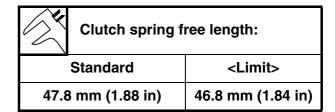
EC484201

Primary driven gear

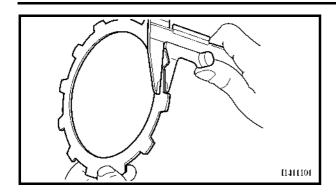
- 1. Check:
 - Circumferential play Free play exists \rightarrow Replace.
 - Gear teeth (a) Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.

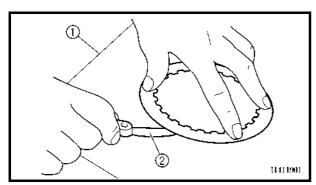
Clutch spring

- 1. Measure:
 - Clutch spring free length (a) Out of specification → Replace springs as a set.









EC484500

Friction plate

- 1. Measure:
 - Friction plate thickness Out of specification \rightarrow Replace friction plate as a set.

Measure at all four points.



Friction plate thickness: 2.92 ~ 3.08 mm (0.115 ~ 0.121 in)

Limit>: 2.8 mm (0.110 in)

Clutch plate

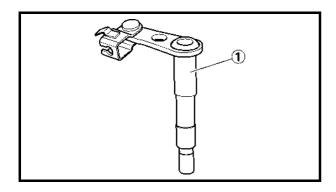
- 1. Measure:
 - Clutch plate warpage Out of specification \rightarrow Replace clutch plate as a set.

Use a surface plate (1) and thickness gauge 2.



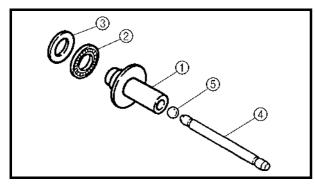
Warp limit:

0.1 mm (0.004 in)



Push lever

- 1. Inspect:
 - Push lever 1 Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.



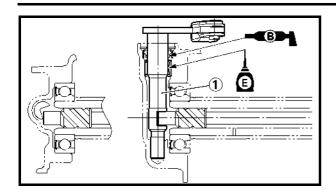
EC484810

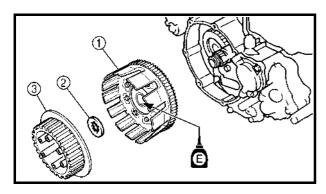
Push rod

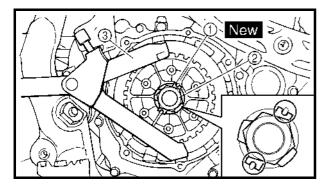
- 1. Inspect:
 - Push rod 1 ①
 - Bearing ②
 - Plain washer ③
 - Push rod 2 (4)
 - Ball (5)

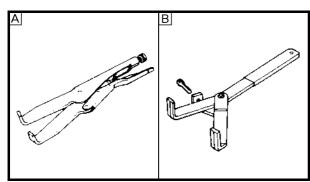
Wear/damage/bend \rightarrow Replace.

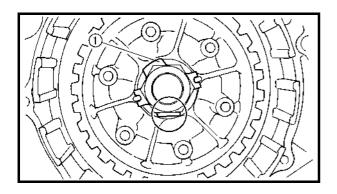












EC4A5000 ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

Push lever

- 1. Install:
 - Push lever 1

- · Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.
- Apply the engine oil on the push lever.

Clutch

- 1. Install:
 - Primary driven gear 1)
 - Thrust washer ②
 - Clutch boss ③

Apply the engine oil on the primary driven gear inner circumference.

- 2. Install:
 - Lock washer ① New
 - Nut (clutch boss) ②

№ 75 Nm (7.5 m · kg, 54 ft · lb)

NOTE:

- · Install the lock washer with its concaves fitted over the convexes of the clutch boss.
- Use the clutch holding tool 3 to hold the clutch boss.

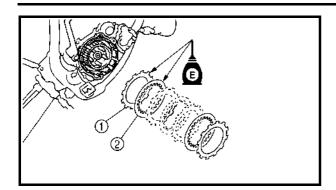


Clutch holding tool: YM-91042/90890-04086

- A For USA and CDN
- **B** Except for USA and CDN

3. Bend the lock washer (1) tab.

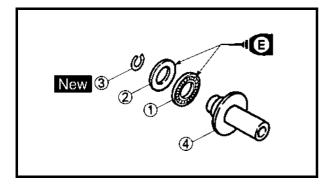




- 4. Install:
 - Friction plate ①
 - Clutch plate ②

NOTE:

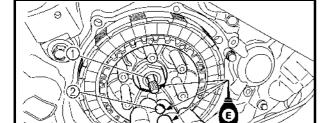
- Install the clutch plates and friction plates alternately on the clutch boss, starting with a friction plate and ending with a friction plate.
- Apply the engine oil on the friction plates and clutch plates.



- 5. Install:
 - Bearing ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Circlip ③ New To push rod 1 ④.

NOTE:

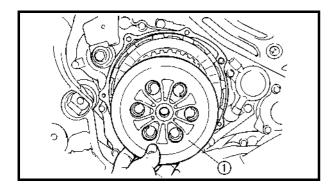
Apply the engine oil on the bearing and plain washer.



- 6. Install:
 - Push rod 2 ①
 - Ball ②
 - Push rod 1 ③

NOTE:

Apply the engine oil on the push rod 1, 2 and ball.

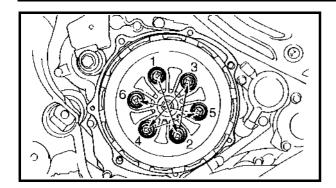


- 7. Install:
 - Pressure plate 1

CLUTCH







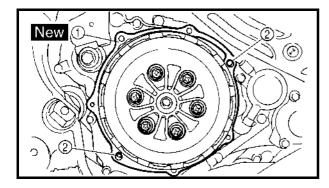


- Clutch spring
- Bolt (clutch spring)

🗽 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

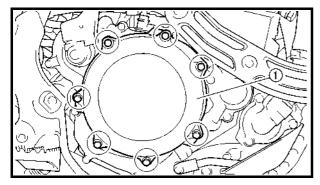
NOTE:

Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.



9. Install:

- Gasket (clutch cover) ① New
- Dowel pin ②



10. Install:

- Clutch cover ①
- Bolt (clutch cover)

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

NOTE: _

Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

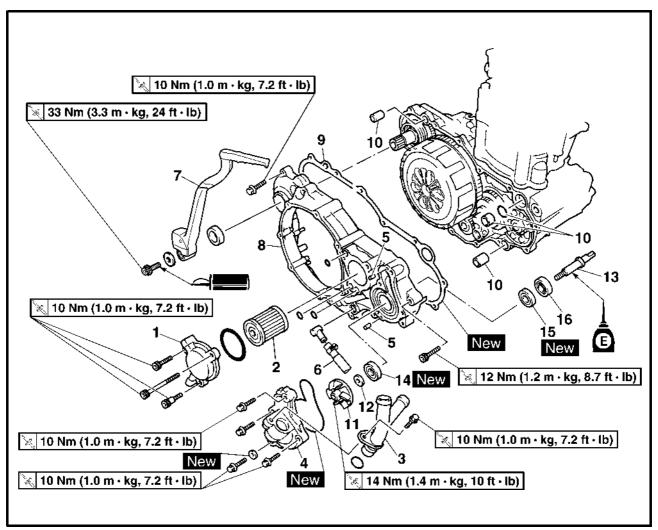
OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)





OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT) OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)





Extent of removal:

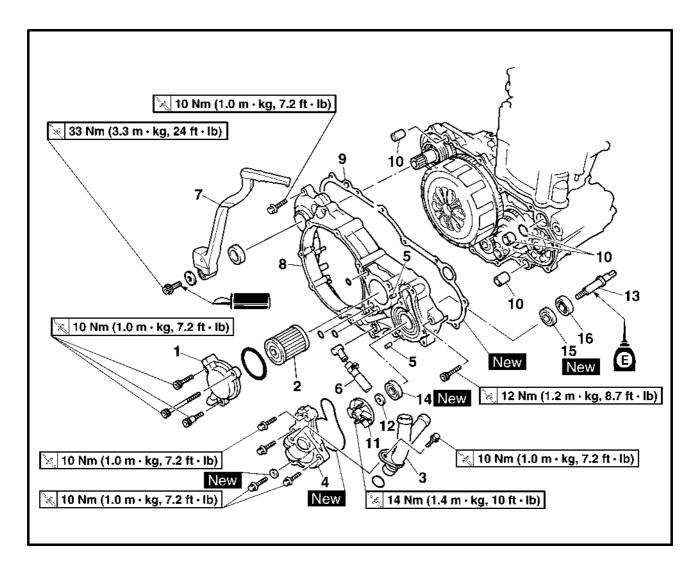
- ① Oil filter removal
- ③ Crankcase cover (right) removal
- ② Water pump removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT) REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Engine guard (right)		Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section.
		Drain the engine oil.		Refer to "ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
		Drain the coolant.		Refer to "COOLANT REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
		Exhaust pipe		Refer to "EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER" section.
		Brake pedal		Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section.
		Clutch cover		Refer to "CLUTCH" section.
<u>†</u>	1	Oil filter cover	1	
I	2	Oil filter	1	
1 3	3	Coolant pipe 2	1	
2	4	Water pump housing	1	
<u> </u>	5	Pin	2	

OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)





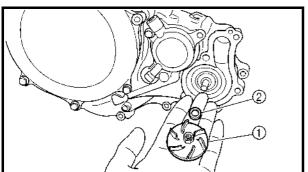


Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1 1	6	Oil tank breather hose	1	
2	7	Kick starter	1	
	8	Crankcase cover (right)	1	
I	9	Gasket	1	
	10	Dowel pin/O-ring	3/1	
l	11	Impeller	1	n
	12	Plain washer	1	
	13	Impeller shaft	1	Defeate "DEMOVAL DOINTS"
2	14	Oil seal 1	1	- Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	15	Oil seal 2	1	
	16	Bearing	1	<u> </u>

OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)







3

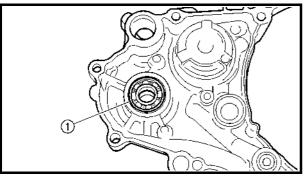


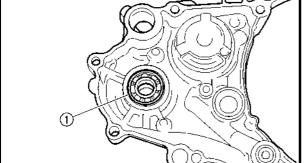
EC4G3110

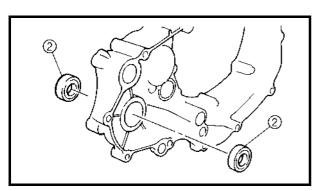
Impeller shaft

- 1. Remove:
 - Impeller ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Impeller shaft ③

Hold the impeller shaft on its width across the flats (a) with spanners, etc. and remove the impeller.





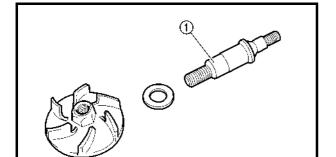


EC4G3210

Oil seal

It is not necessary to disassemble the water pump, unless there is an abnormality such as excessive change in coolant level, discoloration of coolant, or milky transmission oil.

- 1. Remove:
 - Bearing (1)
 - Oil seal ②



INSPECTION

EC444200

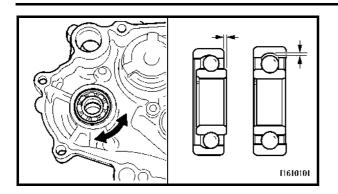
Impeller shaft

- 1. Inspect:
 - Impeller shaft ① Bend/wear/damage → Replace. Fur deposits \rightarrow Clean.

OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)







EC4H4600 Bearing

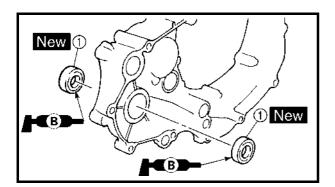
- 1. Inspect:
 - Bearing
 Rotate inner race with a finger.

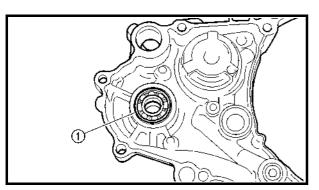
 Rough spot/seizure → Replace.

EC444400

Oil seal

- 1. Inspect:
 - Oil seal $\label{eq:Wear} \mbox{Wear/damage} \rightarrow \mbox{Replace}.$





ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

EC4G5110

Oil seal

- 1. Install:
 - Oil seal ① New

NOTE:

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.
- Install the oil seal with its manufacture's marks or numbers facing inward.

Bearing

- 1. Install:
 - Bearing (1)

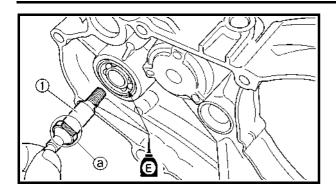
NOTE

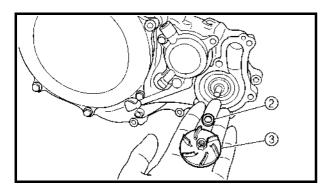
Install the bearing by pressing its outer race parallel.

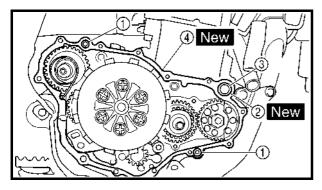
OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)

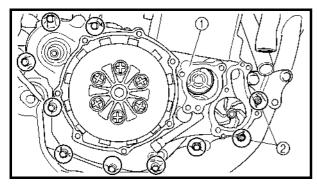


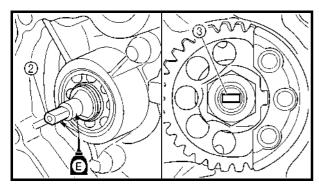












EC4G5220

Impeller shaft

- 1. Install:
 - Impeller shaft ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Impeller ③

№ 14 Nm (1.4 m · kg, 10 ft · lb)

NOTE:

- Take care so that the oil seal lip is not damaged or the spring does not slip off its position.
- When installing the impeller shaft, apply the engine oil on the oil seal lip, bearing and impeller shaft. And install the shaft while turning it.
- Hold the impeller shaft on its width across the flats (a) with spanners, etc. and install the impeller.

Crankcase cover (right)

- 1. Install:
 - Dowel pin ①
 - O-ring ② New
 - Collar (3)
 - Gasket 4 New
- 2. Install:
 - Crankcase cover (right) ①
 - Bolt ②

🗽 12 Nm (1.2 m · kg, 8.7 ft · lb)

Bolt

10 Nm (1.0 m ⋅ kg, 7.2 ft ⋅ lb)

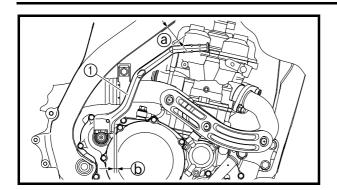
NOTE:

- Apply the engine oil on the impeller shaft end
- When installing the crankcase cover onto the crankcase, be sure that the impeller shaft end ② aligns with the balancer end slot ③.
- Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)







Kick crank

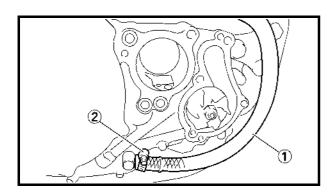
- 1. Install:
 - Kick starter (1)
 - · Plain washer
 - · Bolt (kick starter)



(■ 33 Nm (3.3 m · kg, 24 ft · lb)

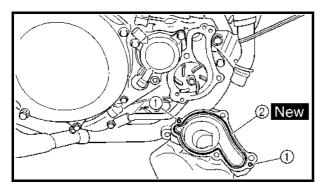
NOTE:

Install the kickstarter crank with the kickstarter crank and frame 10 mm (0.39 in) or more apart and the kickstarter crank and right crankcase 3 mm (0.12 in) or more apart (b).



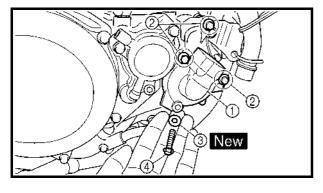
- 2. Install:
 - Oil tank breather hose ①
 - Clamp ②

≥ 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)



Water pump housing

- 1. Install:
 - Dowel pin ①
 - O-ring ② New



- 2. Install:
 - Water pump housing ①
 - Bolt (water pump housing) ②

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

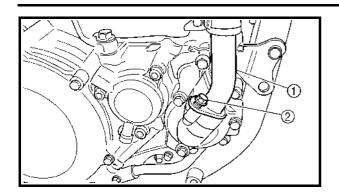
- Plain washer ③ New
- Coolant drain bolt 4

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)

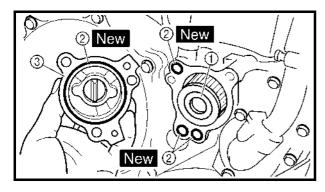






- 3. Install:
 - O-ring
 - Coolant pipe ①
 - Bolt (coolant pipe) ②

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



Oil filter

- 1. Install:
 - Oil filter ①
 - O-ring ② New
 - Oil filter cover ③
 - Bolt (oil filter cover)

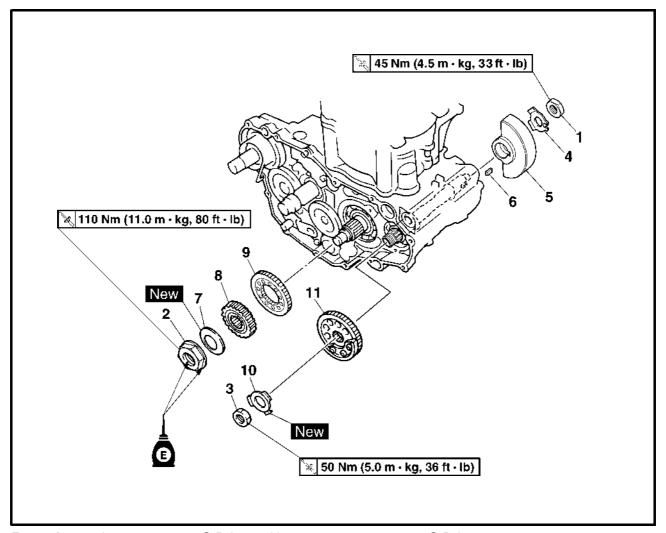
№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)





BALANCER BALANCER



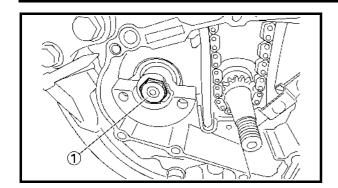


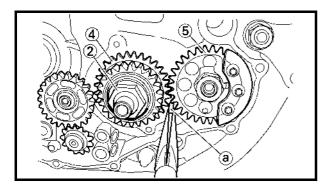
Extent of removal:	 Balancer drive gear 	② Balancer
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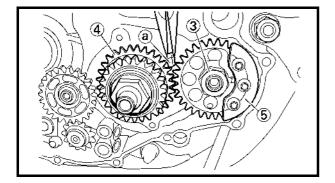
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		BALANCER REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Clutch housing		Refer to "CLUTCH" section.
		Crankcase cover (right)		Refer to "OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)" section.
		Stator		Refer to "CDI MAGNETO" section.
21	1	Nut (balancer)	1	1
1	2	Nut (primary drive gear)	1	- Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
Ψ	3	Nut (balancer driven gear)	1	µ
l 1	4	Lock washer	1	
2	5	Balancer	1	
	6	Straight key	1	
1 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7	Conical washer	1	
1	8	Primary drive gear	1	
	9	Balancer drive gear	1	
	10	Lock washer	1	
	11	Balancer driven gear	1	

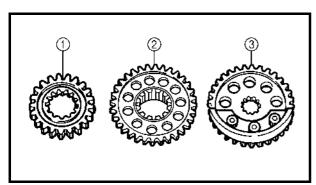


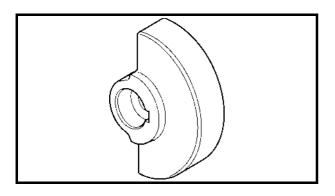












REMOVAL POINTS

Balancer, balancer drive gear and balancer driven gear

- 1. Straighten the lock washer tab.
- 2. Loosen:
 - Nut (balancer) ①
 - Nut (primary drive gear) ②
 - Nut (balancer driven gear) ③

NOTE:

Place an aluminum plate ⓐ between the teeth of the balancer drive gear ④ and balancer driven gear ⑤.

INSPECTION

Primary drive gear, balancer drive gear and balancer driven gear

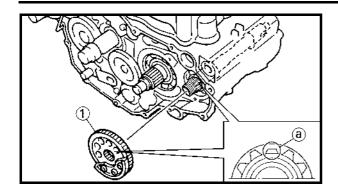
- 1. Inspect:
 - Primary drive gear 1
 - Balancer drive gear ②
 - Balancer driven gear ③
 Wear/damage → Replace.

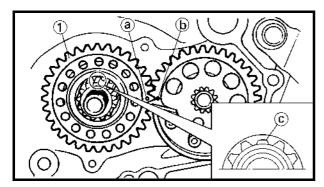
Balancer

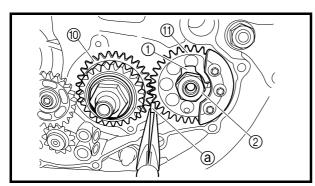
- 1. Inspect:
 - Balancer ${\it Cracks/damage} \rightarrow {\it Replace}.$

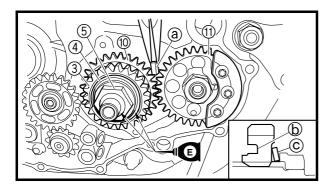


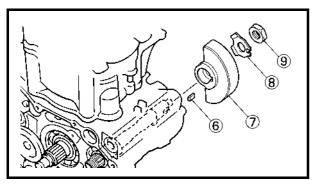












ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Balancer, balancer drive gear and balancer driven gear

- 1. Install:
 - Balancer driven gear ①

NOTE:

Install the balancer driven gear and balancer shaft with their lower splines ⓐ aligning with each other.

- 2. Install:
 - Balancer drive gear (1)

NOTE:

- Align the punched mark (a) on the balancer drive gear with the punched mark (b) on the balancer driven gear.
- Install the balancer driven gear and crankshaft with the lower splines © aligning with each other.
- 3. Install:
 - Lock washer ①
 - Nut (balancer driven gear) ②

≥ 50 Nm (5.0 m ⋅ kg, 36 ft ⋅ lb)

- Primary drive gear ③
- Conical washer (4)
- Nut (primary drive gear) ⑤

№ 110 Nm (11.0 m · kg, 80 ft · lb)

- Straight key 6
- Balancer (7)
- Lock washer (8)
- Nut (balancer) (9)

№ 45 Nm (4.5 m · kg, 33 ft · lb)

NOTE:

- Apply engine oil to the contact surface and threaded portion of the nut (primary drive gear).
- Place an aluminum plate

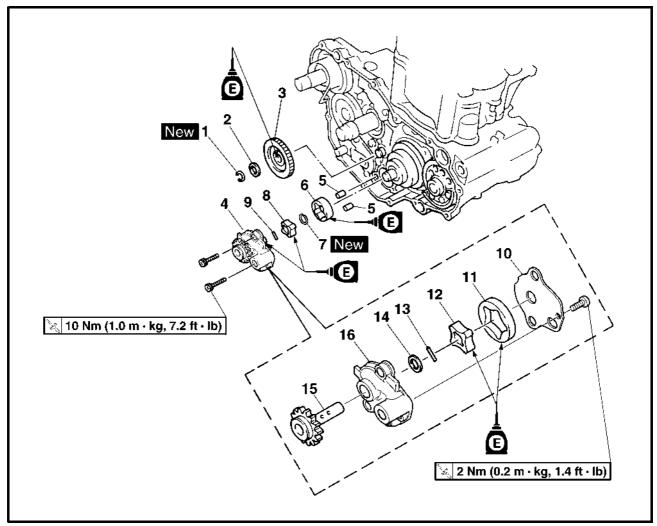
 between the teeth of the balancer drive gear

 and balancer driven gear
 and balancer driven gear
 and balancer driven gear
 and balancer driven gear
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 <lu>
- Install the primary drive gear with its weight reduction holes **(b)** facing the engine.
- Install the conical washer with its convex surface © outward.
- 4. Bend the lock washer tab.



OIL PUMP





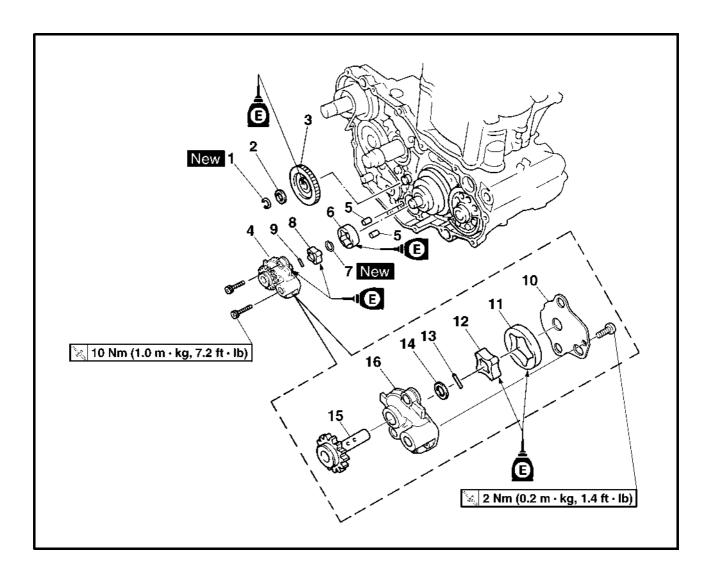
Extent of removal:

 $\textcircled{1} \ \textbf{Oil} \ \textbf{pump removal}$

② Oil pump disassembly

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		OIL PUMP REMOVAL AND DIS- ASSEMBLY		
Preparation for removal		Clutch housing		Refer to "CLUTCH" section.
		Crankcase cover (right)		Refer to "OIL FILTER, WATER PUMP AND CRANKCASE COVER (RIGHT)" section.
1 1	1	Circlip	1	
	2	Plate washer	1	
1 1	3	Oil pump drive gear	1	
	4	Oil pump assembly	1	
l	5	Dowel pin	2	
	6	Outer rotor 2	1	
	7	Circlip	1	
	8	Inner rotor 2	1	
	9	Pin	1	
	10	Oil pump cover	1	
	11	Outer rotor 1	1	
	12	Inner rotor 1	1	





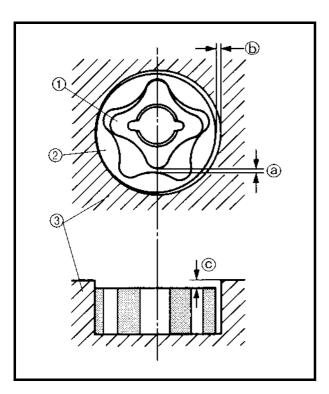
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	13	Pin	1	
	14	Washer	1	
	15	Oil pump drive shaft	1	
<u> </u>	16	Rotor housing	1	



INSPECTION

Oil pump

- 1. Inspect:Oil pump drive gear
 - Oil pump driven gear
 - Rotor housing
 - Oil pump cover Cracks/wear/damage → Replace.

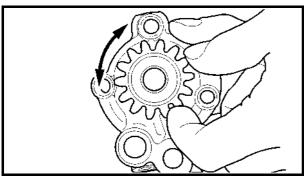


2. Measure:

- Tip clearance (a)
 Between the inner rotor (1) and the outer rotor (2).
- Tip clearance (b)
 Between the outer rotor (2) and the rotor housing (3).

 Out of specification → Replace the oil pump.





3. Check:

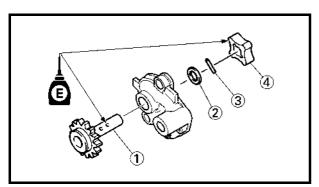
 Unsmooth → Repeat steps #1 and #2 or replace the defective parts.



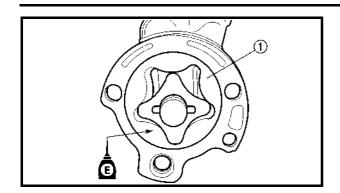
- 1. Install:
 - Oil pump drive shaft ①
 - Washer ②
 - Pin ③
 - Inner rotor 1 ④



- Apply the engine oil on the oil pump drive shaft and inner rotor 1.
- Fit the pin into the groove in the inner rotor 1.





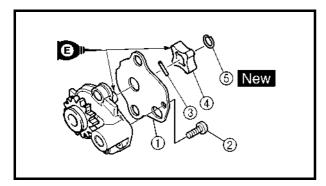


2. Install:

• Outer rotor 1 ①

NOTE: _

Apply the engine oil on the outer rotor 1.



3. Install:

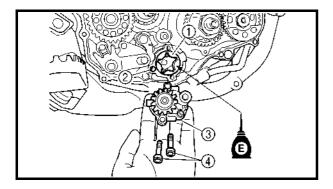
- Oil pump cover ①
- Screw (oil pump cover) ②

№ 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

- Pin ③
- Inner rotor 2 4
- Circlip (5) New

NOTE:

- Apply the engine oil on the oil pump drive shaft end and inner rotor 2.
- Fit the pin into the groove in the inner rotor 2.



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4. Install:

- Outer rotor 2 ①
- Dowel pin ②
- Oil pump assembly ③
- Bolt (oil pump assembly) (4)

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Apply the engine oil on the outer rotor 2.

5. Install:

- Oil pump drive gear ①
- Plate washer ②
- Circlip ③ New

NOTE:

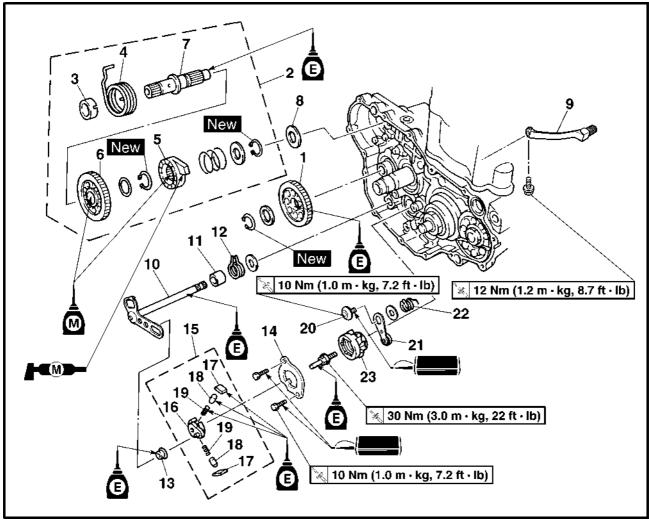
Apply the engine oil on the oil pump drive gear inner circumference.





KICK AXLE AND SHIFT SHAFT KICK AXLE AND SHIFT SHAFT



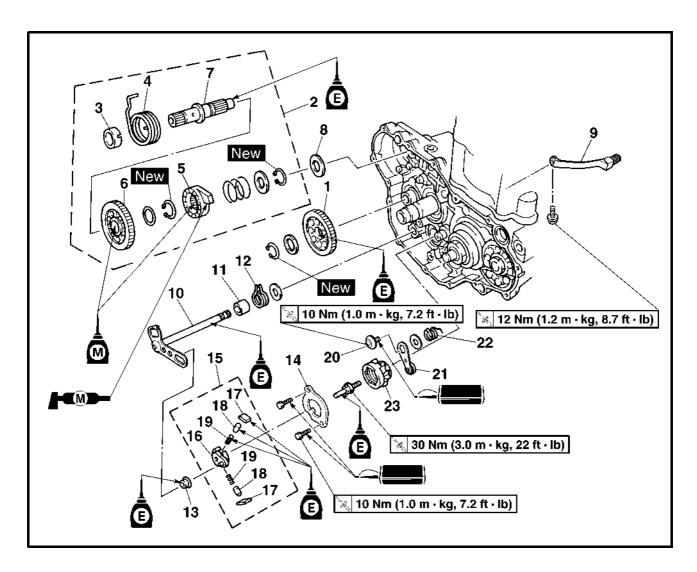


Extent of removal:

- ① Kick axle removal
- ③ Shift shaft removal
- ② Kick axle disassembly
- Segment removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		KICK AXLE AND SHIFT SHAFT REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Oil pump		Refer to "OIL PUMP" section.
1 1	1	Kick idle gear	1	
I	2	Kick axle assembly	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	3	Spring guide	1	
2	4	Torsion spring	1	
	5	Ratchet wheel	1	
	6	Kick gear	1	
l	7	Kick axle	1	
①1	8	Plain washer	1	
,	9	Shift pedal	1	
	10	Shift shaft	1	
	11	Collar	1	
↓ ↓	12	Torsion spring	1	

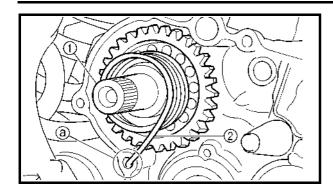




Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
†	13	Roller	1	
	14	Shift guide	1	Defer to "DEMOVAL DOINTS"
	15	Shift lever assembly	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	16	Shift lever	1	
	17	Pawl	2	
4	18	Pawl pin	2	
	19	Spring	2	
	20	Bolt (stopper lever)	1	
	21	Stopper lever	1	
	22	Torsion spring	1	
	23	Segment	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".







REMOVAL POINTS

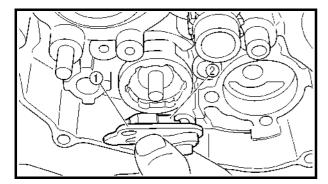
EC4B3101

Kick axle assembly

- 1. Remove:
 - Kick axle assembly ①

NOTE:

Unhook the torsion spring ② from the hole ③ in the crankcase.



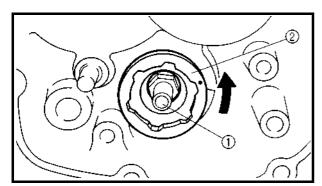
EC4C310

Shift guide and shift lever assembly

- 1. Remove:
 - Bolt (shift guide)
 - Shift guide ①
 - Shift lever assembly (2)

NOTE

The shift lever assembly is disassembled at the same time as the shift guide.



EC4N3100

Segment

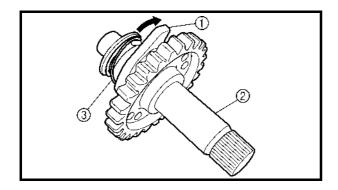
- 1. Remove:
 - Bolt (segment) 1
 - Segment ②

NOTE:

Turn the segment counterclockwise until it stops and loosen the bolt.

CAUTION:

If the segment gets an impact, it may be damaged. Take care not to give an impact to the segment when removing the bolt.



INSPECTION

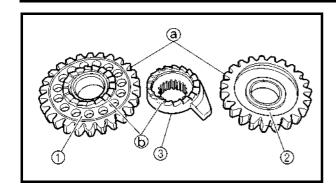
EC4C4200

Kick axle and ratchet wheel

- 1. Check:
 - Ratchet wheel ① smooth movement Unsmooth movement → Replace.
 - Kick axle ②
 Wear/damage → Replace.
 - Spring ③
 Broken → Replace.



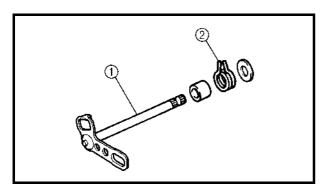




EC4C430

Kick gear, kick idle gear and ratchet wheel

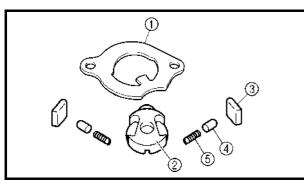
- 1. Inspect:
 - Kick gear ①
 - Kick idle gear ②
 - Ratchet wheel ③
 - Gear teeth @



EC4B4400

Shift shaft

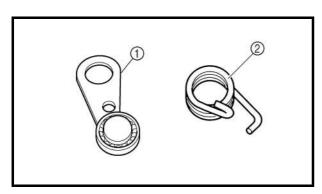
- 1. Inspect:
 - Shift shaft ① $Bend/damage \rightarrow Replace.$
 - Spring ② Broken \rightarrow Replace.



EC4C4100

Shift guide and shift lever assembly

- 1. Inspect:
 - Shift guide ①
 - Shift lever ②
 - Pawl ③
 - Pawl pin 4
 - Spring ⑤
 Wear/damage → Replace.



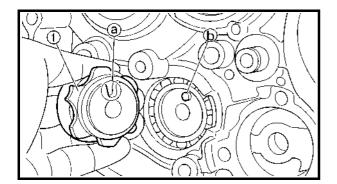
EC4B4500

Stopper lever

- 1. Inspect:
 - Stopper lever ① Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Torsion spring ②
 Broken → Replace.







EC4C5000 ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Segment

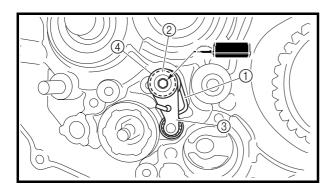
- 1. Install:
 - Segment ①
 - Bolt (segment)

№ 30 Nm (3.0 m · kg, 22 ft · lb)

Align the notch @ on the segment with the pin (b) on the shift cam.

CAUTION:

If the segment gets an impact, it may be damaged. Take care not to give an impact to the segment when tightening the bolt.



EC4B5111

Stopper lever

- 1. Install:
 - Torsion spring (1)
 - Plain washer ②
 - Stopper lever ③
 - Bolt (stopper lever) 4



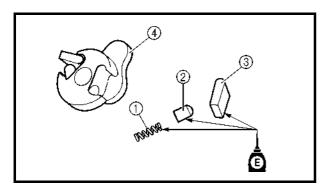
NOTE:

Align the stopper lever roller with the slot on segment.



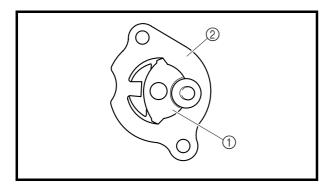
- 1. Install:
 - Spring ①
 - Pawl pin ②
 - Pawl ③

To shift lever 4.



Apply the engine oil on the springs, pawl pins and pawls.

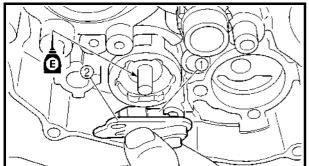
- 2. Install:
 - Shift lever assembly (1) To shift guide ②.

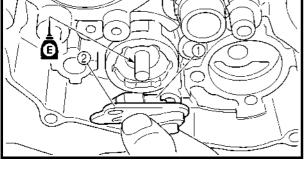


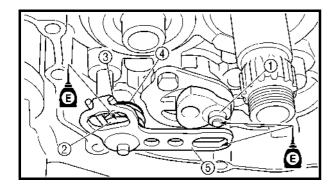
KICK AXLE AND SHIFT SHAFT

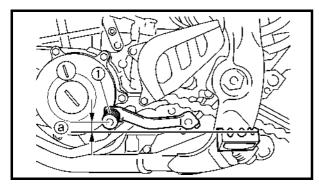












3. Install:

- Shift lever assembly ①
- Shift guide ②

NOTE:

- The shift lever assembly is installed at the same time as the shift guide.
- Apply the engine oil on the bolt (segment) shaft.

4. Install:

• Bolt (shift guide) 1



10 Nm (1.0 m ⋅ kg, 7.2 ft ⋅ lb)

EC4C5301

Shift shaft

- 1. Install:
 - Roller 1
 - Collar 2
 - Torsion spring ③
 - Plain washer ④
 - Shift shaft ⑤

Apply the engine oil on the roller and shift shaft.

- 2. Install:
 - Shift pedal (1)
 - Bolt (shift pedal)

№ 12 Nm (1.2 m · kg, 8.7 ft · lb)

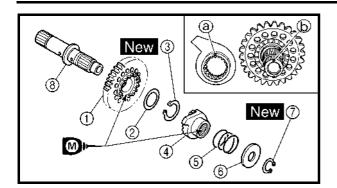
NOTE: _

When installing the shift pedal onto the shift shaft, be sure that the center of the shift pedal is about 4.4 mm (0.17 in) (a) above the top of the footrest.

KICK AXLE AND SHIFT SHAFT





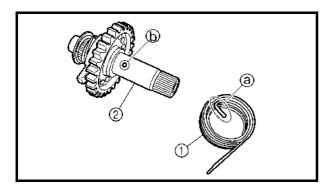


Kick axle assembly

- 1. Install:
 - Kick gear ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Circlip (3) New
 - Ratchet wheel 4
 - Spring (5)
 - Plain washer ⑥
 - Circlip ⑦ New To kick axle ⑧.

NOTE:

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the inner circumferences of the kick gear and ratchet wheel.
- Align the punch mark (a) on the ratchet wheel with the punch mark (b) on the kick axle.

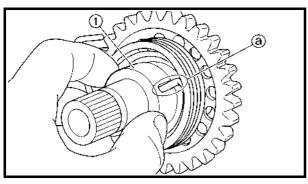


2. Install:

Torsion spring ①
 To kick axle ②.

NOTF:

Make sure the stopper ⓐ of the torsion spring fits into the hole ⓑ on the kick axle.



3. Install:

• Spring guide ①

NOTE

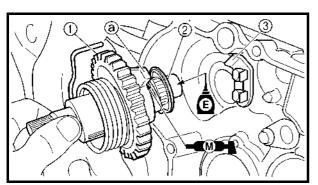
Slide the spring guide into the kick axle, make sure the groove ⓐ in the spring guide fits on the stopper of the torsion spring.

4. Install:

- Kick axle assembly (1)
- Plain washer ②



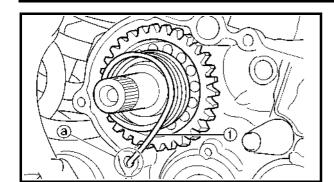
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the contacting surfaces of the kick axle stopper (a) and ratchet wheel guide (3).
- Apply the engine oil on the kick axle.
- Slide the kick axle assembly into the crankcase and make sure the kick axle stopper fits into the ratchet wheel guide.



KICK AXLE AND SHIFT SHAFT





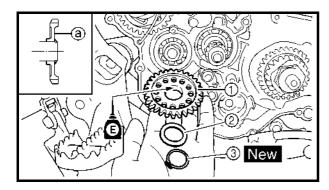


5. Hook:

• Torsion spring ①

NOTE: _

Turn the torsion spring clockwise and hook into the proper hole ⓐ in the crankcase.



Kick idle gear

- 1. Install:
 - Kick idle gear ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Circlip ③ New

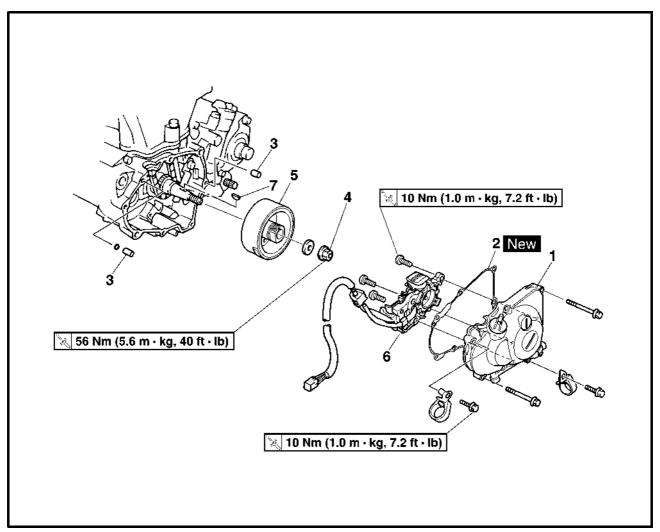
NOTE: _

- Install the kick idle gear with its depressed side ⓐ toward you.
- Apply the engine oil on the kick idle gear inner circumference.



CDI MAGNETO



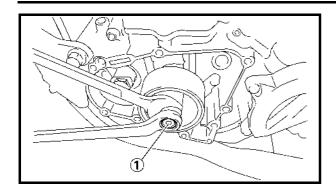


Extent of removal:

① CDI magneto removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		CDI MAGNETO REMOVAL Seat and fuel tank		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section.
		Disconnect the CDI magneto lead.		
Î	1	Crankcase cover (left)	1	
	2	Gasket	1	
	3	Dowel pin	2	
1	4	Nut (rotor)	1	Use special tool.
	5	Rotor	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	6	Stator	1	
	7	Woodruff key	1	

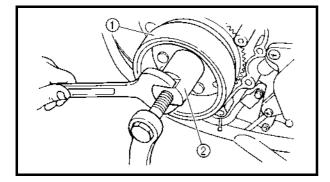




REMOVAL POINTS

EC4L3101

- **Rotor**
- 1. Remove:
 - Nut (rotor) ①
 - Plain washer

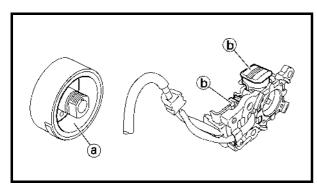


- 2. Remove:
 - Rotor ①
 Use the rotor puller ②.



Rotor puller:

YM-04151/90890-04151



EC4L4000

INSPECTION

EC4L4101

CDI magneto

- 1. Inspect:
 - Rotor inner surface @
 - Stator outer surface (b)
 Damage → Inspect the crankshaft runout and crankshaft bearing.

If necessary, replace CDI magneto and/ or stator.



Woodruff key

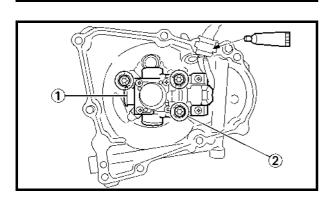
- 1. Inspect:
 - Woodruff key ①
 Damage → Replace.



ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION CDI magneto

- 1. Install:
 - Stator (1)
 - Screw (stator) ②

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



NOTE:

- Apply the sealant to the grommet of the CDI magneto lead.
- Tighten the screws using the T30 bit.

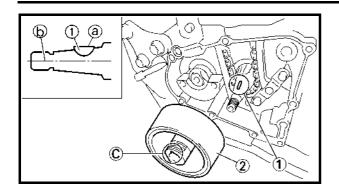


YAMAHA Bond No. 1215 (ThreeBond® No. 1215): 90890-85505

CDI MAGNETO



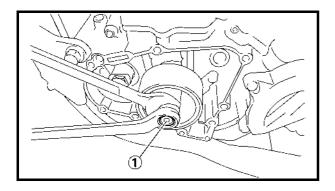




- 2. Install:
 - Woodruff key ①
 - Rotor ②

NOTE:

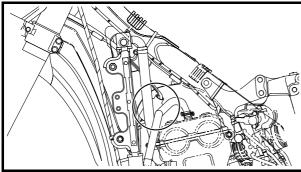
- · Clean the tapered portions of the crankshaft and rotor.
- When installing the woodruff key, make sure that its flat surface @ is in parallel with the crankshaft center line (b).
- When installing the rotor, align the keyway © of the rotor with the woodruff key.



3. Install:

- Plain washer
- Nut (rotor) ①

№ 56 Nm (5.6 m · kg, 40 ft · lb)



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4. Connect:

• CDI magneto lead Refer to "CABLE ROUTING DIAGRAM" section in the CHAPTER 2.

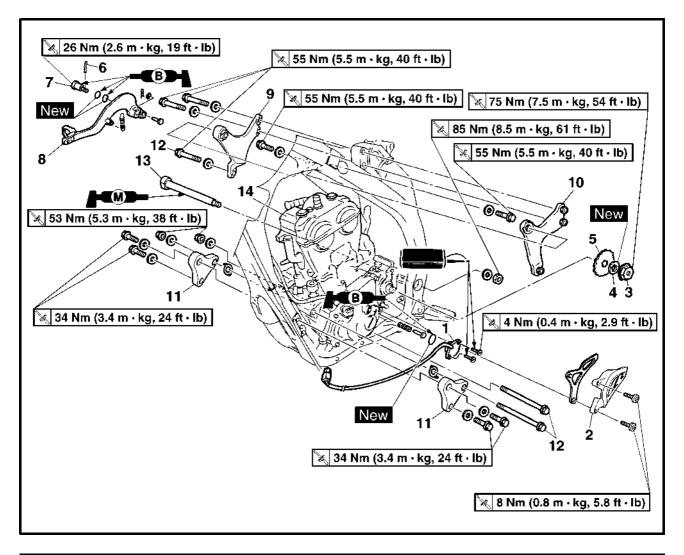
5. Install:

- Dowel pin
- O-ring
- Gasket [crankcase cover (left)] New
- Crankcase cover (left) ①
- Hose holder (cylinder head breather hose) ②
- Bolt [crankcase cover (left)]

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

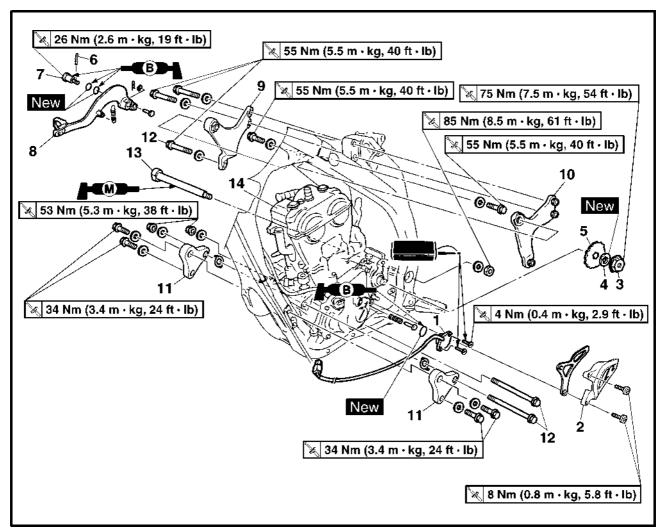
Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.





Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		ENGINE REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Hold the machine by placing the		▲ WARNING
		suitable stand under the frame.		Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
		Seat and fuel tank		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section.
		Rear shock absorber		Refer to "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER" section in the CHAPTER 5.
		Carburetor		Refer to "CARBURETOR" section.
		Exhaust pipe and silencer		Refer to "EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER" section.
		Clutch cable		Disconnect at engine side.
		Radiator		Refer to "RADIATOR" section.
		Shift pedal		Refer to "KICK AXLE AND SHIFT SHAFT" section.
		Cylinder head breather hose		Refer to "CAMSHAFTS" section.
		Drain the engine oil		Refer to "ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
		Ignition coil		
		Disconnect the CDI magneto lead.		
		Engine guard		





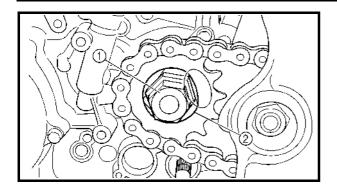
Extent of removal:

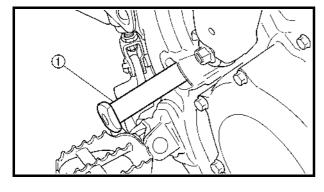
① Engine removal

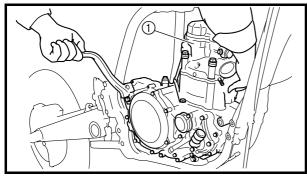
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	1	Neutral switch	1	
	2	Chain cover	1	
	3	Nut (drive sprocket)	1	h
	4	Lock washer	1	- Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	5	Drive sprocket	1	μ
	6	Clip	1	
	7	Bolt (brake pedal)	1	
	8	Brake pedal	1	
Ψ	9	Engine upper bracket (right)	1	
	10	Engine upper bracket (left)	1	
	11	Engine lower bracket	2	
	12	Engine mounting bolt	3	
	13	Pivot shaft	1	Defer to "DEMOVAL DOINTS"
	14	Engine	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".











REMOVAL POINTS

EC4F3100

Drive sprocket

- 1. Remove:
 - Nut (drive sprocket) 1
 - Lock washer ②

NOTE

- Straighten the lock washer tab.
- · Loosen the nut while applying the rear brake.
- 2. Remove:
 - Drive sprocket ①
 - Drive chain ②

NOTE:

Remove the drive sprocket together with the drive chain.

EC4M3301

Engine removal

- 1. Remove:
 - Pivot shaft ①

NOTE

If the pivot shaft is pulled all the way out, the swingarm will come loose. If possible, insert a shaft of similar diameter into the other side of the swingarm to support it.

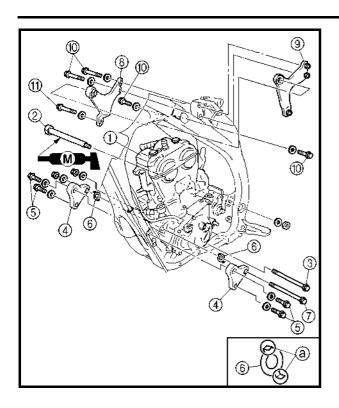
- 2. Remove:
 - Engine ①
 From right side.

NOTF:

Make sure that the couplers, hoses and cables are disconnected.







EC4M500

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Engine installation

- 1. Install:
 - Engine ①
 Install the engine from right side.
 - Pivot shaft ②

≥ 85 Nm (8.5 m ⋅ kg, 61 ft ⋅ lb)

• Engine mounting bolt (lower) ③

№ 53 Nm (5.3 m · kg, 38 ft · lb)

- Engine lower bracket 4
- Bolt (engine lower bracket) ⑤

№ 34 Nm (3.4 m · kg, 24 ft · lb)

- Patch ®
- Engine mounting bolt (front) ⑦

№ 53 Nm (5.3 m · kg, 38 ft · lb)

- Engine upper bracket (right) ®
- Engine upper bracket (left) (9)
- Bolt (engine upper bracket) (10)

№ 55 Nm (5.5 m · kg, 40 ft · lb)

• Engine mounting bolt (upper) (1)

№ 55 Nm (5.5 m · kg, 40 ft · lb)

NOTE:

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the pivot shaft.
- Install the patch with the claw @ facing outside the chassis.



- 1. Install:
 - Spring (1)
 - Brake pedal ②
 - O-ring ③ New
 - Bolt (brake pedal) 4

≥ 26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)

• Clip (5)

NOTE:

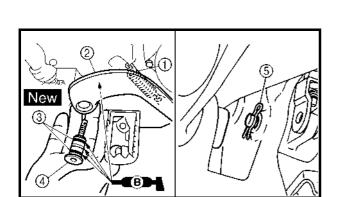
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bolt, O-rings and brake pedal bracket.

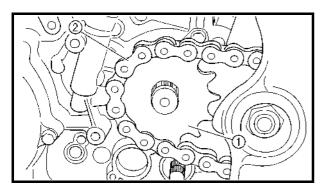
Drive sprocket

- 1. Install:
 - Drive sprocket (1)
 - Drive chain ②

NOTE

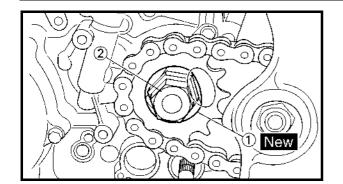
Install the drive sprocket together with the drive chain.











2. Install:

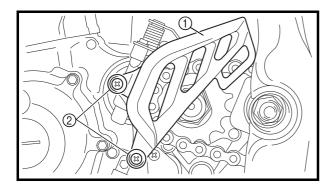
Lock washer ① New

• Nut (drive sprocket) ②

№ 75 Nm (7.5 m · kg, 54 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Tighten the nut while applying the rear brake.

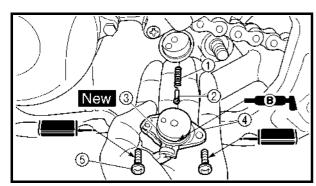


3. Bend the lock washer tab to lock the nut.

4. Install:

- Chain guide
- Chain cover (1)
- Screw (chain cover) ②

№ 8 Nm (0.8 m · kg, 5.8 ft · lb)



5. Install:

- Spring ①
- Pin ②
- O-ring ③ New
- Neutral switch 4
- Screw (neutral switch) ⑤



△ 4 Nm (0.4 m · kg, 2.9 ft · lb)

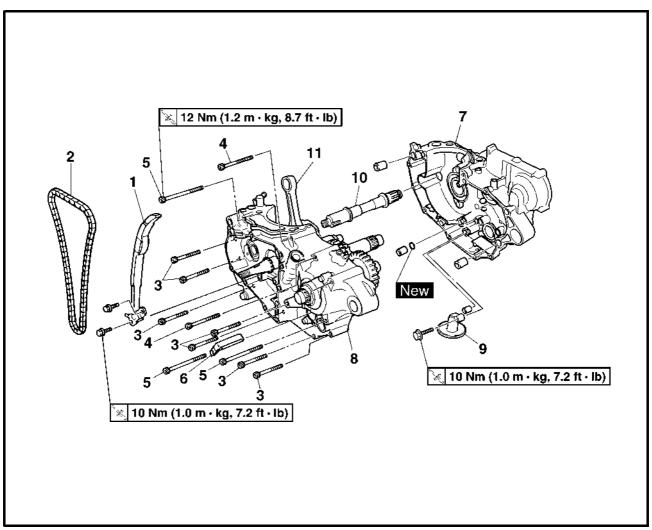
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the Oring.





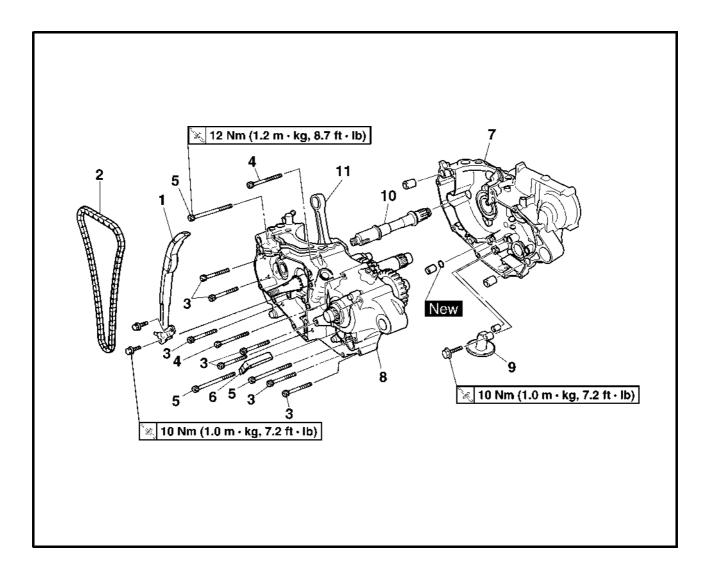
CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT

CRANKCASE AND CRANKSHAFT



Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CRANKCASE SEPARATION		
Preparation for removal		Engine		Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section.
		Piston		Refer to "CYLINDER AND PISTON" section.
		Balancer		Refer to "BALANCER" section.
		Kick axle assembly		Refer to "KICK AXLE AND SHIFT
		Segment		SHAFT" section.
		Stator		Refer to "CDI MAGNETO" section.
†	1	Timing chain guide (rear)	1	
	2	Timing chain	1	
1 2	3	Bolt (50 mm)	7	h
	4	Bolt (60 mm)	2	
	5	Bolt (80 mm)	3	Thelef to helvioval Points.
↓ ↓	6	Hose guide	1	<u> </u>



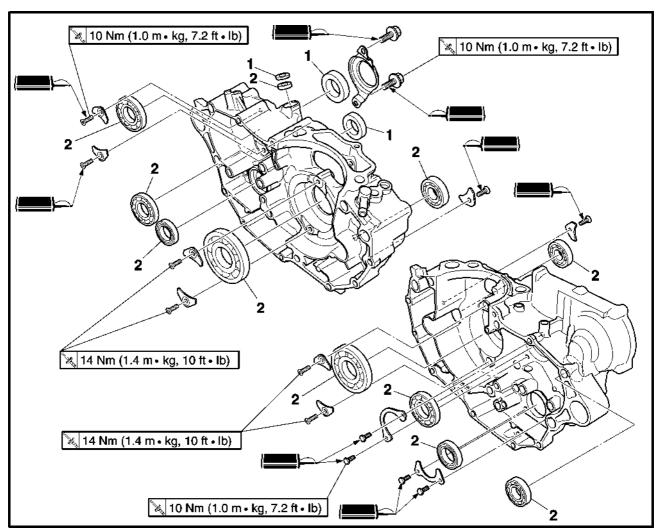


Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
<u>†</u>	7	Crankcase (right)	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
Ψ	8	Crankcase (left)	1	THEIR TO THEIRIOVAL FORMETS.
2	9	Oil strainer	1	
	10	Balancer shaft	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	11	Crankshaft	1	Use special tool.
·				Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".





CRANKCASE BEARING



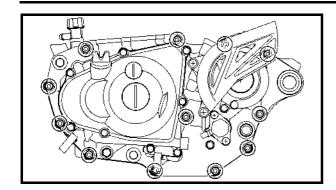
Extent of removal:

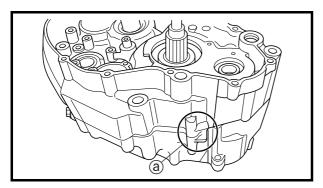
 $\textcircled{1} \ \textbf{Crankcase bearing removal}$

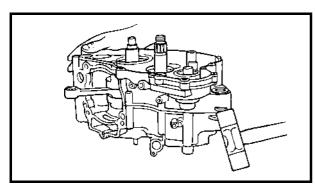
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		CRANKCASE BEARING REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Transmission		Refer to "TRANSMISSION, SHIFT
		Shift cam and shift fork		CAM AND SHIFT FORK" section.
1	1	Oil seal	3	
\bigvee	2	Bearing	10	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".











REMOVAL POINTS

Crankcase

- 1. Separate:
 - Crankcase (right)
 - Crankcase (left)

Separation steps:

 Remove the crankcase bolts, hose guide and clutch cable holder.

NOTE:

Loosen each bolt 1/4 of a turn at a time and after all the bolts are loosened, remove them.

• Remove the crankcase (right).

NOTE:

- Place the crankcase with its left side downward and split it by inserting a screwdriver tip into the splitting slit (a) in the crankcase.
- Lift the crankcase (right) horizontally while lightly patting the case splitting slit and engine mounting boss using a soft hammer, and leave the crankshaft and transmission with the crankcase (left).

CAUTION:

Use soft hammer to tap on the case half. Tap only on reinforced portions of case. Do not tap on gasket mating surface. Work slowly and carefully. Make sure the case halves separate evenly. If one end "hangs up", take pressure off the push screw, realign, and start over. If the cases do not separate, check for a remaining case screw or fitting. Do not force.

Remove the dowel pins and O-ring.

a

Balancer shaft

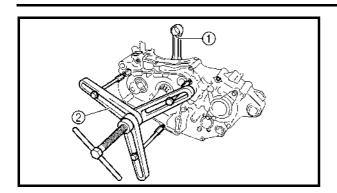
- 1. Remove:
 - Balancer shaft (1)

NOTE:

Remove the balancer shaft with its flat side ⓐ facing the crankshaft.







Crankshaft

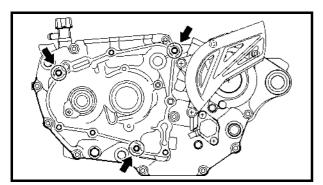
- 1. Remove:
 - Crankshaft ①
 Use the crankcase separating tool ②.



Crankcase separating tool: YU-A9642/90890-04152

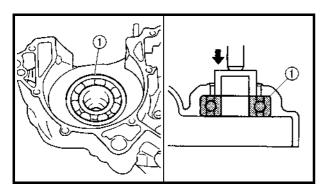
NOTE:

Install the crankcase separating tool as shown.



CAUTION:

Do not use a hammer to drive out the crankshaft.

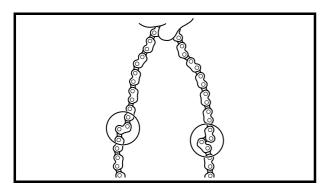


Crankshaft bearing

- 1. Remove:
 - Bearing 1

NOTE

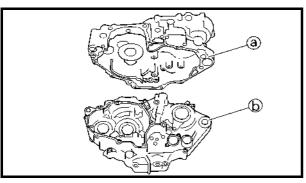
- Remove the bearing from the crankcase by pressing its inner race.
- Do not use the removed bearing.



INSPECTION

Timing chain and timing chain guide

- 1. Inspect:
 - Timing chain
 Cracks/stiff → Replace the timing chain
 and camshaft sprocket as a set.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Timing chain guide
 Wear/damage → Replace.



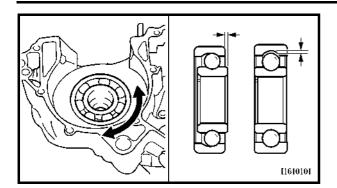
EC4N4101

Crankcase

- 1. Inspect:
 - Contacting surface ⓐ
 Scratches → Replace.
 - Engine mounting boss ⊕, crankcase Cracks/damage → Replace.





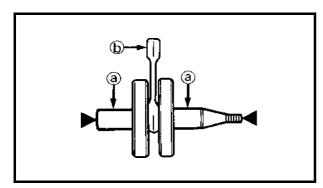




Bearing
 Rotate inner race with a finger.

 Rough spot/seizure → Replace.

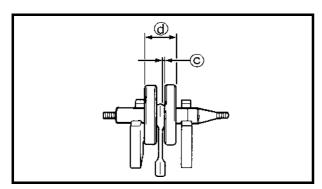
- 3. Inspect:
 - Oil seal $\label{eq:Wear} \mbox{Wear/damage} \rightarrow \mbox{Replace}.$



EC4N4201

Crankshaft

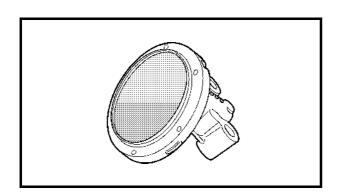
- 1. Measure:
 - Runout limit
 - Small end free play limit (b)
 - Connecting rod big end side clearance ©





Dial gauge and stand: YU-3097/90890-01252

	Standard	<limit></limit>
Runout limit:	0.03 mm (0.0012 in)	0.05 mm (0.002 in)
Small end free play:	0.4 ~ 1.0 mm (0.016 ~ 0.039 in)	2.0 mm (0.08 in)
Side clearance:	0.15 ~ 0.45 mm (0.0059 ~ 0.0177 in)	0.50 mm (0.02 in)
Crack width:	61.95 ~ 62.00 mm (2.439 ~ 2.441 in)	_

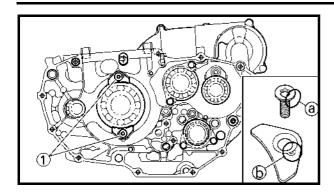


Oil strainer

- 1. Inspect:
 - Oil strainer
 Damage → Replace.







EC4N5000

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Crankshaft bearing

- 1. Install:
 - Bearing New
 - Bearing stopper
 - Bolt (bearing stopper)

10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

• Screw (bearing stopper)

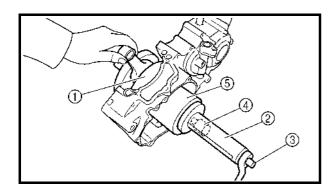
• Screw [bearing stopper (crankshaft)] (1)

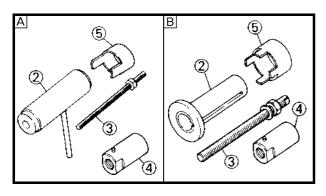
14 Nm (1.4 m ⋅ kg, 10 ft ⋅ lb)

To crankcase (left and right).

NOTE:

- Install the bearing by pressing its outer race parallel.
- To prevent the screw [bearing stopper (crankshaft)] from becoming loose, crush the screw head periphery (a) into the concave (b) using a punch etc. In so doing, take care not to damage the screwdriver receiving hole in the screw head.





Crankshaft

- 1. Install:
 - Crankshaft ①
 Use the crankshaft installing tool ②, ③,
 ④ and ⑤.



Crankshaft installing pot ②:
YU-90050/90890-01274
Crankshaft installing bolt ③:
YU-90050/90890-01275
Adaptor (M12) ④:
YU-90063/90890-01278
Spacer (crankshaft installer) ⑤:
YM-91044/90890-04081

- A For USA and CDN
- **B** Except for USA and CDN

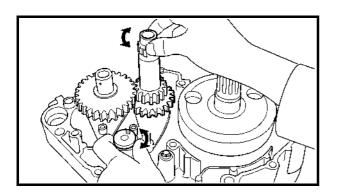


NOTE:

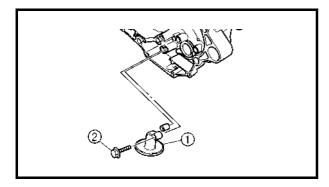
- Hold the connecting rod at top dead center with one hand while turning the nut of the installing tool with the other. Operate the installing tool until the crankshaft bottoms against the bearing.
- Before installing the crankshaft, clean the contacting surface of crankcase.

CAUTION:

Do not use a hammer to drive in the crank-shaft.



- 2. Check:
 - Shifter operation
 - Transmission operation
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.



- 3. Install:
 - Oil strainer (1)
 - Bolt (oil strainer) ②

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



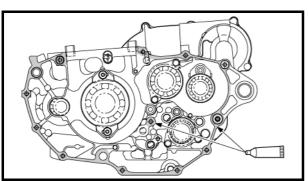
Sealant
 On the crankcase (right).



YAMAHA Bond No. 1215 (ThreeBond® No. 1215): 90890-85505

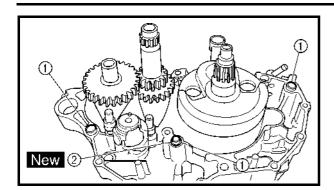
NOTE:

Clean the contacting surface of crankcase (left and right) before applying the sealant.





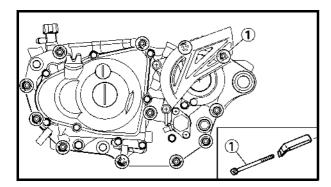




- 5. Install:
 - Dowel pin ①
 - O-ring ② New
 - Crankcase (right)
 To crankcase (left).

NOTE:

- Fit the crankcase (right) onto the crankcase (left). Tap lightly on the case with soft hammer.
- When installing the crankcase, the connecting rod should be positioned at TDC (top dead center).



- 6. Tighten:
 - Bolt (hose guide) 1
 - Bolt (crankcase)

№ 12 Nm (1.2 m · kg, 8.7 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Tighten the crankcase tightening bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

- 7. Install:
 - Timing chain
 - Timing chain guide (rear)
 - Bolt (timing chain guide)

🔪 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 8. Remove:
 - Sealant

Forced out on the cylinder mating surface

- 9. Apply:
 - Engine oil

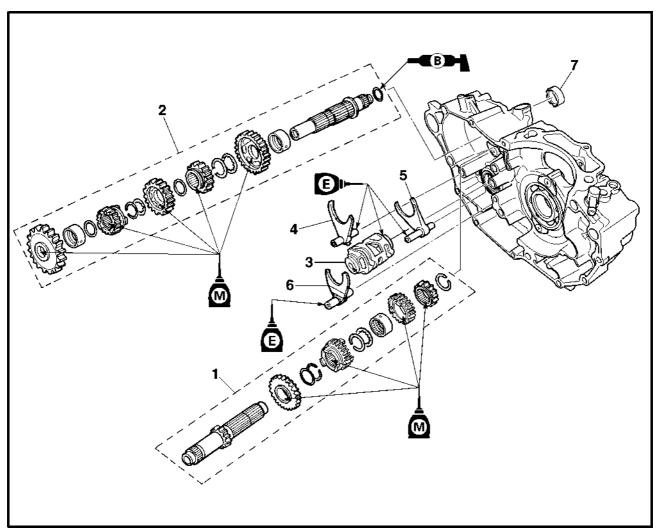
To the crank pin, bearing and oil delivery hole.

- 10. Check:
 - Crankshaft and transmission operation.
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.





TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK



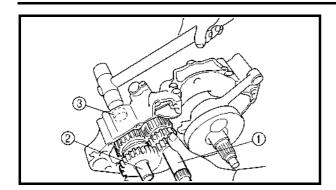
Extent of removal:

① Shift fork, shift cam, main axle and drive axle removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		TRANSMISSION, SHIFT CAM AND SHIFT FORK REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Engine		Refer to "ENGINE REMOVAL" section.
		Separate the crankcase.		Refer to "CRANKCASE AND CRANK-SHAFT" section.
1	1	Main axle	1	7
	2	Drive axle	1	
	3	Shift cam	1	- Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
1	4	Shift fork 3	1	Refer to REMOVAL POINTS.
	5	Shift fork 2	1	
	6	Shift fork 1	1	Ц
 	7	Collar	1	







EC4H3000 REMOVAL POINTS

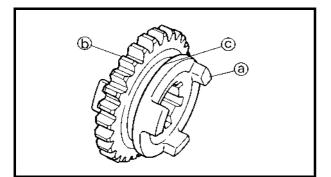
EC4H3230

Transmission

- 1. Remove:
 - Main axle (1)
 - Drive axle (2)
 - · Shift cam
 - Shift fork 3
 - Shift fork 2
 - Shift fork 1

NOTE: .

- Remove assembly with the collar ③ installed to the crankcase.
- · Remove assembly carefully. Note the position of each part. Pay particular attention to the location and direction of shift forks.
- Remove the main axle, drive axle, shift cam and shift fork all together by tapping lightly on the transmission drive axle with a soft hammer.



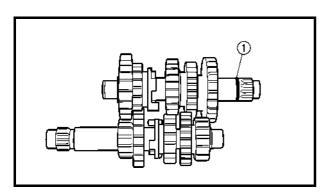
EC4H4000

INSPECTION

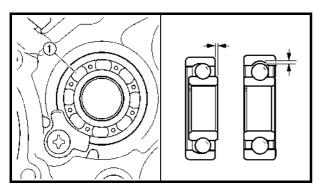
EC4H4200

Gears

- 1. Inspect:
 - Matching dog (a)
 - Gear teeth (b)
 - Shift fork groove © Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.



- 2. Inspect:
 - O-ring (1)
 - Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 3. Check:
 - Gears movement Unsmooth movement → Repair or replace.



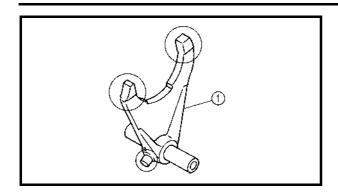
EC4H4600

Bearing

- 1. Inspect:
 - Bearing (1) Rotate inner race with a finger. Rough spot/seizure \rightarrow Replace.

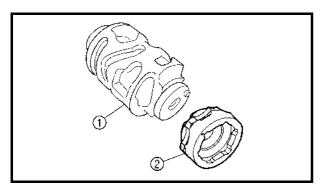




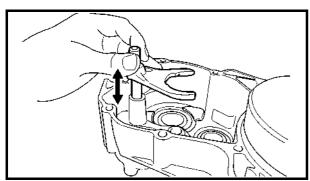


Shift fork, shift cam and segment

- 1. Inspect:
 - Shift fork ① Wear/damage/scratches \rightarrow Replace.



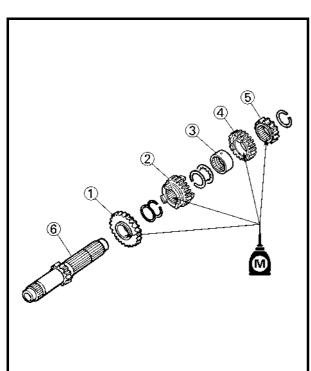
- 2. Inspect:
 - Shift cam ①
 - Segment ② Bend/wear/damage → Replace.



- 3. Check:
 - Shift fork movement Unsmooth operation → Replace shift

NOTE: .

For a malfunctioning shift fork, replace not only the shift fork itself but the two gears each adjacent to the shift fork.



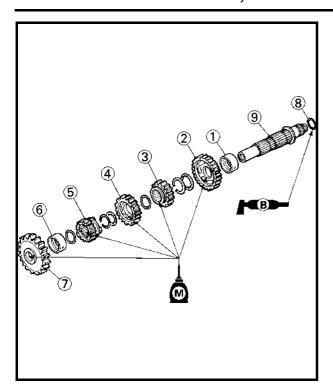
ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Transmission

- 1. Install:
 - 5th pinion gear (21T) (1)
 - 3rd pinion gear (18T) ②
 - Collar (3)
 - 4th pinion gear (22T) (4)
 - 2nd pinion gear (15T) ⑤ To main axle 6.

Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the inner and end surface of the idler gear and on the inner surface of the sliding gear, then install.



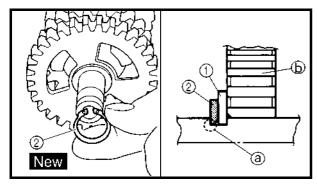




- 2. Install:
 - Collar (1)
 - 2nd wheel gear (23T) ②
 - 4th wheel gear (24T) ③
 - 3rd wheel gear (23T) 4
 - 5th wheel gear (20T) ⑤
 - Collar (6)
 - 1st wheel gear (27T) ⑦
 - O-ring ® To drive axle ⑨.

NOTE:

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the inner and end surface of the idler gear and on the inner surface of the sliding gear, then install.
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the Oring.

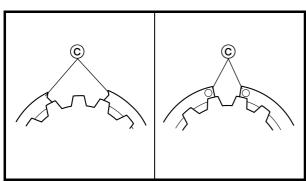


3. Install:

- Plain washer (1)
- Circlip ② New

NOTE:

- Be sure the circlip sharp-edged corner ⓐ is positioned opposite side to the plain washer and gear ⓑ.
- Install the circlip with its ends © settled evenly on the spline crests.

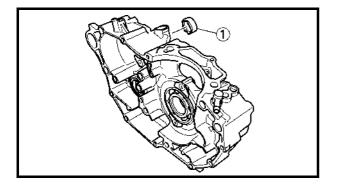


4. Install:

• Collar 1

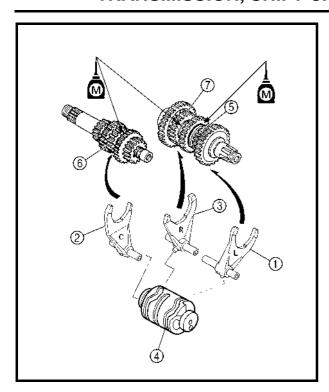


- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.
- When installing the collar into the crankcase, pay careful attention to the crankcase oil seal lip.









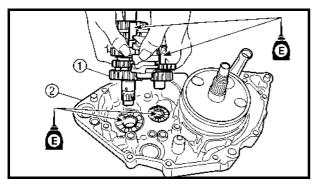
5. Install:

- Shift fork 1 (L) ①
- Shift fork 2 (C) ②
- Shift fork 3 (R) ③
- Shift cam ④

To main axle and drive axle.

NOTE

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide oil on the shift fork grooves.
- Mesh the shift fork #1 (L) with the 4th wheel gear ⑤ and #3 (R) with the 5th wheel gear ⑦ on the drive axle.
- Mesh the shift fork #2 (C) with the 3rd pinion gear ⑥ on the main axle.

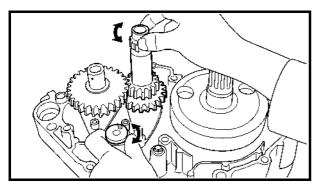


6. Install:

Transmission assembly ①
 To crankcase (left) ②.

NOTF:

Apply the engine oil on the bearings and guide bars.



7. Check:

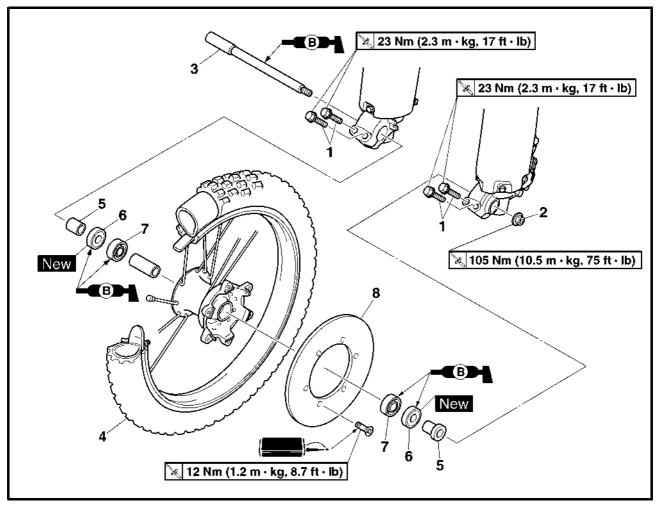
- Shifter operation
- Transmission operation
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.



CHASSIS

FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL

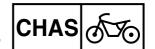
FRONT WHEEL



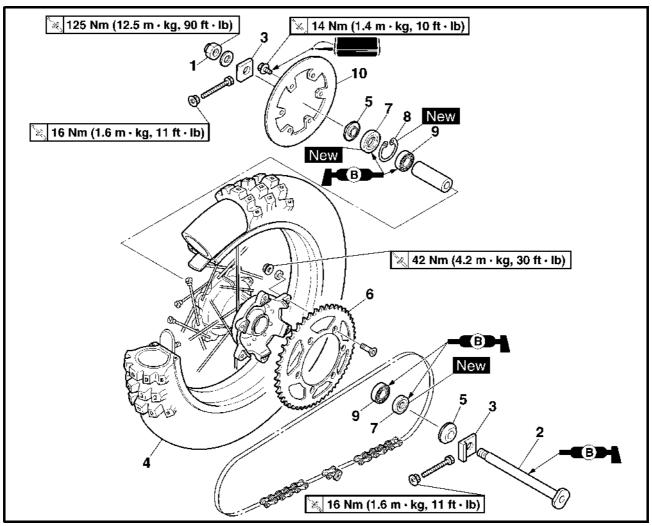
Extent of removal:

- 1) Front wheel removal
- ③ Brake disc removal
- ② Wheel bearing removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		FRONT WHEEL REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.		NARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
† † †	1	Bolt (axle holder)	4	Only loosening.
	2	Nut (front wheel axle)	1	
	3	Front wheel axle	1	
	4	Front wheel	1	
	5	Collar	2	
	6	Oil seal	2	
	7	Bearing	2	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
3	8	Brake disc	1	



REAR WHEEL

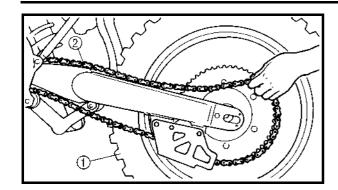


Extent of removal:

- 1 Rear wheel removal
- ③ Brake disc removal
- ② Wheel bearing removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		REAR WHEEL REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.		NARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
1 1 1	1	Nut (rear wheel axle)	1	
	2	Rear wheel axle	1	
	3	Chain puller	2	
	4	Rear wheel	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
2	5	Collar	2	
	6	Driven sprocket	1	
	7	Oil seal	2	
	8	Circlip	1	
	9	Bearing	2	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
· 3‡	10	Brake disc	1	





REMOVAL POINTS

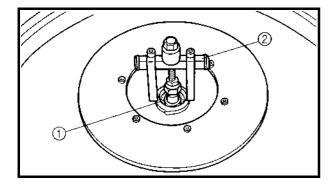
EC523101

Rear wheel

- 1. Remove:
 - Wheel (1)

NOTE:

Push the wheel forward and remove the drive chain ②.



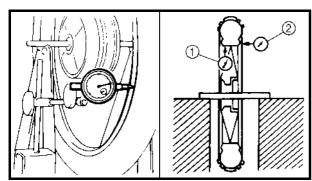
EC513201

Wheel bearing (if necessary)

- 1. Remove:
 - Bearing 1

NOTE

Remove the bearing using a general bearing puller ②.



EC594000

INSPECTION

EC514100

Wheel

- 1. Measure:
 - Wheel runout
 Out of limit → Repair/replace.



Wheel runout limit:

Radial ①: 2.0 mm (0.08 in) Lateral ②: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)



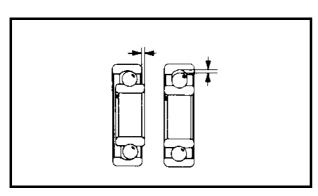
Bearing

Rotate inner race with a finger. Rough spot/seizure \rightarrow Replace.

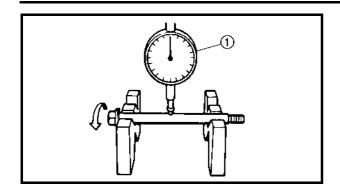
nough spol/seizure → nep



Replace the bearings, oil seal and wheel collar as a set.







EC514200

Wheel axle

- 1. Measure:
 - Wheel axle bends
 Out of specification → Replace.
 Use the dial gauge ①.



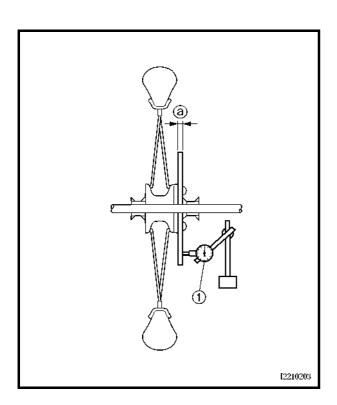
Wheel axle bending limit: 0.5 mm (0.020 in)

NOTE: .

The bending value is shown by one half of the dial gauge reading.

WARNING

Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.



EC594200

Brake disc

- 1. Measure:
 - Brake disc deflection (only rear brake disc)

Use the dial gauge (1).

Out of specification \rightarrow Inspect wheel runout.

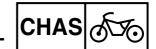
If wheel runout is in good condition, replace the brake disc.

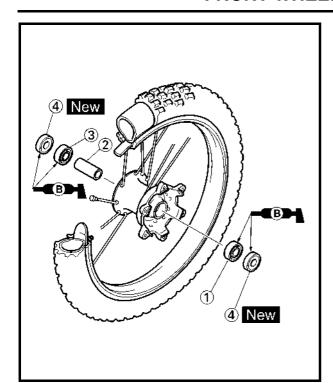
	Disc deflection limit:			
	Standard	<limit></limit>		
Rear	_	0.15 mm (0.006 in)		

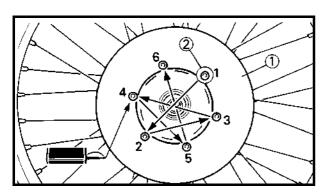
2. Measure:

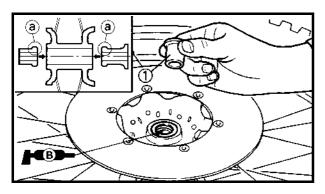
Brake disc thickness ⓐ
 Out of limit → Replace.

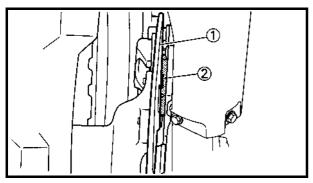
Z.	Disc wear limit:		
	Standard	<limit></limit>	
Front	3.0 mm (0.12 in)	2.5 mm (0.10 in)	
Rear	4.0 mm (0.16 in)	3.5 mm (0.14 in)	











ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Front wheel

- 1. Install:
 - Bearing (left) 1
 - Spacer ②
 - Bearing (right) ③
 - Oil seal 4 New

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing and oil seal lip when installing.
- · Use a socket that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.
- Left side of bearing shall be installed first.
- Install the oil seal with its manufacture's marks or numbers facing outward.

CAUTION:

Do not strike the inner race of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.

- 2. Install:
 - Brake disc (1)
 - Bolt (brake disc) ②



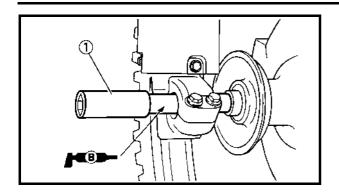
| **■** | **≥** | 12 Nm (1.2 m · kg, 8.7 ft · lb)

Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

- 3. Install:
 - Collar 1

- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil
- Install the collars with their projections (a) facing the wheel.
- 4. Install:
 - Wheel

Install the brake disc 1 between the brake pads 2 correctly.

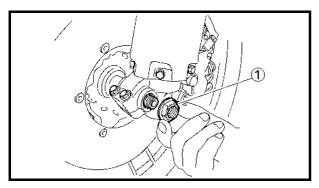


5. Install:

• Wheel axle 1

NOTE: _

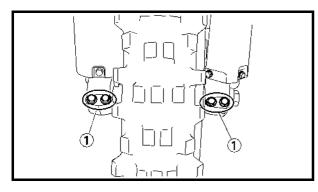
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the wheel axle.



6. Install:

• Nut (wheel axle) ①

🔌 105 Nm (10.5 m · kg, 75 ft · lb)



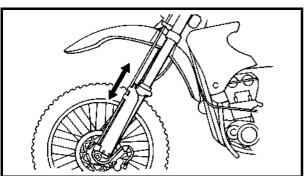
7. Tighten:

• Bolt (axle holder) ①

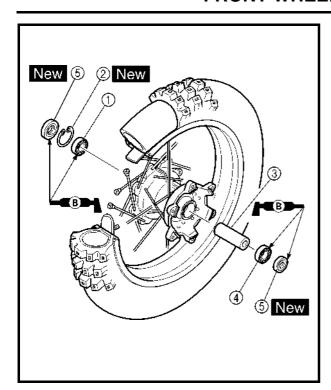
≥ 23 Nm (2.3 m · kg, 17 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Before tightening the bolt, fit the wheel axle to the axle holder by stroking the front fork several times with the front brake applied.







Rear wheel

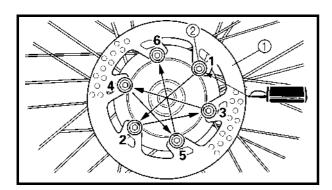
- 1. Install:
 - Bearing (right) 1
 - Circlip ② New
 - Spacer (3)
 - Bearing (left) 4
 - Oil seal (5) New

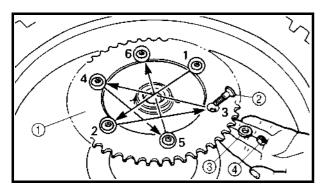
NOTE:

- · Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing and oil seal lip when installing.
- Install the bearing with seal facing outward.
- · Use a socket that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing.
- Right side of bearing shall be installed first.
- Install the oil seal with its manufacture's marks or numbers facing outward.

CAUTION:

Do not strike the inner race of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race.





- 2. Install:
 - Brake disc (1)
 - Bolt (brake disc) ②



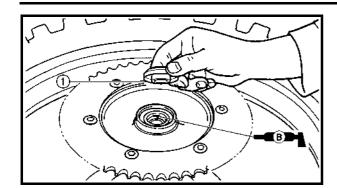
NOTE:

Tighten the bolts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

- 3. Install:
 - Driven sprocket ①
 - Bolt (driven sprocket) (2)
 - Plain washer (driven sprocket) ③
 - Nut (driven sprocket) 4

№ 42 Nm (4.2 m · kg, 30 ft · lb)

Tighten the nuts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

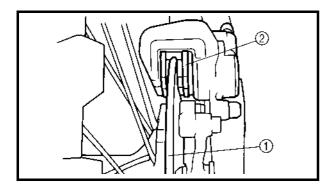


4. Install:

• Collar 1

NOTE: _

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the oil seal lip.

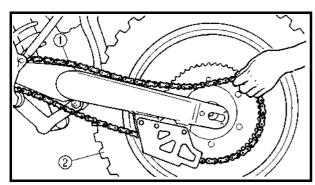


5. Install:

Wheel

NOTE

Install the brake disc ① between the brake pads ② correctly.

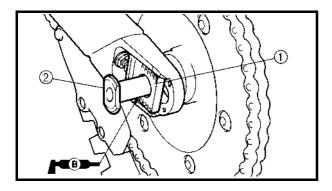


6. Install:

• Drive chain ①

NOTE:

Push the wheel ② forward and install the drive chain.

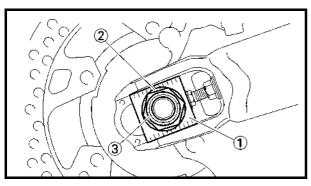


7. Install:

- Chain puller (left) 1
- Wheel axle ②

NOTE

- Install the chain puller (left), and insert the wheel axle from left side.
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the wheel axle.



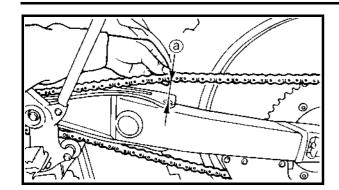
8. Install:

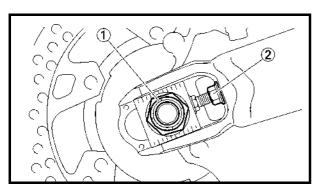
- Chain puller (right) 1
- Plain washer ②
- Nut (wheel axle) ③

NOTE

Temporarily tighten the nut (wheel axle) at this point.







9. Adjust:

• Drive chain slack @



Drive chain slack: 48 ~ 58 mm (1.9 ~ 2.3 in)

Refer to "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

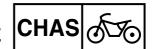
10. Tighten:

• Nut (wheel axle) ①

№ 125 Nm (12.5 m · kg, 90 ft · lb)

• Locknut ②

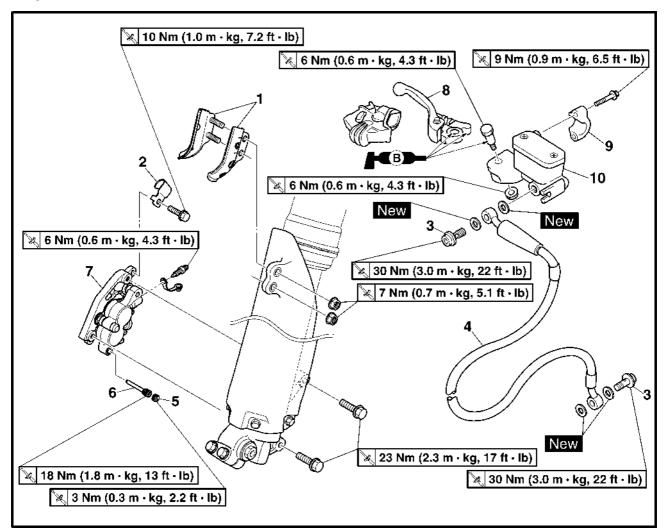
№ 16 Nm (1.6 m · kg, 11 ft · lb)



EC5A0000

FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE

FRONT BRAKE



Extent of removal:

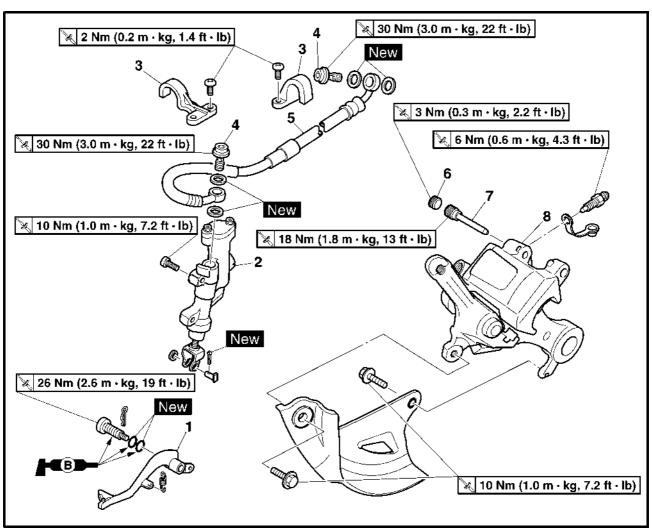
- 1) Brake hose removal
- 3 Master cylinder removal
- 2 Caliper removal

Extent of removal		Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal			FRONT BRAKE REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.		NARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
			Drain the brake fluid.		Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
1		1	Brake hose holder (protector)	2	
	<u></u>	2	Brake hose holder (caliper)	1	
Ψ	Ŷ ③ Î	3	Union bolt	2	
	•	4	Brake hose	1	
'	†	5	Pad pin plug	1	Remove when loosening the pad pin.
	2	6	Pad pin	1	Loosen when disassembling the caliper.
		7	Caliper	1	
	†	8	Brake lever	1	
	(3)	9	Master cylinder bracket	1	
	↓	10	Master cylinder	1	

FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE



REAR BRAKE

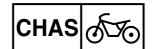


Extent of removal:

- 1 Master cylinder removal
- ③ Caliper removal

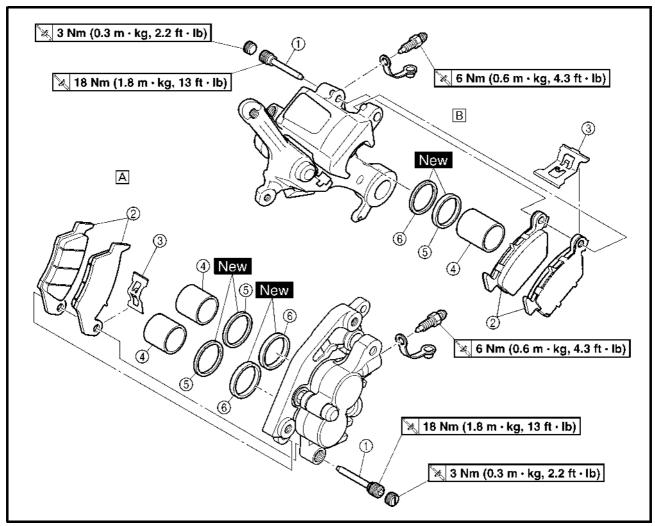
② Brake hose removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		REAR BRAKE REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.		NARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
		Rear wheel		Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section.
		Drain the brake fluid.		Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
1	1	Brake pedal	1	
Ι Ψ	2	Master cylinder	1	
1 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	Brake hose holder	2	
① ② ③ 1	4	Union bolt	2	
	5	Brake hose	1	
1	6	Pad pin plug	1	Remove when loosening the pad pin.
3	7	Pad pin	1	Loosen when disassembling the caliper.
	8	Caliper	1	



EC5A8200

CALIPER DISASSEMBLY



A Front

B Rear

Extent of removal:

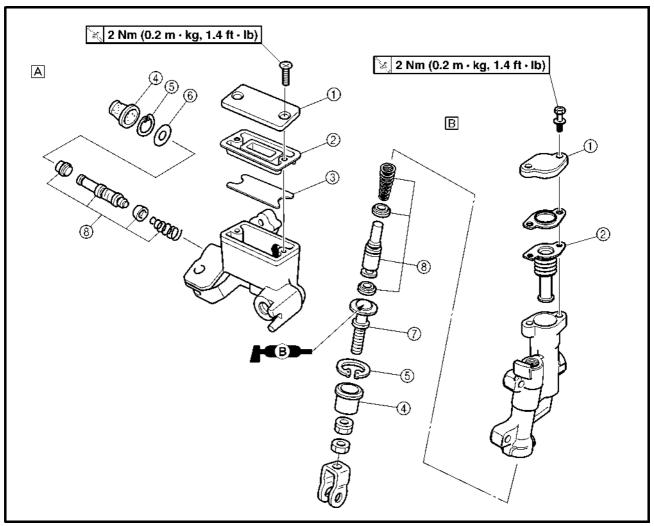
① Front caliper disassembly

② Rear caliper disassembly

Extent of removal		Order	Part name	Q	'ty	Remarks
			CALIPER DISASSEMBLY	Α	В	
I ↑	1	1	Pad pin	1	1	
	2	2	Brake pad	2	2	
1		3	Pad support	1	1	
		4	Caliper piston	2	1	h
		(5)	Dust seal	2	1	- Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
l		6	Piston seal	2	1	Ц



EC5A8300 MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY



A Front

B Rear

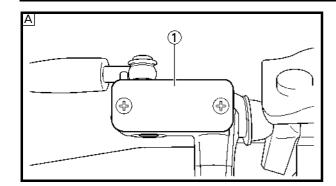
Extent of removal:

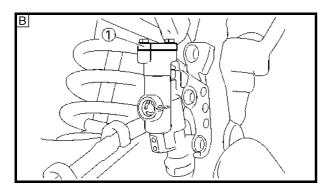
① Front master cylinder disassembly

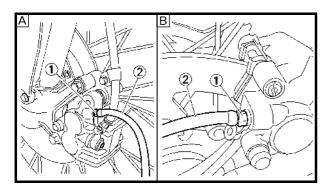
② Rear master cylinder disassembly

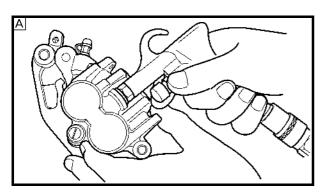
Extent of	Extent of removal		Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
			MASTER CYLINDER DISAS- SEMBLY		
1 1	<u>†</u>	1	Master cylinder cap	1	
	2	2	Diaphragm	1	
	•	3	Reservoir float	1	
Ψ	<u>†</u>	4	Master cylinder boot	1	
	2	(5)	Circlip	1	Use a long nose circlip pliers.
	•	6	Plain washer	1	
	(2)	7	Push rod	1	
① 🕽	4	8	Master cylinder kit	1	

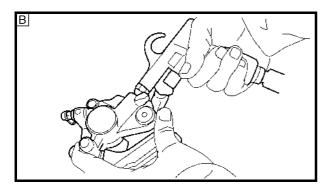












REMOVAL POINTS

Brake fluid

- 1. Remove:
 - [Front]
 - Master cylinder cap ①
 [Rear]
 - Master cylinder cap ①
 - Protector

NOTE: .

Do not remove the diaphragm.

- A Front
- **B** Rear
- 2. Connect the transparent hose ② to the bleed screw ① and place a suitable container under its end.
- A Front
- **B** Rear
- 3. Loosen the bleed screw and drain the brake fluid while pulling the lever in or pushing down on the pedal.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse the drained brake fluid.
- Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

EC533301

Caliper piston

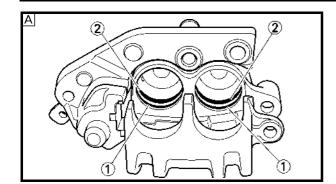
- 1. Remove:
 - Caliper piston
 Use compressed air and proceed carefully.

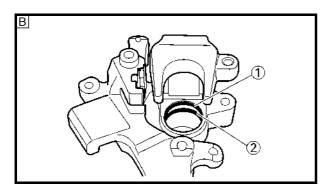
WARNING

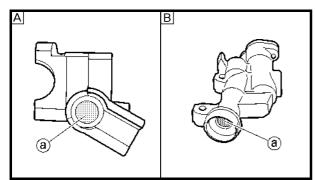
- Cover piston with rag and use extreme caution when expelling piston from cylinder.
- Never attempt to pry out piston.

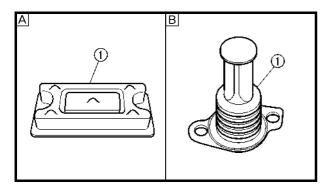
Caliper piston removal steps:

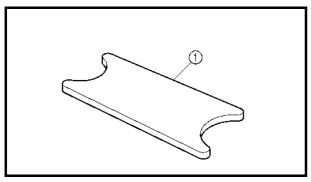
- Insert a piece of rag into the caliper to lock one caliper.
- Carefully force the piston out of the caliper cylinder with compressed air.
- A Front
- **B** Rear











EC533402

Piston seal kit

- 1. Remove:
 - Dust seal (1)
 - Piston seal ②

NOTE

Remove the piston seals and dust seals by pushing them with a finger.

CAUTION:

Never attempt to pry out piston seals and dust seals.

⚠ WARNING

Replace the piston seals and dust seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.

- A Front
- **B** Rear

EC5A4000

INSPECTION

EC534112

Master cylinder

- 1. Inspect:
 - Master cylinder inner surface ⓐ
 Wear/scratches → Replace master cylinder assembly.

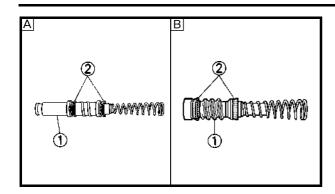
Stains \rightarrow Clean.

⚠ WARNING

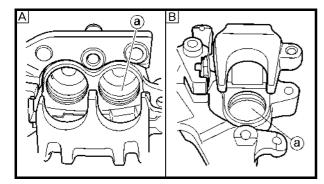
Use only new brake fluid.

- A Front
- **B** Rear
- 2. Inspect:
 - Diaphragm ①
 Crack/damage → Replace.
- A Front
- **B** Rear
- 3. Inspect: (front brake only)
 - Reservoir float ①
 Damage → Replace.





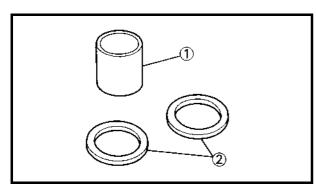
- 4. Inspect:
 - Master cylinder piston ①
 - Master cylinder cup ②
 Wear/damage/score marks → Replace master cylinder kit.
- A Front
- **B** Rear



EC534214

Caliper

- 1. Inspect:
 - Caliper cylinder inner surface ⓐ
 Wear/score marks → Replace caliper
 assembly.
- A Front
- **B** Rear

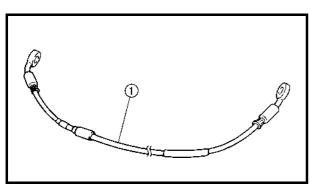


2. Inspect:

Caliper piston ①
 Wear/score marks → Replace caliper piston assembly.

WARNING

Replace the piston seals and dust seals ② whenever a caliper is disassembled.



EC534301

Brake hose

- 1. Inspect:
 - Brake hose ① Crack/damage \rightarrow Replace.

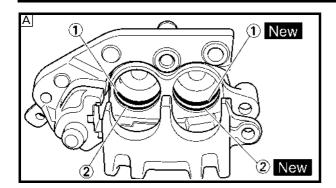
EC5A5000

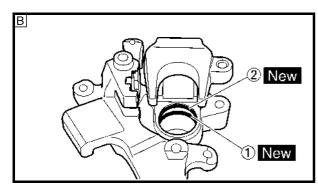
ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

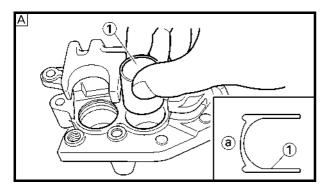
WARNING

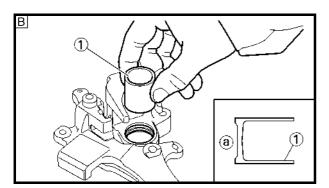
- All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
- Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.
- Replace the piston seals and dust seals whenever a caliper is disassembled.

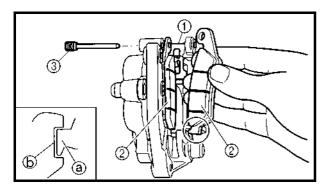












Caliper piston

- 1. Clean:
 - Caliper
 - Piston seal
 - Dust seal
 - Caliper piston
 Clean them with brake fluid.
- 2. Install:
 - Piston seal ① New
 - Dust seal ② New

WARNING

Always use new piston seals and dust seals.

NOTE:

Fit the piston seals and dust seals onto the slot on caliper correctly.

- A Front
- **B** Rear
- 3. Install:
 - Caliper piston (1)

NOTE

Apply the brake fluid on the piston wall.

CAUTION:

- Install the piston with its shallow depressed side (a) facing the caliper.
- Never force to insert.
- A Front
- **B** Rear

EC5A5700

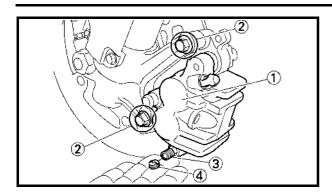
Front caliper

- 1. Install:
 - Pad support (1)
 - Brake pad ②
 - Pad pin ③

NOTE

- Install the brake pads with their projections
 (a) into the caliper recesses (b).
- Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.





- 2. Install:
 - Caliper ①
 - Bolt (caliper) ②

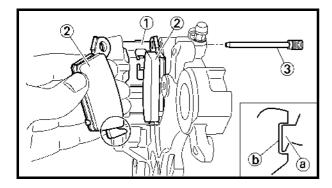
🔌 23 Nm (2.3 m · kg, 17 ft · lb)

- 3. Tighten:
 - Pad pin ③

№ 18 Nm (1.8 m · kg, 13 ft · lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Pad pin plug 4

№ 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb)



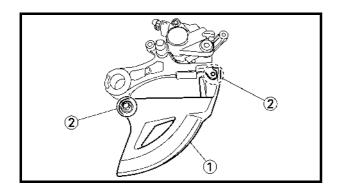
EC5A5100

Rear caliper

- 1. Install:
 - Pad support ①
 - Brake pad ②
 - Pad pin ③

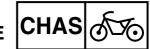
NOTE:

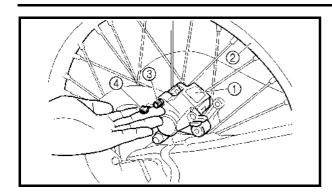
- Install the brake pads with their projections
 a into the caliper recesses
 b.
- Temporarily tighten the pad pin at this point.



- 2. Install:
 - Disc cover 1
 - Bolt (disc cover) 2

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)





- 3. Install:
 - Caliper 1
 - Rear wheel ②
 Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section.
- 4. Tighten:
 - Pad pin ③

🗽 18 Nm (1.8 m · kg, 13 ft · lb)

- 5. Install:
 - Pad pin plug (4)

№ 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb)

Master cylinder kit

- 1. Clean:
 - · Master cylinder
 - Master cylinder kit Clean them with brake fluid.



- Master cylinder cup (primary) ①
- Master cylinder cup (secondary) ②
 To master cylinder piston ③.

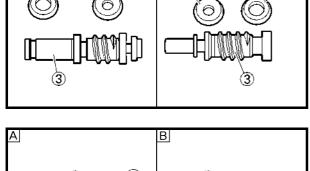


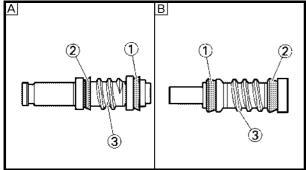
Apply the brake fluid on the master cylinder cup.

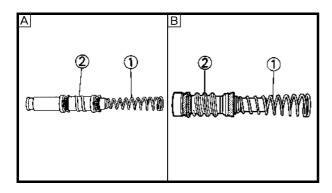
WARNING

After installing, cylinder cup should be installed as shown direction. Wrong installation cause improper brake performance.

- A Front
- B Rear







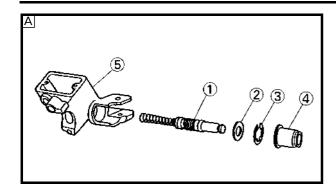
- 3. Install:
 - Spring ①
 To master cylinder piston ②.

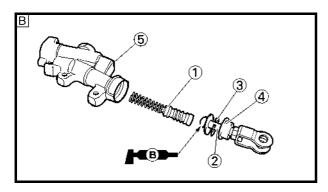
NOTE:

Install the spring at the smaller dia. side.

- A Front
- **B** Rear







4. Install:

[Front]

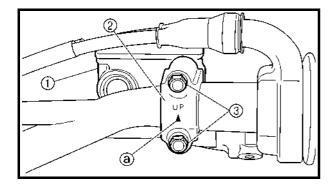
- Master cylinder kit 1)
- Plain washer ②
- Circlip (3)
- Master cylinder boot 4
 To master cylinder 5.

[Rear]

- Master cylinder kit ①
- Push rod ②
- Circlip ③
- Master cylinder boot 4
 To master cylinder 5

NOTE:

- Apply the brake fluid on the master cylinder kit.
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the tip of the push rod.
- When installing the circlip, use a long nose circlip pliers.
- A Front
- **B** Rear



EC5A5310

Front master cylinder

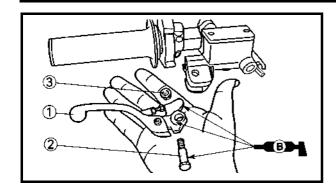
- 1. Install:
 - Master cylinder ①
 - Master cylinder bracket ②
 - Bolt (master cylinder bracket) ③

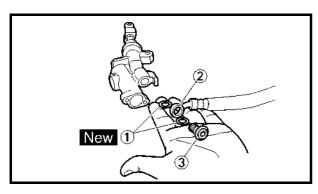
№ 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

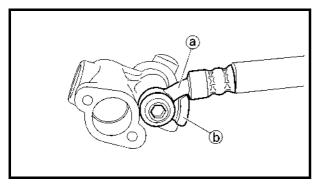
NOTE:

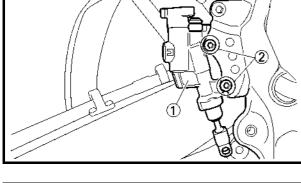
- Install the bracket so that the arrow mark @ face upward.
- First tighten the bolts on the upper side of the master cylinder bracket, and then tighten the bolts on the lower side.

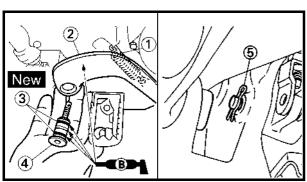












- 2. Install:
 - Brake lever (1)
 - Bolt (brake lever) ②

• Nut (brake lever) ③

№ 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)

NOTE

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the brake lever sliding surface, bolt and contacting surface of the master cylinder piston.

Rear master cylinder

- 1. Install:
 - Copper washer ① New
 - Brake hose ②
 - Union bolt ③

№ 30 Nm (3.0 m · kg, 22 ft · lb)

WARNING

Always use new copper washers.

CAUTION:

Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion ⓐ directs as shown and lightly touches the projection ⓑ on the master cylinder.

- 2. Install:
 - Master cylinder 1
 - Bolt (master cylinder) 2

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

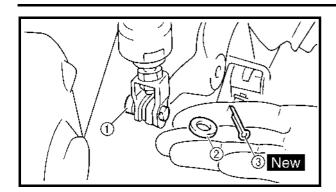
- 3. Install:
 - Spring ①
 - Brake pedal ②
 - O-ring ③ New
 - Bolt (brake pedal) 4

≥ 26 Nm (2.6 m ⋅ kg, 19 ft ⋅ lb)

• Clip (5)

NOTE

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bolt, O-ring and brake pedal bracket.

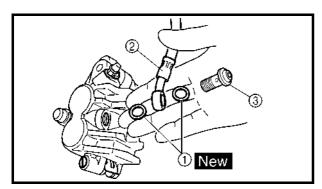




- Pin (1)
- Plain washer ②
- Cotter pin (3) New

NOTF:

After installing, check the brake pedal height. Refer to "REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Front brake hose

- 1. Install:
 - Copper washer ① New
 - Brake hose ②
 - Union bolt ③

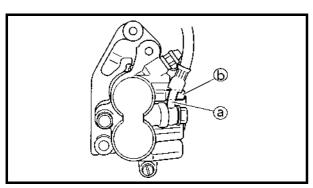
30 Nm (3.0 m ⋅ kg, 22 ft ⋅ lb)



Always use new copper washers.

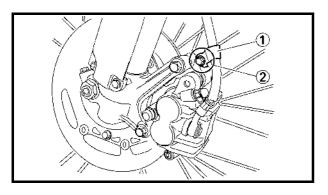


Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion ⓐ directs as shown and lightly touches the projection ⓑ on the caliper.



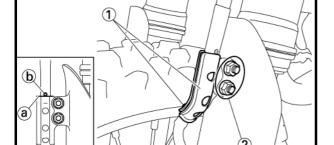
- 2. Install:
 - Brake hose holder ①
 - Bolt (brake hose holder) ②

№ 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



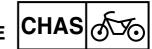
- 3. Install:
 - Brake hose holder ①
 - Nut (brake hose holder) ②

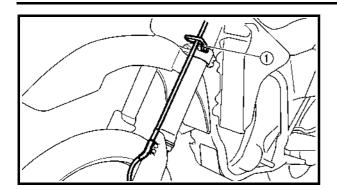
№ 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)



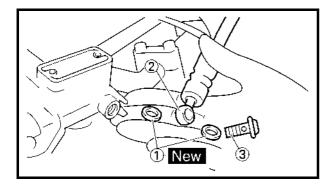
NOTE:

Align the top ⓐ of the brake hose holder with the paint ⓑ of the brake hose.





4. Pass the brake hose through the cable guide 1.



- 5. Install:
 - Copper washer ① New
 - Brake hose ②
 - Union bolt ③

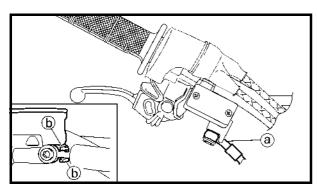
🔪 30 Nm (3.0 m ⋅ kg, 22 ft ⋅ lb)



Always use new copper washers.



Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion @ directs as shown and lightly touches the projection (b) on the master cylinder.





- 1. Install:
 - Copper washer ① New
 - Brake hose ②
 - Union bolt ③

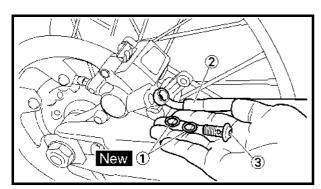
№ 30 Nm (3.0 m · kg, 22 ft · lb)

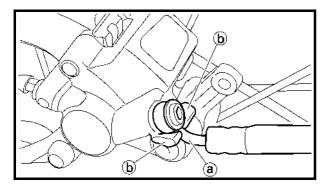


Always use new copper washers.

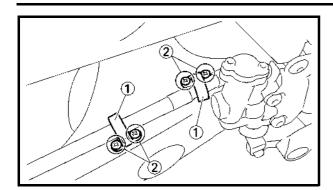
CAUTION:

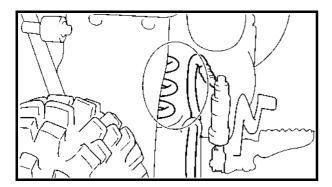
Install the brake hose so that its pipe portion @ directs as shown and lightly touches the projection (b) on the caliper.

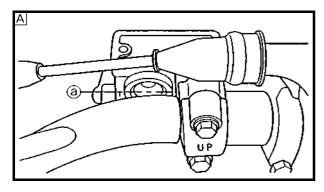


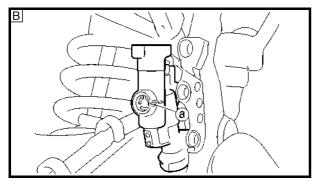












2. Install:

- Brake hose holder (1)
- Screw (brake hose holder) ②

№ 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

CAUTION:

After installing the brake hose holders, make sure the brake hose does not contact the spring (rear shock absorber). If it does, correct its twist.

Brake fluid

- 1. Fill:
 - Brake fluid
 Until the fluid level reaches "LOWER"
 level line (a).



Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4

WARNING

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid:
 - otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

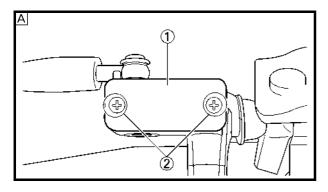
- A Front
- **B** Rear

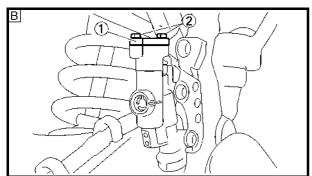


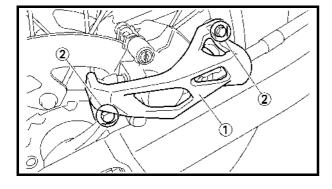
- 2. Air bleed:
 - Brake system
 Refer to "BRAKE SYSTEM AIR BLEED-ING" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Brake fluid level
 Fluid at lower level → Fill up.
 Refer to "BRAKE FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.







4. Install:

[Front]

- Reservoir float
- Diaphragm
- Master cylinder cap (1)
- Screw (master cylinder cap) ②

№ 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

[Rear]

- Diaphragm
- Master cylinder cap ①
- Bolt (master cylinder cap) ②

№ 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

CAUTION:

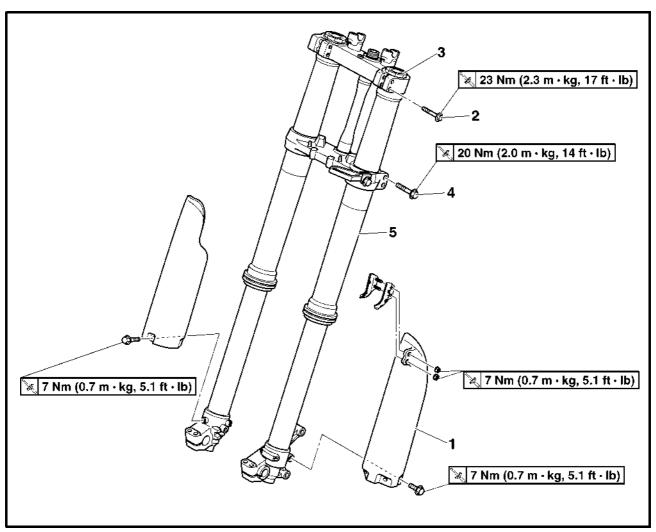
After installation, while pulling the lever in or pushing down on the pedal, check whether there is any brake fluid leaking where the union bolts are installed respectively at the master cylinder and caliper.

- A Front
- Rear
- 5. Install: (rear brake only)
 - Protector ①
 - Bolt (protector) ②

№ 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)



FRONT FORK



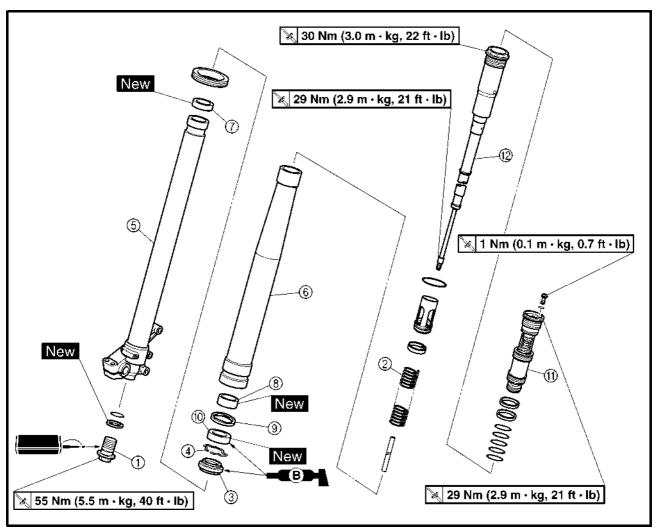
Extent of removal:

① Front fork removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		FRONT FORK REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.		NARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
		Front wheel		Refer to "FRONT WHEEL AND REAR WHEEL" section.
		Front caliper		Refer to "FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE" section.
		Number plate		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section in the CHAPTER 4.
1	1	Protector	1	
	2	Pinch bolt (handle crown)	2	Only loosening.
1	3	Damper assembly	1	Loosen when disassembling the front fork. Use special tool. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	4	Pinch bolt (under bracket)	2	Only loosening.
1	5	Front fork	1	



FRONT FORK DISASSEMBLY



Extent of removal:

① Oil seal removal

② Damper assembly removal

Extent of removal		Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
			FRONT FORK DISASSEMBLY		
1 1	1	1	Adjuster	1	Drain the fork oil. Use special tool. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
		2	Fork spring	1	
		3	Dust seal	1	h
		4	Stopper ring	1	- Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
1		(5)	Inner tube	1	Į.
	2	6	Outer tube	1	
		7	Piston metal	1	
		8	Slide metal	1	
		9	Oil seal washer	1	
		10	Oil seal	1	
		11)	Base valve	1	Drain the fork oil. Use special tool.
	<u> </u>	12	Damper assembly	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".

EC556000 HANDLING NOTE

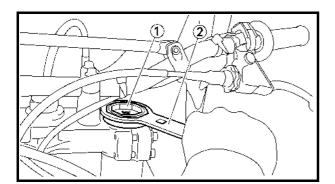
	\sim	_
N		-

The front fork requires careful attention. So it is recommended that the front fork be maintained at the dealers.

CAUTION:

To prevent an accidental explosion of air, the following instructions should be observed:

- The front fork with a built-in piston rod has a very sophisticated internal construction and is particularly sensitive to foreign material.
 - Use enough care not to allow any foreign material to come in when the oil is replaced or when the front fork is disassembled and reassembled.
- Before removing the base valves or front forks, be sure to extract the air from the air chamber completely.



EC553000

REMOVAL POINTS Damper assembly

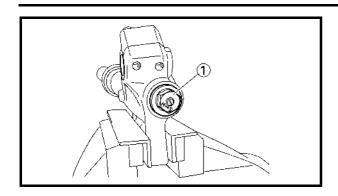
- 1. Loosen:
 - Damper assembly 1)

NOTE:

Before removing the front fork from the machine, loosen the damper assembly with the cap bolt ring wrench ②.

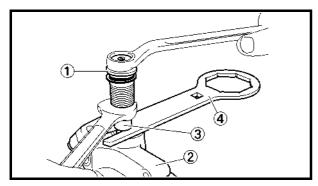


Cap bolt ring wrench: YM-01501/90890-01501



Adjuster

- 1. Drain the outer tube of its front fork oil at its top.
- 2. Loosen:
 - Adjuster 1



3. Remove:

• Adjuster 1

NOTE:

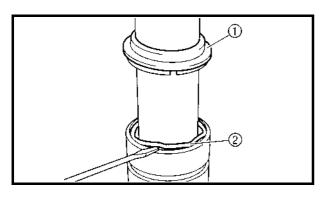
- While compressing the inner tube ②, set the cap bolt ring wrench ④ between the inner tube and locknut ③.
- Hold the locknut and remove the adjuster.

CAUTION:

Do not remove the locknut as the damper rod may go into the damper assembly and not be taken out.



Cap bolt ring wrench: YM-01501/90890-01501



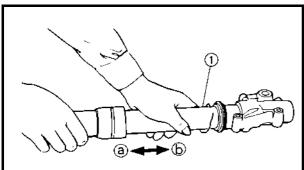
EC553201

Inner tube

- 1. Remove:
 - Dust seal ①
 - Stopper ring ②
 Using slotted-head screwdriver.

CAUTION:

Take care not to scratch the inner tube.

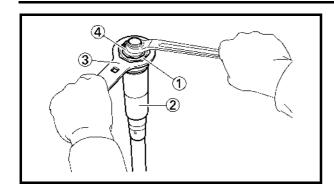


2. Remove:

• Inner tube ①

Oil seal removal steps:

- Push in slowly (a) the inner tube just before it bottoms out and then pull it back quickly
- Repeat this step until the inner tube can be pulled out from the outer tube.



Base valve

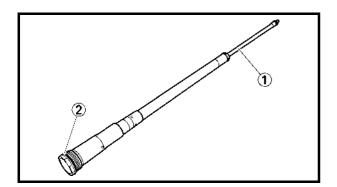
- 1. Remove:
 - Base valve ① From damper assembly ②.

NOTE:

Hold the damper assembly with the cap bolt ring wrench ③ and use the cap bolt wrench ④ to remove the base valve.



Cap bolt wrench: YM-01500/90890-01500 Cap bolt ring wrench: YM-01501/90890-01501



EC554000

INSPECTION

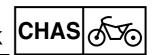
Damper assembly

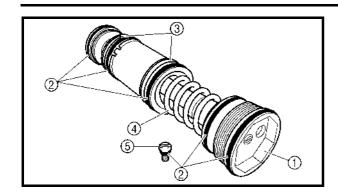
- 1. Inspect:
 - Damper assembly ①
 Bend/damage → Replace.
 - O-ring ②
 Wear/damage → Replace.

CAUTION:

The front fork with a built-in piston rod has a very sophisticated internal construction and is particularly sensitive to foreign material.

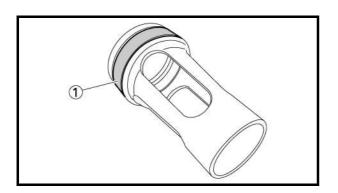
Use enough care not to allow any foreign material to come in when the oil is replaced or when the front fork is disassembled and reassembled.





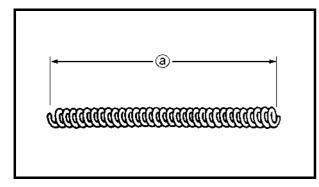
Base valve

- 1. Inspect:
 - Base valve (1) Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace. $Contamination \rightarrow Clean.$
 - O-ring ② Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Piston metal ③ Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Spring (4) ${\tt Damage/fatigue} \rightarrow {\tt Replace} \ {\tt base} \ {\tt valve}.$
 - Air bleed screw ⑤ Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.



Collar

- 1. Inspect:
 - Piston metal ① Wear/damage \rightarrow Replace.

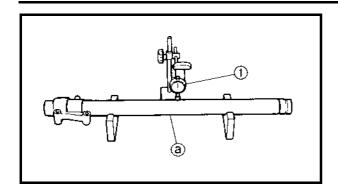


EC554400 Fork spring

- 1. Measure:
 - Fork spring free length ⓐ Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

	Fork spring free length:				
	Standard	<limit></limit>			
454	mm (17.9 in)	449 mm (17.7 in)			





EC554502

Inner tube

- 1. Inspect:
 - Inner tube surface ⓐ
 Score marks → Repair or replace.
 Use #1,000 grit wet sandpaper.
 Damaged oil lock piece → Replace.
 - Inner tube bends
 Out of specification → Replace.
 Use the dial gauge ①.



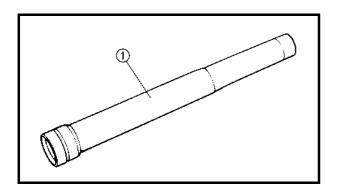
Inner tube bending limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

NOTE:

The bending value is shown by one half of the dial gauge reading.

WARNING

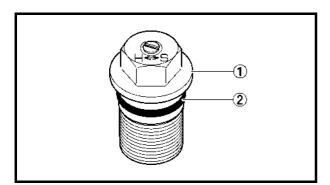
Do not attempt to straighten a bent inner tube as this may dangerously weaken the tube.



EC554600

Outer tube

- 1. Inspect:
 - Outer tube ①
 Score marks/wear/damage → Replace.



Adjuster

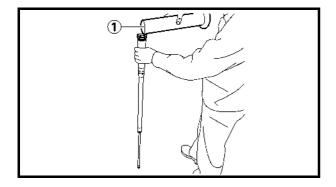
- 1. Inspect:
 - Adjuster ①
 - O-ring ②
 Wear/damage → Replace.



EC555000

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Front fork assembly

- 1. Wash the all parts in a clean solvent.
- 2. Stretch the damper assembly fully.



3. Fill:

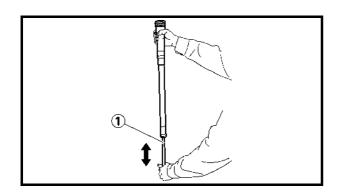
Front fork oil ①
 To damper assembly.



Recommended oil:
Suspension oil "S1"
Oil capacity:
195 cm³ (6.86 lmp oz, 6.59 US oz)

CAUTION:

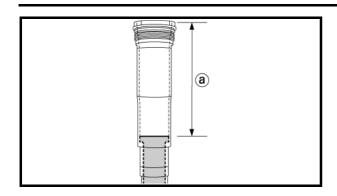
- Be sure to use recommended fork oil. If other oils are used, they may have an excessively adverse effect on the front fork performance.
- Never allow foreign materials to enter the front fork.



4. After filling, pump the damper assembly ① slowly up and down (about 200 mm (7.9 in) stroke) several times to bleed the damper assembly of air.

NOTE:

Be careful not to excessive full stroke. A stroke of 200 mm (7.9 in) or more will cause air to enter. In this case, repeat the steps 2 to 4.



5. Measure:

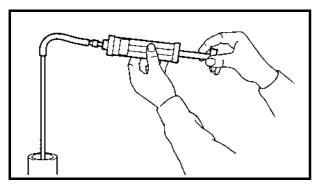
Oil level (left and right)

 Out of specification → Adjust.



Standard oil level:

145 ~ 148 mm (5.71 ~ 5.83 in) From top of fully stretched damper assembly.

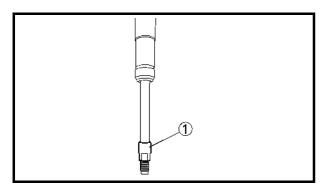


6. Tighten:

• Locknut 1



Fully finger tighten the locknut onto the damper assembly.

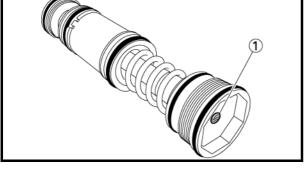


7. Loosen:

• Compression damping adjuster ①



- Loosen the compression damping adjuster finger tight.
- Record the set position of the adjuster (the amount of turning out the fully turned in position).

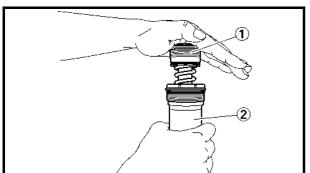


8. Install:

• Base valve ①
To damper assembly ②.

NOTE:

First bring the damper rod pressure to a maximum. Then install the base valve while releasing the damper rod pressure.





 Check that the damper assembly is fully stretched. Not fully stretched → Repeat the steps 2 to 8.



• Base valve 1

≥ 29 Nm (2.9 m · kg, 21 ft · lb)

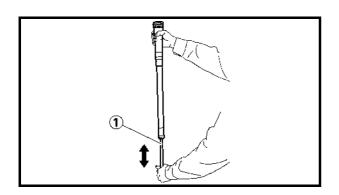


Hold the damper assembly with the cap bolt ring wrench ② and use the cap bolt wrench ③ to tighten the base valve with specified torque.



Cap bolt wrench: YM-01500/90890-01500 Cap bolt ring wrench: YM-01501/90890-01501

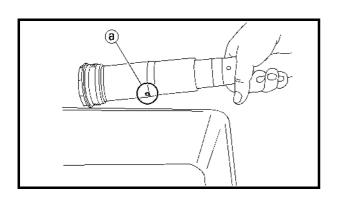
11. After filling, pump the damper assembly ① slowly up and down more than 10 times to distribute the fork oil.



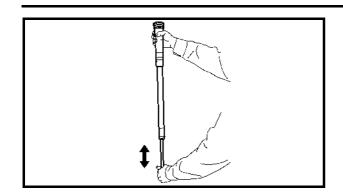
12. While protecting the damper assembly ① with a rag and compressing fully, allow excessive oil to overflow on the base valve side.

CAUTION:

Take care not to damage the damper assembly.

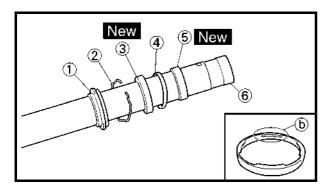


13. Allow the overflowing oil to escape at the hole ⓐ in the damper assembly.



14. Check:

 Damper assembly smooth movement Tightness/binding/rough spots → Repeat the steps 2 to 13.

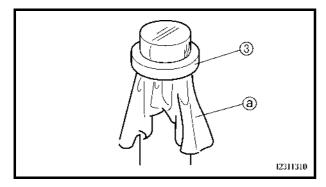


15. Install:

- Dust seal ①
- Stopper ring ②
- Oil seal ③ New
- Oil seal washer 4
- Slide metal ⑤ New To inner tube ⑥.



- Apply the fork oil on the inner tube.
- When installing the oil seal, use vinyl seat ⓐ with fork oil applied to protect the oil seal lip.
- Install the oil seal with its manufacture's marks or number facing the axle holder side.
- Install the oil seal washer with its projections
 facing upward.

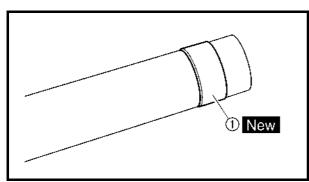


16. Install:

• Piston metal ① New

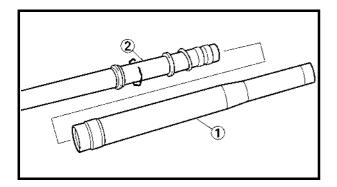


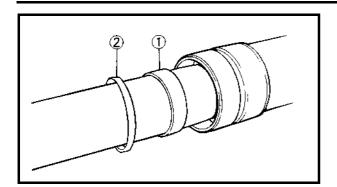
Install the piston metal onto the slot on inner tube.

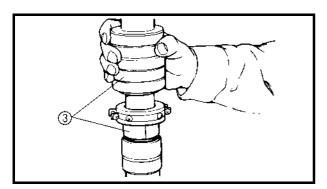


17. Install:

• Outer tube ①
To inner tube ②.









- Slide metal (1)
- \bullet Oil seal washer $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$

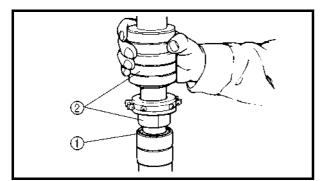
To outer tube slot.

NOTE:

Press the slide metal into the outer tube with fork seal driver \Im .



Fork seal driver: YM-A0948/90890-01502



19. Install:

• Oil seal 1

NOTE: _

Press the oil seal into the outer tube with fork seal driver ②.



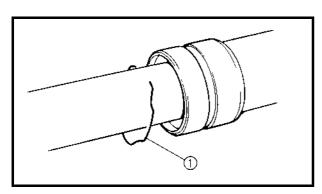
Fork seal driver: YM-A0948/90890-01502



• Stopper ring ①

NOTE:

Fit the stopper ring correctly in the groove in the outer tube.

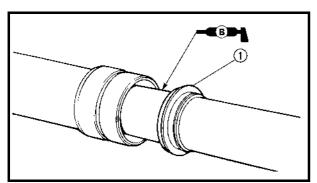


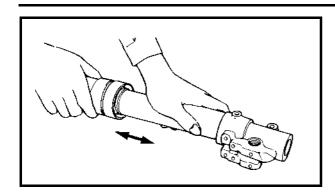
21. Install:

• Dust seal ①

NOTF:

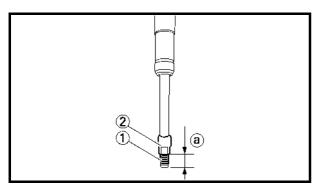
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the inner tube.





22. Check:

Inner tube smooth movement
 Tightness/binding/rough spots → Repeat
 the steps 15 to 21.



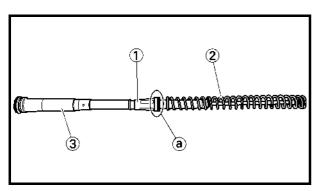
23. Measure:

Distance ⓐ
 Out of specification → Turn into the lock-nut.



Distance @:

19 mm (0.75 in) or more Between the damper assembly ① bottom and locknut ② bottom.

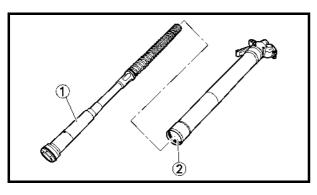


24. Install:

- Collar (1)
- Fork spring ②
 To damper assembly ③.

NOTE:

Install the collar with its larger dia. end ⓐ facing the fork spring.



25. Install:

• Damper assembly ① To inner tube ②.

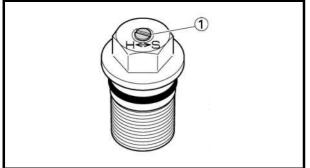
CAUTION:

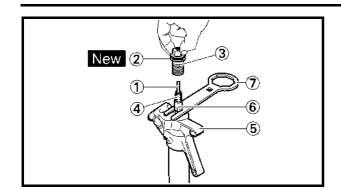
To install the damper assembly into the inner tube, hold the inner tube aslant. If the inner tube is held vertically, the damper assembly may fall into it, damaging the valve inside.

26. Loosen: • Rebound damping adjuster ①

NOTE

- Loosen the rebound damping adjuster finger tight.
- Record the set position of the adjuster (the amount of turning out the fully turned in position).





27. Install:

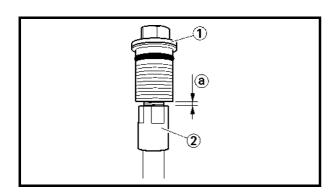
- Push rod (1)
- Copper washer ② New
- Adjuster ③
 To damper assembly ④.

NOTE:

- While compressing the inner tube ⑤, set the cap bolt ring wrench ⑦ between the inner tube and locknut ⑥.
- Fully finger tighten the adjuster onto the damper assembly.



Cap bolt ring wrench: YM-01501/90890-01501



28. Inspect:

 Gap (a) between the adjuster (1) and locknut (2).

Out of specification \rightarrow Retighten and readjust the locknut.

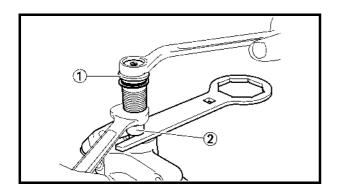


Gap ⓐ between the adjuster and locknut:

0.5 ~ 1.0 mm (0.02 ~ 0.04 in)

NOTE:

If the adjuster is installed out of specification, proper damping force cannot be obtained.



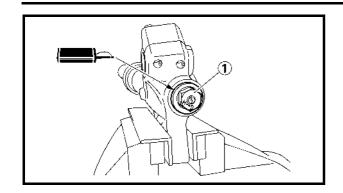
29. Tighten:

• Adjuster (locknut) 1

≥ 29 Nm (2.9 m · kg, 21 ft · lb)

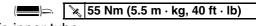
NOTE: _

Hold the locknut ② and tighten the adjuster with specified torque.

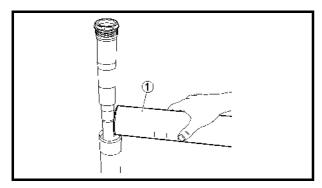




Adjuster ①



To inner tube.



31. Fill:

Front fork oil ①
 From outer tube top.



* For EUROPE

MARNING

Never fail to make the oil amount adjustment between the maximum and minimum amount and always adjust each front fork to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.

CAUTION:

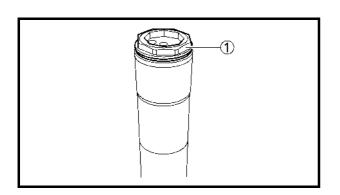
- Be sure to use recommended fork oil. If other oils are used, they may have an excessively adverse effect on the front fork performance.
- Never allow foreign materials to enter the front fork.

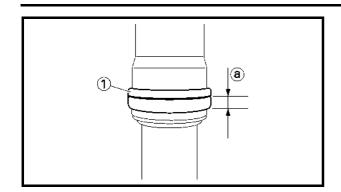
32. Install:

• Damper assembly ①
To outer tube.

NOTE:

Temporarily tighten the damper assembly.



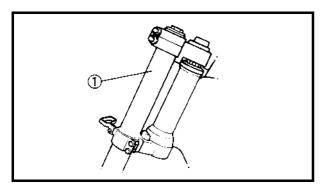


33. Install:

• Protector guide ①

NOTE:

Install the protector guide with its wider side ⓐ facing downward.



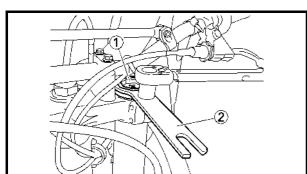
Installation

1. Install:

• Front fork ①

NOTE

- Temporarily tighten the pinch bolts (under bracket).
- Do not tighten the pinch bolts (handle crown) yet.



2. Tighten:

• Damper assembly ①

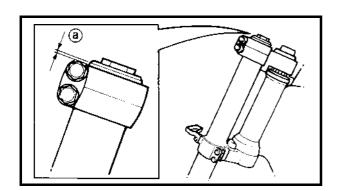
№ 30 Nm (3.0 m · kg, 22 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Use the cap bolt ring wrench ② to tighten the damper assembly with specified torque.



Cap bolt ring wrench: YM-01501/90890-01501

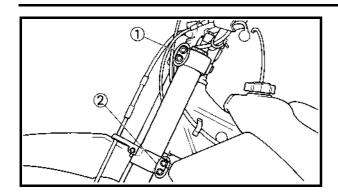


3. Adjust:

• Front fork top end @



Front fork top end (standard) ⓐ: Zero mm (Zero in)



- 4. Tighten:
 - Pinch bolt (handle crown) ①

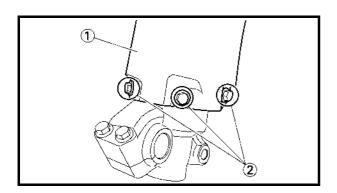
🔌 23 Nm (2.3 m · kg, 17 ft · lb)

• Pinch bolt (under bracket) ②

≥ 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

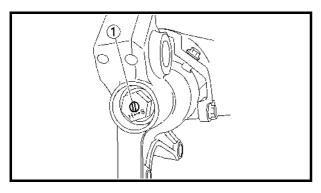
CAUTION:

Tighten the under bracket to specified torque. If torqued too much, it may cause the front fork to malfunction.



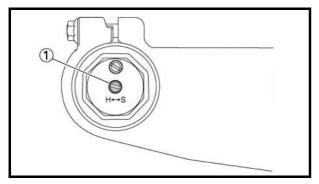
- 5. Install:
 - Protector ①
 - Bolt (protector) ②

№ 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)



- 6. Adjust:
 - Rebound damping force

Turn in the damping adjuster ① finger-tight and then turn out to the originally set position.



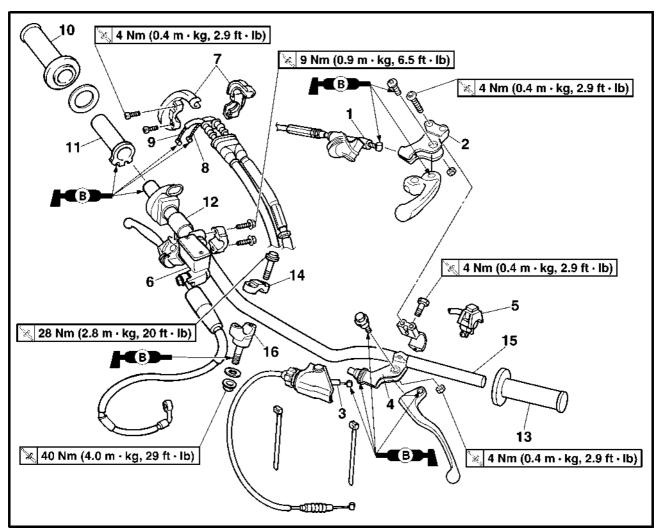
- 7. Adjust:
 - · Compression damping force

Turn in the damping adjuster ① finger-tight and then turn out to the originally set position.



EC5B0000

HANDLEBAR

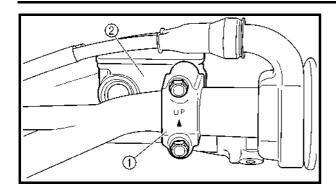


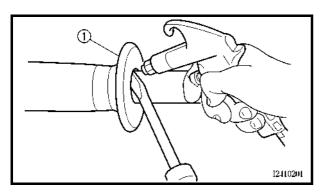
Extent of removal:

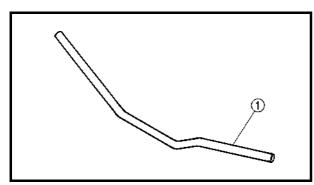
① Handlebar removal

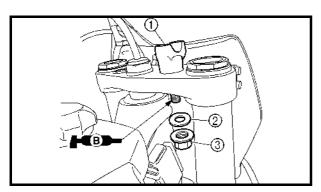
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		HANDLEBAR REMOVAL		
Preparation for removal		Number plate		Remove the band only.
†	1	Hot starter cable	1	Disconnect at the lever side.
	2	Hot starter lever holder	1	
	3	Clutch cable	1	Disconnect at the lever side.
	4	Clutch lever holder	1	
	5	"ENGINE STOP" button	1	
	6	Master cylinder	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	7	Throttle cable cap	1	
	8	Throttle cable #1 (pulled)	1	Disconnect at the throttle side.
Ψ	9	Throttle cable #2 (pushed)	1	Disconnect at the throttle side.
	10	Grip (right)	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	11	Tube guide	1	
	12	Collar	1	
	13	Grip (left)	1	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	14	Handlebar holder (upper)	2	
	15	Handlebar	1	
↓	16	Handlebar holder (lower)	2	

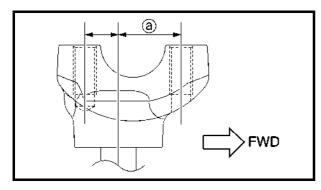












REMOVAL POINTS

EC5B3100

Master cylinder

- 1. Remove:
 - Master cylinder bracket (1)
 - Master cylinder ②

CAUTION:

- Do not let the master cylinder hang on the brake hose.
- Keep the master cylinder cap side horizontal to prevent air from coming in.

EC5B3200

Grip

- 1. Remove:
 - Grip (1)

NOTE

Blow in air between the handlebar or tube guide and the grip. Then remove the grip which has become loose.

EC5B400

INSPECTION

EC5B4100

Handlebar

- 1. Inspect:
 - Handlebar ①
 Bends/cracks/damage → Replace.

WARNING

Do not attempt to straighten a bent handlebar as this may dangerously weaken the handlebar.

EC5B5000

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

Handlebar

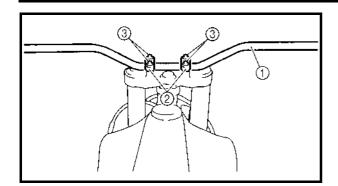
- 1. Install:
 - Handlebar holder (lower) ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Nut [handlebar holder (lower)] ③

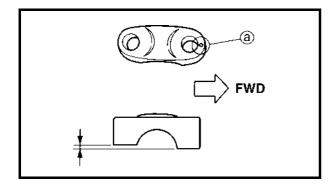
NOTE

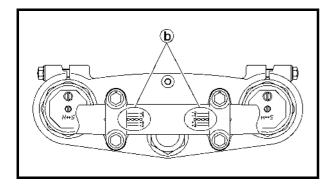
- Install the handlebar holder (lower) with its side having the greater distance (a) from the mounting bolt center facing forward.
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the thread of the handlebar holder (lower).
- Installing the handlebar holder (lower) in the reverse direction allows the front-to-rear offset amount of the handlebar position to be changed.
- Do not tighten the nut yet.

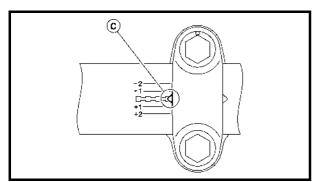
HANDLEBAR

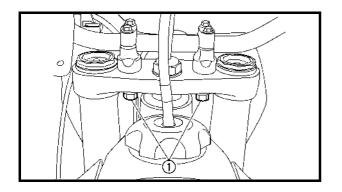












- 2. Install:
 - Handlebar ①
 - Handlebar holder (upper) ②
 - Bolt [handlebar holder (upper)] ③

≥ 28 Nm (2.8 m · kg, 20 ft · lb)

NOTE:

- The handlebar holder (upper) should be installed with the punched mark (a) forward.
- Install the handlebar so that the marks (b) are in place on both sides.
- Install the handlebar so that the projection ©
 of the handlebar holder (upper) is positioned
 at the mark on the handlebar as shown.
- First tighten the bolts on the front side of the handlebar holder (upper), and then tighten the bolts on the rear side.

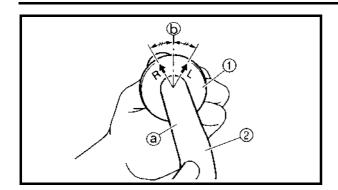
3. Tighten:

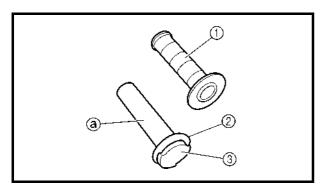
• Nut [handlebar holder (lower)] ①

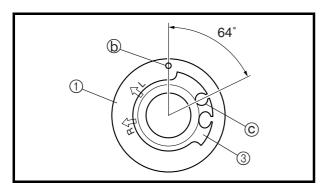
№ 40 Nm (4.0 m · kg, 29 ft · lb)

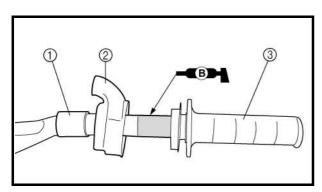
HANDLEBAR

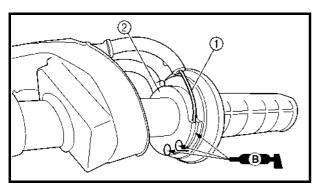












4. Install:

Grip (left) ①
 Apply the adhesive to the handlebar ②.

NOTE:

- Before applying the adhesive, wipe off grease or oil on the handlebar surface @ with a lacquer thinner.
- Install the grip (left) to the handlebar so that the line between the two arrow marks faces straight upward.

5. Install:

- Grip (right) ①
- Collar ②

Apply the adhesive on the tube guide ③.

NOTE

- Before applying the adhesive, wipe off grease or oil on the tube guide surface ⓐ with a lacquer thinner.
- Install the grip to the tube guide so that the grip match mark (b) and tube guide slot (c) form the angle as shown.

6. Install:

- Collar (1)
- Cover (grip cap) ②
- Throttle grip ③

NOTE:

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the throttle grip sliding surface.

7. Install:

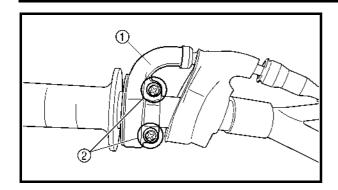
• Throttle cables ①
To tube guide ②.

NOTE:

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the throttle cable end and tube guide cable winding portion.

HANDLEBAR



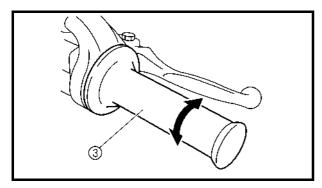


8. Install:

- Throttle cable cap (1)
- Screw (throttle cable cap) ②

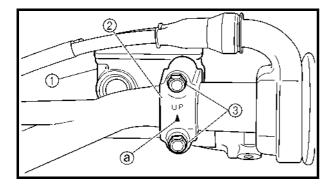
WARNING

After tightening the screws, check that the throttle grip ③ moves smoothly. If it does not, retighten the bolts for adjustment.



9. Install:

- Cover (grip cap) ①
- Cover (throttle cable cap) ②



10. Install:

- Master cylinder ①
- Master cylinder bracket ②
- Bolt (master cylinder bracket) ③

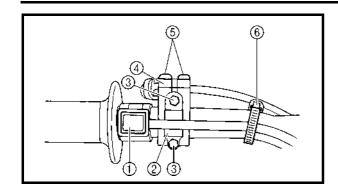
№ 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

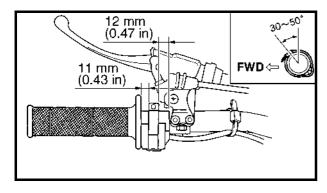
NOTE:

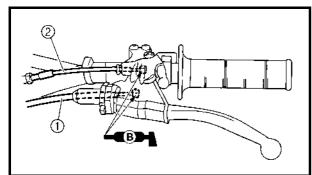
- Install the bracket so that the arrow mark (a) faces upward.
- First tighten the bolt on the upper side of the master cylinder bracket, and then tighten the bolt on the lower side.

HANDLEBAR









11. Install:

- "ENGINE STOP" button ①
- Clutch lever holder ②
- Bolt (clutch lever holder) ③

№ 4 Nm (0.4 m · kg, 2.9 ft · lb)

- Hot starter lever holder 4
- Bolt (hot starter lever holder) (5)

¼ 4 Nm (0.4 m ⋅ kg, 2.9 ft ⋅ lb)

• Clamp (6)

NOTE: .

- The "ENGINE STOP" button, clutch lever holder and clamp should be installed according to the dimensions shown.
- Pass the "ENGINE STOP" button lead in the middle of the clutch lever holder.

12. Install:

- Clutch cable 1
- Hot starter cable ②

NOTE

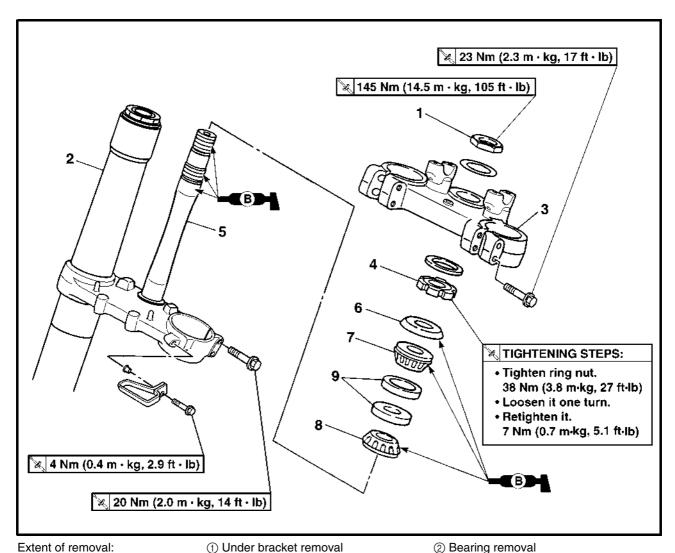
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the clutch cable end and hot starter cable end.

13. Adjust:

- Clutch lever free play Refer to "CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- Hot starter lever free play Refer to "HOT STARTER LEVER ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



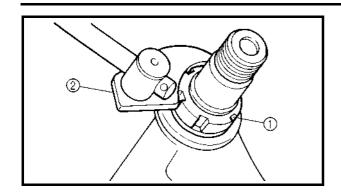
STEERING



		0		<u> </u>	
Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty		Rema
		CTEEDING DEMOVAL			

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		STEERING REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.		№ WARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
		Number plate		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section in the CHAPTER 4.
		Handlebar		Refer to "HANDLEBAR" section.
		Front fender		
1 1	1	Steering shaft nut	1	
	2	Front fork	2	Refer to "FRONT FORK" section.
	3	Handle crown	1	
	4	Ring nut	1	Use special tool. Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
	5	Under bracket	1	
,	6	Bearing race cover	1	
	7	Bearing (upper)	1	
	8	Bearing (lower)	1	Defer to "DEMOVAL DOINTS"
I ↓	9	Bearing race	2	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".





EC563000
REMOVAL POINTS

EC563202

Ring nut

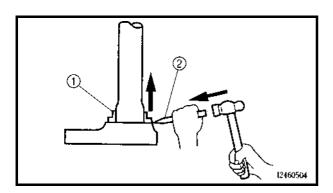
- 1. Remove:
 - Ring nut ①
 Use the ring nut wrench ②.



Ring nut wrench: YU-33975/90890-01403

WARNING

Support the steering shaft so that it may not fall down.



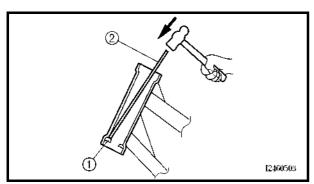
EC563300

Bearing (lower)

- 1. Remove:
 - Bearing (lower) ①
 Use the floor chisel ②.

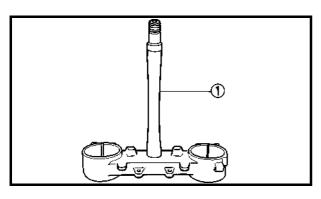
CAUTION:

Take care not to damage the steering shaft thread.



Bearing race

- 1. Remove:
 - Bearing race ①
 Remove the bearing race using long rod
 ② and the hammer.



EC564000

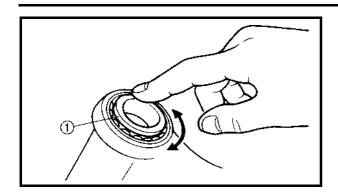
INSPECTION

EC564200

Steering shaft

- 1. Inspect:
 - Steering shaft 1 Bend/damage \rightarrow Replace.



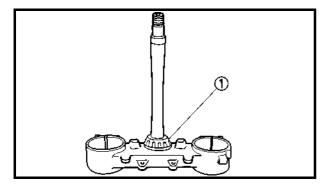


Bearing and bearing race

- 1. Wash the bearings and bearing races with a solvent.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Bearing 1
 - · Bearing race

Pitting/damage \rightarrow Replace bearings and bearing races as a set.

Install the bearing in the bearing races. Spin the bearings by hand. If the bearings hang up or are not smooth in their operation in the bearing races, replace bearings and bearing races as a set.



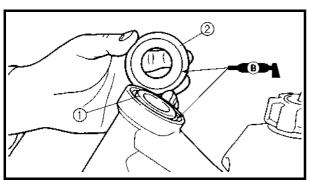
FC565000

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Under bracket

- 1. Install:
 - Bearing (lower) 1

NOTE:

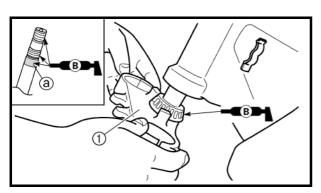
Apply the lithium soap base grease on the dust seal lip and bearing inner circumference.



- 2. Install:
 - Bearing race
 - Bearing (upper) ①
 - Bearing race cover (2)

NOTE:

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing and bearing race cover lip.

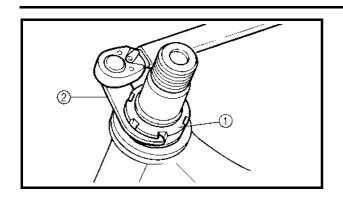


- 3. Install:
 - Under bracket ①

NOTE

Apply the lithium soap base grease on the bearing, the portion ⓐ and thread of the steering shaft.





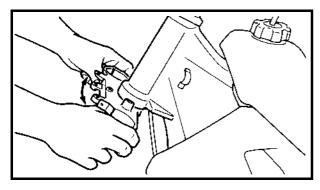
4. Install:

• Ring nut ①

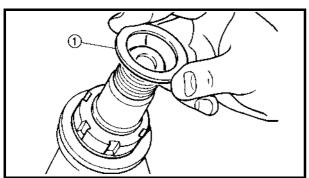
№ 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)

Tighten the ring nut using the ring nut wrench ②.

Refer to "STEERING HEAD INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

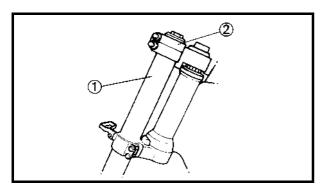


Check the steering shaft by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering shaft assembly and inspect the steering bearings.



6. Install:

• Plain washer ①



7. Install:

• Front fork ①

• Handle crown ②

NOTF:

• Temporarily tighten the pinch bolts (under bracket).

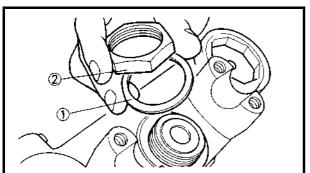
• Do not tighten the pinch bolts (handle crown) yet.



• Plain washer ①

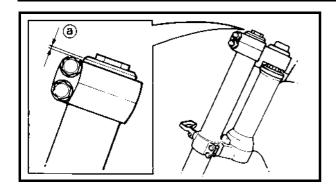
• Steering shaft nut ②

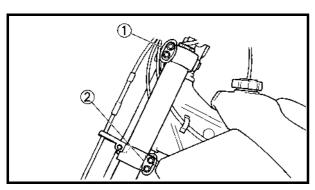
🗽 145 Nm (14.5 m · kg, 105 ft · lb)



STEERING







- After tightening the nut, check the steering for smooth movement. If not, adjust the steering by loosening the ring nut little by little.
- 10. Adjust:
 - Front fork top end @



Front fork top end (standard) ⓐ: Zero mm (Zero in)

- 11. Tighten:
 - Pinch bolt (handle crown) ①

≥ 23 Nm (2.3 m · kg, 17 ft · lb)

• Pinch bolt (under bracket) ②

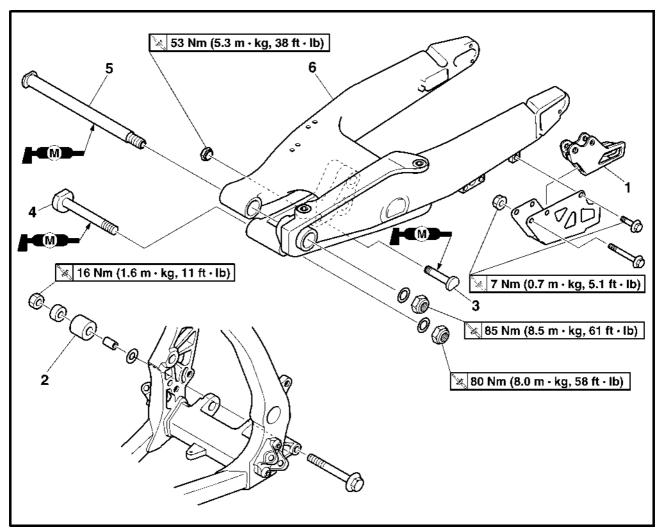
≥ 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

CAUTION:

Tighten the under bracket to specified torque. If torqued too much, it may cause the front fork to malfunction.



SWINGARM



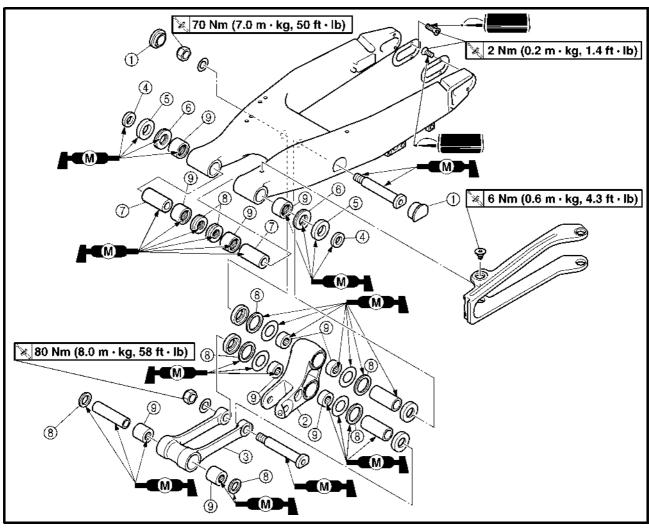
Extent of removal:

① Swingarm removal

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Preparation for removal		SWINGARM REMOVAL Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.		NARNING Support the machine securely so there is no danger of it falling over.
		Brake hose holder Rear caliper		Refer to "FRONT BRAKE AND REAR BRAKE" section.
		Bolt (brake pedal) Drive chain		Shift the brake pedal backward.
1	1	Chain support	1	
	2	Chain tensioner (lower)	1	
1	3	Bolt (rear shock absorber-relay arm)	1	Hold the swingarm.
	4	Bolt (connecting rod)	1	
	5	Pivot shaft	1	
	6	Swingarm	1	



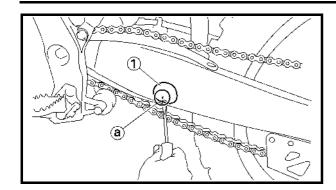
SWINGARM DISASSEMBLY



Extent of removal:

- ① Swingarm disassembly
- ③ Relay arm removal and disassembly
- ② Connecting rod removal and disassembly

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
		SWINGARM DISASSEMBLY		
1 ↑	1	Сар	2	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".
3	2	Relay arm	1	
2 Î	3	Connecting rod	1	
	4	Collar	2	
1	(5)	Oil seal	2	
	6	Thrust bearing	2	
	7	Bush	2	
	8	Oil seal	8	
	9	Bearing	10	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".



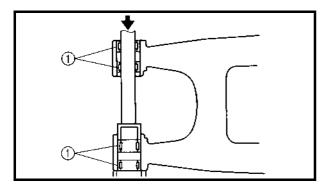
REMOVAL POINTS

Cap

- 1. Remove:
 - Cap (left) 1

NOTE

Remove with a slotted-head screwdriver inserted under the mark ⓐ on the cap (left).



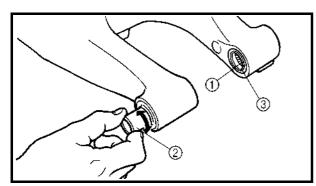
EC573200

Bearing

- 1. Remove:
 - Bearing 1

NOTE:

Remove the bearing by pressing its outer race.



EC574010

INSPECTION

Wash the bearings, bushes and collars in a solvent.

EC574111

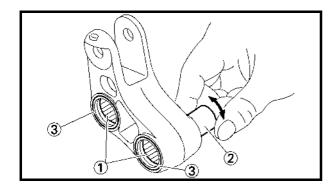
Swingarm

- 1. Inspect:
 - Bearing (1)
 - Bush (2)

Free play exists/unsmooth revolution/rust

- → Replace bearing and bush as a set.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Oil seal (3)

 $\mathsf{Damage} \to \mathsf{Replace}.$



Relay arm

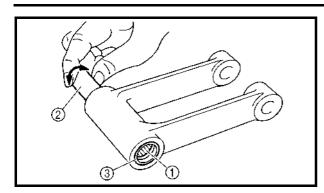
- 1. Inspect:
 - Bearing ①
 - Collar (2)

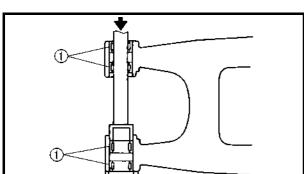
Free play exists/unsmooth revolution/rust

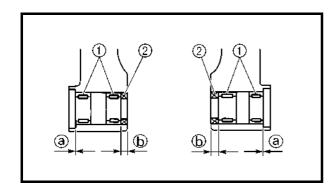
- → Replace bearing and collar as a set.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Oil seal (3)

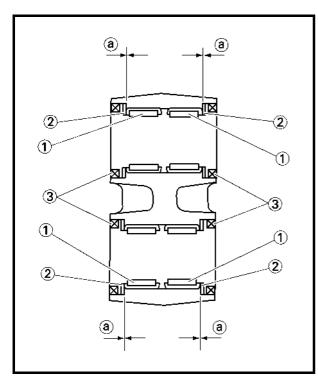
Damage \rightarrow Replace.











Connecting rod

- 1. Inspect:
 - Bearing 1
 - Collar 2

Free play exists/unsmooth revolution/rust

- → Replace bearing and collar as a set.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Oil seal ③

 $\mathsf{Damage} \to \mathsf{Replace}.$

EC575000

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION Bearing and oil seal

- 1. Install:
 - Bearing 1
 - Oil seal ②

To swingarm.

NOTE:

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing when installing.
- Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacture's marks or numbers.
- First install the outer and then the inner bearings to a specified depth from inside.



Installed depth of bearings:

Outer @: Zero mm (Zero in) Inner @: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)

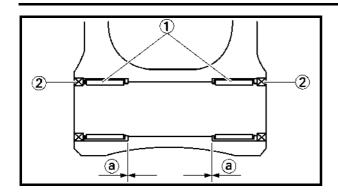
- 2. Install:
 - Bearing ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Oil seal ③
 To relay arm.

NOTE

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing when installing.
- Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacture's marks or numbers.
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the plain washer.



Installed depth of bearings ⓐ: Zero mm (Zero in)



- 3. Install:
 - Bearing 1
 - Oil seal ②

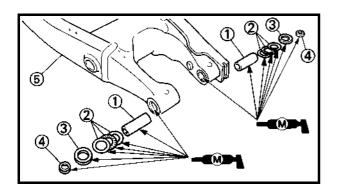
To connecting rod.

NOTE:

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing when installing.
- Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacture's marks or numbers.



Installed depth of bearings ⓐ: Zero mm (Zero in)



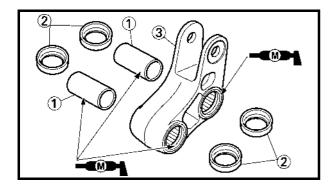
Swingarm

- 1. Install:
 - Bush (1)
 - Thrust bearing ②
 - Oil seal (3)
 - Collar 4

To swingarm (5).

NOTE:

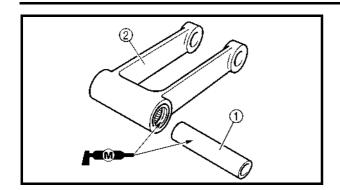
Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bushes, thrust bearings, oil seal lips and contact surfaces of the collar and thrust bearing.

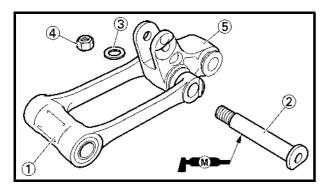


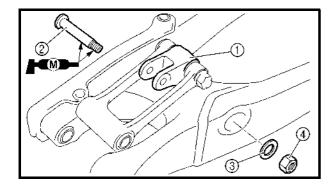
- 2. Install:
 - Collar (1)
 - Washer ②
 To relay arm ③.

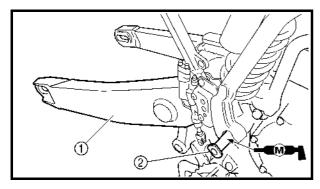
NOTE

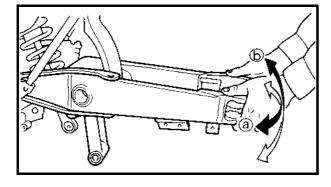
Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the collars and oil seal lips.











- 3. Install:
 - Collar ①
 To connecting rod ②.

NOTE

Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the collar and oil seal lips.

- 4. Install:
 - Connecting rod (1)
 - Bolt (connecting rod) ②
 - Plain washer (3)
 - Nut (connecting rod) (4)

№ 80 Nm (8.0 m · kg, 58 ft · lb)

To relay arm (5).

NOTE:

Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

- 5. Install:
 - Relay arm 1
 - Bolt (relay arm) ②
 - Plain washer ③
 - Nut (relay arm) ④
 To swingarm.

NOTE:

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt circumference and threaded portion.
- Do not tighten the nut yet.
- 6. Install:
 - Swingarm ①
 - Pivot shaft (2)

🗽 85 Nm (8.5 m · kg, 61 ft · lb)

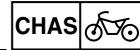
NOTE:

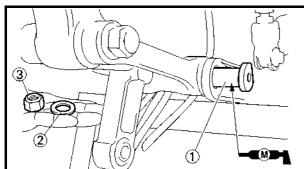
- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the pivot shaft.
- Insert the pivot shaft from right side.

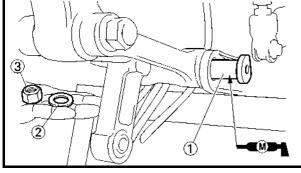
7. Check:

- Swingarm side play ⓐ
 Free play exists → Replace thrust bearing.
- Swingarm up and down movement ⓑ
 Unsmooth movement/binding/rough
 spots → Grease or replace bearings,
 bushes and collars.

SWINGARM

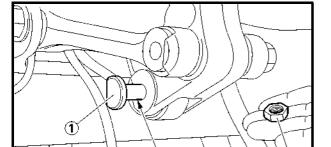






- 8. Install:
 - Bolt (connecting rod) ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Nut (connecting rod) ③

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.
- Do not tighten the nut yet.



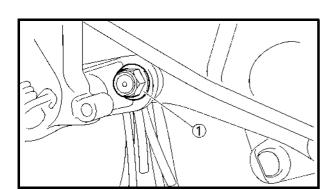
9. Install:

- Bolt (rear shock absorber-relay arm) ①
- Nut (rear shock absorber-relay arm) ②

№ 53 Nm (5.3 m · kg, 38 ft · lb)



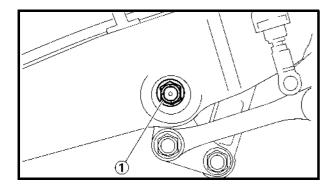
Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.



10. Tighten:

• Nut (connecting rod) ①

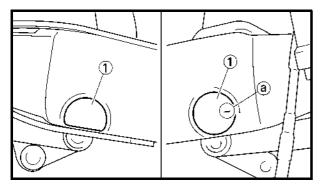
№ 80 Nm (8.0 m · kg, 58 ft · lb)



11. Tighten:

• Nut (relay arm) ①

№ 70 Nm (7.0 m · kg, 50 ft · lb)



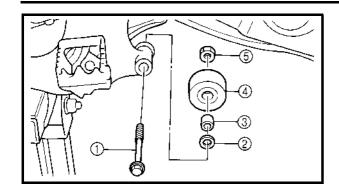
12. Install:

• Cap ①

Install the cap (right) with its mark @ facing forward.

SWINGARM

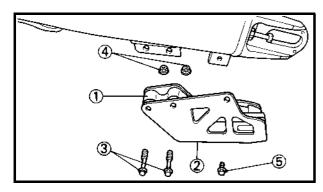




13. Install:

- Bolt [chain tensioner (lower)] ①
- Plain washer ②
- Collar ③
- Chain tensioner (lower) ④
- Nut [chain tensioner (lower)] ⑤

№ 16 Nm (1.6 m · kg, 11 ft · lb)



14. Install:

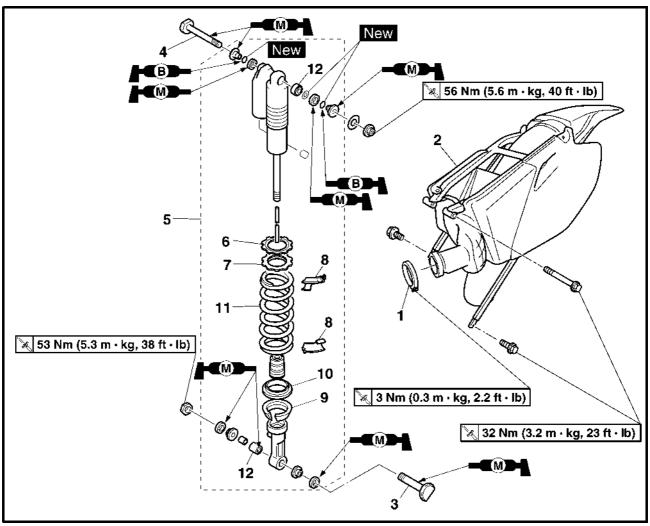
- Chain support ①
- Support cover ②
- Bolt {chain support [ℓ = 50 mm (1.97 in)]}
- Nut (chain support) ④

№ 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)

• Bolt {support cover [ℓ = 10 mm (0.39 in)]}

⑤ **Nm (0.7 m ⋅ kg, 5.1 ft ⋅ lb)**



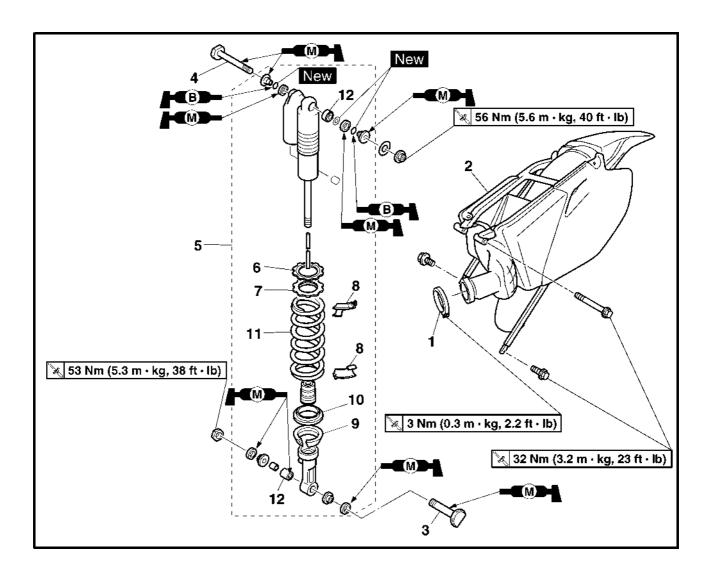


Extent of removal:

① Rear shock absorber removal

② Rear shock absorber disassembly

Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
Duran and the state of the second		REAR SHOCK ABSORBER REMOVAL		NARNING Support the machine securely so there is no
Preparation for removal		Hold the machine by placing the suitable stand under the engine.		danger of it falling over.
		Seat		Refer to "SEAT, FUEL TANK AND SIDE COVERS" section in the CHAPTER 4.
		Silencer		Refer to "EXHAUST PIPE AND SILENCER" section in the CHAPTER 4.
†	1	Clamp (air filter joint)	1	Only loosening.
	2	Rear frame	1	
•	3	Bolt (rear shock absorber-relay arm)	1	Hold the swingarm.
2	4	Bolt (rear shock absorber-frame)	1	
	5	Rear shock absorber	1	
	6	Locknut	1	Only loosening.
	7	Adjuster	1	Only loosening.
 	8	Spring seat	2	



Extent of removal	Order	Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
<u> </u>	9	Spring guide (lower)	1	
	10	Spring guide (upper)	1	
(2)	11	Spring (rear shock absorber)	1	
	12	Bearing	2	Refer to "REMOVAL POINTS".



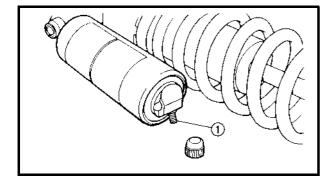
HANDLING NOTE

⚠ WARNING

This shock absorber is provided with a separate type tank filled with high-pressure nitrogen gas. To prevent the danger of explosion, read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber.

The manufacturer can not be held responsible for property damage or personal injury that may result from improper handling.

- 1. Never tamper or attempt to disassemble the cylinder or the tank.
- Never throw the shock absorber into an open flame or other high heat. The shock absorber may explode as a result of nitrogen gas expansion and/or damage to the hose.
- 3. Be careful not to damage any part of the gas tank. A damaged gas tank will impair the damping performance or cause a malfunction.
- Take care not to scratch the contact surface of the piston rod with the cylinder; or oil could leak out.
- 5. Never attempt to remove the plug at the bottom of the nitrogen gas tank. It is very dangerous to remove the plug.
- 6. When scrapping the shock absorber, follow the instructions on disposal.

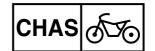


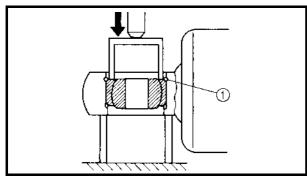
NOTES ON DISPOSAL (YAMAHA DEALERS ONLY)

Before disposing the shock absorber, be sure to extract the nitrogen gas from valve ①. Wear eye protection to prevent eye damage from escaping gas and/or metal chips.

WARNING

To dispose of a damaged or worn-out shock absorber, take the unit to your Yamaha dealer for this disposal procedure.





REMOVAL POINTS

EC583320

Bearing

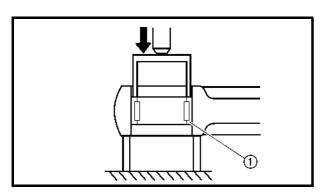
- 1. Remove:
 - Stopper ring (upper bearing) ①

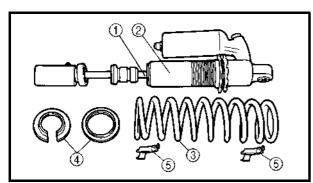
NOTE: .

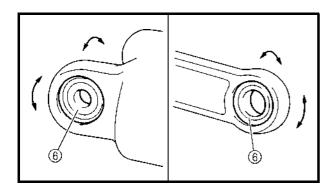
Press in the bearing while pressing its outer race and remove the stopper ring.

- 2. Remove:
 - Upper bearing 1

Remove the bearing by pressing its outer race.







- 3. Remove:
 - Lower bearing ①

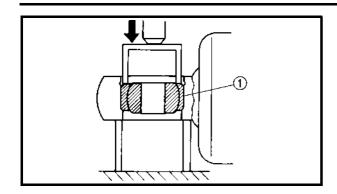
NOTE: .

Remove the bearing by pressing its outer race.

INSPECTION

Rear shock absorber

- 1. Inspect:
 - Damper rod (1) Bends/damage \rightarrow Replace absorber assembly.
 - Shock absorber ② Oil leaks → Replace absorber assembly. Gas leaks → Replace absorber assembly.
 - Spring ③ Damage → Replace spring. Fatigue → Replace spring. Move spring up and down.
 - Spring guide (4) Wear/damage → Replace spring guide.
 - Spring seat ⑤ Cracks/damage \rightarrow Replace.
 - Bearing (6) Free play exists/unsmooth revolution/rust \rightarrow Replace.



ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

EC585300

Bearing

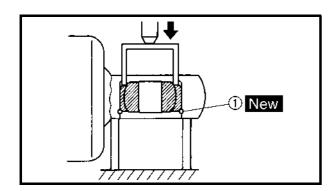
- 1. Install:
 - Upper bearing 1

NOTE:

Install the bearing parallel until the stopper ring groove appears by pressing its outer race.

CAUTION:

Do not apply the grease on the bearing outer race because it will wear the rear shock absorber surface on which the bearing is press fitted.

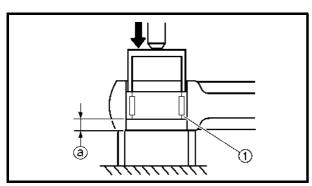


2. Install:

Stopper ring (upper bearing) ① New

NOTE:

After installing the stopper ring, push back the bearing until it contacts the stopper ring.



- 3. Install:
 - Lower bearing 1

Install the bearing by pressing it on the side having the manufacture's marks or numbers.



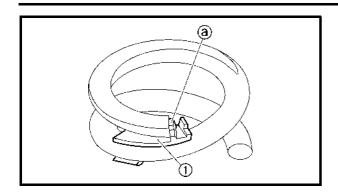
Installed depth of the bearing ⓐ: 4 mm (0.16 in)



Spring (rear shock absorber)

- 1. Install:
 - Spring ①
 - Spring guide (upper) ②
 - Spring guide (lower) ③



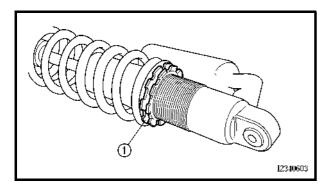


2. Install:

• Spring seat ①

NOTE: _

Install the spring seat with the projection ⓐ brought into contact with the spring end, as shown.

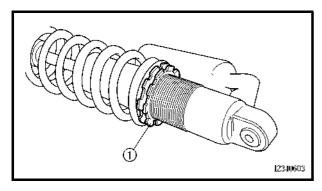


3. Tighten:

• Adjuster ①

4. Adjust:

Spring length (installed)
 Refer to "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER
 SPRING PRELOAD ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



5. Tighten:

• Locknut 1



1. Install:

• Dust seal ①

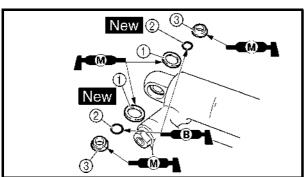
• O-ring ② New

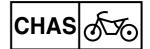
• Collar ③

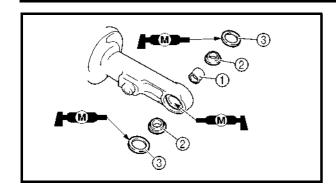
NOTE:

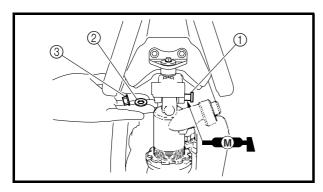
 Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the dust seal lips and collars.

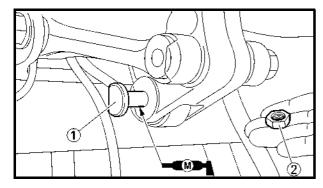
 Apply the lithium soap base grease on the Orings.

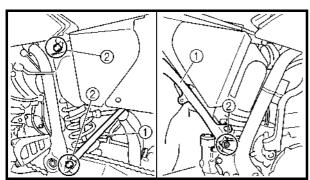


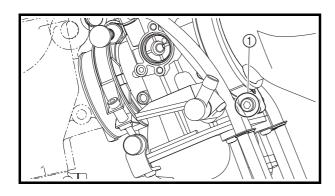












- 2. Install:
 - Bush (1)
 - Collar 2
 - Dust seal ③

NOTE

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bearing and dust seal lips.
- Install the dust seals with their lips facing outward.
- 3. Install:
 - · Rear shock absorber
- 4. Install:
 - Bolt (rear shock absorber-frame) ①
 - Plain washer ②
 - Nut (rear shock absorber-frame) ③

№ 56 Nm (5.6 m · kg, 40 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

- 5. Install:
 - Bolt (rear shock absorber-relay arm) ①
 - Nut (rear shock absorber-relay arm) ②

№ 53 Nm (5.3 m · kg, 38 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease on the bolt.

- 6. Install:
 - Rear frame (1)
 - Bolt (rear frame) ②

32 Nm (3.2 m ⋅ kg, 23 ft ⋅ lb)

- 7. Tighten:
 - Bolt (air filter joint) 1

№ 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb)

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS AND WIRING DIAGRAM



EC600000

ELECTRICAL

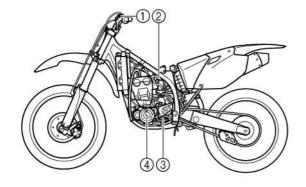
ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS AND WIRING DIAGRAM

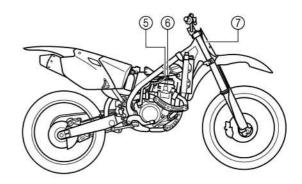
ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

- ① "ENGINE STOP" button ② TPS (throttle position sensor)
- ③ Neutral switch
- 4 CDI magneto
- (5) Ignition coil
- ⑤ Spark plug
- ⑦ CDI unit

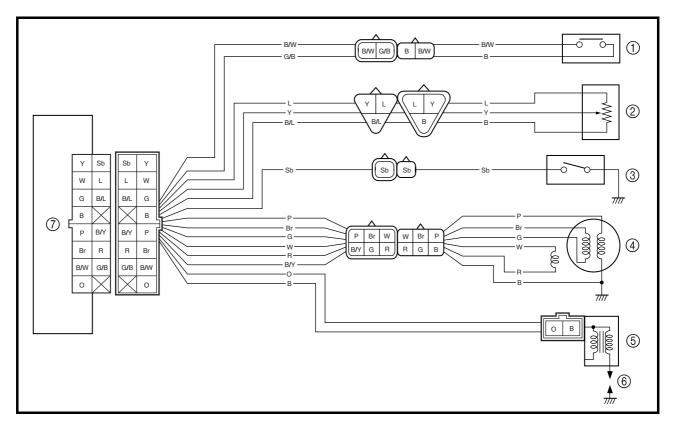
COLOR CODE

В	Black	W	White
Br	Brown	Υ	Yellow
G		B/L	Black/Blue
L		B/W	Black/White
	Orange	B/Y	Black/Yellow
P		G/B	Green/Black
R	Red	L/W	Blue/White
	Sky blue	R/W	Red/White





EC612000
WIRING DIAGRAM



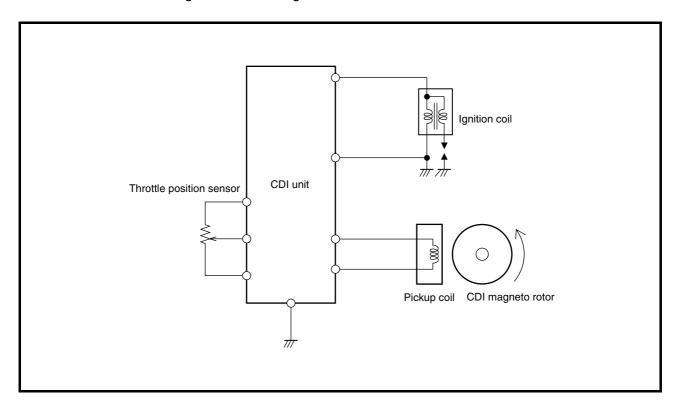
MAP-CONTROLLED CDI UNIT



MAP-CONTROLLED CDI UNIT

A map-controlled, CDI ignition system is used in the YZ450F.

The microcomputer in the CDI unit detects the engine speed and throttle position, thus determining the optimum ignition timing through the entire operating range. In this way, quick throttle response can be achieved according to various riding conditions.

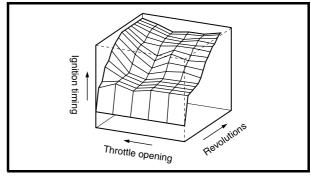


■ Function of Component

Component	Function
TPS (throttle position sensor)	Detects throttle valve opening and inputs it into the computer in the CDI unit as a throttle opening signal.
Pickup coil	Detects signal rotor revolutions and inputs them into the computer in the CDI unit as engine revolution signals.
CDI unit	The signals of the TPS and pickup coil sensor are analyzed by the computer in the CDI unit, which then adjusts ignition timing for the operation requirements.

■ Principal of 3-Dimensional Control

Conventionally, ignition timing was controlled only by engine revolutions (2-dimensional control). However, ignition timing needs advancement also by engine load. Thus, accurate ignition timing can be determined by adding throttle opening to determine ignition timing (3-dimensional control).



3-D Image Map of Ignition Timing (different from actual characteristics)

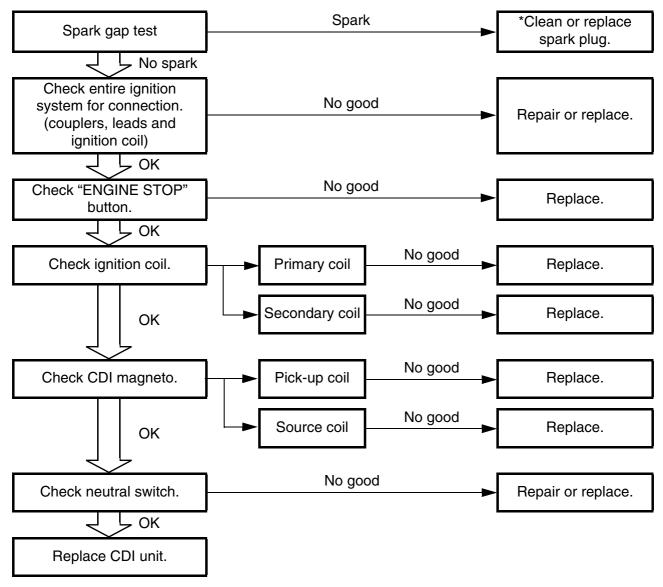


EC620000

IGNITION SYSTEM

INSPECTION STEPS

Use the following steps for checking the possibility of the malfunctioning engine being attributable to ignition system failure and for checking the spark plug which will not spark.



*marked: Only when the ignition checker is used.

NOTE:

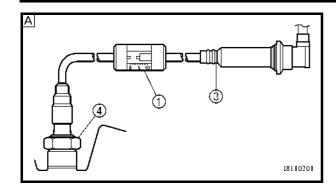
- Remove the following parts before inspection.
 - 1) Seat
 - 2) Fuel tank
- Use the following special tools in this inspection.

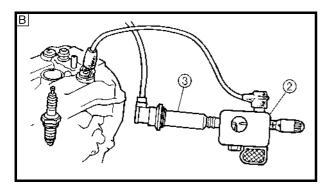


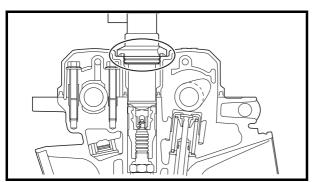


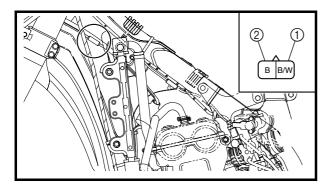
IGNITION SYSTEM











SPARK GAP TEST

- 1. Disconnect the ignition coil from spark
- 2. Remove the ignition coil cap.
- 3. Connect the dynamic spark tester (1) (ignition checker (2) as shown.
 - Ignition coil (3)
 - Spark plug 4
- A For USA and CDN
- B Except for USA and CDN
- 4. Kick the kick starter.
- 5. Check the ignition spark gap.
- 6. Start engine, and increase spark gap until misfire occurs. (for USA and CDN only)



Minimum spark gap: 6.0 mm (0.24 in)

COUPLERS, LEADS AND IGNITION COIL CONNECTION INSPECTION

- 1. Check:
 - Couplers and leads connection Rust/dust/looseness/short-circuit → Repair or replace.
 - · Ignition coil and spark plug as they are fit-

Push in the ignition coil until it closely contacts the spark plug hole in the cylinder head cover.

"ENGINE STOP" BUTTON INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - "ENGINE STOP" button conduct

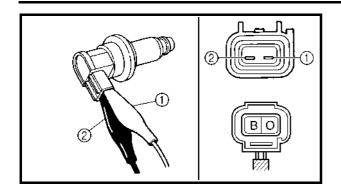
Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Black/White lead \bigcirc Tester (–) lead → Black lead ②

0		B/W ①	B ②	Tester selector position
	PUSH IN	<u> </u>		$\Omega imes extbf{1}$
	FREE			22 1

No continuity while being pushed \rightarrow Replace. Continuity while being freed \rightarrow Replace.

IGNITION SYSTEM





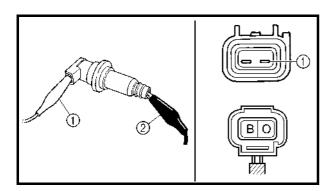
EC626002

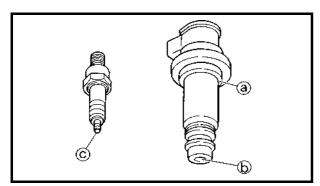
IGNITION COIL INSPECTION

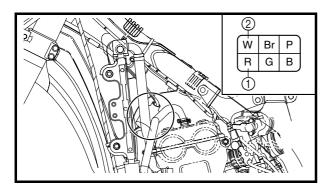
- 1. Remove the ignition coil cap.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Primary coil resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Orange lead 1 Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Black lead 2

0	Primary coil resistance	Tester selector position
	0.08 ~ 0.10 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	$\Omega imes extbf{1}$







3. Inspect:

Secondary coil resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Orange lead ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Spark plug terminal ②

0	Secondary coil resistance	Tester selector position
	4.6 ~ 6.8 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)	$\mathbf{k}\Omega \times 1$

4. Inspect:

- Sealed portion of ignition coil (a)
- Spark plug terminal pin (b)
- Threaded portion of spark plug © Wear → Replace.

EC627011

CDI MAGNETO INSPECTION

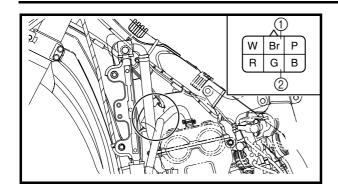
- 1. Inspect:
 - Pick-up coil resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.

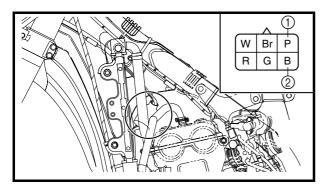
Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Red lead ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow White lead ②

Pick-up coil resistance	Tester selector position
248 ~ 372 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	Ω×100

IGNITION SYSTEM







2. Inspect:

Source coil 1 resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead → Brown lead ①
Tester (-) lead → Green lead ②

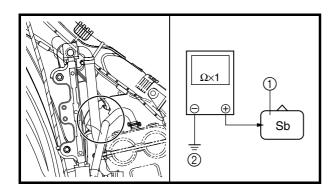
Source coil 1 resistance	Tester selector position
720 ~ 1,080 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	Ω× 100

3. Inspect:

Source coil 2 resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Pink lead 1Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Black lead 2

Source coil 2 resistance	Tester selector position
44 ~ 66 Ω at 20 °C (68 °F)	Ω× 10



NEUTRAL SWITCH INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Neutral switch conduct

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Sky blue lead ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Ground ②

0		Sb ①	Ground ②	Tester selector position
	NEUTRAL	\bigcirc		0×1
	IN GEAR			22 × 1

No continuity while in neutral \rightarrow Replace. Continuity while in gear \rightarrow Replace.

EC628000 CDI UNIT INSPECTION

Check all electrical components. If no fault is found, replace the CDI unit. Then check the electrical components again.

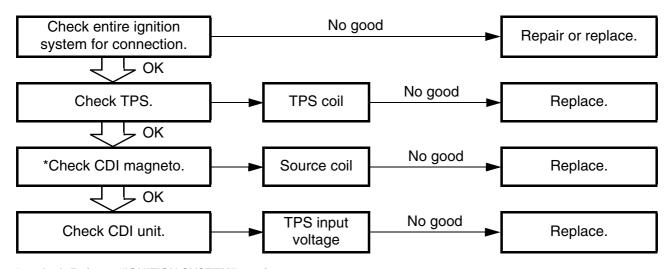


EC690000

TPS (THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR) SYSTEM

INSPECTION STEPS

If the TPS will not operate, use the following inspection steps.



*marked: Refer to "IGNITION SYSTEM" section.

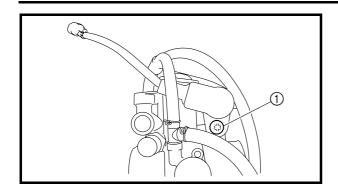
NOTE:

Use the following special tools in this inspection.



Pocket tester: YU-3112-C/90890-03112





HANDLING NOTE

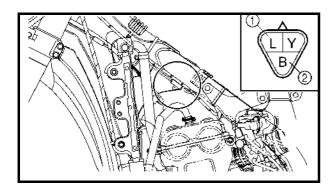
CAUTION:

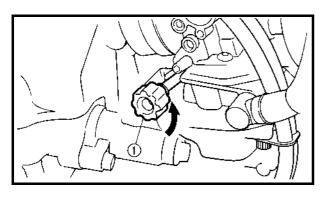
Do not loosen the screws {TPS (throttle position sensor)} ① except when changing the TPS (throttle position sensor) due to failure because it will cause a drop in engine performance.

EC624000

COUPLERS AND LEADS CONNECTION INSPECTION

- 1. Check:
 - Couplers and leads connection Rust/dust/looseness/short-circuit → Repair or replace.





TPS COIL INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - TPS coil resistance
 Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Blue lead ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Black lead ②

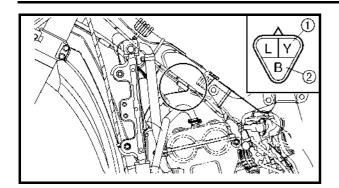
0	TPS coil resistance	Tester selector position
	4 ~ 6 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)	$\mathbf{k}\Omega \times 1$

- 2. Loosen:
 - Throttle stop screw ①

NOTF:

Turn out the throttle stop screw until the throttle shaft is in the full close position.



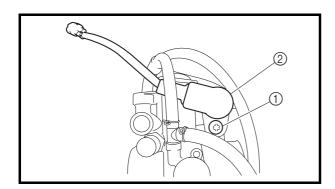


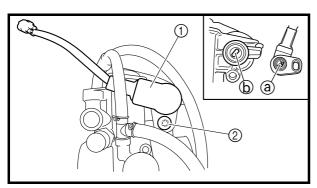
3. Inspect:

TPS coil variable resistance
 Check that the resistance in increased as the throttle grip is moved from the full close position to the full open position.
 Out of specification → Replace.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Yellow lead ① Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Black lead ②

TPS coil variable resistance		Tester selector position
Full closed	Full opened	
0 ~ 2 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)	4 ~ 6 kΩ at 20 °C (68 °F)	$\mathbf{k}\Omega \times 1$





TPS REPLACEMENT AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - TPS coupler
 - Carburetor
- 2. Remove:
 - Screw (TPS) ①
 - TPS ②

NOTF:

Loosen the screws (TPS) using the T25 bit.

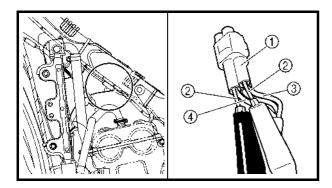
- 3. Replace:
 - TPS
- 4. Install:
 - TPS (1)
 - Screw (TPS) 2

NOTE: .

- Align the slot @ in the TPS with the projection (b) on the carburetor.
- Temporarily tighten the screws (TPS).
- 5. Install:
 - Carburetor
 - TPS coupler



- 6. Adjust:
 - Idle speed Refer to "IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



7. Insert the thin electric conductors ② (lead) into the TPS coupler ①, as shown, and connect the tester to them.

Tester (+) lead \rightarrow Yellow lead ③ Tester (-) lead \rightarrow Black lead ④

CAUTION:

- Do not insert the electric conductors more than required because it may reduce the waterproof function of the coupler.
- Make sure that a short-circuit does not develop between the terminals because it may cause damage to electrical components.
- 8. Start the engine.
- 9. Adjust:
 - TPS output voltage

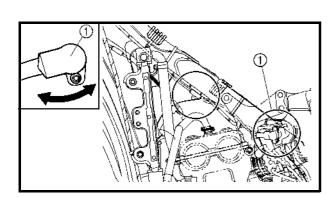
Adjustment steps:

Adjust the installation angle of the TPS ① to obtain the specified output voltage.

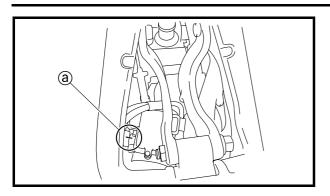
NOTE:

Measure the output voltage accurately with a digital electronic voltmeter that gives an easy reading of a small voltage.

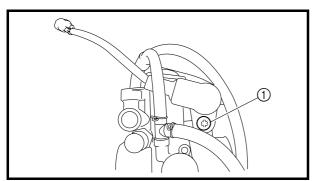
TPS output voltage	Tester selector position
0.58 ~ 0.78 V	DCV







- 10. Put the aligning marks ⓐ on the TPS and carburetor.
- 11. Stop the engine.
- 12. Remove the carburetor.



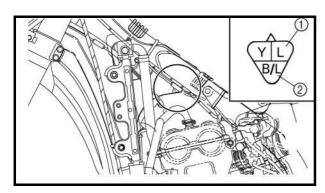
13. Tighten:

• Screw (TPS) ①

NOTE:

Tighten the screws (TPS) using the T25 bit.

14. Install the carburetor.



EC694000

TPS INPUT VOLTAGE INSPECTION

- 1. Disconnect the TPS coupler.
- 2. Start the engine.
- 3. Inspect:
 - TPS input voltage
 Out of specification → Replace the CDI unit.

Tester (+) lead → Blue lead ①
Tester (-) lead → Black/Blue lead ②

TPS input voltage	Tester selector position
4 ~ 6 V	DCV-20



TUNING

FC710000

ENGINE

Carburetor setting

- The air/fuel mixture will vary depending on atmospheric conditions. Therefore, it is necessary to take into consideration the air pressure, ambient temperature, humidity, etc., when adjusting the carburetor.
- Perform a test run to check for proper engine performance (e.g., throttle response) and spark plug(-s) discoloration or fouling. Use these readings to determine the best possible carburetor setting.

NOTE: .

It is recommended to keep a record of all carburetor settings and external conditions (e.g., atmospheric conditions, track/surface conditions, lap times) to make future carburetor setting easier.

WARNING

- The carburetor is a part of the fuel line.
 Therefore, be sure to install it in a well-ventilated area, away from flammable objects and any sources of fire.
- Never look into the carburetor intake.
 Flames may shoot out from the pipe if the engine backfires while it is being started.
 Gasoline may be discharged from the accelerator pump nozzle when the carburetor has been removed.



CAUTION:

- The carburetor is extremely sensitive to foreign matter (dirt, sand, water, etc.).
 During installation, do not allow foreign matter to get into the carburetor.
- Always handle the carburetor and its components carefully. Even slight scratches, bends or damage to carburetor parts may prevent the carburetor from functioning correctly. Carefully perform all servicing with the appropriate tools and without applying excessive force.
- When the engine is stopped or when riding at no load, do not open and close the throttle unnecessarily. Otherwise, too much fuel may be discharged, starting may become difficult or the engine may not run well.
- After installing the carburetor, check that the throttle operates correctly and opens and closes smoothly.

Atmospheric conditions and carburetor settings

Air temp.	Humidity	Air pressure (altitude)	Mixture	Setting
High	High	Low (high)	Richer	Leaner
Low	Low	High (low)	Leaner	Richer

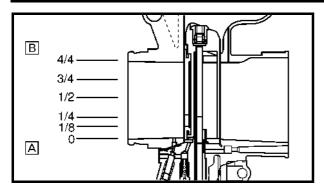
The air density (i.e., concentration of oxygen in the air) determines the richness or leanness of the air/fuel mixture. Therefore, refer to the above table for mixture settings.

That is:

- Higher temperature expands the air with its resultant reduced density.
- Higher humidity reduces the amount of oxygen in the air by so much of the water vapor in the same air.
- Lower atmospheric pressure (at a high altitude) reduces the density of the air.

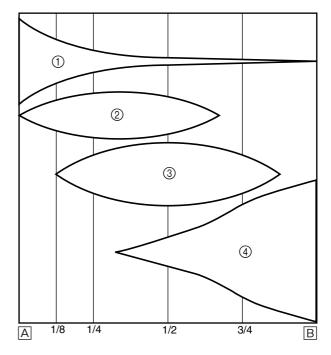




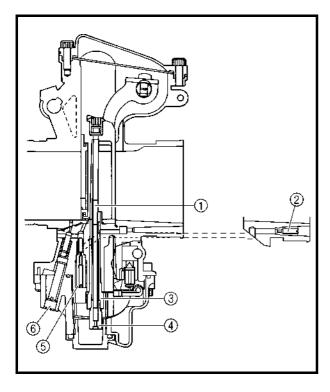


- A Closed
- B Fully open

Effects of the setting parts on the throttle valve opening



- ① Pilot screw/pilot jet
- ② Throttle valve cutaway
- ③ Jet needle
- 4 Main jet



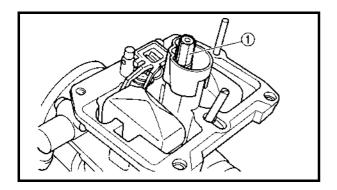
Main system

The FLATCR carburetor has a primary main jet. This type of main jet is perfect for racing machines since it supplies an even flow of fuel, even at full load. Use the main jet and the jet needle to set the carburetor.

- ① Jet needle
- ② Pilot air jet
- ③ Needle jet
- 4 Main jet
- ⑤ Pilot jet
- 6 Pilot screw

Pilot system

The FLATCR carburetor is manufactured with a pilot screw. The pilot screw adjustment ranges from fully closed throttle to 1/4 open throttle.



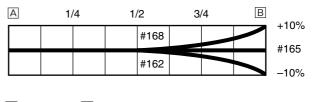
Main jet adjustment

The richness of the air-fuel mixture at full throttle can be set by changing the main jet ①.

Standard main jet #165

If the air-fuel mixture is too rich or too lean, the engine power will drop, resulting in poor acceleration.

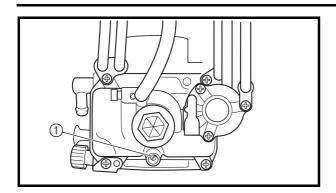
Effects of changing the main jet (reference)



A Idle B Fully open







Pilot screw adjustment

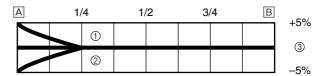
The richness of the air-fuel mixture with the throttle fully closed to 1/4 open can be set by turning the pilot screw ①. Turning in the pilot screw will make the mixture lean at low speeds, and turning it out will enrich it.

Standard pilot screw position (example)	2-1/8
---	-------

NOTE:

- If the idling speed fluctuates, turn the pilot screw only 1/2 of a turn in either direction.
- To optimize the fuel flow at a smaller throttle opening, each machine's pilot screw has been individually set at the factory. Before adjusting the pilot screw, turn it in fully and count the number of turns. Record this number as the factory-set number of turns out.

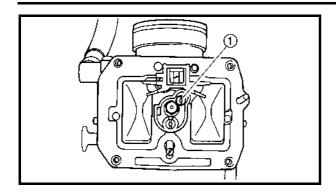
Effects of adjusting the pilot screw (reference)



- A Idle
- B Fully open
- ① 2-5/8 turns out
- ② 1-5/8 turns out
- ③ 2-1/8 turns out





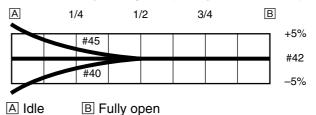


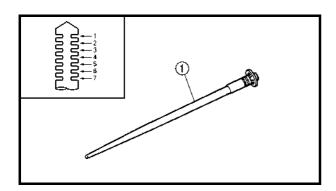
Pilot jet adjustment

The richness of the air-fuel mixture with the throttle open 1/4 or less can be set by adjusting the pilot jet (1).

Standard pilot jet	#42
--------------------	-----

Effects of adjusting the pilot jet (reference)





Jet needle groove position adjustment

Adjusting the jet needle ① position affects the acceleration when the throttle is 1/8 to 3/4 open.

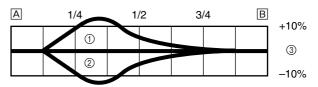
- 1. Too rich at intermediate speeds
 Rough engine operation is felt and the
 engine will not pick up speed smoothly. In
 this case, step up the jet needle clip by one
 groove and move down the needle to lean
 out the mixture.
- 2. Too lean at intermediate speeds

The engine breathes hard and will not pick up speed quickly.

Step down the jet needle clip by one groove and move up the needle to enrich the mixture.

Standard clip position	No.4 groove
------------------------	-------------

Effects of changing the jet needle groove position (reference)

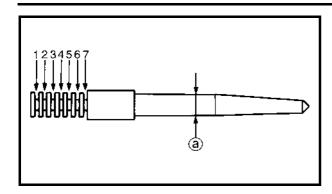


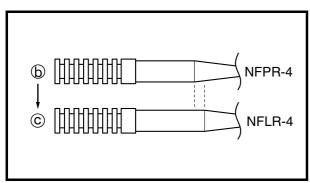
- A Idle
- B Fully open
- 1 No.5 groove
- ② No.3 groove
- ③ No.4 groove

SETTING









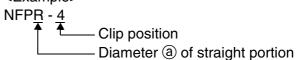
Jet needle adjustment

The jet needle is adjusted by changing it.

Standard jet needle	NFPR

The jet needle setting parts, having the same taper angle, are available in different straight portion diameters and in different taper starting positions.

<Example>



- **(b)** Reference needle
- © 0.5 leaner

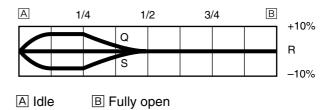
Changing from NFPR-4 to NFLR-4 has the same effect as a lowering of 0.5 clip position.

	Diameter of straight portion	Rich ←						→ Lean
Clip pos	ition	N	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U
Rich	1 richer	NFPN-5	NFPP-5	NFPQ-5	NFPR-5	NFPS-5	NFPT-5	NFPU-5
l †	0.5 richer	NFLN-5	NFLP-5	NFLQ-5	NFLR-5	NFLS-5	NFLT-5	NFLU-5
	STD	NFPN-4	NFPP-4	NFPQ-4	NFPR-4	NFPS-4	NFPT-4	NFPU-4
	0.5 leaner	NFLN-4	NFLP-4	NFLQ-4	NFLR-4	NFLS-4	NFLT-4	NFLU-4
Lean	1 leaner	NFPN-3	NFPP-3	NFPQ-3	NFPR-3	NFPS-3	NFPT-3	NFPU-3

Effects of changing the jet needle (reference)

(Diameter of the straight portion)

Changing the diameter of the straight portion adjusts the air-fuel mixture when the throttle is 1/8 to 1/4 open.





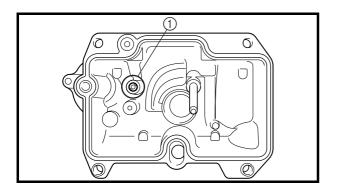


Relationship with throttle opening

The flow of the fuel through the carburetor main system is controlled by the main jet and then, it is further regulated by the area between the main nozzle and the jet needle.

The fuel flow relates to the diameter of the straight portion of the jet needle with the throttle 1/8 to 1/4 open and relates to the clip position with the throttle 1/8 to 3/4 open.

Therefore, the fuel flow is balanced at each stage of throttle opening by the combination of the jet needle straight portion diameter, and clip position.



Leak jet adjustment (accelerator pump adjustment)

The leak jet ① is a setting part that adjusts the flow of fuel discharged by the accelerator pump. Since the accelerator pump operates only when throttle is open, the leak jet is used to adjust a fuel mixture ratio for quick throttle opening and is therefore different from other setting parts that adjust a fuel mixture for each throttle opening (each engine speed).

1. The engine breathes hard in quick throttle opening.

Select a leak jet having lower calibrating No. than standard to enrich the mixture.

 $\langle Example \rangle #55 \rightarrow #50$

2. Rough engine operation is felt in quick throttle opening.

Select a leak jet having higher calibrating No. than standard to lean out the mixture.

<Example> #55 \rightarrow #60

Standard leak jet #55





Carburetor setting parts

Part na	me	Size	Part number
Main jet	Rich	#178	4MX-14943-93
,	A	#175	4MX-14943-42
	1	#172	4MX-14943-92
		#170	4MX-14943-41
		#168	4MX-14943-91
(STE))	#165	4MX-14943-40
,	,	#162	4MX-14943-90
		#160	4MX-14943-39
		#158	4MX-14943-89
	▼	#155	4MX-14943-38
	Lean	#152	4MX-14943-88
Pilot jet	Rich	#50	4MX-14948-07
	A	#48	4MX-14948-06
		#45	4MX-14948-05
(STE))	#42	4MX-14948-04
	1	#40	4MX-14948-03
	V	#38	4MX-14948-02
	Lean	#35	4MX-14948-01
Jet needle	Rich	NFPN	5TA-14916-PN
	\blacktriangle	NFPP	5TA-14916-PP
	T	NFPQ	5TA-14916-P1
(STE))	NFPR	5TA-14916-PR
		NFPS	5TA-14916-PS
	V	NFPT	5TA-14916-PT
	Lean	NFPU	5TA-14916-PU
	Rich	NFLN	5TA-14916-LN
	\blacktriangle	NFLP	5TA-14916-LP
		NFLQ	5TA-14916-L1
		NFLR	5TA-14916-LR
	1	NFLS	5TA-14916-LS
	▼	NFLT	5TA-14916-LT
	Lean	NFLU	5TA-14916-LU
Leak jet	Rich	#45	4JT-1494F-05
	\blacktriangle	#50	4JT-1494F-07
(STE)) <u> </u>	#55	4JT-1494F-09
	▼	#60	4JT-1494F-11
	Lean	#65	4JT-1494F-13



Examples of carburetor setting depending on symptom

Symptom	Setting	Checking
At full throttle Hard breathing Shearing noise Whitish spark plug Lean mixture	Increase main jet calibration no. (Gradually)	Discoloration of spark plug → If tan color, it is in good condition. If cannot be corrected: Clogged float valve seat Clogged fuel hose Clogged fuel cock Check that the accelerator pump operates smoothly.
At full throttle Speed pick-up stops Slow speed pick-up Slow response Sooty spark plug Rich mixture	Decrease main jet calibration no. (Gradually)	Discoloration of spark plug → If tan color, it is in good condition. If cannot be corrected: Clogged air cleaner Fuel overflow from carburetor
Lean mixture	Lower jet needle clip position. (1 groove down)	Groove 1 Groove 2 Groove 3 Groove 4
Rich mixture	Raise jet needle clip position. (1 groove up)	Groove 5 Groove 7 Groove 7 Groove 7 Groove 7 Groove 7
1/4 ~ 3/4 throttle Hard breathing Lack of speed	Lower jet needle clip position. (1 groove down)	Jet needle Richer
1/4 ~ 1/2 throttle Slow speed pick-up Poor acceleration	Raise jet needle clip position. (1 groove up)	The clip position is the jet needle groove on which the clip is installed. The positions are numbered from the top. Check that the accelerator pump operates smoothly (except for rich mixture symptom).
Closed to 1/4 throttle Hard breathing Speed down	Use jet needle with a smaller diameter.	Slow-speed-circuit passage Clogged → Clean. Overflow from carburetor
Closed to 1/4 throttle Poor acceleration	Use jet needle with a larger diameter. Raise jet needle clip position. (1 groove up)	
Poor response in the low to intermediate speeds	Raise jet needle clip position. If this has no effect, lower the jet needle clip position.	
Poor response when throt- tle is opened quickly	Check overall settings. Use main jet with a lower calibration no. Raise jet needle clip position. (1 groove up) If these have no effect, use a main jet with a higher calibration no. and lower the jet needle clip position.	Check air cleaner for fouling. Check that the accelerator pump operates smoothly.

^{*} This should be taken simply for an example. It is necessary to set the carburetor while checking the operating conditions of the engine.



CHASSIS

EC71P00

Selection of the secondary reduction ratio (Sprocket)

Secondary reduction ratio

Number of driven sprocket teeth

Number of drive sprocket teeth

Standard secondary reduction ratio

49/13 (3.769)

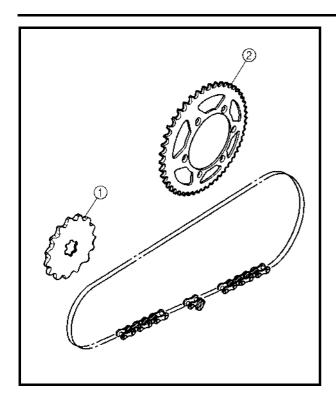
- <Requirement for selection of secondary gear reduction ratio>
- It is generally said that the secondary gear ratio should be reduced for a longer straight portion of a speed course and should be increased for a course with many corners.
 Actually, however, as the speed depends on the ground condition of the day of the race, be sure to run through the circuit to set the machine suitable for the entire course.
- In actuality, it is very difficult to achieve settings suitable for the entire course and some settings may be sacrificed. Thus, the settings should be matched to the portion of the course that has the greatest effect on the race result. In such a case, run through the entire course while making notes of lap times to find the best balance; then, determine the secondary reduction ratio.
- If a course has a long straight portion where a machine can run at maximum speed, the machine is generally set such that it can develop its maximum revolutions toward the end of the straight line, with care taken to avoid the engine over-revving.

NOTE:

Riding technique varies from rider to rider and the performance of a machine also vary from machine to machine. Therefore, do not imitate other rider's settings from the beginning but choose your own setting according to the level of your riding technique.







EC72N000

Drive and driven sprockets setting parts

Part name	Size	Part number
Drive sprocket ①		
(STD)	13T	9383E-13233
Driven sprocket 2	47T	1C3-25447-00
	48T	1C3-25448-00
(STD)	49T	1C3-25449-00
	50T	1C3-25450-00
	51T	1C3-25451-00
	52T	1C3-25452-00

EC721002

Tire pressure

Tire pressure should be adjust to suit the road surface condition of the circuit.



Standard tire pressure: 100 kPa (1.0 kgf/cm², 15 psi)

 Under a rainy, muddy, sandy, or slippery condition, the tire pressure should be lower for a larger area of contact with the road surface.



Extent of adjustment: 60 ~ 80 kPa (0.6 ~ 0.8 kgf/cm², 9.0 ~ 12 psi)

 Under a stony or hard road condition, the tire pressure should be higher to prevent a flat tire.



Extent of adjustment:

100 ~ 120 kPa

(1.0 ~ 1.2 kgf/cm², 15 ~ 18 psi)



EC722011

Front fork setting

The front fork setting should be made depending on the rider's feeling of an actual run and the circuit conditions.

The front fork setting includes the following three factors:

- 1. Setting of air spring characteristics
 - Change the fork oil amount.
- 2. Setting of spring preload
 - · Change the spring.
- 3. Setting of damping force
 - Change the compression damping.
 - Change the rebound damping.
 The spring acts on the load and the damping force acts on the cushion travel speed.

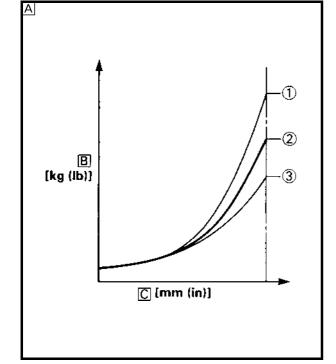
FC723001

Change in amount and characteristics of fork oil

Damping characteristic near the final stroke can be changed by changing the fork oil amount.

CAUTION:

Adjust the oil amount in 5 cm³ (0.2 lmp oz, 0.2 US oz) increments or decrements. Too small oil amount causes the front fork to produce a noise at full rebound or the rider to feel some pressure on his hands or body. Alternatively, too large oil amount will cause the air spring characteristics to have a tendency to be stiffer with the consequent deteriorated performance and characteristics. Therefore, adjust the front fork within the specified range.





Standard oil amount:

355 cm³ (12.5 lmp oz, 12.0 US oz) *345 cm³ (12.1 lmp oz, 11.7 US oz) Extent of adjustment: 300 ~ 380 cm³ (10.6 ~ 13.4 lmp oz, 10.1 ~ 12.8 US oz)

- * For EUROPE
- Air spring characteristics in relation to oil amount change
- **B** Load
- C Stroke
- ① Max. oil amount
- ② Standard oil amount
- ③ Min. oil amount



EC72A001

Setting of spring after replacement

As the front fork setting can be easily affected by rear suspension, take care so that the machine front and rear are balanced (in position, etc.) when setting the front fork.

1. Use of soft spring

Generally a soft spring gives a soft riding feeling. Rebound damping tends to become stronger and the front fork may sink deeply over a series of gaps.

To set a soft spring:

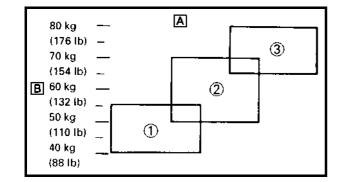
- Change the rebound damping. Turn out one or two clicks.
- Change the compression damping. Turn in one or two clicks.

2. Use of stiff spring

Generally a stiff spring gives a stiff riding feeling. Rebound damping tends to become weaker, resulting in lack of a sense of contact with the road surface or in a vibrating handlebar.

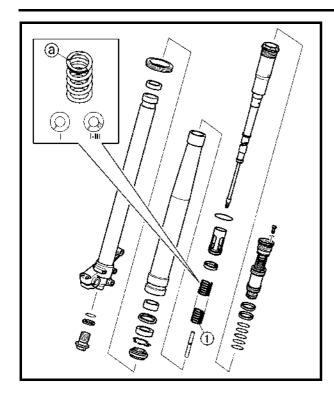
To set a stiff spring:

- Change the rebound damping. Turn in one or two clicks.
- Change the compression damping.
 Turn out one or two clicks.
- A Coverage of spring by weight
- B Rider weight
- 1) Soft
- ② Standard
- ③ Stiff









EC72P000 Front fork setting parts

• Front fork spring ①

TYPE	SPRING RATE	SPRING PART NUMBER	I.D. MARK (slits)
SOFT	0.398 0.408 0.418 0.428 0.438 0.449	1C3-23141-A0 1C3-23141-B0 1C3-23141-C0 1C3-23141-D0 1C3-23141-E0 1C3-23141-F0	ı≣≣≡=-
*STD	0.459	2S2-23141-M0	_
STD	0.469	2S2-23141-L0	_
STIFF	0.479	1C3-23141-J0	1-1111

^{*} For EUROPE

NOTE: .

The I.D. mark (slits) (a) is proved on the end of the spring.

EC72B000

Rear suspension setting

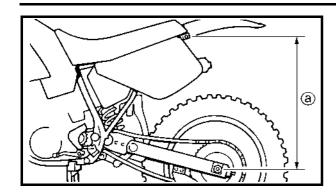
The rear suspension setting should be made depending on the rider's feeling of an actual run and the circuit conditions.

The rear suspension setting includes the following two factors:

- 1. Setting of spring preload
 - Change the set length of the spring.
 - · Change the spring.
- 2. Setting of damping force
 - Change the rebound damping.
 - Change the compression damping.



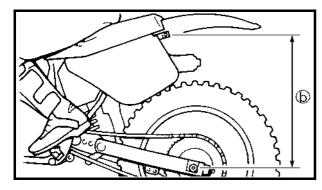




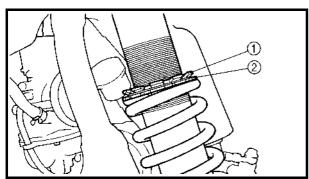
EC72C001

Choosing set length

 Place a stand or block under the engine to put the rear wheel above the floor, and measure the length (a) between the rear wheel axle center and the rear fender holding bolt.



 Remove the stand or block from the engine and with a rider astride the seat, measure the sunken length between the rear wheel axle center and the rear fender holding bolt.



3. Loosen the locknut ① and make adjustment by turning the spring adjuster ② to achieve the standard figure from the subtraction of the length ⑥ from the length ②.



Standard figure: 90 ~ 100 mm (3.5 ~ 3.9 in)

NOTE:

- If the machine is new and after it is broken in, the same set length of the spring may change because of the initial fatigue, etc. of the spring. Therefore, be sure to make reevaluation.
- If the standard figure cannot be achieved by adjusting the spring adjuster and changing the spring set length, replace the spring with an optional one and make re-adjustment.



EC72G001

Setting of spring after replacement

After replacement, be sure to adjust the spring to the set length [sunken length $90 \sim 100$ mm $(3.5 \sim 3.9 \text{ in})$] and set it.

- 1. Use of soft spring
 - Set the soft spring for less rebound damping to compensate for its less spring load. Run with the rebound damping adjuster one or two clicks on the softer side and readjust it to suit your preference.
- 2. Use of stiff spring
 - Set the soft spring for more rebound damping to compensate for its greater spring load. Run with the rebound damping adjuster one or two clicks on the stiffer side and readjust it to suit your preference.
- * Adjusting the rebound damping will be followed more or less by a change in the compression damping. For correction, turn the low compression damping adjuster on the softer side.

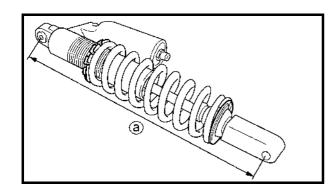
CAUTION:

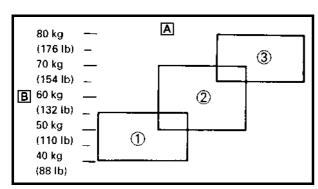
When using a rear cushion other than currently installed, use the one whose overall length ⓐ does not exceed the standard as it may result in faulty performance. Never use one whose overall length is greater than standard.



Length ⓐ of standard shock: 488.5 mm (19.23 in)

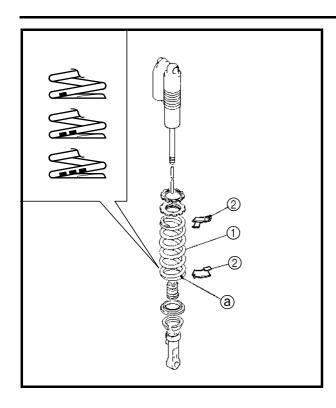
- A Coverage of spring by weight
- B Rider weight
- 1) Soft
- ② Standard
- ③ Stiff











EC72Q000

Rear shock absorber setting parts

• Rear shock spring ① [Equal-pitch titanium spring]

TYPE	SPRING RATE	SPRING PART NUMBER	I.D. MARK	SPRING FREE LENGTH (approx.)
SOFT	4.5 4.7 4.9 5.1 5.3	1C3-22212-00 1C3-22212-10 1C3-22212-20 1C3-22212-30 1C3-22212-40	Green Red Black Blue Yellow	265 265 265 265 275
STD	5.5	1C3-22212-50	Pink	275
STIFF	5.7	1C3-22212-60	White	275

[Equal-pitch steel spring]

TYPE	SPRING RATE	SPRING PART NUMBER	I.D. MARK/ Q'TY	SPRING FREE LENGTH
	4.3	5UN-22212-00	Brown/1	260

[Unequal-pitch steel spring]

TYPE	SPRING RATE (approx.)	SPRING PART NUMBER	I.D. MARK/ Q'TY	SPRING FREE LENGTH
SOFT	4.5 4.7 4.9 5.1 5.3 5.5 5.7	5UN-22212-A0 5UN-22212-B0 5UN-22212-C0 5UN-22212-D0 5UN-22212-E0 5UN-22212-F0 5UN-22212-G0	Green/2 Red/2 Black/2 Blue/2 Yellow/2 Pink/2 White/2	275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275

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Install the spring seat ② to the titanium spring.

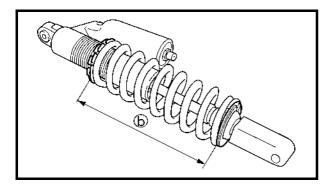
NOTE: _

- The unequal-pitch spring is softer in initial characteristic than the equal-pitch spring and is difficult to bottom out under full compression
- The I.D. mark ⓐ is marked at the end of the spring.
- Spring specification varies according to the color and quantity of I.D. marks.

SETTING







• Extent of adjustment (spring length) [Titanium spring]

SPRING FREE LENGTH	EXTENT OF ADJUSTMENT (b)
Approx. 265 mm (10.43 in)	One I.D. mark 245.5 ~ 263.5 mm (9.67 ~ 10.37 in) Two I.D. marks 251.5 ~ 269.5 mm (9.90 ~ 10.61 in) Three I.D. marks 243.0 ~ 261.0 mm (9.57 ~ 10.28 in)
Approx. 275 mm (10.83 in)	One I.D. mark 255.5 ~ 273.5 mm (10.06 ~ 10.77 in) Two I.D. marks 261.5 ~ 279.5 mm (10.30 ~ 11.00 in) Three I.D. marks 253.0 ~ 271.0 mm (9.96 ~ 10.67 in)

[Steel spring]

SPRING FREE LENGTH	EXTENT OF ADJUSTMENT (b)
260 mm (10.24 in)	240.5 ~ 258.5 mm (9.47 ~ 10.18 in)
275 mm (10.83 in)	255.5 ~ 273.5 mm (10.06 ~ 10.77 in)



EC72H002

Suspension setting

• Front fork

NOTE: _

- If any of the following symptoms is experienced with the standard position as the base, make resetting by reference to the adjustment procedure given in the same chart.
- Before any change, set the rear shock absorber sunken length to the standard figure $90 \sim 100$ mm $(3.5 \sim 3.9 \text{ in})$.

	Section							
Symptom	Jump	Large gap	Medium gap	Small gap	Check	Adjust		
					Compression damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 2 clicks) to decrease damping.		
Stiff over entire range	0	0	0		Oil amount	Decrease oil amount by about 5 \sim 10 cm ³ (0.2 \sim 0.4 lmp oz, 0.2 \sim 0.3 US oz).		
					Spring	Replace with soft spring.		
					Outer tube	Check for any bends, dents, and other noticeable		
					Inner tube	scars, etc. If any, replace affected parts.		
Unsmooth movement	0	0	0	0	Slide metal	Replace with a new one for extended use.		
over entire range				O	Piston metal	Replace with a new one for extended use.		
					Under bracket tightening torque	Retighten to specified torque.		
Poor initial movement				0	Rebound damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 2 clicks) to decrease damping.		
movement					Oil seal	Apply grease in oil seal wall.		
					Compression damping	Turn adjuster clockwise (about 2 clicks) to increase damping.		
Soft over entire range, bottoming out	0	0			Oil amount	Increase oil amount by about $5 \sim 10 \text{ cm}^3$ (0.2 \sim 0.4 Imp oz, 0.2 \sim 0.3 US oz).		
					Spring	Replace with stiff spring.		
Stiff toward stroke end	0				Oil amount	Decrease oil amount by about 5 cm ³ (0.2 lmp oz, 0.2 US oz).		
Soft toward stroke end, bottoming out	0				Oil amount	Increase oil amount by about 5 cm ³ (0.2 lmp oz, 0.2 US oz).		
Stiff initial movement	0	0	0	0	Compression damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 2 clicks) to decrease damping.		
					Compression damping	Turn adjuster clockwise (about 2 clicks) to increase damping.		
Low front, tending to					Rebound damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 2 clicks) to decrease damping.		
lower front posture			0	0	Balance with rear end	Set sunken length for 95 ~ 100 mm (3.7 ~ 3.9 in) when one passenger is astride seat (lower rear posture).		
					Oil amount	Increase oil amount by about 5 cm ³ (0.2 lmp oz, 0.2 US oz).		
					Compression damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 2 clicks) to decrease damping.		
"Obtrusive" front, tending to upper front			0	0	Balance with rear end	Set sunken length for 90 ~ 95 mm (3.5 ~ 3.7 in) when one passenger is astride seat (upper rear posture).		
posture					Spring	Replace with soft spring.		
					Oil amount	Decrease oil amount by about 5 ~ 10 cm ³ (0.2 ~ 0.4 lmp oz, 0.2 ~ 0.3 US oz).		

• Rear shock absorber

NOTE: _

- If any of the following symptoms is experienced with the standard position as the base, make resetting by reference to the adjustment procedure given in the same chart.
- Adjust the rebound damping in 2-click increments or decrements.
- Adjust the low compression damping in 1-click increments or decrements.
- Adjust the high compression damping in 1/6 turn increments or decrements.

	Section						
Symptom	Jump	Large gap	Medium gap	Small gap	Check	Adjust	
Stiff, tending to sink)	(Rebound damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 2 clicks) to decrease damping.	
Still, teriding to silik			0	0	Spring set length	Set sunken length for 90 ~ 100 mm (3.5 ~ 3.9 in) when one passenger is astride seat.	
					Rebound damping	Turn adjuster clockwise (about 2 clicks) to increase damping.	
Spongy and unstable			0	0	Low compression damp- ing	Turn adjuster clockwise (about 1 click) to increase damping.	
					Spring	Replace with stiff spring.	
Heavy and dragging			0	0	Rebound damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 2 clicks) to decrease damping.	
				_	Spring	Replace with soft spring.	
Poor road gripping					Rebound damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 2 clicks) to decrease damping.	
					Low compression damping	Turn adjuster clockwise (about 1 clicks) to increase damping.	
				0	High compression damping	Turn adjuster clockwise (about 1/6 clicks) to increase damping.	
					Spring set length	Set sunken length for 90 ~ 100 mm (3.5 ~ 3.9 in) when one passenger is astride seat.	
					Spring	Replace with soft spring.	
					High compression damping	Turn adjuster clockwise (about 1/6 turn) to increase damping.	
Bottoming out	0	0			Spring set length	Set sunken length for 90 ~ 100 mm (3.5 ~ 3.9 in) when one passenger in astride seat.	
					Spring	Replace with stiff spring.	
Bouncing	0	0			Rebound damping	Turn adjuster clockwise (about 2 clicks) to increase damping.	
					Spring	Replace with soft spring.	
Stiff travel	0	0			High compression damping	Turn adjuster counterclockwise (about 1/6 turn) to decrease damping.	
					Spring set length	Set sunken length for 95 ~ 100 mm (3.7 ~ 3.9 in) when one passenger is astride seat.	
					Spring	Replace with soft spring.	

